

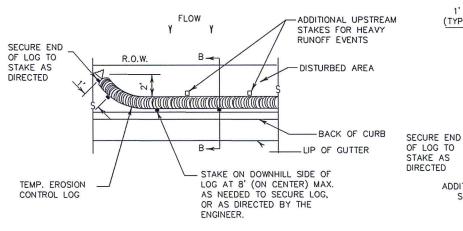
TEMP, EROSION FLOW CONTROL LOG ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM STAKES FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS SECURE END OF LOG TO STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL STAKE AS SIDE AT THE CENTER, DIRECTED AT EACH END, AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG (4' MAX. SPACING), OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. PLAN VIEW STAKE LOG ON DOWNHILL SIDE AT THE CENTER, AT EACH END. AND AT ADDITIONAL POINTS AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG TEMP. EROSION (4' MAX. SPACING), OR CONTROL LOG AS DIRECTED BY THE FNGINEER. 1' (TYP.) ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM COMPOST CRADLE STAKES FOR HEAVY UNDER EROSION RUNOFF EVENTS CONTROL LOG SECTION A-A EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM LEGEND CL-D -EROSION CONTROL LOG DAM -EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB -(CL-BOC _CL-ROW_ EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND TRENCHING ANCHORING CL-SS

EROSION CONTROL LOGS ON SLOPES STAKE AND LASHING ANCHORING

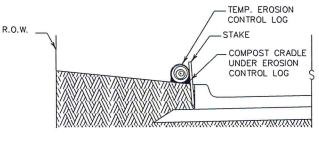
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

- EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRATE INLET



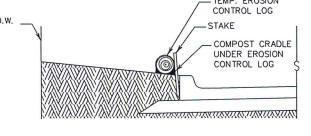
PLAN VIEW



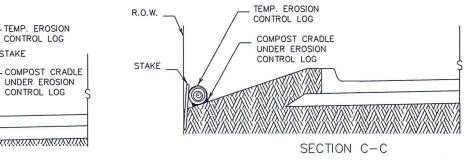
SECTION B-B EROSION CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB CL-BOC

1/2生

REBAR STAKE DETAIL



(TYP.)



ADDITIONAL UPSTREAM

RUNOFF EVENTS

LIP OF GUTTER STAKES FOR HEAVY

STAKE ON DOWNHILL SIDE OF LOG AT 8' (ON CENTER) MAX.

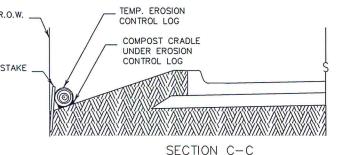
AS NEEDED TO SECURE LOG,

OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

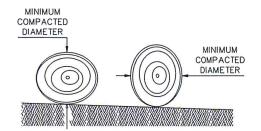
FLOW

PLAN VIEW



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT EDGE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY





GENERAL NOTES: EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED

LENGTHS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SHALL

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

RECOMMENDATIONS AND AS REQUIRED FOR

CONTAINMENT MESH ONLY WHERE LOG WILL

SYSTEM. FOR TEMPORARY INSTALLATIONS,

FILL LOGS WITH SUFFICIENT FILTER MATERIAL

SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS WITHOUT EXCESSIVE

TO ACHIEVE THE MINIMUM COMPACTED DIAMETER

#3 REBAR, 2'-4' LONG, EMBEDDED SUCH THAT

6. DO NOT PLACE STAKES THROUGH CONTAINMENT

8. SANDBAGS USED AS ANCHORS SHALL BE PLACED

TURN THE ENDS OF EACH ROW OF LOGS UPSLOPE

TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE

7. COMPOST CRADLE MATERIAL IS INCIDENTAL &

ON TOP OF LOGS & SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT

10. FOR HEAVY RUNOFF EVENTS, ADDITIONAL

UPSTREAM STAKES MAY BE NECESSARY TO KEEP

WLL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY.

SIZE TO HOLD LOGS IN PLACE.

LOG FROM FOLDING IN ON ITSELF.

2" PROTRUDES ABOVE LOG, OR AS DIRECTED BY

USE RECYCLABLE CONTAINMENT MESH.

STAKES SHALL BE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

REMAIN IN PLACE AS PART OF A VEGETATIVE

THE PURPOSE INTENDED.

DEFORMATION.

THE ENGINEER.

MESH

UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, USE

BIODEGRADABLE OR PHOTODEGRADABLE

IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE

ENGINEER.

TEMPORARY

EROSION

CONTROL

-DISTURBED AREA

LOG

BACK OF CURB

DIAMETER MEASUREMENTS OF EROSION CONTROL LOGS SPECIFIED IN PLANS

SHEET 1 OF 3



SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

FILE: ec916 DN: TxDOT CK: KM DW: LS/PT CK: LS CTxDOT: JULY 2016 CONT SECT JOB SHEET NO.

the drainage grea).

- 1. Within drainage ditches spaced as needed or min. 500' on center
- 2. Immediately preceding ditch inlets or drain inlets
- 5. Just before the drainage leaves the construction
- limits where drainage flows away from the project.

The logs should be cleaned when the sediment has accumulated to a

Cleaning and removal of accumulated sediment deposits is incidental and will not be paid for separately.

SEDIMENT BASIN & TRAP USAGE GUIDELINES

An erosion control log sediment trap may be used to filter sediment out of runoff draining from an unstabilized area.

Control logs should be placed in the following locations:

- 3. Just before the drainage enters a water course 4. Just before the drainage leaves the right of way

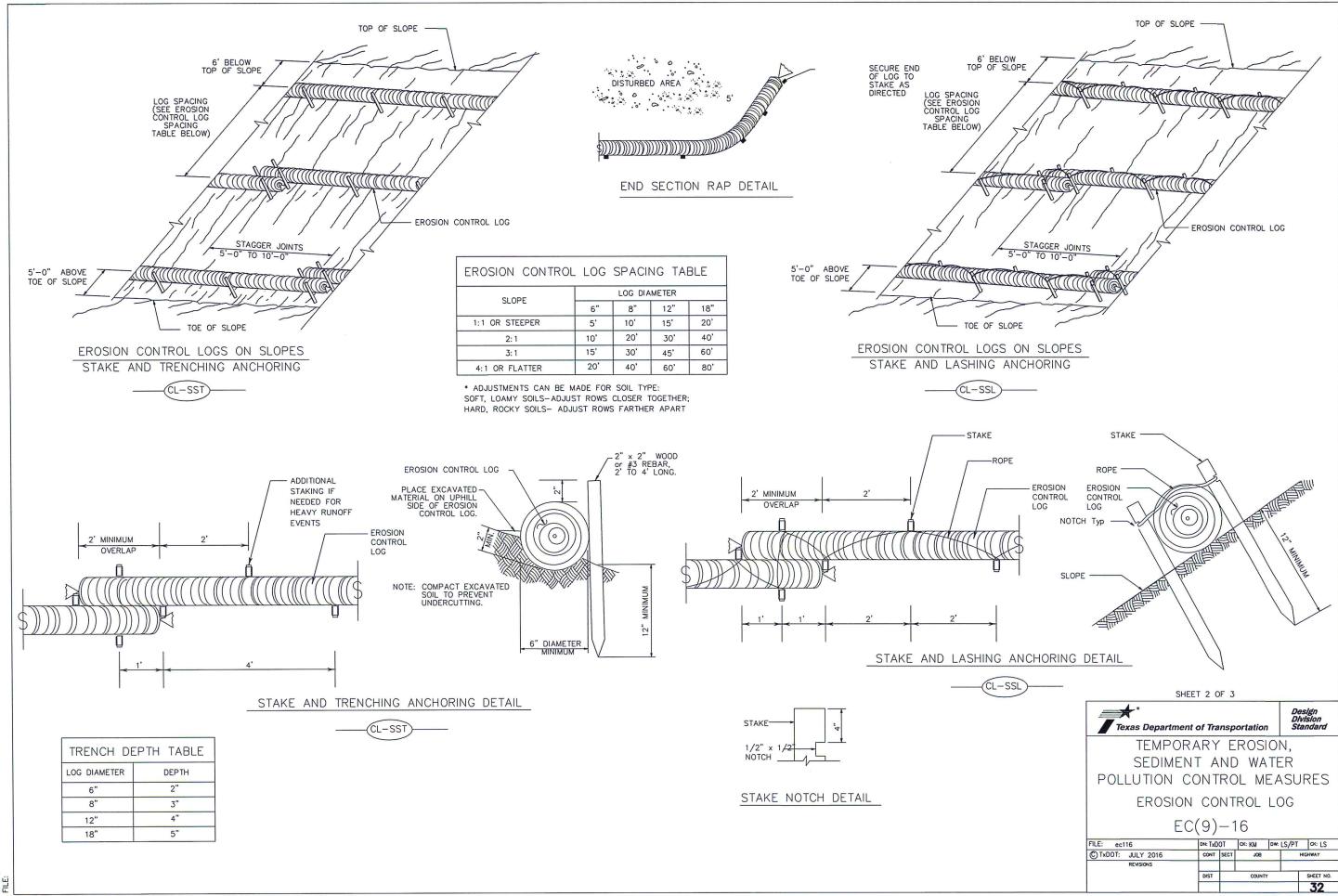
depth of 1/2 the log diameter.

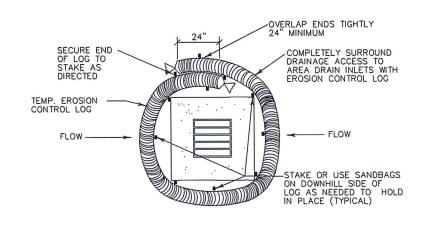
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SANDBAG

CURB

FOADWAY

TEMP. EROSION
CONTROL LOG

CURB INLET
INLET
EXTENSION

2 SAND BAGS

TEMP. EROSION
CONTROL LOG

NEEDED OR SANDBAGS TO HOLD IN PLACE.

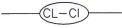
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

_____(CL-DI)_____

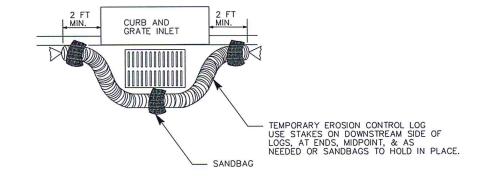
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET



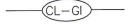
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

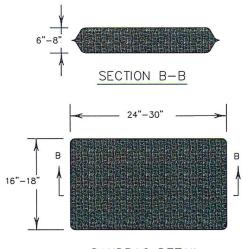


NOTE:
EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS
SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE
TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE
STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET





SANDBAG DETAIL

SHEET 3 OF 3

Texas Department of Transportation

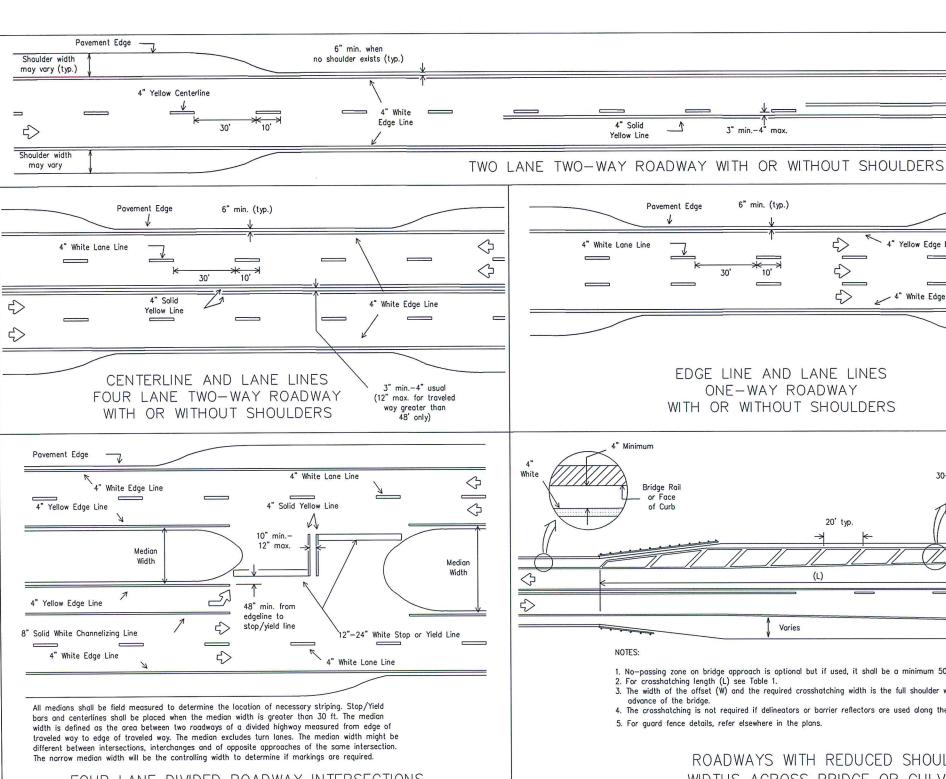
Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION,
SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG

EC(9)-16

FILE: ec916		DN: TxD	OT	CK: KM	DW: LS/PT	CK: LS
CTxDOT: JULY 20	16	CONT	SECT	JOB	н	IGHWAY
REVISIONS						
		DIST		COUNT	TY	SHEET NO.
						33



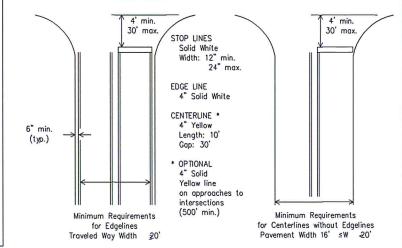


FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY INTERSECTIONS

6" min. (typ.) Pavement Edge ₹> 4" Yellow Edge Line 4" White Lane Line 5> 10' 4" Wnite Edge Line

3" min.-4" max.

EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES ONE-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS

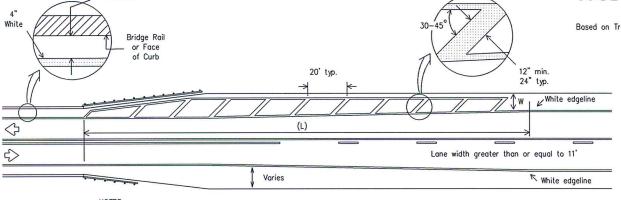


10" min.-12" max.

Yellow Line

GUIDE FOR PLACEMENT OF STOP LINES. EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways



NOTES:

4" Solid

Yellow Line

- 1. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional but if used, it shall be a minimum 500 feet long.
- 2. For crosshatching length (L) see Table 1.
- 3. The width of the offset (W) and the required crosshatching width is the full shoulder width in advance of the bridge.
- 4. The crosshatching is not required if delineators or barrier reflectors are used along the structure.
- 5. For guard fence details, refer elsewhere in the plans.

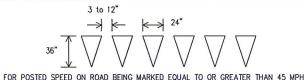
ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should typically be placed a minimum of 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel and not the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to inside of edgeline of a

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



YIELD LINES

TABLE 1 - TYPICAL LENGTH (L)

Posted Speed	Formula
≤ 40	$L = \frac{WS}{60}^2$
≥ 45	L=WS

85th Percentile Speed may be used on roods where traffic speeds normally exceed the posted speed limit crosshatching length should be rounded up to nearest

L=Length of Crosshatching (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

- An 8 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 4 feet on a 70 MPH roadway. The length of the crosshatching should be:
 - $L = 8 \times 70 = 560 \text{ ft.}$
- A 4 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 2 feet on a 40 MPH roadway. The length of the crosshatching should be: $L = 4(40)^{-2}/60 = 106.67$ ft. rounded to 110 ft.

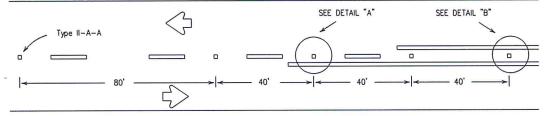


TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

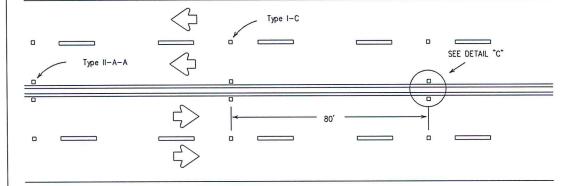
PM(1)-12

©TxDOT November 1978	DN: TX	тос	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDO
REVISIONS 8-95 2-12	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
5-00					
8-00	DIST		COUNTY	,	SHEET NO.
3-03					34
22A					

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

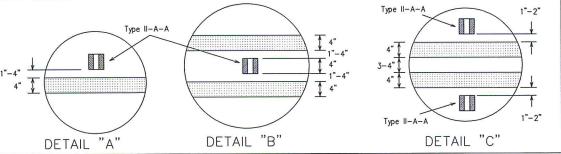


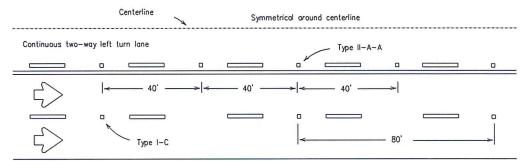
CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



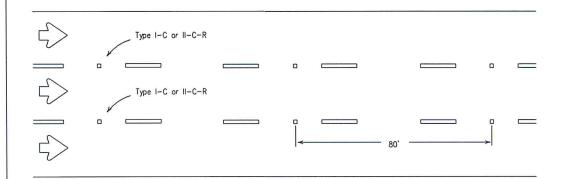
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

Raised pavement marker Type I-C, clear face toward normal traffic, shall be placed on 80—foot centers.





CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II—C—R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong—way traffic.

DETAIL A	DETAIL D	DETAIL C			
			0 0 0	3 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
		CENTER OR EDGELINE			n-
	0 0 0 0 0		[J 0 0 0 0	
k // 1	0' *	30'		BROKEN L.	ANE LINE
		REFLECTORIZED PROFILE			
		PATTERN DETAIL		1	
		USING REFLECTIVE PROFILE PAVEMENT MARKINGS			
12"+_1" 31/4" + 3/4" 4" 2 to 3"	OR 6" 61/2"+ 2 to 3"	A quick field check for the thickness of base line and profile marking is approximately equal to a stack of 5 quarters to a maximum height of 7 quarters.	4"	31/4"+ 3/4 OR (2 to 3"	6" 51/2"+ 1/2 2 to 3"
4" EDGE LINE OR CENTERLINE	OPTIONAL 6" EDGE LINE OR CENTERLINE		4	" LANE LINE	OPTIONAL 6" LANE LINE
		NOTE			

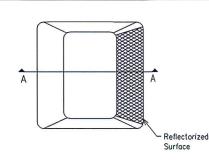
Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

GENERAL NOTES

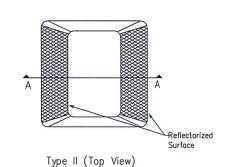
- 1. All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.
- 2. On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal ioints

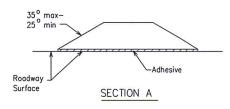
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)





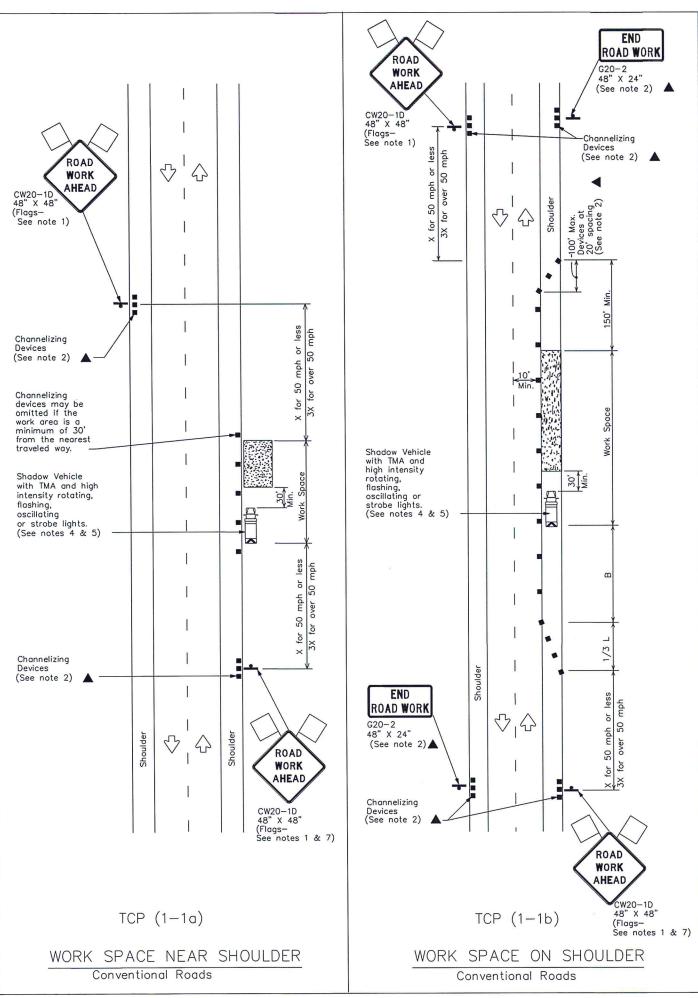
RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

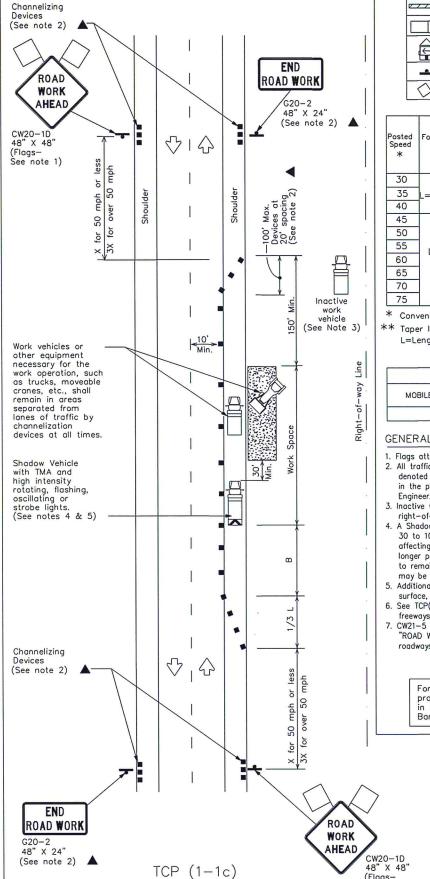


POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS

PM(2)-12

CTxDOT April 1977	DN: TX	TOC	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXD01
REMISIONS 4-92 2-10	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	GHWAY
5-00 2-12 8-00	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
2-08						35





WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER

Conventional Roads

	LEGEN	1D	
	Type 3 Barricade	00	Channelizing Devices
中	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
-	Sign	4	Traffic Flow
Q	Flag	ПО	Flagger

Posted Speed *	Formula		Minimur Desirable per Leng * *	е	Spaci Chann	Maximum ng of elizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset			Distance	"B"	
30	_ ws ²	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	
60	L-110	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350'	
65]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	

- * Conventional Roads Only
- ** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	T 0.1.057	TYPICAL US		
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONAR
	1	1		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the
- 3. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.

 4. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices
- may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

 5. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and
- freeways.
 CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

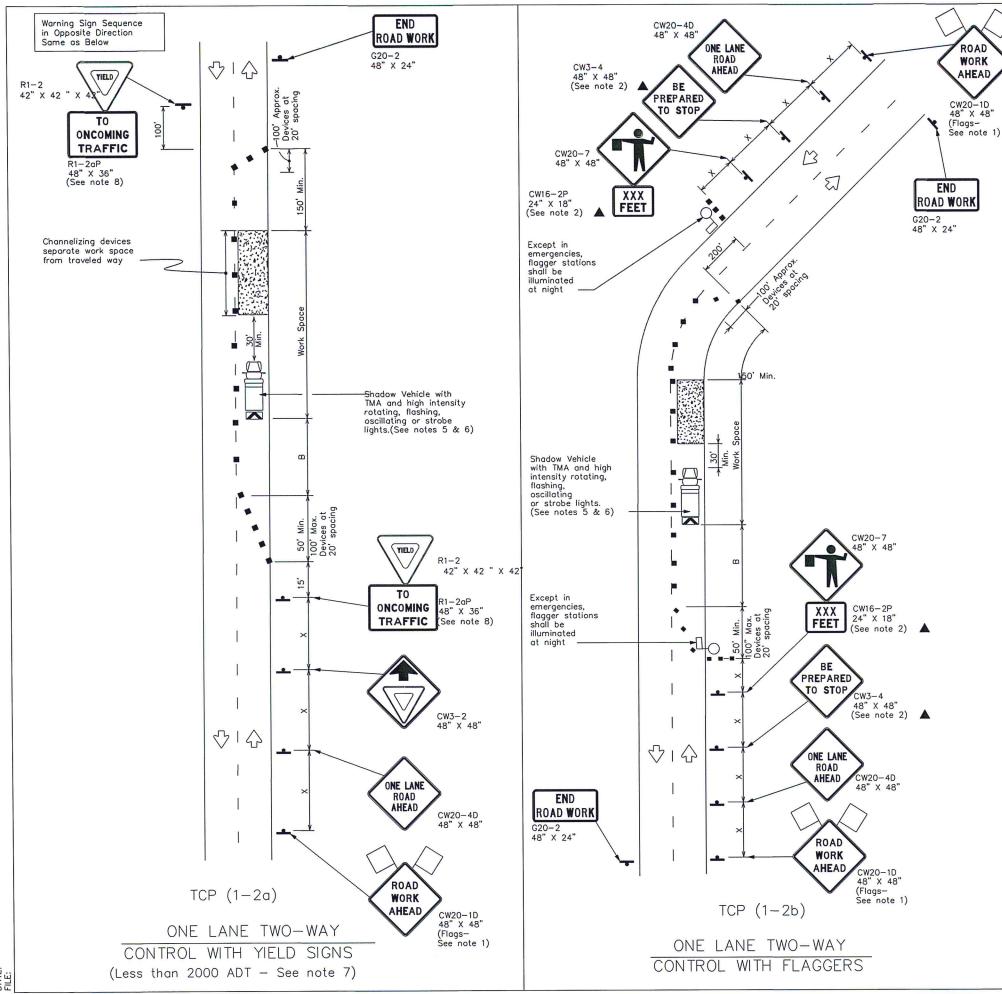
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

> exas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP(1-1)-12

©TxDOT December 1985	DN: TX	тоот	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS 2-94 2-12	CONT	SECT	JOB		н	IGHWAY
8-95 1-97	DIST		COUNTY	,		SHEET NO.
4-98						36
151		-				



	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade	8 8	Channelizing Devices
中	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
_	Sign	\frac{1}{2}	Traffic Flow
\triangle	Flag	ПО	Flagger

Posted Formula Speed *		Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spaci Chann	Maximum ng of elizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudind Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50	İ	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60	L=WO	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'	570'
65	1	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off. L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL US	SAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
 The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE
- ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-10 "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance worning chead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.

 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or
- quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA. 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be sitioned off the paved surface, next to

those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

TCP (1-2b)

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.
- 10. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502. Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling

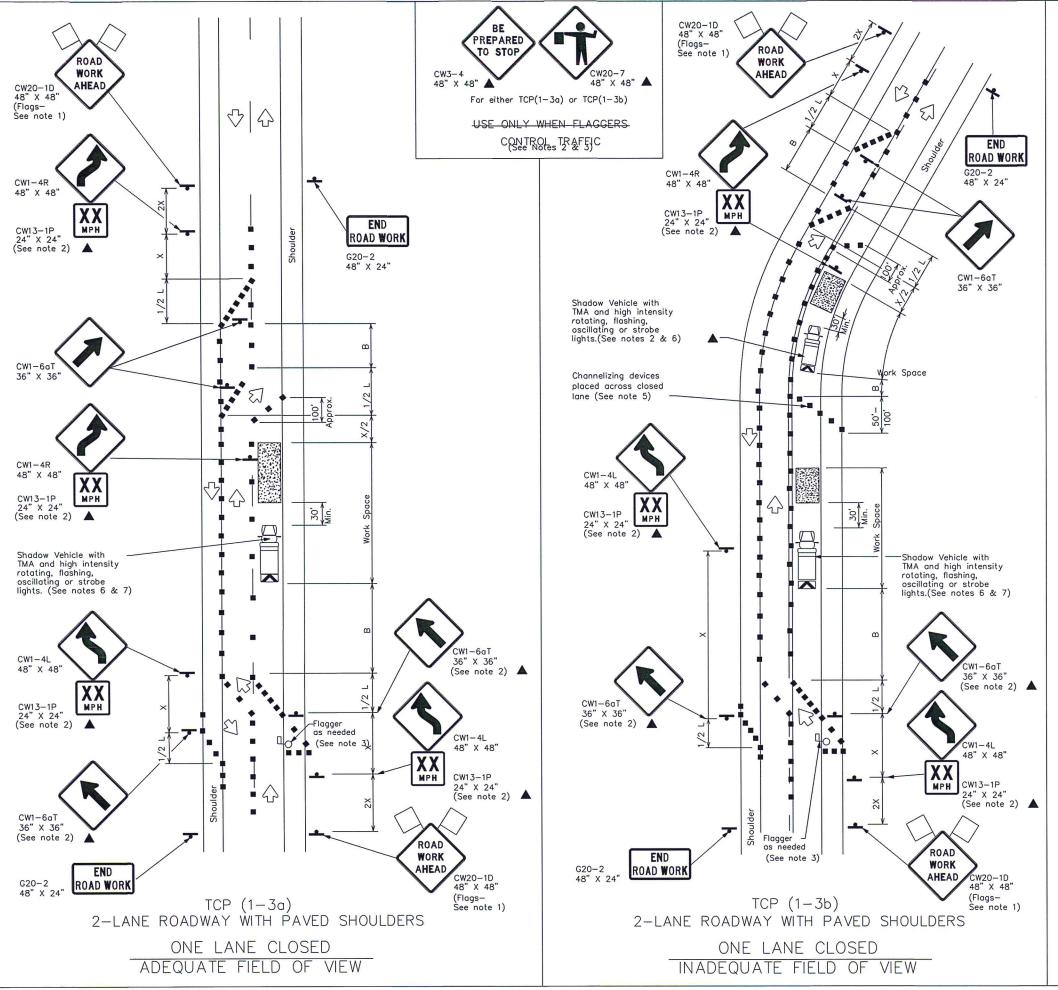
exas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(1-2)-12

CONT	T	1000000			
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
				37	
	DIST	DIST	DIST COUNTY	DIST COUNTY	

152



	LEGE	ND	
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)
	Sign	\frac{1}{2}	Traffic Flow
Q	Flag	10	Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths **			Spac Chann	Maximum ing of nelizing vices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	1 60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50]	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

^{*} Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL US	AGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1		

GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.

All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

 Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic.
 Additional flaggers may be positioned in advance of traffic queues to alert traffic to reduce speed.

 DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed downstream of the ROAD WORK AHEAD signs.

5. When the work zone is made up of several work spaces, channelizing devices should be placed laterally across the closed lane to re-emphasize closure. Laterally placed channelizing devices should be repeated every 500 to 1000 feet in urban areas and every 1/4 to 1/2 mile in rural areas.

6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.

Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

8. Where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two—way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20', or 15' if posted speed are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2S where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of conflicting markings not the entire work zone.

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON
TWO LANE ROADS

TCP(1-3)-12

DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
				38	
	CONT	CONT SECT	CONT SECT JOB	CONT SECT JOB	

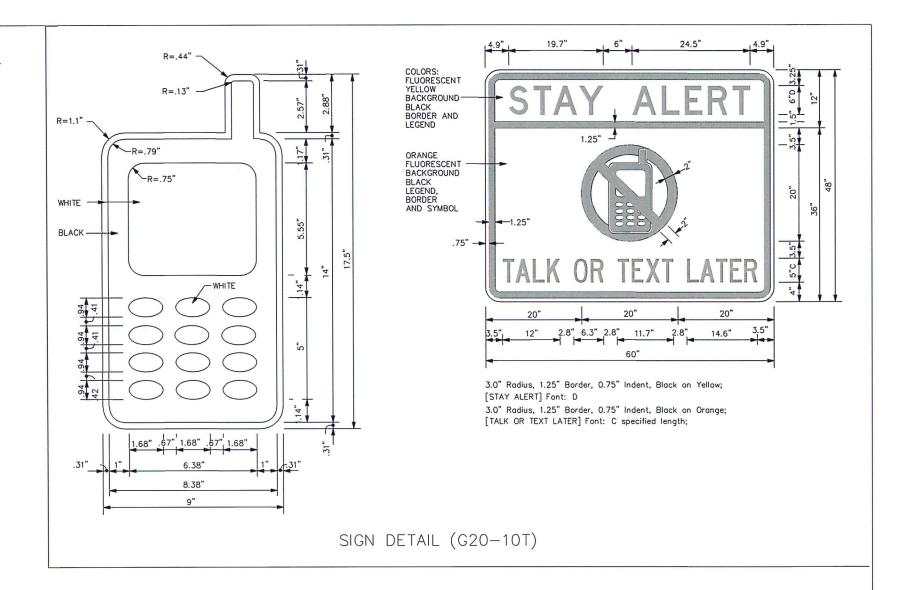
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP)is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

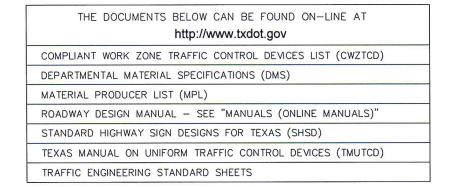
WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

Traffic

Operations
Division
Standard

BC(1)-14

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDOT bc-14.dgn ©TxDOT November 2002 4-03 9-07 5-10 8-14 7-13 COUNTY SHEET NO. 42 95