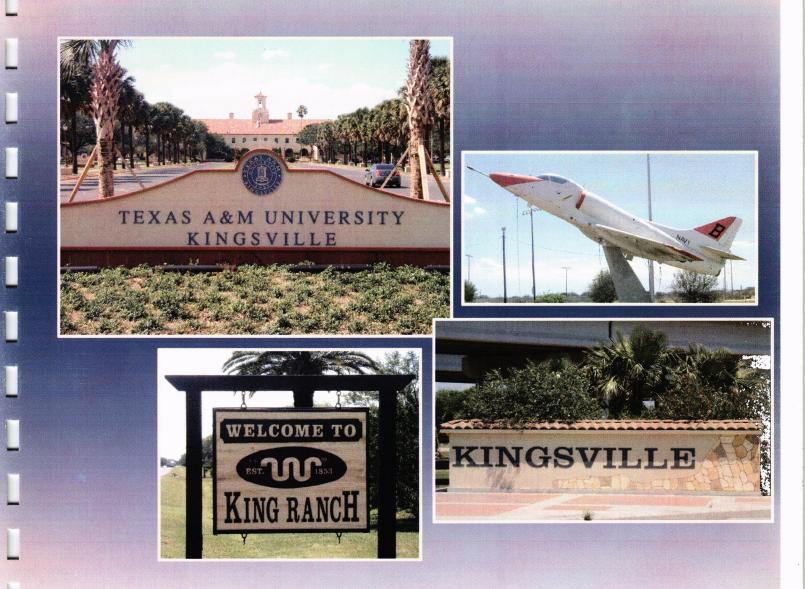
City of Kingsville

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

September 30, 2008

CITY OF KINGSVILLE, TEXAS

City Commission

(for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008)

Sam R. Fugate Alfonso Garcia Arturo Pecos Stanley Laskowski Charles E. Wilson

Mayor Mayor Pro-Tem Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner

City Manager Carlos R. Yerena

Prepared By:

Department of Finance

Mark Rushing Director of Finance Caron S. Vela - Accounting Manager Terri Vasquez - Assistant Accountant II Vilma Castillo - Collections Manager Sally Saenz - Assistant Accountant I Norma Cavazos - Assistant Accountant I Rudy Najera - Information System Technician

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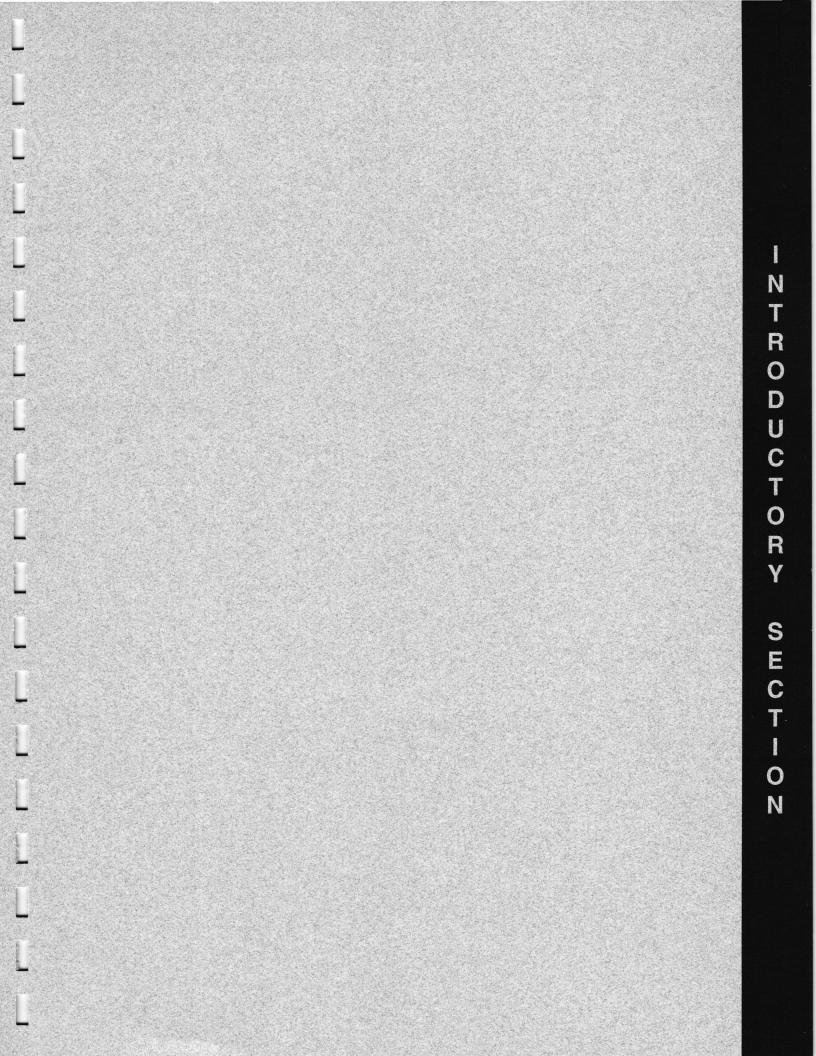
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June 29, 2009

Dear Honorable Mayor, Members of City Commission, and Citizens of Kingsville:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Kingsville, Texas (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, is submitted herewith. As required by the TEX. LOCAL GOV'T CODE ANN. § 103.001 et seq., the report includes financial statements which have been audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants, John Womack & Co. PC. The financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the presentation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The goal of the independent audit, conducted by John Womack & Co. PC was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Kingsville for fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Kingsville's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Kingsville's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

THE CITY AND ITS ORGANIZATION

Population and Location

Based on the reviewed 2000 Census of Kingsville, the City now has a population of 25,575; this represents a 1.2 percent increase over the 1990 Census of 25,267. The City of Kingsville's standard metropolitan statistical area consists of Kleberg County which has a population of 31,549 according to the 2000 Census. The geographic location of the City is on U. S. Highway 77 which has been proposed to be the new Interstate 69 which will facilitate travel from Mexico, Central and South America to the U.S. and Canada. The City is also home to a major military installation, NAS Kingsville, and tourist attraction, the King Ranch.

The total area of the City is approximately 13.63 square miles. The City may expand its jurisdiction, by adding territory adjoining or lying adjacent to the City, by ordinance pursuant to its regularly updated and statutorily required annexation plan.

Form of Government and City Services

The City was incorporated in 1911. In 1916, the City was organized under a City Charter and operated as a General Law city until 1926, at which time a Home Rule Charter with a Commission form of government, was adopted. The Charter was amended in 1986 to adopt the present and nationally predominant Commission-Manager form of government.

The City Commission consists of the Mayor and four Commission Members elected for two-year terms. The Mayor and the four Commission Members are elected at large. The City Commission is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing the City Manager, City Attorney, and Municipal Court Judge. The City Manager is the Chief Administrative and Executive Officer and is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the City Commission, overseeing day-to-day operations, presenting an annual budget and appointing all other City Employees.

The City is a full service municipality, providing a full range of services. The City's public safety services include police protection, fire protection, building inspection, and a specialized emergency management operation. Law enforcement is provided through the Police Department with 63 employees, which includes 47 police officers and 16 support personnel. The City's Fire Department operates two fire stations, and includes an emergency medical service comprised of two staffed ambulances, with a third ambulance available if needed.

The City has a combined utility system (System) comprised of water and wastewater. The City's water system, consisting of 115.94 miles of waterlines, serves all residents of the City, as well as several other customers and industries within Kleberg County and a 2 mile radius of the City. The City's water supply is primarily provided by five water wells. The second water supply source is with STWA which maintains a 42" water line to the City of Corpus Christi. The City's water supply is now sufficient to continue serving the City for the next several decades.

The City is in the process of formulating a Storm Water Drainage Plan to comply with proposed Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, TCEQ, regulations. The City is in the process of updating its comprehensive master plan to set consistent design standards for the City.

Wastewater collection and treatment is provided within the city limits to more than 26,532 residential, commercial, and industrial customers. The collection system consists of 96.1 miles of gravity and force mains, 1,381 manholes, and 8 lift stations. The City owns and operates 2 treatment plants with separate collection basins, with an average aggregated daily flow at treatment plants of 1,400,000 gallons per day, or 35% of aggregate permitted capacity.

In addition to operating the combined utility system, the City also provides garbage collection and disposal. Garbage collection is primarily limited to residential service, with phase two of automated garbage collection using specialized equipment initiated in 1995 and City households are now using the garbage rollouts. The City, with its automated garbage collection program, provides for twice a week garbage pick-up with a savings of more than \$100,000 a year. The City owns and operates a regional waste disposal facility, also accepting waste from outside of the City and from commercial garbage haulers. Other public works operations of the City include drainage and street maintenance, street lighting and traffic signalization/engineering. The City also provides engineering services to support all public works departments as well as the planning department. It also provides the City with engineering design for City construction projects.

Community enrichment and culture services are also major programs of the City. The City and Kleberg County own and operate a library with over 66,000 volumes. The City and Kleberg County also own and maintain extensive recreational facilities, which include 195 acres of parks and playgrounds, one swimming pool, 12 baseball and softball diamonds, 12 soccer fields, and 2 recreational centers.

Public health, animal control/care, and vector control services are provided by the jointly operated City of Kingsville/Kleberg County Health Department.

The City of Kingsville has financial accountability for the legally separate Convention and Visitor's Bureau, which is reported separately within the City of Kingsville's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in Note A-1, page 42, of the financial statements.

Annual Budget Process

State laws and the City Charter require the preparation and filing of a balanced annual operating budget. Following a City Manager and department head meeting in May, departments are required to submit requests to the Finance Department by the first week of June for the development of the annual operating budget. Under the direction of the City Manager, the Director of Finance uses these requests to develop a proposed balanced operating budget for presentation to the City Commission by the beginning of August. Following a month of budget discussions and deliberations with City Commission, a public hearing is scheduled for the first week of September and adoption of the budget

Ordinance and supporting fee schedules occur no later than September 30th. The operating budget is prepared by fund, department, function, and organizational unit or project levels.

Budgetary management is delegated to the department heads that may approve transfers of appropriations within their department. Budgetary control is performed by both department heads and the Finance Department. Transfer of appropriations between funds and departments requires City Commission approval.

During the months of August and September, a project team comprised of the Finance Department, Engineering Department and applicable department heads initiate a review of previously appropriated capital projects and construction in progress.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For governmental funds other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report. Budget-to-actual reports are prepared on a monthly and unaudited basis by the Finance Department and provided to City Commission and management for review and use in monitoring revenues and expenditures.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy

An understanding of the information presented in the financial statements is enhanced when it is reviewed within the context of the City's local economy. The following information is provided to highlight a broad range of economic forces which support the City's operations.

Major Revenues

The City's major sources of revenue are property, sales and other taxes, and business fees. The September 30, 2008, period showed the following changes in these from the prior year: (1) an increase of 11.39% in property tax receipts due to an increase in the property tax rate, (2) an increase of 2.85% in sales tax, and (3) an increase of 11.10% in business fees. This illustrates the resilience of the local economy despite negative revenue trends for other state and local governments in the nation. Real property tax collections as a percent of levy collected has remained stable. Total collections as a percent of the net total tax levy collections to date has decreased from 97.52% to 95.69%. Current fiscal year collected taxes to date, as a percent of the net current tax levy, have increased slightly from 94.6% to 95.7%.

Real property assessed values, over the last fiscal year, decreased 5.4346%. Sales tax increased from \$3,784,310 to \$3,891,958 over the last fiscal year. This further illustrates steady and stable growth for the local economic conditions.

Employment

The local unemployment rate increased slightly to 4.3% in September 2008 from 3.9% in October 2007 over the last fiscal year and the number of jobs in the community increased from 12,171 in October 2007 to 12,465 in September 2008. During the same period, personal income rose from \$24,761 to \$26,740 or 7.993%.

Diversification of Economy

The region has a varied manufacturing, agricultural and petrochemical base that adds to the relative stability of employment. Major industries located within the City's boundaries, or in close proximity, include industrial, construction, fast food restaurants, convenience stores, banking, and financial services.

The federal government also has a major presence within the area with three bases that make up the south Texas military complex: Naval Air Station – Kingsville (jet aviation training), Naval Air Station – Corpus Christi, and Naval Station – Ingleside (base for the Navy's mine warfare fleet).

The City of Kingsville's trade area consists of three counties: Kleberg, Nueces and Jim Wells. Each of these counties maintains a solid and diversified economic base which contributes material support to the City of Kingsville due to its location as a regional trade center. The City of Kingsville's economy provides a diversified product market including metal fabrication, chemical processing, farm and ranch equipment, cement, and petrochemical products, fishing and seafood products and more.

The land in the City of Kingsville region has strong mineral deposits, rich soil and excellent climate, with the principle crops being grain, sorghum, and cotton. The region produces a large supply of livestock including cattle, hogs, and poultry. The oil and gas industry is a major factor in the growth and stability within the trade area. This industry provides a secondary market for petroleum by-products and chemicals.

Transportation

A primary component of the City's transportation system is the 2,415-acre Corpus Christi International Airport, which is only 45 minutes from the City of Kingsville. Currently, the Airport is served by approximately 24-30 daily flights from three major domestic carriers that use the Airport's 7,508 and 6,080 feet of lighted runways. The Airport has completed the finishing touches on its new terminal building and a new covered parking lot and concession area. Additionally, airport safety has been enhanced through a multijurisdictional cooperative effort with other civil and military law enforcement agencies.

The City is also served by a network of major highways. U.S. Highway 77 links the City of Kingsville to both the Rio Grande Valley/Mexico to the south and Victoria (which then provides a direct connect to U.S. 59 and Houston). State Highway 44 and U.S. Highway 59 also link the City of Kingsville to Laredo/Mexico from U.S. Highway 77 at Robstown and Victoria. All highways are four-lane roads and are maintained at interstate or near interstate standards. Seventeen separate motor carriers serve the City of Kingsville for truck transport of products to market. Rail service to and from the City of

Kingsville is provided by the Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Railway, Texas Mexican Railway and Union Pacific Railroad.

Major Initiatives

During the fiscal year 2008, the citizens and elected officials of Kingsville cooperated in the planning and implementation of several major projects and capital asset acquisition.

City Growth and Development

In fiscal year 2008, the City completed upgrades of lift stations and sewer force mains with a total cost of \$1,740,051; rehabilitation of 3 elevated storage tanks and one ground storage tank with a total cost of \$1,224,050; rehabilitation of the clarifier and stairs with a cost of \$2,544,856; upgrade on the SCADA system for the wastewater treatment plant with a total cost of \$37,899 and installation of blowers at the North and South Wastewater Plants with a total cost of \$1,089,033. All of the above projects were paid for with 2005 Certificates of Obligation bond funds.

The City has installed a security system at city hall and public works with a total cost of \$49,826 paid for with 2005 Certificate of Obligation bond funds, grant funds and the Utility Fund.

The city has been conducting, and will continue through fiscal year 2008-2009, smoke tests for the I & I study of existing sanitary sewer lines.

Economic Development

The City is continuing construction on the 12,000 linear feet of water line utilizing ORCA grand funds and matching City funds. The design of Sector III Landfill Cell is completed and construction is underway. The estimated cost for this project is \$1.2 million.

Current Construction Projects

- The Holiday Inn began construction on a 42,078 square foot hotel in 2007 and was completed and opened for business FY 2008. IHOP, which is 4,828 square foot, began construction in the General Cavazos Subdivision and was completed and opened for business in FY 2008.
- The 3,300 square foot AT&T Wireless building was completed in FY 2008.
- The new Quick Wash located at Eddie Yaklin Automotive, a 6,690 square foot building, was completed in FY 2007-08.
- The 13,860 square foot building for Pueblo Tires, which is located at the corner of Lott Ave and 14th Street, was completed in FY 2007-08.
- The 18,000 square foot building for the Colston Rehabilitation Center, located next to the hospital, will be completed if FY 2008-09.

Future Construction Projects

- Tractor Supply Company has been approved for remodeling of the old Wal-Mart Store, consisting of more than 35,000 square feet, on Brahma Blvd. and will begin construction in the summer of 2009.
- Aaron Rents will be constructing a new facility consisting of 8,000 square feet, on General Cavazos Blvd. in July 2009.

- Daddy O's Restaurant remodeled a building of 612 square feet and opened May 2009.
- The Cash Store and Fred Loya Insurance Agency, at 1,300 square feet each, were opened next to the AT&T Wireless store on General Cavazos Blvd. in May 2009.
- Little Caesar's is relocating next to the Cash Store and Fred Loya Insurance Agency, at 1,300 square feet, by July 2009.
- The Taiwan Restaurant underwent a remodeling project costing approximately \$10,500, in May and June 2009.
- Wal-Mart Store remodeled the entire store, costing approximately \$2,588,536, from April through June 2009.
- The Santa Gertrudis School, located on the King Ranch, began construction in the spring of 2009. The project value is approximately \$3 million and consists of over 54,000 square feet.
- The Kingsville Lulac Manor Apartment complex is undergoing a refurbishment project valued at approximately \$2,568,341 and consisting of over 78,400 square feet. This project should be completed by the summer of 2009.
- Saint Gerturde's Church, rectory, business office and pastor's residence are under construction starting in the spring of 2009.
- A new mini-storage facility on Sage Road, Serenity Storage, began construction in June 2009. This project has a value of \$71,912 for 6,000 square foot buildings.
- The La Esquina Restaurant on King Street and Armstrong is undergoing a \$50,000 remodeling project in June 2009.

Residential Developments

- The development of Paulson Falls Subdivision, Phase III continues to have new houses constructed. This development is a planned unit development that will be constructed in three phases. Upon completion, the subdivision will have a total of 175 single-family units. Two commercial sites are also planned for this area.
- Serenity Estates II, a new 13 lot subdivision was approved in 2009 and lots are currently offered for sale.
- Texas A&M Kingsville will complete a new, 600 unit, student housing section on their campus in the summer of 2009.
- In fiscal year 2008, a total of 19 new housing permits were issued.

Tourism

The City of Kingsville continues to be a favorite stop-over for vacationers, tourists, hunters and outdoorsman with the historic King Ranch, the City's historic downtown area, two museums, various bays that are ideal for fishing and numerous hunting leases that surround the city.

Financing of Major Capital Projects

During the 2008 fiscal year, the City continued to utilize the three bond issues from the previous fiscal year to fund projects and capital assets planned and approved during the past fiscal year. These are major initiatives that represent a significant long term commitment to revitalization strategies that support commercial and industrial growth and improved quality of life for current residents.

Cash Management

The Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) requires quarterly reporting to the governing body by its investment officers. The City Commission adopts the investment policy with any recommended amendments annually. In addition to PFIA requirements, the City's Investment Committee requires quarterly reporting on investment results.

The City pools its cash balances for investment purposes. A primary objective of the City's investment program is to protect the principal through proper collateralization. The City depository holds all funds in various MBIA investment pool accounts with the exception of minimum operating funds held in the local depository bank that must be held separately. The bank performs all normal banking functions for the City, as well as, collateralizing deposits with government securities. The interest rate is variable being 0.5% less than the 13-week T-Bill rate. The City's cash management policy is adopted by the City Commission and strictly defines the parameters by which City investments are made.

The annual average interest rate was 3.42% and the total interest earned was \$637,524, in the City's bank depository and all investments.

Risk Management

The City maintains a Risk Management internal service fund to provide funding for its self insured workers' compensation, commercial property/general liability, and health benefits exposures. Contributions to the fund arise from employee contributions and contributions (transfers and allocations) from the general fund, special revenue funds, and the enterprise fund of the City. Supplemental insurance policies are also purchased to cover large health benefits and workers' compensation exposures. The City has a safety program that focuses on job specific safety training for all employees over the course of their careers. Particular emphasis is placed on those jobs or work units that experience claims and injuries at and increasing or unusual rate or for those inherently higher risk work units, such as public safety and public work functions. Additionally, information on the City's risk management activities can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

Pension Benefits

The City participates in two retirement plans. Firefighters are provided benefits through the City's single employer defined benefit pension plan—Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS). It is administered by an independent board of trustees. Although state law requires that an actuarial analysis be prepared every three years, the Systems' Board engages an independent actuary every second year to calculate the amount of the annual contribution and review the scope of benefits to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis.

The latest actuarial valuations for both the TESRS and for the City employees were completed as of December 31, 2007. The funded ratio of actuarial accrued liability for the Volunteer Fire Fighter's TESRS was 95% as of August 31, 2008, at the date of the last actuarial reports. 100% of the City's Annual Pension Cost (APC) was contributed for both plans. As a matter of policy, in 2008 the City contributed \$20 per volunteer

firefighter toward pension financing each year, with no contribution from the individual firefighters.

The City also provides pension benefits for its other employees, both uniformed police and full time firefighters, and all other civilian employees. These benefits are provided through a non-institutional, joint contributory, defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 827 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. Employees contributed 7% of their salary and the City contributed 10.48% of salaries. The funded ratio of actuarial accrued liability for the City employees' plan, TMRS, was 70.8% at the date of the last actuarial reports.

CAFR Program

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kingsville for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007 continuing to confirm compliance with both GAAP and legal requirements. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that this CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility certification.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report is possible only because of the dedication of the staff members in the Department of Finance, including Caron S. Vela, Accounting Manager; Teresa Vasquez, Assistant Accountant II; Sally Saenz, Assistant Accountant I; Norma Cavazos, Assistant Accountant I; Vilma Castillo, Collections Manager; Yolanda Vasquez, Municipal Court Manager; Rudy Najera, Information Systems Technician and Andy Vigstol, Engineer Drafting Technician, for taking the cover pictures. Special thanks must be given to the City Manager for his continued guidance and support.

Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the City Commission for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Kingsville and the prudent financial policies to which it subscribes.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark A. Rushing

Mark A. Rushing Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kingsville Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

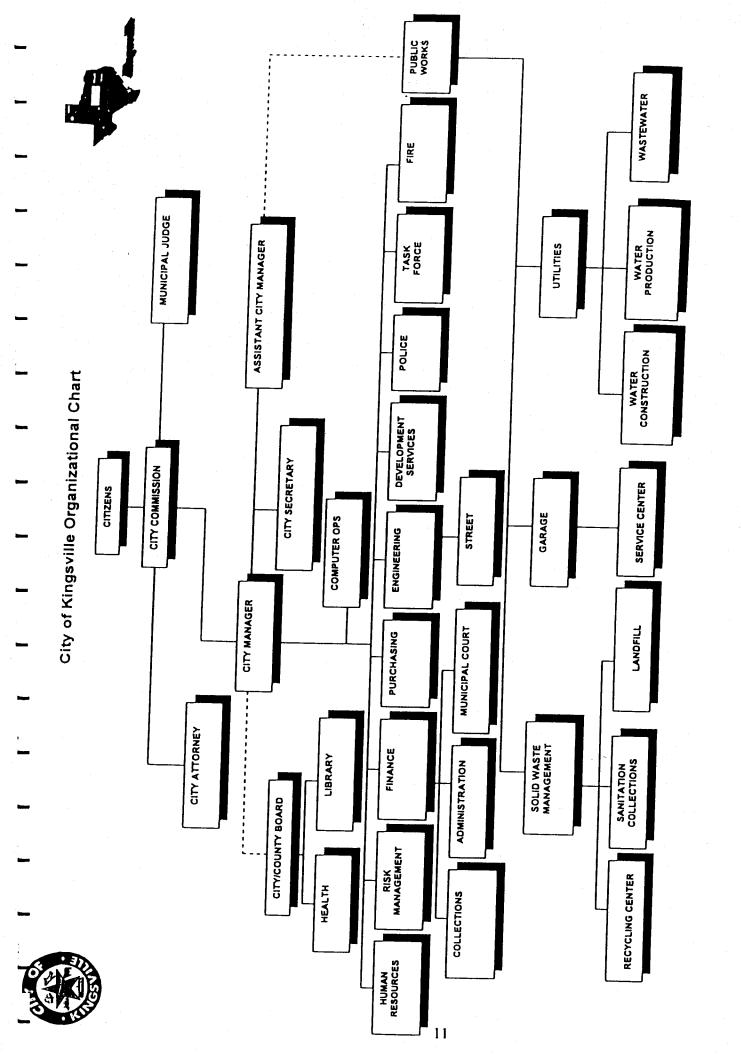


rt.

President

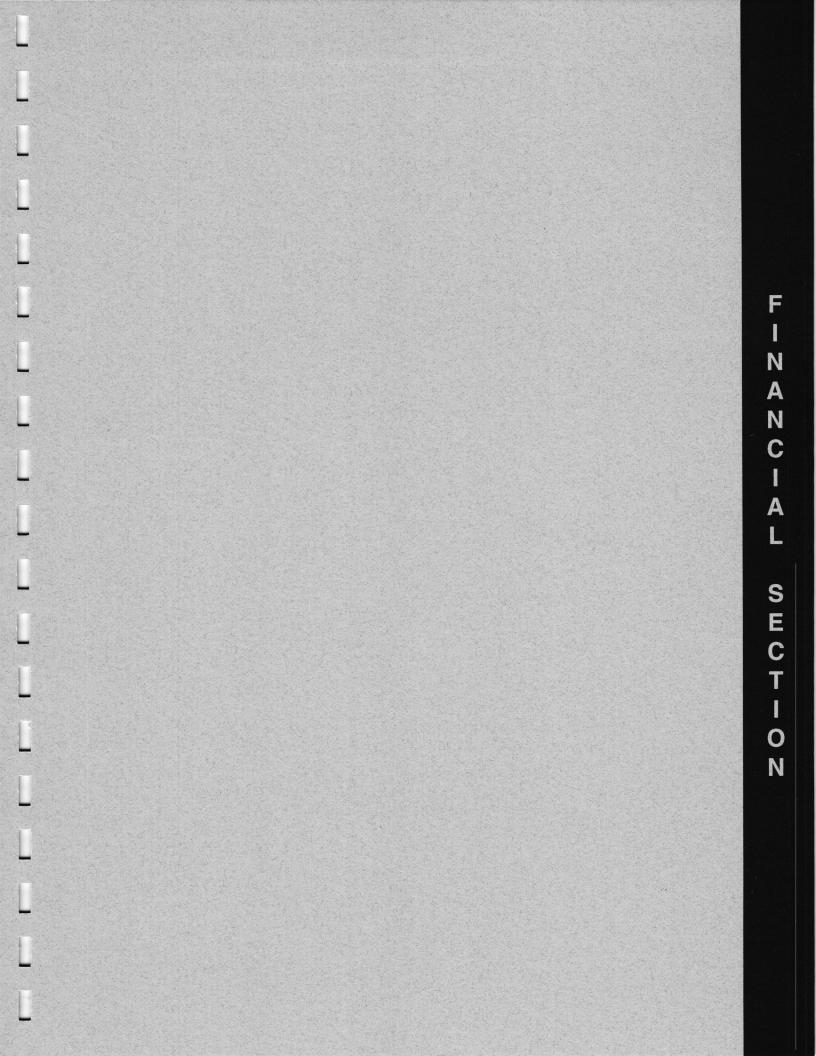
~ R. G

Executive Director



As of September 30, 2008





JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA

JOHN R. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements

P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

City Commission City of Kingsville P.O. Box 1458 Kingsville, Texas 78364

Members of the City Commission:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Kingsville as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Kingsville's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Kingsville as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2009, on our consideration of City of Kingsville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary comparison information identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION. AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements which collectively comprise the City of Kingsville's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and supporting schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements.

Respectfully submitted,

anach B. P.C.

John Womack & Company, P.C. May 29, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of Kingsville's (City) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter found in the Introductory Section of this report and the City's Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$ 22.4 million.

- The fund balance of the General Fund increased from \$8.9 million to \$9.2 million. This represents a 3.8% increase over the prior year's fund balance, and furthermore, represents 65.3% of the \$14.1 million in expenditures. The General Fund's undesignated and unreserved fund balance was \$4.9 million, or 34.8% of expenditures.
- Total assets, excluding component units, were \$53.4 million; total liabilities, excluding component units, were \$31 million.
- The ratio of total assets to total liabilities for governmental activities was 2.11 times; for business-type activities the ratio was 1.46 times.
- The quick ratio (current assets to current liabilities) was 2.35 times for governmental activities and 4.6 times for business-type activities.
- Total net assets were \$22.4 million, which was an increase from \$19.6 million for the prior year, or 14.17%. Governmental activities' net assets increased by 13.23%, while business-type activities net assets increased by 15.7%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of: management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. Figure A-1 demonstrates the relationships among the components of this annual report.

The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. These statements are presented for both governmental activities and business-type activities. They are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar to a private-sector business. A legally separate component unit (Kingsville Convention and Visitors Bureau) are also shown in these statements.
 - The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
 - The statement of activities presents information to show how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net

assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

- The *fund financial statements* focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in greater detail that the government-wide statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.
 - The governmental funds statements show how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The two major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like a business: *enterprise finds* and *internal service funds*. The major proprietary fund is the combined Utility System Fund.
 - Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary fund.
- Notes to the financial statements provide essential additional information to provide a clear picture of the particular assets, liabilities, or inherent risks. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

The financial statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* (RSI) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. RSI information follows the notes to the financial statements.

Figure A-1: Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report

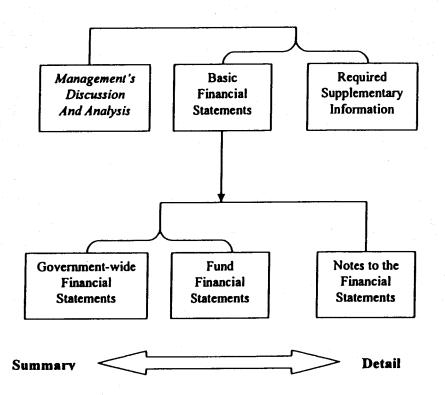


Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual financial report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, a section with combining statements that provides details about the non-major governmental funds and internal service funds is included.

More about the City's Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities except that the Solid Waste Activity is reported as a businesstype activity in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Major and non-major funds are presented separately in the governmental fund's balance sheet and in the governmental fund's statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The general fund and the debt service fund are presented separately along with the aggregated *other governmental funds*. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* following the presentation of the major funds. There are four non-major governmental funds.

The City adopts an annual operating budget for governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

More about the City's Proprietary Funds:

Two types of *proprietary funds* are used by the City:

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, excluding Solid Waste which is recorded in the General Fund. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Utility System, which provides water, sewer and garbage services. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for risk management activities, including insurance for general liabilities, workers' compensation, and health benefits. Because this coverage predominately benefits governmental rather that business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Assets

Net assets serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. At September 30, 2008, the net assets totaled \$22.4 million, \$2.8 million more than the prior year. The composition of these net assets is \$13.7 million for governmental activities and \$8.7 million for business-type activities, which is comprised primarily of the Combined Utility System.

A large portion of the City's net assets, 55.1%, are invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities, and the City has over 8.9% of its net assets set aside for the retirement of debt. 19% of

the City's governmental activities' net assets are unrestricted in their use for City activities.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Current & other assets	\$ 13,197	\$ 15,980	\$11,362	\$11,128	\$24,559	\$27,108	
Capital assets	12,886	12,526	15,944	16,212	28,830	28,738	
Total assets	26,083	28,506	27,306	27,340	53,389	55,846	
Long-term liabilities	7,873	7,230	17,067	16,734	24,940	23,964	
Other liabilities	4,464	9,136	1,576	3,119	6,040	12,255	
Total liabilities	12,337	16,366	18,643	19,853	30,980	36,219	
Net assets	\$13,746	\$12,140	\$8,663	\$7,487	\$22,409	\$19,627	
Nct assets							
Investment in capital							
assets net of							
related debt	7,981	7,410	4,377	4,312	12,358	11,722	
Restricted	2,727	2,650	3,056	2,496	5,783	5,146	
Unrestricted	3,038	2,080	1,230	679	4,267	2,759	
Total net assets	\$13,746	\$12,140	\$8,663	\$7,487	\$22,409	\$19,627	

Table A-1: Net Assets for Governmental and Business-type Activities at September 30, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands of dollars)

The City has sufficient funds to meet requirements for cash outlays in the next fiscal year as well as the financial capacity to meet its long-term obligations, without any reduction of fund balances or net assets.

The Combined Utility System's net assets were \$8.6 million, which is 38% of total net assets and is \$1.2 million more than the prior year. The Combined Utility System contributed all of total unrestricted business-type net assets.

Changes in Net Assets

Table A-2 details the City's change in net assets from the prior year.

Table A-2: Changes in Net Assets at September 30, 2008 and 2007(in thousands of dollars)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenue:							
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	3,695	3,206	10,320	9,127	14,016	12,333	
Operating grants							
and contributions	261	169	1	21	261	190	
Capital grants							
and contributions	30	55		0	30	55	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,936	4,247		0	4,936	4,247	
Sales taxes	3,892	3,784		0	3,892	3,784	
Other taxes	1,046	1,030		0	1,046	1,030	
Investment earnings	507	392	249	559	756	951	
Other	5	1	(5)	0	0	1	
Total revenues	14,372	12,884	10,565	9,707	24,937	22,591	
Expenses:					÷		
General government	2,439	2,569		0	2,439	2,569	
Public safety	8,167	7,267		0	8,167	7,267	
Public works	2,414	2,340		0	2,414	2,340	
Health & other public services	731	688		0	731	688	
Tourism	422	312		0	422	312	
Interest on long-term debt	293	301		0	293	301	
Water and wastewater		0	5,173	4,486	5,173	4,486	
Solid waste		0	2,516	2,044	2,516	2,044	
Total expenses	14,466	13,477	7,690	6,530	22,155	20,007	
ncrease in net assets							
before trannsfers	(94)	(593)	2,876	3,177	2,781	2,584	
Fransfers	1,700	2,293	(1,700)	(2,293)	0	0	
ncrease (decrease) in net assets	1,606	1,700	1,176	884	2,781	2,584	
Net assets, beginning	12,140	10,591	7,487	6,603	19,627	17,194	
Prior period adjustment	0	(151)	0	0	0	(151)	
Net assets, ending	\$13,746	\$12,140	\$8,663	\$7,487	\$22,408	\$19,627	

Governmental Activities

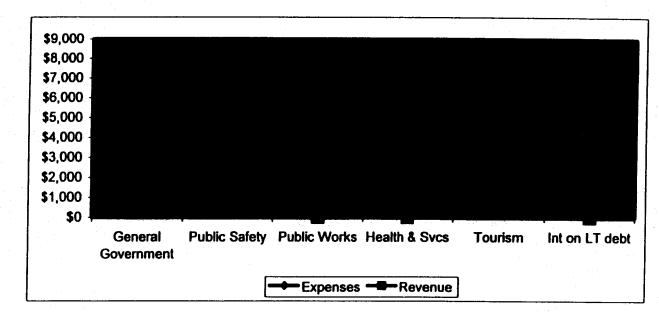
As shown in Table A-2, revenues were split between governmental activities and business-type activities 57.6% and 42.4%, respectively, with expenses for each at 65.3% and 34.7%. Net assets increased 13.2% from the prior period for governmental activities, increased 15.7% for business-type activities, and increased 14.2% overall.

- The cost of all governmental activities for the fiscal year 2008 was \$14.4 million.
- However, the amount that taxpayers paid for these services through City taxes and business fees was \$10.3 million.

Some of the cost was paid by:

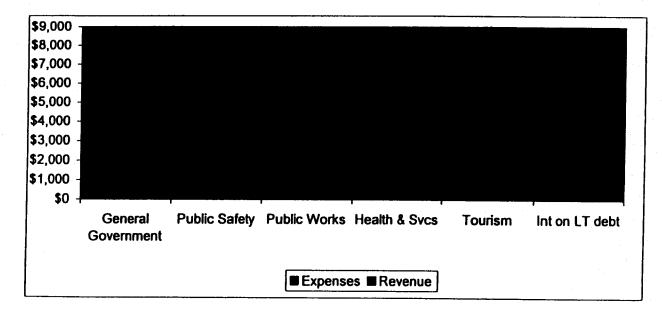
- o Those who directly benefited from the programs (\$3.7 million), and
- Other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$290 thousand).
- Charges for services comprised 25.7% of governmental activities revenues and 97.7% of business-type activities' revenues.
- Taxes contributed 68.7% of governmental activities revenues. Investment earnings, with interest rates, generated 3.5% and 2.4% of governmental activities revenues and business-type activities, respectively.
- Public Safety (including Police, Fire, Emergency Management, Municipal Court, and Inspections) expenses accounted for 56.5% of governmental activities expenses and 16.7% of total expenses were for public works.
- Public Safety required the largest net amount of public funds after deducting program revenue, grants, and contributions. The total subsidy was \$5 million.
- General government comprises 16.9% of all governmental activities' expenses.

Graph 1 presents the cost of each of the City's major governmental functions, as well as the associated program revenues. As expected in governmental activities, the subsidy required from taxpayers provides the majority support to these core services.



Graph 1: Program Revenues to Activity Expenditures (in thousands of dollars)

Graph 2 indicates, in column chart form, the sources of revenue for governmental activities and the expenses of primary governmental activities.



Graph 2: Revenue by Source – Governmental Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities are associated with operating activities accounted for in the Enterprise Funds. Solid Waste activities are recorded in the General Fund but are shown in the government-wide statement as a business-type activity.

The Combined Utilities System accounted for 67.3% of the expenses generated for business-type activities, with solid waste accounting for an additional 32.7%. It had operating revenues of \$7.3 million, operating income of \$2.7 million, and income before transfers of \$2.3 million, with income after transfers of \$1.million for the fiscal year. Compared to the 2007 fiscal year, the System's operating revenues were up by \$910 thousand, the operating income was up by \$401 thousand, but net income after transfers was actually \$54 thousand lower. The major causes of these results were:

- Increased operating revenues are largely the result of an unusually dry spring and summer during 2008, which caused water revenues to increase by \$490 thousand, or 12.8% over the preceding year.
- The operating expenses increased by over \$508 thousand, primarily due to increased supplies costs and service expenses.
- Wastewater fund revenue was up by \$439 thousand, also due to higher water sales, to which wastewater revenue is tied.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

- Total assets of the General Fund decreased from \$12.9 million to \$12.3 million between 2007 and 2008.
- Total liabilities of the General Fund dropped by \$872 thousand to approximately \$3.1 million, a 21.8% decrease. This brings the quick ratio (current assets to current liabilities) to 3.9 times in 2008 from 3.21 times in 2007.
- General Fund revenues are \$819 thousand above the final budget.
- General Fund expenditures are \$1.9 million below the final budget.
- The General Fund's unreserved and undesignated fund balance increased \$648 thousand in 2008 to \$4.9 million from \$4.3 million in fiscal year 2007.
- Total liabilities of the Police Forfeiture Fund dropped by \$1.5 million to approximately \$2.5 million, a 37.1% decrease. This brings the quick ratio (current assets to current liabilities) to 1.6 times in 2008 from 1.2 times in 2007.
- The Police Forfeiture Fund unreserved and undesignated fund balance increased \$680 thousand to \$1.5 million from \$841 thousand in fiscal year 2007.
- The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund increased from \$311 thousand to \$355 thousand. This fund balance is structured to minimize the balance being carried to no more than required for the cash flow necessary to service the City's debt.

Budgetary Results of the General Fund

General fund taxes and business fees were slightly over \$8.4 million, which was \$195 thousand above the final budget. Charges for services, including zoning fees, solid waste fees, health service fees, and other fees were higher than the final budget by \$412 thousand. Overall, General Fund revenues were \$819 thousand more than the final budget.

General Fund expenditures were \$1.9 million below the final budget with the street department contributing \$662 thousand to the positive variance, or 31% below the final budget estimate. The sanitation department contributed \$459 thousand to the positive variance, or 29% below the final budget estimate. The police and fire departments collectively came in \$426 thousand below the final budget, or 5.5% lower. The main reason for the final budget exceeding the actual expenditures is due to the capital outlay to be purchased were approved yet not spent. The sanitation department had \$432 thousand, police department had \$171 thousand and the street department had \$521 thousand. During FY 2007-08 the City analyzed several privatizations proposals in the fire, sanitation, and landfill departments.

During Fiscal Year 2007-08 the budget was amended by \$164 thousand in garbage revenues, \$158 thousand in sanitation service expenditures, and \$141 thousand in landfill expenses as a result of the internal analytical review, privatization bidding and restructuring service fees in these departments. A \$182 thousand budget amendment also occurred for the other leasing sources relating to the two (2) new ambulances purchased for the fire department.

Additional information on the City's Original Budget to Final Budget and Final Budget to Actual can be found on Exhibit B-1, pages 66 to 72.

Non-major Governmental Funds

Five different funds comprise this portion of the financial statements-four special revenue funds and one capital projects fund. Total assets for the combined funds were \$690 thousand, total liabilities were \$337 thousand, and total fund balances were \$353 thousand, with \$9 thousand in undesignated and unreserved fund balances.

The most significant of these special funds is the Capital Projects Fund. Each of the special revenue funds are maintained separately because of special provisions for the receipt and expenditure of funds in compliance with Federal or State laws or regulations and the City's bond ordinances, or other City Council actions.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

	Gove	rnmental Ac	tivities	Business-type Activities			
	2008	2007	% Change 07-08	2008		% Change 07-08	
Land	\$470	\$470	0.00%	\$ 352	\$ 352	0.00%	
Building and improvements	1,630	1,686	-3.36%	13,814	4,430	211.83%	
Equipment	568	768	-26.06%	756	816	-7.28%	
Vehicles	1,839	1,104	66.57%	634	855	-25.91%	
Road network	8,201	8,497	-3.48%	0	0	N/A	
Construction in progress	178	0	N/A	387	9,759	-96.04%	
Total	\$12,885	\$12,526	2.87%	<u>\$15,944</u>	\$ 16,212	-1.66%	

Table A-3: Capital Assets (net of depreciation) at September 30, 2008 and 2007 (In thousands of dollars)

As shown in Table A-3, at September 30, 2008, the City had invested \$28 million (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads and bridges, and its utility system. Additional information on the City's Capital Assets can be found on Note E of the Notes to the Financial Statements, pages 50-51.

Long-term Debt

Table A-4 indicates that total long-term debt decreased by \$961 thousand from 2007 to 2008 or 3.9%. Of that, landfill closure costs increased \$280 thousand or 9.3%, while compensated absences held constant decreasing only .5%. Two new debt factors were Capital Leases increased \$182 thousand for the purchase of two (2) new ambulances and Other Post-Employment Benefits increased \$346 thousand in compliance with GASB 45 recognition. Total debt outstanding at fiscal year-end was below \$20.7 million, down from \$21.9 million for the prior year.

In addition, the overall decrease in long-term debt can be attributed to \$1.7 million in reductions in certificates of obligation bonds and revenue bonds (Combined Utility System) through scheduled principal payments. Additional information on the City's Long-Term Obligations can be found on Note H, pages 52-53 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The 2007-2008 tax rate was \$0.50040 for the General Fund and \$0.26741 for the Debt Service Fund, totaling \$0.76781 per \$100 of assessed value. Therefore, the City's tax margin of \$1.73219 per \$100 of assessed value could increase taxes \$11.3 million each year based on the assessed value of \$652,481,893. A brief discussion of the ad valorem tax limitations of the Constitution of the State of Texas and the City Charter are found in Note A, pages 42 and 45 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		% Change
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	07-08
Combined tax & revenue							
certificates of obligation	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	0	Ů Ů	N/A
Certificates of obligation	6,524	7,403	12,936	13,612	19,460	21,015	-7.40%
Capital Leases	182	0	0	0	182	0	100.00%
Other post-employment benefits	287	0	59	0	346	0	100.00%
Revenue bonds payable	0	0	695	845	695	845	-17.75%
Total debt	6,993	7,403	13,690	14,457	20,683	21,860	-5.39%
Compensated absences	880	880	78	83	958	963	-0.50%
Landfill closure cost	0	0	3,300	3,020	3,300	3,020	9.27%
Total long-term debt	\$7,873	\$8,283	\$ 17,067	\$ 17,560	\$ 24,941	\$ 25,843	-3.49%

Table A-4: Long-Term Liabilities at September 30, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands of dollars)

Bond Ratings

The City received a general obligation bond rating of Aaa based on a municipal bond insurance policy issued by MBIA (Moody's), with an underlying rate of A3.

The Utility System revenue bonds were rated in June 1994 as Baa 1 by Moody's, and BBB + by Standard & Poor's.

FISCAL YEAR 2008-2009 ADOPTED OPERATING BUDGET

The adopted budget for fiscal year 2008-2009 sets general fund revenues from all sources (including inter-fund transfers) at \$13.7 million, which is \$635 thousand, or 4.8% more than the prior year's final budget. Property taxes were estimated to increase 14.3% when compared to the prior year budget. With steady 2 to 5 percent increases in assessed values each year for the previous five tax years (and a 4.2% increase for the 2008 tax year) along with a 7.7% increase in the general fund's property tax rate, the FY 2008-2009 revenue forecast was conservatively cast by management.

City sales tax, which comprises 27% of general fund revenues, is forecast for FY 2008-2009 at \$3.7 million or approximately the same as the prior year's final budget. The franchise fee categories are budgeted slightly lower (12 thousand lower) than the amounts as budgeted in the 2007-2008 year.

General fund expenditures, including transfers for the FY 2008-2009 budget were set at \$13.6 million, \$678 thousand more than the prior year's final budget, or 5.23% higher. Increases in budgeted expenditures for the police and fire department, along with expenditures for the Sanitation and Landfill department account for more than all of the increase amount in total expenditures from the prior year's final budget.

CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the City Council, citizens, taxpayers, customers, bondholders, creditors, and other governmental sectors with a general overview of the City's financial condition and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the funds it receives.

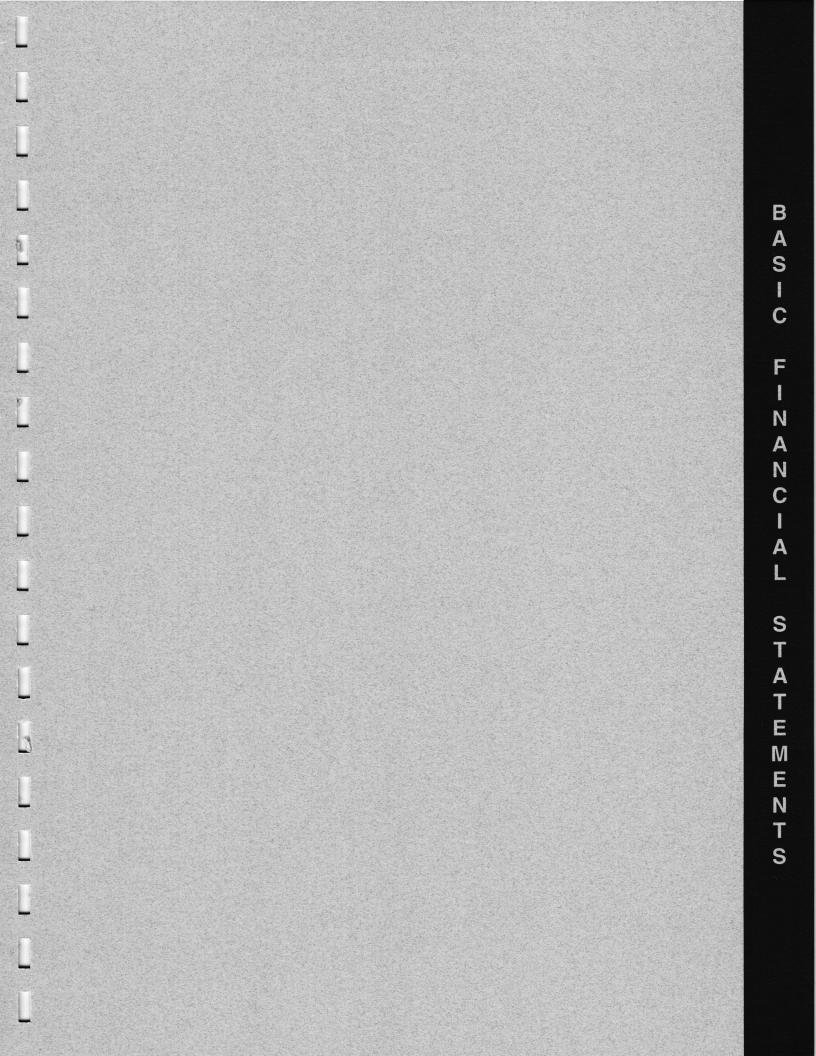
If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

The City of Kingsville Director of Finance P.O. Box 1458 Kingsville, Texas 78364

(361) 595-8009 (361) 595-8035 (fax)

or visit our web site at : <u>www.cityofkingsville.com</u>





CITY OF KINGSVILLE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Primary Government							
		G	Sovernmental		Business-type			C	omponent
			Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
•	ASSETS			-					
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,932,121	\$	500,050	\$	7,432,171	\$	166,350
	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		788,748		2,979,755		3,768,503		
	Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):								
1	Taxes		1,325,460		·		1,325,460		
	Accounts		273,280		1,069,921		1,343,201		426
	Accrued Interest		28,134		**		28,134		
	Internal Balances		(764,776)		764,776				· · · ·
-	Due from other governments		130,640		652		131,292		67,679
	Inventory, at cost		207,453		176,634		384,087		07,075
			201,400		110,004		001,001		
	Restricted assets:		4,195,291		3,913,803		8,109,094		
-	Cash and cash equivalents				1,723,234		1,789,498		
	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		66,264		95,201		101,809		
	Accounts		6,608		95,201		101,009		
	Long-term assets:		0 407		407 074		146 069		
-	Bond issuance costs		8,187		137,871		146,058		
	Land and construction in progress		648,074		739,950		1,388,024		
	Capital assets, net of related depreciation	¢	12,238,320	e	15,204,304	e	27,442,624	e	
	Total Assets	<u>ه</u>	26,083,804	<u>ې</u>	27,306,151	۰ 	53,389,955	э <u> </u>	234,455
-									
	LIABILITIES		4 770 000		742 200		2 522 204		4 0.07
	Accounts payable		1,778,932		743,369		2,522,301		4,087
	Accrued wages payable		234,119		41,618		275,737		
i anna	Payable from restricted assets:		54 000		440.000		400.000		
	Accrued interest payable		51,399		116,990		168,389		
	Revenue bonds				863,000		863,000		
	Customer deposits		2,130,920		672,431		2,803,351		
	Due to:		000 700		4.050		064 070		
	Other governments		262,723		1,656		264,379		
	Others		175		**		175		•-
	Unearned revenues		6,478				6,478		•••
	Liabilities due within one year:		170 010		20 500		242 240		
	Accumulated unpaid compensated absences		173,816		38,500		212,316		
	Leases payable		22,736				22,736		•• : : · · ·
-	Revenue bonds payable		952,000				952,000		
	Liabilities due beyond one year:						745 004		
	Accumulated unpaid compensated absences		706,529		39,302		745,831		
	Leases payable		159,036				159,036		
	Accrued other post-employment benefits		286,869		58,756		345,625		
	Contractual obligations payable		5,572,208		1,125,792		6,698,000		••
	Revenue bonds payable				11,642,000		11,642,000		
-	Landfill closure costs				3,300,022		3,300,022		
	Total Liabilities		12,337,940		18,643,436		30,981,376		4,087
ł	NET ASSETS								
-	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		7,980,938		4,376,931		12,357,869		
	Restricted For:								
	Debt Service		1,705,519		289,516		1,995,035		
:	Capital Projects		985,424				985,424		
-	Municipal Court Technology		36,212				36,212		
	Landfill Closure				2,766,715		2,766,715		••
	Unrestricted		3,037,771		1,229,553		4,267,324	•	230,368
5.	Total Net Assets	\$	13,745,864	\$	8,662,715	\$	22,408,579	\$	230,368
-				-					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

					Prog	ram Revenue	es	
			-	Charges for	(Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and
Functions/Programs	····	Expenses	-	Services	<u>_</u>	ontributions	<u> </u>	ontributions
Primary Government								
General government and administration	\$	2,438,913	\$	284,438	\$	84,135	\$	30,000
Public safety		8,167,213		2,980,370		164,372		
Public works		2,414,167				11,999		
City/County		731,158		8,924				
Tourism		421,633		421,633				
Interest on long-term debt		292,623					·	
Total Government Activities		14,465,707	_	3,695,365		260,506		30,000
Business-type Activities:								
Water Improvement		3,153,345		4,325,645		650		.
Solid Waste		2,516,322		3,036,567				
Wastewater		2,020,090		2,958,287		••		
Total Business-type Activities		7,689,757		10,320,499		650		
Total Primary Government	\$	22,155,464	\$_	14,015,864	\$	261,156	\$	30,000
COMPONENT UNIT:								
Kingsville Convention & Visitors Burear	\$	252,413	\$_	366,350	\$ <u></u>		\$	
		al Revenues:						
		oerty Taxes						
		es Taxes						
		nchise Taxes						
		o Taxes						
		holic Beverage						
		estricted Inves						
	Gair	n on Sale of Ca	apita	l Assels				
		cellaneous Inco	ome					
	Trans							
		tal General Re ange in Net As						

Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
The Level of the second of the	

	Governmental Activities	· · · ·	Business-type Activities	-	Total	Component Unit
\$	(2,040,340)			\$	(2,040,340)	
	(5,022,471)				(5,022,471)	
	(2,402,168)				(2,402,168)	
	(722,234)				(722,234)	
					••	
	(292,623)				(292,623)	
-	(10,479,836)				(10,479,836)	
-				_		
	(\$	1,172,950		1,172,950	
	'		520,245		520,245	
			938,197		938,197	
			2,631,392		2,631,392	
-	(10,479,836)		2,631,392		(7,848,444)	
				-		
						\$ 113,937
	4,935,723				4,935,723	
	3,891,958				3,891,958	
	996,518				996,518	
	3,752				3,752	
	45,924				45,924	
	506,573		249,258		755,831	
			(5,130)		(5,130)	••
	5,311				5,311	
_	1,699,969		(1,699,968)		1	••
	12,085,728	·	(1,455,840)		10,629,888	
	1,605,892		1,175,552		2,781,444	113,937
~ —	12,139,972	e	7,487,163	·	19,627,135	116,431
<u>م</u>	13,745,864	\$	8,662,715	\$	22,408,579	\$ 230,368

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Police General Forfeiture Fund Fund ASSETS Assets: \$ 3,762,936 \$ 3,141,248 Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 1,269,119 Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Taxes 1,254,211 432,008 1,828 Accounts 152,647 Assessments 369,299 Accrued Interest Due from: 540,635 Other funds: 14,632 Other governments: 207,453 Inventory, at cost **Restricted assets:** 3,129,161 831,607 Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 1,097,337 28,416 Accounts 101,808 12,331,248 4,003,099 **Total Assets** LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities: \$ 1,375,774 \$ 228,596 Accounts payable 219,603 14,516 Accrued wages payable Payable from restricted assets: 1,957,358 Customer deposits Due to: 609,805 194,606 Other funds Other governments 85.309 58,344 175 Others Deferred revenues 843,135 **Total Liabilities** 3,133,801 2,453,420 Equity: Fund balances: Reserved for inventory 207,452 Reserved for landfill 2,744,728 Reserved for debt service Reserved for capital outlay 1,166,782 Reserved for sanitation capital outlay 114,247 ---Reserved for municipal court building security 65,191 Reserved for municipal court technology 28,416 Unreserved, undesignated 4,899,045 1,521,263 **Total equity** 9,197,445 1,549,679 \$ **Total Liabilities and Equity** 12,331,246 4,003,099 S

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

	Debt	Other	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
	Service		
	Fund	Funds	Funds
\$		\$	\$ 6,904,184
Ψ		36,218	1,305,337
		50,210	1,505,557
	34,525	36,724	1,325,460
		547	434,383
		-	152,647
			369,299
			505,235
	45,009		585,644
		116,008	130,640
	·		207,453
			207,100
	472,263	501,371	4,934,402
			1,125,753
			101,808
\$	551,797	\$ 690,868	\$ 17,577,010
*====		·	•
· \$	1,000	\$ 780	\$ 1,606,150
			234,119
			4 057 250
		-	1,957,358
	160,858	211,256	1,176,525
	100,000	119,070	262,723
		113,070	175
	34,524	6,478	884,137
	196,382	337,584	6,121,187
	100,002		
			207,452
			2,744,728
	355,415		355,415
		343,486	1,510,268
	·	-	114,247
			65,191
			28,416
		9,798	6,430,106
	355,415	353,284	11,455,823
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$	551,797	\$ 690,868	\$ <u>17,577,010</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	11,455,823
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets		
("SNA") are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		12,894,581
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the	funds.	383,848
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		171,130
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds		(6,524,208)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds		(181,772)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds	i.	(51,399)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in	the funds.	(880,344)
Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in	n the funds.	(286,869)
Solid waste assets and liabilities are included in the general fund but are included in business a	ctivities in SNA.	(3,234,925)
Rounding difference		(1)
Net assets of governmental activities - statement of net assets	\$	13,745,864

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	General Fund	Police Forfeiture Fund
Revenue:		•
Taxes	\$ 8,209,545	\$
Licenses and permits	210,267	
Charges for services	3,585,591	
Fines and forfeitures	569,656	1,949,819
Interest and miscellaneous	402,197	186,263
Federal and state grants	4,597	
Total revenues	12,981,853	2,136,082
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government and administration	2,311,032	20,423
Public Safety	7,323,072	1,417,607
Public works	3,734,521	
City/County	710,931	
Tourism		
Debt service:		
Principal retired	. 	
Interest		·
Paying agent fees		÷.
Total expenditures	14,079,556	1,438,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	(1,097,703)	698,052
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	1,250,000	-
Lease proceeds	181,772	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,431,772	
Net change in fund balances	334,069	698,052
Fund balances/equity, October 1	8,863,376	851,627
Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$ <u>9,197,445</u>	\$ 1,549,679

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

 Debt Service Fund	G 	Other overnmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,669,504	\$	421,633	\$	10,300,682
				210,267
••				3,585,591
				2,519,475
18,698		21,565		628,723
		236,232		240,829
 1,688,202		679,430		17,485,567
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		130,316		2,461,771
		107,983		8,848,662
		38,000		3,772,521
· .				710,931
-		421,633		421,633
1,270,000				1,270,000
371,776				371,776
 2,425				2,425
 1,644,201		697,932		17,859,719
44,001		(18,502)		(374,152)
				1,250,000
				181,772
 ••		**	<u></u>	1,431,772
44,001		(18,502)		1,057,620
311,414		371,786		10,398,203
\$ 355,415	\$	353,284	\$	11,455,823

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities		
("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,304,860
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(928,641
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net assets in the SOA but not in the funds.		(15,558
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year	•	(5,172
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		878,792
Bond issuance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds		(5,612
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period		6,754
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		16,195
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the	funds.	(98
Solid waste activities are included in the general fund, but are included in business activities in the SC	A.	(234,605
(Increase) decrease in accrued other post-employment benefits from beginning of period to end of pe	riod	(286,869
Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the fu	inds.	(181,772
Rounding difference		(1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF KINGSVILLE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008		
and the second secon	Enterprise	Nonmajor Internal Service
	Fund	Fund
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	· · · ·
	Utility	Insurance
ASSETS	Fund	Fund
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	S –	\$ 527,987
Equily in pooled cash and cash equivalents	2,936,549	-
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		
Accounts Due Irom	762,560	173,121
Other lunds:		
Cher governments:	913,188	500,622
Inventory, at cost	650	-
Restricted assets - noncurrent:	176,634	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,703,048	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	663,747	-
Total current assets	8,156,376	1,201,730
Noncurrent assets:		
Bond issuance costs	137,871	·
Capital assets:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Land Unities and a final states of the state	132,354	-
Utility plant Equipment	34,307,500	· _
Funiture and fistures	1,246,040	
Vehicles	8,300 1,602,560	-
Construction in progress	387,596	-
Total capital assets	37,684,350	
Less accumulated depreciation	(23,467,527)	—
Net capital assets	14,216,823	
Total noncurrent assets Total Assets	14,354,694	-
108173303	\$ <u>22,511,070</u>	\$ <u>1,201,730</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 735,369	\$ 180,782
Accrued wages payable	41,618	-
Due la		
Other funds	148,410	674,518
Other governments	1,656	-
Accumulated unpaid compensated absences Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	38,500	-
 Accrued interest payable 	402.052	
Revenue bonds	102,853 455,000	-
Customer deposits	672,431	- 173 562
Total current liabilities	2,195,837	1,028,862
🛏 a substance and a		1,020,002
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion		
Accumulated unpaid compensated absences	39,302	_
Accrued Other Post-employment Benefits	58,756	· _
Revenue bonds payable	11,642,000	_ •
Total long-term liabilities, net of current portion	11,740,058	
Tatal Liabilities		
i dai Caomies	13,935,895	1.028,862
humiet Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,508,562	
Restricted for:	1,000,002	-
Debt service	289,516	
Sett insurance	-	- 172,868
Unrestricted	6,777,097	-
Tdal net assets	8,575,175	172,868
Total Llabilities and Net Assets		
tes control and recessing	\$ <u>22,511,070</u>	\$ <u>1,201,730</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

he accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Utility Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets	5	8,575,175
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Solid Waste is a business-type activity that is included in the general fund. Assets and liabilities relating to Solid Waste are included in business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net assets.		44,334
The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNA.		43,206
Net Assets of Business-type Activities - Statement of Net Assets	\$	8,662,715

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
	Utility Fund	Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES:		Fund
Water	\$ 4,325,345	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other income	1,221	v
Wastewater	2,958,287	
Insurance premiums		1,899,868
Federal Revenue	650	1,000,000
Total Operating Revenues	7,285,503	1,899,868
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personal services	1,774,809	
Supplies	206,772	
Services	1,062,967	1,913,067
Maintenance	377,657	
Water supply contract	350,000	
Depreciation and amortization	823,330	
Total Operating Expenses	4,595,535	1,913,067
Operating Income (Loss)	2,689,968	(13,199)
- NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest	191,699	29,394
Interest and fiscal agent charge	(577,900)	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(386,201)	29,394
Net Income (Loss) before Transfers	2,303,767	16,195
TRANSFERS IN (OUT):		
To General Fund	(1,250,000)	
Total Transfers In (Out)	(1,250,000)	
Net income (loss)	1,053,767	16,195
Net assets, October 1 Net assets, September 30	7,521,408 \$8,575,175	156,673 \$172,868

he accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF KINGSVILLE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Change in net assets-utility fund

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Solid Waste is a business-type activity that is included in the general fund. The net revenues of the Solid Waste activity are reported in the business-type activities.

Change in net assets of Business-type activities - statement of activities

1,053,767

\$

\$

EXHIBIT A-8R

121,785

1,175,552

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF KINGSVILLE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

, and the second se					Nonmajor
			Utility		
			Fund		Insurance
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				Fund
Ì	Cash Received from Customers	e .	7 200 400	•	
	Cash Receipts (Payments) for Interfund	Þ	7,300,480	\$	
	Services Provided and Used				
					1,769,572
-	Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(1,729,046)		
	Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(2,720,842)		
	Cash Payments for Claims				(1,976,415)
	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		2,850,592		(206,843)
				•	
	Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:				
	Proceeds (Payments) from (for) Borrowings		(621,343)		202.005
	Transfers From (To) Other Funds		(1,250,000)		382,895
	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities			·	
	to contractions (coost by non capital rinancing Activities		(1,871,343)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	382,895
	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
	Principal and Interest Paid		(1.0.0.000)		
			(1,012,900)		
	Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets		(760,096)		
	Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital & Related Financing Activities		(1,772,996)		••
				· · · · · ·	
	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
	Interest and Dividends on Investments	· · ·	191,699		29,394
	Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities		191,699	· · ·	29,394
_					
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(602,048)		205,446
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		6,905,392		322,541
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	6,303,344	\$	527,987
_			······································		
	Reconcillation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
	Provided by Operating Activities:				
	Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,689,968	S	(13,199)
-	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		• •	· · · ·	(10,100)
	Provided by Operating Activities				-
	Depreciation		823,330		
	Provision for Uncollectible Accounts		020,000		,
-	Change in Assets and Liabilities:				••
	Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		27 700		
	Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments		37,769		(173,121)
	Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Soveniments Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds		(650)		
News					
	Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(39,644)		
. 1	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(683,802)		(63,348)
	Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		(7,471)		
	Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Other Post-employment Benefits		58,756		
	Increase (Decrease) in Accumulated Compensated Absences		(5,522)		
	Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments		(45,229)		·
i.	Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		23,087		42,825
-	Total Adjustments		160,624	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(193,644)
N	let Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,850,592	٩	(206,843)
		*		* <u></u>	(200,045)

he accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-10

CITY OF KINGSVILLE

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	Court Cash Bond Account
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,902
Total Assets	\$ 23,902
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	\$ 23,902
Total Liabilities	23,902
Equity:	
Fund balance	
Total equity	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$23,902

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. Pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989 are not applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the proprietary fund types in accordance with an election made by the City under GASB Statement No. 20. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of these Notes. The remainder of the Notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, on the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008.

1. Reporting Entity

The City of Kingsville was incorporated in 1911 and adopted its first charter in 1916 as a home rule city under the provisions of Chapter 13 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter (last amended August 9, 1986): public safety (police and fire), streets and sidewalks, sanitation, health and social services, parks and recreation, public improvements, and general administrative services.

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and should include any entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally seperate entities in substance, are part of the City operations and data from these units should be combined with data of the City. On the other hand, the discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City.

1. Blended Component Units

The City did not have a Blended Component Unit at September 30, 2008.

2. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Kingsville Convention and Visitor's Bureau (K.C.V.B.) is a non-profit corporation created by the City under State law to facilitate the development of tourism for the City. The City Council appoints all members of the board, approves the appoint of all managerial employees and approves the budget. The City maintains its tourism contract with the K.C.V.B. on a yearly basis which is the K.C.V.B.'s only source of income. Therefore, the City has financial accountability. The financial data of the K.C.V.B. is presented in the component unit columns in the combined financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices.

Kingsville Convention & Visitor's Bureau P.O. Box 1562 Kingsville, Texas 78363

3. Related Organizations and Jointly Governed Organizations

Related organizations and jointly governed organizations provide services within the City that are administered by separate boards or commissions, but the City is not financially accountable, and such organizations are therefore not component units of the City, even though the City Council may appoint a voting majority of an organizations' board. Consequently, financial information for the Kingsville Housing Authority, Kingsville Industrial Foundation and the Greater Economic Development Council are not included in these financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activites include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenue.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund catgory. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for service, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Those revenues considered susceptible-to-accrual are property taxes, hotel occupancy taxes,

special assessments, interest income, and charges for services. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the City incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Implementation of New Standards

Primary Government

In the current year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. Complete OPEB information can be found in Note J.

Additionally, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenue which establishes criteria that governments will use to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or collateralized borrowings and GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, which provides guidance on how to calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with pollution cleanup efforts. Neither of these Statements required reporting or disclosures in the financial statements of the City.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 50, Pension disclosures, which modifies requirements related to financial reporting pension plans and by employers that provide defined benefit pensions.

The City will implement the following standards in future years if they are applicable to the City.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Intangible Assets." This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets including easements, water rights, timber rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investements by Endowments." This Statement establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting for land and other real estate held as investments by endowments. It applies to all state and local governments and is effective for accounting periods beginning after June 15, 2008. As of September 30, 2008, the City holds no real estate as an investment.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments." This Statement is intended to improve how state and local governments report information about derivative instruments - financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or make investments - in their financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2009.

4. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances of all City funds are pooled and invested. At year-end, negative balances of individual funds which result from pooling cash, are reclassified to bank overdraft in the financial statements. Investments purchased with pooled cash consisting of certificates of deposit and obligations of the U.S. Governement and its agencies or instrumentalities, are recorded at cost, which approximates estimated market value. Cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying combined balance sheets, includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

Property Taxes

b.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the basis of assessed value at the date the enforceable lien attaches. Appraised values are established by the Kleberg County Appraisal Board, assessed at 100% of appraised value, approved by the Kleberg County Appraisal Review Board and certified by the Chief Appraiser. Responsibility for the billing and collection of the City's taxes has been transferred to Kleberg County as a cost-cutting measure in consolidating government functions.

Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February of the year following the year in which imposed. Taxes become delinquent at February 1, at which time penalties and interest charges are applicable. Property tax revenues are recorded as revenues when they become available. At September 30, property tax receivables are fully deferred because collections received within the following sixty days are inmaterial.

The City operates under the Laws of the State of Texas as a Home Rule City, and is limited to a total tax rate of \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Neither the State law nor the City Charter limits the proportion of this total tax rate which may be applied to debt service.

In order to obtain approval of its general obligation bonds by the Attorney General of the State, a satisfactory showing of adequate taxing power must be made. As a general rule the Attorney General will not approve new bonds if this will make the net debt exceed twenty-five percent of the assessed value. The 2007 tax rate was \$.76781 of which \$.50040 was distributed to the General Fund and \$.26735 was applied to the Debt Service Fund. Using the twenty-five percent rule, the City's legal margin is \$156,951,680.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost (last-in, first-out). All inventory purchases are recorded as inventory acquisitions (current assets) at the time of purchase and expensed when issued.

Inventories of governmental funds are offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available expendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Asser Class	Useiui Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the tinancial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Restricted Assets

Certain debt proceeds of the City's enterprise funds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net assets first.

g. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing resources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the governmental funds, bond discounts and issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year issued. Bond issuance costs are shown as an "other financing use."

h. Pension Plans

It is the policy of the City to fund pensions costs annually. Pension costs are composed of normal cost and, where applicable, amortization of unfunded acturial accrued liability and unfunded prior service costs.

Fund Equity

i.

j.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Accumulated Unpaid Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. These compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Expenses are recorded in the governmental funds as employees resign or retire. Compensated absence liabilities are normally paid from the funds reporting payroll and related expenditures including the general fund and special revenue funds.

k. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation None reported

Action Taken Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

D - C - 1

	Dencit	
Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
None reported	Not applicable	Not applicable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

C. Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash and Investments

Texas statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties or cities rated A or better by a national investment rating firm; (5) certificates of deposit that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or secured by obligations having a market value of at least the principal amount of the certificates; and (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements.

1. Cash & Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$21,099,266 and the bank balance was \$17,909,919. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2008 and during the year ended September 30, 2008, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or properly secured by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name. The discretely presented component unit had a total of \$166,350 held in cash and cash equivalents which was fully secured by FDIC insurance.

2. Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

Investment Accounting Policy

The City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investments value does not vary with market interest rate Nonnegotiable changes. certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to : 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The City's investments in pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair market value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities & Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

	Reported	Fair	
Investment	Amount	Value	Maturity
MBIA (Rated @ AAA/V1+)	\$ 16,763,596 \$	16,763,596	3 Month Avg.
	\$ <u>16,763,596</u> \$	16,763,596	

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of the certain related disclosures:

1. Credit Risks

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or tother counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At the end of the period, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

2. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At the end of the period, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Concentration of Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of government's investment in a single issuer. At the end of the period, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

4. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At the end of the period, the City was not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

5. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At the end of the period, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

D. Receivables

		 General	Special Revenue/ Other Government	al	Debt Service		Enterprise	Primary Government Total
-	Receivables:							
	Accounts	\$ 4,588,580 \$		\$		\$	1,581,310 \$	6,169,890
	Taxes - Property	585,495			57,76	3		643,258
	Taxes - Franchise & Sales	90,482	2,7	16				93,228
	Special Assessments	152,647						152,647
	Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for	 5,417,204	2,74	6	57,763	3	1,581,310	7,059,023
	uncollectable	 (3,855,735)		⁻	(23,238	3)	(511,389)	(4,390,362)
	Net total receivable	\$ 1,561,469 \$	2,74	6 \$	34,525	5 \$	1,069,921 \$	2,668,661

The component unit has no account receivable at year end.

E. Capilal Assels

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	469,540 \$	\$	\$	469,540
Construction in progress		178,534		178,534
Total capital assets not being depreciated	469,540	178,534		648,074
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Road Network	18,568,151			18,568,151
Buildings and improvements	3,675,875	••		3,675,875
Equipment	2,344,123	26,390	(9,285)	2,361,228
Vehicles	3,536,311	1,099,936	(376,388)	4,259,859
Total capital assets being depreciated	28,124,460	1,126,326	(385,673)	28,865,113
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Road Network	(10,070,718)	(296,095)		(10,366,813)
Buildings and improvements	(1,989,564)	(56,685)		(2,046,249)
Equipment	(1,575,996)	(226,597)	9,285	(1,793,308)
Vehicles	(2,431,988)	(349,263)	360,830	(2,420,422)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,068,266)	(928,641)	370,115	(16,626,792)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,056,194	197,685	(15,558)	12,238,321
Governmental activities capital assets, net	12,525,734 \$	376,219 \$	(15,558) \$	12,886,395

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Business-type activities:	-	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	352,354 \$	\$	\$	252.254
Construction in progress	•	9,759,028	722,943	(10,095,027)	352,354
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	10,111,382	722,943	(10,095,027)	386,944 739,298
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		25,035,275	10,095,027	(51,730)	35,078,572
Equipment		2,593,122	88.230	(23,465)	2,657,887
Vehicles		3,135,043			3,135,043
Total capital assets being depreciated		30,763,440	10,183,257	(75,195)	40,871,502
Less accumulated depreciation for:			<u></u>		10,011,502
Buildings and improvements		(20,605,121)	(659,112)		(21,264,233)
Equipment		(1,777,441)	(142,459)	18,335	(1,901,565)
Vehicles		(2,279,801)	(221,598)		(2,501,399)
Total accumulated depreciation		(24,662,363)	(1,023,169)	18,335	(25,667,198)
Total capital assets being depreciated, ne	et	6,101,077	9,160,088	(56,860)	15,204,304
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	16,212,459 \$	9,883,031 \$	(10,151,887) \$	15,943,603
Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:					
General Government	\$	39,479			
Public Safety	•	466,987			
Public Works		419,337			
City/County		2,838			
	•				
	2	928,641			

F. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at September 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 510,755	Short-term loans
General Fund	Debt Servcie Fund	29,880	Short-term loans
Utility Fund	General Fund	232,001	Short-term loans
Utility Fund	Utility Fund	4,472	Short-term loans
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	371,474	Short-term loans
Internal Service Fund	Utility Fund	98,929	Short-term loans
Internal Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	30,219	Short-term loans
Utility Fund	Internal Service Fund	674,518	Short-term loans
Debt Service Fund	Utility Fund	45,009	Short-term loans
Utility Fund	Debt Service Fund	 2,197	Short-term loans
	Total	\$ 1,999,454	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at September 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
Utility Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,250,000	Supplement other funds sources
	Total	\$ 1,250,000	

G. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues are primarily used for the deferring of property taxes that are not "measurable" in Note B. An analysis of deferred taxes at September 30, 2008 is as follows:

	All Governmental
	Fund Types
Deferred Taxes	\$ 383,848
Deferred Assessments/Interest	493,811
Other	6,478
Total Deferred Revenue	\$ 884,137

H. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2008, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:						
Certificates of obligation	\$	7,403,000 \$	•	878,792	6,524,208 \$	
Capital leases	_		181,772	-	181,772	22,736
Total long-term debt		7,403,000	181,772	878,792	6,705,980	23,688
Accumulated compensated absences*		880,246	789,907	789,810	880,343	173,816
Other post-employment benefits Governmental activity			286,869	**	286,869	
Total long-term debt	\$	8,283,246 \$	1,258,548	1,668,602 \$	7,873,192 \$	197,504
Business-type activities:						
Revenue bonds-payable	\$	845,000 \$	\$	155,000 \$	695,000 \$	155,000
Certificates of obligation (1)		13,612,000		671,208	12,935,792	708,000
Total long-term debt	_	14,457,000		826,208	13,630,792	863,000
Landfill closure cost Other post-employment		3,019,326	280,696	-	3,300,022	
benefits		-	58,756		58,756	
Accumulated compensated			50,700		00,100	
absences*		83,324	31,203	36,725	77,802	38,500
Business-type activities			01,200			00,000
Long-term liabilities	\$	17,559,650 \$	370,655 \$	862,933 \$	17,067,372 \$	901,500

(1) The utility funds share of the new issues of CO in conjunction with the general fund.

* Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

	-	-	
	у Туре		
•	nmental activities	are any	
Compensated absences Busine	ess-type activities		
Revenue bonds payable:		2008	2007
\$2,000,000 Utility System Revenue	e Bonds		
Series 1995; due in annual install			
\$155,000 to \$190,000 through April 1	15, 2012;	• • • • • • • •	_
interest at 3.95% to 5.8%.		\$ 695,000	\$ 845,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable		\$695,000	\$ 845,000
Certificates of obligation payable:		2008	2007
	Obligation		
Series 2005 for General Improveme in annual installments of \$220			
\$990,000 through August 2025; int			
3.00% to 4.125%. (100% Utility Fund).		\$ 11,165,000	\$ 11,375,000
\$3,305,000 Certificates of Ob Series 2001 for General Improveme			
in annual installments of \$365,			
\$400,000 through August 1, 2011;			
at 4.3% to 5.7%. (100% Utility Fund).		1,145,000	1,495,000
\$3,000,000 Certificates of Obligation	Series		
1998 for General Improvements;			
annual installments of \$155,0			
\$225,000 through February 1,	2018;	0.000.000	0.4.5.000
interest at 4% to 5%.		2,000,000	2,145,000
\$2,485,000 Certificates of Obligation	Series		
2002A for General Improvements;	due in		
annual installments of \$90,000 to \$			
through February 1, 2023; interest a to 4.7%.	at 3.0%	2,040,000	2,160,000
10 4.1 /0.		2,040,000	2,100,000
\$3,960,000 Certificates of Obligation			
2002 for General Improvements;			
annual installments of \$655,0 \$695,000 through February 1, 2011;		·	
at 3.125% to 3.5%. (Split Genera			
84.80% and Utility Fund 15.20%).		2,025,000	2,640,000
\$1,200,000 Public Property F	inancial		
Contractual Contracual Obligation	Series		
2007 for General Improvements;	Due in		
annual installments of \$120,0			
\$150,000 through August 1, 2017; at 4.11%. (General Fund 71.667%			
Fund 35.83337%).	·	1,085,000	1,200,000
Total Certificates of Obligation Payat	ble	\$ 19,460,000	\$ 21,015,000
Total Outmotes of Outgation Paya		* 10,100,000	4 21,013,000

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2008, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending September 30,		Principal	Interest	Total		
2009	\$	952,000 \$	256,770 \$	1,208,770		
2010		1,018,417	220,016	1,238,433		
2011		1,089,625	180,184	1,269,809		
2012		394,833	150,748	545,581		
2013		418,042	132,866	550,908		
2014-2018		2,166,291	368,934	2,535,225		
2019-2022		485,000	58,009	543,009		
Totals	\$	6,524,208 \$	1,367,527 \$	7,891,735		

		Business-type Activities			
	Certificates of (Obligation	Revenue E	londs	
Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$ 708,000 \$	545,412 \$	155,000 \$	40,070 \$	1,448,482
2010	731,583	519,329	170,000	31,235	1,452,147
2011	755,375	492,007	180,000	21,460	1,448,842
2012	430,167	463,997	190,000	11,020	1,095,184
2013	646,958	449,111			1,096,069
2014-2018	3,523,709	1,817,029			5,340,738
2019-2023	4,200,000	985,912			5,185,912
2024-2028	 1,940,000	131,850	**		2,071,850
Totals	\$ 12,935,792 \$	5,404,647 \$	695,000 \$	103,785 \$	19,139,224

3. Capital Leases

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of September 30, 2008, as follows:

Year Ending September 30;	
2009	\$ 30,734
2010	30,734
2011	30,734
2012	30,734
2013	30,734
2014-2015	61,469
Total Minimum Rentals	 215,139
Less: Amount representing interest	33,367
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 181,772

The effective interest rate on capital leases is 4.400%.

Pension Plan

Ι.

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System

Retirement Systems

The City participates in funding a retirement plan in which all City employees, except firefighters, are provided benefits through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 821 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. An independent board of trustees administers the plan. The fiscal year of the pension fund ends December 31. The most recently available financial statements of the City employees pension fund is for the year ended December 31, 2007.

The plan provides service retirement, death, disability, and withdrawal benefits. State law governs benefit and contribution provisions. Amendments may be made by the Legislature of the State of Texas.

At its December 8, 2007 meeting, the TMRS Board of Trustees adopted actuarial assumptions to be used in the actuarial valuation for the year ended December 31, 2007. A summary of actuarial assumptions and definitions can be found in the December 31, 2007 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Since its inception, TMRS has used the Unit Credit actuarial funding method. This method accounts for liability accrued as of the valuation date, but does not project the potential future liability of provisions adopted by a city. Two-thirds of the cities participating in TMRS have adopted the Updated Service Credit and Annuity Increases provisions on an annually repeating basis. For the December 31, 2007 valuation, the TMRS Board determined that the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) funding method should be used, which facilitates advance funding for future updated service credits and annuity increases that are adopted on an annually repeating basis. In addition, the Board also adopted a change in the amortization period from a 25-year "open" to a 25-year "closed" period. TMRS Board of Trustee rules provide that, whenever a change in actuarial assumptions or methods results in a contribution rate increase in an amount greater than 0.5%, the amortization period will be increased to 30 years, unless a city requests that the peiod remain at 25 years. For cities with repeating features, these changes would likely result initially in higher required contributions and lower funded ratios; however, the funded ratio should show steady improvement over time. To assist in this transition to higher rates, the Board also approved an eight-year phase-in period, which will allow cities the opportunity to increase their contributions gradually (approx. 12.5% each year) to their full rate (or their required contribution rate).

If the changes in actuarial funding method and assumptions had not been adopted for the 2007 valuation, the city's unfunded actuarial accrued liability would have been \$26,413,940 and the funded ratio would have been 80.1%.

In addition, TMRS is currently working on its legislative package for 2009. There is a possibility that the investment rate of return (IRR) assumption of 7% would need to be lowered if desired legislation for the 2009 session is unsuccessful. Maintaining a 7% IRR assumption is contingent in part on the continued diversification of the TMRS portfolio, from an almost exclusive bond portfolio to a portfolio that includes equities as well. If state legislation needed to facilitate the continued diversification is not enacted, TMRS may have to revisit the continued diversification of the portfolio and consider reducing the assumed IRR. A reduction in the IRR would result in increased actuarial accrued liabilities, thus causing further increases in city contribution rates, following the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation.

Contributions

While the contribution requirements are not actuarially determined, State law requires that a qualified actuary approve each plan of benefits adopted. The actuary of the benefit plan had certified that the contribution commitment by the participants and the City provides an adequate financing arrangement. Contributions for fiscal year ended 9/30/08 are as follows:

	City Employees
City	823,659
Employees	571,758
Total	1,395,417

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost of \$823,659 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. Three-year trend information is as follows:

	City Employees
City's Annual Pension Cost (APC)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2006	729,018
2007	728,435
2008	823,659
Percentage of APC contributed	
2006	100%
2007	100%
2008	100%
Net Pension Obligation	
2006	
2007	
2008	·

Pension Plan

*New actuarial cost method and assumptions were adopted by the Board of Trustees at their December, 2007 meeting, to be effective for the 12/31/07 valuation.

			2005	2006	2007*
A.	Plan F	Provisions			
	1.	Total # of participating entities City Specific:	811	821	827
	2.	Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
	3.	Matching ratio (city to employee)	1.5 to 1	1.5 to 1	1.5 to 1
	4.	Years required for vesting	5	5	5
	5.	Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
	6.	Updated service credit annually repeating (Y/N)	100% Y	100% Y	100%
	7.	Annuity increase to retirees annually repeating (Y/N)	70%	70%	70%
	8.	Supplemental death benefit	. •		r .
		for active employees (Y/N)	N	N	N
		for retirees (Y/N)	N	N	N

B. Funding Policy

Cities are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; these rates are provided to the city on an annual basis, following the completion of the actuarial valuation. Note that there is a time delay in the valuation and when the rate becomes effective - for example, the January 1, 2007 contribution rate is based on the 12/31/2005 valuation results; if a change in plan provisions is elected by the city, this rate can change. The actuary determines contribution rates on a calendar-year basis; the city discloses the annual pension costs (which equal the required contributions) based on the calculated rate(s) for the city's fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

C.	Actuarial	Information			
	1.	Actuarial cost method	Unit Credit	Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
	2.	Amortization method	Level percent of payroll	Level percent of payroll	Level percent of payroll
	3.	Amortization period	25 years - open period	25 years - open period	30 years - closed period
	4.	Asset valuation method	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
	5.	Assumptions			
	•	Investment return	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
		Projected salary increases	None	None	Varies by age and service
		Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.0%
		Cost-of-living sdjustments	None	None	2.1% (3.0% CP)
	6.	City-specific assumptions			
		Payroll growth assumption	4.0%	4.0%	3.0%
		Withdrawal rates for Male/Female (low, mid/low, mid, mid/high, or high)	Mid/High	Mid/High	Mid-High/High
D.	Schedule	of Funding Information			
υ.	1.	Actuarial valuation date	12/31/2005	12/31/2006	12/31/2007
	2.	Actuarial value of assets	20,681,659	21,200,009	21,156,012
	3.	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	25,342,844	26,116,397	29,866,943
	4.	Unfunded/(Overfunded) actuarial accrued liability (UAAL or OAAL)	4,661,185	4,916,388	8,710,931
	5.	Funded ratio	81.6%	81.2%	70.8%
	6.	Annual covered payroll (actuarial)	7,433,342	7,324,221	7,643,277
	7.	UAAL or OAAL as % of covered payroll	62.7%	67.1%	114.0%

2. Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The Fire Fighters' Pension Commissioner is the administrator of the Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund, a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without monetary renumeration. The Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund is considered a component unit of the State of Texas financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. At August 31, 2008 there were 8,254 member departments participating in the pension system.

The table below summarizes the pension system membership of the City as of August 31, 2008:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15
Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	N/A*
Current active members (vested and nonvested)	20

* N/A "Not Available"

The above membership count does not include retirees and beneficiaries that have been in the H.B. 258 Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act (TLFFRA) Fund before merging into S.B. 411. Seventeen members were covered by the City of Kingsville.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), recodified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contributions levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50% vested after the tenth year of service, with the besting percent increasing 10% for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100% vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, a vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percentage multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2% compounded annually.

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disablity benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount and continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

Contribution provisions were established by S.B. 411, 65th Legislative, Regular Session (1977) and were amended by board rule in 2006. No contributions are required by individual members of participating departments. The governing bodies of participating department members are required to contribute at least the minimum prescribed amount for each active member and may contribute more. Additional contributions may be made by a governing body to pay for granting credit for service before the department began participating in TESRS (prior service).

The State may also be required to make a limited amount of annual contributions to make TESRS actuarially sound.

Annual Required Contributions Made

The contribution requirement per active emergency personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the contribution provisions were set by board rule. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2008, total contributions (dues and prior service) of \$2,439,339 were paid into TESRS by the political subdivisions served by the member volunteer emergency services personnel. In addition, the state appropriated \$8,800,000 for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2008. Total contributions made were equal to the contributions required by the state statute and were equal to the contributions required based on the revised August 31, 2006 actuarial valuation.

In addition to the contributions for dues and prior service made to the Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund, some cities are required to make additional deposits. These additional deposits are for retirees and beneficiaries that have been in the H.B. 258 Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act (TLFFRA) Fund before merging into S.B. 411. For Kingsville, this additional deposit was \$6,842.

Annual Required Contributions

The employer annual pension cost of \$6,842 for fiscal year ended August 31, 2007 was equal to the required and actual contributions. Three-year information is as follows:

	 2006	2007	2008
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 7,552 \$	6,738 \$	6,842
Percentage of Required Cost Contributed	100%	100%	100%

Financial reports that include financial statements and supplementary information for each plan are publicly available at the locations shown below.

Plan

Address

Fire Fighters' Retirement System

P.O. Box 12577 Austin, TX 78711

3. City of Kingsville Deferred Compensation Plan Restatement

with GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting accordance for Internal ln Section 457, Deferred Compensation Plans, the Plans were amended in Revenue Code," 1998 as the assets are held in trust to meet the Internal Revenue Service requirements.

The City does not have significant administrative involvement in the assets of its plan nor does it perform any investment function for the plan. Therefore, the plan is not presented as part of the City's Financial Statements.

J. Post Retirement Benefits

Post-Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

GASB Statement No. 45: Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB), established new accounting standards for postretirement benefits. The new standard does not require funding of OPEB expense, but any difference between the annual required contribution (ARC) and the amount funded during the year is required to be recorded in the employer's financial statement as an increase (or decrease) in the net OPEB obligation. The effective date for implementation of GASB 45 by the City of Kingsville is October 1, 2007. Accordingly, the City did obtain an actuarial valuation in accordance with GASB 45 standards as of October 1, 2007 and discloses the following:

Plan Description and Funding Policy

Employees who retire from the City of Kingsville are eligible to continue to participate in the City's health insurance program at the employee group rate which is determined annually by the City of Kingsville and approved by the City Commission. Retirees have 31 days to elect to continue with the City's self-funded health insurance plan (City of Kingsville Benefit Plan Trust) in which they were participating at the time or retirement unless otherwise stated in the plan document or collective bargaining agreement. As of September 31, 2008, a total of 13 eligible retirees were participating in the City's group health program. The City provides one half of the funding for retiree premiums. Retiree's dependents are excluded from the calculation and are eligible to continue health coverage at the designated COBRA rates during their eligibility period.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post-employement benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The City's annual OPEB cost is as follows:

OPEB Cost for Fiscal Year Ending 2008

Normal Cost	\$ 181,514
Minimum Amortization of UAL	150,818
Interest Adjustment to Year-end	13,293
Annual Required Contribution	 345,625
ARC adjustment	
Interest Adjustement to Net OPEB Obligation	
OPEB Cost	 345,625
Contributions Made	 55,279
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	290,346
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year	
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$ 290,346

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded Status of the plan as of September 30, 2009, was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	10/01/2007
Actuarial Value of Assets	
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 3,946,830
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	3,946,830
Funded Ratio	0.0%
Annualized Coverered Payroll	\$ 7,219,268
Ratio of Unfunded Actuarial Liability to Annual Covered Payroll	54.7%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the City are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Since this is the first year of implementation no prior year information is available.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan and include the type of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefits between the City and the plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce the short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions used for this valuation are as follows:

1. Valuation Date

2. Discount Rate

- 3. Payroll
- 4. Medical Claim Costs

5. Stop-Loss Premiums

10/01/2007

4.0%

3.0% per annum

Age-neutral claim costs were derived from the actual claim experience, trended to the valuation date and adjusted for the risk characteristics of the group.

Monthly premiums as of 10/1/2007 are as follows:

Specific:	\$ 29.30
Aggregate	\$ 5.35

Expenses per enrollee per month for retiree only coverage as of October 1, 2007 are as follows:

Third Party Administrator:	\$13.25
COBRA Administration:	\$1.50
Utilization Review:	\$2.50
PPO Fees:	\$3.25
Broker Fees:	\$2.50
EAP:	\$7.10
Vision Benefit:	\$0.25

Expenses are assumed to increase with inflation at 3% per annum

6. Expenses

CITY OF KINGSVILLE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

7.	Contributions	Actual contribution rates as of October 1, 2007. Contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as medical claims, with the exception of the first year (e.g., actual contribution increase was used).
8.	Medical Trend	UP-1994
9.	Pre-Retirement Mortality	Sex-distinct RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (1-year setback for males and no adjustment for females).
	Post-Retirement Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (no adjustment for males and 1-year setforward for females).
10.	Employee Turnover and Retirement	Employment turnover rates are based on the Texas Municipal Retirement System's ("TMRS") pension plan valuations, adjusted

to

be

participate at retirement.

experience.

- 11. Participation by future retirees
- 12. Dependent status

Dependents are not eligible for retiree coverage.

consistent

with

57% of future eligible retirees are assumed to

recent City

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The City participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the City at September 30,2008.

L. Budgetary Data

Budgets for the General Fund, budgeted special revenue, debt service, and budgeted capital projects funds are adopted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City adopted budgets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 for the following funds:

General Fund Tourism Fund Police Forfeiture Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Utility Fund

CITY OF KINGSVILLE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Budget amendements approved during the year included the following:

\$208,522 total amendments to the General Fund. This was comprised primarily of a \$73,083 increase in City Special-Services, a \$58,844 increase in Police Department-Services, a \$46,482 increase in Public Works-Services, a \$49,146 increase in Streets-Buildings, and a \$27,000 decrease in Sanitation-Personal Services.

M. Compensated Absences

The City allows employees to accumulate an unlimited amount of unused sick leave, vacation and holidays. Upon termination, the maximum hours paid are as follows:

	Vacation	Sick Leave
Salary (after completion of probation)	120	720(1)
Hourly (after completion of probation)	120	720(2)
Police Department	240	720
Fire Department	250	1200
Fire Marshall	166	800

(1) Salaried employees may be paid up to 720 hours if these hours were earned prior to January 1, 1984. Hours earned after this date are not paid. (2) Hourly employees may be paid up to 720 hours if these hours were earned prior to January 1, 1984. After this date, hourly employees may be paid a maximum of 240 hours.

There is no limit on accumulated holiday hours to be paid at termination. As of September 30, 2007, the liability for accrued vacation leave and accrued sick leave is approximately \$958,145. The amount applicable to the General Fund and Enterprise Fund of \$880,343 and \$77,802, respectively, and have been recorded in its respective fund.

N. Contracts With South Texas Water Authority

South Texas Water Authority Contract starting October 1, 2006 through September 30, 2010,

The South Texas Water Authority (STWA) was created in 1979 as a conservation and reclamation district to finance. construct and operate a regional water supply system which will supply treated water on a wholesale basis to the incorporated cities of Kingsville, Bishop, Driscoll, and Agua Dulce and to the unincorporated community of Banquete. Each of these cities was totally reliant on ground water from the Goliad Formation, an aquifer which underlies Nueces, Kleberg and several adjacent counties. Withdrawal of water from the Goliad Formation created numerous zones of depression or declines in the water table. Additionally, some locations in the area as well as a number of individual wells were producing water of marginal quality particularly in regard to dissolved solids and The Authority's system, which was completed and accepted on September 1, 1984, consists of chloride levels. pipeline facilities orginating at the City of Corpus Christi O.N. Stevens Water Treatment Plant at Calallen, Texas, with terminal ground storage facilities located at Driscoll (150,000 gallons), Bishop (750,000), Kingsville (5,000,000), Banquete and Agua Dulce (150,000). The Authority is also authorized to contract the sale of water to non-members. Contracts have been entered into with Coastal Bend Youth City, Ricardo Water Supply Corporation and Nueces Water Supply Corporation. The Authority has the ability to levy property taxes in its district not to exceed \$.20 per \$100 assessed valuation. The Authority purchases treated water from the City of Corpus Christi and delivers it into ground storage facilities constructed by it and located at the designated delivery point in each customer city. Use and resale of such water by the customer city is subject to all of the terms, conditions, and restrictions set forth in the Authority's water supply contract with Corpus Christi. The price of water will be uniform among the STWA customer cities and will be based on water rates as discussed below.

CITY OF KINGSVILLE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

PRICES AND TERMS

(A) Water Rate - The City shall pay for all water delivered into its system from the Authority at the Water Rate, which shall be the sum of two elements - a Handling Charge and the Cost of Water as described as following:

1. Handling Charge

- a. The Handling Charge shall be designed to cover all of the Authority's expenses other than the Cost of Water, including operation and maintenance expenses and amounts budgeted to be paid in the current year for capital improvenments, plus an amount sufficient to accumulate and maintain a reasonably adequate reserve fund as stated in subparaghraph b, less tax receipts and all other income and revenue. The initial Handling Charge, commencing on the effective date of this Contract and remaining in effect during the initial Contract Year, was \$0.2923 per thousand gallons of water delivered and was changed to \$0.3069 as of September 2007.
- b. Each Contract Year the Authority may adjust the Handling Charge to cover reasonable increases in the Authority's expenses and to accumulate and maintain a reasonable amount of reserve funds, provided that the increase in any one Contract Year may not exceed 5% of the above stated initial Handling Charge and that the total reserve funds of the Authority reasonably projected at its maximum during any Fiscal Year shall not exceed \$1.171 million. If the actual or projected reserve exceeds \$1.171 million, the Handling Charge shall be reduced accordingly for the next Contract year.
- c. The adjustment in the Handling Charge may exceed an increase of 5% in any Contract Year if the Authority obtains prior written approval of Customers representing in the aggregate not less than 75% of the water purchased from the Authority during its preceding Fiscal Year.
- d. Notice of a change in Handling Charge shall be delivered to the City on or before the 10th day of August of each Contract Year. The notice shall state the amount of the new Charge and the reason and calculations for the adjustment. The new Handling Charge shall be effective commencing at the beginning of the next Contract Year.
- e. The City may object to the Handling Charge for any Contract Year after the initial Year by delivering to the Authority a notice stating the nature of the City's objection to the Charge. The objection shall be resolved by following the dispute resolution procedures established in the contract. If the dispute is not resolved by the beginning of the subject contract Year, the City shall pay at the new rate until the dispute is resolved. The Handling Charge determined through the dispute resolution procedure shall be effective as the beginning of that Contract Year unless otherwise agreed by the parties.
- f. Any change in the Handling Charge, by agreement, dispute resolution, or otherwise shall apply to all Customers of the Authority, in accordance with the contract.
- g. At the end of the term of this Contract, the City may request a retroactive adjustment in the price of water delivered in the last year of the Contract if the Authority's reserve fund exceeds \$1.171 million on the last day of that last Contract Year. The request shall be resolved by use of the dispute resolution procedures stated in the contract.

2. Cost of Water

The Cost of Water The Cost of Water shall be as defined as meaning the actual price per one thousand gallons paid Authority to the City of Corpus Christi for water received by the Authority under the Corpus Christi Water Supply Agreement during a Service Month. It is expected that the Cost of Water will fluctuate from month to month, resulting in a corresponding fluctuation in the Water Rate.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

GUARANTEED PURCHASE

(A) The City shall purchase a minimum volume of water not to exceed \$350,000 annually unless additional purchases are necessary to supplement the City of Kingsville water requirements and additional money is made available in the budget for the additional volumes.

O. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors 1. and ommissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City obtained general; law enforcement. error and ommissions; automobile, mobile equipment, real and personal property liability coverage; workers' compensation and unemployment insurance at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other govermental entities in the State to form the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool, (TML), a Self-Funded Pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for approximately 1,800 members. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of re-insurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. TML's annual Financial Statements can be obtained at 211 East Seventh Street, Third Floor, Austin, Texas 78701.

2. Health Insurance

The City began to self-insure for health insurance due to the high cost of commercial health insurance, effective October 1, 2001. A stop loss policy which covers health claims in excess of \$75,000 per individual with a maximum lifetime coverage of \$925,000 is kept in force. In addition, the City's aggregate stop loss coverage is \$1 million and the City maintains aggregate coverage of its group health expenses at 100% of projected claims. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the current year.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability of \$180,782 at September 30, 2008 is based on requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund claims liability amounts for fiscal year 2008 and 2007 were:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning-of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal-Year	Changes in	Claim	Fiscal
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-End
2007	\$ 157,372 \$	1,605,127 \$	1,518,369 \$	244,130
2008	244,130	1,407,020	1,470,368	180,782

3. Litigation Tort Claims

The City is a defendant in various tort claims and lawsuits involving general liability, automobile, civil rights actions, and various contractual matters. In the opinion of the City's management and counsel, the outcome of the pending litigation will not have been a material effect on the City's financial position or operation.

CITY OF KINGSVILLE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

P. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

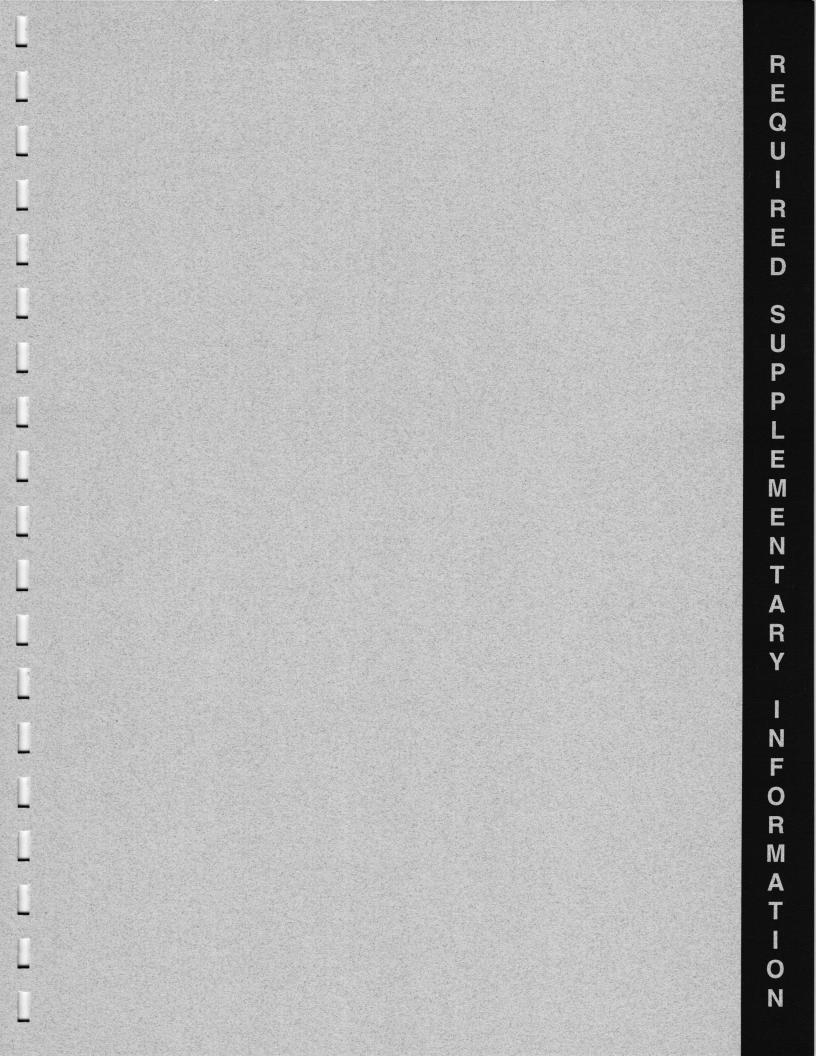
State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landifill when closed and perform maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landifil, expense provisions and related liabilities are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The amount of the liability is based on what it would cost to have all such closure and postclosure care performed in the current year, and is assigned to periods based on cumulative landfill use. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group at September 30, 2008 is \$3,300,022 based on 78.7.0% usage (filled) of the landfill through September 30, 2008. It is estimated that an additional \$891,187 will be recognized as closure and postclosure care expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity (2011). The estimated total current cost for the landfill closure and postclosure care of \$280,696 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of September 30, 2008. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

O. Segment Information for Enterprise Funds

Because the utility system fund is a segment and is reported as a major fund in the fund financial statement, segment disclosures herein are not reported.

R. Non-Budgeted Funds

The Federal and State Grant Funds and Capital Projects Fund adopted project - length budgets. The Police Forfeiture Fund and Other Special Revenues Fund budgets were not adopted nor were there any special commission action taken with regard to these funds.





					Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
	-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:	-				
General Property Taxes:					
Current Taxes	\$	2,993,579	\$ 2,993,579	\$ 2,952,563	\$ (41,016)
Delinquent taxes		95,360	95,360	131,665	36,305
Penalty & Interest		76,989	76,989	82,794	5,805
Late Rendition Fee		4,389	4,389	4,371	(18)
In Lieu of Tax Payments		100,000	100,000	100,000	
Total General Property Taxes	—	3,270,317	3,270,317	3,271,393	1,076
Total Concrait Topony Taxos	_	0,270,011			
City Sales Tax	_	3,704,703	3,704,703	3,891,968	187,255
Mixed Drink Tax		40,904	40,904	45,924	5,020
Bingo Tax	_	3,545	3,545	3,752	207
Business Taxes:					
Electric Franchise Tax		637,741	637,741	662,097	24,356
Telephone Franchise Tax		154,307	154,307	151,569	(2,738)
Gas Franchise Tax		85,850	85,850	93,648	7,798
Cable T.V. Franchise Tax		93,340	93,340	89,204	(4,136)
Total Business Taxes		971,238	971,238	996,518	25,280
Total Taxes		7,990,707	7,990,707	6,209,645	218,838
Permits and Licenses:					
Plumbing Permits		12,367	12,367	18,167	5,800
Electric Permits		35,728	35,728	29,898	(5,830)
Building Permits		73,380	73,380	59,853	(13,527)
Moving Permits		936	936	1,800	864
Other Permits		54,300	54,300	54,954	654
Amusement Licenses		2,161	2,161	750	(1,411)
Beer & Mixed Drink Licenses		3,978	3,978	2,485	(1,493)
Electrical Licenses		2,376	2,376	4,240	1,864
Contractor Licenses		29,113	29,113	25,120	(3,993)
Solicitor Licenses		149	149		(149)
Food Handler Licenses		19,238	19,238	12,165	(7,073)
Other Licenses		483	483	835	352
Total Permits and Licenses		234,209	234,209	210,267	(23,942)
Charges for Services:					
General Service Fees:					
Zoning Fees		5,000	5,000	3,216	(1,784)
Platting Fees		1,500	1,500	4,472	2,972
Police Accident Reports		4,000	4,000	3,340	(660)
Arrest Fees		4,000	4,000	595	(3,405)
Fire Reports		100	100	88	(12)
Fire Services		15,000	15,000	26,438	11,438
Ambulance Service		353,673	382,793	448,329	65,536
Other Service Fees		21,000	40,060	40,907	847
Total General Service Fees		404,273	452,453	527,385	74,932
City/County Services:					
Weed Control		3,400	3,400	8,924	5,524

Sanitation Services: Didgeted Amounts Final Budget Positive Sanitation Services: Original Final Actual (Negative) Positive Sanitation Services: 2,375,938 2,539,764 2,509,999 41,235 Total Sanitation Services 2,316,768 2,704,756 3,003,662 331,846 Total Sanitation Services 2,926,441 3,172,269 3,585,591 412,302 Fines and Forfeits: 2,926,441 3,172,269 3,685,62 331,846 Coluct Fines 16,655 516,584 494,254 (22,30) Confiscient Revenue - - 47,943 308 234 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 10,011 12,572 (14,477) Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (446) Total Fines and Miscellaneous: Interest and Miscellaneous: 1150 1,150 539,656 23,574 Interest and Miscellaneous: 11,49,988 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,2891 Auction Revenue 6,259					Variance with
Sanifation Services: Original Final Actual (Negalive) Garbage Fees 2,375,938 2,539,764 2,580,999 41,235 Landill Fees 138,438 160,600 444,688 264,098 Miscellaneous 2,518,766 2,704,756 3,036,602 331,646 2,235,93 Total Sanitation Services 2,518,766 2,704,756 3,036,602 331,646 2,230,00 Court Fines 2,926,441 3,173,229 3,585,591 412,302 Court Fines 2,926,441 3,173,229 3,585,591 412,302 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,7272 (1,429) Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (346) Total Fines and Forfeits 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Interest and Miscellaneous: 11,50 1,150 1,150 2,039 (611) Sale of Cly Publications 1,510 1,150 10,246 50,023 Total 144,465 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property					
Sanitation Services: 2,375,938 2,539,764 2,580,999 41,235 Carbog Fees 138,438 160,600 444,688 264,089 Miscellaneous 4,392 17,072 23,595 6,529 Total Sanitation Services 2,518,766 2,704,756 3,036,602 331,846 Total Charges for Services 2,926,441 3,173,289 3,585,591 412,302 Fines and Forfelis: Courf Fines 466,858 516,584 494,254 (22,300) Courf Fines 74 74 308 724 Courf Fines 74 74 308 724 Courf Fines 74 74 308 724 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,001 12,572 (14,23) Other Courf Fines 15,423 15,423 15,423 14,547 (846) Total Miscellaneous: 11,500 134,988 267,879 132,891 14,498 134,988 267,879 132,891 Miscellaneous: 1,150 1,150		Budgeted	I Amounts		Positive
Garbage Fees 2,375,938 2,539,764 2,680,999 41,235 Landfill Fees 138,439 160,600 444,889 284,089 Miscellaneous 4,382 17,072 22,595 6,523 Total Sanitation Services 2,518,768 2,704,756 3,036,602 331,846 Court Fines 2,206,441 3,173,289 3,595,591 412,302 Conficated Revenue - - 47,945 472,423 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,001 12,572 (1,42) Other Court Fines 154,23 14,377 (246) (24,230) Other Court Fines 154,23 14,577 (246) (246) Total State Taxes 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Autoin Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 408 Sate of Cly Publications 1150 150 159 (611) Sate of Cly Publications 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Propeny		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Landfil Fees 138,438 160,600 444,688 224,008 Miscellineous 2,518,768 2,704,756 3,036,602 331,846 Total Sanitation Services 2,518,768 2,704,756 3,036,602 331,846 Total Charges for Services 2,926,441 3,173,289 3,585,591 412,302 Fines and Fortelis:					
Miscellaneous 4.392 17.072 23.995 6.523 Total Charges for Services 2.518.768 2.704.756 3.086.602 331.846 Total Charges for Services 2.926.441 3.173.269 3.585.591 412.302 Fines and Forfeits: - - 47.945 47.945 Court Fines 74 74 308 2.34 Collection of State Taxes 14.001 12.572 (14.29) Other Court Fines 15.423 15.423 14.577 (146) Total Fines and Forteits 134.988 134.988 267.879 132.891 Interest from Investments 134.988 134.988 267.879 132.891 Auction Revenue 6.259 6.259 10.346 4.087 Sale of City Publications 1.150 1.50 5.39 (11) Sale of Recycle Item 22.842 22.842 20.997 (14.85) Mascellaneous 165.739 217.652 402.197 184.545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200	Garbage Fees	2,375,938	2,539,764	2,580,999	41,235
Total Sanitation Services 2,518,766 2,704,756 3036,602 331,646 Total Charges for Services 2,926,441 3,173,289 3,585,591 412,302 Fines and Forfelts:	Landfill Fees	138,438	160,600	444,688	284,088
Total Charges for Services 2,926,441 3,173,289 3,585,591 412,302 Fines and Forfells: Court Fines 466,859 516,584 494,254 (22,330) Confiscated Revenue - - - 47,945 47,945 Minor Fines 74 74 308 234 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,277 (1429) Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (1429) Total Fines and Forfeits 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 500,223 Total Interest and Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenu	Miscellaneous	4,392	17,072	23,595	6,523
Fines and Forlells: 466,858 516,584 494,254 (22,330) Court Fines 74 74 308 234 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,001 12,572 (1,429) Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (946) Total Fines and Forfeits 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4067 Sale of Revenue 5,629 10,346 4081 Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,961,853 819,714 Expenditures: City Administration Department - - 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257	 Total Sanitation Services 	2,518,768	2,704,756	3,036,602	331,846
Court Fines 466,858 516,584 494,254 (22,330) Confiscated Revenue - - 47,945 47,945 Minor Fines 74 74 308 234 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,001 12,572 (1,429) Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (686) Total Fines and Forleits 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest from Investments 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4087 Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 102,434 500,023 Total Interest and Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: </td <td>Total Charges for Services</td> <td>2,926,441</td> <td>3,173,289</td> <td>3,585,591</td> <td>412,302</td>	Total Charges for Services	2,926,441	3,173,289	3,585,591	412,302
Confiscated Revenue - - 47,945 47,945 47,945 Minor Fines 74 74 308 234 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,001 12,572 (1,429) Other Court Fines 15,423 14,577 (846) Total Fines and Forfeits 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of Revenue 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of Reverue 500 52,413 102,436 50,023 Total Interest and Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - 4,597	Fines and Forfeits:				
Minor Fines 74 74 308 234 Collection of State Taxes 14,001 14,001 12,572 (1,429) Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (646) Total Fines and Forletis 496,356 546,082 569,655 23,574 Interest and Miscellaneous: 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,150 539 (611) Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 619,714 Expenditures: - - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - -	Court Fines	466,858	516,584	494,254	(22,330)
Collection of State Taxes 14,001 12,572 (1,429) Other Court Fires 15,423 15,423 14,577 (846) Total Fires and Forfeits 495,355 546,082 559,655 23,574 Interest and Miscellaneous: 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,39 1611) Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 155,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - - - 4,597 City Administration Department - - 70	Confiscated Revenue			47,945	47,945
Other Court Fines 15,423 15,423 14,577 (846) Total Fines and Forleils 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest and Miscellaneous: 14498,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 139 (611) Sale of Recycle item 22,842 20,997 (1845) Miscellaneous 155,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - - 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 58,545 34,545 29,546	Minor Fines	74	74	308	234
Total Fines and Forfeils 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest and Miscellaneous: Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,150 539 1611) Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,997 1(1,845) Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - - 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 58 705 58 705 59,464 4999 70 - 70 70<	Collection of State Taxes	14,001	14,001	12,572	(1,429)
Total Fines and Forfeits 496,356 546,082 569,656 23,574 Interest and Miscellaneous: Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,150 539 1611 Sale of Recycle item 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - - 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 58 705 58 70 70 - 70 70 70 70	Other Court Fines	15,423	15,423	14,577	
Interest from Investments 134,988 134,988 267,879 132,891 Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,150 539 6(11) Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 155,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 - - 4,597 4,597 4,597 - - - 4,597 4,597 - - - - 4,597 4,597 - - - - 4,597 4,597 - - - - - 4,597 4,597 - - - - - - 4,597 - - - - - - - - Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 <td>Total Fines and Forfeits</td> <td></td> <td>546,082</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Total Fines and Forfeits		546,082		
Auction Revenue 6,259 6,259 10,346 4,087 Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,150 539 (611) Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 - (200) Federal and state grants - - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - - - 4,597 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Supplies 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 - 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9.031 City Manager: - 70 70 - 70 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 </td <td> Interest and Miscellaneous: </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	 Interest and Miscellaneous: 				
Sale of City Publications 1,150 1,150 539 (611) Sale of Recycle liem 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 102,436 50,023 102,436 50,023 Total Interest and Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 (200) Federal and state grants - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - 4,597 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 5ervices 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 - 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 5ervices 169,292 171,506 170,715 791	Interest from Investments	134,988	134,988	267,879	132,891
Sale of Recycle Item 22,842 22,842 20,997 (1,845) Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 (200) Federal and state grants - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - 4,597 4,597 City Administration Department - 4,597 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission <	Auction Revenue	6,259	6,259	10,346	
Miscellaneous 500 52,413 102,436 50,023 Total Interest and Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 (200) Federal and state grants - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: City Administration Department - - - City Commission: Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal	Sale of City Publications	1,150	1,150	539	(611)
Total Interest and Miscellaneous 165,739 217,652 402,197 184,545 Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 (200) Federal and state grants 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: 4,597 3,597 City Administration Department City Commission: 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 6455 705 Services 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: 70 3,049 3,049 1 Services 15,056 17,912	Sale of Recycle Item	22,842	22,842	20,997	(1,845)
Gain or Loss on Sale of Property 200 200 (200) Federal and state grants - 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: - - 4,597 City Administration Department - - - City Commission: 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: 70 70 70 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	Miscellaneous	500	52,413	102,436	50,023
Federal and state grants 4,597 4,597 Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: City Administration Department 4,597 City Commission: Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 3,049 3,048 1 14	Total Interest and Miscellaneous	165,739	217,652	402,197	184,545
Total Revenues 11,813,652 12,162,139 12,981,853 819,714 Expenditures: City Administration Department 819,714 City Administration Department 819,714 City Administration Department <t< td=""><td>Gain or Loss on Sale of Property</td><td>200</td><td>200</td><td></td><td>(200)</td></t<>	Gain or Loss on Sale of Property	200	200		(200)
Expenditures: City Administration Department City Commission: Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	Federal and state grants			4,597	4,597
Expenditures: City Administration Department City Commission: Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	-				
City Administration Department City Commission: Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	Total Revenues	11,813,652	12,162,139	12,981,853	819,714
City Administration Department City Commission: Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Expenditures:				
Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	City Administration Department				
Personal Services 70,391 67,991 64,734 3,257 Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	City Commission:				
Supplies 3,150 1,350 645 705 Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144		70 201	67.001	64 724	2 257
Services 38,545 34,545 29,546 4,999 Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144					
Capital Outlay 70 70 70 Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144 					
Total City Commission 112,156 103,956 94,925 9,031 City Manager: Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies Services 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144					
City Manager: Personal Services169,292171,506170,715791Supplies Services4,7693,0493,048115,05617,91217,768144		<u> </u>	70		70
Personal Services 169,292 171,506 170,715 791 Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	 Total City Commission 	112,156	103,956	94,925	9,031
Supplies 4,769 3,049 3,048 1 Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	, .				
Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	Personal Services	169,292	171,506	170,715	791
Services 15,056 17,912 17,768 144	- Supplies				1
Total City Manager 189,117 192,467 191,531 936					144
	Total City Manager	189,117	192,467	191,531	936

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Municipal Building:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Supplies	1,142	2,519	1,625	894
Services	106,179	106,502	90,859	15,643
Maintenance	122	122	30	92
Building	12,612	11,612	10,768	844
		······································		
Total Municipal Building	120,055	120,755	103,282	17,473
Risk Management:				
Personal Services	98,553	95,784	56,554	39,230
Supplies	5,925	9,316	9,316	
Services	13,253	10,972	9,488	1,484
Maintenance	284	374	374	
	······································			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Risk Management	118,015	116,446	75,732	40,714
City Special:				
Personal Services	26,891	25,338	25,337	1
Supplies	30	130	54	76
Services	534,539	584,287	472,247	112,040
Capital Outlay	16,000			
Total City Special	577,460	609,755	497,638	112,117
Total City Administration Department	1,116,803	1,143,379	963,108	180,271
Management Services Department				
Personnel:				
Personal Services	100,143	103,141	103,141	
Supplies	2,706	2,459	2,445	14
Services	34,962	40,106	39,132	974
Total Personnel	137,811	145,706	144,718	000
			144,710	988
Municipal Court:		· ·		
Personal Services	140,352	144,241	142,748	1,493
Supplies	1,700	1,655	802	853
Services	1,281	766	702	64
Total Municipal Court	143,333	146,662	144,252	2,410
Finance:				
Personal Services	245,154	248,715	247,266	1,449
Supplies	4,508	4,683	4,320	363
Services	55,039	56,772	54,504	2,268
Capital Outlay	54	54		54
Total Finance	304,755	310,224	306,090	4,134

 A second sec second second sec				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A	and an	Astual	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Purchasing:	95,143	98,391	97,006	1,385
Personal Services	3,650	3,650	3,122	528
Supplies	9,775	9,755	3,347	6,408
Services	200	200		200
- Maintenance				
Total Purchasing	108,768	111,996	103,475	8,521
Computer Operations:				
Personal Services	43,559	37,234	36,247	987
Supplies	3,145	3,170	2,477	693
Services	40,443	48,137	46,881	1,256
Maintenance	1,739	1,539	1,449	90
Total Computer Operations	88,886	90,080	87,054	3,026
Total Management Services Department	783,553	804,668	785,589	19,079
Legal Department				
Personal Services	135,279	146,353	136,788	9,565
Supplies	1,554	1,554	1,155	399
Services	46,696	38,094	17,393	20,701
Total Legal Department	183,529	186,001	155,336	30,665
Urban Development Department				
Planning:				
Personal Services	93,297	86,612	35,296	51,316
- Supplies	2,150	2,850	2,196	654
Services	7,550	5,858	2,137	3,721
Maintenance	500	500		500
Total Planning	103,497	95,820	39,629	56,191
			· ·	
Permits and Licenses:			144 540	8,141
Personal Services	148,156	152,660	144,519	469
Supplies	3,540	3,991	3,522	
Services	3,364	4,336	4,167	169
Maintenance	798	898	874	24
Total Permits and Licenses	155,858	161,885	153,082	8,803
itter Abalamont				
_itter Abatement: — Personal Services	50,012	58,649	58,649	
Supplies	6,569	7,769	4,787	2,982
Supplies	13,373	19,411	10,284	9,127
Maintenance	500	500	14	486
Building	29,600	38,122	34,349	3,773
Total Litter Abatement	100,054	124,451	108,083	16,368

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Engineering:				
Personal Services	66,530	67,850	64,762	3,088
Supplies	3,422	3,586	985	2,601
Services	8,374	8,210	3,432	4,778
Maintenance	750	750	7	743
Maintenance			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Engineering	79,076	80,396	69,186	11,210
Total Urban Development Department	438,485	462,552	369,980	92,572
Police Department				
	2 457 040	2 255 900	2 201 408	54 401
Personal Services	3,157,919	3,255,899	3,201,408	54,491 60,320
Supplies	199,453	223,459	163,139	60,320
Services	363,754	323,395	300,646	22,749
Maintenance	42,214	41,754	32,563	9,191
Building	10,000	10,000	4,844	5,156
Debt Service	9,613	16,663	15,039	1,624
Capital Outlay	209,222	209,222	38,384	170,838
Total Police Department	3,992,175	4,080,392	3,756,023	324,369
Fire Department				
	2,010,014	2,058,285	2,044,142	14,143
Personal Services	137,719	142,863	135,154	7,709
Supplies	153,690	158,823	152,608	6,215
Services		26,277	26,277	0,210
Maintenance	25,376	39,515	39,514	1
Building	42,202	39,010		1.
Debt Service	31,728			74 201
Capital Outlay	973,874	1,184,969	1,110,688	74,281
Total Fire Department	3,374,603	3,610,732	3,508,383	102,349
Volunteer Fire Department				
	9.000	9,000	7,107	1,893
Personal Services	-,	•		1,035
Services	51,559	51,559	51,559	
Total Volunteer Fire Department	60,559	60,559	58,666	1,893
Public Works Department				
Dublic Marka Administration:				
Public Works Administration:	35,463	35,783	35,136	647
Personal Services	35,463 6,345	4,902	3,498	1,404
Supplies		34,325	29,267	5,058
Services	34,648		1,355	1,020
Maintenance	660	2,375		6
Building	9,532	10,087	10,081	
Capital Outlay	3,285	3,285	2,326	959
Total Public Works Administration	89,933	90,757	81,663	9,094

	Dudaatad	A		Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted / Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Carana	Unginar		Actual	(regaine)
Garage: — Personal Services	330,465	331,594	307,458	24,136
Supplies	13,574	19,876	18,600	1,276
Services	4,862	6,162	4,404	1,758
Maintenance	2,096	3,896	3,352	544
Capital Outlay	4,401	4,401		4,401
Capital Callay				
Total Garage	355,398	365,929	333,814	32,115
Sanitation:				
Personal Services	724,957	691,717	687,231	4,486
Supplies	180,843	185,716	164,649	21,067
Services	6,730	164,607	163,035	1,572
Maintenance	135,807	112,940	112,421	519
Capital Outlay	431,918	431,918	· · ·	431,918
copilor condy				
Total Sanitation	1,480,255	1,586,898	1,127,336	459,562
Street:				
Personal Services	684,464	658,838	609,390	49,448
Supplies	76,806	97,504	92,141	5,363
Services	312,609	301,292	243,240	58,052
Maintenance	68,652	75,159	74,873	286
Fixed Asset Maintenance	939,006	965,506	444,840	520,666
Capital Outlay	28,173	34,563	6,390	28,173
Total Street	2,109,710	2,132,862	1,470,874	661,988
Train Depot:	500	500	153	347
Supplies Services	18,400	17,700	14,934	2,766
	1,100	1,800	1,113	687
Building	1,100			
Total Train Depot	20,000	20,000	16,200	3,800
Landfill:				
Personal Services	266,241	267,187	257,686	9,501
Supplies	93,252	106,480	100,053	6,427
Supplies Supplies	116,157	185,407	174,128	11,279
Maintenance	48,001	98,721	93,345	5,376
Building	4,150	11,434	10,236	1,198
-	12,113	12,113		12,113
Capital Outlay	12,113			
Total Landfill	539,914	681,342	635,448	45,894

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				Variance with Final Budget
		d Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Recycling Center:				
Personal Services	90,462	92,370	90,680	1,690
Supplies	2,095	3,224	2,611	613
Services	11,362	12,371	11,412	959
Maintenance	1,570	1,570	683	887
Building	304	904	819	85
Capital Outlay	50,000			
Total Recycling Center	155,793	110,439	106,205	4,234
	4 751 003	4 009 227	2 771 540	1 216 697
Total Public Works Department	4,751,003	4,988,227	3,771,540	1,216,687
Health Department				
Personal Services	237,293	217,053	215,977	1,076
Supplies	22,760	27,773	27,759	14
Services	16,850	16,740	15,985	755
Maintenance	4,600	7,151	7,113	38
	2,000	1,131	935	196
Building		5,525	5,525	100
Capital Outlay	3,730	5,525		••• · ·
Total Health Department	287,233	275,373	273,294	2,079
Parks and Recreation Department				
Services	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Total Parks and Recreation Department	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Library Department				
Personal Services	162,267	159,879	154,582	5,297
Supplies	30,497	31,215	27,425	3,790
Services	34,458	36,652	28,720	7,932
Maintenance	10,325	10,325	9,722	603
Building	13,535	17,195	17,188	7
Total Library Department	251,082	255,266	237,637	17,629
				+
Total Expenditures	15,439,025	16,067,149	14,079,556	1,987,593
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	(3,625,373)	(3,905,010)	(1,097,703)	2,807,307
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	
Lease proceeds	1,200,000	181,772	181,772	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,250,000	1,431,772	1,431,772	
		<u></u>	<u></u>	······································
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(2,375,373)	(2,473,238)	334,069	2,807,307
Fund balances/equity, October 1	8,863,376	8,863,376	8,863,376	
Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$ 6,488,003	\$ 6,390,138	\$ 9,197,445	\$ 2,807,307
i unu valanuesrequity, september su	* <u>0,400,000</u>			·

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS • TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Unfunded UAAL as a Actuarial **Acturial Accrued** Value of Liability (AAL) AAL Funded Covered Percentage of Actuarial (UAAL) Ratio Payroll Covered Payroll Assets - Entry Age Valuation (a/b) (c) ((b-a)/c) (b-a) Date (b) (a) 82.0% 19,340,981 23,590,386 4,249,405 \$ 7,445,582 57.1% \$ \$ \$ 21,200,009 26,116,397 4,916,388 81.2% 7,324,224 67.1% 12/31/06 21,156,012 29,866,943 8,710,931 70.8% 7,643,277 114.0% 12/31/07

Other Post-employment Benefit Plan:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Acturial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
08/31/08		3,946,830	3,946,830		7,219,268	54.7%

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NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

The basis of budgeting in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule is the same as Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

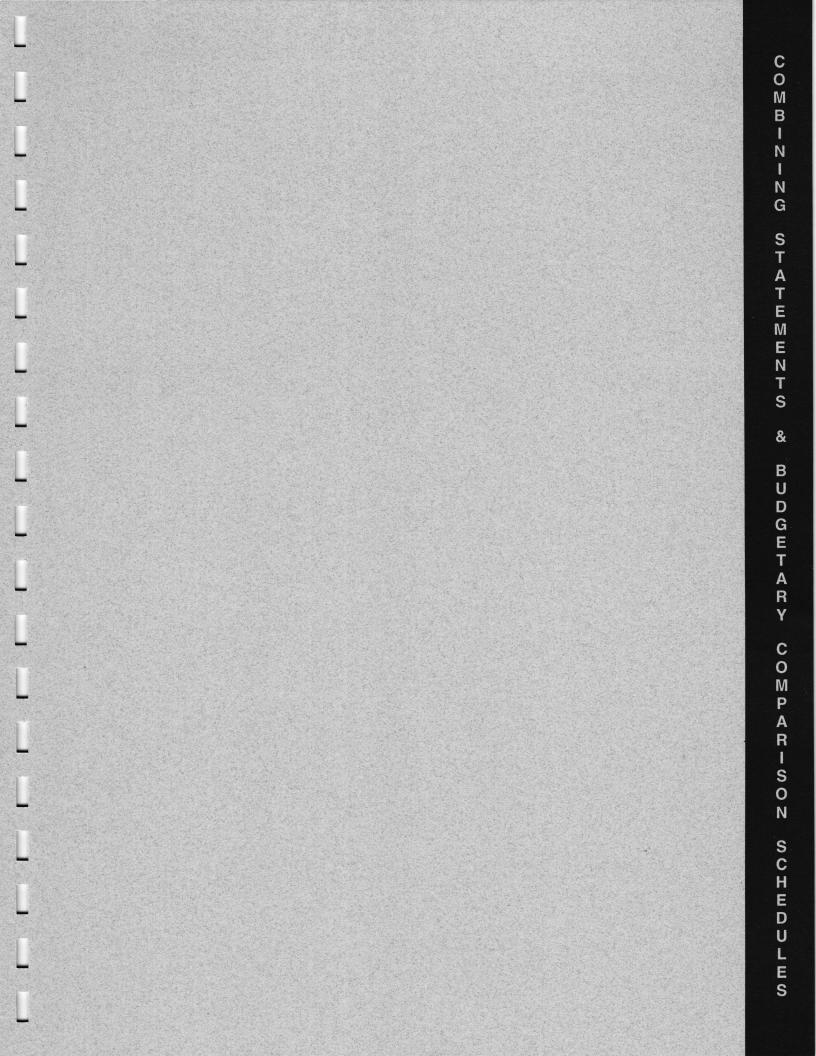




EXHIBIT C-1

CITY OF KINGSVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ASSETS		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	G F	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,218	\$		\$	36,218
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		36,724				36,724
Accounts		547				547
Due from:						
Other governments:		116,008				116,008
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents				501,371		501,371
Total Assets	\$	189,497	\$	501,371	\$	690,868
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	780	\$		\$	780
Due to:						
Other funds		53,371		157,885		211,256
Other governments		119,070				119,070
Deferred revenues		6,478		••		6,478
Total Liabilities		179,699		157,885		337,584
É quibu						
Equity: Fund balances:						
				242 400		242 490
Reserved for capital outlay Unreserved, undesignated		0.709		343,486		343,486
Total equity		9,798 9,798		343,486		9,798 353,284
i olor equity	<u> </u>	3,130		343,400		353,204
Total Liabilities and Equity	s	189,497	s	501,371	\$	690,868
					*	

EXHIBIT C-2

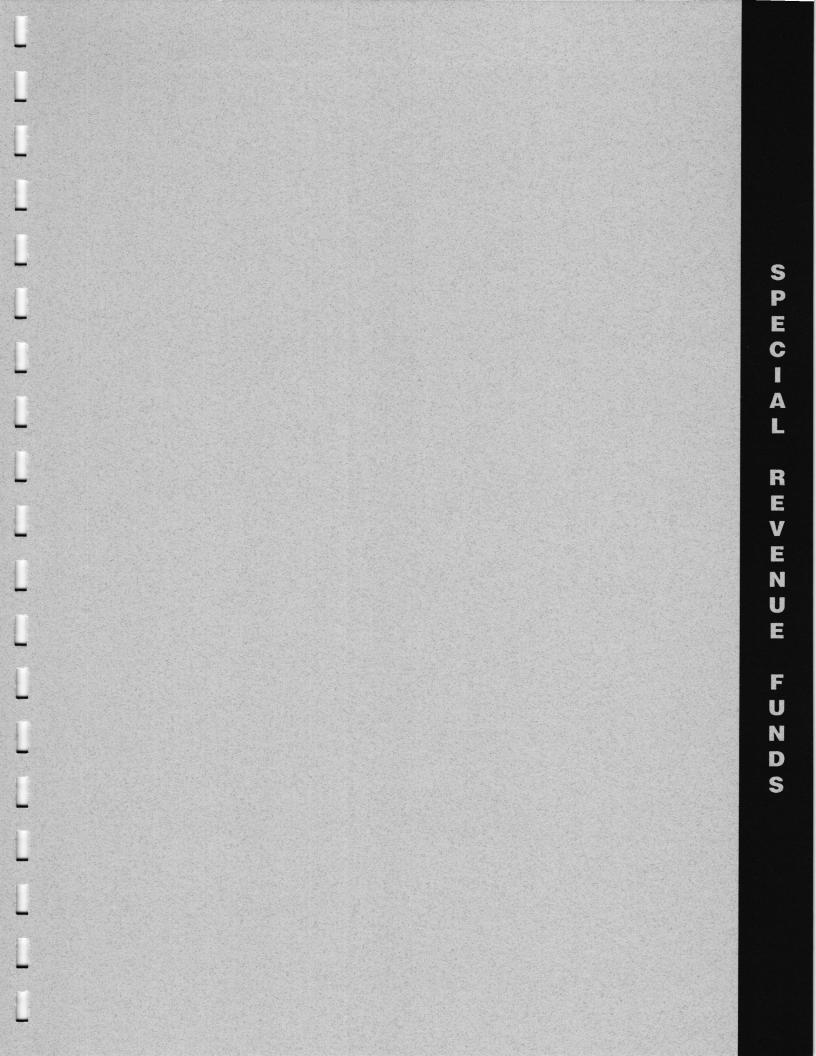
CITY OF KINGSVILLE

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Ge F	Total Nonmajor overnmental unds (See exhibit A-5)
Revenue:		 ······································	•	
Taxes	\$ 421,633	\$ 	\$	421,633
Interest and miscellaneous	3,141	18,424		21,565
Federal and state grants	 236,232	 		236,232
Total revenues	 661,006	 18,424		679,430
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government and administration	130,316			130,316
- Public Safety	107,983			107,983
Public works	••	38,000		38,000
Tourism	421,633			421,633
Debt service:				
Total expenditures	 659,932	 38,000		697,932
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	1,074	(19,576)		(18,502)
Fund balances/equity, October 1	8,724	363,062		371,786
Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$ 9,798	\$ 343,486	\$	353,284



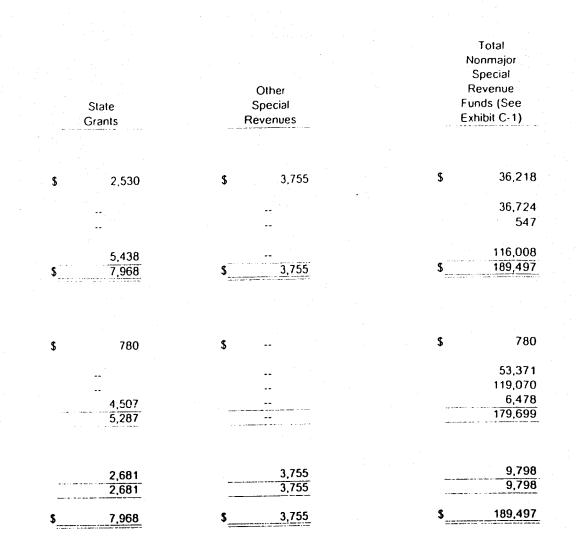




CITY OF KINGSVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Tourism Fund		Federal Grants			
ASSETS		-	· · · ·			
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 188	\$	29,745			
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Taxes	36,724		· · · · · ·			
Accounts			547			
Due from:						
Other governments:			110,570			
Total Assets	\$ 36,912	\$	140,862			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	\$				
Due to:						
Other funds			53,371			
Other governments	36,912		82,158			
Deferred revenues			1,971			
Total Liabilities	36,912		137,500			
Equity:		·				
Fund balances:						
Unreserved, undesignated			3,362			
Total equity	••		3,362			
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ <u>36,912</u>	\$	140,862			

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CITY OF KINGSVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Tourism Fund	Federal Grants			
Revenue:					
Taxes	\$ 421,633	\$			
Interest and miscellaneous	••				
Federal and state grants			180,000		
Total revenues	 421,633	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	180,000		
Expenditures:					
Current:			1. J.		
General government and administration			86,566		
Public Safety			94,358		
Tourism	421,633				
Total expenditures	 421,633	 	180,924		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures			(00.4)		
Excess (denciency) or revenues (under) experiorares			(924)		
Fund balances/equity, October 1			4,286		
Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$ 	\$	3,362		

		Total
		Nonmajor
		Special
	Other	Revenue
State	Special	
Grants		Funds (See
Granits	Revenues	Exhibit C-2)
\$	\$	\$ 421,633
	3,141	3,141
56,232	5,11,	
the second	2 4 4 4	236,232
56,232	3,141	661,006
41,999	1,751	130,316
13,625		107,983
···	·	421,633
55,624	1,751	659,932
33,024	1,751	039,932
608	1,390	1,074
	1,000	1,074
2,073	2,365	8,724
\$2,681	\$ 3,755	\$9,798

CITY OF KINGSVILLE TOURISM FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

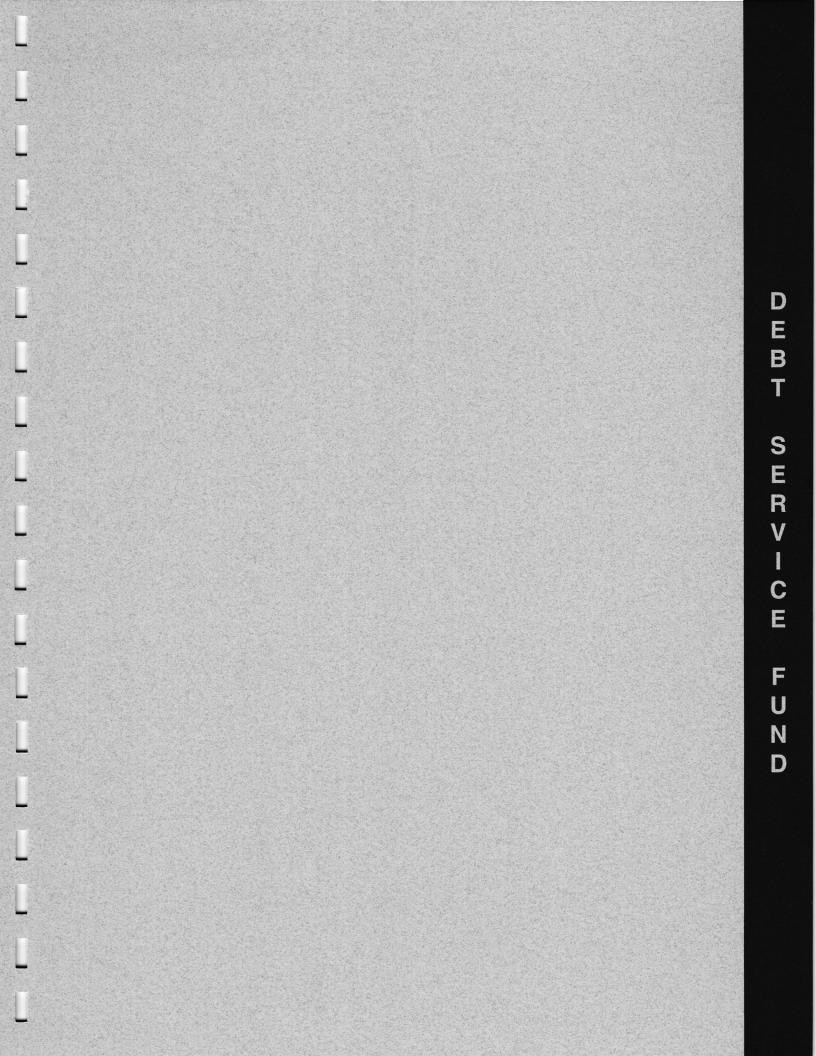
	Rudaata	d Amounto		Variance with Final Budget
		d Amounts	A	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax	\$ 431,045	\$ 431,045	\$ <u>421,633</u>	\$(9,412)
	404 045	424 045	404 000	(0.440)
Total Revenues	431,045	431,045	421,633	(9,412)
Expenditures:				
Experioreres.				
Contracted Services	431,045	431,045	421,633	9,412
Total Expenditures	431,045	431,045	421,633	9,412
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures		•	-	— . ¹ 1
Fund balances/equity, October 1				
Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	А	Project uthorization	7	Prior Years	Current Year	 Total To Date
Revenues: Federal and state grants	\$	500,596	\$	207,395	\$ 180,000	\$ 387,395
Total Revenues	v	500,596	•	207,395	 180,000	387,395
Expenditures:						
General government and administration Public Salety		134,286 366,310		44,460 162,935	 86,566 94,358	 131,026 257,293
Total Expenditures		500,596	·	207,395	 180,924	 388,319
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	\$		\$		(924)	\$ (924)
Fund balances/equity, October 1 Fund balances/equity, September 30					\$ 4,286 3,362	

STATE GRANT FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

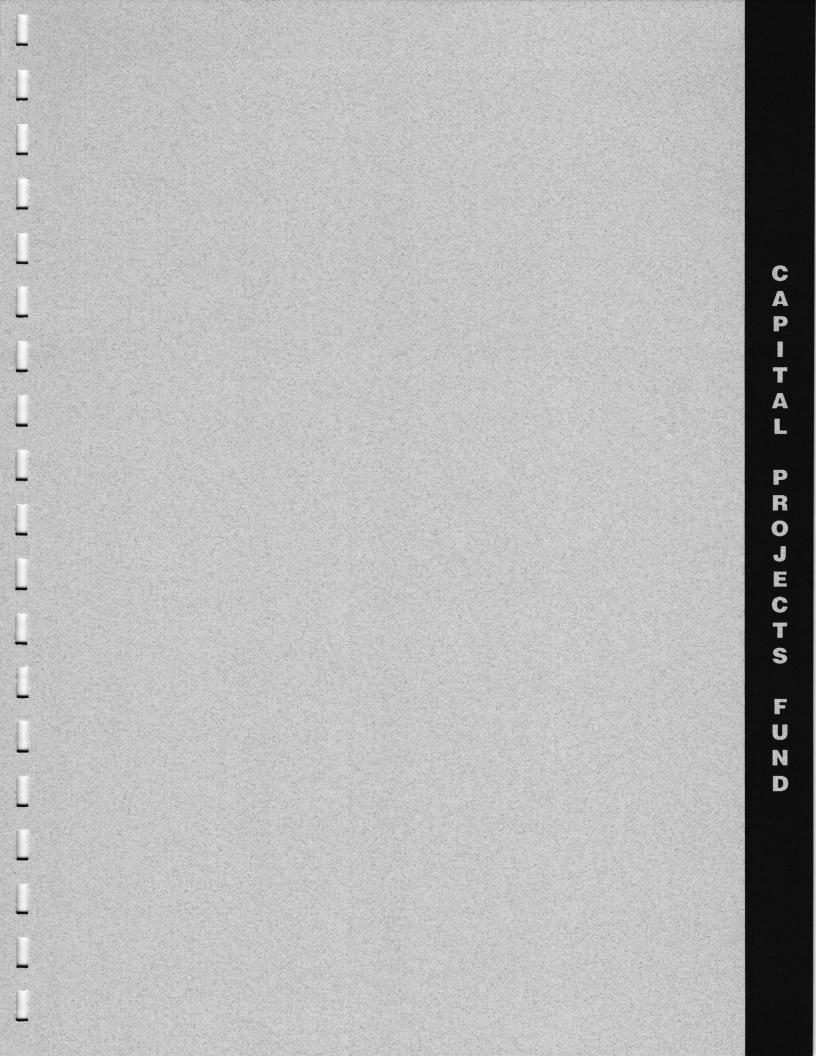
	Project Authorization		 Prior Years		Current Year		Total To Date
Revenues: Federal and state grants	\$	57,845	\$ 	\$	56,232	\$	56,232
Total Revenues		57,845	 		56,232	-	56,232
Expenditures:							
Public Safety		15,845			13,625		13,625
Public Works		42,000	 		41,999		41,999
Total Expenditures		57,845		·····	55,624		55,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	\$		\$ 		608	\$	608
Fund balances/equity, October 1					2,073		
Fund balances/equity, September 30				5	2,681		



DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Budgete	ed An	nounts		/ariance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		······		·····	 	 ()
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$.	1,649,278	\$	1,649,278	\$ 1,669,504	\$ 20,226
Interest from Investments		•••	· 		 18,698	18,698
Total Revenues		1,649,278		1,649,278	 1,688,202	38,924
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Expenditures:						
Principal retired		1,270,000		1,270,000	1,270,000	
Interest		371,778		371,778	371,776	2
Paying agent fees		7,500		7,500	 2,425	 5,075
Total Expenditures		1,649,278		1,649,278	 1,644,201	5,077
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures					44,001	44,001
Fund balances/equity, October 1		311,414		311,414	311,414	
Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$	311,414	\$	311,414	\$ 355,415	\$ 44,001

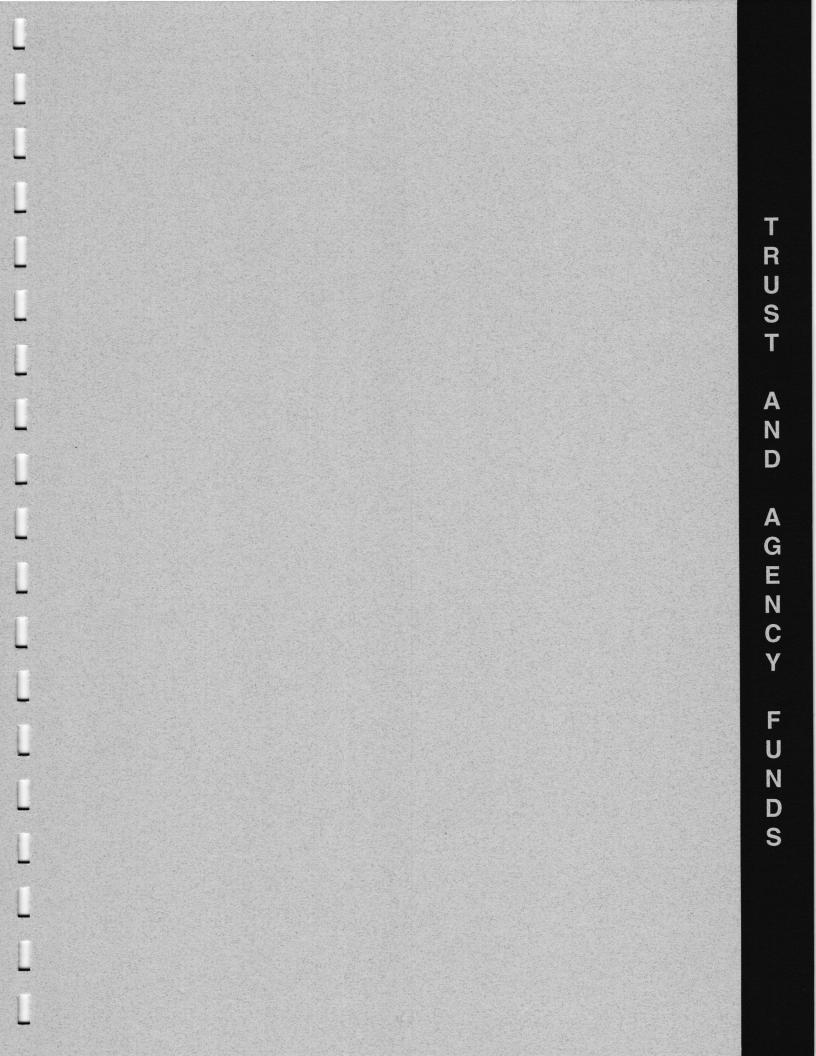




CITY OF KINGSVILLE C. O. SERIES 2001 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date
Revenues: Interest from Investments	\$	\$ 125,954	\$ 18,424	\$ 144,378
Total Revenues		125,954	18,424	144,378
Expenditures:				• • • •
- Public Works	3,305,000	3,067,892	38,000	3,105,892
Total Expenditures	3,305,000	3,067,892	38.000	3,105,892
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	(3,305,000)	(2,941,938)	(19,576)	(2,961,514)
Bond Proceeds	3,305,000	3,305,000		3,305,000
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	S 363,062	(19,576)	\$ <u>343,486</u>
Fund balances/equity, October 1 Fund balances/equity, September 30		: •	363,062 \$ <u>343,486</u>	





COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

-			Balance October 1, 2007	Additions	Deductions		Balance September 30, 2008
	Corporation Court Cash Bond Account Fund ASSETS	1					
	Cash & Investments	\$	13,993 \$	188,238	\$ 178,329	\$	23,902
	Total Assets	\$	13,993 \$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	23,902
_	LIABILITIES						
	Cash Bonds Held	\$	13,993 \$	188,238	\$ 178,329	\$	23,902
	Total Liabilities	\$	13,993 \$	188,238	\$ 178,329	\$	23,902
-							
	TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS: ASSETS						
ŧ.,	Cash & Investments	¢	13,993 \$	188,238	¢ 179.000	r	00.000
	Total Assets	ф				_⊅ 	23,902
	I UIDI ASSEIS	•===	13,993 \$	188,238	\$178,329	۵ -	23,902
	LIABILITIES						
Name	Cash Bonds Held	\$	13,993 \$	188,238	\$ 178,329	\$	23,902
	Total Liabilities	\$	13,993 \$	188,238	178,329	\$	23,902



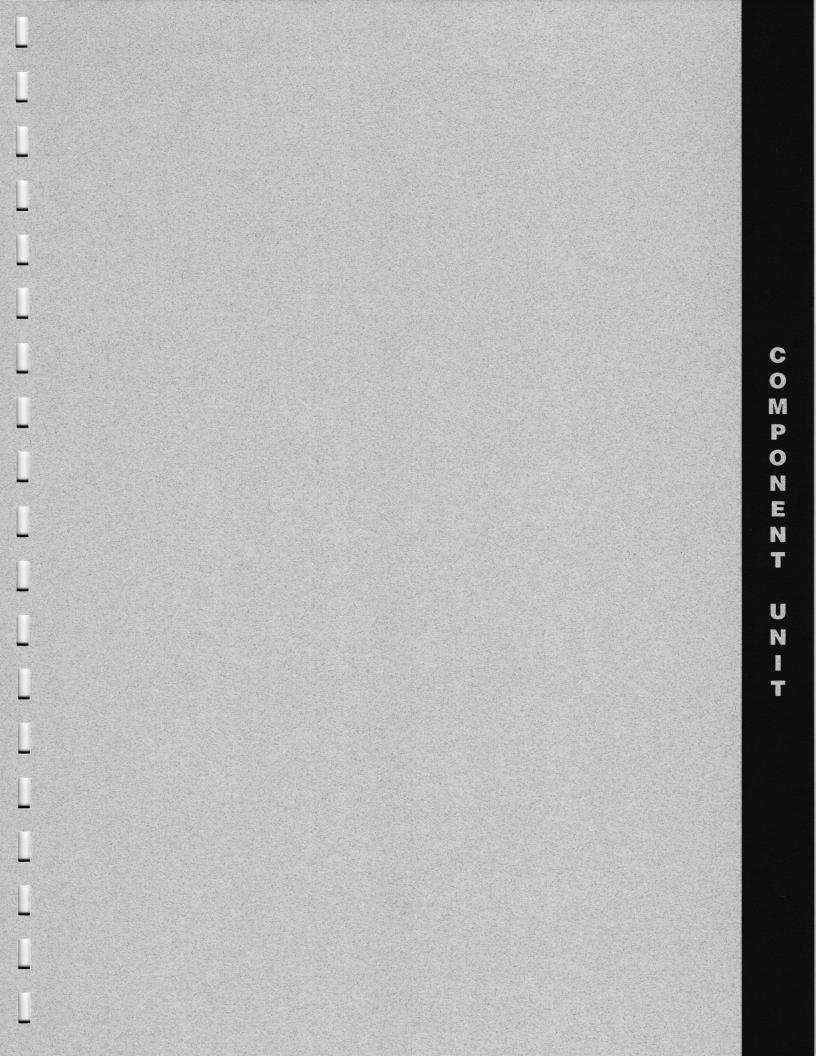


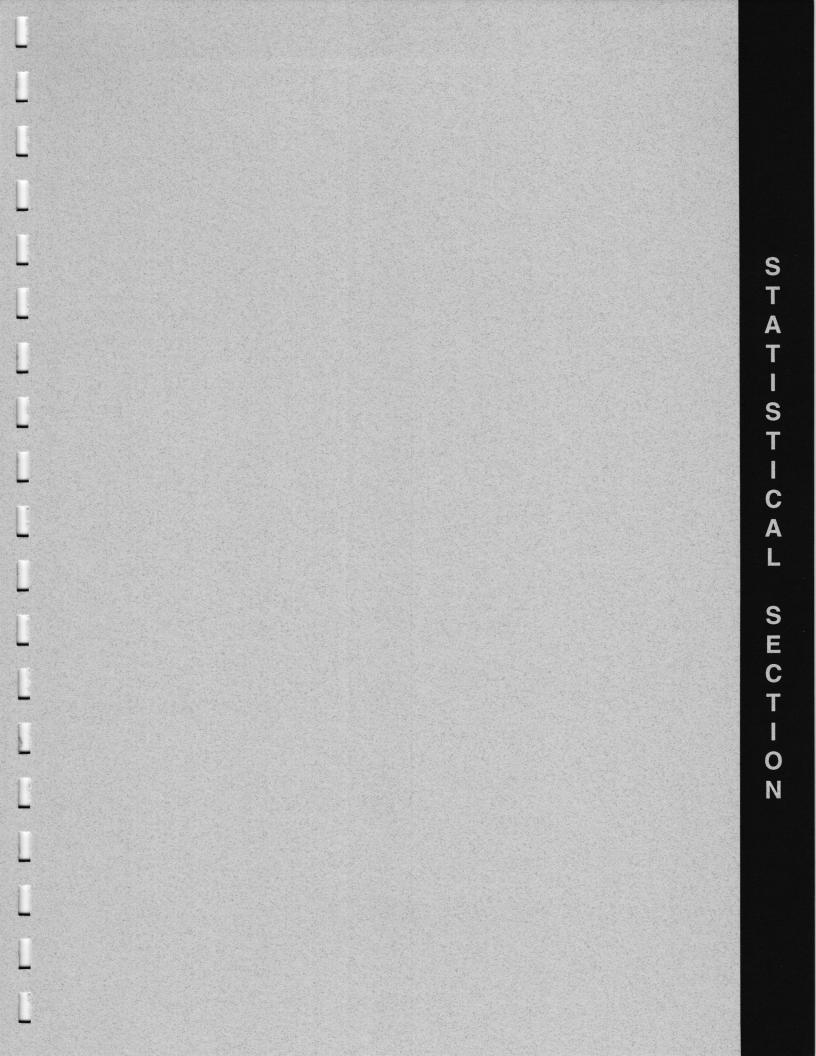
EXHIBIT C-11

- CITY OF KINGSVILLE

CONVENTION & VISTORS BUREAU DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

-		 Budgete	ed An	nounts		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Roversee	 Original	_	Final	 Actual	 (Negative)
	Revenues: Contracted Services Interest from Investments	\$ 369,467 	\$	369,467	\$ 365,979 371	\$ (3,488) 371
	Total Revenues	 369,467		369,467	 366,350	(3,117)
	Expenditures:					
	Personal Services	124,663		124,663	116,672	7,991
-	Supplies	12,220		12,220	11,209	1,011
	Services	134,609		134,609	124,073	10,536
	Maintenance	 1,000		1,000	 459	541
	Total Expenditures	272,492		272,492	252,413	 20,079
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	96,975		96,975	113,937	16,962
	Fund balances/equity, October 1	116,431		116,431	116,431	
	Fund balances/equity, September 30	\$ 213,406	\$	213,406	\$ 230,368	\$ 16,962





Statistical Section

This part of the City of Kingsville's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the city's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help to reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning that year.

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NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT, LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year									
	_	2008	_	2007		2006		2005	-	2004	
Governmental activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	7,980,938	\$	7,410,484	\$	7,190,499	\$	5,751,650	\$	4,472,660	
Restricted		2,727,155		2,649,969		2,314,775		2,325,562		2,804,822	
Unrestricted	•	3,037,771	_	2,079,519		1,085,412		1,150,966	_	754,079	
Total governmental activities net assets	\$_	13,745,864	<u></u> \$	12,139,972	\$	10,590,686	\$	9,228,178	\$ _	8,031,561	
Business-type activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	4,376,931	\$	4,311,656	\$	4,315,474	\$	4,033,396	\$	3,321,566	
Restricted		3,056,231		2,496,143		2,174,298		2,528,455		2,293,034	
Unrestricted	_	1,229,553	-	679,366		113,403		(1,908,572)	· _	(1,117,171)	
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	8,662,715	\$	7,487,165	\$	6,603,175	\$	4,653,279	\$	4,497,429	
Primary government											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	12,357,869	\$	11,722,140	\$	11,505,973	\$	9,785,046	\$	7,794,226	
Restricted		5,783,386		5,146,112		4,489,073		4,854,017		5,097,856	
Unrestricted	_	4,267,324	. .	2,758,885		1,198,815	-	(757,606)	_	(363,092)	
Total primary government net assets	\$	22,408,579	\$	19,627,137	\$	17,193,861	\$	13;881,457	\$_	12,528,990	

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. The data in this table is extracted from Exhibit A-1.

CITY OF KINGSVILLE CHANGES IN NET ASSETS, LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

						Fiscal Year				
		2008		2007		2006		2005	_	2004
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	2,438,913	s	2,569,502	s	2,303,626	s	2,238,161	\$	2,813,029
Public safety	•	8,167,213	•	7,266,533	•	6,787,270	•	6,787,640	•	6,432,401
Public works		2,414,167		2,340,083		2,576,604		2,474,543		2,371,205
City/County		731,158		688,378		648,270		673,849		682,565
Tourism		421,633		312,153		290,697		288,215		264,132
Interest on long-term debt	-	292,623		300,810		300,163		328,631		357,424
Total governmental activities expenses	_	14,465,707		13,477,459		12,906,630		12,791,039		12,920,756
Business-type activities:										
Water		3,153,345		2,454,389		3,495,064		3,542,762		3,341,572
Wastewater		2,516,322		2,043,922		1,931,459		2,007,918		1,931,493
Transit		2,020,090		2,031,746		1,334,749		1,372,391		1,367,139
Total business-type activity expenses		7,689,757		6,530,057		6,761,272		6,923,071		6,640,204
Total primary government expenses	^{\$} _	22,155,464	\$,	20,007,516	\$	19,667,902	\$	19,714,110	\$	19,560,960
Program Revenue (see schedule 3)										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$	284,438	\$	250,769	•	254,972	¢	282,481	s	874,749
Public safety	•	2,980,370	•	2,637,213	•	2,191,585	٣	1,452,667	٣	1.097.017
Public works		-,,				2,.01,000		240		3,029
City/County		8,924		5,871		6,776		3,525		4,183
Tourism		421,633		312,153		290,697		288,215		264,132
Operating grants and contributions		260,506		168,700		177,828		473,600		885,712
Capital grants and contributions		30,000		55,609		600,341		1,131,399		-
Total governmental activities program revenues		3,985,871		3,430,315		3,522,199	_	3,632,127		3,128,822
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water		4,325,645		3,834,915		4,026,953		3,676,035		3,296,486
Wastewater		3,036,567		2,772,879		2,825,020		2,799,958		2,747,268
Solid waste		2,958,287		2,519,463		2,578,493		2,070,306		1,872,741
Operating grants and contributions		650		21,031		28,441		24,230		299,718
Capital grants and contributions		•		•	_	<u> </u>		86,251		
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	10,321,149		9,148,288		9,458,907	_	8,656,780		8,216,213

IVE FISCAL YEARS

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						Fiscal Year				
		2008	_	2007	_	2006		2005	_	2004
Net (Expense)/Revenue)										
Governmental activities	5	(10,479,836) 5	(10,047,144)) s	(9,384,431)	s	(9,158,912)	5	(9,791,934)
Business-type activities		2,631,392	•	2,618,231		2,697,635		1,733,709		1.576.009
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(7,848,444	<u>)</u> \$	(7,428,913)	<u>)</u> \$	(6,686,796)	s	(7,425,203)	S	(8,215,925)
General Revenues and Other Changes In Net Asi	sets									
Governmental activities Taxes										
Property taxes	s	4.835.723	5	4,147,121	5	4:012.188	5	3,733,214	5	3,536,180
Franchise taxes		996,518		985,016		1,012,220		1,026,424	•	1,038,640
Sales taxes		3,891,958		3,784,310		3,795,341		3,390,122		3,032,676
Other taxes		49,676		44,886		39,183		39,132		27,952
Unrestricted grants and contributions								•		27,001
Payment in lieu of taxes		100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000		100.000
Investment earnings		506,573		391,675		170,314		130,266		90,738
Miscellaneous (loss)		5,311		693		(30,052)		119		(41,966)
Transfers	-	1,699,969		2,293,521		1,961,699		1,936,252	_	1,371,639
Total governmental activities	_	12,085,728		11,747,222		11,060,893		10,355,529	_	9,155,859
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings		249,258		559,280		603,158		353,232		26,406
Other		(5,130)		•		30,775		5,161		18,433
Transfers	· -	(1,699,968)		(2,293,522)		(1,961,699)		(1,936,252)	_	(1,371,639)
Total business-type activities	-	(1,455,840)	-	(1,734,242)		(1,327,766)		(1,577,859)	· _	(1,326,800)
Total primary government	s _	10,629,888	\$	10,012,980	\$	9,733,127	\$	8,777,670	\$_	7,829,059
Changes In Net Assets										
Governmental activities (loss)	5	1,605,892	\$	1,700,078	\$	1,676,642	\$	1,196,617	5	(636,075)
Business-type activities		1,175,552	_	883,989		1,369,869	-	155,850	_	249,209
Total primary government (loss)	s _	2,781,444	\$	2,584,067	\$	3,046,511	\$	1,352,467	\$_	(386,866)
	-						-		-	······

Notes: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEAR

				Fis	scal	Year		
		1999	_	2000		2001		2002
General Fund								
Restricted	\$	436,975	\$	446,155	\$	426,950	\$	422,840
Unrestricted		1,733,307	-	1,882,143		1,819,367		2,006,541
Total general fund	\$	2,170,282	\$	2,328,298	\$	2,246,317	\$	2,429,381
All Other Governmental Funds								
Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unrestricted, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		262,025		659,582		973,149		609,999
Capital projects funds		-		-		2,611,845		772,264
Debt service funds	-	•		17,830		408,614	-	326,450
Total all other governmental funds	\$_	262,025	\$	677,412	\$	3,993,608	\$_	1,708,713

Note: In prior years, landfill was accounted for as a reserve. However, since it is not legally restricted it has been restated in 2006 as unreserved and designated, and 1997 through 2005 have also been restated to reflect this change in reporting.

				Fis	scal	Year				
	2003	2004		2005	-	2006		2007		2008
\$	3,380,142	\$ 2,226,519	\$	1,589,496	\$	1,035,938	\$	2,167,647	\$	1,553,672
ć.,	2,324,845	2,972,504		4,032,056		5,936,909		6,695,729		7,643,773
\$	5,704,987	\$ 5,199,023	\$	5,621,552	\$	6,972,847	\$	8,863,376	\$_	9,197,445
\$	48,188	\$ 7,844	\$	8,699	\$	9,331	\$	66,454	\$	28,416
	651,579	33,559		41,016		332,879		793,897		1,521,263
	487,518	626,779		379,116		343,697		363,062		353,284
-	364,499	69,062	-	108,402		274,014	-	311,414	-	355,415
\$_	1,551,784	\$ 737,244	\$	537,233	\$	959,921	\$	1,534,827	\$ =	2,258,378

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEAR

				Fis	cal `	Year				
		1999		2000	_	2001		2002		
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$	3,201,892	\$	3,389,587	\$	3,898,689	\$	3,788,364		
Taxes-other		3,763,277		4,002,264		4,079,631		4,301,650		
Licenses, fees, and permits		122,266		142,928		236,243		179,355		
Fines and penalties		648,867		1,172,546		1,187,955		707,762		
Charges for services		2,559,282		2,618,004		2,580,039		2,852,929		
Special assessment		-		4,174				172,419		
Intergovernmental		591,019		1,391,844		657,660		419,203		
Investment earnings/other		109,653		271,197		301,265		138,621		
Donations		-		-		-		-		
Total revenues	-	10,996,256		12,992,544	-	12,941,482		12,560,303		
Expenditures										
General government		1,737,057		2,213,106		2,096,895		2,228,427		
Public safety		5,117,253		6,244,767		5,932,293		6,077,785		
Public works		2,766,086		3,472,070		2,838,705		3,096,539		
City/county		613,903		584,151		675,667		721,590		
Tourism		220,540		278,572		228,626		255,405		
Government		-		-		74,831				
Other		-		-		1,312		2,616		
Capital Outlay Debt Service		-		731,825		723,641		1,822,528		
Interest		378,894		274,260		270,160		366,808		
Principal		1,065,000		1,145,000		1,015,000		1,045,000		
Total expenditures	_	11,898,733	_	14,943,751	_	13,857,130	-	15,616,698		
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	. –	(902,477)	-	(1,951,207)		(915,648)		(3,056,395)		
Other Financing										
Sources (uses)										
Lease Proceeds		-				148,100		-		
Bonds issued		-		1,400,000		3,305,000		- · ·		
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		•				
Transfers in		936,140		914,066		699,689		1,000,000		
Transfers out	_	(100,845)	_	(24,708)		-		-		
Total other financing							-			
sources (uses)		835,295		2,289,358		4,152,789		1,000,000		
Net change in					_					
fund balances	\$	(67,182)	-	338,151	\$	3,237,141	\$_	(2,056,395)		
Debt services as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures		12.13%		10.00%		9.78%		11.02%		

SCHEDULE 4

	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
						-		•		• •	
	0.040.440			_							
\$	3,816,412	\$	3,569,222	\$	3,804,469	\$	4,141,313	\$	4,266,405	\$	4,940,89
	4,175,064		4,463,397		4,743,894		5,137,441		5,126,365		5,359,78
	592,442		803,815		226,716		172,814		189,269		210,26
	1,167,684		803,192		1,163,398		1,844,000		2,230,194		2,519,47
	2,840,098		3,080,519		3,128,451		3,211,482		3,225,782		3,585,59
	40,500		3,029		240	•	-		3,966		-
	968,461		709,566		455,182		174,136		211,535		240,829
	118,869		127,253		202,335		282,200		511,883		628,723
-	<u> </u>	-	176,146	-	3,299		2,890	_	1,842	_	-
_	13,719,530	. •	13,736,139	_	13,727,984	-	14,966,276	_	15,767,241		17,485,567
					•						
	2,410,041		2,947,294		2,357,112		2,398,046		2,673,852		2,461,771
	7,409,439		6,265,404		6,644,503		6,703,918		7,411,077		8,848,662
	4,738,879		4,113,344		3,472,610		3,561,348		3,291,447		3,772,521
	687,404		674,392		672,019		655,411		686,184		710,931
	265,401		264,132		288,215		290,697		312,153		421,633
	-		-								
	71,161		248,936		60,258		2,532		-		-
	•		- '		· •		-		· •		•
	316,527		462,722		411,195		378,281		362,456		374,201
	925,000	_	1,045,000	_	885,000	-	910,000	_	975,000	_	1,270,000
	16,823,852		16,021,224		14,790,912	_	14,900,233		15,712,169	_	17,859,719
							•				
	(3,104,322)		(2,285,085)	-	(1,062,928)	_	66,043		55,072	_	(374,152)
	-		-		-		-		-		181,772
	5,223,000		-		• .		450,000		1,200,000		•
	- 1,107,971		- 1,131,652		- 1,340,861		- 1,338,041		1,250,000		-
	(107,971)		(134,786)						1,200,000		1,250,000
	(107,571)	-	(134,700)		(56,280)	_	(88,041)				
	6,223,000		996,866		1,284,581		1,700,000		2,450,000		1,431,772
	3,118,678 \$		<u>(1,288,219)</u> \$		221,653		1,766,043	s	2,505,072	\$	1,057,620
	7.38%		9.41%		8.76%		8.65%		8.51%		9.21%

CITY OF KINGSVILLE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

SCHEDULE 5

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Mineral Property	Personal Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value
1999	386,795,094	17,766,437	55,712,272	53,084,350	407,189,453	0.70007	460,273,803
2000	429,954,809	17,664,382	56,308,828	62,011,068	441,916,951	0.68145	503,928,019
2001	456,554,839	16,286,706	55,975,519	65,104,236	463,712,828	0.70145	528,817,064
2002	471,715,351	18,343,119	59,568,136	65,976,633	483,649,973	0.70145	549,626,606
2003	473,289,371	19,935,752	60,834,420	62,248,898	491,810,645	0.69527	554,059,543
2004	483,998,442	21,427,249	58,866,750	61,340,271	502,952,170	0.68511	564,292,441
2005	494,578,206	21,411,787	70,088,910	67,093,679	518,985,224	0.70196	586,078,903
2006	518,890,658	24,066,085	70,375,100	65,948,903	547,382,940	0.71000	613,331,843
2007	575,350,800	31,069,213	78,941,550	59,056,703	626,304,860	0.68544	675,476,989
2008	600,156,971	28,662,138	76,930,280	53,267,496	652,481,893	0.76781	638,767,459

Source: Kleberg County Appraisal District

Notes: The Kleberg County Appraisal District assesses properties every three years. Property is assessed at fair market value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATE PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C	City Direct Rates		Overtapping Rates				
Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Rate	School District	County	STWA		
1999	0.37419	0.32588	0.70007	1.50	0.68	0.14		
2000	0.35939	0.32206	0.68145	1.50	0.72	0.13		
2001	0.35193	0.34952	0.70145	1.50	0.69	0.12		
2002	0.43650	0.26495	0.70145	1.62	0.69	0.12		
2003	0.44399	0.25128	0.69527	1.63	0.63	0.06		
2004	0.42980	0.25128	0.68511	1.59	0.61	0.06		
2005	0.44924	0.25272	0.70196	1.60	0.61	0.06		
2006	0.45633	0.25367	0.71000	1.45	0.61	0.06		
2007	0.50040	0.26741	0.68544	1.41	0.65	0.06		
2008	0,54154	0.26033	0.76781	1.34	0.68	0.06		

Source: Kleberg County Appraisal District

CITY OF KINGSVILLE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2008			1999			
Тахрауег		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
AEP Texas Central Company		14,974,450	1	2.29%	7,311,150	2	1 000		
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.		5,114,850	6	0.78%	7,511,150	4, .	1.80%		
Wal-Mart Stores East LP		6,805,960	3	1.04%	12,139,553	1	0.000		
Kingsville Two		5,787,540	4	0.89%	12,159,555	1 P	2.98%		
Eddie Yaklin Ford Lincoln Mercury Ltd.		5,581,270	5	0.86%					
Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.		4,824,300	7	0.74%	5,999,110	-			
HEB Grocery Inc		4,479,860	8	0.69%	5,053,652	3	1.47%		
Kingsville Square LTD		3,463,800	10	0.53%	5,055,052	. 4 .	1.24%		
Collegiate Kingsville Partners L.P.		7,025,900	2	1.08%					
Ticona Polymers, Inc.		3,561,290	9	0.55%					
Kleberg First National Bank		••••		0.0070	3,366,867		.		
Alpha Lake Ltd					3,179,140	5	0.83%		
University Square Apartments					2,490,870	6	0.78%		
RGV Inc.		4.				1	0.61%		
Apple Creek					2.095,820	8	0.51%		
K. A. Childs					1,972,918	9	0.48%		
Total	\$_	61,619,220		9.44%	1,948,984 \$45,558,064	10	0.48% 11.19%		

Source: Kleberg County Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Taxes	Collected v Fiscal Year	•••••	Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended September 30,	Levied for the Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years(1)	Amount	Percent Of Levy	
1999	2,830,648	2,672,191	94.4%	146,056	2,818,247	99.56%	
2000	3,003,723	2,825,009	94.1%	161,607	2,986,616	99.43%	
2001	3,249,432	3,060,005	94.2%	170,783	3,230,788	99.43%	
2002	3,391,973	3,193,026	94.1%	178,768	3,371,794	99.41%	
2003	3,429,931	3,237,999	94.4%	168,475	3,406,474	99.32%	
2004	3,447,050	3,250,187	94.3%	163,841	3,414,028	99.04%	
2005	3,653,715	3,455,881	94.6%	143,661	3,599,542	98.52%	
2006	3,901,561	3,726,279	95.5%	106,337	3.832.616	98.23%	
2007	4,136,029	3,911,104	94.6%	122,359	4,033,463	97.52%	
2008	4,734,428	4,530,260	95.7%	-	4,530,260	95.69%	

Source: Kleberg County Appraisal District

Notes: These accounts represent cash collections and any adjustments to the tax roll per the Kleberg County Appraisal District.

(1) Information required by GASB #44 differs from information reported. Collections in subsequent years represent total delinquent amounts received during the fiscal year, regardless of the fiscal year of the tax levy. Data for delinquent tax collections by levy year is not available for the Kleberg County Tax Assessor's Office.

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY,

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEA	RS
-----------------------	----

					С	alendar Ye	ar			
		1999		2000	-	2001	-	2002	· ·	2003
Building materials, hardware, etc.	5	31,015	\$	21,591	\$	19,595	\$	5,492	5	9,891
General merchandise		•		7,557		4,716		4,797	•	46.093
Food stores		1,539		815		491		579		11.039
Automotive dealers and gasoline		51,977		52,208		29,549		23,025		15,866
Apparel and accessory stores		4,007		4,709		11,795		14,472		3,738
Home furniture, furnishing, and equipment		19,752		18,919		20,410		16,668		3,944
Eating and drinking places		147,600		155,316		154,254		134,932		24,131
All other outlets		27,533	_	26,857	-	25,169	-	25,801		12,783
Total	\$ _	283,423	\$ _	287,972	\$_	265,979	\$ _	225,766	\$	127,485
City direct sales tax rate		1.5%		1.5%		1.5%		1.5%		1.5%

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Notes: Retail sales information is not available on a fiscal-year basis; the above information is is presented on a calendar year basis.

SCHEDULE 9

				(Calendar Ye	ar		
	2004	-	2005		2006	-	2007	2008
5	19,611	\$	18,040	\$	19,277	\$	20,422	\$ 22,706
	45,251		45,847		48,039		48,275	50,463
	11,074		11,832		12,793		13,915	15,905
	16,005		16,104		18,134		18,190	18,959
	3,698		4,388		4,597		4,204	3,770
	3,982		3,993		3,223		3,294	
	27,694		28,526		30,359		32,427	35,987
_	12,931		14,291		15,806		17,851	18,137
\$ =	140,246	\$	143,021	\$	152,228	\$	158,578	\$ 165,927
	1.5%		1.5%		1.5%		1.5%	1.5%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City			
Fiscal	Direct	Kleberg		
Years	Rate	County	State	
1999	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2000	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2001	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2002	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2003	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2004	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2005	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2006	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2007	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	
2008	1.50%	0.50%	6.25%	

Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Notes: The city sales tax rate may be changes only with the approval of state legislature.

SCHEDULE 10



RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gove	ernmental Activitie	Business-type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Capital Note Leases		Water Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	
1999	5,245,000	-	-	1,800,000	450,000	
2000	4,100,000	1,400,000	-	1,700,000	450,000	
2001	7,100,000	1,140,000	132,657	1,595,000	400,000	
2002	6,325,000	870,000	105,118	1,485,000	-	
2003	10,903,000	590,000	76,177	1,370,000	1,222,000	
2004	7,683,000	300,000	45,852	1,250,000	3,687,000	
2005	7,408,000	•	13.970	1,125,000	15,042,000	
2006	7,273,000	-	-	990,000	13,897,000	
2007	7,403,000	-	-	845,000	13,612,000	
2008	6,524,208	-	181,772	695,000	12,935,792	

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See Schedule 16 for personal income.

SCHEDULE 11

Total	Percentage		
Primary	of Personal	Per	
Government	Income	Capital	
7,495,000	1.85%	296.53	
7,650,000	1.71%	299.12	
9,967,657	2.06%	388.91	
8,785,118	1.66%	337.41	
14,161,177	2.59%	537.81	
12,965,852	2.34%	490.91	
23,588,970	4.12%	890.86	
22,160,000	3.83%	835.22	
21,860,000	3.53%	817.10	
20,336,772	3.05%	760.54	

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General Bonded Debt Outstanding		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
1999	5,245,000	0.0130%	207.51
2000	4,100,000	0.0093%	160.32
2001	7,100,000	0.0153%	270.70
2002	6,325,000	0.0130%	242.92
2003	10,903,000	0.0220%	414.07
2004	7,683,000	0.0153%	290.89
2005	7,408,000	0.0143%	279.98
2006	7,273,000	0.0133%	274.12
2007	7,403,000	0.0122%	276.72
2008	6,524,208	0.0109%	243.60

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

SCHEDULE 12

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Governmental Unit			
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Kingsville ISD Kleberg County South Texas Water Authority	\$ 42,054,993 375,000	100% \$ 50% 0%	42,054,993 187,500 0
Subtotal, overlapping debt			42,242,493
City direct debt			7,702,585
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$	49,945,078

Sources: Taxable value data used to estimated applicable percentages porvided by the County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Kingsville. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident-and therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping government.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

			Fiscal Year					
		1999		2000		2001		2002
Debt limit	\$	101,088,892	\$	110,194,297	\$	115,807,187	\$	120,912,493
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	5,904,163	-	5,482,170	-	4,527,295	_	6,868,550
Legal debt margin	\$_	95,184,729	\$ _	104,712,127	\$	111,279,892	\$ _	114,043,943
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		5.84%		4.98%		3.91%		5.68%

Note: Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 25 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

				Fis	cal Y	'ear		
2003		2004		2005		2006	 2007	 2008
\$ 123,782,082	\$	125,781,620	\$	129,498,770	\$	136,836,546	\$ 150,649,270	\$ 163,120,473
11,118,807		10,378,938	· -	9,454,598	-	9,315,986	7,091,586	 6,168,793
\$ 112,663,275	\$ =	115,402,682	\$	120,044,172	\$	127,520,560	\$ 143,557,684	\$ 156,951,680
8.98%		8.25%		7.30%		6.81%	4.71%	3.78%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2008

Assessed Value	\$	\$	652,481,893
Debt limit (25% of assessed value)		-	163,120,473
Debt applicable to limit:		_	
General obligation bonds	6,524,208		
Less: Amount set aside for			
repayment of general			
obligation debt	(355,415)		
Total net debt applicable to limit			6,168,793
Legal debt margin	S	s _	156,951,680

CITY OF KINGSVILLE PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	Utility	Less:	Net			
Fiscal	Service	Operating	Available	Debt S	ervice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
						~X
1999	4,363,617	3,200,878	1,162,739	95,000	98,874	6.00
2000	4,746,591	3,640,289	1,106,302	100,000	104,104	5.42
2001	5,001,443	3,926,418	1,075,025	110,000	87,297	5.45
2002	4,634,657	3,791,113	843,544	110,000	85,908	4.31
2003	5,035,993	3,477,154	1,558,839	115,000	119,047	6.66
2004	5,195,633	3,842,774	1,352,859	120,000	121,562	5.60
2005	6,086,253	3,634,213	2,452,040	240,000	324,670	4.34
2006	6,605,466	3,482,212	3,123,254	505,000	583,460	2.87
2007	6,375,409	3,329,444	3,045,965	525,000	556,922	2.82
2008	7,285,503	3,820,260	3,465,243	435,000	480,813	3.78

Sanitation C. O. Bonds Series 2001 (b)

Fiscal	Service	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt S	ervice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1999	-	-		-	•	-
2000	•	•	-	-	-	1 <u> </u>
2001	-	-	-	-		-
2002	•	•	-	-	-	-
2003	•	•	-	•	-	-
2004		1,592,760	(1,592,760)	310,000	97,792	-3.91
2005	2,892,724	1,642,222	1,250,502	325,000	85.065	3.05
2006	2,799,958	1,784,879	1,015,079	325,000	87.048	2.46
2007	2,851,654	1,487,099	1,364,555	335,000	75.023	3.33
2008	3,036,568	1,936,988	1,099,580	391,209	80,436	2.33

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, amortization expenses or transfers.

(a) These bonds are secured by ad valorem taxes and further secured by the net revenues of the wastewater and sanitary sewer system. It is the City's intent that these bonds will be paid from net revenue of the Utility System. The revenue and expenses represented are those of the water and waste water department.

(b) These bonds are secured by ad valorem taxes and are further secured by the net revenue of the waste water and sanitation sewer system. It is the city's intent to pay these bonds from the net revenue of the sanitation department since this this was the purpose for the bonds. In the year 2004 for government-wide financial statement presentation, these bonds were reclassified as Utility Funds bond and therefore were restated in the Utility Fund.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS, LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (Ihousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Education Level in Years of Schooling	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
	1999	25,276	405,831	16,056	27.5	N/A	4996	6.6%
	2000	25,575	446,207	17,447	26.0	12.3	4819	5.9%
	2001	25,631	483,965	18,882	29.2	N/A	4760	6.5%
	2002	26,037	529,072	20,320	28.4	N/A	4644	6.2%
	2003	26,331	546,289	20,747	28.3	N/A	4620	6.2%
	2004	26,412	554,705	21,002	28.3	N/A	4541	6.0%
	2005	26,479	572,794	21,632	28.3	N/A	4339	5.0%
	2006	26,532	578,636	21,809	28.4	N/A	4246	4.2%
	2007	26,753	619,025	24,761	27.9	N/A	4156	4.4%
	2008	26,782	619,952	26,740	27.8	N/A	4026	4.5%

Sources: City of Kingsville

Kingsville Independent School District Chamber of Commerce

Notes: Population, median age, and educational level information are based on surveys conducted during the last quarter of the calendar year. Personal income information is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is an adjusted yearly average. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year.

U.S. Census Bureau for population 25 years or older, some years not available.

TOP TEN EMPLOYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2008			1999	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Naval Air Station (Military)	1,830	1	14.72%	1,799	1	14.09%
Texas A&M - Kingsville	1,593	2	12.82%	902	3	7.07%
Kingsville I.S.D	683	3	5.50%	730	4	5.72%
King Ranch	337	4	2.71%	450	8	3.52%
Wal-Mart	334	5	2.69%	339	. 9	2.66%
Spohn Kleberg Memorial Hospital	300	6	2.41%	530	6	4.15%
Hoest Celanese	290	7	2.33%	940	2	7.36%
Kleberg County	275	8	2.21%			7.00%
City of Kingsville	260	9	2.09%			
Border Patrol	242	10	1.95%			
HEB Grocery				240	10	1.88%
Mundy Corporation				484	7	3.79%
Calling Solutions				700	5	5.48%
Total	\$6,144		49.43% \$	7,114		55.72%

Source: City of Kingsville

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Full-time-Equivalent Employees as of September 30,										
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
City Commission	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
General Government	33	34	37	37	36	37	37	37	33	33	
Fire	35	33	33	33	33	33	33	30	33	33	
Health	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	12	
Library	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	8	
Police	63	64	64	63	67	67	67	67	63	60	
Public Works	96	98	.110	96	97	99	98	99	97	96	
Task Force	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	
Total	266	268	<u>287</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>272</u>	<u>276</u>	275	272	261	259	

Source: City of Kingsville

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2080.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year		
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Function/Program					· · · · · · · ·
General government					
Building permits issued	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2000
Building inspections conducted	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2063 N/A
Police		11/0	11/23	N/A	N/A
Physical arrest	2599	2218	2384	2653	
Parking violations	125	101	84	76	2433
Traffic violations	6175	5890	7088	4967	37
Fire	0175	3030	/000	4907	3947
Emergency responses	1742	2002	2006	2020	
Fire extinguishers	501	572	572	2028	2113
Inspections	292	737		405	359
Refuse Collections	292	131	0	0	189
Refuse collected (tons per day)	83.12	82.46			
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1.41		55.95	59.03	68.28
Other public works	1.41	0.90	1.08	1.13	1.02
Street resurfacing (miles)	N/A	N/A	N 1/A		
Potholes repaired	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks and recreation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alhletic field permits issued					~
Community center admissions					
Library					
Volumes in collection	86355	87002	87372	60205	50000
Total volumes borrowed	54691	50625	48919	47690	58300
Health	54031	50025	40919	47090	48306
Environmental Health					
Consumer Health					
Weed Control					
Animal Control					
Water					
New connections	43	29	36	48	38
Water main breaks	162	386	536	439	377
Average daily consumption	3754	4138	4198	4047	3412
(thousands of gallons)				1007	5412
Peak daily consumption	5209	5395	5411	5753	4615
(thousands of gallons)			0.11	5755	4015
Wastewaler					
Average daily sewer treatment					
(thousands of gallons)	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
- ,			2000	2000	2000

Sources: various city departments

SCHEDULE 19

 2004	2005	Fiscal Year 2006	2007	2008
 			2007	2008
2186	2821	2523	2355	230
N/A	N/A	1337	1477	1934
1838	1902	1791	2208	1000
29	16		2208	1829
2829	2449	70	158	111
2025	2449	4334	5561	3796
1980	1883	1973	2108	2159
338	363	424	438	521
374	376	234	300	409
79.74	97.13	76.03	75.52	81.94
0.39	1.05		1.12	0.70
3.52	4,43	3.20	6.00	3.60
2100	2200	2000	1900	2900
59973	61648	63086	65306	66015
51784	51791	53209	56446	50526
16861	16298	17670	17153	5028
2329	1984	1854	2222	2440
2964	2533	3224	2575	2527
6516	7406	7925	7484	10956
80	45	45	99	50
334	415	537	780	445
3184	3184	3579	3059	3447
4420	4987	4955	4462	4778
2000	2000	2000	2000	1700

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

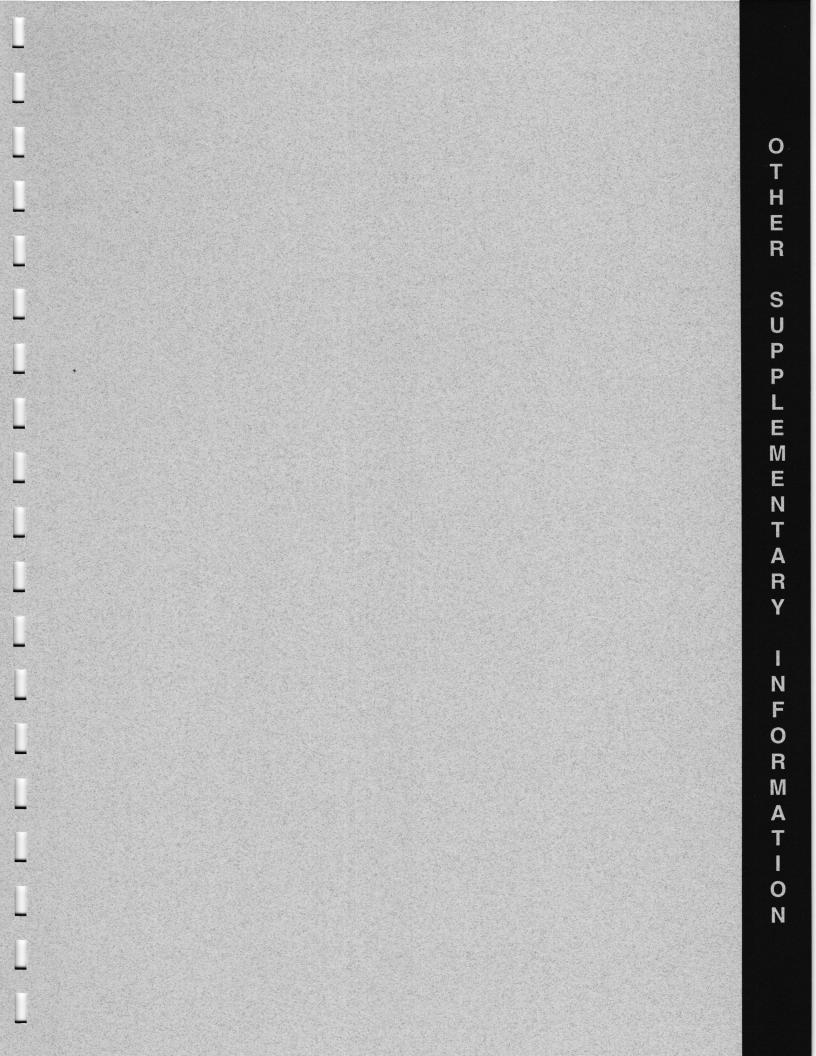
		Fiscal Year						
	<u>1999</u>	2000	2001	2002	2003			
Function/Program								
Police								
Stations	1	1	1	1	1			
Patrol units	39	56	46	51	63			
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2			
Refuse collections	_	_	_	-	-			
Collection trucks	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	15			
Other public works								
Street (miles)	94.4	104	104	104	104			
Highway (miles)								
Streetlights	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Traffic signals	4	4	4	4	4			
Parks and recreation					• .			
Acreage	195	195	195	195	195			
Playgrounds	9	9	9	9	9			
Baseball/Softball diamonds	12	12	12	12	12			
Soccer/football fields	12	12	12	12	12			
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2			
Water								
Water mains (miles)	113	113	113	113	113			
Fire hydranis	608	623	658	667	674			
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	10,382	9,594	9,594	9,594	9,594			
Wastewater								
Sanitary sewers (miles)	90.9	90.9	90.9	90.9	90.9			
Storm sewers (miles)	15.3	15.3	15.5	15.5	15.5			
Treatment capacity (thousand of gallons)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000			

Sources: Various city departments

SCHEDULE 20

Fiscal Year							
2004	2005	2006	2007	2008			
1	. 1	1	1				
63	54	53	45	4:			
2	2	2	2	:			
18	18	18	18	11			
104	105.25	105.52	105.52	105.52			
N/A	546	554	554	554			
4	4	4	4	4			
195	195	195	195	195			
9	9	9	9	ç			
12	12	12	12	12			
12	12	12	12	12			
2	2	2	2	2			
113	114.72	115.72	115.72	115.94			
681	686	692	692	696			
9,594	9,594	9,679	9,679	9,764			
91.11	92.4	94.6	94.6	96.1			
15.5	15.77	15.98	15.98	15.98			
4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000			





JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA

JOHN R. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P. O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

City Commission City of Kingsville P.O. Box 1458 Kingsville, Texas 78364

Members of the City Commission:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Kingsville as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City of Kingsville's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 29, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Kingsville's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kingsville's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kingsville's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the previous paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we considered to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Kingsville's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Kingsville's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented by the City of Kingsville's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 08-1and 08-2 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Kingsville's internal control.



PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION. AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider items 08-1 and 08-2 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Kingsville's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 08-3.

We also noted other matters that we reported to management of City of Kingsville in a separate letter dated May 29, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity and the City Commission and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

John Womack & Company, P.C. May 29, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

- A. Summary of Auditor's Results **Financial Statements** 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: One or more material weaknesses identified? No Х Yes One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Х Yes None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes Х No 2. **Federal Awards** A Single Audit was not required in the current year.
- B. Financial Statement Findings

08-1 Internal Control - Bank Reconciliaitons

Condition:

The City has not reconciled the pooled cash accounts and other bank accounts on a timely basis during the year or at year-end.

Criteria:

Cash accounts should be reconciled monthly and all related journal entries made on a timely basis.

Cause:

The City experienced staffing changes and turnover in the accounting department in 2008, and are training new personnel.

Effect:

The effect of the unreconciled bank accounts was inaccuracy in monthly reporting, and, potentially, an inability to recognize fraud or other inaccuracies.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure that personnel are provided proper training, bank accounts are reconciled, and all related journal entries posted on a timely basis.

08-2 Internal Control - Reconciliaiton of Asset and Liability Accounts

Condition:

The City has not reconciled certain asset and liability accounts on a timely basis during the year or at year-end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Criteria:

Asset and liability accounts should be reconciled monthly and all related journal entries made on a timely basis.

Cause:

The City experienced staffing changes and turnover in the accounting department in 2008, and are training new personnel.

Effect:

The effect of the unreconciled bank accounts was inaccuracy in monthly reporting, and, potentially, an inability to recognize fraud or other inaccuracies.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure that personnel are provided proper training, asset and liability accounts are reconciled, and all related journal entries posted on a timely basis.

08-3 State Compliance - Public Funds Investment Act

Condition:

The City did not fully comply with the Public Funds Investment Act.

Criteria:

The City's investment officer is required by the Act to submit quarterly investment reports to the Commission for their review. These quarterly reports were not always presented on a timely basis. In addition, the act requires the Commission to formally review the City's investment policy on an annual basis. The policy was not reviewed during the 07-08 fiscal year, but was reviewed in November, 2008.

Cause:

The City experienced staffing changes and turnover in the accounting department during the 07-08 fiscal year.

Effect:

The potential effect of non-compliance with the Act is the possibility of unauthorized or unapproved investments or a lack of timely changes in investment policies due to changing market conditions.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City review the Public Funds Investment Act and implement policies and procedures to ensure full compliance.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Finding/Recommendation

07-1 State Compliance - Budget

The General Fund Budgetary Comparison contains excess expenditures over appropriations. The adopted budget should be amended as necessary throughout the year. Our recommendation is that the City review budgeting procedures in order to insure that necessary amendments are made in a timely manner.

07-2 Internal Control - Task Force

The City had a significant deficiency in internal control over certain areas of Task Force operations during the year. First, there was a lack of control over cash in the imprest fund. Second, there was a lack of controls over credit card purchases, including the inability to support expenditures with proper documentation. We recommend that the City implement policies and procedures over the reimbursement of the imprest fund, as well as over credit card purchases, to ensure the safeguarding of City assets and the proper control, documentation, and recording of City expenditures.

07-3 Internal Control - Prior Period Adjustments

The City had a significant deficiency in internal control over reporting resulting in prior period adjustments for expenditures not recorded in the internal service fund in the prior year, as well as a correction of amounts previously reported as revenue in the Police Forfeiture Funds. We recommend that reconciliations be made on a timely basis to ensure that all expenditures are recorded in the proper period, and further review of interim financial statements be established to reduce risk of material misstatement.

Current Status

Management's Explanation If Not Implemented

Implemented

N/A

Implemented

N/A

Implemented

N/A

CITY OF KINGSVILLE CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

08-1 Internal Control - Bank Reconciliations

The City will implement policies and procedures necessary to ensure that bank reconciliations are performed monthly, and all related journal entries are posted on a timely basis in order to provide for more accurate monthly financial statements. Mark Rushing, Finance Director, will coordinate these efforts.

08-2 Internal Control - Reconciliation of Asset and Liability Accounts

The City will implement policies and procedures necessary to ensure that subledger reconciliations for assets and liabilities are performed monthly, and all related journal entries are posted on a timely basis in order to provide for more accurate monthly financial statements. Mark Rushing, Finance Director, will coordinate these efforts.

08-3 State Compliance - Public Funds Investment Act

The City will revew the Public Funds Investment Act, and implement policies and procedures to ensure full compliance with the Act. Mark Rushing, Finance Director will coordinate these efforts.