

CONTRACT DOCUMENTS FOR

CITY OF KINGSVILLE

GLOSS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET)

SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS

KINGSVILLE, TX

CDBG-MIT GLO CONTRACT NO. 22-082-016-D218
(City of Kingsville Bid No. 24-09)

MARCH 2024

PREPARED BY:



INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
www.icengineers.net



Julio A. Macias, P.E.
3/6/2024

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BID PACKAGE

The following list includes CDBG-MIT forms and documents that are required by GLO to be in the construction contract, in addition to your standard bid/contract documents.

*Items 5-15 are to be provided to and completed by all bidders.

1. Sample Advertisement for Bids (first notice must be at least 15 days prior to bid opening)
2. Instruction to Bidders
3. Equal Opportunity Guidelines for Construction Contractors
4. City/County's Section 3 Policy (GW will provide)
5. **Statement of Bidder's Qualifications**
6. **Conflict of Interest Questionnaire**
7. **Certificate of Recovered Materials**
8. **Non-collusion Affidavit of Prime Bidder**
9. **Certification of Bidder Regarding Civil Rights Laws and Regulations**
10. **Contractor's Local Opportunity Plan**
11. **Proposed Contracts Breakdown (expected subcontractors and labor classifications including Section 3 utilization)**
12. **Contractor Certification of Efforts to Fully Comply with Employment and Training Provision of Section 3**
13. **Certification Regarding Lobbying**
14. **Disclosure of Lobbying Activities and Instructions**
15. **Bid Bond**
16. Sample Construction Contract - Standard Form of Agreement
17. General Conditions Part 1
18. Minority/Female Goals
19. Federal Labor Standards Provisions (HUD 4010 language)
20. Title 29 – Labor
21. Concerning Labor Standards and Prevailing Wage Requirements
22. Project specific Davis-Bacon Wage decision
23. GLO Signage Requirements
24. Section 504 Certification
25. Child Support Statement
26. Payment Bond
27. Performance Bond
28. Certificate of Liability Insurance
29. Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 and Instructions
30. Section 3 Clause
31. HUD Examples of Efforts to Offer Training and Employment Opportunities for Section 3 Residents (info sheet for contractors)
32. GLO New Hires Section 3 Monthly Compliance Report (submitted with payroll by contractor monthly)
33. CDBG-MIT Section 3 Brochure Info Sheet
34. GLO Assurances for Construction Programs
35. GLO General Affirmations
36. Attorney's Review Certification
37. Final Payment Affidavit
38. Additional Requirements (attached separately)
39. Change Order Form
40. Certificate of Construction Completion (COCC)

Construction Advertisement and Invitation for Bids

The City of Kingsville will receive bids for (GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS (CDBG-MIT GLO CONTRACT NO. 22-082-016-D218)) until (2:00 p.m.) on (Tuesday, April 9, 2024) at (400 W. King Ave, Kingsville, Tx 78363). Bids must be addressed to: (Rutilio “Rudy” Mora, Jr., P.E.). The bids will be publicly opened and read aloud at (2:00 p.m.) on (Tuesday, April 9, 2024) at (400 W. King Ave, Kingsville, Tx 78363).

A pre-bid site meeting is scheduled for Monday, April 1, 2024 at (10:00 a.m.) at the City of Kingsville, 400 W. King Ave, Kingsville, TX 78363.

Bids are invited for several items and quantities of work as follows:

1. Base Bid

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QTY.	UNIT COST	TOTAL
A1	MOBILIZATION / BONDS / INSURANCE	LS	1	\$	\$
A2	TRAFFIC CONTROL	LS	1	\$	\$
A3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TYPE 2)	EA	1	\$	\$
A4	SWPP (SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE)	LF	3,800	\$	\$
A5	EROSION CONTROL LOG	LF	50	\$	\$
A6	REMOVE PORTION OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT	SY	27	\$	\$
A7	REMOVE CONCRETE CURB RAMP	SF	60	\$	\$
A8	REMOVE CONCRETE SIDEWALK	SF	62	\$	\$
A9	REMOVE EXISTING GRAVEL DRIVEWAY	SY	10	\$	\$
A10	18” SELECT FILL	SY	795	\$	\$
A11	6” LIMESTONE PAD	SY	701	\$	\$
A12	WOOD FENCE	LF	285	\$	\$
A13	24’ DOUBLE WOODEN GATE	LF	24	\$	\$
A14	PROOF ROLLING	SY	795	\$	\$
A15	CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	SY	246	\$	\$
A16	24”Ø RCP (CLASS V)	LF	68	\$	\$
A17	SAFETY END TREATMENT (SET)	EA	2	\$	\$
A18	H.M.A.C. PAVEMENT REPAIR	SY	27	\$	\$
A19	6”Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	10	\$	\$
A20	18”Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	40	\$	\$
A21	6”Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	2,795	\$	\$
A22	6”Ø X 45° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	2	\$	\$
A23	6”Ø X 90° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	1	\$	\$
A24	LIFT STATION ASSEMBLY	EA	1	\$	\$
A25	4’Ø FIBERGLASS SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	5	\$	\$
A26	12”Ø STEEL CASING BORE ¼” THICKNESS W/PIPE VENT	LF	307	\$	\$
A27	2” AIR RELEASE VALVE W/4’Ø FIBERGLASS SS MANHOLE	EA	1	\$	\$
A28	12”Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	840	\$	\$
A29	20”Ø STEEL CASING BORE ¼” THICKNESS W/PIPE VENT	LF	135	\$	\$

A30	GRAVEL DRIVEWAY REPAIR	SY	10	\$	\$
A31	8"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	729	\$	\$
A32	12"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	3,100	\$	\$
A33	18"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	3,339	\$	\$
A35	6"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	309	\$	\$
A36	GENERATOR (62.5 kVA)	EA	1	\$	\$
A37	STAND BY GENERATOR CONCRETE PAD	SY	3	\$	\$
A38	STEEL CANOPY STRUCTURE	EA	1	\$	\$
A39	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	EA	1	\$	\$
A40	AEP POWER POLE TRANSFORMER	EA	1	\$	\$
A41	12"Ø TIE-IN CONNECTION SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1	\$	\$
A42	18"Ø TIE-IN CONNECTION SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1	\$	\$
A43	REMOVE HEADWALL AND PORTION OF 16"Ø R.C.P.	LF	20	\$	\$
A45	RE-GRADE DITCH AREA	LF	21	\$	\$
A47	RE-USE TXDOT SIGN	EA	1	\$	\$
A48	JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER CROSSING I	EA	1	\$	\$
A49	JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER CROSSING II	EA	1	\$	\$
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	681	\$	\$
A51	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC DR-18 (C900)	LF	20	\$	\$
A52	UTILITY ADJUSTMENT	LS	1	\$	\$
A53	4"Ø X 6"Ø EXPANDER	EA	1	\$	\$

TOTAL BID \$ _____
ENGINEER ESTIMATE \$ 2,469,899.28

Bid/Contract Documents, including Drawings and Technical Specifications are on file at (400 W. King Ave, Kingsville, Tx 78363).

Copies of the Bid/Contract Documents may be downloaded for the City of Kingsville website at www.cityofkingsville.com/departments/purchasing/rfpbid-opening-fy-2024 for each set of documents obtained.

A bid bond in the amount of 5 percent of the bid issued by an acceptable surety shall be submitted with each bid [for those contracts that exceed \$100,000]. A certified check or bank draft payable to the (City of Kingsville) or negotiable U.S. Government Bonds (as par value) may be submitted in lieu of the Bid Bond.

The project to be constructed will be financed with assistance from the General Land Office (GLO) under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grant - Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) program and is subject to all applicable Federal and State laws and regulations. Attention is called to the fact that not less than, the federally determined prevailing Davis-Bacon and Related Acts wage rate, as issued by the Department of Labor and contained in the contract documents, must be paid on this project. In addition, the successful bidder must ensure that employees and applicants for employment are

not discriminated against because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Adherence to the (City of Kingsville) Section 3 Policy is required for all contracts.

All contractors and subcontractors must be cleared (not suspended or debarred) prior to any formal action authorizing the award of a contract to the contractor. Minority Business Enterprises, Small Business Enterprises, Women Business Enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are encouraged to submit bids.

The (City of Kingsville) reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to waive any informalities in the bidding. Bids may be held by (City of Kingsville) for a period not to exceed 60 days from the date of the bid opening for the purpose of reviewing the bids and investigating the bidder's qualifications prior to the contract award.

City of Kingsville

Rutilio P. Mora Jr., PE

City Engineer

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS FOR CONSTRUCTION

The project to be constructed will be financed with assistance from the General Land Office (GLO) under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grant - Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) program and is subject to all applicable Federal and State laws and regulations. The (City of Kingsville) is the subrecipient of the grant funding and is hereby referred to as "City".

1. Use of Separate Bid Forms

These contract documents include a complete set of bid and contract forms which are for the convenience of the bidders and are not to be detached from the contract document, completed or executed. Separate bid forms are provided for your use.

2. Interpretations or Addenda

No oral interpretations will be made to any bidder. Each request for clarification shall be made in writing to the City or engineer no less than seven (7) days prior to the bid opening. Each interpretation made will be in the form of an Addendum to the contract documents and will be distributed to all parties holding contract documents no less than seven (7) days prior to the bid opening. It is, however, the bidder's responsibility to make inquiry as to any addenda issued. All such addenda shall become part of the contract documents and all bidders shall be bound by such addenda, whether or not received by the bidders.

If an addendum to the bid package is necessary, it must be distributed to each potential bidder. The distribution of an addendum shall be verified either by statements of receipt or registered/certified mail receipts, which shall be included in the public works construction file. The addendum shall allow adequate time for consideration in bid preparation (usually at least one week). If adequate time is not available, the bid opening date must be extended and the City must republish the invitation for bids containing the place, time, and date for the new bid opening. Note that any change to the original bid opening date will require republication of the invitation for bids at least once in a locally published newspaper. The republished notice will include the place, time and date for the new bid opening and must be published at least seven days prior to the new bid opening date.

3. Inspection of Site

Each bidder should visit the site of the proposed work and should become acquainted with the existing conditions and facilities, the difficulties and restrictions pertaining to the performance of the contract. The bidder should thoroughly examine and become familiar with the drawings, technical specifications and all other contract documents. The contractor by the execution of the contract shall in no way be relieved of any obligation under it due to failure to receive or examine any form or legal document or to visit the site or the conditions existing at the site. The City will be justified in rejecting any claim based on lack of inspection of the site prior to the bid.

4. Alternate bid items

No alternate bids or bid items will be considered unless they are specifically requested by the technical specifications.

5. Bids

- a. All bids must be submitted on the forms provided and are subject to all requirements of the Contract Documents, including the Drawings.
- b. All bids must be regular in every respect and no interlineation, excisions or special conditions may be made or included by the bidder.
- c. Bid documents, including but not limited to the bid, the bid bond(s), the contractor's certifications, Certification of Bidder Regarding Civil Rights Laws and Regulations, Certification of Efforts to comply with Section 3, Local Opportunity Plan, Conflict of Interest Questionnaire, Non-collusion Affidavit of Prime Bidder, Certification Regarding Lobbying and Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, Proposed Contract Breakdown, Certificate of Recovered Materials, and the Statement of the Bidder's Qualifications, shall be sealed in an envelope and clearly labeled with the words "Bid Documents", the project's contract number, name of bidder and the date and time of bid opening.
- d. The City may consider as irregular any bid on which there is an alteration of or departure from the bid form and, at its option, may reject any irregular bid.
- e. If a contract is awarded, it will be awarded to a responsible bidder on the basis of the lowest/best bid and the selected alternate bid items, if any. The contract will require the completion of the work in accordance with the contract documents.

6. Bid Modifications Prior to Bid Opening

- a. Any bidder may modify its bid by submitting a modification or supplemental bid at any time prior to the scheduled closing time for receipt of bids, provided such modification or supplemental bid is received by the City prior to the closing time. The modification or supplemental bid should not reveal the original bid price but should provide only the addition, subtractions or other modifications to the original bid so that the final prices or terms will not be known by the City until the sealed bid is open.

7. Bid Bond

- a. A bid bond in the amount of 5% of the bid issued by an acceptable surety shall be submitted with each bid [for contracts greater than \$100,000]. A certified check or bank draft payable to the City or negotiable U.S. Government Bonds (as par value) may be submitted in lieu of the Bid Bond.
- b. The bid bond or its comparable, will be returned to the bidder as soon as practical after the opening of the bids.

8. Statement of Bidders Qualifications

Each bidder shall submit on the form furnished for that purpose a statement of the bidder's qualifications. The City shall have the right to take such steps as it deems necessary to determine the ability of the bidder to perform its obligations under the contract, and the bidder shall furnish the City all such information and data for this purpose as it may request. The right is reserved to reject any bid where an investigation of the available data does not satisfy the City that the bidder is qualified to carry out properly the terms of the contract.

9. Unit Price

The unit price for each of the several items in the bid shall include its pro rata share of overhead so that the sum of the products obtained by multiplying the quantity shown for each item by the unit price bid represents the total bid. Any bid not conforming to this requirement may be rejected as informal. Special attention is drawn to this condition, as the unit prices will be used to determine the amount of any change orders resulting from an increase or decrease in quantities.

10. Corrections:

Erasures or other corrections in the bid must be noted over the signature of the bidder.

11. Time for Receiving Bids

Bids received prior to the advertised hour of opening shall be kept securely sealed. The officer appointed to open the bids shall decide when the specified time has arrived and no bid received thereafter will be considered; except that when a bid arrives by mail after the time fixed for opening, but before the reading of all other bids is completed, and it is shown to the satisfaction of the City that the late arrival of the bid was solely due to delay in the mail for which the bidder was not responsible, such bid will be received and considered.

12. Opening of Bids

The City shall, at the time and place fixed for the opening of bids, open each bid and publicly read it aloud, irrespective of any irregularities therein. Bidders and other interested individuals may be present.

13. Withdrawal of Bids

Bidder may withdraw the bid before the time fixed for the opening of bids, by communicating its purpose in writing to the City. Upon receipt of such notice, the unopened bid will be returned to the bidder. The bid guaranty of any bidder withdrawing his bid will be returned promptly.

14. Award of Contract/Rejection of Bids

- a. The contract will be awarded to the responsive, responsible Bidder submitting the lowest/best bid. The bidder selected will be notified at the earliest possible date. The City reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any informality in bids received where such rejection or waiver is in its interest.
- b. The City reserves the right to consider as unqualified to do the work any bidder who does not habitually perform with his own forces the major portions of the work involved in construction of the improvements embraced in this contract.

15. Execution of Agreement/Performance and Payment Bonds

- a. Performance Bonds - Requires all prime contractors which enter into a formal contract in excess of \$100,000 with the State, a county, or a municipality; a department, board, or agency of the state, a county, or a municipality; and a school district or a subdivision thereof, to obtain a Performance Bond in the amount of the contract before commencing with work
- b. Payment Bonds- Requires all prime contractors which enter into a formal contract with the State, a county, or a municipality; a department, board, or agency of the state, a county, or a municipality; and a school district or a subdivision thereof, to furnish to the governmental entity a payment bond in the amount of the contract. The payment bond must be filed within 30 days from the date of the Notice of Award:
 - Municipalities: If the contract is in excess of \$50,000, a payment bond is required.
 - Counties: If the contract is in excess of \$25,000, a payment bond is required.
- c. The failure of the successful bidder to execute the agreement and supply the required bonds within thirty (30) days from the date of the notice of award-or within such extended period as the City may grant, shall constitute a default and the City may, at its option either award the contract to the next lowest responsible bidder, or re-advertise for bids. In either case, the City may charge against the bidder the difference between the amount of the bid, and the amount for which a contract is subsequently executed irrespective of whether this difference exceeds the amount of the bid bond. If a more favorable bid is received through re-advertisement, the defaulting bidder shall have no claim against the City for a refund.

16. Wages and Salaries

Attention is particularly called to the requirement of paying not less than the prevailing Davis Bacon Related Acts (DBRA) wage rates specified in the Contract Documents. These rates are minimums to be paid during the life of the contract. It is therefore the responsibility of the Bidder to inform themselves as to local labor conditions.

17. Equal Employment Opportunity

Attention is called to the requirements for ensuring that employees and applicants for employment are not discriminated against because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin, and other civil rights requirements.

18. Certification Regarding Lobbying

Contractors who apply or bid for an award of \$100,000 or more shall provide the required certification that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 USC § 1352.

19. System for Award Management (SAM)

All contractors and subcontractors must be searched on www.sam.gov and cleared (not suspended or debarred) prior to any formal action authorizing the award of a contract to the contractor.

Equal Opportunity Guidelines for Construction Contractors

Note: To be included in bid packet and distributed at the preconstruction conference (optional)

1. What are the responsibilities of the offeror or bidder to ensure equal employment opportunity?

For contracts over \$ 10,000, the offeror or bidder must comply with the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications."

2. Are construction contractors required to ensure a legal working environment for all employees?

Yes, it is the construction contractor's responsibility to provide an environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion to all employees and to notify all foremen and supervisors to carry out this obligation, with specific attention to minority or female individuals.

3. To alleviate developing separate facilities for men and women on all sites, can a construction contractor place all women employees on one site?

No, two or more women should be assigned to each site when possible.

4. Are construction contractors required to make special outreach efforts to Section 3 or minority and female recruitment sources?

Yes, construction contractors must establish a current list of Section 3, minority and female recruitment sources. Notification of employment opportunities, including the availability of on-the-job training and apprenticeship programs, should be given to these sources. The efforts of the construction contractors should be kept in file.

5. Should records be maintained on the number of Section 3 residents, minority and females applying for positions with construction contractors?

Yes, records must be maintained to include a current list of names, addresses and telephone numbers of all Section 3, minority and female applicants. The documentation should also include the results of the applications submitted.

6. What happens if a woman or minority is sent to the union by the Contractor and is not referred back to the Contractor for employment?

If the unions impede the construction contractor's responsibility to provide equal employment opportunity, a written notice should be submitted to GLO.

7. What efforts are made by construction contractors to create entry-level positions for Section 3 residents, women and minorities?

Construction contractors are required to develop on-the-job training programs, or participate in training programs, especially those funded by the Department of Labor, to create positions for Section 3 residents, women and minorities and to meet employment needs.

8. Are any efforts made by the Contractor to publicize their Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) policy?

Yes, the construction contractor is responsible for notifying unions and sources of training programs of their equal employment opportunity policy. Unions should be requested to cooperate in the effort of equal opportunity. The policy should be included in any appropriate manuals, or collective bargaining agreements. The construction contractor is encouraged to publicize the equal employment opportunity policy in the company newspaper and annual report. The Contractor is also responsible to include the EEO policy in all media advertisement.

9. Are any in-service training programs provided for staff to update the EEO policy?

At least annually a review of the EEO policy and the affirmative action obligations are required of all personnel employees of a decision-making status. A record of the meeting including date, time, location, persons present, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter should be maintained.

10. What recruitment efforts are made for Section 3 residents, minorities and women?

The construction contractor must notify, both orally and in writing, Section 3, minority and female recruitment sources one month prior to the date of acceptance for apprenticeship or other training programs.

11. Are any measures taken to encourage promotions for minorities and women?

Yes, an annual evaluation should be conducted for all minority and female personnel to encourage these employees to seek higher positions.

12. What efforts are taken to insure that personnel policies are in accordance with the EEO policy?

Personnel policies in regard to job practices, work assignments, etc. should be continually monitored to insure that the EEO policy is carried out.

13. Can women be excluded from utilizing any facilities available to men?

No, all facilities and company activities are non-segregated except for bathrooms or changing facilities to ensure privacy.

14. What efforts should be utilized to include minority and female contractors and suppliers?

Take affirmative steps to ensure that small, minority, and women owned businesses are included on all lists for contractors/service providers. Solicit these businesses when issuing RFPs and RFQs and soliciting construction bids. Divide project activities into small tasks to allow participation. Keep records of all offers to minority and female construction contractors.

15. If a construction contractor participates in a business related association that does not comply with equal opportunity affirmative action standards, does that show his/her failure to comply?

No, the construction contractor is responsible for its own compliance.

16. Can a construction contractor hire a subcontractor who has been debarred from government contracts pursuant to EEO?

No. The construction contractor must suspend, terminate or cancel its contract with any Subcontractor who is in violation of the EEO policy.

17. What effort has been taken by the construction contractor to monitor all employment to insure the company EEO policy is being carried out?


The construction contractor must designate a responsible individual to keep accurate records of all employees that includes specific information required by the government.

SECTION 3 POLICY

In accordance with 12 U.S.C. 1701u, (Section 3), City of Kingsville agrees to implement the following steps, which, to the *greatest extent feasible*, will provide job training, employment and contracting opportunities for Section 3 residents and Section 3 businesses of the areas in which the program/project is being carried out.

- A. Introduce and pass a resolution adopting this plan as a policy to strive to attain goals for compliance to Section 3 regulations by increasing opportunities for employment and contracting for Section 3 residents and businesses.
- B. Assign duties related to implementation of this plan to the designated Section 3 Coordinator.
- C. Notify Section 3 residents and business concerns of potential new employment and contracting opportunities as they are triggered by CDBG-MIT grant awards through the use of: Public Hearings and related advertisements; public notices; bidding advertisements and bid documents; notification to local business organizations such as the Chamber(s) of Commerce or the Urban League; local advertising media including public signage; project area committees and citizen advisory boards; local HUD offices; regional planning agencies; and all other appropriate referral sources. Include Section 3 clauses in all covered solicitations and contracts.
- D. Maintain a list of those businesses that have identified themselves as Section 3 businesses for utilization in CDBG-MIT funded procurements, notify those businesses of pending contractual opportunities, and make this list available for general Grant Recipient procurement needs.
- E. Maintain a list of those persons who have identified themselves as Section 3 residents and contact those persons when hiring/training opportunities are available through either the Grant Recipient or contractors.
- F. Require that all Prime contractors and subcontractors with contracts over \$100,000 commit to this plan as part of their contract work. Monitor the contractors' performance with respect to meeting Section 3 requirements and require that they submit reports as may be required by HUD or GLO to the Grant Recipient.
- G. Submit reports as required by HUD or GLO regarding contracting with Section 3 businesses and/or employment as they occur; and submit reports within 20 days of federal fiscal year end (by October 20) which identify and quantify Section 3 businesses and employees.
- H. Maintain records, including copies of correspondence, memoranda, etc., which document all actions taken to comply with Section 3 regulations.

As officers and representatives of the City of Kingsville, we the undersigned have read and fully agree to this plan and become a party to the full implementation of this program.


Signature

Sam R. Fugate, Mayor
Name, Title

December 13, 2021
Date

STATEMENT OF BIDDER'S QUALIFICATIONS

All questions must be answered and the data given must be clear and comprehensive. **This statement must be notarized.** If necessary, questions may be answered on separate attached sheets. The Bidder may submit any additional information it desires.

Date: _____

Bidder (Legal Name of Firm): _____

Date Organized: _____

Name of Owner(s): _____

Address: _____

Date Incorporated _____

Federal ID Number: _____

Number of Years in contracting business under present name _____

List all other names under which your business has operated in the last 10 years:

Work Presently Under Contract:

Contract	Amount \$	Completion Date
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Type of work performed by your company: _____

Total Staff employed by Firm (Break down by Managers and Trades on separate sheet):

Have you ever failed to complete any work awarded to you? Yes No

(If yes, please attach summary of details on a separate sheet. Include brief explanation of cause and resolution)

Have you ever defaulted on a contract? Yes No

(If yes, please attach summary of details on a separate sheet.)

Has your organization had any disbarments or suspensions that have been imposed in the past five years or that was still in effect during the five-year period or is still in effect? Yes No

(If yes, list and explain; such list must include disbarments and suspensions of officers, principals, partners, members, and employees of your organization.)

List the projects most recently completed by your firm (include project of similar importance):

Project	Amount \$	Mo/Yr Completed
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Major equipment available for **this** contract: _____

Are you in compliance with all applicable EEO requirements? Yes No
(If no, please attach summary of details on a separate sheet.)

(Optional) Minority Business Reporting Information:

Owner's Race: _____
Owner's Ethnicity: _____
Owner's Gender: _____

Are you a Section 3 business? (see below) Yes No

Section 3 Business Concerns:

- a) Businesses that are 51 percent or more owned by Section 3 residents;
- b) Businesses whose permanent, full-time employees include persons, at least 30 percent of whom are currently Section 3 residents, or within three years of the date of first employment with the firm were Section 3 residents;
- c) Businesses that provide evidence of a commitment to subcontract in excess of 25 percent of the dollar amount of all subcontracts to be awarded to businesses that meet the qualifications described above; or
- d) Businesses located within the City jurisdiction that identifies themselves as Section 3 Business Concerns because they provide economic opportunities for low- and very low-income persons.

Bank References

Address: _____ Contact Name: _____
City & State: _____ Zip: _____ Phone Number: _____
Credit available: \$ _____

Has the firm or predecessor firm been involved in a bankruptcy or reorganization? Yes No
(If yes, please attach summary of details on a separate sheet.)

List on a sheet attached hereto all judgements, claims, arbitration proceedings, or suits pending or outstanding against bidder over the last five (5) years with amount of claim and brief description.

List on a sheet attached hereto all lawsuits or requested arbitration with regard to construction contracts which bidder has initiated within the last five (5) years and brief explanation of claim and outcome.

Attach resume(s) for the principal member(s) of your organization, including the officers as well as the proposed superintendent for the project.

Signed this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

Signature

Printed Name and Title

Company Name

Notary Statement:

_____ being duly sworn, says that he/she is the _____ Position/Title
of _____ (Firm Name), and hereby swears that the answers to the foregoing
questions and all statements therein contained are true and correct. He/she hereby authorizes and requests any person,
firm, or corporation to furnish any information requested by City of _____ in verification of the recitals
comprising this Statement of Bidder's Qualifications.

Subscribed and sworn before me this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

Notary Public

Signature

Printed Name

My Commission Expires: _____.

The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U. S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE
For vendor doing business with local governmental entity

FORM CIQ

This questionnaire reflects changes made to the law by H.B. 23, 84th Leg., Regular Session.

This questionnaire is being filed in accordance with Chapter 176, Local Government Code, by a vendor who has a business relationship as defined by Section 176.001(1-a) with a local governmental entity and the vendor meets requirements under Section 176.006(a).

By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator of the local governmental entity not later than the 7th business day after the date the vendor becomes aware of facts that require the statement to be filed. See Section 176.006(a-1), Local Government Code.

A vendor commits an offense if the vendor knowingly violates Section 176.006, Local Government Code. An offense under this section is a misdemeanor.

OFFICE USE ONLY

Date Received

1 Name of vendor who has a business relationship with local governmental entity.

2 **Check this box if you are filing an update to a previously filed questionnaire.** (The law requires that you file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than the 7th business day after the date on which you became aware that the originally filed questionnaire was incomplete or inaccurate.)

3 Name of local government officer about whom the information is being disclosed.

Name of Officer

4 Describe each employment or other business relationship with the local government officer, or a family member of the officer, as described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A). Also describe any family relationship with the local government officer. Complete subparts A and B for each employment or business relationship described. Attach additional pages to this Form CIQ as necessary.

A. Is the local government officer or a family member of the officer receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from the vendor?

Yes No

B. Is the vendor receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from or at the direction of the local government officer or a family member of the officer AND the taxable income is not received from the local governmental entity?

Yes No

5 Describe each employment or business relationship that the vendor named in Section 1 maintains with a corporation or other business entity with respect to which the local government officer serves as an officer or director, or holds an ownership interest of one percent or more.

6 Check this box if the vendor has given the local government officer or a family member of the officer one or more gifts as described in Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a-1).

7

Signature of vendor doing business with the governmental entity

Date

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE

For vendor doing business with local governmental entity

A complete copy of Chapter 176 of the Local Government Code may be found at <http://www.statutes.legis.state.tx.us/Docs/LG/htm/LG.176.htm>. For easy reference, below are some of the sections cited on this form.

Local Government Code § 176.001(1-a): "Business relationship" means a connection between two or more parties based on commercial activity of one of the parties. The term does not include a connection based on:

- (A) a transaction that is subject to rate or fee regulation by a federal, state, or local governmental entity or an agency of a federal, state, or local governmental entity;
- (B) a transaction conducted at a price and subject to terms available to the public; or
- (C) a purchase or lease of goods or services from a person that is chartered by a state or federal agency and that is subject to regular examination by, and reporting to, that agency.

Local Government Code § 176.003(a)(2)(A) and (B):

(a) A local government officer shall file a conflicts disclosure statement with respect to a vendor if:

(2) the vendor:

(A) has an employment or other business relationship with the local government officer or a family member of the officer that results in the officer or family member receiving taxable income, other than investment income, that exceeds \$2,500 during the 12-month period preceding the date that the officer becomes aware that

- (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor has been executed;
- or
- (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor;

(B) has given to the local government officer or a family member of the officer one or more gifts that have an aggregate value of more than \$100 in the 12-month period preceding the date the officer becomes aware that:

- (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor has been executed; or
- (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor.

Local Government Code § 176.006(a) and (a-1)

(a) A vendor shall file a completed conflict of interest questionnaire if the vendor has a business relationship with a local governmental entity and:

- (1) has an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A);
- (2) has given a local government officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, one or more gifts with the aggregate value specified by Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding any gift described by Section 176.003(a-1); or
- (3) has a family relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity.

(a-1) The completed conflict of interest questionnaire must be filed with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the later of:

(1) the date that the vendor:

- (A) begins discussions or negotiations to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity; or
- (B) submits to the local governmental entity an application, response to a request for proposals or bids, correspondence, or another writing related to a potential contract with the local governmental entity; or

(2) the date the vendor becomes aware:

- (A) of an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer, or a family member of the officer, described by Subsection (a);
- (B) that the vendor has given one or more gifts described by Subsection (a); or
- (C) of a family relationship with a local government officer.

CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION of RECOVERED MATERIAL

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I, _____ (Principal's Name) of _____ (Company Name), (hereinafter called "Contractor"), acknowledge the recovered material bidding requirements found in 2 CFR 200.322 that requires the Contractor to procure those items designated in the guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition.

I also acknowledge that this requirement shall apply to items purchased (1) where the Contractor purchases in excess of \$10,000 of the item under this contract; or (2) where during the preceding fiscal year, the value of the quantity acquired was in excess of \$10,000.

Finally, I acknowledge the attached list of recovered materials included in the bid documents.

(For up-to-date listing, please go to <https://www.epa.gov/smm/comprehensive-procurement-guideline-cpg-program#directory>)

Printed Name and Title

Signature

Date

USE OF RECOVERED MATERIAL

Please check one:

- Recovered materials are included in this bid:

Materials included _____

- Recovered materials are not reasonably available in a reasonable period of time.
 Recovered materials fail to meet reasonable performance standards, which are determined on the basis of the guidelines of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, if applicable.
 Recovered materials are only available at an unreasonable price.

Printed Name and Title

Signature

Date

NONCOLLUSION AFFIDAVIT OF PRIME BIDDER

State of Texas)

County of _____)

_____, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that:

(1) He/She is _____ of _____, the Bidder that has submitted the attached Bid;

(2) He/She is fully informed respecting the preparation and contents of the attached Bid and of all pertinent circumstances respecting such Bid;

(3) Such Bid is genuine and is not a collusive or sham Bid;

(4) Neither the said Bidder nor any of its officers, partners, owners, agents, representatives, employees or parties in interest, including this affiant, has in any way colluded, conspired, connived or agreed, directly or indirectly with another Bidder, firm or person to submit a collusive or sham Bid in connection with the Contract for which the attached Bid has been submitted or to refrain from bidding in connection with such Contract, or has in any manner, directly or indirectly, sought by agreement or collusion or communication or conference with any other Bidder, firm or person to fix the price or prices in the attached Bid or of any other Bidder, or to fix an overhead, profit or cost element of the Bid price or the Bid price of any other Bidder, or to secure through any collusion, conspiracy, connivance or unlawful agreement any advantage against the _____ (Local Public Agency) or any person interested in the proposed Contract; and

(5) The price or prices quoted in the attached Bid are fair and proper and are not tainted by any collusion, conspiracy, connivance or unlawful agreement on the part of the Bidder or any of its agents, representatives, owners, employees, or parties in interest, including this affiant.

(Signed) _____

Title

Subscribed and sworn to me this _____ day of _____.

By: _____

Notary Public

My commission expires _____

CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

CERTIFICATION OF BIDDER REGARDING CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

CERTIFICATION OF BIDDER REGARDING Executive Order 11246 and Federal Laws Requiring Federal Contractor to adopt and abide by equal employment opportunity and affirmative action in their hiring, firing, and promotion practices. This includes practices related to race, color, gender, religion, national origin, disability, and veterans' rights.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BIDDER (include ZIP Code)

CERTIFICATION BY BIDDER

Bidder has participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to Civil Rights Laws and Regulations.

- Yes No

The undersigned hereby certifies that:

- The Provision of Local Training, Employment, and Business Opportunities clause (Section 3 provision) is included in the Contract. A written Section 3 plan (Local Opportunity Plan) was prepared and submitted as part of the bid proceedings (if bid equals or exceeds \$100,000).
- The Equal Opportunity clause is included in the Contract (if bid equals or exceeds \$10,000).

Have you ever been or are you being considered for sanction due to violation of Executive Order 11246, as amended?

- Yes No

NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Please type)

SIGNATURE

DATE

CONTRACTOR'S LOCAL OPPORTUNITY PLAN

_____ (Name of Company) agrees to implement the following specific affirmative action steps directed at increasing the utilization of lower income residents and businesses within the (City) of _____.

- A. To ascertain from the City CDBG program official the exact boundaries of the project area and where advantageous, seek the assistance of local officials in preparing and implementing the affirmative action plan.

- B. To attempt to recruit from within the city the necessary number of lower income residents through: local advertising media, signs placed at the proposed site for the project, and community organizations and public or private institutions operating within and servicing the project area such as Service Employment and Redevelopment (SER), Opportunities Industrialization Center (OIC), Urban League, Concentrated Employment Program, Hometown Plan, or the U.S. Employment Service.

- C. To maintain a list of all lower income residents who have applied either on their own or on referral from any source, and to employ such persons, if otherwise eligible and if a vacancy exists.

- D. To insert this plan in all bid documents and to require all bidders on subcontracts to submit an affirmative action plan including utilization goals and the specific steps planned to accomplish these goals.

- E. To ensure that subcontracts (greater than \$10,000), which are typically let on a negotiated rather than a bid basis in areas other than the covered project area, are also let on a negotiated basis, whenever feasible, in a covered project area.

- F. To formally contact unions, subcontractors, and trade associations to secure their cooperation in this effort.

- G. To ensure that all appropriate project area business concerns are notified of pending sub-contractual opportunities.

- H. To maintain records, including copies of correspondence, memoranda, etc., which document that all of the above affirmative action steps have been taken.

- I. To appoint or recruit an executive official of the company or agency as Equal Opportunity Officer to coordinate the implementation of this plan.

- J. To maintain records concerning the amount and number of contracts, subcontracts, and purchases which contribute to objectives.

- K. To maintain records of all projected work force needs for all phases of the project by occupation, trade, skill level, and number of positions and to update these projections based on the extent to which hiring meets these Local Opportunity objectives.

As officers and representatives of _____ (Name of Company), we the undersigned have read and fully agree to this Plan and the City Section 3 Plan, and become a party to the full implementation of the program and its provisions.

Signature

Printed Name

Title

Date

Instructions for Proposed Contracts Breakdown and Estimated Project Workforce Breakdown

Proposed Contracts Breakdown

Type of Contracts – list all construction, materials, or other types of subcontracts (for example: electrical, plumbing, concrete, boring, etc.)

No. of Contracts – Number of contracts under this category

Approximate Total Dollar Amount – Total amount of each contract

Estimated No. to Local Business – Number of contracts awarded to local businesses and Section 3 businesses

Estimated \$ Amount to Local Business - How many dollars will be spent locally for each type of contract? For example: will you hire any local employees or subcontractors?

Estimated Project Workforce Breakdown

Work Classifications – Classification of project employees as defined on Wage Rate

Total Estimated Positions – List the number employees for each work classification will you need on this project

Number of Positions Currently Filled – List the number of estimated positions you currently have filled

Number of Positions Not Filled – List the number of estimated positions you currently do not have filled

Number of Positions to Fill with Low to Moderate Income (Section 3) Residents – List the number of local residents earning low to moderate incomes that you plan to employ to fill the estimated positions not filled

PROPOSED CONTRACTS BREAKDOWN

Type of Contracts	No. of Contracts	Approx. Total Dollar Amount	Estimated No. to local Business	Estimated \$ Amount Local Business

ESTIMATED PROJECT WORKFORCE BREAKDOWN

Work Classifications	Total Estimated Positions	No. of Positions Currently Filled	No. of Positions not Filled	No. of Positions to fill with LMI Residents (Section 3)
Totals				



Texas General Land Office
 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
 Disaster Recovery Program

CERTIFICATION FOR BUSINESS CONCERNS
Seeking Section 3 Preference in Contracting and
Demonstration of Capability

Economic Opportunities for Low and Very Low-Income Persons

Grantee/Subrecipient:	Contract Number:	Date:
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

CONTRACTOR INFORMATION

Name of Business

Address of Business

- Type of Business: Corporation Partnership Non-Profit
 Sole Proprietorship Joint Venture Consortium

Attach the following documentation as evidence of Section 3 eligible status:
 (Definition of "Section 3 Business Concern" in 24 CFR 135 describes the three alternative qualifications.)

For Business claiming status as a Section 3 resident-owned enterprise:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Copy of resident lease | <input type="checkbox"/> Copy of receipt of public assistance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Copy of evidence of participation in a public assistance program | <input type="checkbox"/> Other evidence |

For business entity as applicable:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Copy of Articles of Incorporation | <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Good Standing |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Assumed Business Name Certificate | <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership Agreement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> List of owners/stockholders and % ownership of each appointed officers | <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation Annual Report |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Organization chart with names and titles and brief function statement | <input type="checkbox"/> Latest Board minutes |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Additional documentation |

For business entity claiming Section 3 status by subcontracting 25 percent of the dollar awarded to qualified Section 3 business(es):

- List of subcontracted Section 3 business(es) and subcontract amount

For business claiming Section 3 status, by claiming at least 30 percent of their workforce are currently Section 3 residents or were Section 3 eligible residents within 3 years of date of first employment with the business:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> List of all current full-time employees | <input type="checkbox"/> List of employees claiming Section 3 status |
| <input type="checkbox"/> PHA/IHA Residential lease less than 3 years from day of employment | <input type="checkbox"/> Other evidence of Section 3 status less than 3 years from date of employment |

Evidence of ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed contract:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Current financial statement | <input type="checkbox"/> Statement of ability to comply with public policy |
| <input type="checkbox"/> List of owned equipment | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> List of all contracts for the past two years | |

 Authorized Name and Signature

 Date (Corporate Seal)

Attested By: _____

CERTIFICATION REGARDING LOBBYING
COMPLIANT WITH APPENDIX A TO 24 C.F.R. PART 87*

(To be submitted with each bid or offer exceeding \$100,000)

Certification for Contracts, Grants, Loans, and Cooperative Agreements:

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Statement for Loan Guarantees and Loan Insurance:

The undersigned states, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that: If any funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this commitment providing for the United States to insure or guarantee a loan, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions. Submission of this statement is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required statement shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

As the duly authorized representative of the Contractor, I hereby certify that the applicant will comply with the above applicable certification.

Signature of Contractor's Authorized Official

Printed Name and Title of Contractor's Authorized Official

Date

*24 C.F.R. 87 App. A, available at <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/granule/CFR-2011-title24-vol1/CFR-2011-title24-vol1-part87-appA>. Published Apr. 1, 2011. Accessed Aug. 1, 2018.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether sub awardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a follow-up report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
4. Enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the sub awardee, e.g., the first sub awardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks "Sub awardee," then enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
6. Enter the name of the federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitations for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal agency). Included prefixes, e.g., "RFP-DE-90-001."
9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, State and zip code of the lobbying registrant under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.

(b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10(a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
11. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act, as amended, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control Number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is OMB No. 4040-0013. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (4040-0013), Washington, DC 20503

Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352

(See reverse for public burden disclosure)

<p>1. Type of Federal Action:</p> <p>_____ a. contract</p> <p>_____ b. grant</p> <p>_____ c. cooperative agreement</p> <p>_____ d. loan</p> <p>_____ e. loan guarantee</p> <p>_____ f. loan insurance</p>	<p>2. Status of Federal Action:</p> <p>_____ a. bid/offer/application</p> <p>_____ b. initial award</p> <p>_____ c. post-award</p>	<p>3. Report Type:</p> <p>_____ a. initial filing</p> <p>_____ b. material change</p> <p>For material change only:</p> <p>Year _____ quarter _____</p> <p>Date of last report _____</p>
<p>4. Name and Address of Reporting Entity:</p> <p>_____ Prime _____ Sub awardee</p> <p style="padding-left: 150px;">Tier _____, if Known:</p> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">Congressional District, if known:</p>	<p>5. If Reporting Entity in No. 4 is Sub awardee,</p> <p>Enter Name and Address of Prime:</p> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">Congressional District, if known:</p>	
<p>6. Federal Department/Agency:</p>	<p>7. Federal Program Name/Description:</p> <p style="margin-top: 20px;">CFDA Number, if applicable: _____</p>	
<p>8. Federal Action Number, if known:</p>	<p>9. Award Amount, if known:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$</p>	
<p>10. a. Name and Address of Lobbying Registrant</p> <p><i>(if individual, last name, first name, MI):</i></p>	<p>b. Individuals Performing Services <i>(including address if different from No. 10a)</i></p> <p><i>(last name, first name, MI):</i></p>	

11. Information requested through this form is authorized by title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. This disclosure of lobbying activities is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed by the tier above when this transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure is required pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352. This information will be reported to the Congress semi-annually and will be available for public inspection. Any person who fails to file the required disclosure shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Signature: _____

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Telephone No.: _____ Date: _____

Federal Use Only

Authorized for Local Reproduction
Standard Form - LLL (Rev. 7-97)

BID BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we the undersigned, _____ as PRINCIPAL, and _____, as SURETY are held and firmly bound unto (City of Kingsville) hereinafter called the "Local Public Agency", in the penal sum of _____ Dollars, (\$_____), lawful money of the United States, for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that whereas the Principal has submitted the Accompanying Bid, dated _____, for _____

NOW, THEREFORE, the Principal shall not withdraw said Bid within the period specified therein after the opening of the same, or, if no period be specified, within thirty (60) days after the said opening, and shall within the period specified therefor, or if no period be specified, within ten (10) days after the prescribed forms are presented to him for signature, enter into a written contract with the Local Public Agency in accordance with the Bid as accepted, and give bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties, as may be required, for the faithful performance and proper fulfillment of such contract; or in the event of the withdrawal of said Bid within the period specified, or the failure to enter into such Contract and give such bond within the time specified, if the Principal shall pay the Local Public Agency the difference between the amount specified in said Bid and the amount for which the local Public Agency may procure the required work or supplies or both, if the latter be in excess of the former, then the above obligation shall be void and of no effect, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, the above parties have executed this instrument this _____ day of _____, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being hereto affixed and these present signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

(SEAL)

(SEAL)

Attest:

By: _____

Affix
Corporate
Seal

Attest:

By: _____

Affix
Corporate
Seal

Attest:

By: _____

Countersigned

By _____

* Attorney-in-Fact, State of Texas

CERTIFICATE AS TO CORPORATE PRINCIPAL

I, _____, certify that I am the Secretary of the Corporation named as Principal in the bid bond; that _____, who signed the said bond on behalf of the Principal was then _____ of said corporation; that I know his/her signature, and his/her signature thereto is genuine; and that said bond was duly signed, sealed, and attested to, on behalf of said corporation by authority of its governing body.

Corporate
Seal

Title: _____

* Power-of-attorney for person signing for Surety Company must be attached to bond.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

THIS AGREEMENT made this the _____ day of _____, _____, by and between _____ (a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of _____) (a partnership consisting of _____) (an individual trading as _____) hereinafter called the "Contractor", and City of Kingsville hereinafter called the "City"

WITNESSETH, that the Contractor and the City for the considerations stated herein mutually agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. Statement of Work. The Contractor shall furnish all supervision, technical personnel, labor, materials, machinery, tools, equipment and services, including utility and transportation services, and perform and complete all work required for the construction of the Improvements embraced in the Project; namely, (GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS (CDBG-MIT GLO CONTRACT NO. 22-082-016-D218) for the Community Development Block Grant – Mitigation (CDBG-DR) project, all in strict accordance with the contract documents including all addenda thereto, numbered _____, dated _____ and _____, all as prepared by International Consulting Engineers (ICE) acting and in these contract documents preparation, referred to as the "Engineer".

ARTICLE 2. The Contract Price. The City will pay the Contractor for the performance of the Contract in current funds, for the total quantities of work performed at the *unit prices* stipulated in the Bid for the several respective items of work completed subject to additions and deductions as provided in _____ hereof.

ARTICLE 3. The Contract. The executed contract documents shall consist of the following components:

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| a. This Agreement (pgs. 1-3) | f. General Conditions, Part I |
| b. Addenda | g. Special Conditions |
| c. Invitation for Bids | h. Technical Specifications |
| d. Instructions to Bidders | i. Drawings (<i>as listed in the Schedule of Drawings</i>) |
| e. Signed Copy of Bid | j. [Add any applicable documents] |

ARTICLE 4. Performance. Work, in accordance with the Contract dated _____, _____, shall commence on or before _____, _____, and Contractor shall complete the WORK within 240 consecutive calendar days thereafter. The date of completion of all WORK is therefore _____, _____.

This Agreement, together with other documents enumerated in this ARTICLE 3, which said other documents are as fully a part of the Contract as if hereto attached or herein repeated, forms the Contract between the parties hereto. In the event that any provision in any component part of this Contract conflicts with any provision of any other component part, the provision of the component part first enumerated in this ARTICLE 3 shall govern, except as otherwise specifically stated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed in triplicate original copies on the day and year first above written.

(The Contractor)

By _____

Title _____

(City/County)

By _____

Title _____

Corporate Certifications

I, _____, certify that I am the _____ of the corporation named as Contractor herein; that _____ who signed this Agreement on behalf of the Contractor, was then _____ of said corporation; that said Agreement was duly signed for and in behalf of said corporation by authority of its governing body, and is within the scope of its corporate powers.

Corporate
Seal

(Corporate Secretary)

GENERAL CONDITIONS - PART I

FOR CONSTRUCTION

1. Contract and Contract Documents

- a. The project to be constructed pursuant to this contract will be financed with assistance from the General Land Office (GLO) through the Community Development Block Grant – Mitigation (CDBG-MIT) fund and is subject to all applicable Federal and State laws and regulations.
- b. The Plans, Specifications and Addenda shall form part of this contract and the provisions thereof shall be binding upon the parties as if they were herein fully set forth.

2. Definitions

Whenever used in any of the Contract Documents, the following meanings shall be given to the terms here in defined:

- (a) The term "Contract" means the Contract executed between the (City of Kingsville), hereinafter called the "City" and - _____, hereinafter called "Contractor", of which these GENERAL CONDITIONS, form a part.
- (b) The term "Project Area" means the area within the specified Contract limits of the Improvements contemplated to be constructed in whole or in part under this contract.
- (c) The term "Engineer" means (International Consulting Engineers), Engineer in charge, serving the City with architectural or engineering services, his successor, or any other person or persons, employed by the City for the purpose of directing or having in charge the work embraced in this Contract.
- (d) The term "Contract Documents" means and shall include the following: Executed Contract, Addenda (if any), Invitation for Bids, Instructions to Bidders, Signed Copy of Bid, General Conditions, Special Conditions, Technical Specifications, and Drawings (as listed in the Schedule of Drawings).

3. Supervision By Contractor

- (a) Except where the Contractor is an individual and personally supervises the work, the Contractor shall provide a competent superintendent, satisfactory to the Engineer, on the work at all times during working hours with full authority to act as Contractor's agent. The Contractor shall also provide adequate staff for the proper coordination and expediting of his work.
- (b) The Contractor shall be responsible for all work executed under the Contract. Contractor shall verify all figures and elevations before proceeding with the work and will be held responsible for any error resulting from his failure to do so.

4. Subcontracts

- (a) The Contractor shall not execute an agreement with any subcontractor or permit any subcontractor to perform any work included in this contract until Contractor has verified the subcontractor has been cleared (not suspended or debarred) to participate in federally funded contracts.

- (b) No proposed subcontractor shall be disapproved by the City except for cause.
- (c) The Contractor shall be as fully responsible to the City for the acts and omissions of his subcontractors, and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them.
- (d) The Contractor shall cause appropriate provisions to be inserted in all subcontracts relative to the work and required compliance by each subcontractor with the applicable provisions of the Contract.
- (e) Nothing contained in the Contract shall create any contractual relation between any subcontractor and the City.
- (f) Contractors are encouraged to subcontract with Minority Business Enterprises, Small Business Enterprises, Women Business Enterprises, and labor surplus area firms.

5. Fitting and Coordination of Work

The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper fitting of all work and for the coordination of the operations of all trades, subcontractors, or material suppliers engaged upon this Contract.

6. Payments to Contractor

(a) Partial Payments

- 1) The Contractor shall prepare the requisition for partial payment as of the last day of the month and submit it, with the required number of copies, to the Engineer for approval. The amount of the payment due the Contractor shall be determined by adding to the total value of work completed to date, the value of materials properly stored on the site and deducting (1) five percent (5%) of the total amount, to be retained until final payment, and (2) the amount of all previous payments. The total value of work completed to date shall be based on the estimated quantities of work completed and on the unit prices contained in the agreement. The value of materials properly stored on the site shall be based upon the estimated quantities of such materials and the invoice prices. Copies of all invoices shall be available for inspection of the Engineer.
- 2) Monthly or partial payments made by the City to the Contractor are advanced for the purpose of assisting the contractor to expedite the work of construction. The Contractor shall be responsible for the care and protection of all materials and work upon which payments have been made until final acceptance of such work and materials by the City. Such payments shall not constitute a waiver of the right of the City to require the fulfillment of all terms of the Contract and the delivery of all improvements embraced in this Contract complete and satisfactory to the City in all details.

(b) Final Payment

- 1) After final inspection and the acceptance by the City of all work under the Contract, the Contractor shall prepare the requisition for final payment which shall be based upon the careful inspection of each item of work at the applicable unit prices stipulated in the Contract. The total amount of the final payment due the Contractor under this Contract shall be the amount computed as described above less all previous payments.
- 2) Before paying the final estimate, City shall require the Contractor to furnish releases or receipts from all subcontractors having performed any work and all persons having supplied materials, equipment (installed on the Project) and services to the Contractor. The City may make payment in part or in full to the Contractor without

requiring the furnishing of such releases or receipts and any payments made shall in no way impair the obligations of any surety or sureties furnished under this Contract.

3) Any amount due the City under Liquidated Damages, shall be deducted from the final payment due the contractor.

(c) Payments Subject to Submission of Certificates

Each payment to the Contractor by the City shall be made subject to submission by the Contractor of all written certifications required of it and its subcontractors.

(d) Withholding Payments

The City may withhold any payment due the Contractor as deemed necessary to protect the City, and if so elects, may also withhold any amounts due from the Contractor to any subcontractors or material dealers, for work performed or material furnished by them. The foregoing provisions shall be construed solely for the benefit of the City and will not require the City to determine or adjust any claims or disputes between the Contractor and its subcontractors or material dealers, or to withhold any moneys for their protection unless the City elects to do so. The failure or refusal of the City to withhold any moneys from the Contractor shall in no way impair the obligations of any surety or sureties under any bond or bonds furnished under this Contract.

7. Changes in the Work

(a) The City may make changes in the scope of work required to be performed by the Contractor under the Contract without relieving or releasing the Contractor from any obligations under the Contract or any guarantee given pursuant to the Contract provisions, and without affecting the validity of the guaranty bonds, and without relieving or releasing the surety or sureties of said bonds. All such work shall be executed under the terms of the original Contract unless it is expressly provided otherwise. Additionally, all such change orders must be approved by CDBG-MIT prior to execution of same.

(b) Except for the purpose of affording protection against any emergency endangering health, life, limb or property, the Contractor shall make no change in the materials used or in the specified manner of constructing and/or installing the improvements or supply additional labor, services or materials beyond that actually required for the execution of the Contract, unless in pursuance of a written order from the City authorizing the Contractor to proceed with the change. No claim for an adjustment of the Contract Price will be valid unless so ordered.

(c) If applicable unit prices are contained in the Contract, the City may order the Contractor to proceed with desired unit prices specified in the Contract; provided that in case of a unit price contract the net value of all changes does not increase the original total amount of the agreement by more than twenty-five percent (25%) or decrease the original total amount by more than twenty-five percent (25%) for municipalities and eighteen percent (18%) for counties without the written consent of the contractor. [Texas Local Government Code Section 252.048(d) and Section 262.031(b)]

(d) Each change order shall include in its final form:

1) A detailed description of the change in the work.

2) The Contractor's proposal (if any) or a confirmed copy thereof.

3) A definite statement as to the resulting change in the contract price and/or time.

4) The statement that all work involved in the change shall be performed in accordance with contract requirements except as modified by the change order.

5) The procedures as outlined in this Section for a unit price contract also apply in any lump sum contract.

8. Claims for Extra Cost

(a) If the Contractor claims that any instructions by Drawings or otherwise involve extra cost or extension of time, he shall, within ten days after the receipt of such instructions, and in any event before proceeding to execute the work, submit his protest thereto in writing to the City, stating clearly and in detail the basis of his objections. No such claim will be considered unless so made.

(b) Claims for additional compensation for extra work, due to alleged errors in ground elevations, contour lines, or bench marks, will not be recognized unless accompanied by certified survey data, made prior to the time the original ground was disturbed, clearly showing that errors exist which resulted, or would result, in handling more material, or performing more work, than would be reasonably estimated from the Drawings and maps issued.

(c) Any discrepancies which may be discovered between actual conditions and those represented by the Drawings and maps shall be reported at once to the City and work shall not proceed except at the Contractor's risk, until written instructions have been received from the City.

(d) If, on the basis of the available evidence, the City determines that an adjustment of the Contract Price and/or time is justifiable, a change order shall be executed.

9. Termination, Delays, and Liquidated Damages

Right of the City to Terminate Contract for Convenience

City may at any time and for any reason terminate Contractor's services and work at City convenience upon providing written notice to the Contractor specifying the extent of termination and the effective date. Upon receipt of such notice, Contractor shall, unless the notice directs otherwise, immediately discontinue the work and placing of orders for materials, facilities and supplies in connection with the performance of this Agreement.

Upon such termination, Contractor shall be entitled to payment only as follows: (1) the actual cost of the work completed in conformity with this Agreement plus (2) such other costs actually incurred by Contractor as are permitted by the prime contract and approved by City. There shall be deducted from such sums as provided in this subparagraph the amount of any payments made to Contractor prior to the date of the termination of this Agreement. Contractor shall not be entitled to any claim or claim of lien against City for any additional compensation or damages in the event of such termination and payment.

Right of the City to Terminate Contract for Cause

If the Contractor fails to fulfill in a timely and proper manner its obligations under this Agreement, or if the Contractor violates any of the covenants, conditions, agreements, or stipulations of this Agreement, the City shall have the right to terminate this Agreement by giving written notice to the Contractor of such termination and specifying the effective date thereof, which shall be at least five days before the effective date of such termination. In the event of termination for cause, all finished or unfinished documents, data, studies, surveys, drawings, maps, models, photographs and reports prepared by the Contractor pursuant to this Agreement shall, at the option of the City, be turned over to the City and become the

property of the City. In the event of termination for cause, the Contractor shall be entitled to receive reasonable compensation for any necessary services actually and satisfactorily performed prior to the date of termination.

Notwithstanding the above, the Contractor shall not be relieved of liability to the City for damages sustained by the City by virtue of any breach of contract by the Contractor, and the City may set-off the damages it incurred as a result of the Contractor's breach of contract from any amounts it might otherwise owe the Contractor. 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II(B)

(a) Liquidated Damages for Delays.

If the work is not completed within the time stipulated in the applicable bid for Lump Sum or Unit Price Contract provided, the Contractor shall pay to the City as fixed, agreed, and liquidated damages (it being impossible to determine the actual damages occasioned by the delay) the amount of \$200 for each calendar day of delay, until the work is completed. The Contractor and Contractor's sureties shall be liable to the City for the amount thereof.

(b) Excusable Delays.

- 1) The right of the Contractor to proceed shall not be terminated nor shall the Contractor be charged with liquidated damages for any delays in the completion of the work due to:
- 2) Any acts of the Government, including controls or restrictions upon or requisitioning of materials, equipment, tools, or labor by reason of war, national defense, or any other national emergency;
- 3) Any acts of the City;
- 4) Causes not reasonably foreseeable by the parties to this Contract at the time of execution which are beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, including, but not restricted to, acts of God, terrorism, war, acts of another Contractor in the performance of some other contract with the City, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine, restrictions, strikes, freight embargoes, and weather of unusual severity such as hurricanes, tornadoes, cyclones and other extreme weather conditions.
- 5) Provided, however, that the Contractor promptly notifies the City within ten (10) days in writing of the cause of the delay. Upon receipt of such notification, the City shall ascertain the facts and the cause and extent of delay. If, upon the basis of the facts and the terms of this contract, the delay is properly excusable, the City shall extend the time for completing the work for a period of time commensurate with the period of excusable delay.

10. Assignment or Novation

The Contractor shall not assign nor transfer, whether by assignment or novation, any of its rights, duties, benefits, obligations, liabilities, or responsibilities under this Contract without the written consent of the City. No assignment or novation of this Contract shall be valid unless the assignment or novation expressly provides that the assignment of any of the Contractor's rights or benefits under the Contract is subject to a prior lien for labor performed, services rendered, and materials, tools, and equipment supplied for the performance of the work under this Contract in favor of all persons, Contractors, or corporations rendering such labor or services or supplying such materials, tools, or equipment.

11. Technical Specifications and Drawings

Anything mentioned in the Technical Specifications and not shown on the Drawings or vice versa, shall be of like effect as if shown on or mentioned in both. In case of difference between Drawings and Technical Specifications, the Technical Specifications shall govern. In case of any discrepancy in Drawings, or Technical Specifications, the matter shall be immediately submitted to the City for review. Contractor shall be liable for any issues or expenses in the event the discrepancy is not submitted to the City.

12. Shop Drawings

- (a) All required shop drawings, machinery details, layout drawings, etc. shall be submitted to the Engineer in 3 copies for approval sufficiently in advance of requirements to afford ample time for checking, including time for correcting, resubmitting and rechecking if necessary. The Contractor may proceed, only at Contractor's own risk, with manufacture or installation of any equipment or work covered by said shop drawings, etc. until they are approved and no claim, by the Contractor, for extension of the contract time shall be granted by reason of his failure in this respect.
- (b) Any drawings submitted without the Contractor's stamp of approval will not be considered and will be returned to him for proper resubmission. If any drawings show variations from the requirements of the Contract because of standard shop practice or other reason, the Contractor shall make specific mention of such variation in his letter of transmittal in order that, if acceptable, suitable action may be taken for proper adjustment of contract price and/or time, otherwise the Contractor will not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the work in accordance with the Contract even though the drawings have been approved.
- (c) If a shop drawing is in accordance with the contract or involves only minor adjustment in the interest of the City not involving a change in contract price or time, the engineer may approve the drawing. The approval shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility to adhere to the contract or for any error in the drawing.

13. Requests for Supplementary Information

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to make timely requests of the City for any additional information which should be furnished by the City under the terms of this Contract, and which is required in the planning and execution of the work. Such requests may be submitted from time to time as the need approaches, but each shall be filed in ample time to permit appropriate action to be taken by all parties involved so as to avoid delay. Each request shall be in writing, and list the various items and the latest date by which each will be required by the Contractor. The first list shall be submitted within two weeks after Contract award and shall be as complete as possible at that time. The Contractor shall, if requested, furnish promptly any assistance and information the Engineer may require in responding to these requests of the Contractor. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for any delay in his work or to others arising from his failure to comply fully with the provision of this section.

14. Materials and Workmanship

- (a) Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the technical specifications, all workmanship, equipment, materials and articles incorporated in the work shall be new and the best grade of the respective kinds for the purpose. Where equipment, materials, articles or workmanship are referred to in the technical specifications as "equal to" any particular standard, the Engineer shall decide the question of equality.
- (b) The Contractor shall furnish to the City for approval the manufacturer's detailed specifications for all machinery, mechanical and other special equipment, which he contemplates installing together with full information as to type, performance characteristics, and all other pertinent information as required, and shall likewise submit for approval full information concerning all other materials or articles which he proposes to incorporate.

- (c) Machinery, mechanical and other equipment, materials or articles installed or used without such prior approval shall be at the risk of subsequent rejection.
- (d) Materials specified by reference to the number or symbol of a specific standard, shall comply with requirements in the latest revision thereof and any amendment or supplement thereto in effect on the date of the Invitation for Bids, except as limited to type, class or grade, or modified in the technical specifications shall have full force and effect as though printed therein.
- (e) The City may require the Contractor to dismiss from the work such employee or employees as the City or the Engineer may deem unqualified.

15. Samples, Certificates and Tests

- (a) The Contractor shall submit all material or equipment samples, certificates, affidavits, etc., as called for in the contract documents or required by the Engineer, promptly after award of the contract and acceptance of the Contractor's bond. No such material or equipment shall be manufactured or delivered to the site, except at the Contractor's own risk, until the required samples or certificates have been approved in writing by the Engineer. Any delay in the work caused by late or improper submission of samples or certificates for approval shall not be considered just cause for an extension of the contract time.
- (b) Each sample submitted by the Contractor shall carry a label giving the name of the Contractor, the project for which it is intended, and the name of the producer. The accompanying certificate or letter from the Contractor shall state that the sample complies with contract requirements, shall give the name and brand of the product, its place of origin, the name and address of the producer and all specifications or other detailed information which will assist the Engineer in making a prompt decision regarding the acceptability of the sample. It shall also include the statement that all materials or equipment furnished for use in the project will comply with the samples and/or certified statements.
- (c) Approval of any materials shall be general only and shall not constitute a waiver of the City's right to demand full compliance with Contract requirements. After actual deliveries, the Engineer will have such check tests made as he deems necessary in each instance and may reject materials and equipment and accessories for cause, even though such materials and articles have been given general approval. If materials, equipment or accessories which fail to meet check tests have been incorporated in the work, the Engineer will have the right to cause their removal and replacement by proper materials or to demand and secure such reparation by the Contractor as is equitable.
- (d) Except as otherwise specifically stated in the Contract, the costs of sampling and testing will be divided as follows:
 - 1) The Contractor shall furnish without extra cost, including packing and delivery charges, all samples required for testing purposes, except those samples taken on the project by the Engineer;
 - 2) The Contractor shall assume all costs of re-testing materials which fail to meet contract requirements;
 - 3) The Contractor shall assume all costs of testing materials offered in substitution for those found deficient;
 - 4) The City will pay all other expenses.

16. Permits and Codes

- (a) The Contractor shall give all notices required by and comply with all applicable federal and state laws, ordinances, and codes of the Local Government. All construction work and/or utility installations shall comply with all applicable ordinances, and codes including all written waivers. Before installing any work, the Contractor shall examine the drawings and technical specifications for compliance with applicable ordinances and codes and shall immediately report any discrepancy to the City. Where the requirements of the drawings and technical specifications fail to comply with such applicable ordinances or codes, the City will adjust the Contract by Change Order to conform to such ordinances or codes (unless waivers in writing covering the difference have been granted by the governing body or department) and make appropriate adjustment in the Contract Price or stipulated unit prices.
- (b) Should the Contractor fail to observe the foregoing provisions and proceed with the construction and/or install any utility at variance with any applicable ordinance or code, including any written waivers (notwithstanding the fact that such installation is in compliance with the drawings and technical specifications), the Contractor shall remove such work without cost to the City.
- (c) The Contractor shall at his own expense, secure and pay for all permits for street pavement, sidewalks, shed, removal of abandoned water taps, sealing of house connection drains, pavement cuts, buildings, electrical, plumbing, water, gas and sewer permits required by the local regulatory body or any of its agencies.
- (d) The Contractor shall comply with applicable local laws and ordinances governing the disposal of surplus excavation, materials, debris and rubbish on or off the Project Area and commit no trespass on any public or private property in any operation due to or connected with the Improvements contained in this Contract.
- (e) The Contractor will be required to make arrangements for and pay the water, electrical power, or any other utilities required during construction.
- (f) During construction of this project, the Contractor shall use every means possible to control the amount of dust created by construction. Prior to the close of a day's work, the Contractor, if directed by the City, shall moisten the surrounding area to prevent a dusty condition.

17. Care of Work

- (a) The Contractor shall be responsible for all damages to person or property that occur as a result of its fault or negligence in connection with the prosecution of the work and shall be responsible for the proper care and protection of all materials delivered and work performed until completion and final acceptance.
- (b) The Contractor shall provide sufficient competent watchmen, both day and night, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, from the time the work is commenced until final completion and acceptance.
- (c) In an emergency affecting the safety of life, limb or property, including adjoining property, the Contractor, without special instructions or authorization from the City is authorized to act to prevent such threatened loss or injury. Contractor shall follow all instructions of City.
- (d) The Contractor shall avoid damage as a result of his operations to existing sidewalks, streets, curbs, pavements, utilities (except those which are to be replaced or removed), adjoining property, etc., and shall be responsible for completely repairing any damage thereto caused by the operations.

- (e) The Contractor shall shore up, brace, underpin, secure, and protect as maybe necessary, all foundations and other parts of existing structures adjacent to, adjoining, and in the vicinity of the site, which may be in any way affected by the excavations or other operations connected with the construction of the improvements included in this Contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for the giving of any and all required notices to any adjoining or adjacent property owner or other party before the commencement of any work. The Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless the City from any damages on account of settlements or the loss of lateral support of adjoining property and from all loss or expense and all damages for which the City may become liable in consequence of such injury or damage to adjoining and adjacent structures and their premises.

18. Accident Prevention

- (a) No laborer or mechanic employed in the performance of this Contract shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his health or safety as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Department of Labor.
- (b) The Contractor shall exercise proper precaution at all times for the protection of persons and property and shall be responsible for all damages to persons or property, either on or off the site, which occur as a result of his prosecution of the work.
- (c) The Contractor shall maintain an accurate record of all cases of death, occupational disease, or injury requiring medical attention or causing loss of time from work, arising out of and in the course of employment on work under the Contract. The Contractor shall promptly furnish the City with reports concerning these matters.
- (d) The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the City from any claims for damages resulting from property damage, personal injury and/or death suffered or alleged to have been suffered by any person as a result of any work conducted under this contract.
- (e) The Contractor shall provide trench safety for all excavations more than five feet deep prior to excavation. All OSHA Standards for trench safety must be adhered to by the Contractor.
- (f) The contractor shall at all times conduct work in such a manner as to ensure the least possible inconvenience to vehicular and pedestrian traffic. At the close of the work each day, all streets where possible in the opinion of the City, shall be opened to the public in order that persons living in the area may have access to their homes or businesses by the use of the streets. Barricades, warning signs, and necessary lighting shall be provided to the satisfaction of the City at the expense of the Contractor.

19. Sanitary Facilities

The Contractor shall furnish, install and maintain ample sanitary facilities for laborers. As the needs arise, a sufficient number of enclosed temporary toilets shall be conveniently placed as required. Drinking water shall be provided from an approved source, so piped or transported as to keep it safe and fresh and served from single service containers or satisfactory types of sanitary drinking stands or fountains. All such facilities and services shall be furnished in strict accordance with existing and governing health regulations.

20. Use of Premises

- (a) The Contractor shall confine equipment, storage of materials, and construction operations to the contract limits as shown on the drawings and as prescribed by ordinances or permits, or as may be desired by the City, and shall not unreasonably encumber the site or public rights of way with materials and construction equipment.

- (b) The Contractor shall comply with all reasonable instructions of the City and all existing federal, state and local regulations regarding signs, advertising, traffic, fires, explosives, danger signals, and barricades.

21. Removal of Debris, Cleaning, Etc.

The Contractor shall, periodically or as directed during the progress of the work, remove and legally dispose of all surplus excavated material and debris, and keep the Project Area and public rights of way reasonably clear. Upon completion of the work, he shall remove all temporary construction facilities, debris and unused materials provided for work, and put the whole site of the work and public rights of way in a neat and clean condition.

22. Inspection

- (a) All materials and workmanship shall be subject to inspection, examination, or test by the City and Engineer at any and all times during manufacture or construction and at any and all places where such manufacture or construction occurs. The City shall have the right to reject defective material and workmanship or require its correction. Unacceptable workmanship shall be satisfactorily corrected. Rejected material shall be promptly segregated and removed from the Project Area and replaced with material of specified quality without charge. If the Contractor fails to proceed at once with the correction of rejected workmanship or defective material, the City may by contract or otherwise have the defects remedied or rejected materials removed from the Project Area and charge the cost of the same against any Monies which may be due the Contractor, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the City.
- (b) The Contractor shall furnish promptly all materials reasonably necessary for any tests which may be required. All tests by the City will be performed in such manner as not to delay the work unnecessarily and will be made in accordance with the provisions of the technical specifications.
- (c) The Contractor shall notify the City sufficiently in advance of back filling or concealing any facilities to permit proper inspection. If any facilities are concealed without approval or consent of the City, the Contractor shall uncover for inspection and recover such facilities at Contractor's expense, when so requested by the City.
- (d) Should it be considered necessary or advisable by the City at any time before final acceptance of the entire work to make an examination of work already completed, the Contractor shall on request promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If such work is found to be defective in any important or essential respect, due to fault of the Contractor or subcontractors, the Contractor shall defray all the expenses of such examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the Contract, the actual cost of labor and material necessarily involved in the examination and replacement, shall be reimbursable and if completion of the work of the entire Contract has been delayed, a suitable extension of time will be approved.
- (e) Inspection of materials and appurtenances to be incorporated in the improvements included in this Contract may be made at the place of production, manufacture or shipment, whenever the quantity justifies it, and such inspection and acceptance, unless otherwise stated in the technical specifications, shall be final, except as regards to: (1) latent defects, (2) departures from specific requirements of the Contract, (3) damage or loss in transit, or (4) fraud or such gross mistakes as amount to fraud. Subject to the requirements contained in the preceding sentence, the inspection of materials as a whole or in part will be made at the Project Site.
- (f) Neither inspection, testing, approval nor acceptance of the work in whole or in part, by the City or its agents shall relieve the Contractor or its sureties of full responsibility for materials furnished or work performed not in strict accordance with the Contract.

23. Review by City

The City and its authorized representatives and agents shall have access to and be permitted to observe and review all work, materials, equipment, payrolls, personnel records, employment conditions, material invoices, and other relevant data and records pertaining to this Contract, provided, however that all instructions and approval with respect to the work will be given to the Contractor only by the City through its authorized representatives or agents.

24. Final Inspection

When the Improvements included in this Contract are substantially completed, the Contractor shall notify the City in writing that the work will be ready for final inspection on a definite date which shall be stated in the notice. The City will make the arrangements necessary to have final inspection commenced on the date stated in the notice, or as soon thereafter as is practicable.

25. Deduction for Uncorrected Work

If the City deems it not expedient to require the Contractor to correct work not done in accordance with the Contract Documents, an equitable deduction from the Contract Price will be made by agreement between the Contractor and the City and subject to settlement, in case of dispute, as herein provided.

26. Insurance

The Contractor shall not commence work under this contract until all required insurance under this paragraph has been secured and approved by the City.

- (a) Worker's Compensation Insurance: The Contractor shall procure and shall maintain during the life of this contract Worker's Compensation Insurance as required by the State of Texas for all of his employees to be engaged in work at the site of the project under this contract and, in case of any such work sublet, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor similarly to provide Worker's Compensation Insurance for all of the employees to be engaged in such work unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the Contractor's Worker's Compensation Insurance.
- (b) Contractor's Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance and Vehicle Liability Insurance. The Contractor shall procure and shall maintain during the life of this contract Contractor's Public Liability Insurance, Contractor's Property Damage Insurance and Vehicle Liability Insurance in the following amounts: (_____ \$1,000,000 _____) each.
- (c) Proof of Insurance: The Contractor shall furnish the City with certificates showing the type, amount, class of operations covered, effective dates and date of expiration of policies. Such certificates shall also contain substantially the following statement: "The insurance covered by this certificate will not be canceled or materially altered, except after ten (10) days written notice has been received by the City."

27. Warranty of Title

No material, supplies, or equipment to be installed or furnished under this Contract shall be purchased subject to any chattel mortgage or under a conditional sale, lease-purchase or other agreement by which an interest is retained by the seller or supplier. The Contractor shall warrant good title to all materials, supplies, and equipment installed or incorporated in the work and upon completion of all work, shall deliver the same, together with all improvements and appurtenances constructed or placed by Contractor, to the City free from any claims, liens, or charges. Neither the Contractor nor any person, firm, or corporation furnishing any material or labor for any work covered by this Contract shall have any right to a lien upon any

improvement or appurtenance. Nothing contained in this paragraph, however, shall defeat or impair the right of persons furnishing materials or labor to recover under any law permitting such persons to look to funds due the Contractor. The provisions of this paragraph shall be inserted in all subcontracts and material contracts and notice of its provisions shall be given to all persons furnishing materials for the work when no formal contract is entered into for such materials.

28. Warranty of Workmanship and Materials

Neither the final certificate of payment nor any provision in the Contract nor partial or entire use of the improvements included in this Contract by the City or the public shall constitute an acceptance of work not done in accordance with the Contract or relieve the Contractor of liability in respect to any express warranties or responsibility for faulty materials or workmanship. The Contractor shall promptly remedy any defects in the work and pay for any damage to other work resulting therefrom which shall appear within a period of 12 months from the date of final acceptance of the work.

29. Job Offices

- (a) The Contractor and its subcontractors may maintain such office and storage facilities on the site as are necessary for the proper conduct of the work. These shall be located so as to cause no interference to any work to be performed on the site. The City shall be consulted with regard to locations.
- (b) Upon completion of the improvements, or as directed by the City, the Contractor shall remove all such temporary structures and facilities from the site, and leave the site of the work in the condition required by the Contract.

30. Partial Use of Site Improvements

The City may give notice to the Contractor and place in use those sections of the improvements which have been completed, inspected and can be accepted as complying with the technical specifications and if in its opinion, each such section is reasonably safe, fit, and convenient for the use and accommodation for which it was intended, provided:

- (a) The use of such sections of the Improvements shall in no way impede the completion of the remainder of the work by the Contractor.
- (b) The Contractor shall not be responsible for any damages or maintenance costs due directly to the use of such sections.

31. Contract Documents and Drawings

The City will furnish the Contractor without charge 3 copies of the Contract Documents, including Technical Specifications and Drawings. Additional copies requested by the Contractor will be furnished at cost.

32. Contract Period

The work to be performed under this contract shall commence within the time stipulated by the City in the Notice to Proceed, and shall be fully completed within 240 calendar days thereafter.

33. Liquidated Damages

Since the actual damages for any delay in completion of the work under this contract are impossible to determine, the Contractor and his Sureties shall be liable for and shall pay to the City the sum of Two Hundred Dollars

(\$ 200) as fixed, agreed and liquidated damages for each calendar day of delay from the above stipulated time for completion.

ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

34. Local Program Liaison

For purposes of this Agreement, the [*City Engineer*] or equivalent authorized person will serve as the Local Program Liaison and primary point of contact for the Contractor. All required progress reports and communication regarding the project shall be directed to this liaison and other local personnel as appropriate.

35. Access to Information

(a) The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Inspectors General, the Comptroller General of the United States, the General Land Office (GLO), and the City, or any of their authorized representatives, shall have access to any documents, papers, or other records of the Contractor which are pertinent to the CDBG-MIT award, in order to make audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcripts, and to close out the City's CDBG-MIT contract with GLO. **2 CFR 200.336 (former 24 CFR 85.36(i)(10))**

The Office of the Comptroller General of the United States, the Government Accountability Office, the Office of Inspector General, or any authorized representative of the U.S. Government shall also have this right of inspection.

(b) Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts it awards.

36. Records Retention

(a) The Contractor shall retain all required records for three years after the City makes its final payment and all pending matters are closed. 2 CFR 200.333 (former 24 CFR (85.36(i)(11))

(b) Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts it awards.

FEDERAL REQUIRMENTS

37. Resolution of Program Non-Compliance and Disallowed Costs

In the event of any dispute, claim, question, or disagreement arising from or relating to this Contract, or the breach thereof, including determination of responsibility for any costs disallowed as a result of non-compliance with federal, state or CDBG-MIT program requirements, the parties hereto shall use their best efforts to settle the dispute, claim, question or disagreement. To this effect, the parties shall consult and negotiate with each other in good faith within 30 days of receipt of a written notice of the dispute or invitation to negotiate, and attempt to reach a just and equitable solution satisfactory to both parties. If the matter is not resolved by negotiation within 30 days of receipt of written notice or invitation to negotiate, the parties agree first to try in good faith to settle the matter by mediation administered by the American Arbitration Association under its Commercial Mediation Procedures before resorting to arbitration, litigation, or some other dispute resolution procedure. The parties may enter into a written amendment to this Contract and choose a mediator that is not affiliated with the American Arbitration Association. The parties shall bear the costs of such mediation equally. *[This section may also provide for the qualifications of the mediator(s), the locale of meetings, time limits, or any other item of concern to the parties.]* If the matter is not resolved through such mediation within 60 days of the initiation of that procedure, either party may proceed to file suit.

38. Compliance with Davis-Bacon Act

All laborers and mechanics employed upon the work covered by this Contract shall be paid unconditionally and not less often than once each week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are made mandatory by law and such other payroll deductions as are permitted by the applicable regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor, United States Department of Labor, pursuant to the Anti-Kickback Act hereinafter identified), the full amount due at time of payment computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination decision of said Secretary of Labor (**a copy of which is attached as Attachment 22 and herein incorporated by reference**), regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor or any subcontractor and such laborers and mechanics. All laborers and mechanics employed upon such work shall be paid in cash, except that payment may be by check if the employer provides or secures satisfactory facilities approved by the City for the cashing of the same without cost or expense to the employee. For the purpose of this clause, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated under Section 1 (b) (2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section 5.5 (a) (1) (iv) of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations. Also, for the purpose of this clause, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period under plans, funds, or programs, but covering the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period.

The Contractor and its subcontractors shall not, by any means, induce any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The City must report all suspected or reported violations to GLO.

39. Conflicts of Interest

- (a) Governing Body. No member of the governing body of the City and no other officer, employee, or agent of the City, who exercises any functions or responsibilities in connection with administration, construction, engineering, or implementation of CDBG-MIT award between GLO and the City, shall have any personal financial interest, direct or indirect, in the Contractor or this Contract; and the Firm shall take appropriate steps to assure compliance.
- (b) Other Local Public Officials. No other public official, who exercises any functions or responsibilities in connection with the planning and carrying out of administration, construction, engineering or implementation of the CDBG-MIT award between GLO and the City, shall have any personal financial interest, direct or indirect, in the Contractor or this Contract; and the Contractor shall take appropriate steps to assure compliance.
- (c) The Contractor and Employees. The Contractor warrants and represents that it has no conflict of interest associated with the CDBG-MIT award between GLO and the City or this Contract. The Contractor further warrants and represents that it shall not acquire an interest, direct or indirect, in any geographic area that may benefit from the CDBG-MIT award between GLO and the City or in any business, entity, organization or person that may benefit from the award. The Contractor further agrees that it will not employ an individual with a conflict of interest as described herein.

40. Debarment and Suspension (Executive Orders 12549 and 12689)

The Contractor certifies, by entering into this Contract, that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federally-assisted programs under Executive Orders 12549 (1986) and 12689 (1989). The term "principal" for purposes of this Contract is defined as an officer, director, owner, partner, key employee, or other person with primary management or supervisory responsibilities, or a person who has a critical influence on or substantive control over the operations of the Contractor. The Contractor understands that it must not make any award or permit any award (or contract) at any tier to any party which is debarred or suspended or is otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal assistance programs under Executive Order 12549, "Debarment and Suspension."

A contract award (see 2 CFR 180.220) must not be made to parties listed on the government-wide Excluded Parties List System in the System for Award Management (SAM), in accordance with the OMB guidelines at 2 CFR 180 that implement Executive Orders 12549 (3 CFR Part 1986 Comp., p. 189) and 12689 (3 CFR Part 1989 Comp., p. 235), "Debarment and

Suspension.” SAM Exclusions contains the names of parties debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded by agencies, as well as parties declared ineligible under statutory or regulatory authority other than Executive Order 12549. 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (H)

41. [For Contracts that exceed \$100,000] Byrd Anti-Lobbying

Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment (31 U.S.C. 1352)—Contractors that apply or bid for an award of \$100,000 or more must file the required certification. Each tier certifies to the tier above that it will not and has not used Federal appropriated funds to pay any person or organization for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a member of Congress, officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with obtaining any Federal contract, grant or any other award covered by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Each tier must also disclose any lobbying with non-Federal funds that takes place in connection with obtaining any Federal award.

Such disclosures are forwarded from tier to tier up to the non-Federal award.

Contractor shall file the required certification: The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (a) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (b) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, “Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,” in accordance with its instructions.
- (c) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (I) and 24 CFR §570.303

42. [For Contracts > \$100K] Overtime Requirements

No Contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the Contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics, including watchmen and guards, shall require or permit any laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he is employed on such work to work in excess of 40 hours in such work week unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times his basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such work week, as the case may be. 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (E)

43. Equal Opportunity Clause

Comply with all Federal statutes relating to nondiscrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681-1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290

ee-3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other non-discrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and, (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) which may apply.

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

- (a.) The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The Contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- (b.) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive considerations for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
- (c.) The Contractor will not discourage or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.
- (d.) The Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representatives of the Contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (e.) The Contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, "Equal Employment Opportunity," and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (f.) The Contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- (g.) In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts or federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (h.) The Contractor will include the portion of the sentence immediately preceding paragraph (a) and the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (h) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, That in the event a Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the administering agency the Contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States. 41 CFR §60-1.4(b) And 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (C)

44. Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of Section 109 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. No person in the United States shall on the ground of race, color, national origin, religion, or sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity funded in whole or in part with funds made available under this title.

45. Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148).

When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). In accordance with the statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. The contracts must also include a provision for compliance with the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (D)

46. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701–3708).

Where applicable, all contracts awarded by the non-Federal entity in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, each contractor must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence. 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (E)

47. Section 504 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended.

The Contractor agrees that no otherwise qualified individual with disabilities shall, solely by reason of his/her disability, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination, including discrimination in employment, under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

48. Age Discrimination Act of 1975.

The Contractor shall comply with the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 which provides that no person in the United States shall on the basis of age be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

49. Non Segregated Facilities

The Contractor certifies that he does not and will not maintain or provide for his employees any segregated facilities at any of his establishments, and that he does not and will not permit his employees any segregated facilities at any of his establishments, or permit his employees to perform their services at any location, under his control, where segregated facilities are maintained. As used in this paragraph the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, creed, color, or national origin, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise.

50. The Provision of Local Training, Employment, and Business Opportunities

(a) To the greatest extent feasible opportunities for training and employment be given lower income residents of the project area and contracts for work in connection with the project be awarded to business concerns which are located in, or owned in substantial part by persons residing in the area of the project. See also GLO Section 3 Policy and "Exhibit G" on the GLO-DR website.

(b) The Contractor will include this clause in every subcontract for work in connection with the project.

51. [If this Contract is greater than \$100,000] Economic Opportunities for Section 3 Residents and Section 3 Business Concerns.

(a) The work to be performed under this Contract is subject to the requirements of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u (section 3). The purpose of section 3 is to ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by HUD assistance or HUD-assisted projects covered by section 3, shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed to low- and very low-income persons, particularly persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing.

(b) The parties to this Contract agree to comply with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135, which implement section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this Contract, the parties to this Contract certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the part 135 regulations.

(c) The Contractor agrees to send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other understanding, if any, a notice advising the labor organization or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this section 3 clause, and will post copies of the notice in conspicuous places at the work site where both employees and applicants for training and employment positions can see the notice. The notice shall describe the section 3 preference, shall set forth minimum number and job titles subject to hire, availability of apprenticeship and training positions, the qualifications for each; and the name and location of the person(s) taking applications for each of the positions; and the anticipated date the work shall begin.

(d) The Contractor agrees to include this section 3 clause in every subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR part 135, and agrees to take appropriate action, as provided in an applicable provision of the subcontract or in this section 3 clause, upon a finding that the subcontractor is in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135. The Contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the Contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135.

(e) The Contractor will certify that any vacant employment positions, including training positions, that are filled (1) after the Contractor is selected but before the contract is executed, and (2) with persons other than those to whom the regulations of 24 CFR part 135 require employment opportunities to be directed, were not filled to circumvent the Contractor's obligations under 24 CFR part 135.

(f) Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135 may result in sanctions, termination of this Contract for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD assisted contracts.

(g) With respect to work performed in connection with section 3 covered Indian housing assistance, section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e) also applies to the work to be performed under this Contract. Section 7(b) requires that to the greatest extent feasible (i) preference and opportunities for training and employment shall be given to Indians, and (ii) preference in the award of contracts and subcontracts shall be given to Indian organizations and Indian-owned Economic Enterprises. Parties to this contract that are subject to the provisions of section 3 and section 7(b) agree to comply with section 3 to the maximum extent feasible, but not in derogation of compliance with section 7(b). 24 CFR §135.38

52. Gender Neutral - Gender References

When necessary, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, any gender-specific or gender-neutral term in this Contract (for example, he, she, it, etc.) is to be read as referring to any other gender or to no gender.

53. Patent Rights and Inventions

Contractor shall comply with the requirements and regulations pertaining to patent rights with respect to any discovery or invention which arises or is developed in the course of or under such contract. (2 CFR 200 Appendix II (f) and Rights to Inventions in 37 CFR Part 401).

Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Agreement - If the Federal award meets the definition of "funding agreement" under 37 CFR §401.2 (a) and the Subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that "funding agreement," the Subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.

54. Energy Efficiency

The Contractor shall comply with the mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency which are contained in the state energy conservation plan issued in compliance with the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201). (2 CFR 200 Appendix II (h)).

55. System for Award Management (SAM)

All contractors and subcontractors must be searched AND cleared (not suspended or debarred) prior to authorization to work on the project.

56. Solid Waste Disposal Act

Contractor must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds \$10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired during the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.

57. Procurement of Recovered Materials

(a) In the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall make maximum use of products containing recovered materials that are EPA- designated items unless the product cannot be acquired—

1. Competitively within a timeframe providing for compliance with the contract performance schedule;
2. Meeting contract performance requirements; or

3. At a reasonable price.

(c) Information about this requirement, along with the list of EPA-designate items, is available at EPA's Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines web site, <https://www.epa.gov/>

58. Domestic Preference

a. As appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, Contractor should, to the greatest extent practicable, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products).

b. For purposes of section (a) above:

i. "Produced in the United States" means, for iron and steel products, that all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States.

ii. "Manufactured products" means items and construction materials composed in whole or in part of non-ferrous metals such as aluminum; plastics and polymer-based products such as polyvinyl chloride pipe; aggregates such as concrete; glass, including optical fiber; and lumber.

STATE REQUIREMENTS

58. Verification No Boycott Israel.

As required by Chapter 2270, Government Code, CONTRACTOR hereby verifies that it does not boycott Israel and will not boycott Israel through the term of this Agreement. For purposes of this verification, "boycott Israel" means refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations specifically with Israel, or with a person or entity doing business in Israel or in an Israeli-controlled territory, but does not include an action made for ordinary business purposes.

59. Foreign Terrorist Organizations.

Pursuant to Chapter 2252, Texas Government Code, [Company] represents and certifies that, at the time of execution of this Agreement neither [Company], nor any wholly owned subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company or affiliate of the same (i) engages in business with Iran, Sudan, or any foreign terrorist organization as described in Chapters 806 or 807 of the Texas Government Code, or Subchapter F of Chapter 2252 of the Texas Government Code, or (ii) is a company listed by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Sections 806.051, 807.051, or 2252.153 of the Texas Government Code. The term "foreign terrorist organization" in this paragraph has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2252.151 of the Texas Government Code.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

60. [For Contracts > \$150K] Clean Air Act and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act

The Contractor or subcontractor shall comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251–1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 2 CFR 200 APPENDIX II (G)

61. Lead-Based Paint

The Subrecipient agrees that any construction or rehabilitation of residential structures with assistance provided under this Agreement shall be subject to HUD Lead-Based Paint Regulations at 24 CFR 570.608, and 24 CFR Part 35, Subpart B. Such regulations pertain to all CDBG-assisted housing and require that all owners, prospective owners, and tenants of properties constructed prior to 1978 be properly notified that such properties may include lead-based paint. Such notification

shall point out the hazards of lead-based paint and explain the symptoms, treatment and precautions that should be taken when dealing with lead-based paint poisoning and the advisability and availability of blood lead level screening for children under seven. The notice should also point out that if lead-based paint is found on the property, abatement measures may be undertaken. The regulations further require that, depending on the amount of Federal funds applied to a property, paint testing, risk assessment, treatment and/or abatement may be conducted.

62. Flood Disaster Protection

In accordance with the requirements of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4001), the Subrecipient shall assure that for activities located in an area identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as having special flood hazards, flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program is obtained and maintained as a condition of financial assistance for acquisition or construction purposes (including rehabilitation).

63. Other Conditions

Any special conditions such as mitigation measures will be carried out as instructed by the Environmental Review Record. Enter Mitigation Measures from City Environmental Review Record as applicable

Summary of Findings and Conclusions: A review of this project has determined that it shall have No Significant Impact on the quality of the Human Environment. A combined Finding of No Significant Impact and Notice of Intent to Request the Release of Grant Funds will be posted at City Hall, and a Request for the Release of Grant Funds will be submitted to the State.

Mitigation Measures and Conditions [40 CFR 1505.2(c)]

Summarize below all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid, or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements, and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.


Law, Authority, or Factor	Mitigation Measures and Conditions
<p>Clean Air Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40 CFR Parts 6, 51, 93</p>	<p><i>All efforts will be made through proper construction methods to ensure dust control and properly functioning equipment.</i></p>
<p>Contamination and Toxic Substances 24 CFR Part 50.3(i) & 58.5(i)(2)</p>	<p><i>If any personnel identify an observable sheen or petroleum odor during excavation, "stop work authority" must be employed until it is determined to be safe to proceed by a qualified professional.</i></p> <p><i>During construction, if discolored or stained soil or soil containing a chemical odor is discovered, work should cease in the immediate area and TCEQ should be contacted for further instructions. These are signs of contaminated soil.</i></p> <p><i>Due to the proximity of the project to a historic closed landfill, it is recommended that the contractor utilize air monitoring equipment for potential methane gas migration and incursion on enclosed spaces.</i></p>
<p>Endangered Species Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402</p>	<p><i>Contractor shall employ Nationwide Standard Conservation Measures set forth by USFWS.</i></p> <p><i>Provide Construction workers with a list of federal threatened and endangered species and state listed rare species. If construction workers identify or encounter threatened or endangered species or state listed rare species, construction should cease immediately and Texas Parks & Wildlife should be contacted for guidance.</i></p> <p><i>Avoid activities requiring vegetation removal or disturbance during peak bird nesting season (March through August) to prevent the destruction of migratory birds, nests, or eggs. When project activities cannot occur outside the bird nesting season, conduct surveys prior to scheduled activity to determine if active nests are present within the area of impact. If evidence of migratory birds is found, a qualified biologist with USFWS should be notified.</i></p>
<p>Floodplain Management Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55</p>	<p>The following efforts shall be made to minimize negative impacts on the natural and beneficial floodplain values for restoration and preservation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The project shall be implemented using best management practices designed to protect improvements from flood damage.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The project shall be implemented using best management practices designed to protect natural landscapes that serve to maintain or restore natural hydrology through infiltration. • The consulting engineer shall take into consideration additional specifications to minimize damage to and/or restore the native plant species. • The project shall not lead to any significant increases in impermeable cover and shall have no negative impacts on the floodplain, as all lines will be subsurface, and the project area will be restored to pre-project conditions upon completion. • Additionally, prior to construction, the project plans will meet any applicable, additional local floodplain requirements set forth by the community's Floodplain Administrator. • All state and local floodplain protection procedures will be followed.
<p>Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800</p>	<p><i>If historic properties are discovered or cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities or unanticipated effects on historic properties are found, work should cease in the immediate area and THC's History Programs, THC's Archeology Division, and the Texas General Land Office (GLO) should be contacted to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect historic properties or cultural remains. Work can continue in areas where no historic properties are present.</i></p>
<p>Wetlands Protection Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5</p>	<p><i>While there shall be no impact to wetlands, best management practices should be used to ensure erosion control and to further protect offsite wetlands.</i></p>
<p>Texas Commission on Environmental Quality</p>	<p><i>Construction and waste disposal activities must be completed in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal permits, statutes, and regulations.</i></p> <p><i>Any debris or waste disposal should be at an appropriately authorized disposal facility.</i></p> <p><i>Best management practices shall be used to control runoff from construction sites to prevent detrimental impact to surface and ground water.</i></p>

Determination:

Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.27]
The project will not result in a significant impact on the quality of the human environment.

Finding of Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(2); 40 CFR 1508.27]
The project may significantly affect the quality of the human environment.

 4/27/23
Preparer's Signature Date

Austin McLemore, Environmental Scientist - Team Lead GrantWorks, Inc
Preparer's Name and Title Preparer's Agency



4/27/23

Responsible Entity Certifying Official Signature

Date

Sam R. Fugate, Mayor

Responsible Entity Certifying Official Name and Title

This original, signed document and related supporting material must be retained on file by the Responsible Entity in an Environmental Review Record (ERR) for the activity/project (ref: 24 CFR Part 58.38) and in accordance with recordkeeping requirements for the HUD program(s).

MINORITY/FEMALE GOALS AND TIMETABLES

The female employment goal is effective as of April 1980 and is currently 6.9%. The percentages for minority participation in Texas are:

Texarkana Area:

Texarkana & Bowie Co.	19.7
Non-MSA Counties of Camp, Cass, Lamar, Morris, Red River & Titus	20.2

Tyler-Longview Area:

Longview, Gregg Co. & Harrison Co.	22.8
Tyler & Smith Co.	23.5
Non-MSA Counties of Anderson, Angelina, Cherokee, Henderson, Marion, Nacogdoches, Panola, Rusk, San Augustine, Shelby, Upshur & Wood	22.5

Beaumont-Port Arthur Area:

Beaumont, Port Arthur, Orange, Hardin Co., Jefferson Co., & Orange Co.	22.6
Non-MSA Counties of Jasper, Houston, Newton, Sabine, & Tyler	22.6

Houston Area:

Bryan, College Station & Brazos Co.	23.7
Galveston, Texas City & Galveston Co.	28.9
Houston, Brazoria Co., Fort Bend Co., Harris Co., Liberty Co., Montgomery Co. & Waller Co.	27.3
Non-MSA Counties of Austin, Burleson, Calhoun, Chambers, Colorado, DeWitt, Fayette, Goliad, Grimes, Jackson, Lavaca, Leon, Madison, Matagorda, Polk, Robertson, San Jacinto, Trinity, Victoria, Walker, Washington, & Wharton	27.4

Austin Area:

Austin, Hays Co., Travis Co., & Williamson Co.	24.1
Non-MSA Counties of Bastrop, Blanco, Burnet, Caldwell, Lee & Llano	24.2

Waco, Killeen, Temple Area:

Killeen, Temple, Bell Co. & Coryell Co.	16.4
Waco & McLennan Co.	20.7
Non-MSA Counties of Bosque, Falls, Freestone, Hamilton, Hill, Lampasas, Limestone, Milam & Mills	18.6

Dallas, Fort Worth Area:

Dallas, Fort Worth, Collin Co., Dallas Co., Denton Co., Ellis Co., Hood Co., Johnson Co., Kaufman Co., Parker Co., Rockwall Co., Tarrant Co. & Wise Co.	18.2
Sherman, Denison & Grayson Co.	9.4
Non-MSA Counties of Cooke, Delta, Erath, Fannin, Franklin, Hopkins, Hunt, Jack, Montague, Navarro, Palo Pinto, Rains, Somervell, & Van Zandt	17.2

Wichita Falls Area:

Wichita Falls, Clay Co. & Wichita Co.	12.4
Non-MSA Counties of Archer, Baylor, Cottle, Foard, Hardeman, Wilbarger & Young	11.0

Abilene Area:

Abilene, Callaghan Co., Jones Co. & Taylor Co.	11.6
Non-MSA Counties of Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Eastland, Fisher, Haskell, Kent, Knox, Mitchell, Nolan, Scurry, Shackelford, Stephens, Stonewall & Throckmorton	10.9

San Angelo Area:

San Angelo & Tom Green Co.	19.2
Non-MSA Counties of Coke, Concho, Crockett, Irion, Kimble, McCullough, Mason, Menard, Reagan, Runnels, San Saba, Schleicher, Sterling, Sutton & Terrell	20.0

San Antonio Area:

Laredo & Webb Co.	87.3
San Antonio, Bexar Co., Comal Co. & Guadalupe Co.	47.8
Non-MSA Counties of Atascosa, Bandera, Dimmit, Edwards, Frio, Gillespie, Gonzales, Jim Hogg, Karnes, Kendall, Kerr, Kinney, La Salle, McMullen, Maverick, Medina, Real, Uvalde, Val Verde, Wilson, Zapata & Zavala	49.4

Corpus Christi Area:

Corpus Christi, Nueces Co. & San Patricio Co.	41.7
Non-MSA Counties of Aransas, Bee, Brooks, Duval, Jim Wells, Kenedy, Kleberg, Live Oak & Refugio	44.2

Brownsville, McAllen, Harlingen Area:

Brownsville, Harlingen, San Benito & Cameron Co.	71.0
McAllen, Pharr, Edinburg & Hidalgo Co.	72.8
Non-MSA Counties of Starr & Willacy	72.9

Odessa, Midland Area:

Midland & Midland Co.	19.1
Odessa & Ector Co.	15.1
Non-MSA Counties of Andrews, Crane, Glasscock, Howard, Loving, Martin, Pecos, Reeves, Upton, Ward & Winkler	18.9

El Paso Area:

El Paso & El Paso Co.	57.8
Non-MSA Counties of Brewster, Culbertson, Hudspeth, Jeff Davis & Presidio	49.0

Lubbock Area:

Lubbock & Lubbock Co.	19.6
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Non-MSA Counties of Bailey, Borden, Cochran, Crosby, Dawson, Dickens, Floyd, Gaines, Garza, Hale, Hockley, King, Lamb, Lynn, Motley, Terry & Yoakum	19.5
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Amarillo Area:

Amarillo, Potter Co. & Randall Co.	9.3
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Non-MSA Counties of Armstrong, Briscoe, Carson, Castro, Childress, Collingsworth, Dallam, Deaf Smith, Donley, Gray, Hall, Hansford, Hartley, Hemphill, Hutchinson, Lipscomb, Moore, Ochiltree, Oldham, Parmer, Roberts, Sherman, Swisher, & Wheeler	11.0
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A. APPLICABILITY

The Project or Program to which the construction work covered by this Contract pertains is being assisted by the United States of America, and the following Federal Labor Standards Provisions are included in this Contract pursuant to the provisions applicable to such Federal assistance.

(1) MINIMUM WAGES

- (i) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment, computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (which is attached hereto and made a part hereof), regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv); also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period.

Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH1321)) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place, where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(ii) Additional Classifications.

- (A) Any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. HUD shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when the following criteria have been met:
- (1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
 - (2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (B) If the contractor, the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and HUD or its designee agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by HUD or its designee to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division ("Administrator"), Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") under OMB control number 1235-0023.)
- (C) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, or HUD or its designee do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), HUD or its designee shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of HUD or its designee, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1235-0023.)

(D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits, where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(ii)(B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this Contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(iv) If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1235-0023.)

(2) **Withholding.** HUD or its designee shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the U.S. Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, disburse such amounts withheld for and on account of the contractor or subcontractor to the respective employees to whom they are due. The U.S. Department of Labor shall make such disbursements in the case of direct Davis-Bacon Act contracts.

(3) **Payrolls and basic records.**

(i) **Maintaining Payroll Records.** Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification(s), hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found, under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv), that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Numbers 1235-0023 and 1215-0018)

(ii) **Certified Payroll Reports.**

(A) The contractor shall submit weekly, for each week in which any contract work is performed, a copy of all payrolls to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD or its designee. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the payrolls only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/forms> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD or its designee, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this subparagraph for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to HUD or its designee. (Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 1235-0008.)

- (B)** Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a “Statement of Compliance,” signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
- (1)** That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (2)** That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR Part 3;
 - (3)** That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract; and
- (C)** The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the “Statement of Compliance” required by subparagraph (a)(3)(ii)(b).
- (D)** The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(iii) The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under subparagraph (a)(3)(i) available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of HUD or its designee or the U.S. Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(4) Apprentices and Trainees.

(i) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate), to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman’s hourly rate) specified in the contractor’s or subcontractor’s registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice’s level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination.

Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program.

If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (ii) **Trainees.** Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed, unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (iii) **Equal employment opportunity.** The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under 29 CFR Part 5 shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.

- (5) **Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this Contract.
- (6) **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor will insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in subparagraphs (1) through (11) in this paragraph (a) and such other clauses as HUD or its designee may, by appropriate instructions, require, and a copy of the applicable prevailing wage decision, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this paragraph.
- (7) **Contract termination; debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- (8) **Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements.** All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this Contract.
- (9) **Disputes concerning labor standards.** Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this Contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this Contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and HUD or its designee, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- (10) **Certification of Eligibility.**
- (i) By entering into this Contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.

(ii) No part of this Contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR Part 24.

(iii) Anyone who knowingly makes, presents, or submits a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement, representation or certification is subject to criminal, civil and/or administrative sanctions, including fines, penalties, and imprisonment (e.g., 18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729, 3802).

(11) Complaints, Proceedings, or Testimony by Employees. No laborer or mechanic, to whom the wage, salary, or other labor standards provisions of this Contract are applicable, shall be discharged or in any other manner discriminated against by the contractor or any subcontractor because such employee has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding or has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or relating to the labor standards applicable under this Contract to his employer.

B. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The provisions of this paragraph (b) are applicable where the amount of the prime contract exceeds **\$100,000**. As used in this paragraph, the terms “laborers” and “mechanics” include watchmen and guards.

(1) Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work, which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics, shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which the individual is employed on such work to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek, unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

(2) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph B(1) of this paragraph, the contractor, and any subcontractor responsible therefor, shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph B(1) of this paragraph, **in the sum set by the U.S. Department of Labor at 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)** for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in subparagraph B(1) of this paragraph. In accordance with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (28 U.S.C. § 2461 Note), the DOL adjusts this civil monetary penalty for inflation no later than January 15 each year.

(3) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. HUD or its designee shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the U.S. Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contract, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages, as provided in the clause set forth in subparagraph B(2) of this paragraph.

(4) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in subparagraph B(1) through (4) of this paragraph and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in subparagraphs B(1) through (4) of this paragraph.

C. HEALTH AND SAFETY

The provisions of this paragraph (c) are applicable where the amount of the prime contract exceeds **\$100,000**.

(1) No laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his or her health and safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation.

(2) The contractor shall comply with all regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to 29 CFR Part 1926 and failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, (Public Law 91-54, 83 Stat 96), 40 U.S.C. § 3701 et seq.

(3) The contractor shall include the provisions of this paragraph in every subcontract, so that such provisions will be binding on each subcontractor. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontractor as the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

Title 29: Labor

PART 3—CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS ON PUBLIC BUILDING OR PUBLIC WORK FINANCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY LOANS OR GRANTS FROM THE UNITED STATES

Contents

- §3.1 Purpose and scope.
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 - §3.8 Action by the Secretary of Labor upon applications.
 - §3.9 Prohibited payroll deductions.
 - §3.10 Methods of payment of wages.
 - §3.11 Regulations part of contract.
-

AUTHORITY: R.S. 161, sec. 2, 48 Stat. 848; Reorg. Plan No. 14 of 1950, 64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. 301; 40 U.S.C. 3145; Secretary's Order 01-2008; and Employment Standards Order No. 2001-01.

SOURCE: 29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, unless otherwise noted.

§3.1 Purpose and scope.

This part prescribes “anti-kickback” regulations under section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276c), popularly known as the Copeland Act. This part applies to any contract which is subject to Federal wage standards and which is for the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of public buildings, public works or buildings or works financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States. The part is intended to aid in the enforcement of the minimum wage provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act and the various statutes dealing with federally assisted construction that contain similar minimum wage provisions, including those provisions which are not subject to Reorganization Plan No. 14 (e.g., the College Housing Act of 1950, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, and the Housing Act of 1959), and in the enforcement of the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours Standards Act whenever they are applicable to construction work. The part details the obligation of contractors and subcontractors relative to the weekly submission of statements regarding the wages paid on work covered thereby; sets forth the circumstances and procedures governing the making of payroll deductions from the wages of those employed on such work; and delineates the methods of payment permissible on such work.

§3.2 Definitions.

As used in the regulations in this part:

(a) The terms *building* or *work* generally include construction activity as distinguished from manufacturing, furnishing of materials, or servicing and maintenance work. The terms include, without limitation, buildings, structures, and improvements of all types, such as bridges, dams, plants, highways, parkways, streets, subways, tunnels, sewers, mains, powerlines, pumping stations, railways, airports, terminals, docks, piers, wharves, ways, lighthouses, buoys, jetties, breakwaters, levees, and canals; dredging, shoring, scaffolding, drilling, blasting, excavating, clearing, and landscaping. Unless conducted in connection with and at the site of such a building or work as is described in the foregoing sentence, the manufacture or furnishing of materials, articles, supplies, or equipment (whether or not a Federal or State agency acquires title to such materials, articles, supplies, or equipment during the course of the manufacture or furnishing, or owns the materials from which they are manufactured or furnished) is not a *building* or *work* within the meaning of the regulations in this part.

(b) The terms *construction*, *prosecution*, *completion*, or *repair* mean all types of work done on a particular building or work at the site thereof, including, without limitation, altering, remodeling, painting and decorating, the transporting of materials and supplies to or from the building or work by the employees of the construction contractor or construction

subcontractor, and the manufacturing or furnishing of materials, articles, supplies, or equipment on the site of the building or work, by persons employed at the site by the contractor or subcontractor.

(c) The terms *public building* or *public work* include building or work for whose construction, prosecution, completion, or repair, as defined above, a Federal agency is a contracting party, regardless of whether title thereof is in a Federal agency.

(d) The term *building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States* includes building or work for whose construction, prosecution, completion, or repair, as defined above, payment or part payment is made directly or indirectly from funds provided by loans or grants by a Federal agency. The term includes building or work for which the Federal assistance granted is in the form of loan guarantees or insurance.

(e) Every person paid by a contractor or subcontractor in any manner for his labor in the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of a public building or public work or building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States is *employed* and receiving *wages*, regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between him and the real employer.

(f) The term *any affiliated person* includes a spouse, child, parent, or other close relative of the contractor or subcontractor; a partner or officer of the contractor or subcontractor; a corporation closely connected with the contractor or subcontractor as parent, subsidiary, or otherwise, and an officer or agent of such corporation.

(g) The term *Federal agency* means the United States, the District of Columbia, and all executive departments, independent establishments, administrative agencies, and instrumentalities of the United States and of the District of Columbia, including corporations, all or substantially all of the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States, by the District of Columbia, or any of the foregoing departments, establishments, agencies, and instrumentalities.

[29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, as amended at 38 FR 32575, Nov. 27, 1973]

§3.3 Weekly statement with respect to payment of wages.

(a) As used in this section, the term *employee* shall not apply to persons in classifications higher than that of laborer or mechanic and those who are the immediate supervisors of such employees.

(b) Each contractor or subcontractor engaged in the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of any public building or public work, or building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States, shall furnish each week a statement with respect to the wages paid each of its employees engaged on work covered by this part 3 and part 5 of this title during the preceding weekly payroll period. This statement shall be executed by the contractor or subcontractor or by an authorized officer or employee of the contractor or subcontractor who supervises the payment of wages, and shall be on the back of Form WH 347, "Payroll (For Contractors Optional Use)" or on any form with identical wording. Copies of Form WH 347 may be obtained from the Government contracting or sponsoring agency or from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site.

(c) The requirements of this section shall not apply to any contract of \$2,000 or less.

(d) Upon a written finding by the head of a Federal agency, the Secretary of Labor may provide reasonable limitations, variations, tolerances, and exemptions from the requirements of this section subject to such conditions as the Secretary of Labor may specify.

[29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, as amended at 33 FR 10186, July 17, 1968; 47 FR 23679, May 28, 1982; 73 FR 77511, Dec. 19, 2008]

§3.4 Submission of weekly statements and the preservation and inspection of weekly payroll records.

(a) Each weekly statement required under §3.3 shall be delivered by the contractor or subcontractor, within seven days after the regular payment date of the payroll period, to a representative of a Federal or State agency in charge at the site of the building or work, or, if there is no representative of a Federal or State agency at the site of the building or work, the statement shall be mailed by the contractor or subcontractor, within such time, to a Federal or State agency contracting for or financing the building or work. After such examination and check as may be made, such statement, or a copy thereof,

shall be kept available, or shall be transmitted together with a report of any violation, in accordance with applicable procedures prescribed by the United States Department of Labor.

(b) Each contractor or subcontractor shall preserve his weekly payroll records for a period of three years from date of completion of the contract. The payroll records shall set out accurately and completely the name and address of each laborer and mechanic, his correct classification, rate of pay, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Such payroll records shall be made available at all times for inspection by the contracting officer or his authorized representative, and by authorized representatives of the Department of Labor.

(Reporting and recordkeeping requirements in paragraph (b) have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1215-0017)

[29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, as amended at 47 FR 145, Jan. 5, 1982]

§3.5 Payroll deductions permissible without application to or approval of the Secretary of Labor.

Deductions made under the circumstances or in the situations described in the paragraphs of this section may be made without application to and approval of the Secretary of Labor:

(a) Any deduction made in compliance with the requirements of Federal, State, or local law, such as Federal or State withholding income taxes and Federal social security taxes.

(b) Any deduction of sums previously paid to the employee as a bona fide prepayment of wages when such prepayment is made without discount or interest. A *bona fide prepayment of wages* is considered to have been made only when cash or its equivalent has been advanced to the person employed in such manner as to give him complete freedom of disposition of the advanced funds.

(c) Any deduction of amounts required by court process to be paid to another, unless the deduction is in favor of the contractor, subcontractor, or any affiliated person, or when collusion or collaboration exists.

(d) Any deduction constituting a contribution on behalf of the person employed to funds established by the employer or representatives of employees, or both, for the purpose of providing either from principal or income, or both, medical or hospital care, pensions or annuities on retirement, death benefits, compensation for injuries, illness, accidents, sickness, or disability, or for insurance to provide any of the foregoing, or unemployment benefits, vacation pay, savings accounts, or similar payments for the benefit of employees, their families and dependents: *Provided, however,* That the following standards are met:

(1) The deduction is not otherwise prohibited by law;

(2) It is either:

(i) Voluntarily consented to by the employee in writing and in advance of the period in which the work is to be done and such consent is not a condition either for the obtaining of or for the continuation of employment, or

(ii) provided for in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its employees;

(3) No profit or other benefit is otherwise obtained, directly or indirectly, by the contractor or subcontractor or any affiliated person in the form of commission, dividend, or otherwise; and

(4) The deductions shall serve the convenience and interest of the employee.

(e) Any deduction contributing toward the purchase of United States Defense Stamps and Bonds when voluntarily authorized by the employee.

(f) Any deduction requested by the employee to enable him to repay loans to or to purchase shares in credit unions organized and operated in accordance with Federal and State credit union statutes.

(g) Any deduction voluntarily authorized by the employee for the making of contributions to governmental or quasi-governmental agencies, such as the American Red Cross.

(h) Any deduction voluntarily authorized by the employee for the making of contributions to Community Chests, United Givers Funds, and similar charitable organizations.

(i) Any deductions to pay regular union initiation fees and membership dues, not including fines or special assessments: *Provided, however,* that a collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its employees provides for such deductions and the deductions are not otherwise prohibited by law.

(j) Any deduction not more than for the "reasonable cost" of board, lodging, or other facilities meeting the requirements of section 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and part 531 of this title. When such a deduction is made the additional records required under §516.25(a) of this title shall be kept.

(k) Any deduction for the cost of safety equipment of nominal value purchased by the employee as his own property for his personal protection in his work, such as safety shoes, safety glasses, safety gloves, and hard hats, if such equipment is not required by law to be furnished by the employer, if such deduction is not violative of the Fair Labor Standards Act or prohibited by other law, if the cost on which the deduction is based does not exceed the actual cost to the employer where the equipment is purchased from him and does not include any direct or indirect monetary return to the employer where the equipment is purchased from a third person, and if the deduction is either

(1) Voluntarily consented to by the employee in writing and in advance of the period in which the work is to be done and such consent is not a condition either for the obtaining of employment or its continuance; or

(2) Provided for in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its employees.

[29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, as amended at 36 FR 9770, May 28, 1971]

§3.6 Payroll deductions permissible with the approval of the Secretary of Labor.

Any contractor or subcontractor may apply to the Secretary of Labor for permission to make any deduction not permitted under §3.5. The Secretary may grant permission whenever he finds that:

(a) The contractor, subcontractor, or any affiliated person does not make a profit or benefit directly or indirectly from the deduction either in the form of a commission, dividend, or otherwise;

(b) The deduction is not otherwise prohibited by law;

(c) The deduction is either (1) voluntarily consented to by the employee in writing and in advance of the period in which the work is to be done and such consent is not a condition either for the obtaining of employment or its continuance, or (2) provided for in a bona fide collective bargaining agreement between the contractor or subcontractor and representatives of its employees; and

(d) The deduction serves the convenience and interest of the employee.

§3.7 Applications for the approval of the Secretary of Labor.

Any application for the making of payroll deductions under §3.6 shall comply with the requirements prescribed in the following paragraphs of this section:

(a) The application shall be in writing and shall be addressed to the Secretary of Labor.

(b) The application need not identify the contract or contracts under which the work in question is to be performed. Permission will be given for deductions on all current and future contracts of the applicant for a period of 1 year. A renewal of permission to make such payroll deduction will be granted upon the submission of an application which makes reference to the original application, recites the date of the Secretary of Labor's approval of such deductions, states affirmatively that there is continued compliance with the standards set forth in the provisions of §3.6, and specifies any conditions which have changed in regard to the payroll deductions.

(c) The application shall state affirmatively that there is compliance with the standards set forth in the provisions of §3.6. The affirmation shall be accompanied by a full statement of the facts indicating such compliance.

(d) The application shall include a description of the proposed deduction, the purpose to be served thereby, and the classes of laborers or mechanics from whose wages the proposed deduction would be made.

(e) The application shall state the name and business of any third person to whom any funds obtained from the proposed deductions are to be transmitted and the affiliation of such person, if any, with the applicant.

[29 FR 97, Jan. 4, 1964, as amended at 36 FR 9771, May 28, 1971]

§3.8 Action by the Secretary of Labor upon applications.

The Secretary of Labor shall decide whether or not the requested deduction is permissible under provisions of §3.6; and shall notify the applicant in writing of his decision.

§3.9 Prohibited payroll deductions.

Deductions not elsewhere provided for by this part and which are not found to be permissible under §3.6 are prohibited.

§3.10 Methods of payment of wages.

The payment of wages shall be by cash, negotiable instruments payable on demand, or the additional forms of compensation for which deductions are permissible under this part. No other methods of payment shall be recognized on work subject to the Copeland Act.

§3.11 Regulations part of contract.

All contracts made with respect to the construction, prosecution, completion, or repair of any public building or public work or building or work financed in whole or in part by loans or grants from the United States covered by the regulations in this part shall expressly bind the contractor or subcontractor to comply with such of the regulations in this part as may be applicable. In this regard, see §5.5(a) of this subtitle.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM
 CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

CONCERNING LABOR STANDARDS AND PREVAILING WAGE REQUIREMENTS

TO (appropriate recipient)	DATE
C/O	PROJECT NUMBER (if any) 22-082-016-D218
	PROJECT NAME GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14 TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS

1. The undersigned, having executed a contract with _____
 for the construction of the above-identified project, acknowledges that:

- (a) The Labor Standards provisions are included in the aforesaid contract,
- (b) Correction of any infractions of the aforesaid conditions, including infractions by any subcontractors and any lower tier subcontractors, is Contractor's responsibility.

2. Certifies that:

- (a) Neither Contractor nor any firm, partnership or association in which it has substantial interest is designated as an ineligible contractor by the Comptroller General of the United States pursuant to Section 5.6(b) of the Regulations of the Secretary of Labor, Part 5 (29 CFR, Part 5) or pursuant to Section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended.
- (b) No part of the aforementioned contract has been or will be subcontracted to any subcontractor if such subcontractor or any firm, corporation, partnership or association in which such subcontractor has a substantial interest is designated as an ineligible contractor pursuant to any of the aforementioned regulatory or statutory provisions.

3. Contractor agrees to obtain and forward to the aforementioned recipient within ten days after the execution of any subcontract, including those executed by subcontractors and any lower tier subcontractors, a Subcontractor's Certification Concerning Labor Standards and Prevailing Wage Requirements executed by the subcontractors.

4. Certifies that:

- (a) The legal name and the business address of the undersigned are:

(b) The undersigned is (choose one):

(1) A SINGLE PROPRIETORSHIP	(3) A CORPORATION ORGANIZED IN THE STATE OF
(2) A PARTNERSHIP	(4) OTHER ORGANIZATION (Describe)

(e) The names, addresses and trade classifications of all other building construction contractors in which the undersigned has a substantial interest are:

NAME	ADDRESS	TRADE CLASSIFICATION

(Contractor)

Date _____

By _____



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION
The Texas General Land Office
Wage Rate Issuance Notice

The Davis-Bacon Act requires that a valid Wage Decision be included in the bid package and construction contract specifications before bids are opened and that it be in effect on the date of the construction contract award.

Obtain the most current Davis-Bacon wage decisions: <https://beta.sam.gov>

Subrecipient:	City of Kingsville	Contract Number:	22-082-016-D218
Date:	3/8/2024		
Labor Standards Officer Name:	Gustavo Jimenez		

I have determined the following General Wage Decision to be applicable for this construction work:

Wage Decision Number:	TX20240088 M0	Published Date:	1/5/2024
Type of Work (check one):	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Heavy <input type="checkbox"/> Highway <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Residential		
Distributed by LSO:	Gustavo Jimenez	Date distributed:	3/8/2024
Description of Bid Activity:	Replacement of manholes, rehabilitation, and creation of new lift station, replace sewer lines and complete all associated appurtenances.		
Estimated Bid Opening Date:	April 09, 2024		

ISSUED BY:

Labor Standards Officer Name:	Gustavo Jimenez		
Address:	City:	State:	Zip Code:
2201 Northland Dr.	Austin	Texas	78756
Phone Number:	Email:		
(512) 337-9959	gustavo.jimenez@grantworks.net		

Disclaimer: The Texas General Land Office has made every effort to ensure the information contained on this form is accurate and in compliance with the most up-to-date CDBG-DR and/or CDBG-MIT federal rules and regulations, as applicable. It should be noted that the Texas General Land Office assumes no liability or responsibility for any error or omission on this form that may result from the interim period between the publication of amended and/or revised federal rules and regulations and the Texas General Land Office's standard review and update schedule.

"General Decision Number: TX20240088 01/05/2024

Superseded General Decision Number: TX20230088

State: Texas

Construction Type: Heavy

Counties: Bee, Colorado, Fayette, Gonzales, Jackson, Jim Wells, Karnes, Kleberg, Lavaca, Live Oak, Refugio and Wharton Counties in Texas.

HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (Including Water and Sewer Lines; does not include Flood Control)

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

<p>If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$17.20 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2024.
<p>If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at <http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts>.

Modification Number 0 Publication Date 01/05/2024

SUTX2009-125 04/21/2009

Table with 3 columns: Classification, Rates, Fringes. Rows include CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER, LABORER: Common or General, LABORER: Pipelayer, OPERATOR: Backhoe/Trackhoe, OPERATOR: Bulldozer, OPERATOR: Loader (Front End), TRUCK DRIVER.

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

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** Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$17.20) or 13658 (\$12.90). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information. Please also note that the minimum wage requirements of Executive Order 14026 are not currently being enforced as to any contract or subcontract to which the states of Texas, Louisiana, or Mississippi, including their agencies, are a party.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification

and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

=====
END OF GENERAL DECISION"

GLO SIGNAGE REQUIREMENTS

All signs shall be placed in a prominent, visible public location at the construction site, and legible from at least three (3) feet distance.

Permanent signage is required on any public building or facility funded under this Contract. Please refer to the plans and specifications for further details.

For other construction projects (e.g., water transmission lines, sewer collection lines, drainage, roadways, housing rehabilitation) funded under this Contract, temporary signage shall be placed in a prominent location at the construction project site or along a major thoroughfare within the locality.

All signage required shall contain the following:

This project is to be funded by the Texas General Land Office of the State of Texas to provide for the restoration of infrastructure for communities impacted by the 2016 Floods. The Funds have been allocated by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development through the Community Development Block Grant – Mitigation Program.

SECTION 504 CERTIFICATION

POLICY OF NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY

The _____ does not discriminate on the basis of disability status in the admission or access to, or treatment or employment in, its federally assisted programs or activities.

(Name) _____

(Address) _____

City State Zip

Telephone Number () _____ - _____ Voice

() _____ - _____ TDD

_____ has been designated to coordinate compliance with the nondiscrimination requirements contained in the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) regulations implementing Section 504 (24 CFR Part 8. dated June 2, 1988).

CHILD SUPPORT STATEMENT FOR NEGOTIATED CONTRACTS AND GRANTS

Under Section 231.006, Family Code, the vendor or applicant certifies that the individual or business entity named in this contract, bid, or application is eligible to receive the specified grant, loan, or payment and acknowledges that this contract may be terminated and payment may be withheld if this certification is inaccurate.

Section 231.006, Family Code, specifies that a child support obligor who is more than 30 days delinquent in paying child support and a business entity in which the obligor is a sole proprietor, partner, shareholder, or owner with an ownership interest of at least 25% is not eligible to receive payments from state funds under a contract to provide property, materials, or services; or receive a state-funded grant or loan.

List below the name and ownership percentage of the individual or sole proprietor and each partner, shareholder, or owner with an ownership interest of at least 25% of the business entity submitting the bid or application.

NAME	OWNERSHIP BY %

A child support obligor or business entity ineligible to receive payments described above remains ineligible until all arrearage have been paid or the obligor is in compliance with a written repayment agreement or court order as to any existing delinquency.

The undersigned proposer certifies that he or she, is the proposing individual, or the sole proprietor of the proposing business, and is eligible under Section 231.006 of the Texas Family Code, to receive the payments of State funds which may be disbursed in connection with a contract arising from this solicitation, The undersigned each further acknowledges that a contract resulting from this solicitation may be terminated and payment may be withheld if the certification provided herein is found to be inaccurate.

Signature – Company Official

Printed/Type Firm Name

Printed/Typed Name and Title

Date

PAYMENT BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that:

(Name of Contractor or Company)

(Address)

a _____, hereinafter called Principal,
(Corporation / Partnership)

and _____
(Name of Surety Company)

(Address)

hereinafter called Surety, are held and firmly bound unto

(Name of Recipient)

(Recipient's Address)

hereinafter called OWNER, in the penal sum of \$ _____

Dollars, \$ _____ in lawful money of the United States, for this payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF THIS OBLIGATION is such that whereas, the Principal entered into a certain contract with the OWNER, dated the ____ day of _____, a copy of which is hereto attached and made a part hereof for the construction of:

(Project Name)

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Principal shall promptly make payment to all persons, firms, SUB-CONTRACTORS, and corporations furnishing materials for or performing labor in the prosecution of the WORK provided for in such contract,

and any authorized extension or modification thereof, including all amounts due for materials, lubricants, oil, gasoline, coal and coke, repairs on machinery, equipment and tools, consumed or used in connection with the construction of such WORK, and all insurance premiums on said WORK, and for all labor, performed in such WORK whether by SUB-CONTRACTOR or otherwise, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that the said Surety, for value received hereby stipulates and agrees that no change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to WORK to be performed thereunder or the SPECIFICATIONS accompanying the same shall in any way affect its obligation on this BOND, and it does hereby waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the WORK or to the SPECIFICATIONS.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that no final settlement between the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR shall abridge the right of any beneficiary hereunder, whose claim may be unsatisfied.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is executed in _____ counter-parts, each on of _____ (Number) which shall be deemed an original, this the _____ day of _____.

ATTEST:

(Principal)

(Principal Secretary) By _____ (s)

(SEAL)

(Witness as to Principal) (Address)

(Address)

ATTEST:

(Surety)

(Witness as to Surety) By _____
(Attorney in Fact)

(Address) (Address)

NOTE: Date of BOND must not be prior to date of Contract. If CONTRACTOR is Partnership, all partners should execute BOND.

PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that:

(Name of Contractor or Company)

(Address)

a _____ hereinafter called Principal, and

(Name of Surety Company)

(Address)

hereinafter called Surety, are held and firmly bound unto

Kingsville, TX
(Name of City)

400 W. King Ave, Kingsville, TX 78363
(City Address)

hereinafter called OWNER, in the penal sum of \$ _____

Dollars (\$ _____) in lawful money of the United States, for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made we bind ourselves, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly in these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is such that whereas, the Principal entered into a certain contract with the OWNER dated the _____ day of _____, a copy of which is hereto attached and made a part hereof for the construction of:

NOW THEREFORE, if the Principal shall well, truly and faithfully perform its duties in all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract during the original term thereof, and any extensions thereof which may be granted by the OWNER, with or without notice to the Surety and during the one year guaranty period, and if he shall satisfy all claims and demands incurred under such contract, and shall fully indemnify and save harmless the OWNER from all costs and damages which it may suffer by reason of failure to do so, and shall reimburse and repay the OWNER all outlay and expense which the OWNER may incur in making good any default, then this obligation shall be void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED FURTHER, that the said Surety, for value received hereby stipulates and agrees that no change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to WORK to be performed thereunder or the SPECIFICATIONS accompanying the same shall in any way affect its obligation on this BOND, and it does hereby waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the WORK or to the SPECIFICATIONS.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that no final settlement between the OWNER and the Principal shall abridge the right of any beneficiary hereunder, whose claim may be unsatisfied.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is executed in _____ counterparts,
each one of which shall be deemed an original, this the _____ day of _____
_____.

ATTEST:

(Principal)

(Principal Secretary) By _____ (s)

(SEAL)

(Witness as to Principal)

(Address)

(Address)

ATTEST:

(Surety)

(Witness as to Surety)

By

(Attorney in Fact)

(Address)

(Address)

NOTE: Date of BOND must not be prior to date of Contract. If PRINCIPAL/CONTRACTOR is Partnership, all partners should execute BOND.

Insert Winning Bidder Certificate of Liability Insurance

ADDITIONAL CONDITION OF AWARD —

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTED PARTY FORM:

NEW OBLIGATION OF THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM WINNING BIDDER

Effective January 1, 2016, pursuant to Texas Government Code, Section 2252.908 (the “Interested Party Disclosure Act”), the City of Kingsville may not award a contract to a bidder unless the bidder submits a Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the “Disclosure Form”) to the City of Kingsville as prescribed by the Texas Ethics Commission (“TEC”). In the event that the bidder’s bid for the City of Kingsville is the best bid received, the City of Kingsville or its consultant, will promptly notify the bidder. That notification will serve as the conditional verbal acceptance of the bid. Upon this acceptance, the winning bidder must promptly, not later than **TIME** (CST) on the **DATE**, file the materials described below.

PROCESS FOR COMPLETING THE DISCLOSURE FORM¹

The Disclosure Form can be found at <https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/forms/1295.pdf>, and reference should be made to the following information in order to complete it:

- (a) item 2 – Name of City (“Kingsville, Texas”)
- (b) item 3 – the identification number (“CDBG-MIT GLO CONTRACT NO. 22-082-016-D218”), and
- (c) item 3 – description of the goods or services assigned to this contract by the City (“**Construction Services** for Kingsville)

You must:

- 1) complete the Disclosure Form electronically at the TEC’s “electronic portal”, and
- 2) print, sign and deliver a copy (scanned and emailed is fine) of the Disclosure Form and Certification of Filing that is generated by the TEC’s “electronic portal.”

¹ A completed Form 1295 is not required for:

- a sponsored research contract of an institution of higher education;
- an interagency contract of a state agency or an institution of higher education;
- a contract related to health and human services if:
 - the value of the contract cannot be determined at the time the contract is executed; and
 - any qualified vendor is eligible for the contract;
- a contract with a publicly traded business entity, including a wholly owned subsidiary of the business entity;
- a contract with an electric utility, as that term is defined by Section 31.002, Utilities Code; or
- a contract with a gas utility, as that term is defined by Section 121.001, Utilities Code.

The following link will take you to the electronic portal for filing:
<https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/TECCertInt/pages/login/certLogin.jsf>

Also, a detailed instruction video may be found here:
https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf_info_form1295.htm

Neither the City of Kingsville nor its consultants have the ability to verify the information included in a Disclosure Form, and neither have an obligation nor undertake responsibility for advising any business entity with respect to the proper completion of the Disclosure Form.

CERTIFICATE OF INTERESTED PARTIES

FORM 1295

Complete Nos. 1 - 4 and 6 if there are interested parties.
 Complete Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, and 6 if there are no interested parties.

OFFICE USE ONLY

1 Name of business entity filing form, and the city, state and country of the business entity's place of business.

2 Name of governmental entity or state agency that is a party to the contract for which the form is being filed.

3 Provide the identification number used by the governmental entity or state agency to track or identify the contract, and provide a description of the services, goods, or other property to be provided under the contract.

4 Name of Interested Party	City, State, Country (place of business)	Nature of Interest (check applicable)	
		Controlling	Intermediary

5 Check only if there is no Interested Party.

6 UNSWORN DECLARATION

My name is _____, and my date of birth is _____.

My address: _____ (street) _____ (city) _____ (state) _____ (zip code) _____ (country)

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed in _____ County, State of _____, on the _____ day of _____, 20____.
 (month) (year)

 Signature of authorized agent of contracting business entity
 (Declarant)

ADD ADDITIONAL PAGES AS NECESSARY



Texas General Land Office
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
Disaster Recovery Program

Code of Federal Regulations
Title 24- Housing and Urban Development

Volume: 1

Date: 2003-04-01

Original Date: 2003-04-01

Title: Section 135.38- Section 3 Clause

Context: Title 24- Housing and Urban Development. Subtitle B- Relating to Housing and Urban Development . Chapter 1- Office of Assistant Secretary for Equal Opportunity, Department. Part 135 Economic Opportunities for Low-and Very Low-Income Persons. Subpart B- Economic Opportunities for Section 3 Residents and Section 3 Business Concerns.

§ 135.38 Section 3 clause.

All section 3 covered contracts shall include the following clause (referred to as the section 3 clause):

- A. The work to be performed under this contract is subject to the requirements of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u (section 3). The purpose of section 3 is to ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by HUD assistance or HUD-assisted projects covered by section 3, shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed to low- and very low-income persons, particularly persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing.
- B. The parties to this contract agree to comply with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135, which implement section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this contract, the parties to this contract certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the part 135 regulations.
- C. The contractor agrees to send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other understanding, if any, a notice advising the labor organization or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section 3 clause, and will post copies of the notice in conspicuous places at the work site where both employees and applicants for training and employment positions can see the notice. The notice shall describe the section 3 preference, shall set forth minimum number and job titles subject to hire, availability of apprenticeship and training positions, the qualifications for each; and the name and location of the person(s) taking applications for each of the positions; and the anticipated date the work shall begin.
- D. The contractor agrees to include this section 3 clause in every subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR part 135, and agrees to take appropriate action, as provided in an applicable provision of the subcontract or in this section 3 clause, upon a finding that the subcontractor is in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135. The contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135.

- E. The contractor will certify that any vacant employment positions, including training positions, that are filled (1) after the contractor is selected but before the contract is executed, and (2) with persons other than those to whom the regulations of 24 CFR part 135 require employment opportunities to be directed, were not filled to circumvent the contractor's obligations under 24 CFR part 135.
- F. Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135 may result in sanctions, termination of this contract for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD assisted contracts.
- G. With respect to work performed in connection with section 3 covered Indian housing assistance, section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e) also applies to the work to be performed under this contract. Section 7(b) requires that to the greatest extent feasible (i) preference and opportunities for training and employment shall be given to Indians, and (ii) preference in the award of contracts and subcontracts shall be given to Indian organizations and Indian-owned Economic Enterprises. Parties to this contract that are subject to the provisions of section 3 and section 7(b) agree to comply with section 3 to the maximum extent feasible, but not in derogation of compliance with section 7(b).



Texas General Land Office
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
Disaster Recovery Program

[Code of Federal Regulations]
[Title 24, Volume 1]
[Revised as of April 1, 2003]
From the U.S. Government Printing Office via GPO Access
[CITE: 24CFR135.92]
[Page 704-707]

TITLE 24--HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
CHAPTER I--OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR EQUAL OPPORTUNITY,
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
PART 135--ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES FOR LOW- and VERY LOW-INCOME PERSONS

Table of Contents

Appendix to Part 135

I. EXAMPLES OF EFFORTS TO OFFER TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES TO SECTION 3 RESIDENTS

- (1) Entering into ``first source'' hiring agreements with organizations representing Section 3 residents.
- (2) Sponsoring a HUD-certified ``Step-Up'' employment and training program for section 3 residents.
- (3) Establishing training programs, which are consistent with the requirements of the Department of Labor, for public and Indian housing residents and other section 3 residents in the building trades.
- (4) Advertising the training and employment positions by distributing flyers (which identify the positions to be filled, the qualifications required, and where to obtain additional information about the application process) to every occupied dwelling unit in the housing development or developments where category 1 or category 2 persons (as these terms are defined in Sec. 135.34) reside.
- (5) Advertising the training and employment positions by posting flyers (which identify the positions to be filled, the qualifications required, and where to obtain additional information about the application process) in the common areas or other prominent areas of the housing development or developments. For HAs, post such advertising in the housing development or developments where category 1 or category 2 persons reside; for all other recipients, post such advertising in the housing development or developments and transitional housing in the neighborhood or service area of the section 3 covered project.
- (6) Contacting resident councils, resident management corporations, or other resident organizations, where they exist, in the housing development or developments where category 1 or category 2 persons reside, and community organizations in HUD assisted neighborhoods, to request the assistance of these organizations in notifying residents of the training and employment positions to be filled.

- (7) Sponsoring (scheduling, advertising, financing or providing in-kind services) a job informational meeting to be conducted by an HA or contractor representative or representatives at a location in the housing development or developments where category 1 or category 2 persons reside or in the neighborhood or service area of the section 3 covered project.
- (8) Arranging assistance in conducting job interviews and completing job applications for residents of the housing development or developments where category 1 or category 2 persons reside and in the neighborhood or service area in which a section 3 project is located.
[[Page 705]]
- (9) Arranging for a location in the housing development or developments where category 1 persons reside, or the neighborhood or service area of the project, where job applications may be delivered to and collected by a recipient or contractor representative or representatives.
- (10) Conducting job interviews at the housing development or developments where category 1 or category 2 persons reside, or at a location within the neighborhood or service area of the section 3 covered project.
- (11) Contacting agencies administering HUD Youthbuild programs, and requesting their assistance in recruiting HUD Youthbuild program participants for the HA's or contractor's training and employment positions.
- (12) Consulting with State and local agencies administering training programs funded through JTPA or JOBS, probation and parole agencies, unemployment compensation programs, community organizations and other officials or organizations to assist with recruiting Section 3 residents for the HA's or contractor's training and employment positions.
- (13) Advertising the jobs to be filled through the local media, such as community television networks, newspapers of general circulation, and radio advertising.
- (14) Employing a job coordinator, or contracting with a business concern that is licensed in the field of job placement (preferably one of the section 3 business concerns identified in part 135), that will undertake, on behalf of the HA, other recipient or contractor, the efforts to match eligible and qualified section 3 residents with the training and employment positions that the HA or contractor intends to fill.
- (15) For an HA, employing section 3 residents directly on either a permanent or a temporary basis to perform work generated by section 3 assistance. (This type of employment is referred to as "force account labor" in HUD's Indian housing regulations. See 24 CFR 905.102, and Sec. 905.201(a)(6).)
- (16) Where there are more qualified section 3 residents than there are positions to be filled, maintaining a file of eligible qualified section 3 residents for future employment positions.
- (17) Undertaking job counseling, education and related programs in association with local educational institutions.
- (18) Undertaking such continued job training efforts as may be necessary to ensure the continued employment of section 3 residents previously hired for employment opportunities.
- (19) After selection of bidders but prior to execution of contracts, incorporating into the contract a negotiated provision for a specific number of public housing or other section 3 residents to be trained or employed on the section 3 covered assistance.
- (20) Coordinating plans and implementation of economic development (e.g., job training and preparation, business development assistance for residents) with the planning for housing and community development.



Texas General Land Office
 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
 Disaster Recovery Program

**NEW HIRES SECTION 3
 MONTHLY COMPLIANCE REPORT**

Reporting Month:

Economic Opportunities for Low and Very Low-Income Persons

This form is distributed to the General Contractor (GC) at the Pre-Construction Meeting. GC is also required to provide this form to any subcontractor firms that they anticipate hiring for this project.

CONTRACTOR INFORMATION

Name of Business:

Address of Business:

Authorized Representative for this contract:

Authorized Signatory:

ADDITIONALLY, PLEASE REVIEW AND COMPLY WITH STEPS 1 - 3 BELOW:

1. You must **sign and date** this form for the each applicable reporting month in connection with awarded project and deliver to:

2. When you **hire** a Section 3 resident in connection with this project, you must also complete this form and submit it to the Section 3 Coordinator identified above. Even if there were no **new hires** this form **must be completed and submitted to the Section 3 Coordinator identified above.**

I have not hired any new employees during the reporting Month specified.

I have hired Section 3 employess and/or non-Section 3 employees during the reporting month shown here.

The following is a list of the new hires and the trades:

	New Hire Name	Job Category/Trade	Full-time? Yes or No
1.			<input type="text"/>
2.			<input type="text"/>
3.			<input type="text"/>
4.			<input type="text"/>

I have taken one or more of the following recruitment steps to hire a Section 3 Resident with the highest training and employment priority ranking. **Provide a brief description of actions taken:**

I have taken steps to find a Section 3 Resident in the applicable targeted areas where the project(s)/assistance will take place. **List areas:**

- Placed signs or posters at prominent places in each of the above listed areas. *Photographs were taken to document this action.*

I have advertised to fill vacancy(ies) at the site(s), where work is taking place, in connection with this project. **List advertisements (name publication, e.g. Work in Texas, Houston Chronicle, and/or website(s)):**

- Distributed employment flyers to the administrative office of the local Public Housing Authority.
- Provided notice of positions available to the Texas Workforce Commission for potential applicants. *Provide copy of notice.*
- Contacted employment referrals or Youthbuild Program referrals. **List contacts:**

- Contacted with applicable parties to ensure that any HUD Youthbuild programs currently operating in the project(s) area/ assistance will take place.
- Kept a log of all applicants and indicate the reasons why Section 3 Residents who applied were not hired.
- Retained copies of any employment applications completed by public housing, Section 8 certificate or voucher holders or other Section 3 Residents.
- Sent a notice about Section 3 training and employment requirements and opportunities to labor organizations or to worker representatives with whom our firm has a collective bargaining or other agreement.

3. Verification

- I have attached proof of all checked items.

Authorized Name and Signature

Attested By:

Date/Time Field

Text

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Section 3

Economic Opportunity *A Piece of the American Dream*

This project is federally funded and Section 3 compliance and reporting applies to all executed prime or sub contracts over \$100,000.

About Section 3

Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701(u) (as amended)), requires that economic opportunities generated by certain HUD financial assistance for housing (including Public and Indian Housing) and community development programs shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be given to low and very low-income persons, particularly those who are recipients of government assistance for housing, and to businesses that provide economic opportunities for these persons.

Other HUD programs covered by Section 3 (to distinguish between HUD Public and Indian housing programs) are those that provide housing or community development assistance for housing rehabilitation, housing construction, or other public construction project.

Who are Section 3 residents?

Public housing residents including persons with disabilities. Low and very low income persons who live in the area where a HUD assisted project is located.

What is a Section 3 Business?

A section 3 business is one:
That is owned by Section 3 residents
Employs Section 3 residents or:

Subcontracts with businesses that provide opportunities to low and very low income persons.

Who receives Economic Opportunities under Section 3?

For training and employment:

- ✓ persons in public and assisted housing;
- ✓ persons in the affected project neighborhood;
- ✓ participants in HUD Youth-build programs;
- ✓ homeless persons.

For contracting:
✓ businesses which fit the definition of a Section 3 business.

How can individuals and businesses find out more about Section 3?

Contact GrantWorks at 512-420-0303 ext.334 or Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity representative at your nearest HUD Office.

What am I required to do as a contractor?

- ✓ Submit monthly new hires report (pg.7-8)
- ✓ Post any job vacancies at www.workintexas.com
- ✓ Keep a log of all applicants and indicate why
- ✓ Section 3 Residents who applied were not hired
- ✓ Retain copies of any employment applications completed by public housing, Section 8, voucher holders, Section 3 Residents

How to Post Job Vacancies

As required by the GLO Section 3 Policy, all Grantees and contractors receiving DR funding **must** post all job vacancies with the state's free job matching system – WorkIn Texas.com. There are two ways to do this. Self-register with an employer account and post jobs directly online or contact your local Workforce Solutions Office. Staff is available to assist with account registration and/or can post jobs on your behalf at Workintexas.com. **The job title and job description must include the word SEC3.**

More ways to find Section 3 Applicants

- ✓ Advertising in other publications such as newspapers and websites
- ✓ Placing posters in prominent places in target areas
- ✓ Distributing flyers to the local Public Housing Authority

Where can I find my local Workforce Solution Center?

You may search for one here:

http://www.twc.state.tx.us/dir/s/wd/as/directory-offices-services.htm?mid=0_07262226541895678

HUD Compliance and Monitoring?

HUD monitors the performance of recipients and contractors. HUD examines employment and contract records for evidence of actions taken to train and employ Section 3 residents and to award contracts to Section 3 businesses. HUD provides technical assistance to recipients and contractors in order to obtain compliance with Section 3 requirements.

What if it appears that an entity is not complying?

There is a complaint process. Section 3 residents and business concerns may file complaints if they think a violation of Section 3 requirements has occurred where a HUD-funded project is planned or underway. Complaints will be investigated; if appropriate, voluntary resolutions will be sought. There are appeal rights to the Secretary. Section 3 residents and businesses may also seek judicial relief.

How can Section 3 businesses or residents complain about a violation of Section 3 requirements?

By filing a complaint in writing to the local HUD FHEO Office or to:

The Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 5100
Washington, DC 20410-2000
1-800-669-9777
1-800-927-9276 (TTY)

www.hud.gov www.espanol.hud.gov

A written complaint should contain:

1. Name and address of the person filing the complaint.
2. Name and address of subject of complaint (HUD recipient or contractor).
3. Description of acts or omissions in alleged violation of Section 3.
4. Statement of corrective actions sought

ASSURANCES - CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

OMB Approval No. 4040-0009
Expiration Date: 02/28/2022

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

**PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET.
SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.**

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the Awarding Agency. Further, certain Federal assistance awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant, I certify that the applicant:

1. Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of the project described in this application.
2. Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States and, if appropriate, the State, the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the assistance; and will establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives.
3. Will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title, or other interest in the site and facilities without permission and instructions from the awarding agency. Will record the Federal awarding agency directives and will include a covenant in the title of real property acquired in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure non-discrimination during the useful life of the project.
4. Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progress reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
6. Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
7. Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.
8. Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards for merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
9. Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
10. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to non-discrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681-1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee-3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other non-discrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and, (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) which may apply to the application.

11. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
12. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§1501-1508 and 7324-7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
13. Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. §276c and 18 U.S.C. §874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§327-333) regarding labor standards for federally-assisted construction subagreements.
14. Will comply with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.
15. Will comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514; (b) notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738; (c) protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990; (d) evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains in accordance with EO 11988; (e) assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§1451 et seq.); (f) conformity of Federal actions to State (Clean Air) Implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.); (g) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended (P.L. 93-523); and, (h) protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (P.L. 93-205).
16. Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.
17. Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq.).
18. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."
19. Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.
20. Will comply with the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) which prohibits grant award recipients or a sub-recipient from (1) Engaging in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect (2) Procuring a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect or (3) Using forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

GENERAL AFFIRMATIONS

TO THE EXTENT APPLICABLE, Subrecipient affirms and agrees to the following, without exception:

1. Subrecipient represents and warrants that, in accordance with Section 2155.005 of the Texas Government Code, neither Subrecipient nor the firm, corporation, partnership, or institution represented by Subrecipient, or anyone acting for such a firm, corporation, partnership, or institution has (1) violated any provision of the Texas Free Enterprise and Antitrust Act of 1983, Chapter 15 of the Texas Business and Commerce Code, or the federal antitrust laws, or (2) communicated directly or indirectly the contents of this Contract or any solicitation response upon which this Contract is based to any competitor or any other person engaged in the same line of business as Subrecipient.*
2. Subrecipient shall not assign its rights under the Contract or delegate the performance of its duties under the Contract without prior written approval from the GLO. Any attempted assignment or delegation in violation of this provision is void and without effect. This provision does not apply to subcontracting.
3. If the Contract is for services, Subrecipient shall comply with Section 2155.4441 of the Texas Government Code, requiring the purchase of products and materials produced in the State of Texas in performing service contracts, but for contracts subject to 2 CFR 200, only to the extent such compliance is consistent with 2 CFR 200.319.
4. Under Section 231.006 of the Family Code, the vendor or applicant [Subrecipient] certifies that the individual or business entity named in this Contract, bid or application is not ineligible to receive the specified grant, loan, or payment and acknowledges that this Contract may be terminated and payment may be withheld if this certification is inaccurate.*
5. A bid or an application for a contract, grant, or loan paid from state funds must include the name and social security number of the individual or sole proprietor and each partner, shareholder, or owner with an ownership interest of at least 25 percent of the business entity submitting the bid or application. Subrecipient certifies it has submitted this information to the GLO.*
6. If the Contract is for a “cloud computing service” as defined by Texas Government Code Section 2157.007, then pursuant to Section 2054.0593(d)-(f) of the Texas Government Code, relating to cloud computing state risk and authorization management program, Subrecipient represents and warrants that it complies with the requirements of the state risk and authorization management program and Subrecipient agrees that throughout the term of the Contract it shall maintain its certifications and comply with the program requirements in the performance of the Contract.
7. If the Contract is for the purchase or lease of computer equipment, as defined by Texas Health and Safety Code Section 361.952(2), Subrecipient certifies that it is in compliance with Subchapter Y, Chapter 361 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, related to the Computer Equipment Recycling Program and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality rules in Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 328.
8. If the Contract authorizes Subrecipient to access, transmit, use, or store data for the GLO, then in accordance with Section 2054.138 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient certifies that it will comply with the security controls required under this Contract and will

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maintain records and make them available to the GLO as evidence of Subrecipient's compliance with the required controls.

9. Subrecipient represents and warrants that it has not given, offered to give, nor intends to give at any time hereafter any economic opportunity, future employment, gift, loan, gratuity, special discount, trip, favor, or service to a public servant in connection with the Contract.
10. Subrecipient agrees that any payments due under the Contract shall be applied towards any debt or delinquency that is owed by Subrecipient to the State of Texas.
11. Upon request of the GLO, Subrecipient shall provide copies of its most recent business continuity and disaster recovery plans.
12. If the Contract is for consulting services governed by Texas Government Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter B, in accordance with Section 2254.033 of the Texas Government Code, relating to consulting services, Subrecipient certifies that it does not employ an individual who has been employed by the GLO or another agency at any time during the two years preceding the Subrecipient's submission of its offer to provide consulting services to the GLO or, in the alternative Subrecipient, in its offer to provide consulting services to the GLO, disclosed the following: (i) the nature of the previous employment with the GLO or other state agency; (ii) the date the employment was terminated; and (iii) the annual rate of compensation for the employment at the time of its termination.*
13. If the Contract is not for architecture, engineering, or construction services, then except as otherwise provided by statute, rule, or regulation, Subrecipient must use the dispute resolution process provided for in Chapter 2260 of the Texas Government Code to attempt to resolve any dispute arising under the Contract. **NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS A WAIVER OF SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY BY THE GLO OR, IF APPLICABLE, OF GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY BY SUBRECIPIENT.**
14. If the Contract is for architecture, engineering, or construction services, then subject to Texas Government Code Section 2260.002 and Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code Chapter 114, and except as otherwise provided by statute, rule, or regulation, Subrecipient shall use the dispute resolution process provided for in Chapter 2260 of the Texas Government Code to attempt to resolve all disputes arising under this Contract. Except as otherwise provided by statute, rule, or regulation, in accordance with the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Section 114.005, claims encompassed by Texas Government Code, Section 2260.002(3) and Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code Section 114.002 shall be governed by the dispute resolution process set forth below in subsections (a)-(d). **NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS A WAIVER OF SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY BY THE GLO OR, IF APPLICABLE, OF GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY BY SUBRECIPIENT.**
 - a. Notwithstanding Texas Government Code, Chapter 2260.002(3) and Chapter 114.012 and any other statute or applicable law, if Subrecipient's claim for breach of contract cannot be resolved by the Parties in the ordinary course of business, Subrecipient may make a claim against the GLO for breach of contract and the GLO may assert a counterclaim against Subrecipient as is contemplated by Texas Government Code, Chapter 2260, Subchapter B. In such event, Subrecipient must provide written notice to the GLO of a claim for breach of the Contract not later than the 180th day after the date

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- of the event giving rise to the claim. The notice must state with particularity: (1) the nature of the alleged breach; (2) the amount Subrecipient seeks as damages; and (3) the legal theory of recovery.
- b. The chief administrative officer, or if designated in the Contract, another officer of the GLO, shall examine the claim and any counterclaim and negotiate with Subrecipient in an effort to resolve them. The negotiation must begin no later than the 120th day after the date the claim is received, as is contemplated by Texas Government Code, Chapter 2260, Section 2260.052.
 - c. If the negotiation under paragraph (b) above results in the resolution of some disputed issues by agreement or in a settlement, the Parties shall reduce the agreement or settlement to writing and each Party shall sign the agreement or settlement. A partial settlement or resolution of a claim does not waive a Party's rights under this Contract as to the parts of the claim that are not resolved.
 - d. If a claim is not entirely resolved under paragraph (b) above, on or before the 270th day after the date the claim is filed with the GLO, unless the Parties agree in writing to an extension of time, the Parties may agree to mediate a claim made under this dispute resolution procedure. This dispute resolution procedure is Subrecipient's sole and exclusive process for seeking a remedy for an alleged breach of contract by the GLO if the Parties are unable to resolve their disputes as described in this section.
 - e. Nothing in the Contract shall be construed as a waiver of the state's or the GLO's sovereign immunity, or, if applicable, the governmental immunity of Subrecipient. This Contract shall not constitute or be construed as a waiver of any of the privileges, rights, defenses, remedies, or immunities available to the State of Texas or Subrecipient. The failure to enforce, or any delay in the enforcement, of any privileges, rights, defenses, remedies, or immunities available to the State of Texas or, if applicable, of Subrecipient under this Contract or under applicable law shall not constitute a waiver of such privileges, rights, defenses, remedies or immunities or be considered as a basis for estoppel. The GLO does not waive any privileges, rights, defenses, or immunities available to it by entering into this Contract or by its conduct, or by the conduct of any representative of the GLO, prior to or subsequent to entering into this Contract. Subrecipient does not waive any privileges, rights, defenses, or immunities available to it by entering into this Contract or by its conduct, or by the conduct of any representative of the GLO, prior to or subsequent to entering into this Contract.
 - f. Except as otherwise provided by statute, rule, or regulation, compliance with the dispute resolution process provided for in Texas Government Code, Chapter 2260, subchapter B and incorporated by reference in subsection (a)-(d) above is a condition precedent to the Subrecipient: (1) filing suit pursuant to Chapter 114 of the Civil Practices and Remedies Code; or (2) initiating a contested case hearing pursuant to Subchapter C of Chapter 2260 of the Texas Government Code.
15. If Chapter 2271 of the Texas Government Code applies to this Contract, Subrecipient verifies that it does not boycott Israel and will not boycott Israel during the term of the Contract.*
16. This Contract is contingent upon the continued availability of lawful appropriations by the Texas Legislature. Subrecipient understands that all obligations of the GLO under this

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Contract are subject to the availability of funds. If such funds are not appropriated or become unavailable, the GLO may terminate the Contract. The Contract shall not be construed as creating a debt on behalf of the GLO in violation of Article III, Section 49a of the Texas Constitution.

17. Subrecipient certifies that it is not listed in the prohibited vendors list authorized by Executive Order 13224, "Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions with Persons Who Commit, Threaten to Commit, or Support Terrorism", published by the United States Department of the Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control.
18. In accordance with Section 669.003 of the Texas Government Code, relating to contracting with the executive head of a state agency, Subrecipient certifies that it is not (1) the executive head of the GLO, (2) a person who at any time during the four years before the effective date of the Contract was the executive head of the GLO, or (3) a person who employs a current or former executive head of the GLO.
19. Subrecipient represents and warrants that all statements and information prepared and submitted in connection with this Contract are current, complete, true, and accurate. Submitting a false statement or making a material misrepresentation during the performance of this Contract is a material breach of contract and may void the Contract or be grounds for its termination.
20. Pursuant to Section 2155.004(a) of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient certifies that neither Subrecipient nor any person or entity represented by Subrecipient has received compensation from the GLO to participate in the preparation of the specifications or solicitation on which this Contract is based. Under Section 2155.004(b) of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient certifies that the individual or business entity named in this Contract is not ineligible to receive the specified Contract and acknowledges that the Contract may be terminated and payment withheld if this certification is inaccurate. This Section does not prohibit Subrecipient from providing free technical assistance.*
21. Subrecipient represents and warrants that it is not engaged in business with Iran, Sudan, or a foreign terrorist organization, as prohibited by Section 2252.152 of the Texas Government Code.*
22. In accordance with Section 2252.901 of the Texas Government Code, for the categories of contracts listed in that section, Subrecipient represents and warrants that none of its employees including, but not limited to, those authorized to provide services under the contract, were employees of the GLO during the twelve (12) month period immediately prior to the date of execution of the contract. Solely for professional services contracts as described by Chapter 2254 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient further represents and warrants that if a former employee of the GLO was employed by Subrecipient within one year of the employee's leaving the GLO, then such employee will not perform services on projects with Subrecipient that the employee worked on while employed by the GLO.*
23. The Contract shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to the conflicts of law provisions. The venue of any suit arising under the Contract is fixed in any court of competent jurisdiction of Travis County, Texas, unless the specific venue is otherwise identified in a statute which directly names or otherwise identifies its applicability to any Party.

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24. IF THE CONTRACT IS NOT FOR ARCHITECTURE OR ENGINEERING SERVICES GOVERNED BY TEXAS GOVERNMENT CODE CHAPTER 2254, SUBRECIPIENT, TO THE EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD HARMLESS THE STATE OF TEXAS AND THE GLO, AND/OR THEIR OFFICERS, AGENTS, EMPLOYEES, REPRESENTATIVES, CONTRACTORS, ASSIGNEES, AND/OR DESIGNEES FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, ACTIONS, CLAIMS, DEMANDS, OR SUITS, AND ALL RELATED COSTS, ATTORNEY FEES, AND EXPENSES ARISING OUT OF, OR RESULTING FROM ANY ACTS OR OMISSIONS OF SUBRECIPIENT OR ITS AGENTS, EMPLOYEES, SUBCONTRACTORS, ORDER FULFILLERS, OR SUPPLIERS OF SUBCONTRACTORS IN THE EXECUTION OR PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT AND ANY PURCHASE ORDERS ISSUED UNDER THE CONTRACT. THE DEFENSE SHALL BE COORDINATED BY SUBRECIPIENT WITH THE OFFICE OF THE TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL WHEN TEXAS STATE AGENCIES ARE NAMED DEFENDANTS IN ANY LAWSUIT AND SUBRECIPIENT MAY NOT AGREE TO ANY SETTLEMENT WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING THE CONCURRENCE FROM THE OFFICE OF THE TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL. SUBRECIPIENT AND THE GLO SHALL FURNISH TIMELY WRITTEN NOTICE TO EACH OTHER OF ANY SUCH CLAIM.*
25. IF THE CONTRACT IS FOR ARCHITECTURE OR ENGINEERING SERVICES GOVERNED BY TEXAS GOVERNMENT CODE CHAPTER 2254, SUBRECIPIENT, TO THE EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, SHALL INDEMNIFY AND HOLD HARMLESS THE STATE OF TEXAS AND THE GLO, AND/OR THEIR OFFICERS, AGENTS, EMPLOYEES, REPRESENTATIVES, CONTRACTORS, ASSIGNEES, AND/OR DESIGNEES FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, ACTIONS, CLAIMS, DEMANDS, OR SUITS, AND ALL RELATED DAMAGES, COSTS, ATTORNEY FEES, AND EXPENSES TO THE EXTENT CAUSED BY, ARISING OUT OF, OR RESULTING FROM ANY ACTS OF NEGLIGENCE, INTENTIONAL TORTS, WILLFUL MISCONDUCT, PERSONAL INJURY OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY, AND/OR OTHERWISE RELATED TO SUBRECIPIENT'S PERFORMANCE, AND/OR FAILURES TO PAY A SUBCONTRACTOR OR SUPPLIER BY THE SUBRECIPIENT OR ITS AGENTS, EMPLOYEES, SUBCONTRACTORS, ORDER FULFILLERS, CONSULTANTS UNDER CONTRACT TO SUBRECIPIENT, OR ANY OTHER ENTITY OVER WHICH SUBRECIPIENT EXERCISES CONTROL, OR SUPPLIERS OF SUBCONTRACTORS IN THE EXECUTION OR PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT. THE DEFENSE SHALL BE COORDINATED BY SUBRECIPIENT WITH THE OFFICE OF THE TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL WHEN TEXAS STATE AGENCIES ARE NAMED DEFENDANTS IN ANY LAWSUIT AND SUBRECIPIENT MAY NOT AGREE TO ANY SETTLEMENT WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING THE CONCURRENCE FROM THE OFFICE OF THE TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL. SUBRECIPIENT AND THE GLO SHALL FURNISH TIMELY WRITTEN NOTICE TO EACH OTHER OF ANY SUCH CLAIM.*
26. TO THE EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, SUBRECIPIENT SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY, AND HOLD HARMLESS THE GLO AND THE STATE OF TEXAS FROM AND AGAINST ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, VIOLATIONS, MISAPPROPRIATIONS OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, TRADEMARK, COPYRIGHT, TRADE SECRET OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND/OR OTHER INTANGIBLE

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PROPERTY, PUBLICITY OR PRIVACY RIGHTS, AND/OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING FROM: (1) THE PERFORMANCE OR ACTIONS OF SUBRECIPIENT PURSUANT TO THIS CONTRACT; (2) ANY DELIVERABLE, WORK PRODUCT, CONFIGURED SERVICE OR OTHER SERVICE PROVIDED HEREUNDER; AND/OR (3) THE GLO'S AND/OR SUBRECIPIENT'S USE OF OR ACQUISITION OF ANY REQUESTED SERVICES OR OTHER ITEMS PROVIDED TO THE GLO BY SUBRECIPIENT OR OTHERWISE TO WHICH THE GLO HAS ACCESS AS A RESULT OF SUBRECIPIENT'S PERFORMANCE UNDER THE CONTRACT. SUBRECIPIENT AND THE GLO SHALL FURNISH TIMELY WRITTEN NOTICE TO EACH OTHER OF ANY SUCH CLAIM. SUBRECIPIENT SHALL BE LIABLE TO PAY ALL COSTS OF DEFENSE, INCLUDING ATTORNEYS' FEES. THE DEFENSE SHALL BE COORDINATED BY SUBRECIPIENT WITH THE OFFICE OF THE TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL (OAG) WHEN TEXAS STATE AGENCIES ARE NAMED DEFENDANTS IN ANY LAWSUIT AND SUBRECIPIENT MAY NOT AGREE TO ANY SETTLEMENT WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING THE CONCURRENCE FROM OAG. IN ADDITION, SUBRECIPIENT WILL REIMBURSE THE GLO AND THE STATE OF TEXAS FOR ANY CLAIMS, DAMAGES, COSTS, EXPENSES OR OTHER AMOUNTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COURT COSTS, ARISING FROM ANY SUCH CLAIM. IF THE GLO DETERMINES THAT A CONFLICT EXISTS BETWEEN ITS INTERESTS AND THOSE OF SUBRECIPIENT OR IF THE GLO IS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW TO SELECT SEPARATE COUNSEL, THE GLO WILL BE PERMITTED TO SELECT SEPARATE COUNSEL AND SUBRECIPIENT WILL PAY ALL REASONABLE COSTS OF THE GLO'S COUNSEL.*

27. Subrecipient has disclosed in writing to the GLO all existing or known potential conflicts of interest relative to the performance of the Contract.
28. Sections 2155.006 and 2261.053 of the Texas Government Code prohibit state agencies from accepting a solicitation response or awarding a contract that includes proposed financial participation by a person who, in the past five years, has been convicted of violating a federal law or assessed a penalty in connection with a contract involving relief for Hurricane Rita, Hurricane Katrina, or any other disaster, as defined by Section 418.004 of the Texas Government Code, occurring after September 24, 2005. Under Sections 2155.006 and 2261.053 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient certifies that the individual or business entity named in this Contract is not ineligible to receive the specified Contract and acknowledges that this Contract may be terminated and payment withheld if this certification is inaccurate.*
29. The person executing this Contract certifies that he/she is duly authorized to execute this Contract on his/her own behalf or on behalf of Subrecipient and legally empowered to contractually bind Subrecipient to the terms and conditions of the Contract and related documents.
30. If the Contract is for architectural or engineering services, pursuant to Section 2254.0031 of the Texas Government Code, which incorporates by reference Section 271.904(d) of the Texas Local Government Code, Subrecipient shall perform services (1) with professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent engineers or architects practicing under the same or similar circumstances and professional license, and (2) as expeditiously as is prudent considering the ordinary professional skill and care of a competent engineer or architect.*

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31. The state auditor may conduct an audit or investigation of any entity receiving funds from the state directly under the Contract or indirectly through a subcontract under the Contract. The acceptance of funds directly under the Contract or indirectly through a subcontract under the Contract acts as acceptance of the authority of the state auditor, under the direction of the legislative audit committee, to conduct an audit or investigation in connection with those funds. Under the direction of the legislative audit committee, an entity that is the subject of an audit or investigation by the state auditor must provide the state auditor with access to any information the state auditor considers relevant to the investigation or audit. Subrecipient shall ensure that this paragraph concerning the authority to audit funds received indirectly by subcontractors through the Contract and the requirement to cooperate is included in any subcontract it awards. The GLO may unilaterally amend the Contract to comply with any rules and procedures of the state auditor in the implementation and enforcement of Section 2262.154 of the Texas Government Code.
32. Subrecipient certifies that neither it nor its principals are debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or otherwise excluded from participation in the Contract by any state or federal agency.
33. If the Contract is for the purchase or lease of covered television equipment, as defined by Section 361.971(3) of the Texas Health and Safety Code, Subrecipient certifies its compliance with Subchapter Z, Chapter 361 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, related to the Television Equipment Recycling Program.
34. Pursuant to Section 572.069 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient certifies it has not employed and will not employ a former state officer or employee who participated in a procurement or contract negotiations for the GLO involving Subrecipient within two (2) years after the date that the contract is signed or the procurement is terminated or withdrawn. This certification only applies to former state officers or employees whose state service or employment ceased on or after September 1, 2015.
35. The GLO shall post this Contract to the GLO's website. Subrecipient understands that the GLO will comply with the Texas Public Information Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 552, the "PIA"), as interpreted by judicial rulings and opinions of the Attorney General of the State of Texas (the "Attorney General"). Information, documentation, and other material in connection with this Contract may be subject to public disclosure pursuant to the PIA. In accordance with Section 2252.907 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient is required to make any information created or exchanged with the GLO or the State of Texas pursuant to the Contract, and not otherwise excepted from disclosure under the PIA, available to the GLO in portable document file (".pdf") format or any other format agreed upon between the Parties that is accessible by the public at no additional charge to the GLO or the State of Texas. By failing to mark any information that Subrecipient believes to be excepted from disclosure as "confidential" or a "trade secret," Subrecipient waives any and all claims it may make against the GLO for releasing such information without prior notice to Subrecipient. The Attorney General will ultimately determine whether any information may be withheld from release under the PIA. Subrecipient shall notify the GLO's Office of General Counsel within twenty-four (24) hours of receipt of any third-party written requests for information and forward a copy of said written requests to PIALegal@glo.texas.gov. If a request for information was not written, Subrecipient shall forward the third party's contact information to the above-designated e-mail address.

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36. The GLO does not tolerate any type of fraud. GLO policy promotes consistent, legal, and ethical organizational behavior by assigning responsibilities and providing guidelines to enforce controls. Any violations of law, agency policies, or standards of ethical conduct will be investigated, and appropriate actions will be taken. Subrecipient must report any possible fraud, waste, or abuse that occurs in connection with the Contract to the GLO in the manner prescribed by the GLO's website, <http://glo.texas.gov>.
37. If Subrecipient, in its performance of the Contract, has access to a state computer system or database, Subrecipient must complete a cybersecurity training program certified under Texas Government Code Section 2054.519, as selected by the GLO. Subrecipient must complete the cybersecurity training program during the initial term of the Contract and during any renewal period. Subrecipient must verify in writing to the GLO its completion of the cybersecurity training program.
38. Under Section 2155.0061, Texas Government Code, Subrecipient certifies that the entity named in this Contract is not ineligible to receive the specified Contract and acknowledges that this Contract may be terminated and payment withheld if this certification is inaccurate.*
39. Subrecipient certifies that it does not require its customers to provide any documentation certifying the customer's COVID-19 vaccination or post-transmission recovery on entry to, to gain access to, or to receive service from Subrecipient's business. Subrecipient acknowledges that such a vaccine or recovery requirement would make Subrecipient ineligible for a state-funded contract.
40. Pursuant to Government Code Section 2274.0102, Subrecipient certifies that neither it nor its parent company, nor any affiliate of Subrecipient or its parent company, is: (1) majority owned or controlled by citizens or governmental entities of China, Iran, North Korea, Russia, or any other country designated by the Governor under Government Code Section 2274.0103, or (2) headquartered in any of those countries.*
41. If Subrecipient is required to make a verification pursuant to Section 2274.002 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient verifies that Subrecipient does not boycott energy companies and will not boycott energy companies during the term of the Contract. If Subrecipient does not make that verification, Subrecipient must notify the GLO and state why the verification is not required.*
42. If Subrecipient is required to make a verification pursuant to Section 2274.002 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient verifies that it (1) does not have a practice, policy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a "firearm entity" or "firearm trade association" as those terms are defined in Texas Government Code section 2274.001 and (2) will not discriminate during the term of the Contract against a firearm entity or firearm trade association. If Subrecipient does not make that verification, Subrecipient must notify the GLO and state why the verification is not required.*
43. If Subrecipient is a "professional sports team" as defined by Texas Occupations Code Section 2004.002, Subrecipient will play the United States national anthem at the beginning of each team sporting event held at Subrecipient's home venue or other venue controlled by Subrecipient for the event. Failure to comply with this obligation constitutes a default of this Contract, and immediately subjects Subrecipient to the penalties for default, such as repayment of money received or ineligibility for additional money. In addition, Subrecipient

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may be debarred from contracting with the State. The GLO or the Attorney General may strictly enforce this provision.*

44. To the extent Section 552.371 of the Texas Government Code applies to Subrecipient and the Contract, in accordance with Section 552.372 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient must (a) preserve all contracting information related to the Contract in accordance with the records retention requirements applicable to the GLO for the duration of the Contract, (b) no later than the tenth business day after the date of the GLO's request, provide to the GLO any contracting information related to the Contract that is in Subrecipient's custody or possession, and (c) on termination or expiration of the Contract, either (i) provide to the GLO at no cost all contracting information related to the Contract that is in Subrecipient's custody or possession or (ii) preserve the contracting information related to the Contract in accordance with the records retention requirements applicable to the GLO. Except as provided by Section 552.374(c) of the Texas Government Code, the requirements of Subchapter J, Chapter 552, Government Code, may apply to the Contract and Subrecipient agrees that the Contract may be terminated if Subrecipient knowingly or intentionally fails to comply with a requirement of that subchapter.*
45. If the Contract is for consulting services governed by Chapter 2254 of the Texas Government Code, Subrecipient, upon completion of the Contract, must give the GLO a compilation, in a digital medium agreed to by the Parties, of all documents, films, recordings, or reports Subrecipient compiled in connection with its performance under the Contract.*
46. If subject to 2 CFR 200.216, Subrecipient shall not obligate or expend funding provided under this Contract to: (a) procure or obtain; (b) extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or (c) enter into a contract to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services, as defined in Public Law 115-232, Section 889, as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system.
47. To the extent Texas Government Code Chapter 2252, Subchapter G applies to the Contract, any iron or steel product Subrecipient uses in its performance of the Contract that is produced through a manufacturing process, as defined in Section 2252.201(2) of the Texas Government Code, must be produced in the United States.

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ATTORNEY'S REVIEW CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, _____, the duly authorized and acting legal representative of the _____, do hereby certify as follows:

I have examined the attached contract(s) and surety bonds and am of the opinion that each of the agreements may be duly executed by the proper parties, acting through their duly authorized representatives; that said representatives have full power and authority to execute said agreements on behalf of the respective parties; and that the agreements shall constitute valid and legally binding obligations upon the parties executing the same in accordance with terms, conditions and provisions thereof.

Attorney's signature: _____ Date: _____

Print Attorney's Name: _____

Texas State Bar Number: _____

CONTRACTOR'S FINAL PAYMENT AFFIDAVIT

City: Kingsville

CDBG-MIT No: 22-082-016-D218

Contractor: _____

Date: _____

BEFORE ME, THE UNDERSIGNED AUTHORITY, on this day personally appeared _____, who being duly sworn, on oath, says that he is a duly authorized representative of _____; Contractor, and that all terms of the Contract for the completion of certain public works described as _____; City of Kingsville, Texas have been satisfactorily completed and that ALL sums of money for payrolls, bills for material and equipment, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for the Owner or its property might in any way be responsible to the best of my knowledge and belief, have been paid or will be paid or otherwise satisfied within thirty days after receipt of final payment from the Owner, or within the period of time required by Article 601f, Vernon's Civil Statutes. Payments not made in full at the time of this affidavit are listed below.

FINAL PAYMENTS pending as of this date hereof are: **None Pending** **As Listed Below**

Individual or Co. Name	Mailing Address	Amount Owed

Signature

Title

Affidavit must be signed by an individual owner or partner in partnership, or by a person authorized by by-laws or Board of Directors to sign for a corporation. If Contractor is a joint venture or partnership of individuals, either may sign, but if a joint venture in which a corporation is a party, separate affidavits must be executed by each corporation and by each individual owner or partnership. In the event subcontractors, laborers, or material suppliers have not been paid in full, the Contractor shall list here on the amount owed and the name and address of each subcontractor, laborer, or material supplier to whom such payment is owed.

Sworn and Subscribed before me this, _____ day of _____, 20_____.

Notary Public in and for _____
County, Texas

(SEAL)



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION
The Texas General Land Office
Construction Change Order Request

NOTE: Texas Local Government Code Sec. 262.031 "CHANGES IN PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS" regulations apply. Generally, a cumulative increase in the contract price in excess of 25% or a cumulative decrease in excess of 18% are disallowed.

Subrecipient: GLO Contract Number: Date:

Engineer Name Address & Phone	Subrecipient Name, Address, & Phone Number:	Contractor Name, Address & Phone Number:
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Project #: Bid Package #: Change Order #:

Contract Origination Date: Project Description:

You are hereby requested to comply with the following changes from the contract plans and specifications.

Item No.	Description of Changes: Quantities, Units, Unit Prices, Change in Completion Schedule etc.	Decrease in Contract Price	Increase in Contract Price

See sheet 2 to add additional entries

Change in Construction Contract Price

Original Contract Price:

Cumulative Previous Change Order(s) Total:

Contract Price Prior to this Change Order:

Net Increase/Decrease of this Change Order:

Change in Contract Time (Calendar Days)

Original Contract Time in Days:

Net Change from Previous Change Order(s) in Days:

Contract Time Prior to this Change Order in Days:

Net Increase/Decrease of this Change Order in Days:



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION
The Texas General Land Office
Construction Change Order Request

Contract Price with All Approved Change Orders:	<input type="text"/>	Contract Time with All Approved Change Orders in Days:	<input type="text"/>
Cumulative Percent Change in Contract Price (+/-)	<input type="text"/>	Subrecipient Contract End Date:	<input type="text"/>
Construction Contract Start Date:	<input type="text"/>	Construction Contract End Date:	<input type="text"/>

Reimbursements of costs included in this change order are subject to review by GLO-CDR.

***This document may be executed prior to submission for GLO-CDR review, but all parties involved will be held responsible if the change order or amendment warranted as a result of this change order is not in compliance with CDBG or HUD Requirements**

Subrecipient Signature	Engineer Signature	Contractor Signature
Subrecipient Name and Title (Printed)	Engineer Name and Title (Printed)	Contractor Name and Title (Printed)
Subrecipient Signature	Engineer Signature	Contractor Signature

Justification for Change Order

1. Will this change order increase or decrease the number of beneficiaries? Increase Decrease No Change

If there is a change, how many beneficiaries will be affected?

Total LMI

2. Effect of this change on the scope of work: Increase Decrease No Change

3. Effect on operation and maintenance costs: Increase Decrease No Change

4. Are all prices in the change order dependent upon unit prices found in the original bid? Yes No

If "no", explain:

5. Has the change created new circumstances or environmental conditions which may affect the project's impact, such as concealed or unexpected conditions discovered during actual construction? Yes No

If "yes", is an environmental assessment required?



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION
The Texas General Land Office
Construction Change Order Request

-
6. Is the Texas Council on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) clearance still valid (if applicable)? Yes No
7. Is the CCN permit still valid? (sewer projects only) Yes No
8. Are the disability access requirements/approval still valid (if applicable)? Yes No
9. Are other Disaster Recovery contractual special condition clearances still valid? Yes No

If "no", explain:

***Disclaimer:** The Texas General Land Office has made every effort to ensure the information contained on this form is accurate and in compliance with the most up-to-date CDBG-DR and/or CDBG-MIT federal rules and regulations, as applicable. It should be noted that the Texas General Land Office assumes no liability or responsibility for any error or omission on this form that may result from the interim period between the publication of amended and/or revised federal rules and regulations and the Texas General Land Office's standard review and update schedule.*



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION
The Texas General Land Office
Certificate of Construction Completion

Subrecipient: Contract #: Date:

This is to certify that a final inspection of the project described below was conducted on
 Contract was entered into on between the city/county of and
 for the construction of

This is to further certify that:

1. The work has been completed in accordance with the plans and specifications and all addenda, change orders, and supplemental agreements thereto, with the following exceptions:

2. The sum of , deducted from the final payment to the Contractor is a fair and equitable settlement for the foregoing excepted work.

3. The Contractor has presented on behalf of itself and its sureties, satisfactory evidence that he or she will repair, replace or make good any faulty workmanship and/or materials discovered in the work within a period of from this date, as provided in the Contract.

4. Amount of Original Contract:	<input type="text"/>
Cumulative Change Orders:	<input type="text"/>
Final Amount of Contract:	<input type="text"/>
Less Previous Payments:	<input type="text"/>
Less Deductions (from #2 above):	<input type="text"/>
FINAL PAYMENT (Balance):	<input type="text"/>

5. The Final Payment in the amount above is now due and payable.

6. Final Quantities:

Activity Code (dropdown)	Project Name (from Performance Standard)	Description (What is your Activity?)	Quantity	Metric (dropdown)



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT & REVITALIZATION
The Texas General Land Office
Certificate of Construction Completion

Activity Code (dropdown)	Project Name (from Performance Standard)	Description (What is your Activity?)	Quantity	Metric (dropdown)

Certified by :

--	--	--

Engineer's Signature

Contractor's Signature

Subrecipient's Signature

--	--	--

Engineer's Name and Title (Printed)

Contractor's Name and Title (Printed)

Subrecipient Name and Title (Printed)

--	--	--

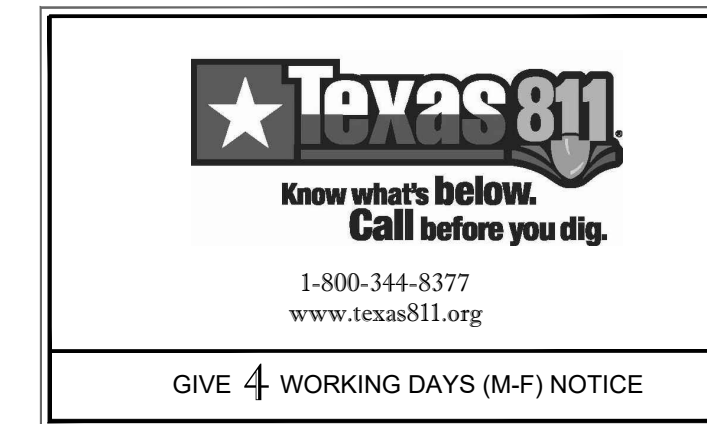
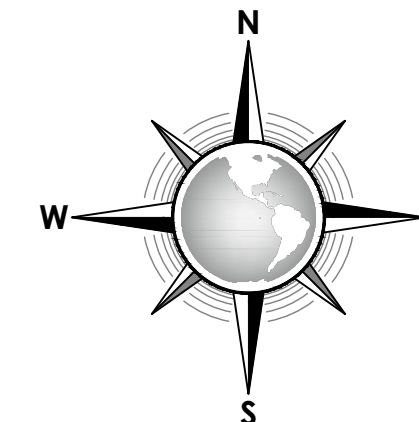
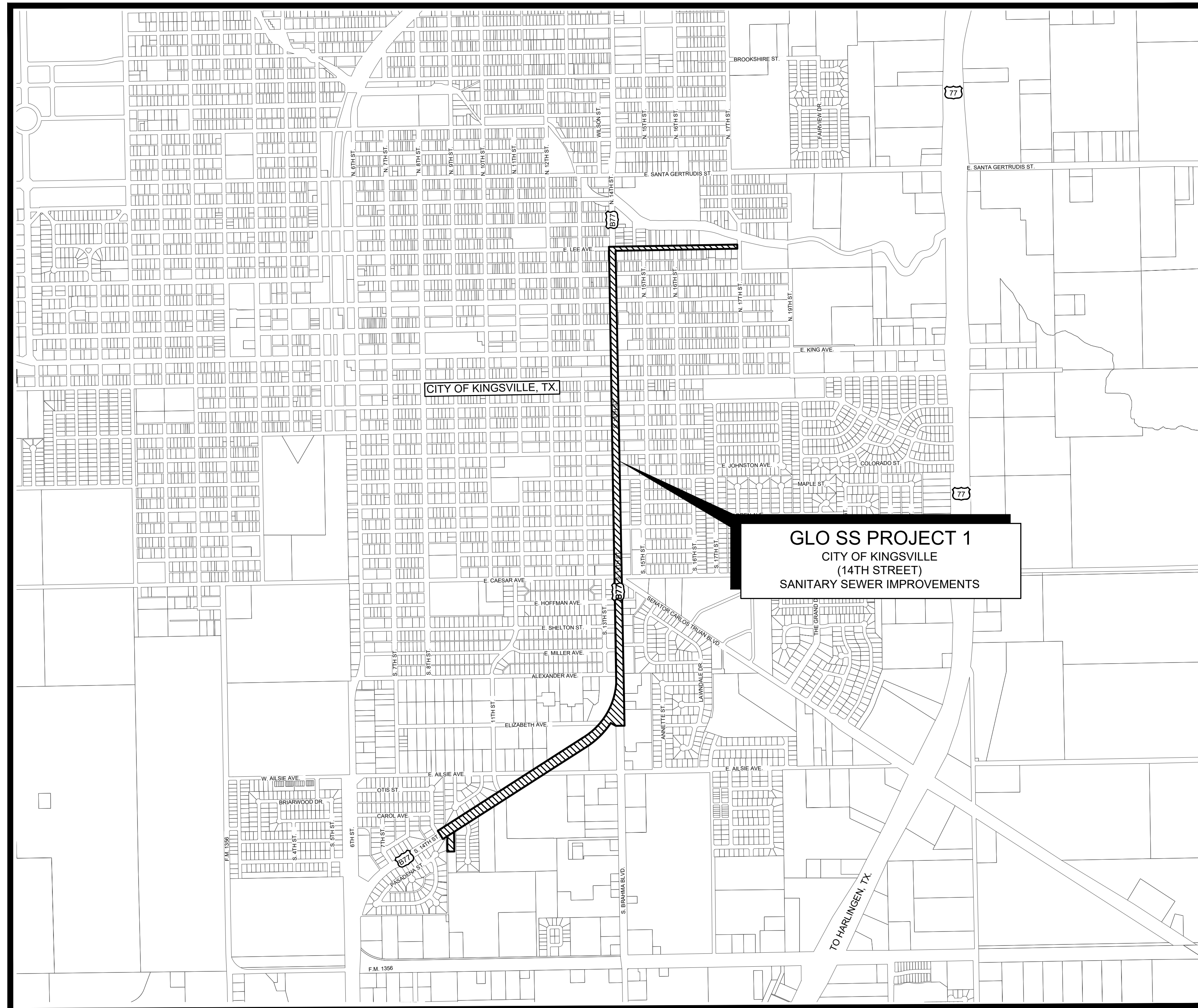
Firm

Firm

City/County of

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CITY OF KINGSVILLE
 GLO SS PROJECT 1
 (14TH STREET)
 SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
 (CDBG-MIT GLO CONTRACT NO. 22-082-016-D218)

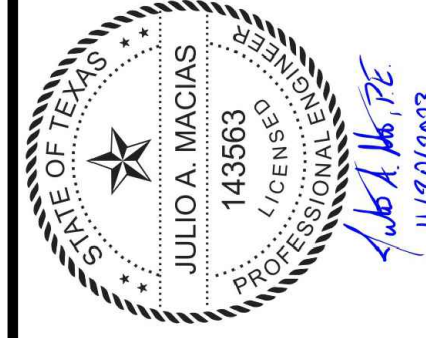




CITY OF KINGSVILLE

MAYOR.....SAM FUGATE
 MAYOR PRO TEM.....HECTOR HINOJOSA
 CITY COMMISSIONER.....EDNA LOPEZ
 CITY COMMISSIONER.....NORMA NELDA ALVAREZ
 CITY COMMISSIONER.....ANN MARIE TORRES
 CITY MANAGER.....MARK MCLAUGHLIN
 CITY ENGINEER.....RUTILIO "RUDY" MORA, JR., P.E., CFM

1
 T1 T1 LOCATION MAP
 SCALE: 1"=1000'

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Cty of Kingsville\GLO-LOC01_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\D-TITLE SHEET.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TITLE PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 12:58pm USER: lzepeda

	REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
				CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B
				
				
				
				CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
				TITLE SHEET
				DRAWING NO. <h1 style="text-align: center;">T1</h1>
				SHEET 1 of 90

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21	C20	EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN VII STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)
22	C21	STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN I STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 19+00
23	C22	STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN II STA. 19+00 TO STA. 36+00
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26	C25	DEMOLITION PLAN II STA. 19+00 TO STA 36+00
27	C26	DEMOLITION PLAN III STA. 36+00 TO STA. 56+00
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39	C38	SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE STA. 24+00 TO STA. 29+00
40	C39	SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE STA. 29+00 TO STA. 34+00
41	C40	SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE STA. 34+00 TO STA. 38+06.26
42	C41	CIPP LINING PLAN I STA. 38+06.26 TO STA. 56+00
43	C42	CIPP LINING PLAN II STA. 56+00 TO STA. 76+00
44	C43	CIPP LINING PLAN III STA. 76+00 TO STA. 96+00
45	C44	CIPP LINING PLAN IV STA. 96+00 TO STA. 113+00
46	C45	CIPP LINING PLAN V STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)
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90	C89	TYPICAL 31A 460V RIBBON CABLE

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\SHEET INDEX.dwg LAYOUT NAME: Layout1 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 12:56pm USER: rzeveda

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

SHEET INDEX

DESCRIPTION

BY

DATE

REVISION NO.

DESCRIPTION

BY

DATE

REVISION NO.

DRAWING NO.

C1

SHEET 2 of 90

1. GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS SPECIFICATIONS.
2. ALL CONSTRUCTION TO BE COORDINATED WITH CITY OF KINGSVILLE.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL REGULATORY PERMITS AND COST TO BE INCIDENTAL TO BID ITEMS.
...
15. ALL CONTRACT WORK IN THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITIONS OF THE FOLLOWING NATIONAL CODES AND STANDARDS:

- A. INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODES, 2021 (IBC2021)
B. AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS (ASCE 7-05)
C. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA)
D. NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA)
E. INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE (IFC 2009)
F. TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (2011)

- 16. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISPOSE OF ALL MATERIALS REMOVED WHICH ARE NOT TO BE REINSTALLED OR SALVAGED ON THE PROJECT.
17. DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
18. EXCAVATIONS SHALL NOT BE MADE DURING INCLEMENT WEATHER. WATER ACCUMULATION EXCEEDING 1 INCH IN THE EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE PUMPED OUT BEFORE ANY CONCRETE IS PLACED.
...
39. REFER TO CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND BID SPECIFICATIONS FOR MITIGATION MEASURES.

Table with 2 columns: Entity Name and Phone Number. Includes DIG TESS, TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM, LONE STAR NOTIFICATION COMPANY, etc.

2. SITE EXCAVATION AND GRADING

- 1. COMPLETELY REMOVE ALL TREES, SHRUBS, AND STUMPS FROM THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. REMOVE ALL CONCRETE SLABS, CONCRETE WALLS, FOUNDATIONS, ROADWAYS, ETC., ON THE SITE AS REQUIRED TO PROPERLY CONSTRUCT THE PROJECT.
2. BEFORE EXCAVATION HAS BEGUN, STRIP THE TOPSOIL AS INDICATED ON PLANS FROM AREAS TO BE EXCAVATED OR OCCUPIED BY ROADS, SIDEWALKS, ETC., AND FILL IN DESIGNATED LOCATIONS WHERE IT WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH FILLING OR UTILITY OPERATIONS.
...
10. DIRT DEBRIS SHALL BE PROPERTY OF THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE AND DELIVERED TO 348 E. COUNTY ROAD 2130 KINGSVILLE TX. 78363.

3. TRAFFIC CONTROL

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AND MAINTAIN THE TRAFFIC CONTROL THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE CONTRACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND THE TXDOT STANDARDS SHEETS.
2. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL CONFORM WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE STANDARD DETAILS.
...
13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN STREET ACCESS TO THE RESIDENTS OF THE STREETS BEING WORKED.

4. STREETS

- 1. ALL STREET DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON PLANS ARE TO THE BACK OF CURBS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
2. STREET MILLING IS MEASURED FROM EDGE TO EDGE THROUGHOUT THE LIMITS OF PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION, UNLESS SPECIFIED IN THE PLAN SHEETS.
3. WHERE EXISTING ASPHALT AND CONCRETE IS TO BE CUT, THESE CUTS SHALL BE FULLY CUT, THE CUTS SHALL BE CUT, THE CUTS SHALL BE CUT, THE CUTS SHALL BE CUT.
...
16. MILLINGS SHALL BE THE PROPERTY OF THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE AND DELIVERED TO 1300 E. CORRAL ST., KINGSVILLE, TX 78363

5. UTILITIES AND STORM SEWER

- 1. ALL ABANDONED PIPES (OLD WATERLINES, DITCH CULVERTS, SHALLOW UTILITY SERVICES) WITHIN LIMITS OF NEW ROW SHALL BE REMOVED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED. THIS GENERALLY APPLIES TO ALL UNWANTED PIPES THAT ARE WITHIN A FOOT OF SUBGRADE AND DITCH CULVERTS AND ANY ABANDONED LINES TO REMAIN IN PLACE SHALL BE CAPPED AT THE ENDS WHEN CUT FOR PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THIS ACTIVITY WILL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY BUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS REPRESENTATIVE, TO EVALUATE IF EXISTING STORM WATER DRAINAGE CULVERT IS SALVAGEABLE.
...
10. DRIVEWAY TYPE, SIZE AND LOCATION SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE "DRIVEWAY SUMMARY SHEET AND DETAILS".

6. SANITARY SEWER NOTES

- 1. ALL SEWERS AND MANHOLES SHALL BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCEQ.
2. IT IS REQUIRED THAT A CCTV INSPECTION AND REPORT OF THE EXISTING LINES MUST BE SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE.
3. NEITHER BLUE PVC PIPE NOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL BE USED FOR SANITARY SEWERS.
...
9. ANY ACP DESIGNATED FOR REMOVAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE, & FEDERAL REGULATIONS. DISPOSAL OF AC PIPE WILL NOT BE PAID DIRECTLY BUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTE:

NOTE:
CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY ALL AGENCIES LISTED BELOW AT LEAST 2 WEEKS
CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS(361) 595-8041
KLEBERG COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT(361) 595-8500
CITY OF KINGSVILLE POLICE(361) 592-4311
CITY OF KINGSVILLE FD/EMT(361) 592-6445
KINGSVILLE I.S.D(361) 592-3387
TXDOT ALICE AREA OFFICE(361) 661-7050

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY PROPERTY OWNERS
AFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AT LEAST
2 WEEKS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL

- 1. ALL EFFORTS WILL BE MADE THROUGH PROPER CONSTRUCTION METHODS TO ENSURE DUST CONTROL AND PROPERLY FUNCTIONING EQUIPMENT.
2. IF ANY PERSONNEL IDENTIFY AN OBSERVABLE SHEEN OR PETROLEUM ODOOR DURING EXCAVATION, "STOP WORK AUTHORITY" MUST BE EMPLOYED UNTIL IT IS DETERMINED TO BE SAFE TO PROCEED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL.
3. DURING CONSTRUCTION, IF DISCOLORED OR STAINED SOIL OR SOIL CONTAINING A CHEMICAL ODOR IS DISCOVERED, WORK SHOULD BE CEASE IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA AND TCEQ SHOULD BE CONTACTED FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS.
...
18. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SHALL BE USED TO CONTROL RUNOFF FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES TO PREVENT DETRIMENTAL IMPACT TO SURFACE AND GROUND WATER.

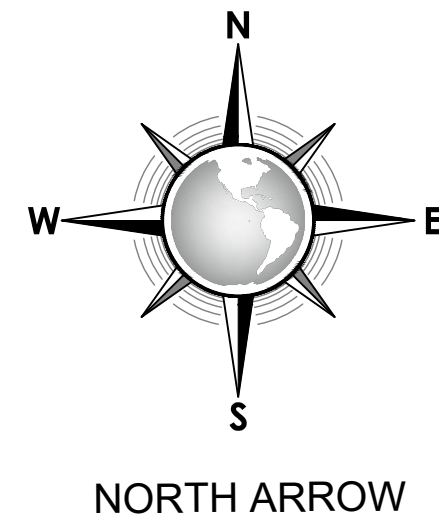
CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B
LULIO A. MACIAS
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
PHONE: 361.926.5905
FAX: 361.926.5906
REGISTRATION #E-10687
CITY OF KINGSVILLE
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
GENERAL NOTES
DRAWING NO. C2
SHEET 3 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001 - Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\LEGENDS.dwg LAYOUT NAME: Layout1 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 12:59pm USER: lizepedra

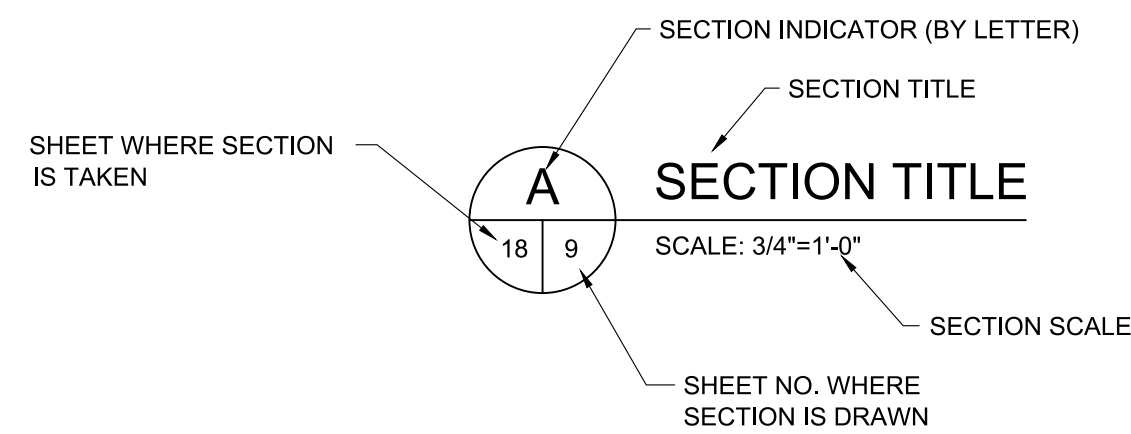
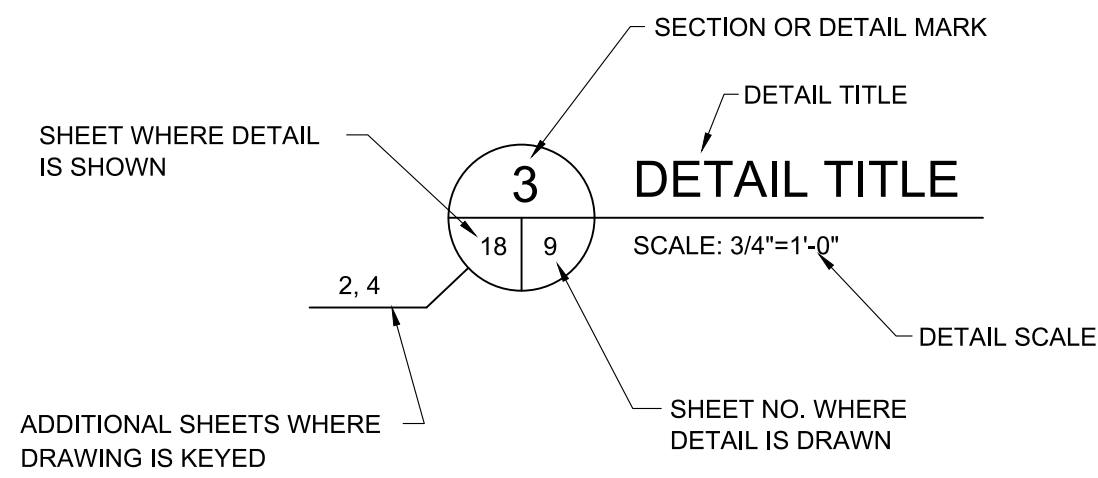
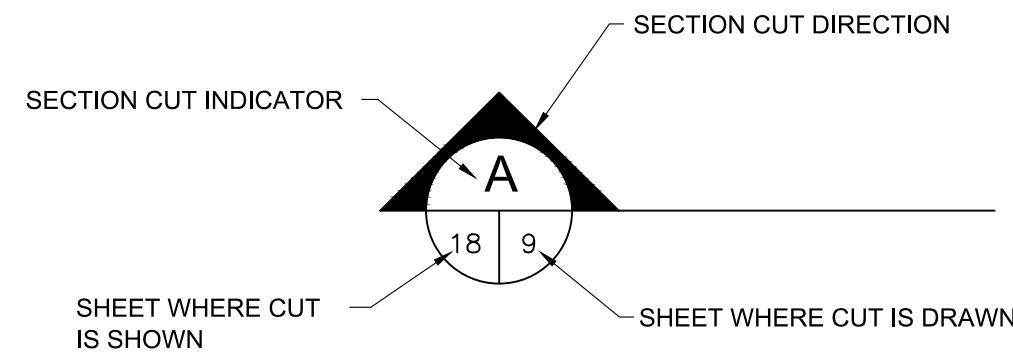
TESTING SCHEDULE

DESCRIPTION	RATE	QUANTITY
DENSITIES - SUBGRADE (DITCH BACKFILL)		
SOILS:		
STANDARD PROCTOR - SUBGRADE	PER STREET	1
DENSITIES - SUBGRADE (PAVEMENT)	PER 325 SY	1
DENSITIES - SUBGRADE (DRIVEWAY)	PER 5 DRIVEWAYS	1
DENSITIES - PIPE BEDDING	PER 500 LF PIPE	1
BASE MATERIAL:		
SIEVE ANALYSIS	PER 3000 CY	1
ATTERBURG LIMITS	PER 3000 CY	1
MODIFIED PROCTOR	PER 3000 CY	1
L.A. ABRASION	PER 3000 CY	1
CBR (STANDARD)	PER MATERIAL SOURCE	1
DENSITIES OF COMPACTED BASE (PAVEMENT)	PER 325 SY	1
WET BALL MILL TEST	PER MATERIAL SOURCE	1
TRIAIAL TEST	PER MATERIAL SOURCE	1
HOT-MIX ASPHALT CONCRETE (HMAC):		
EXTRACTION, SIEVE ANALYSIS	PER 500 TONS OR DAY	1
LAB DENSITY & STABILITY	PER 500 TONS OR DAY	1
THEORETICAL DENSITY (RICE METHOD)	PER 500 TONS OR DAY	1
TEMPERATURE - DURING LAY-DOWN	CONTINUOUS AS NEEDED	-
THICKNESS - IN PLACE (CORE)	PER 1000 LF	1
% AIR VOIDS - IN PLACE (CORE)	PER 1000 LF	1
% THEORETICAL DENSITY - IN PLACE (CORE)	PER 1000 LF	1
CONCRETE:		
(UNCONFINED COMPRESSION, 7, 14, & 28 DAY)	PER 4000 SF	1

NOTE: CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH ENGINEER FOR MATERIAL TESTING AND LOCATION.



NORTH ARROW



EXISTING LEGEND

- W — WATERLINE (SIZE UNDETERMINED)
- 2W — 2"Ø WATERLINE
- 4W — 4"Ø WATERLINE
- 6W — 6"Ø WATERLINE
- 8W — 8"Ø WATERLINE
- SS — SANITARY SEWER LINE
- G — GAS LINE
- OE — OVERHEAD ELECTRICAL LINE
- FO — FIBER OPTIC LINE
- — — — — RIGHT OF WAY
- — — — — CENTER OF ROAD
- X — FENCE
- — — — — PGL AT CENTERLINE OF STREET
- — — — — DITCH TOE
- ⊙ — CONTROL POINT
- ⊙ — PP — POWER POLE
- ⊙ — GUY POLE
- ⊙ — LIGHT POLE
- ⊙ — SS — SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
- ⊙ — D — STORM WATER MANHOLE
- — — — — REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
- WM — WATER METER
- GM — GAS METER
- — — — — SIGN
- — — — — TREE
- — — — — PALM TREE
- MB — MAILBOX
- — — — — FIRE HYDRANT
- — — — — CLEAN OUT
- — — — — WATER VALVE
- ▨ — GRAVEL DRIVEWAY
- ▨ — CONCRETE
- ▨ — ASPHALT
- — — — — FLOW PATH

LEGEND

- — — — — RIGHT OF WAY
- — — — — CENTER OF ROAD
- — — — — PGL AT CENTERLINE OF STREET
- — — — — SCF — SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
- ⊙ — ST — STORM WATER MANHOLE
- ⊙ — S — SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
- — — — — REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
- ▨ — CONCRETE
- ▨ — CONCRETE PAVEMENT
- ▨ — ASPHALT
- ▨ — CALICHE

- T.O.C. = TOP OF CURB INLET
- FL = FLOWLINE
- RT = RIGHT
- LT = LEFT

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



ICE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

LEGENDS

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY
DRAWING NO.
C3
SHEET 4 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\ESTIMATED QUANTITIES.dwg LAYOUT NAME: Layout1 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 12:45:59pm USER: lizepeza

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES SUMMARY - TOTALS			
CITY OF KINGSVILLE SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A1	MOBILIZATION / BONDS / INSURANCE	LS	1
A2	TRAFFIC CONTROL	LS	1
A3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TYPE 2)	EA	1
A4	SWPP (SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE)	LF	3,800
A5	EROSION CONTROL LOG	LF	50
A6	REMOVE PORTION OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT	SY	27
A7	REMOVE CONCRETE CURB RAMP	SF	60
A8	REMOVE CONCRETE SIDEWALK	SF	62
A9	REMOVE EXISTING GRAVEL DRIVEWAY	SY	10
A10	18" SELECT FILL	SY	795
A11	6" LIMESTONE PAD	SY	701
A12	WOOD FENCE	LF	285
A13	24' DOUBLE WOODEN GATE	LF	24
A14	PROOF ROLLING	SY	795
A15	CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	SY	246
A16	24"Ø RCP (CLASS V)	LF	68
A17	SAFETY END TREATMENT (SET)	EA	2
A18	H.M.A.C. PAVEMENT REPAIR	SY	27
A19	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	10
A20	18"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	40
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	2,795
A22	6"Ø X45° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	2
A23	6"Ø X90° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	1
A24	LIFT STATION ASSEMBLY	EA	1
A25	4"Ø FIBERGLASS SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	5
A26	12"Ø STEEL CASING BORE 1/4" THICKNESS W/PIPE VENT	LF	307
A27	2" AIR RELEASE VALVE W/ 4"Ø FIBERGLASS SS MANHOLE	EA	1
A28	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	840
A29	20"Ø STEEL CASING BORE 1/4" THICKNESS W/PIPE VENT	LF	135
A30	GRAVEL DRIVEWAY REPAIR	SY	10
A31	8"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	729
A32	12"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	3,100
A33	18"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	3,339
A35	6"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	309
A36	GENERATOR (62.5 kVA)	EA	1
A37	STAND BY GENERATOR CONCRETE PAD	SY	3
A38	STEEL CANOPY STRUCTURE	EA	1
A39	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	EA	1
A40	AEP POWER POLE TRANSFORMER	EA	1
A41	12" Ø TIE-IN CONNECTION SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1
A42	18" Ø TIE-IN CONNECTION SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1
A43	REMOVE HEADWALL AND PORTION OF 16"Ø R.C.P.	LF	20
A45	RE-GRADE DITCH AREA	LF	21
A47	RE-USE TXDOT SIGN	EA	1
A48	JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER CROSSING I	EA	1
A49	JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER CROSSING II	EA	1
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	681
A51	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC DR-18 (C900)	LF	20
A52	UTILITY ADJUSTMENT	LS	1
A53	4"Ø x 6"Ø EXPANDER	EA	1

- NOTES:
- THE ESTIMATED QUANTITIES LISTED ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES AND FOR CONTRACTOR REFERENCE. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DELIVERING A FINISHED PROJECT AS DETAILED ON THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
 - TRENCH, BACKFILL AND COMPACTION ARE ALL SUBSIDIARY TO SEWER PIPE.
 - EXISTING SERVICE LINES SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE/PIPE/CIPP LINER.
 - CIPP LINER OR APPROVED EQUAL.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS, AND SHALL PERFORM FIELD MEASUREMENTS PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND/OR PURCHASE OF ANY MATERIAL AND SHALL CONTACT THE ENGINEER SHOULD EXISTING CONDITIONS BE DIFFERENT FROM THE DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR THIS PROJECT. CONFLICTS ARISING DUE TO LACK OF COORDINATION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY AND AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.
 - UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS SHALL INCLUDE ANY AND ALL UTILITIES NECESSARY FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT.
 - MANHOLE TIE-IN CONNECTIONS SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO NEW MANHOLE.

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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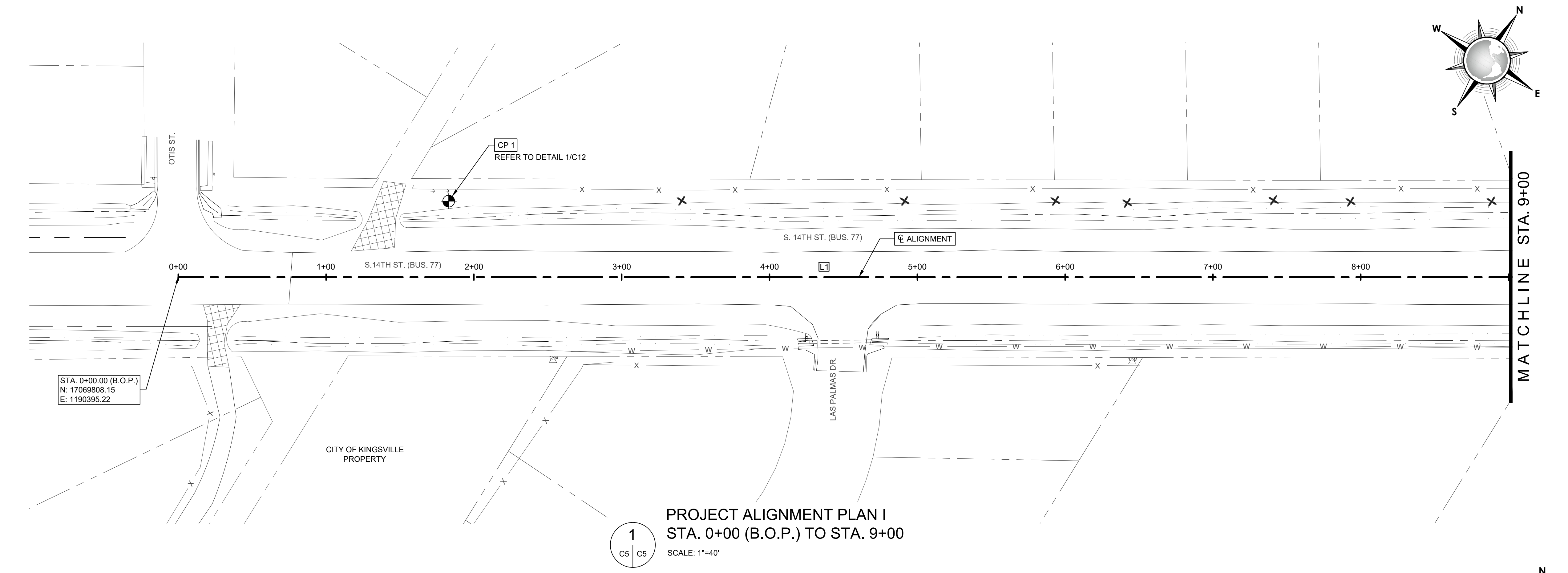
**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

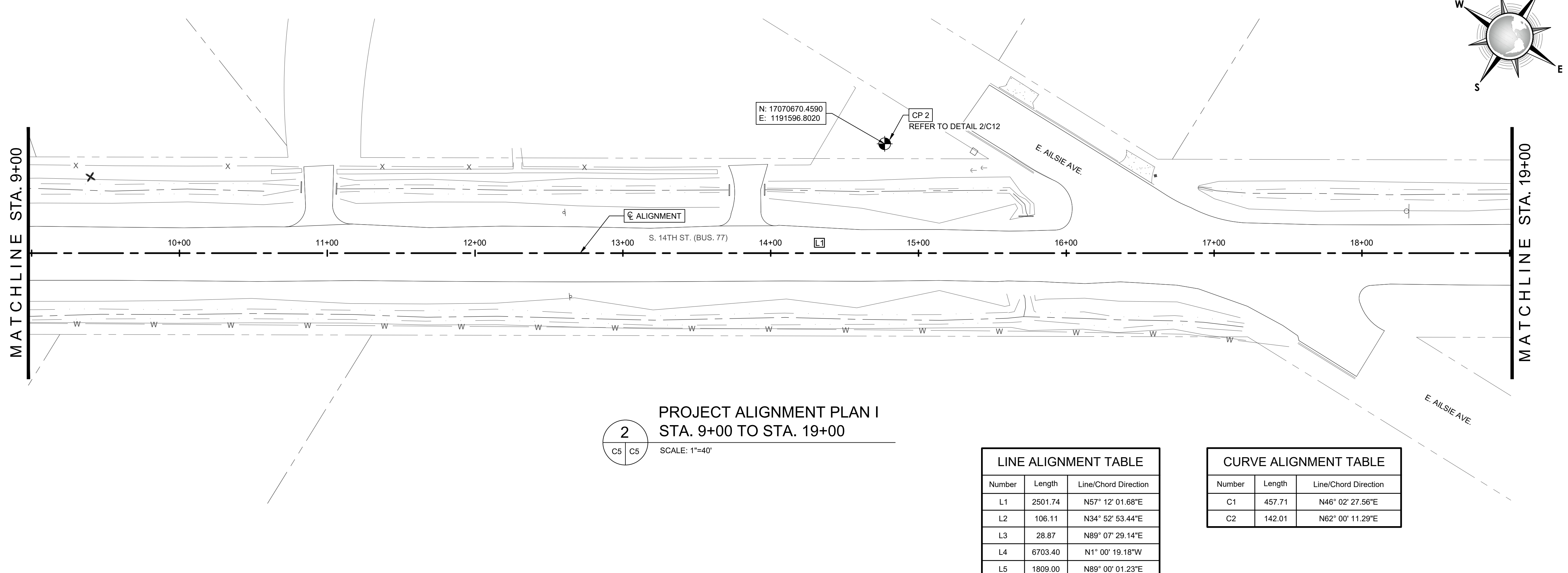
DRAWING NO.
C4
SHEET 5 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C3 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:00pm USER: lzpepaco



1
C5 C5
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN I
STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 9+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
C5 C5
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN I
STA. 9+00 TO STA. 19+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

LINE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
L2	106.11	N34° 52' 53.44"E
L3	28.87	N89° 07' 29.14"E
L4	6703.40	N1° 00' 19.18"W
L5	1809.00	N89° 00' 01.23"E

CURVE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

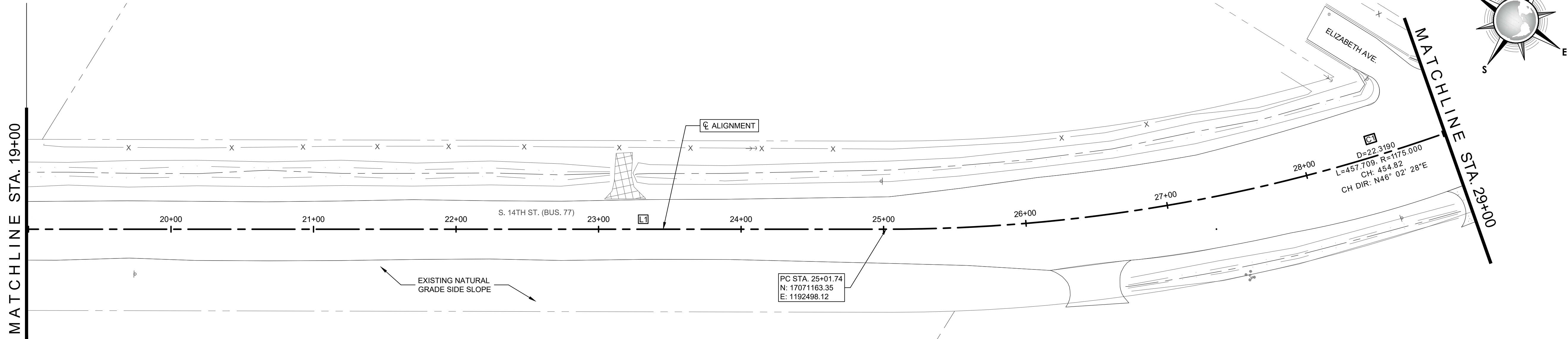
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STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 19+00**

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

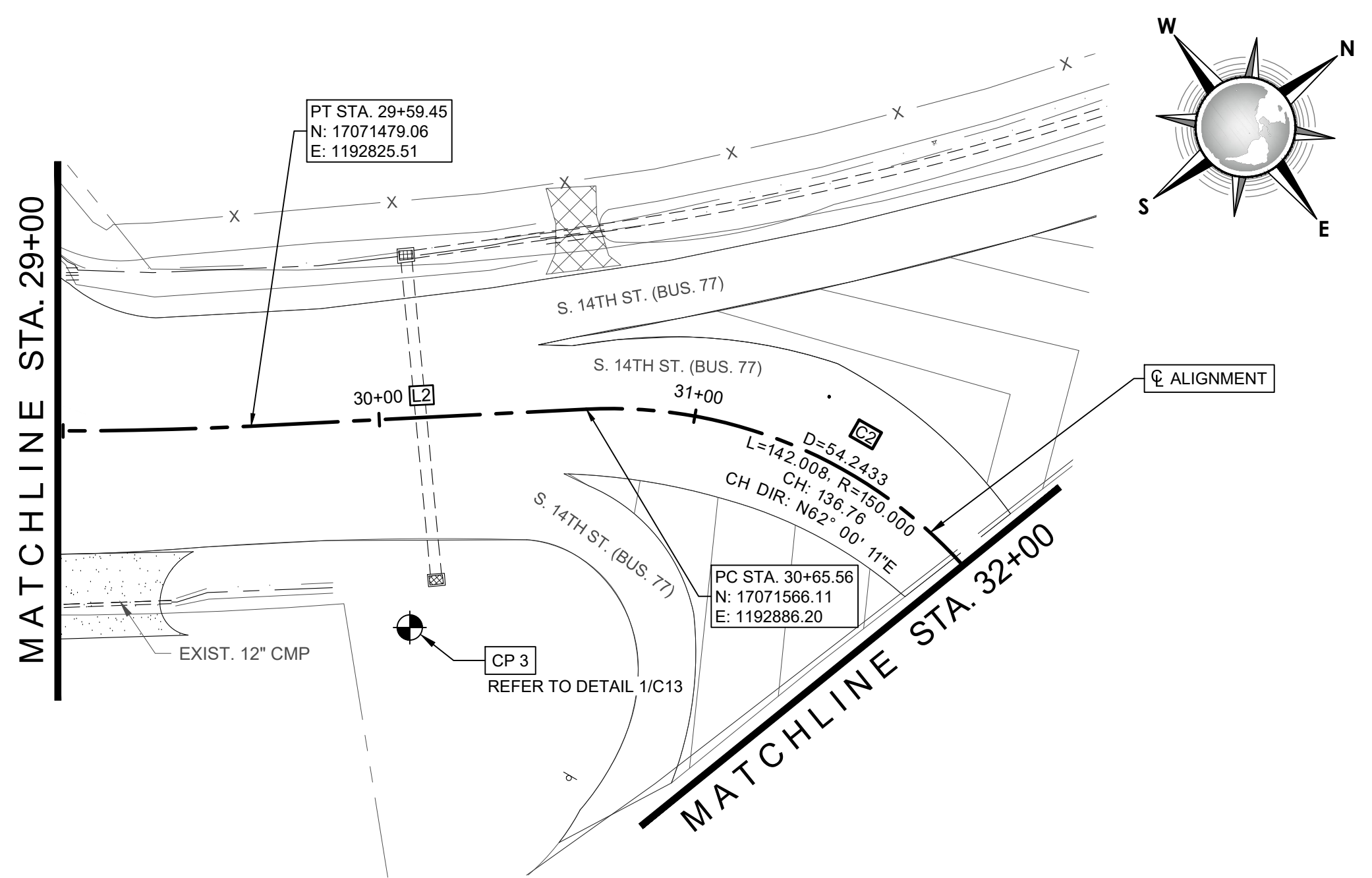
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C5

SHEET 6 of 90

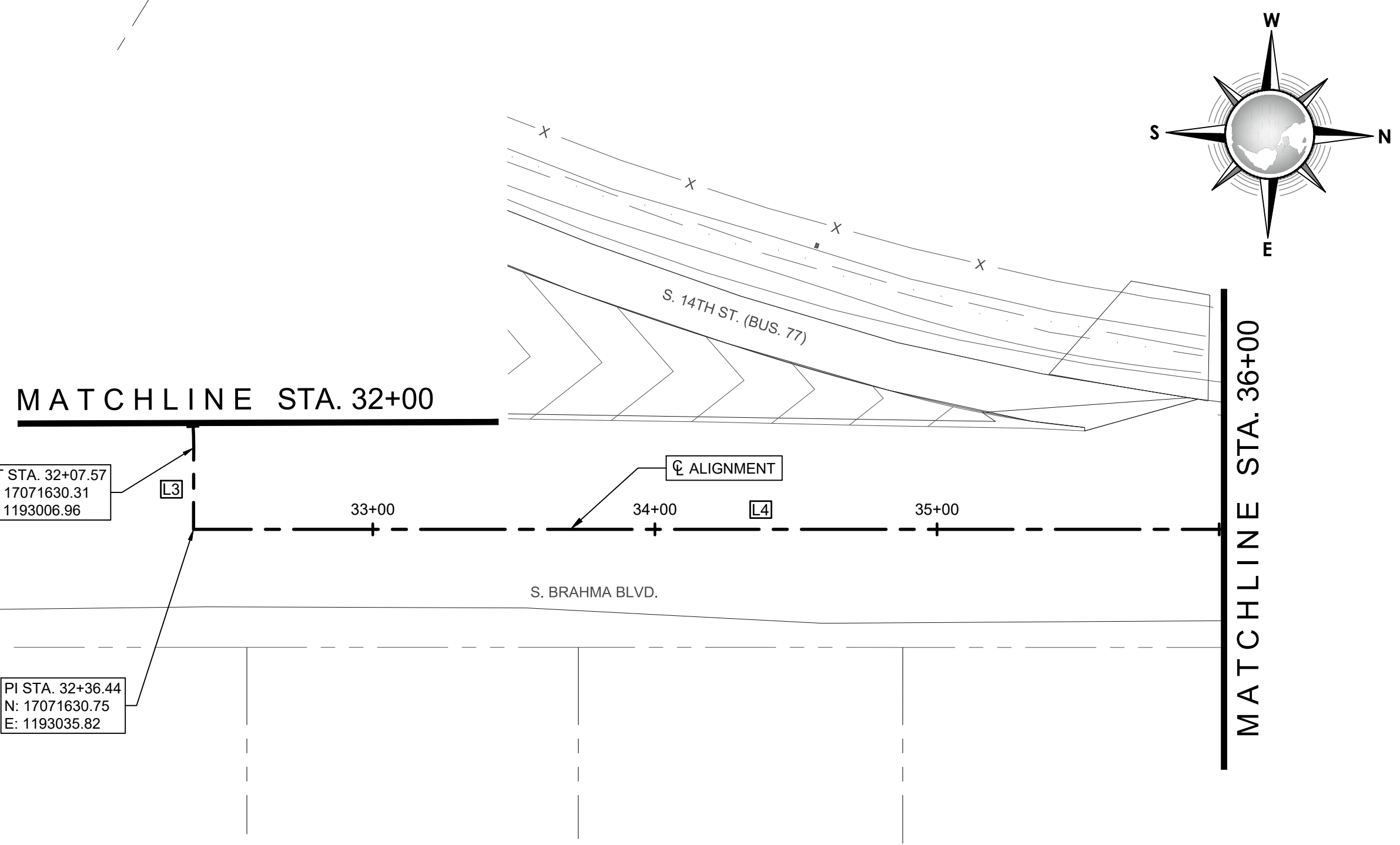
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1
C6 C6
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN II
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 29+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
C6 C6
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN II
STA. 29+00 TO STA. 32+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



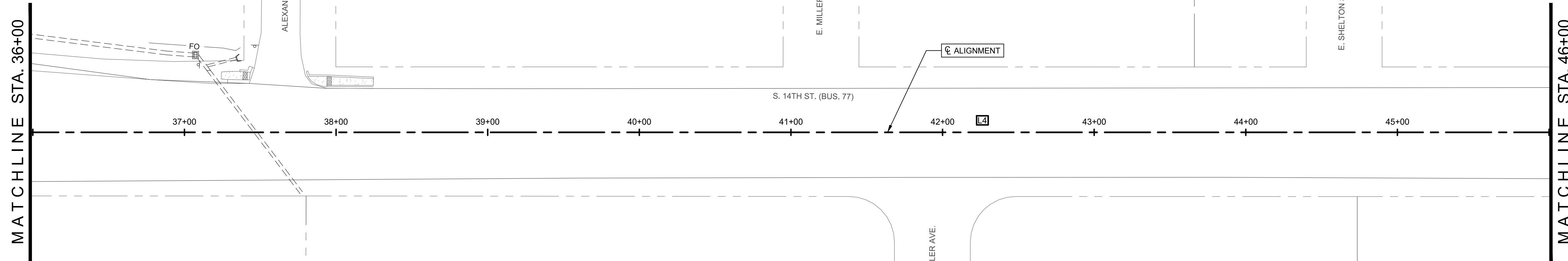
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C6 C6
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN II
STA. 32+00 TO STA. 36+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

LINE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
L2	106.11	N34° 52' 53.44"E
L3	28.87	N89° 07' 29.14"E
L4	6703.40	N1° 00' 19.18"W
L5	1809.00	N89° 00' 01.23"E

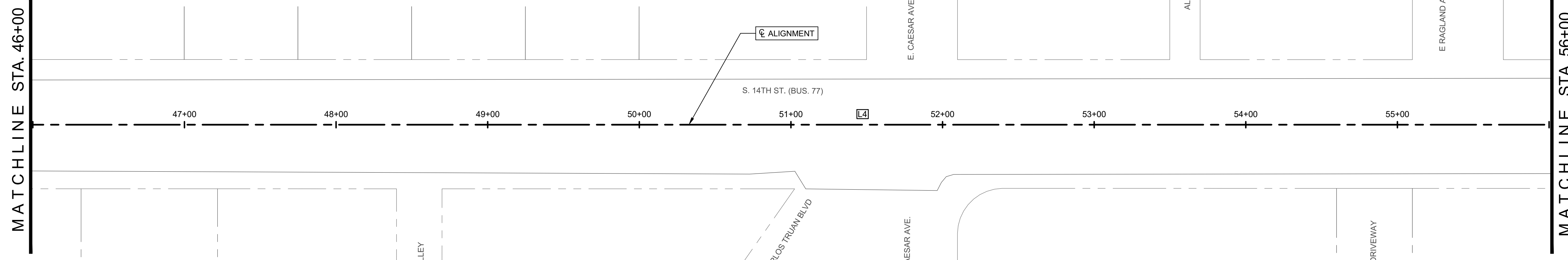
CURVE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
DESCRIPTION	<p>INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837</p>
REVISION NO.	
DATE	<p>CITY OF Kingsville KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS</p>
BY	<p>PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN II STA. 19+00 TO STA. 36+00</p>
DATE	<p>DRAWING NO. C6</p>
BY	<p>SHEET 7 of 90</p>

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C5 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 11:03pm USER: lzpepco



1
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN III
STA. 36+00 TO STA. 46+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN III
STA. 46+00 TO STA. 56+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

LINE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
L2	106.11	N34° 52' 53.44"E
L3	28.87	N89° 07' 29.14"E
L4	6703.40	N1° 00' 19.18"W
L5	1809.00	N89° 00' 01.23"E

CURVE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN III STA. 36+00 TO STA. 56+00
REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____ REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____ REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____	DESCRIPTION _____ DESCRIPTION _____ DESCRIPTION _____
DRAWING NO. C7	SHEET 8 of 90

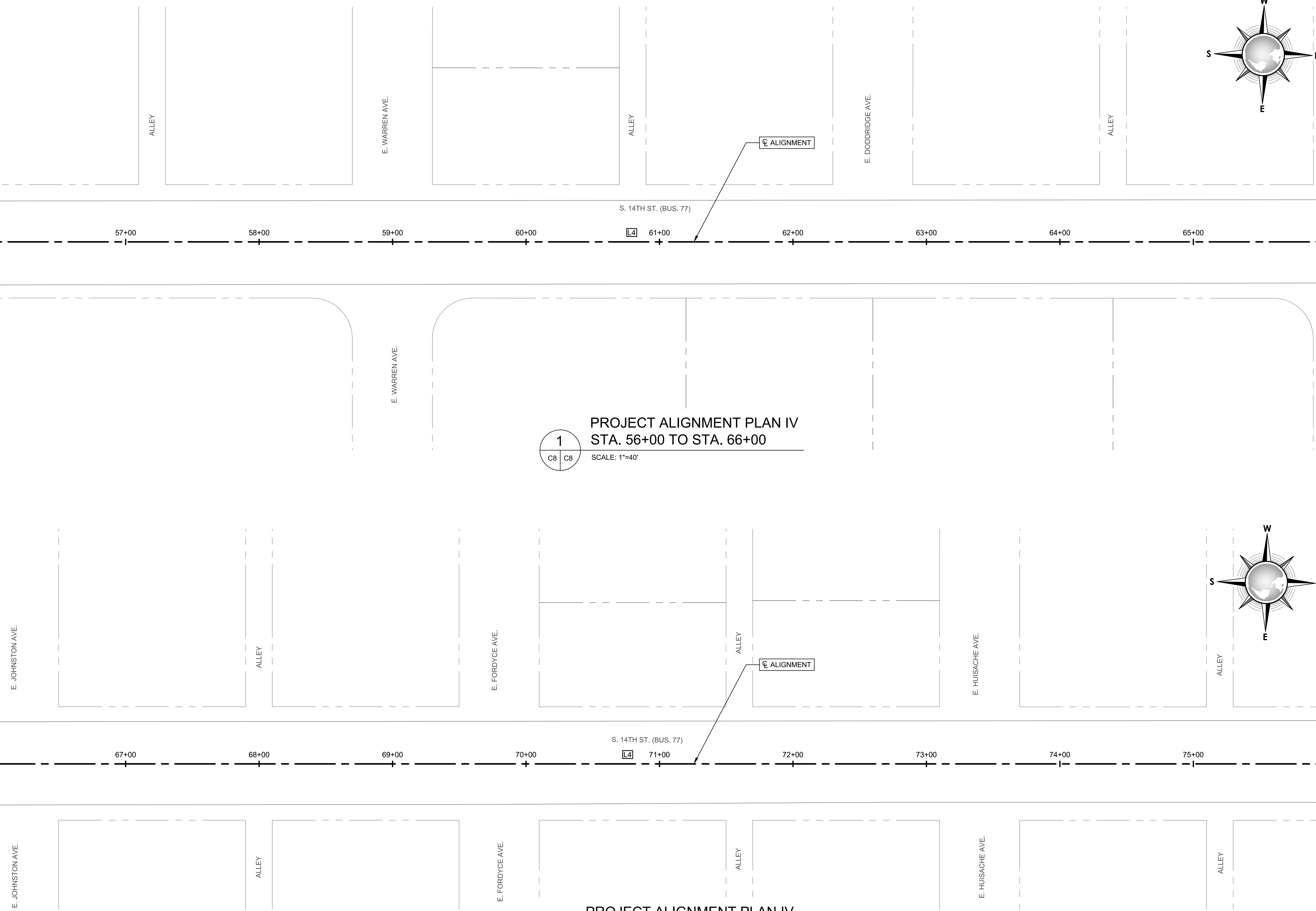
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MATCHLINE STA. 56+00

MATCHLINE STA. 66+00

MATCHLINE STA. 66+00

MATCHLINE STA. 76+00



1
C8 C8

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN IV
STA. 56+00 TO STA. 66+00

SCALE: 1"=40'

2
C8 C8

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN IV
STA. 66+00 TO STA. 76+00

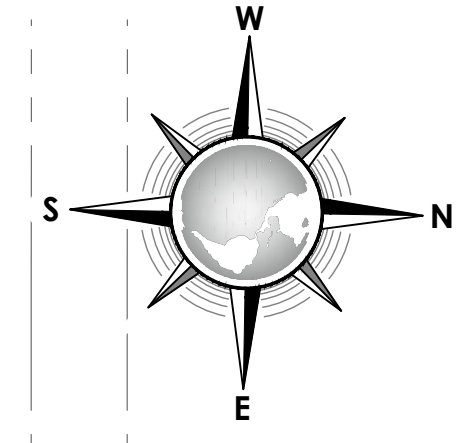
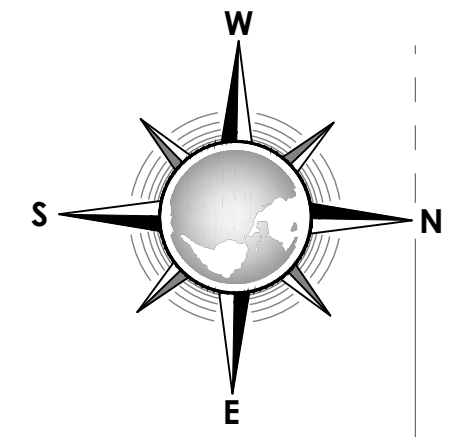
SCALE: 1"=40'

LINE ALIGNMENT TABLE

Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
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CURVE ALIGNMENT TABLE

Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN IV
STA. 56+00 TO STA. 76+00

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

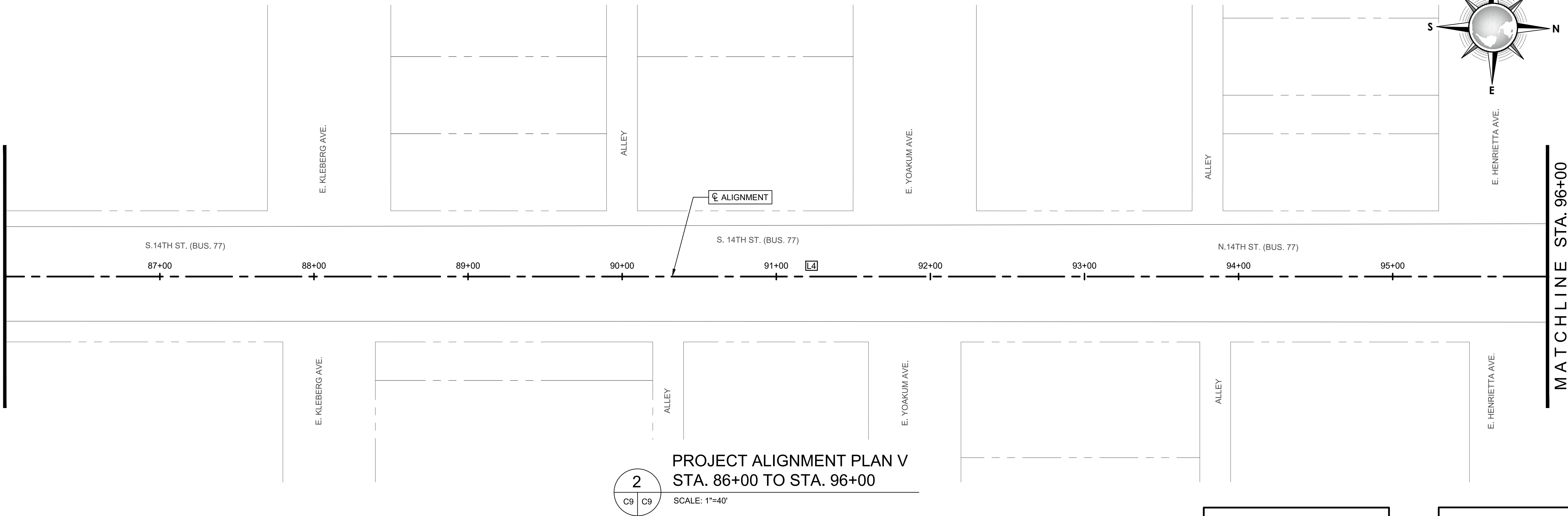
DRAWING NO.
C8

SHEET 9 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C7_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:04pm USER: lzejpeca

MATCHLINE STA. 86+00

MATCHLINE STA. 76+00

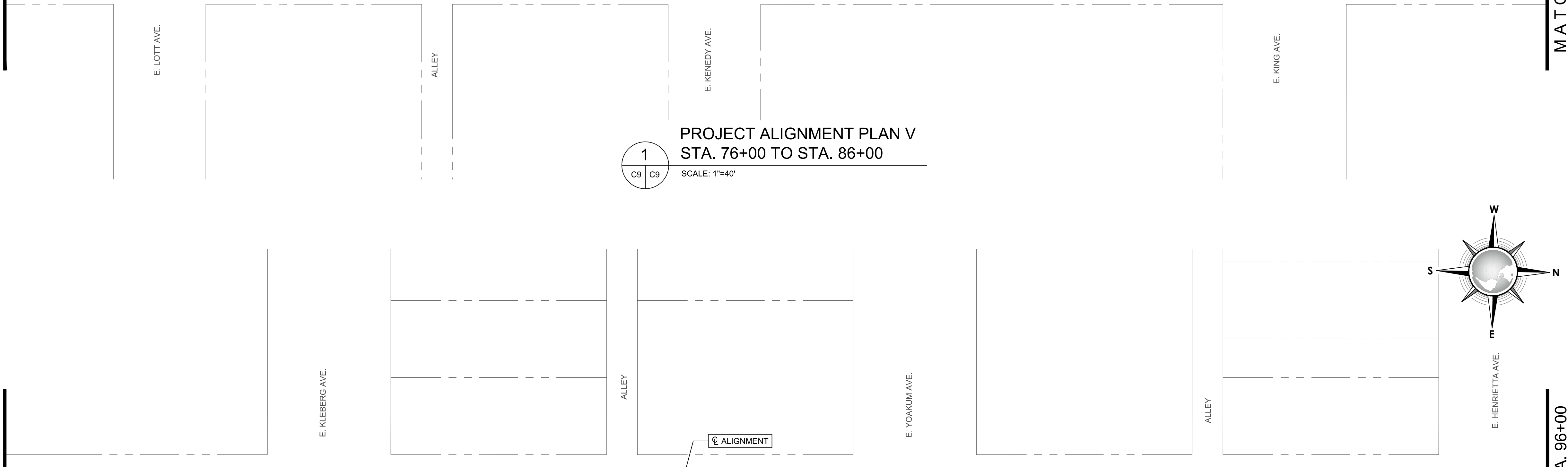


1
C9 C9

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN V
STA. 86+00 TO STA. 96+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

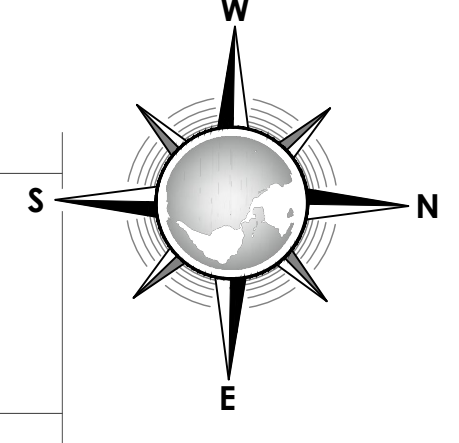
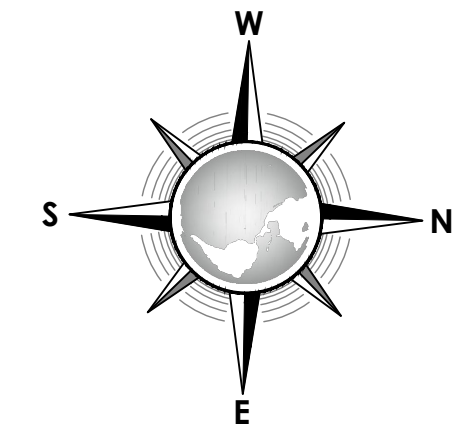
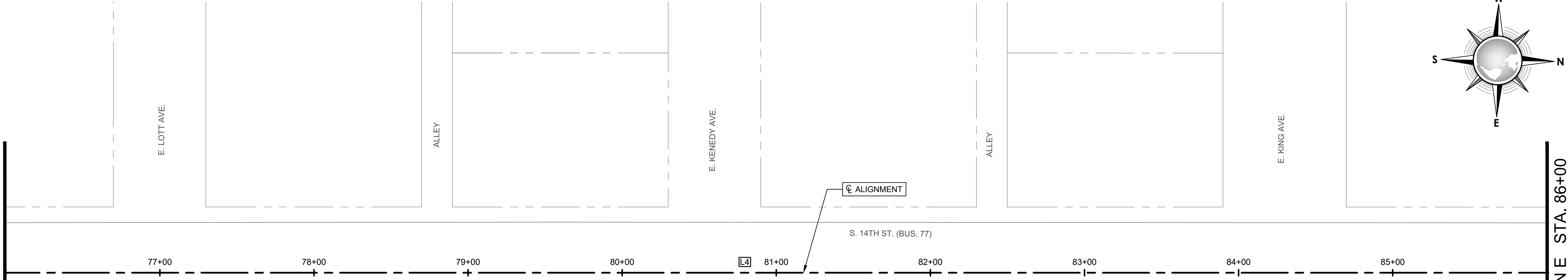
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
L2	106.11	N34° 52' 53.44"E
L3	28.87	N89° 07' 29.14"E
L4	6703.40	N1° 00' 19.18"W
L5	1809.00	N89° 00' 01.23"E

Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E

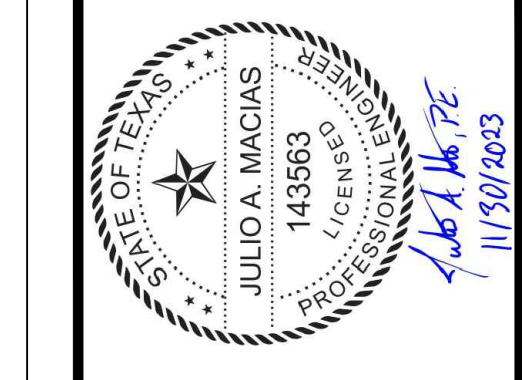


1
C9 C9

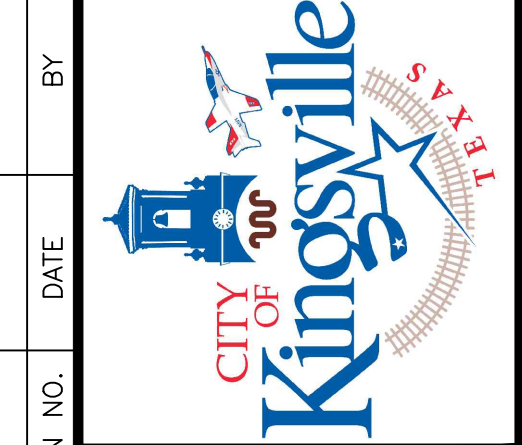
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN V
STA. 76+00 TO STA. 86+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

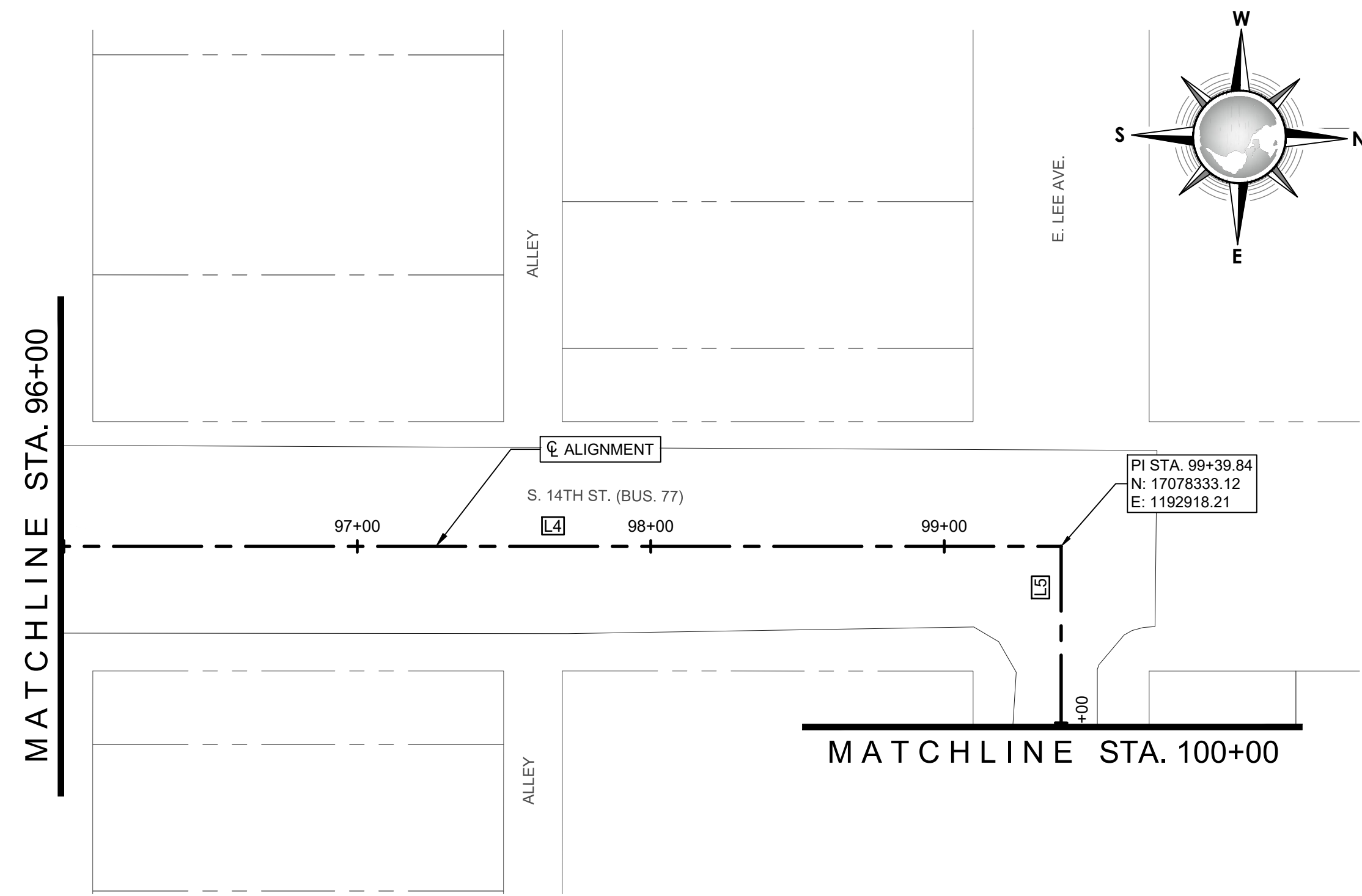
**PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN V
STA. 76+00 TO STA. 96+00**

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C9

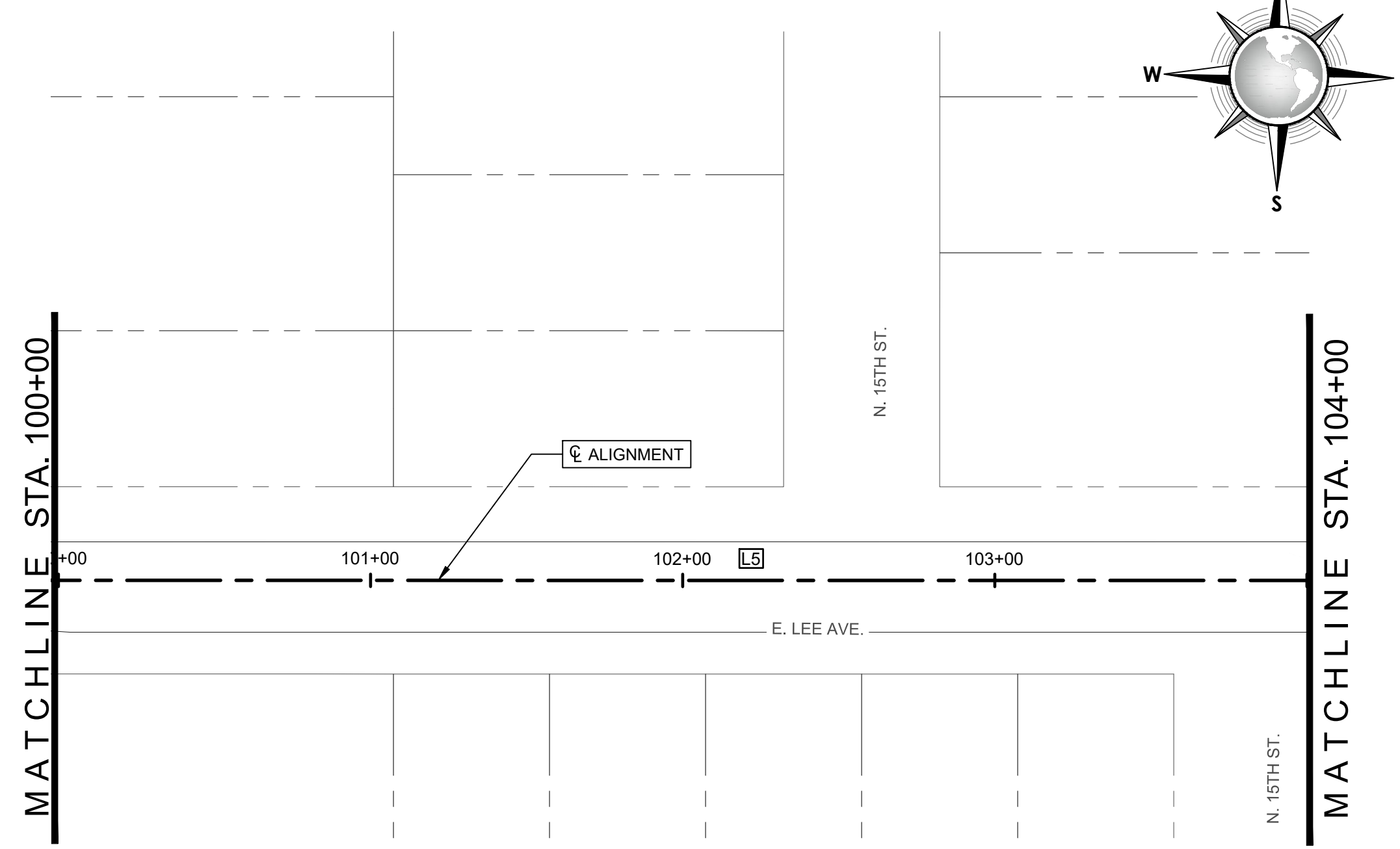
SHEET 10 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-1001-MW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C8 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 11:06pm USER: lzepeda



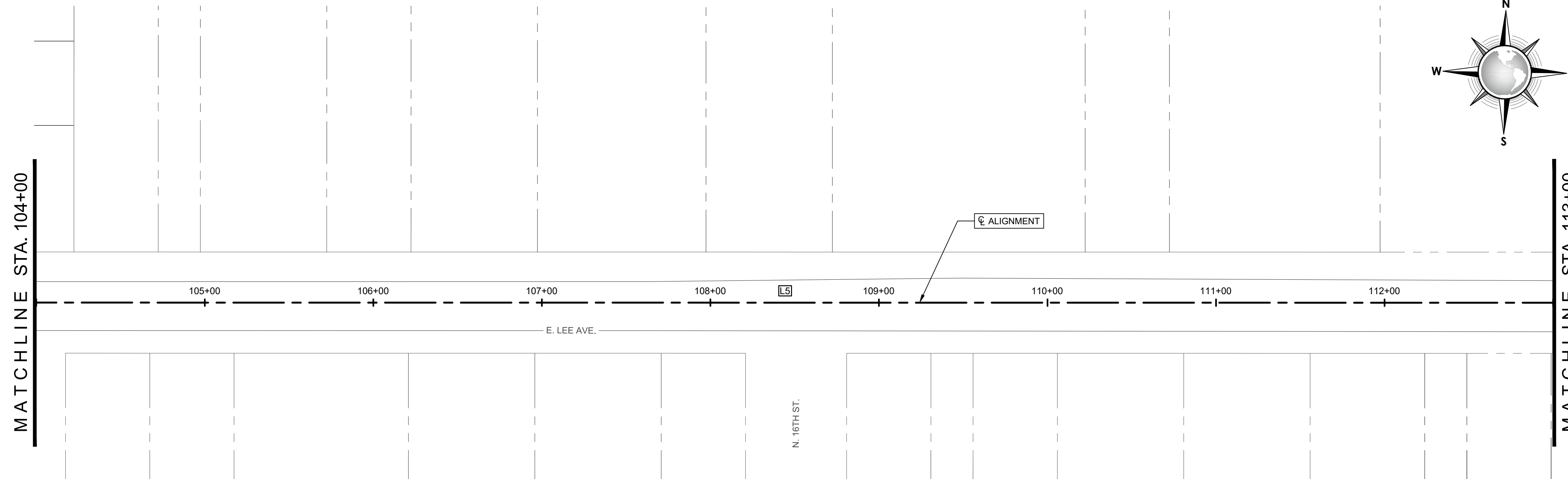
1
C10 | C10

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN VI
STA. 96+00 TO STA. 100+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
C10 | C10

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN VI
STA. 100+00 TO STA. 104+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



3
C10 | C10

PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN VI
STA. 104+00 TO STA. 113+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

LINE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
L2	106.11	N34° 52' 53.44"E
L3	28.87	N89° 07' 29.14"E
L4	6703.40	N1° 00' 19.18"W
L5	1809.00	N89° 00' 01.23"E

CURVE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

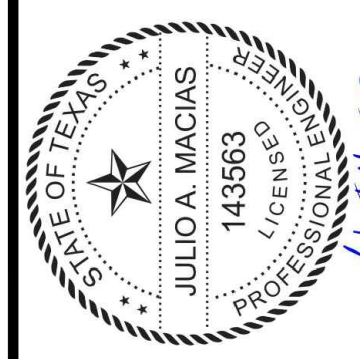
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN VI
STA. 96+00 TO STA. 113+00

DRAWING NO.

C10

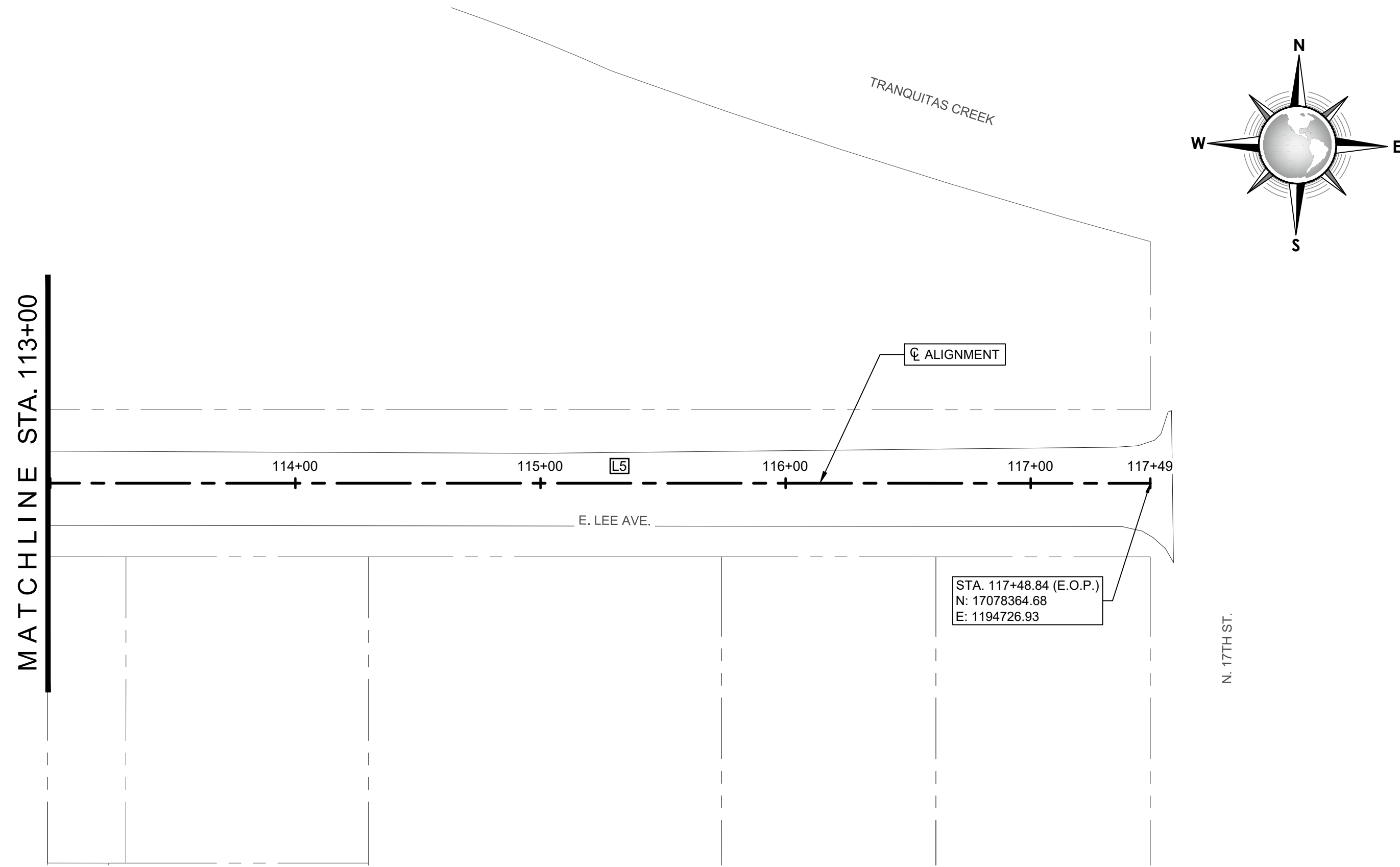
SHEET 11 of 90

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C9 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:06pm USER: lzejpeca



1
C11 | C11
PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN VII
STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+48.84 (E.O.P.)
SCALE: 1"=40'

LINE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
L1	2501.74	N57° 12' 01.68"E
L2	106.11	N34° 52' 53.44"E
L3	28.87	N89° 07' 29.14"E
L4	6703.40	N1° 00' 19.18"W
L5	1809.00	N89° 00' 01.23"E

CURVE ALIGNMENT TABLE		
Number	Length	Line/Chord Direction
C1	457.71	N46° 02' 27.56"E
C2	142.01	N62° 00' 11.29"E

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

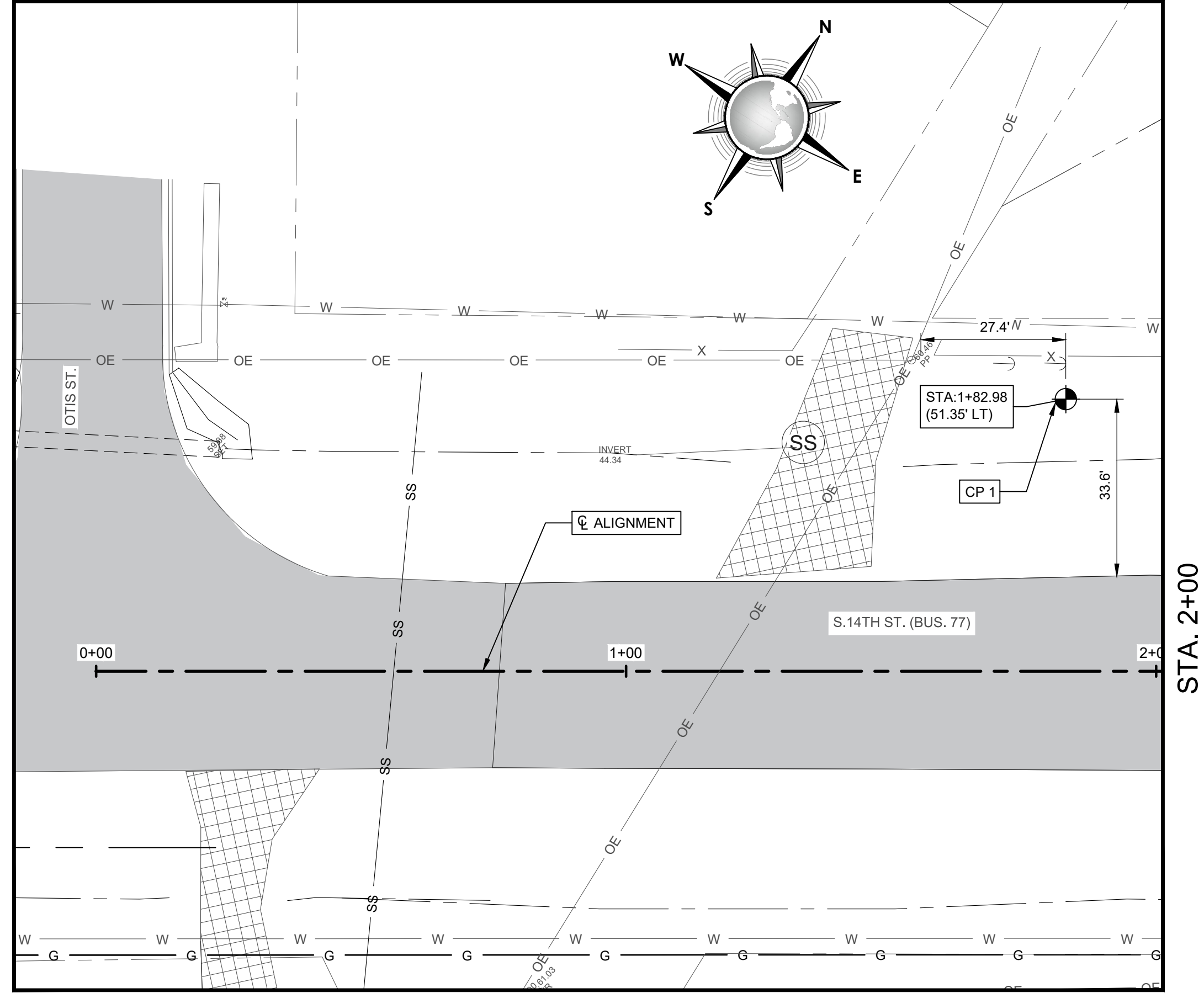
**PROJECT ALIGNMENT PLAN VII
STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+48.84 (E.O.P.)**

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

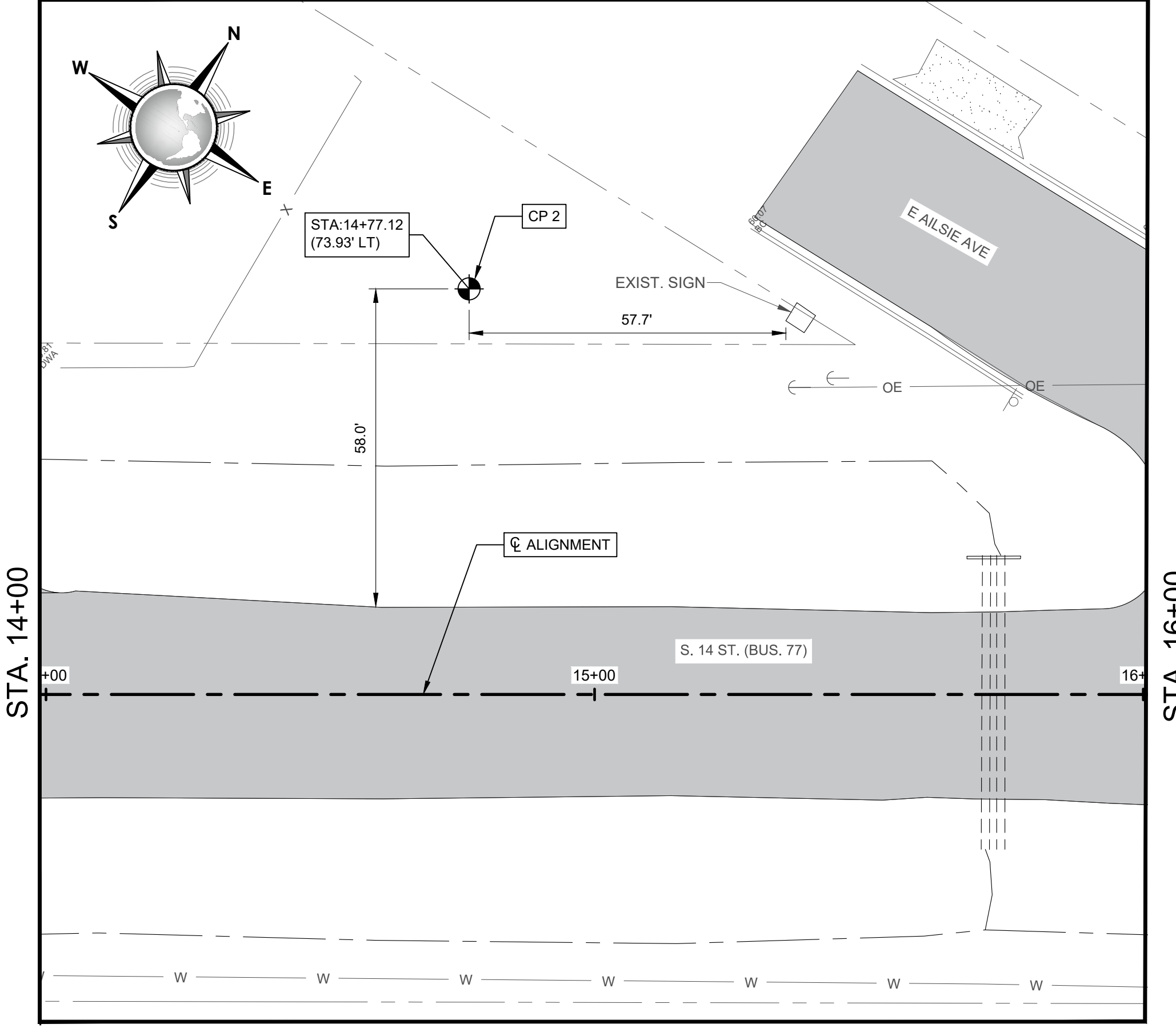
DRAWING NO.
C11

SHEET 12 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\CONTROL DATA LAYOUTS.dwg LAYOUT NAME: 1 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:07pm USER: lizepeta



1
PROJECT CONTROL DATA LAYOUT 1
STA. 0+00 TO STA. 2+00
SCALE: 1"=20'



2
PROJECT CONTROL DATA LAYOUT 2
STA. 14+00 TO STA. 16+00
SCALE: 1"=20'

CONTROL POINT DATA TABLE				
CONTROL POINT #	DESCRIPTION	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION
CP 1	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17069950.43	1190521.21	60.26'
CP 2	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17070670.46	1191596.80	60.99'
CP 3	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17071479.69	1192906.55	59.14'
CP 4	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17068845.92	1189221.71	62.49'

SURVEY DATUM	
HORIZONTAL:	NAD 83
VERTICAL:	NAVD 88

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



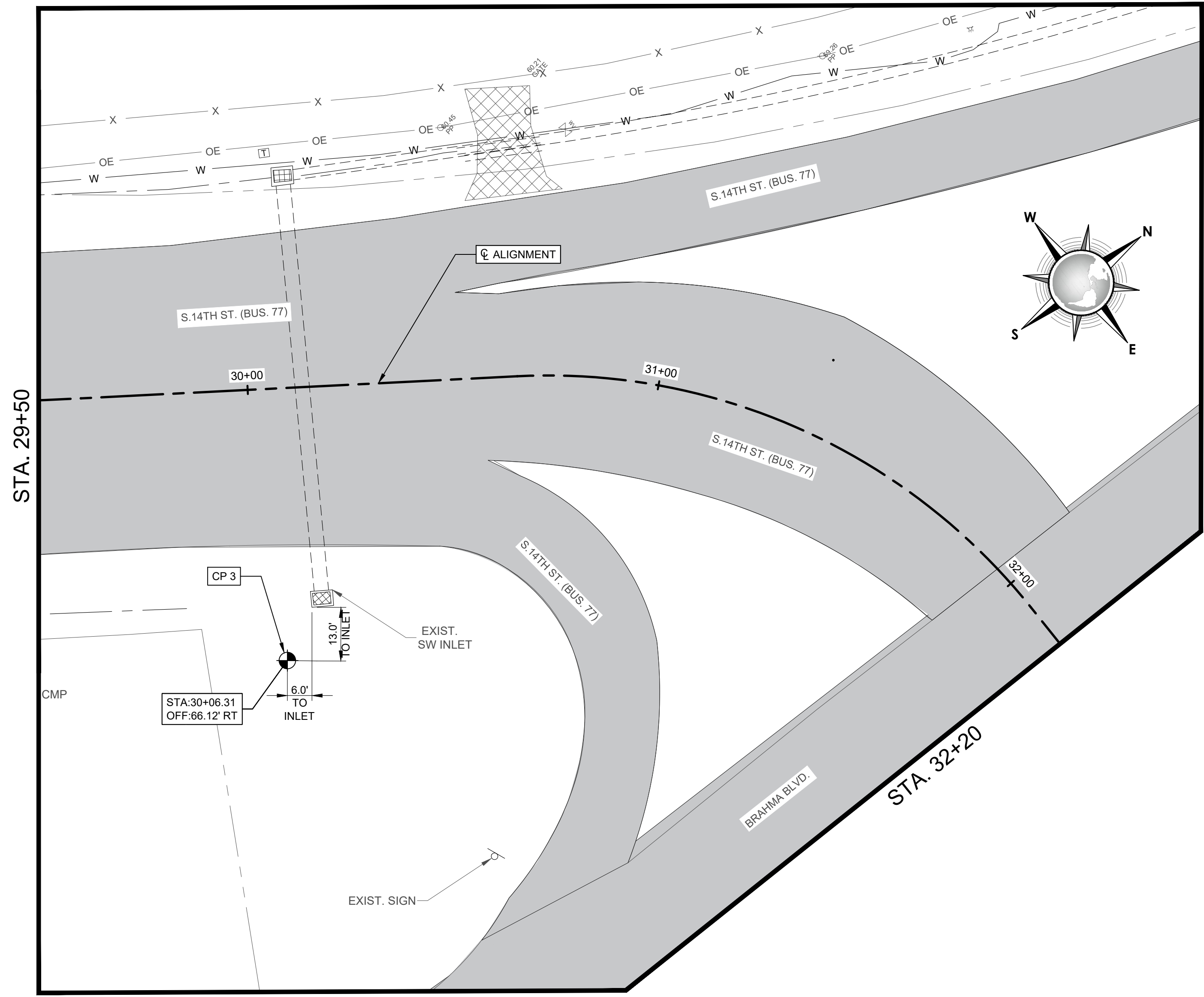
**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

PROJECT CONTROL DATA LAYOUTS 1 & 2

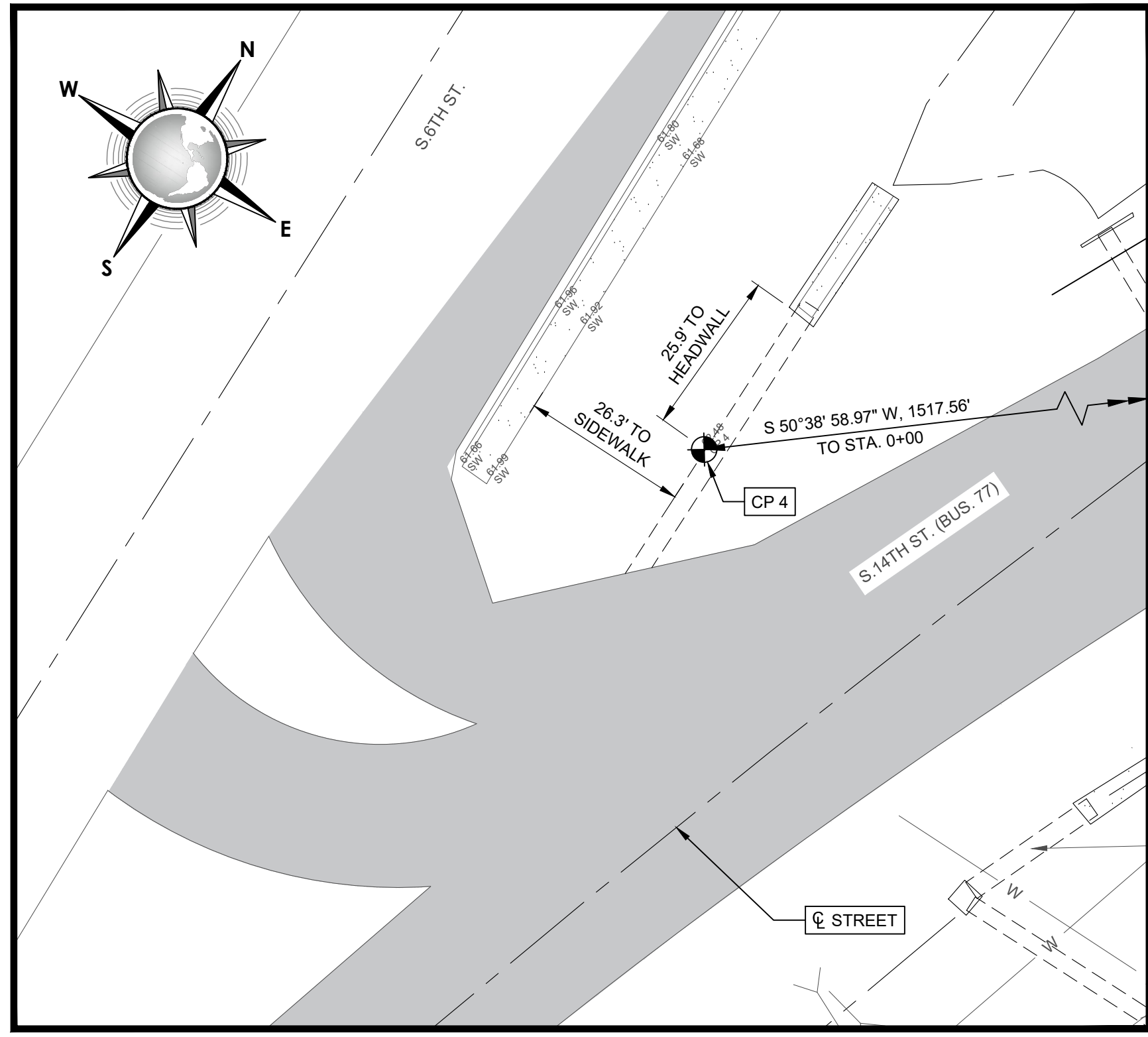
REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C12
SHEET 13 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\CONTROL DATA LAYOUTS.dwg LAYOUT NAME: 2_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:08pm USER: izepeda



1
PROJECT CONTROL DATA LAYOUT 3
STA. 29+50 TO STA. 32+20
SCALE: 1"=20'



2
PROJECT CONTROL DATA LAYOUT 4
SCALE: 1"=20'


CONTROL POINT DATA TABLE				
CONTROL POINT #	DESCRIPTION	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION
CP 1	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17069950.43	1190521.21	60.26'
CP 2	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17070670.46	1191596.80	60.99'
CP 3	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17071479.69	1192906.55	59.14'
CP 4	IRON ROD W/ CAP	17068845.92	1189221.71	62.49'

SURVEY DATUM	
HORIZONTAL:	NAD 83
VERTICAL:	NAVD 88

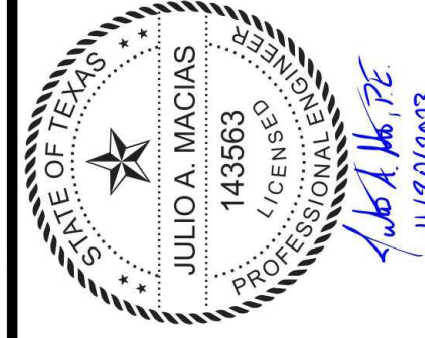
REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

PROJECT CONTROL DATA LAYOUTS 3 & 4



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417

ICE

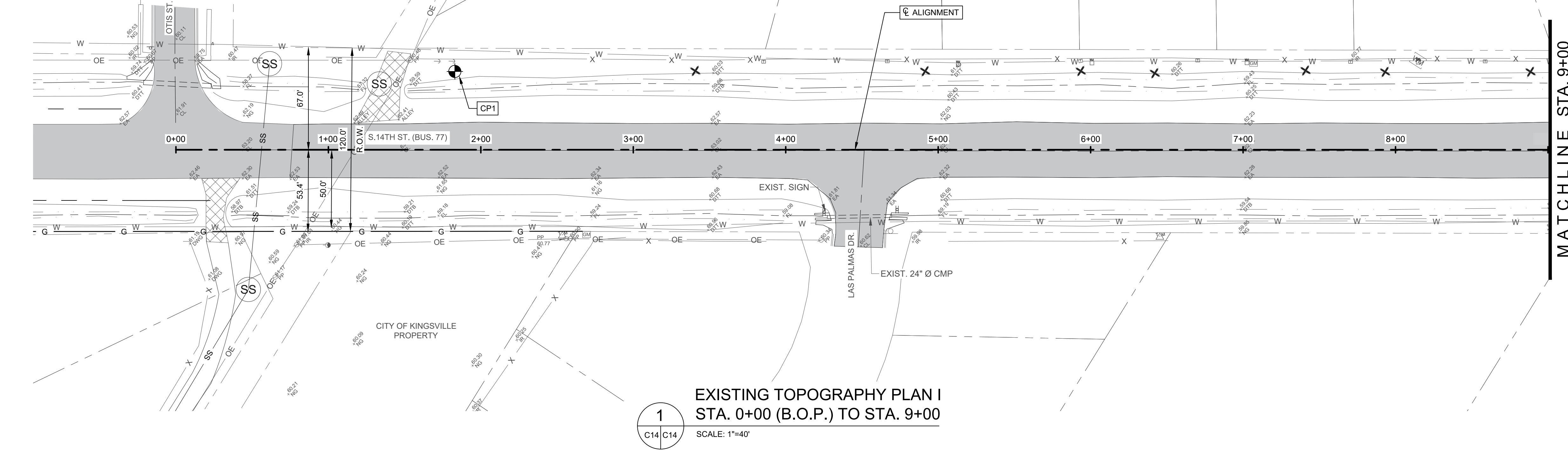
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417

T.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837

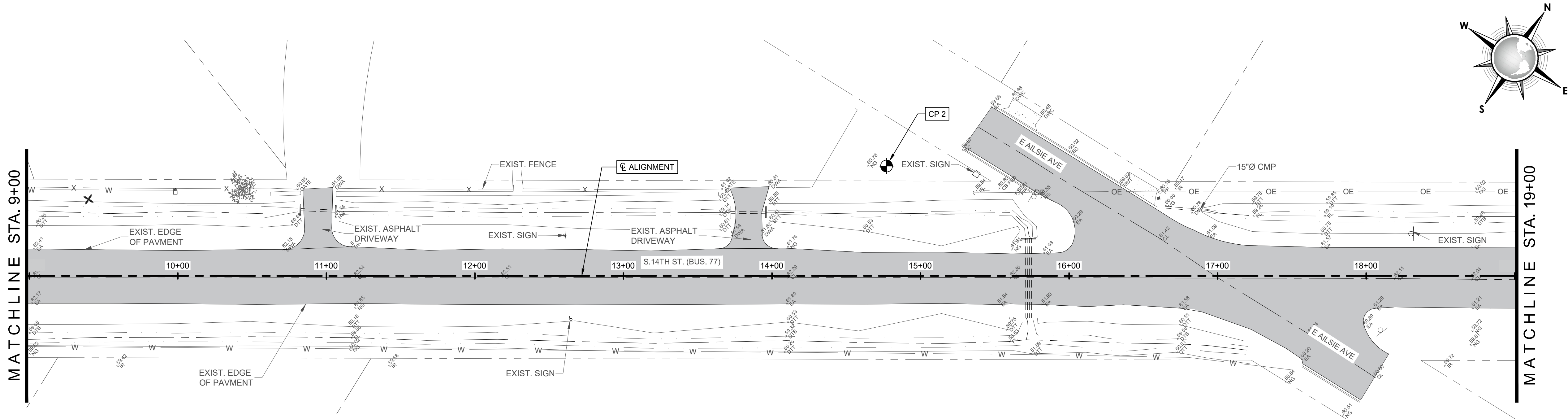
DRAWING NO.

C13

SHEET 14 of 90



1
C14 C14
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
C14 C14
SCALE: 1"=40'

MATCHLINE STA. 9+00

MATCHLINE STA. 19+00



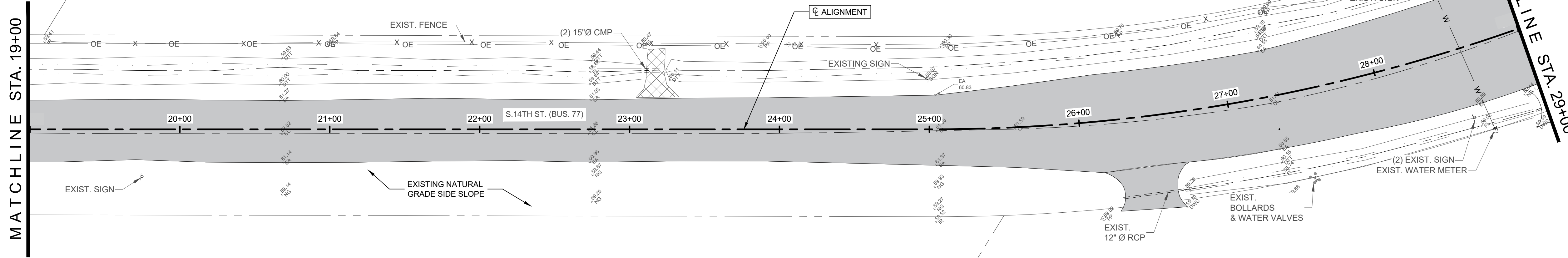
IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5905
FAX: 361.926.5906
I.S.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

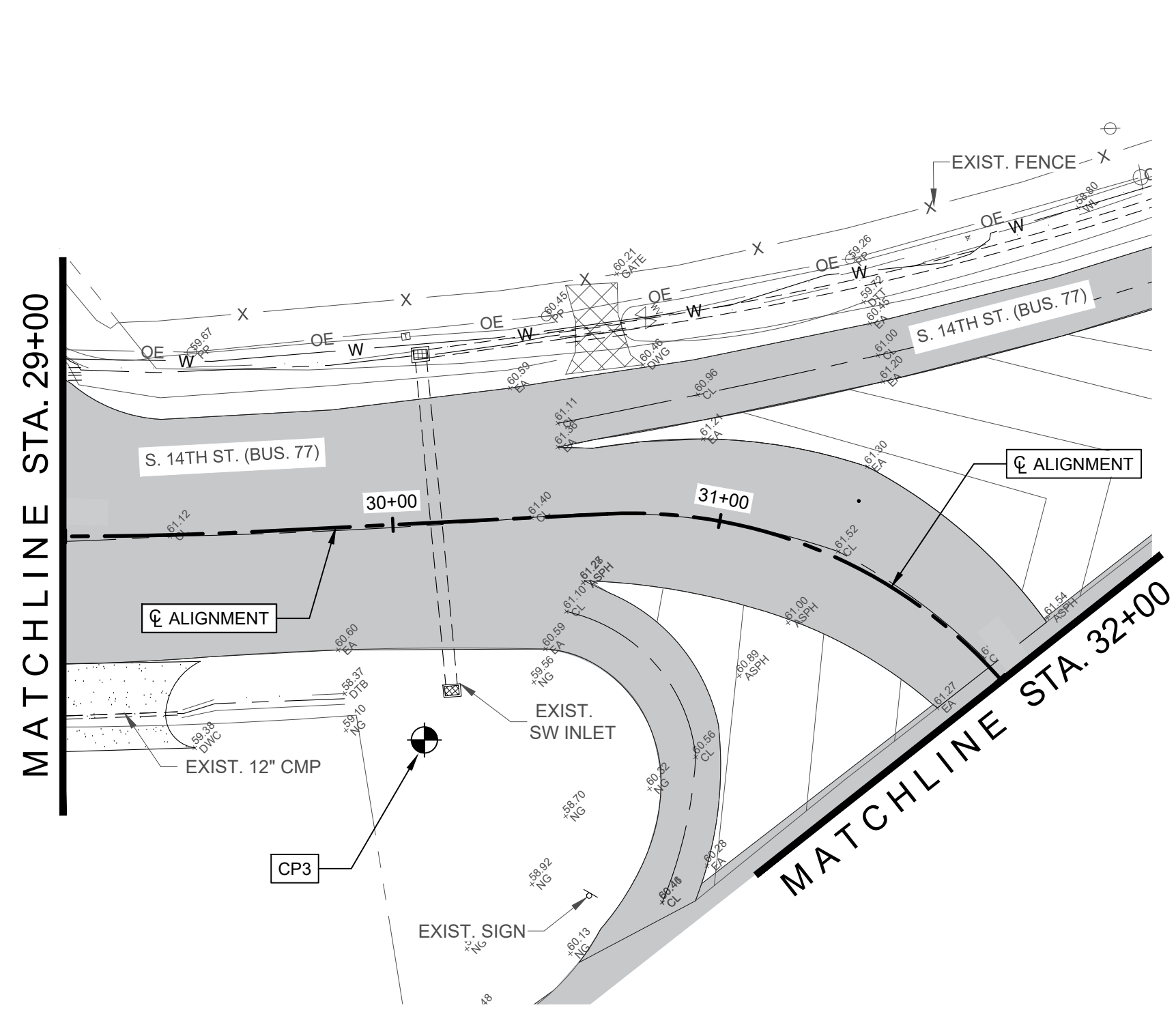
**EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN I
STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 19+00**

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY.dwg LAYOUT NAME: EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN II STA. 19+00 TO STA. 36+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:11:03pm USER: izepeda



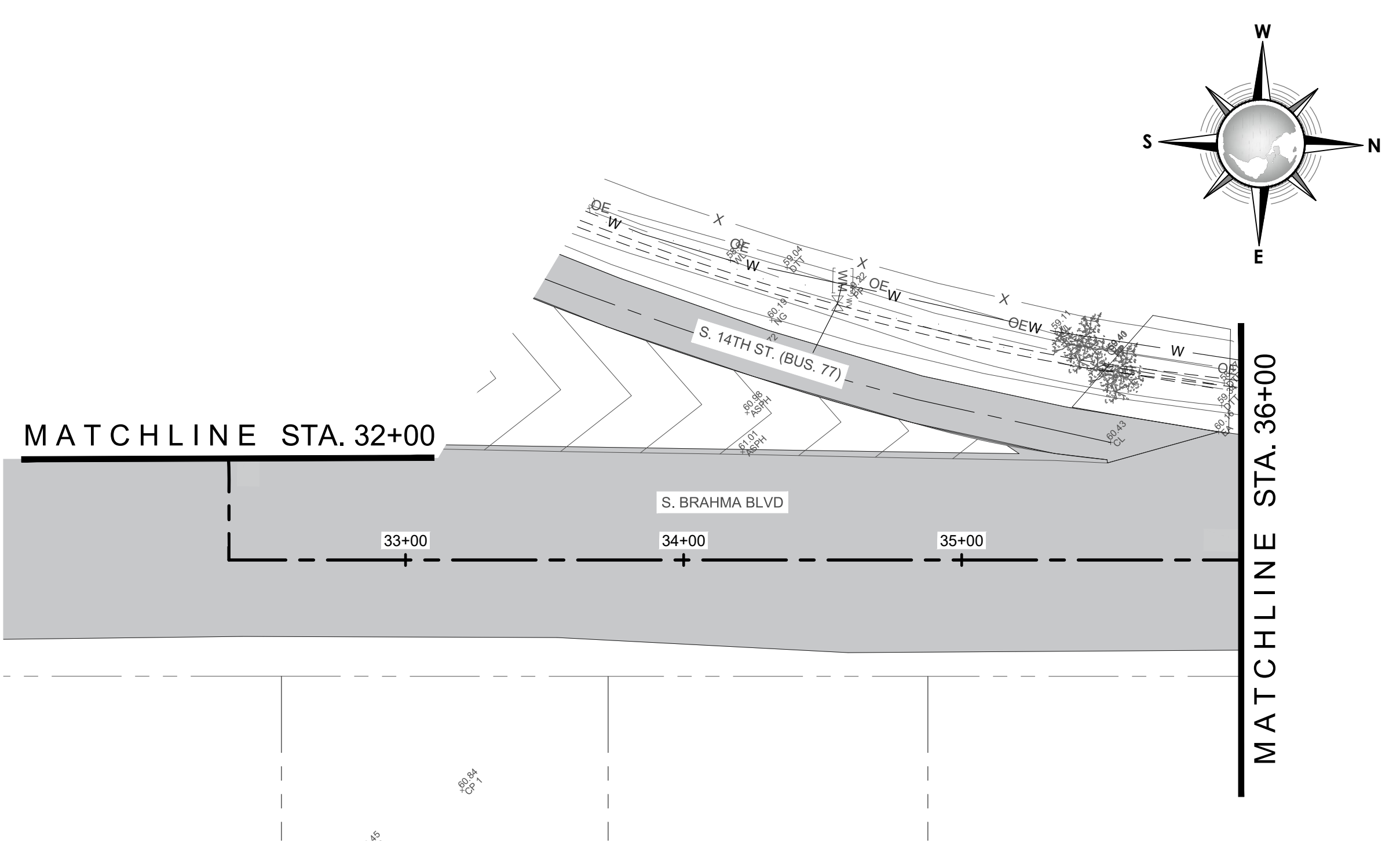
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C15 C15

EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN II
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 29+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



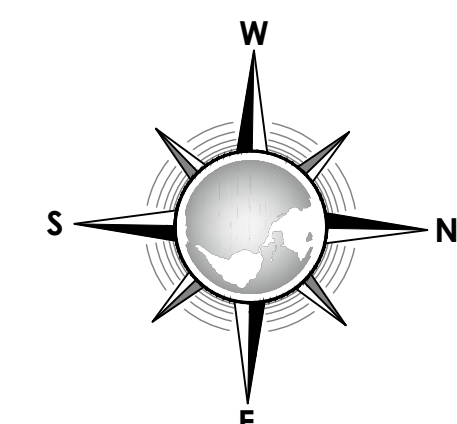
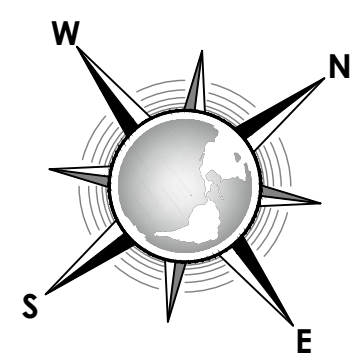
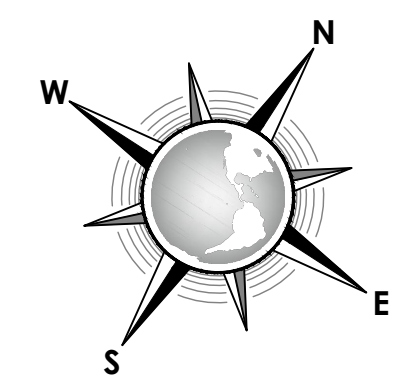
2
C15 C15

EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN II
STA. 29+00 TO STA. 32+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



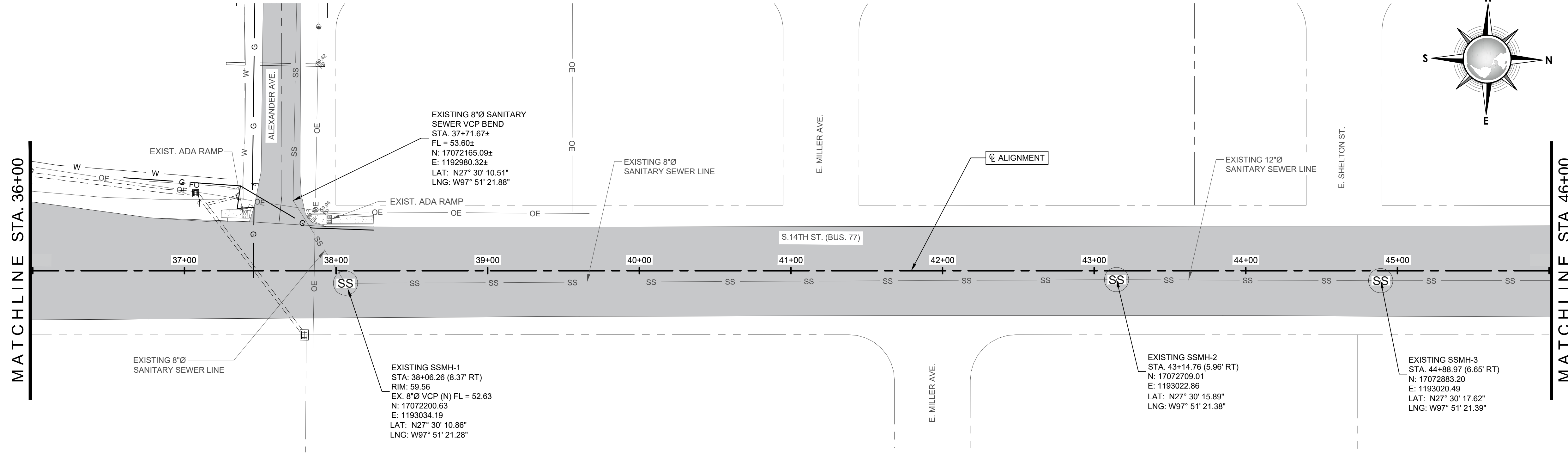
3
C15 C15

EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN II
STA. 32+00 TO STA. 36+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

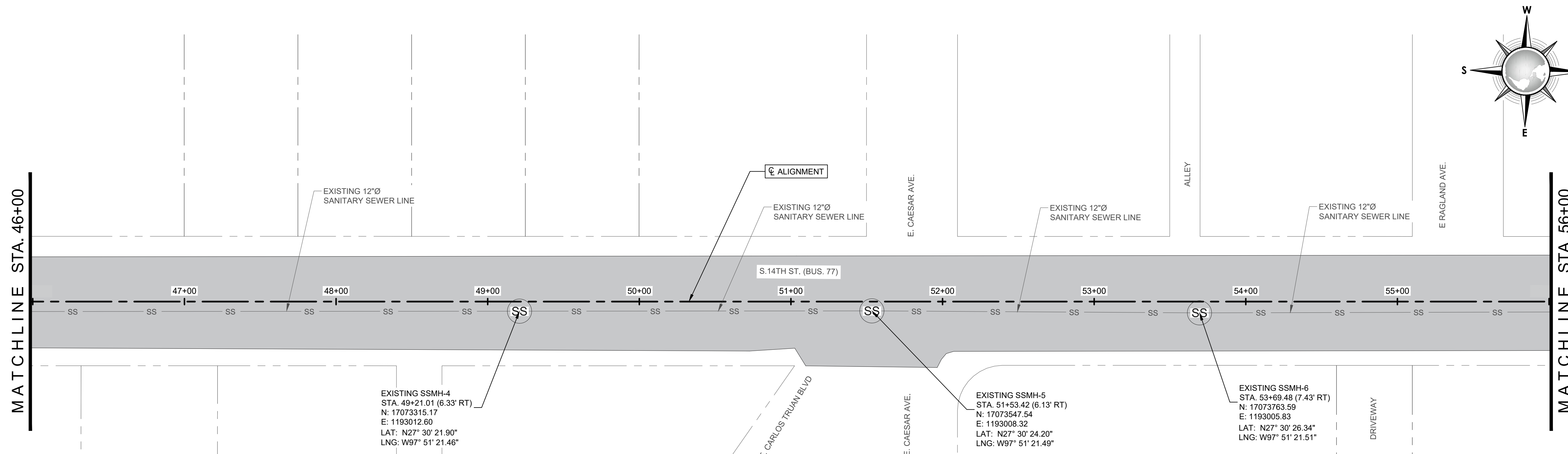


CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
<p>INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837</p>	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
REVISION NO.	DATE
BY	DESCRIPTION
<p>CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS</p> <p>EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN II STA. 19+00 TO STA. 36+00</p>	
REVISION NO.	DRAWING NO.
DATE	C15
BY	SHEET 16 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY.dwg LAYOUT NAME: EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN III STA. 36+00 TO STA. 56+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 05, 2024 1:11pm USER: Izepredo



1
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN III
STA. 36+00 TO STA. 46+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN III
STA. 46+00 TO STA. 56+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN III
STA. 36+00 TO STA. 56+00

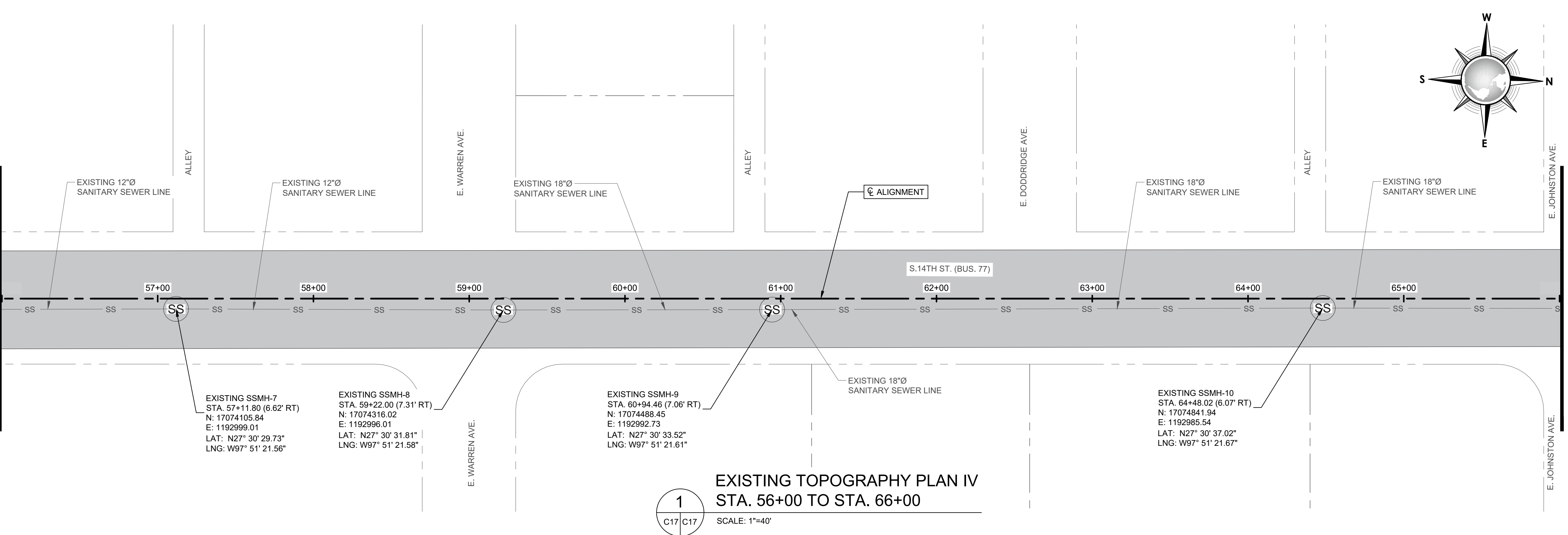
REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____ DESCRIPTION _____

DRAWING NO.
C16

SHEET 17 of 90

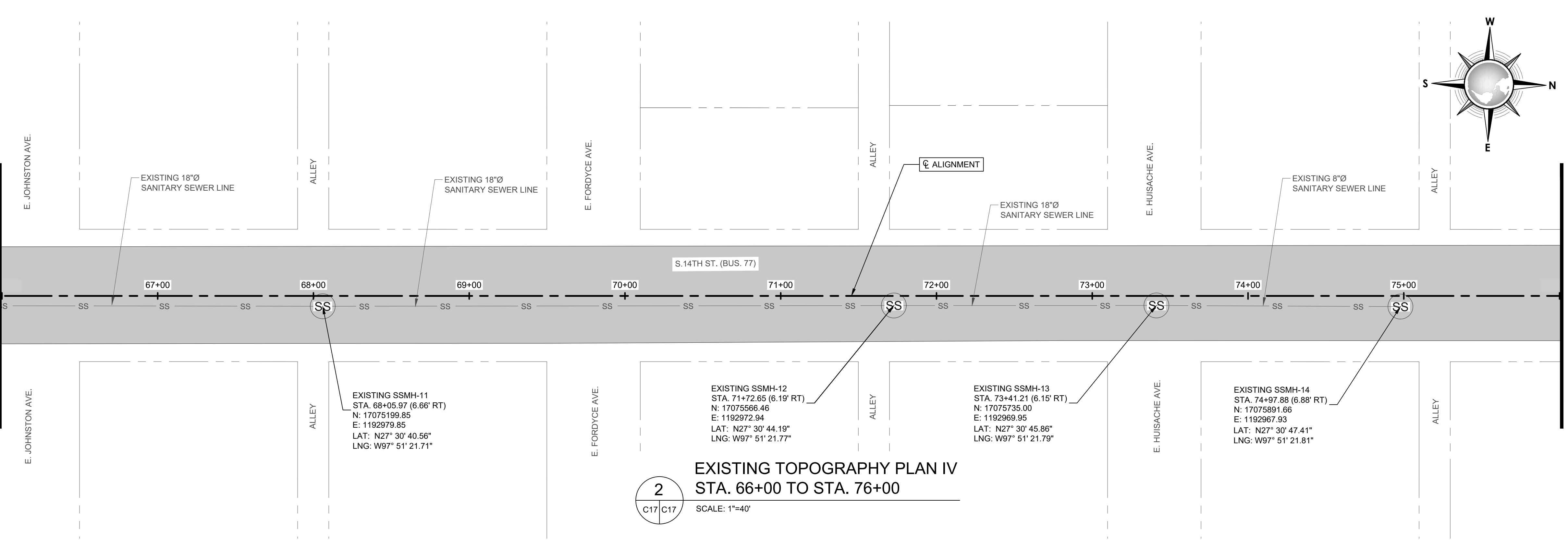
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY.dwg LAYOUT NAME: EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN IV STA. 56+00 TO STA. 76+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:12pm USER: lzapetra

MATCHLINE STA. 56+00



1
C17 C17
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN IV
STA. 56+00 TO STA. 66+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

MATCHLINE STA. 66+00



2
C17 C17
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN IV
STA. 66+00 TO STA. 76+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

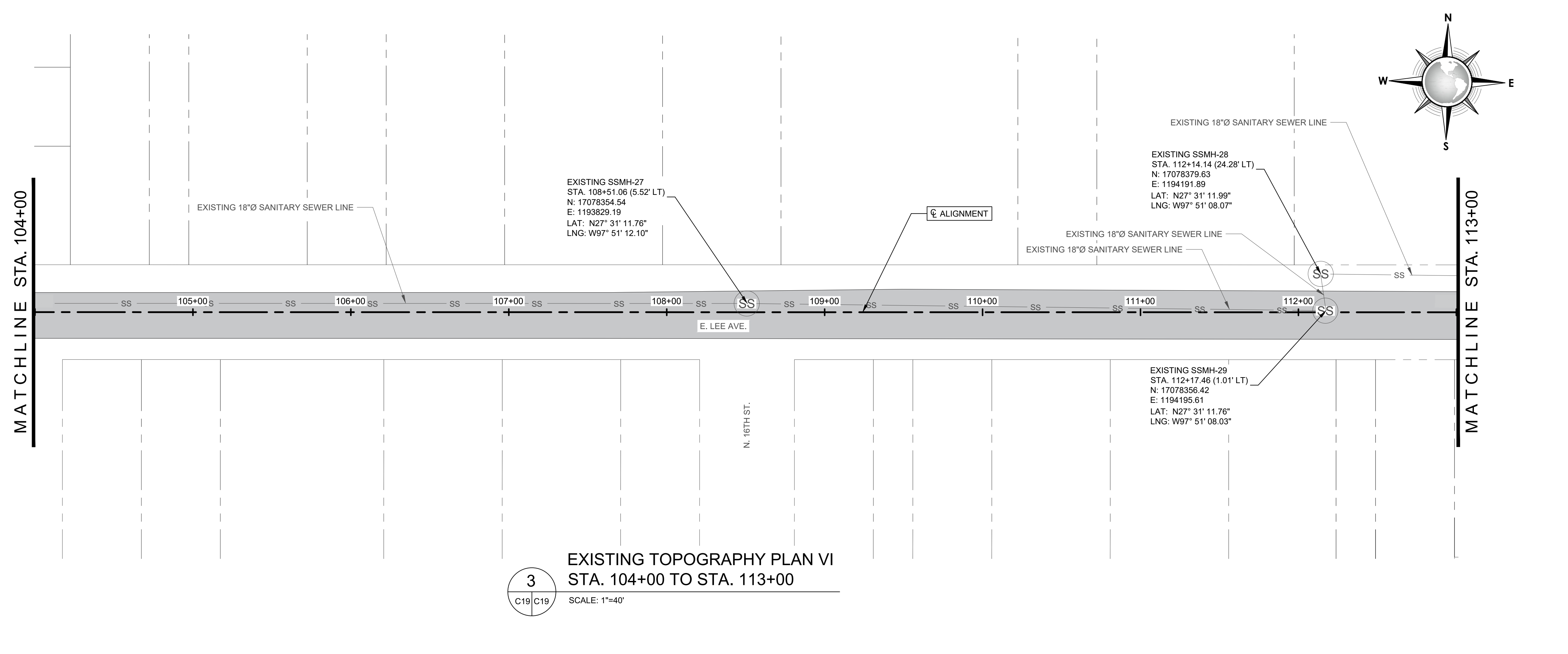
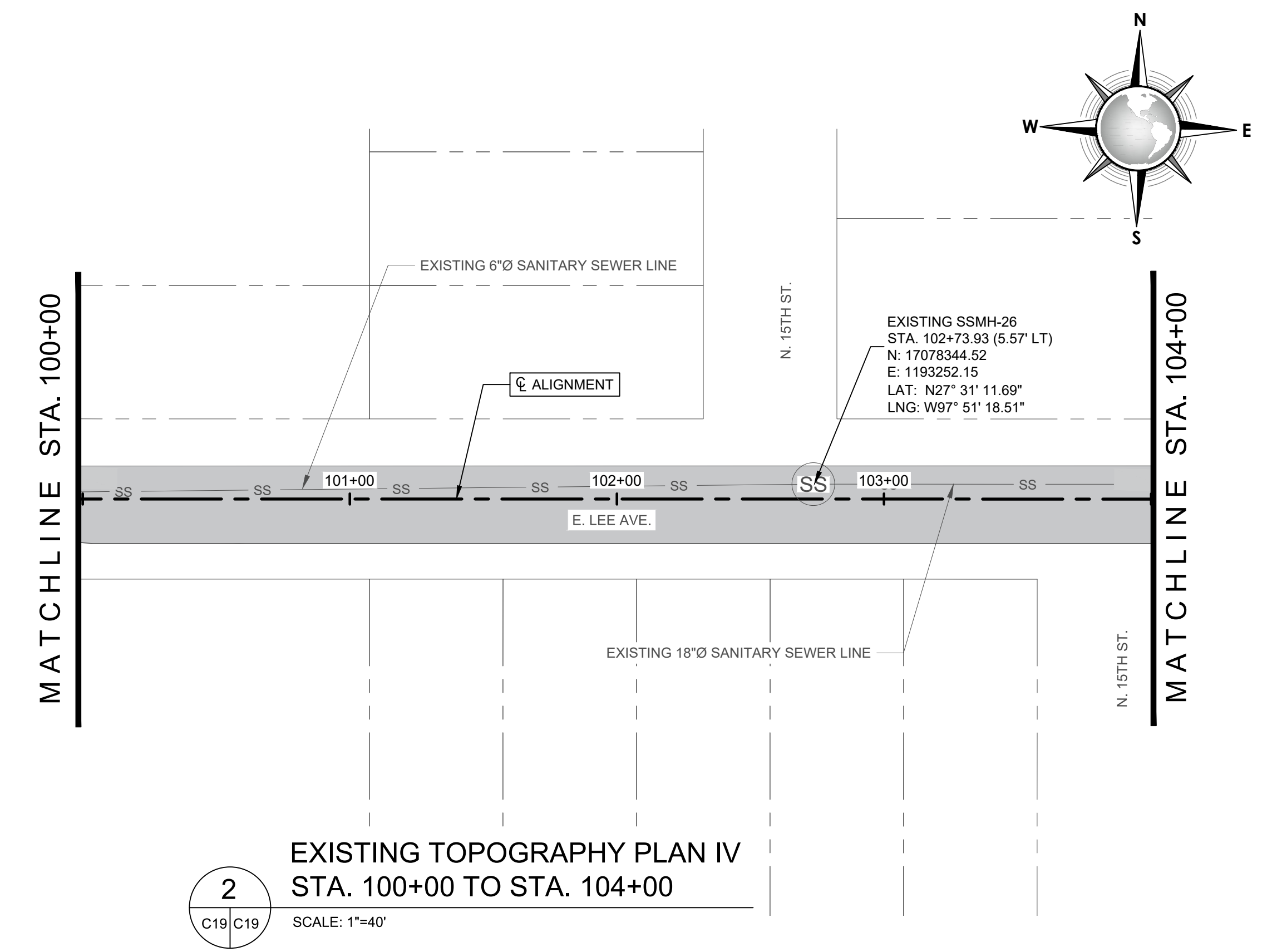
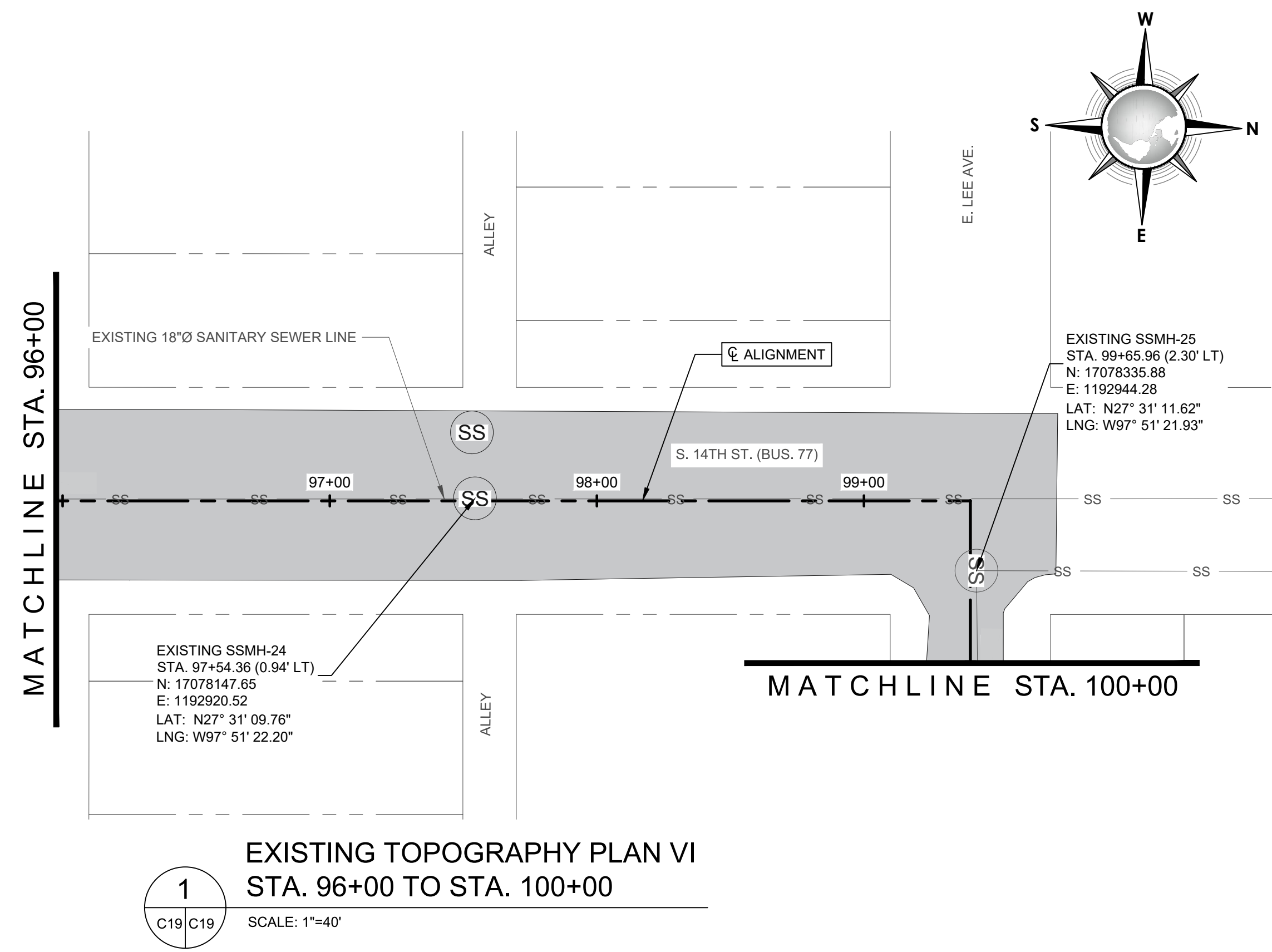
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN IV
STA. 56+00 TO STA. 76+00

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

DRAWING NO.
C17

SHEET 18 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-1000-1\Drawings\2 - Civil\EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C17 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:14pm USER: lzapeda



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

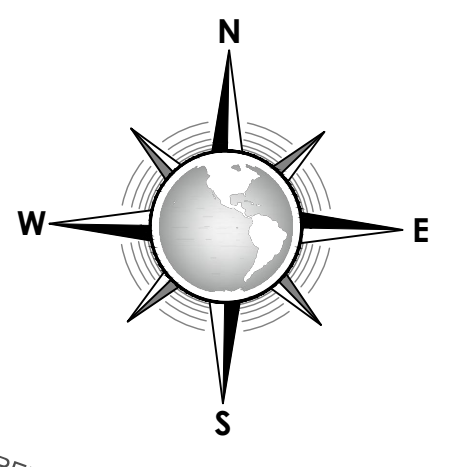
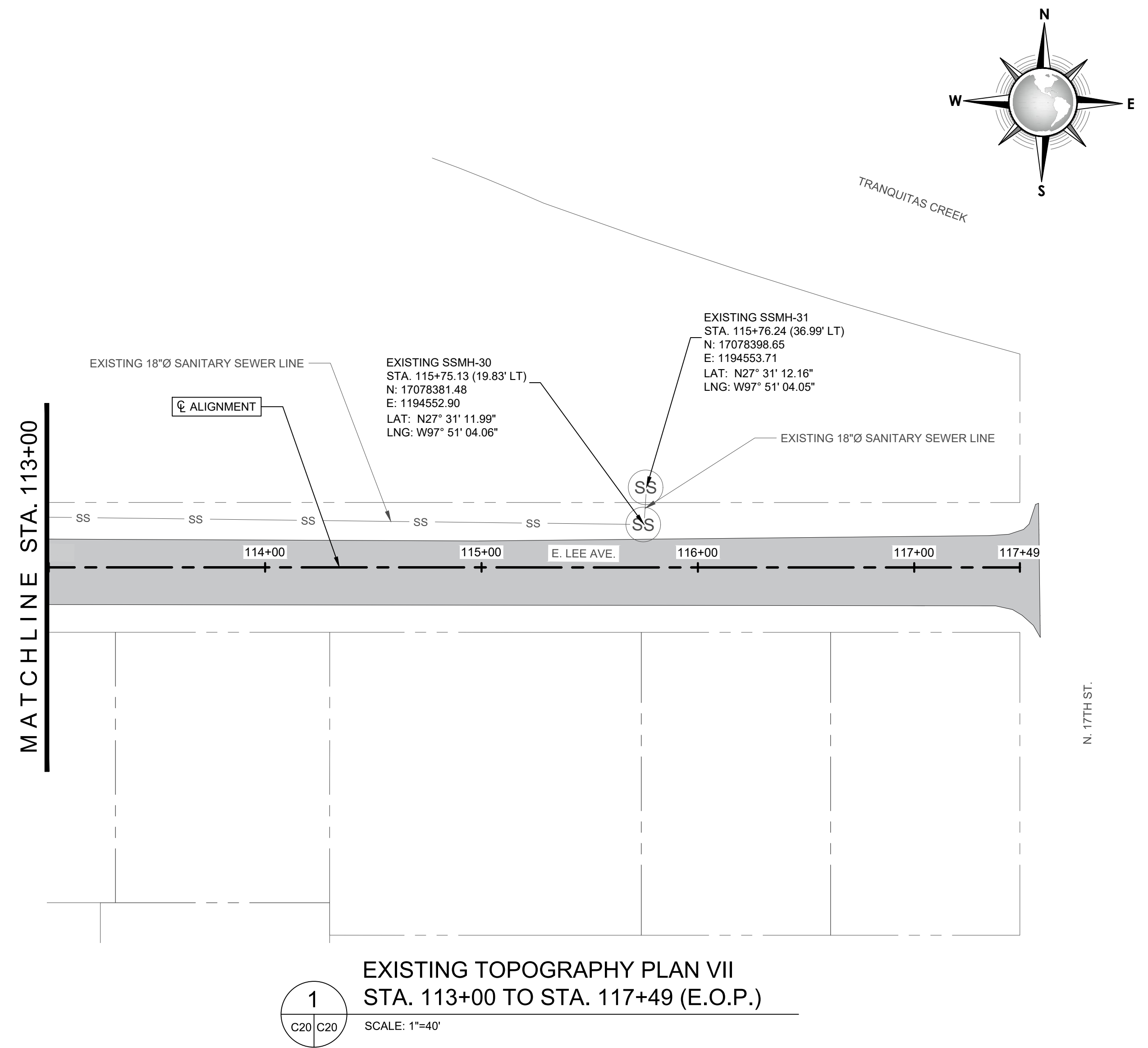
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN VI
STA. 96+00 TO STA. 113+00

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C19

SHEET 20 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C18 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:15pm USER: lzejeped



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



ICE

INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.826.5805
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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

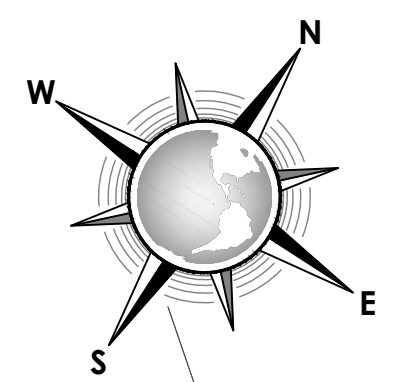
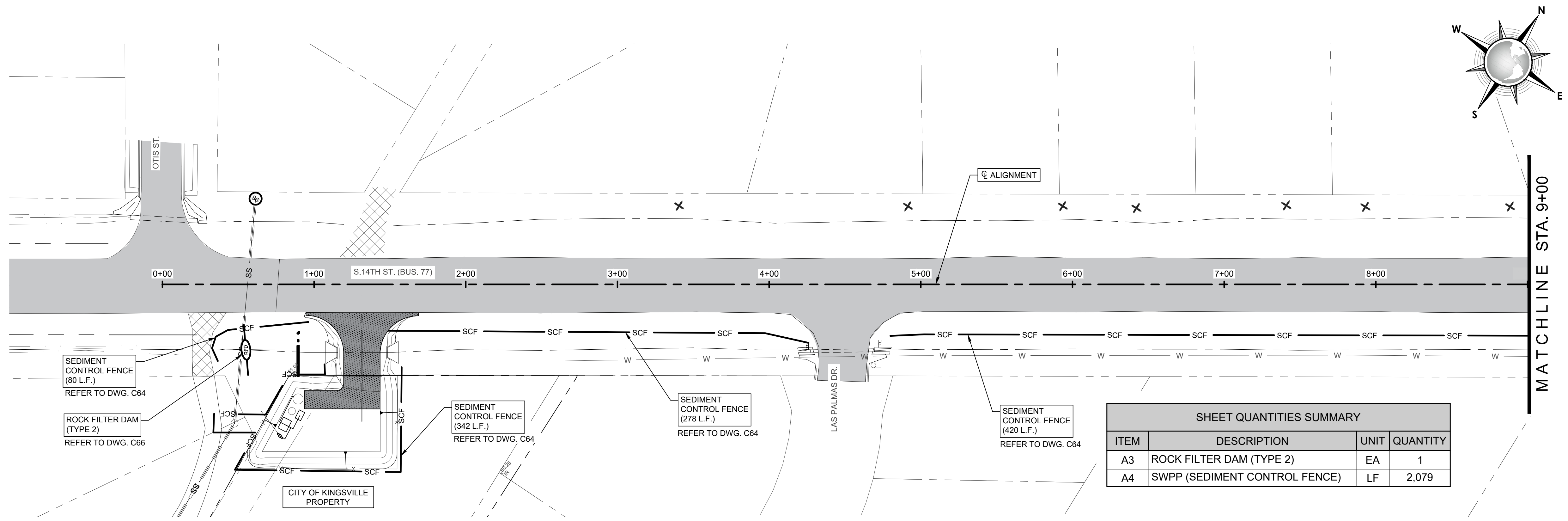
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY PLAN VII
STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)

DRAWING NO.
C20

SHEET 21 of 90

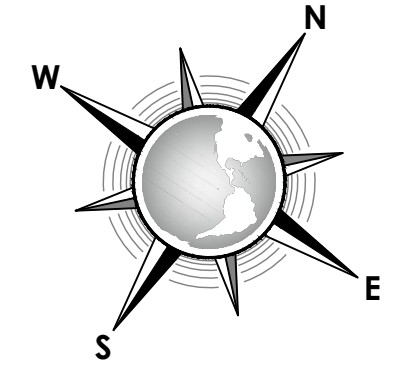
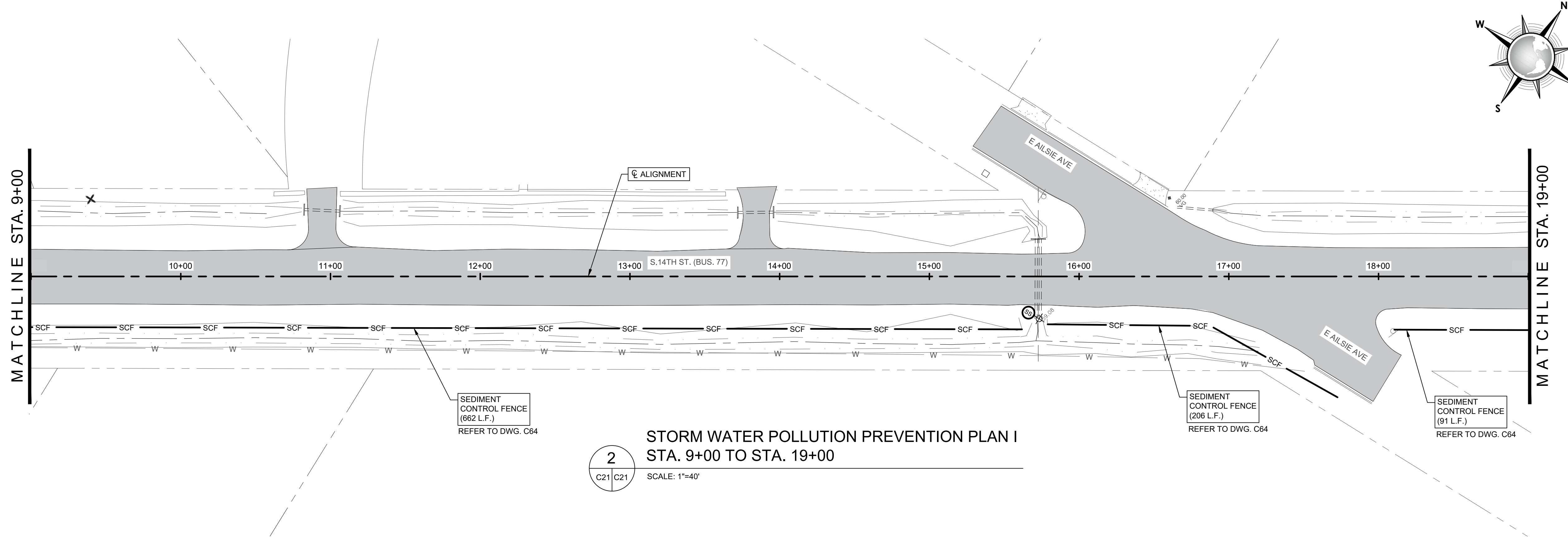
REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN V.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C21 STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN 1 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:16pm USER: izepeda



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A3	ROCK FILTER DAM (TYPE 2)	EA	1
A4	SWPP (SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE)	LF	2,079

1
C21 C21
STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN I
STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 9+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
C21 C21
STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN I
STA. 9+00 TO STA. 19+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5905
FAX: 361.926.5906
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN I
STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 19+00

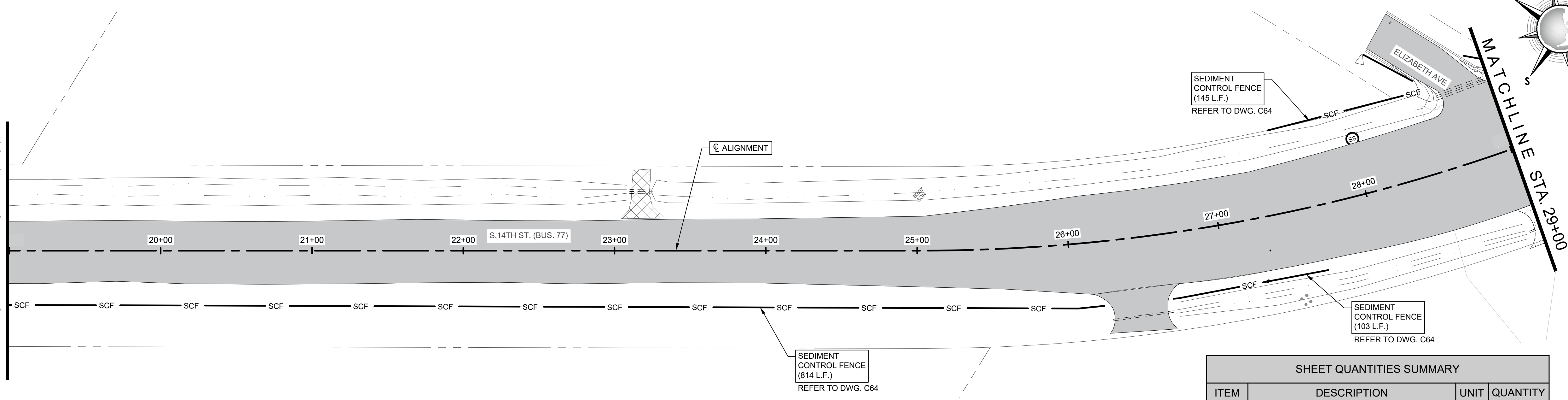
REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C21

SHEET 22 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN V.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C22 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 11:18pm USER: Izepeba

MATCHLINE STA. 19+00



SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE (145 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C64

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE (814 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C64

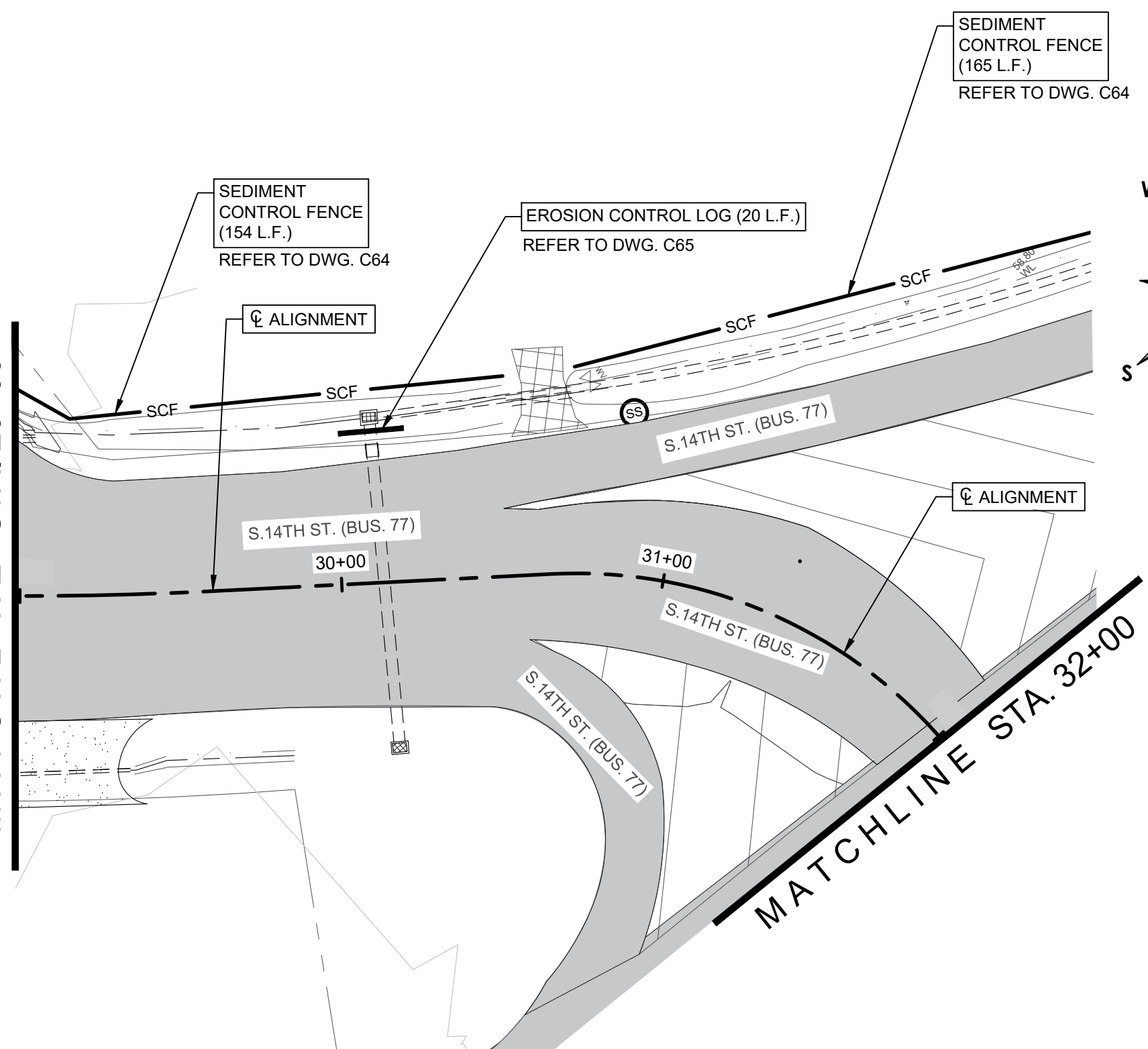
SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE (103 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C64

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A4	SWPP (SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE)	LF	1,573
A5	EROSION CONTROL LOG	LF	20

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN II
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 29+00**

1
C22 C22
SCALE: 1"=40'

MATCHLINE STA. 29+00



SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE (154 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C64

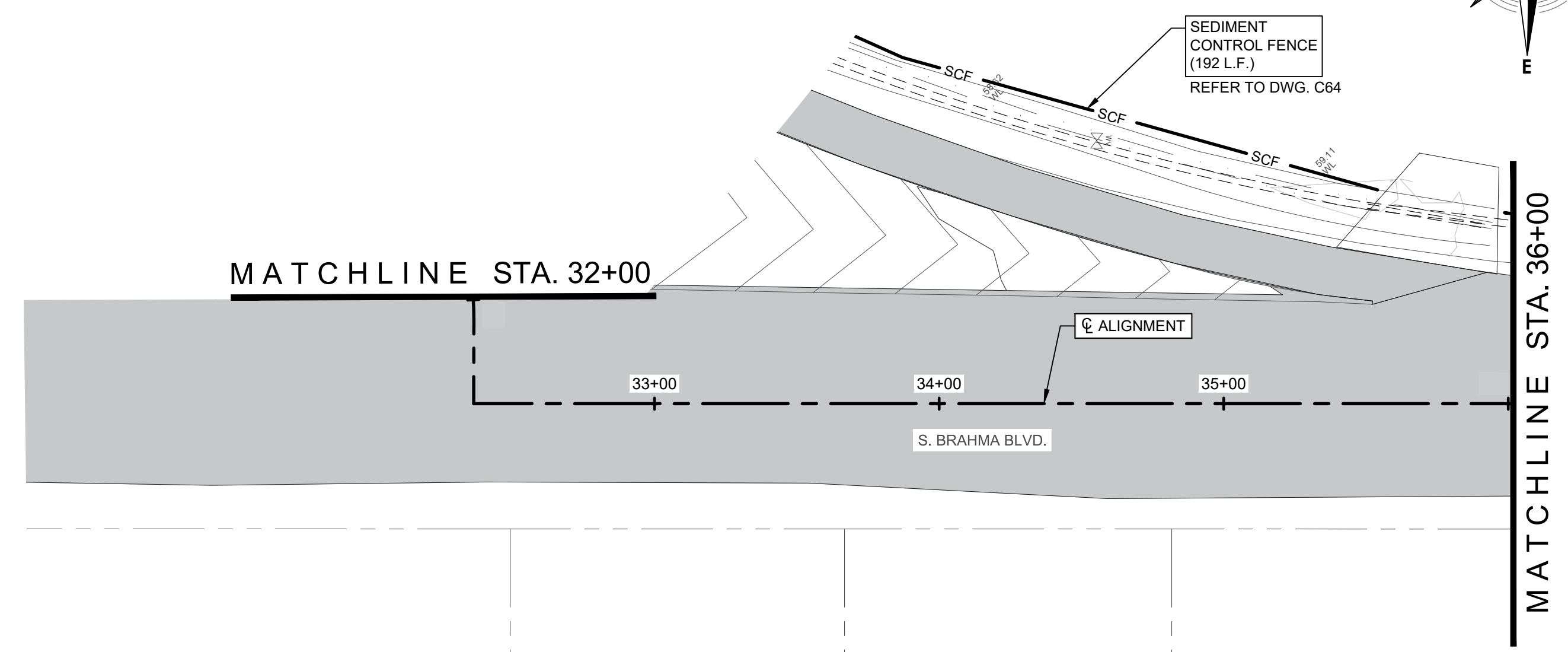
EROSION CONTROL LOG (20 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C65

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE (165 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C64

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN II
STA. 29+00 TO STA. 32+00**

2
C22 C22
SCALE: 1"=40'

MATCHLINE STA. 32+00



SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE (192 L.F.) REFER TO DWG. C64

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN II
STA. 32+00 TO STA. 36+00**

3
C22 C22
SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837

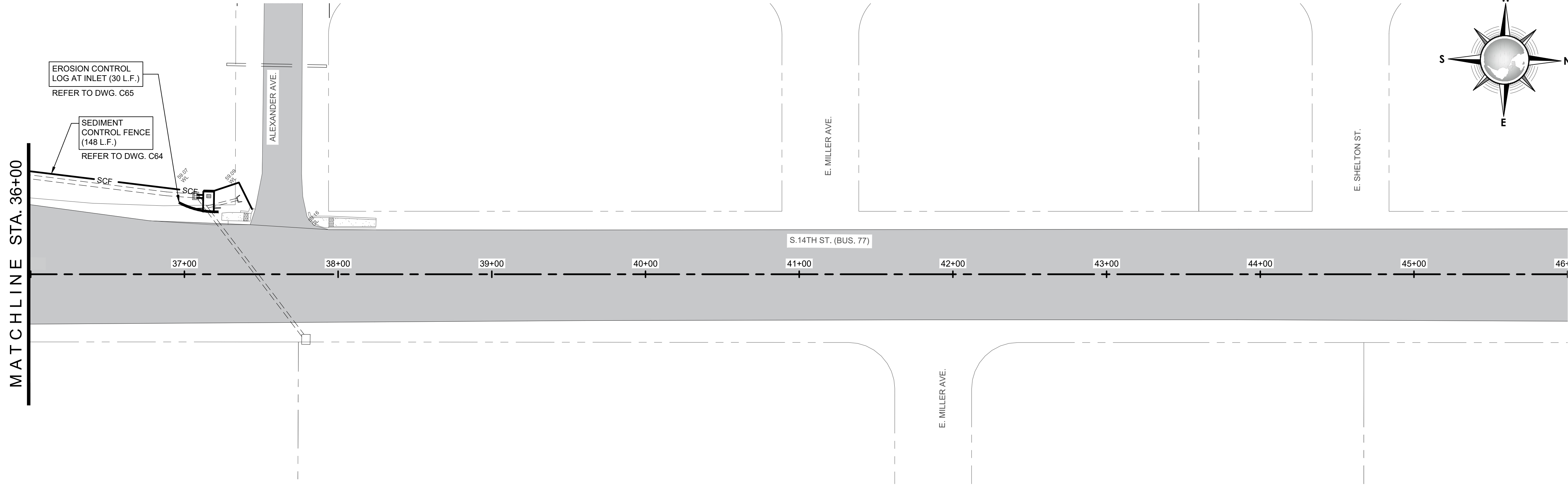


**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

**STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN II
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 36+00**

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY
DRAWING NO.
C22
SHEET 23 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN V.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C21_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:19pm USER: lizepeda



1
 C23 | C23 SCALE: 1"=40'
STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN III
STA. 36+00 TO STA. 46+00

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A4	SWPP (SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE)	LF	148
A5	EROSION CONTROL LOG	LF	30

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



ICE

INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 261 SARATOGA BLVD.
 CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
 PHONE: 361.926.5805
 FAX: 361.926.5806
 I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



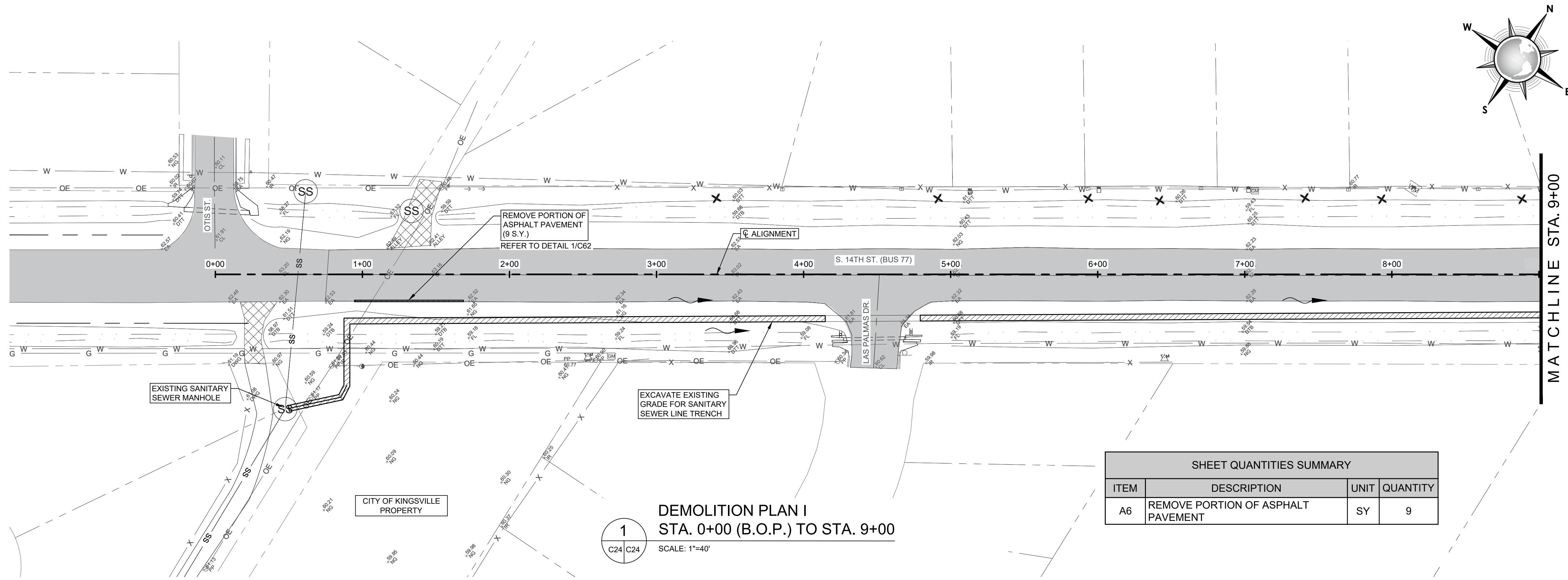
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN III
STA. 36+00 TO STA 46+00

DRAWING NO.
C23
SHEET 24 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

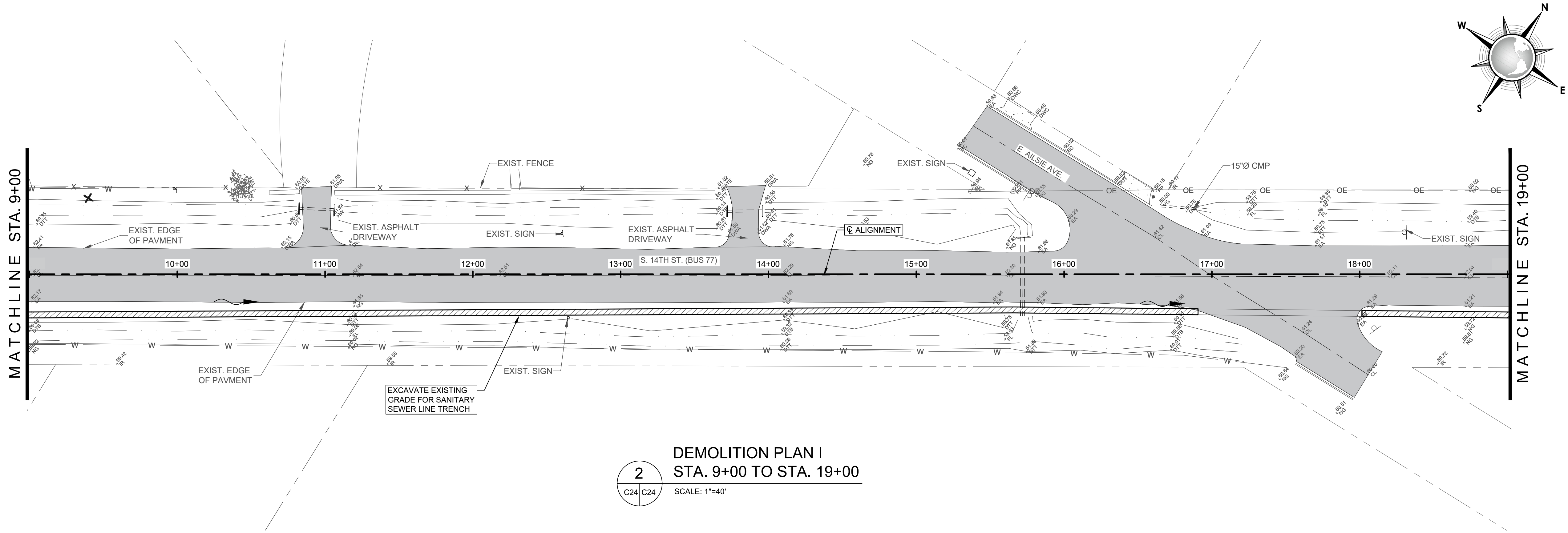
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C24 DEMOLITION PLAN I PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:20pm USER: izrepeda



1
C24 | C24
SCALE: 1"=40'

DEMOLITION PLAN I
STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 9+00

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A6	REMOVE PORTION OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT	SY	9



2
C24 | C24
SCALE: 1"=40'

DEMOLITION PLAN I
STA. 9+00 TO STA. 19+00

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C24

SHEET 25 of 90

CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

DEMOLITION PLAN I
STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 19+00

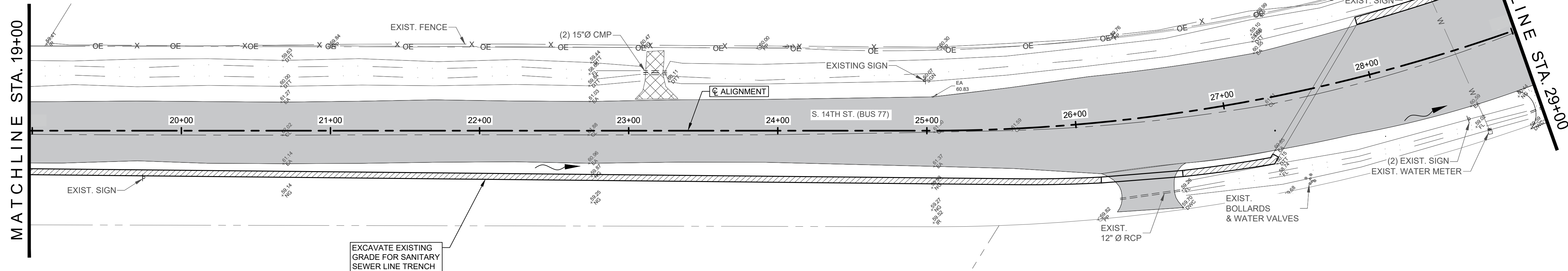
CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837

Professional Engineer
JULIO A. MACIAS
143563
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
STATE OF TEXAS
11/30/2013

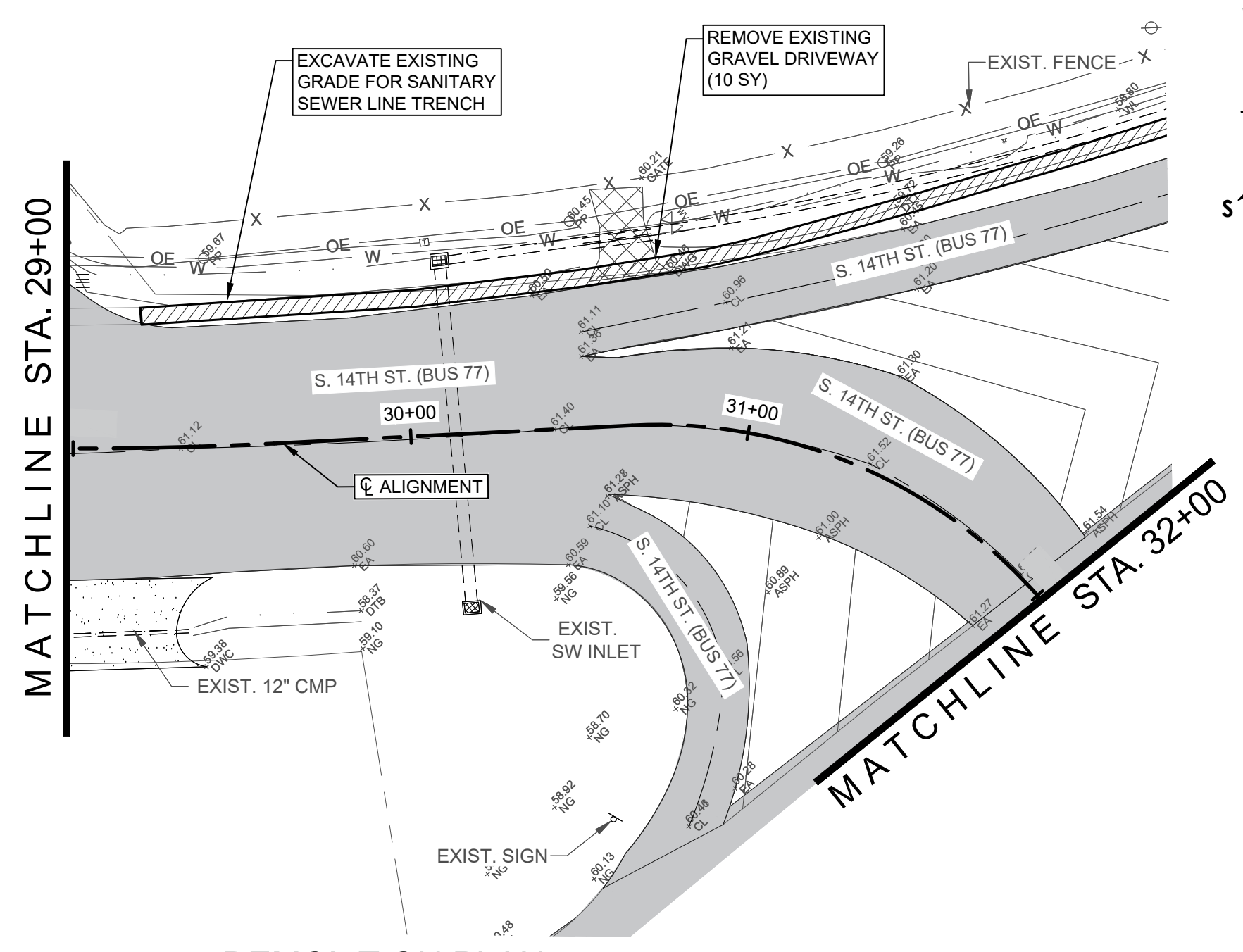
CITY OF Kingsville
KINGSBUILDERS

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN II - Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN II - LAYOUT NAME: C25 DEMOLITION PLAN II - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:21pm USER: trespaga

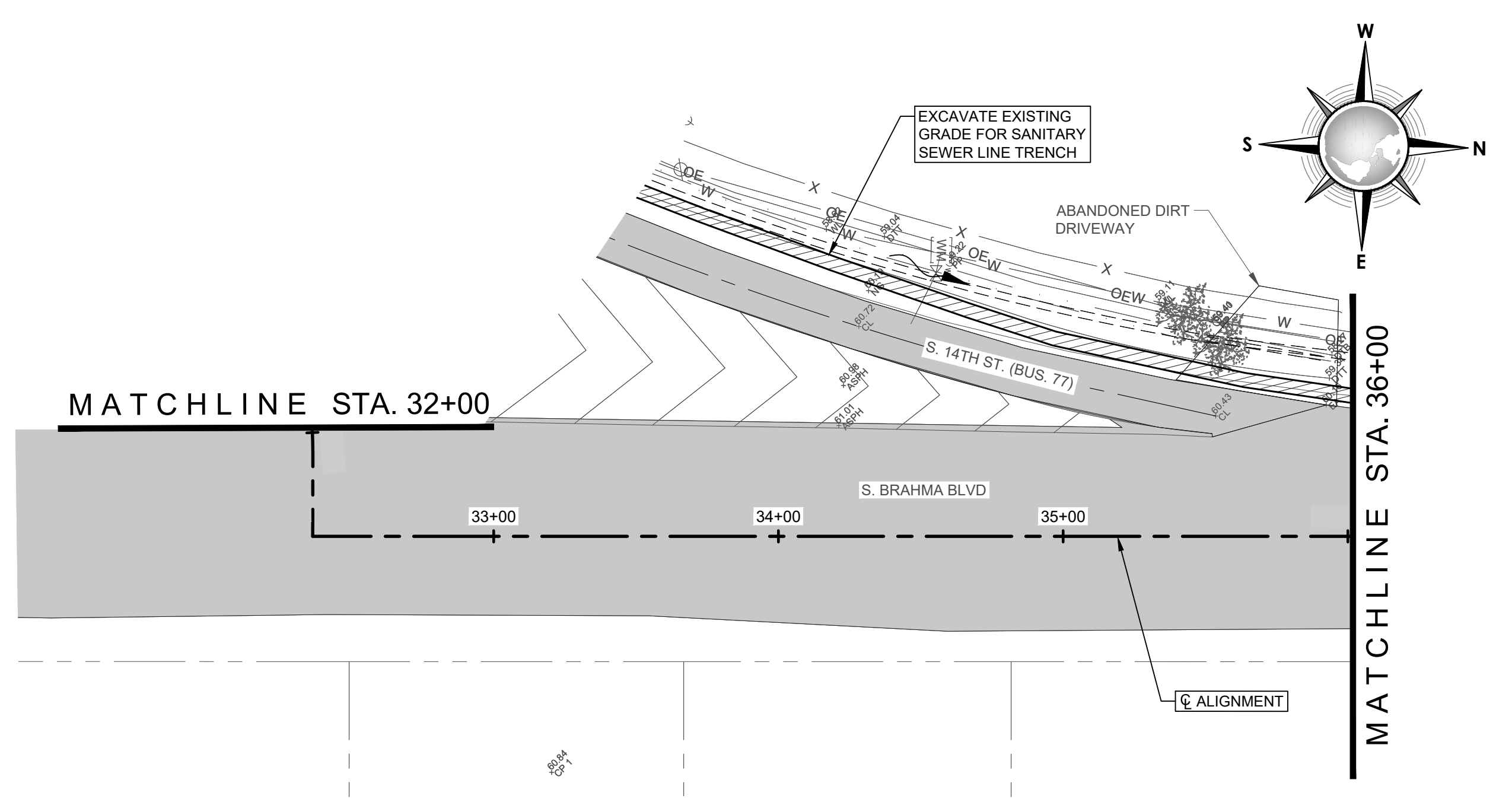


1
C25 C25
DEMOLITION PLAN II
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 29+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

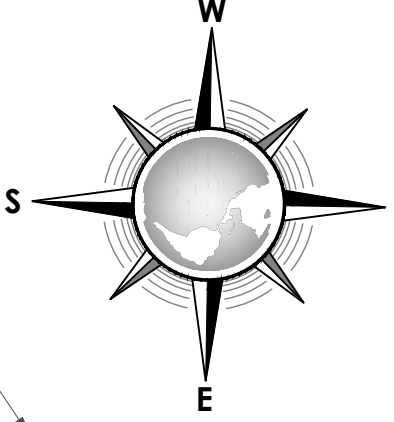
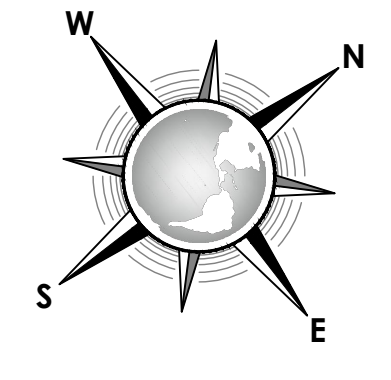
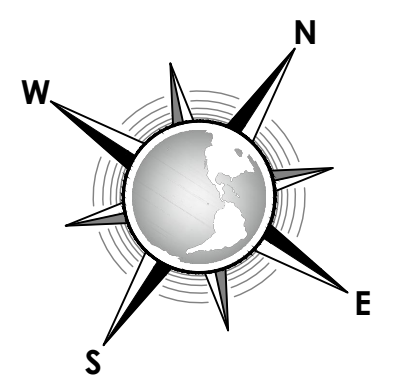
SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A9	REMOVE EXISTING GRAVEL DRIVEWAY	SY	10



2
C25 C25
DEMOLITION PLAN II
STA. 29+00 TO STA. 32+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



3
C25 C25
DEMOLITION PLAN II
STA. 32+00 TO STA. 36+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

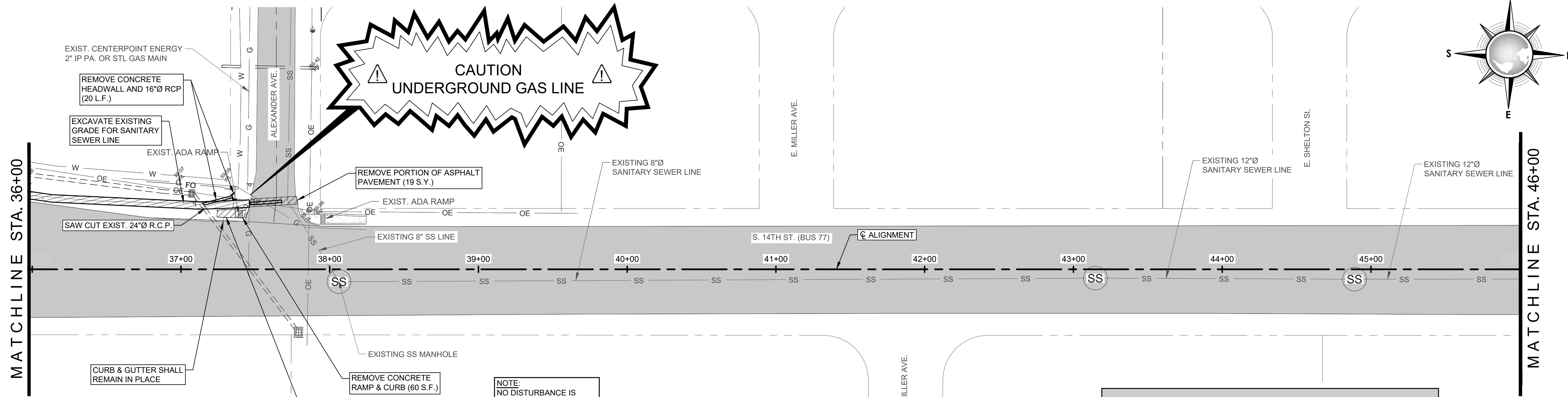
**DEMOLITION PLAN II
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 36+00**

REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____ DESCRIPTION _____

DRAWING NO.
C25

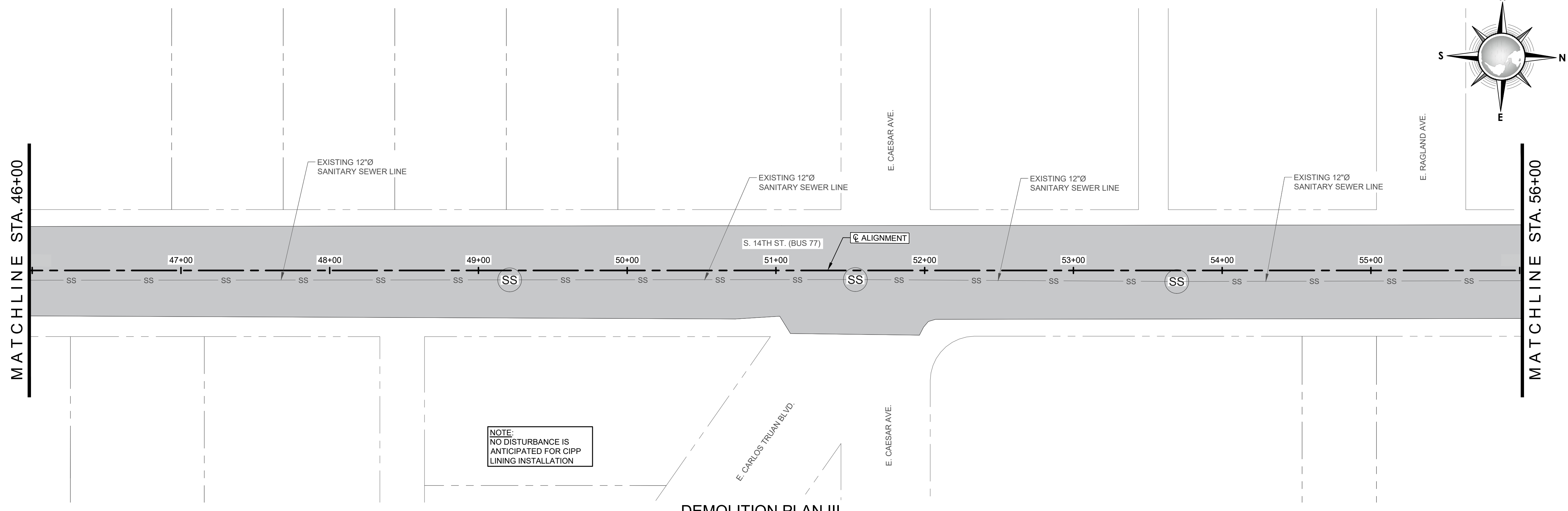
SHEET 26 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN\demg_LAYOUT NAME: C26 DEMOLITION PLAN III PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:22pm USER: izerepda



1
 DEMOLITION PLAN III
 STA. 36+00 TO STA. 46+00
 SCALE: 1"=40'

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A6	REMOVE PORTION OF ASPHALT PAVEMENT	SY	19
A7	REMOVE CONCRETE RAMP & CURB	SF	60
A8	REMOVE CONCRETE SIDEWALK	SF	62
A43	REMOVE CONCRETE HEADWALL AND PORTION OF 16"Ø R.C.P.	LF	20



2
 DEMOLITION PLAN III
 STA. 46+00 TO STA. 56+00
 SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

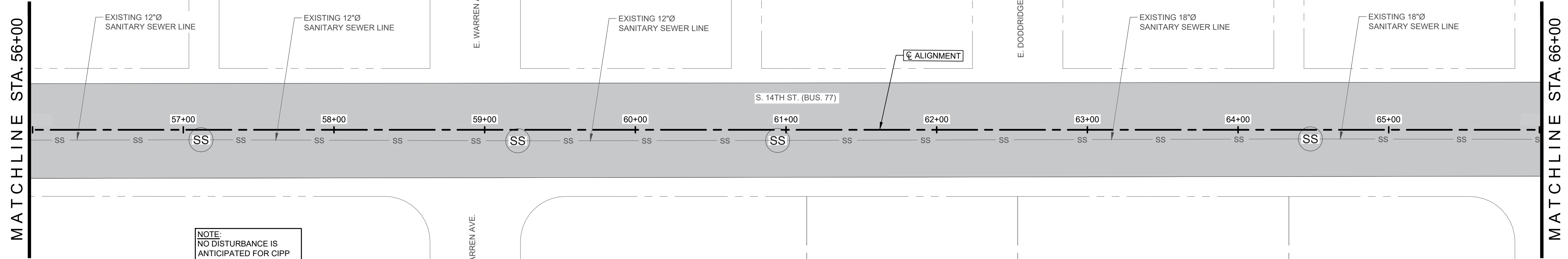
DEMOLITION PLAN III
 STA. 36+00 TO STA. 56+00

DRAWING NO.
C26

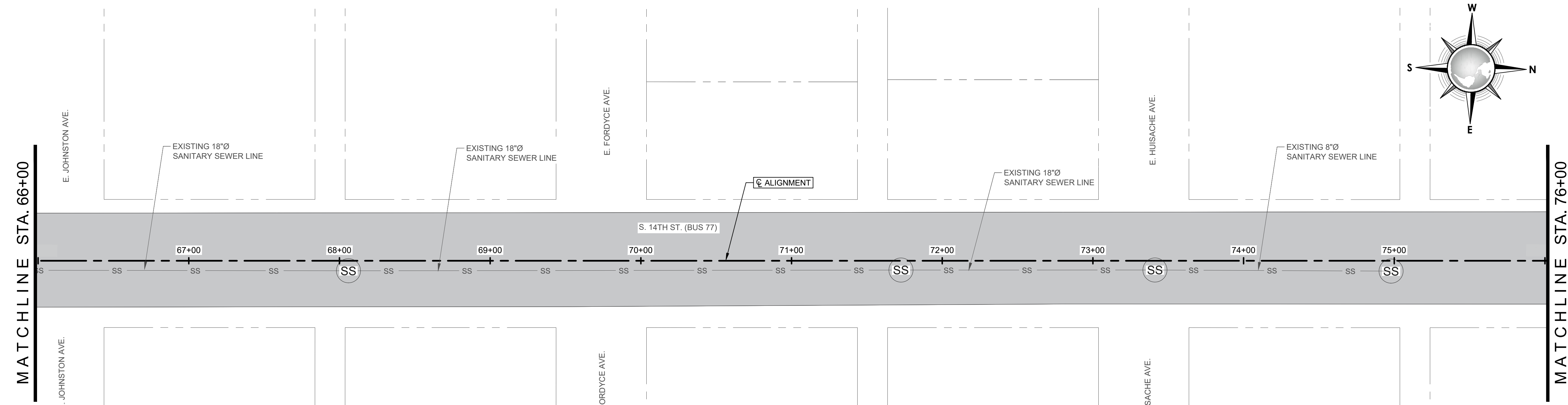
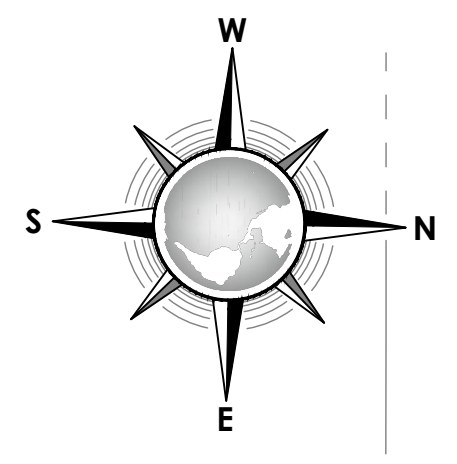
SHEET 27 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

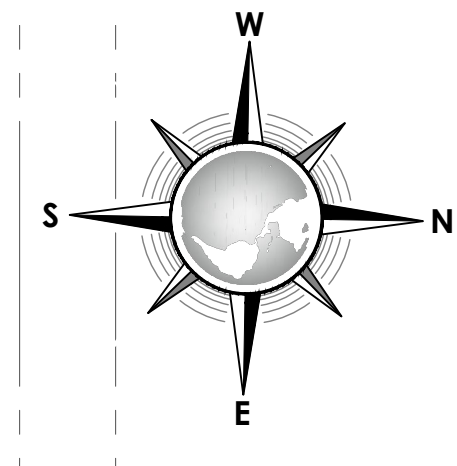
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C27 DEMOLITION PLAN IV PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:23pm USER: lzejpega



1
 C27 C27
 DEMOLITION PLAN IV
 STA. 56+00 TO STA. 66+00
 SCALE: 1"=40'



2
 C27 C27
 DEMOLITION PLAN IV
 STA. 66+00 TO STA. 76+00
 SCALE: 1"=40'



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

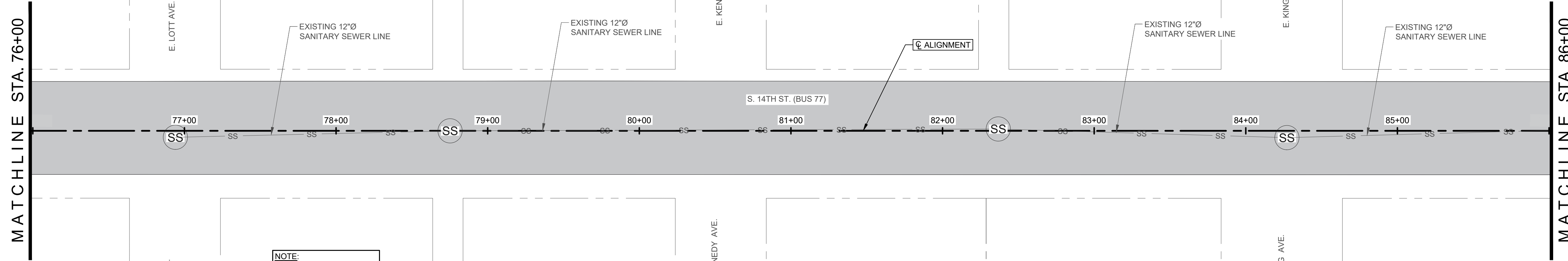
**DEMOLITION PLAN IV
 STA. 56+00 TO STA 76+00**

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

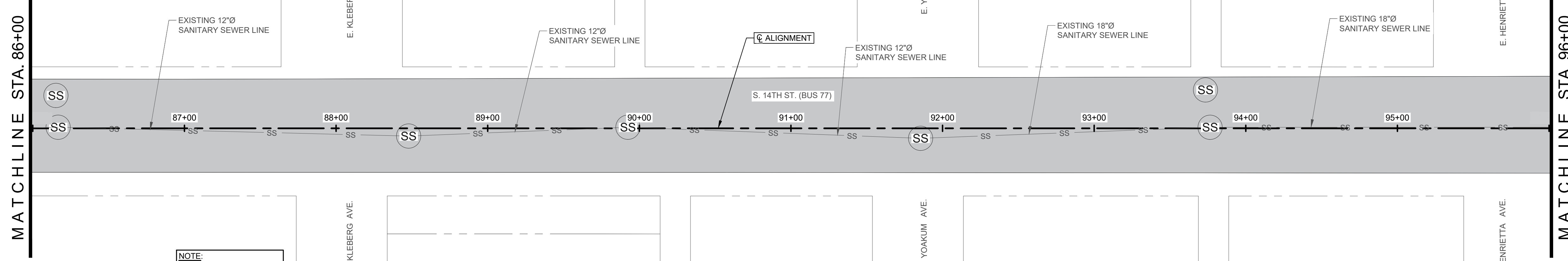
DRAWING NO.
C27

SHEET 28 of 90

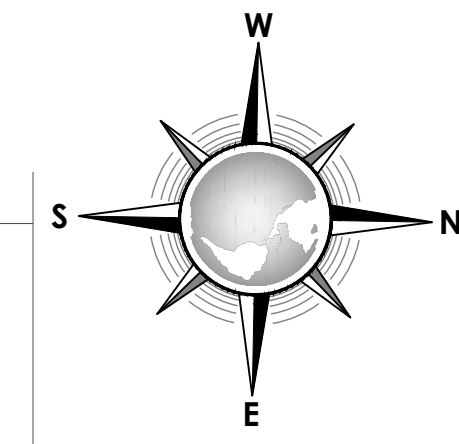
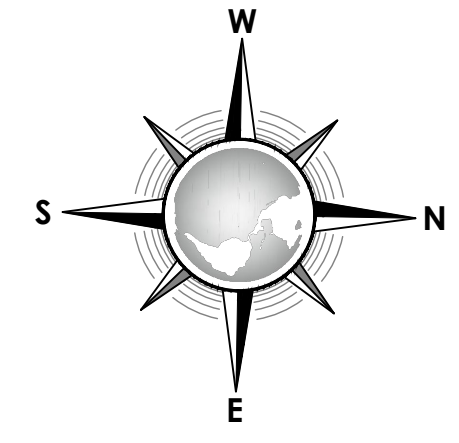
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C29 DEMOLITION PLAN V PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:24pm USER: lzepeca



1
 C28 C28
 DEMOLITION PLAN V
 STA. 76+00 TO STA. 86+00
 SCALE: 1"=40'



2
 C28 C28
 DEMOLITION PLAN V
 STA. 86+00 TO STA. 96+00
 SCALE: 1"=40'



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

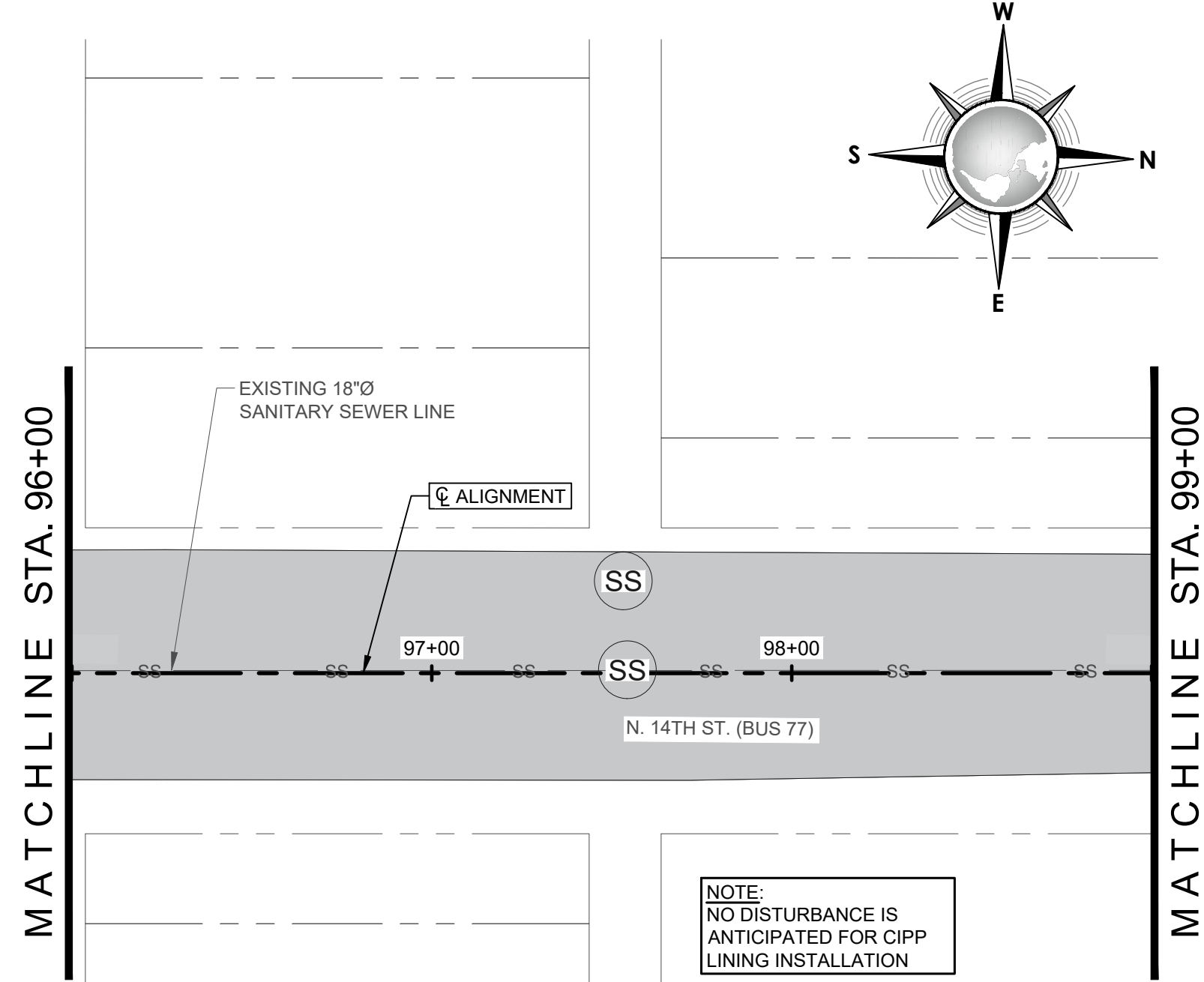
**DEMOLITION PLAN V
 STA. 76+00 TO STA 96+00**

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

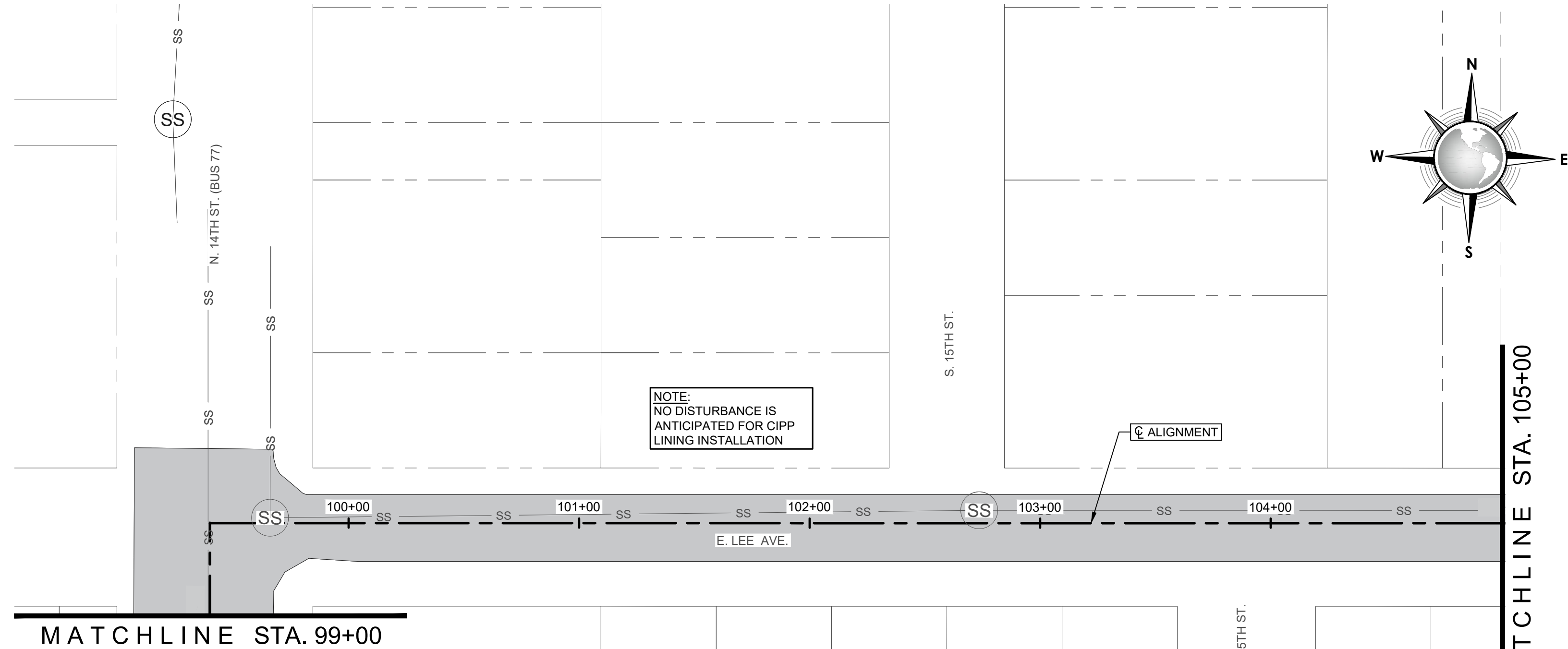
DRAWING NO.
C28

SHEET 29 of 90

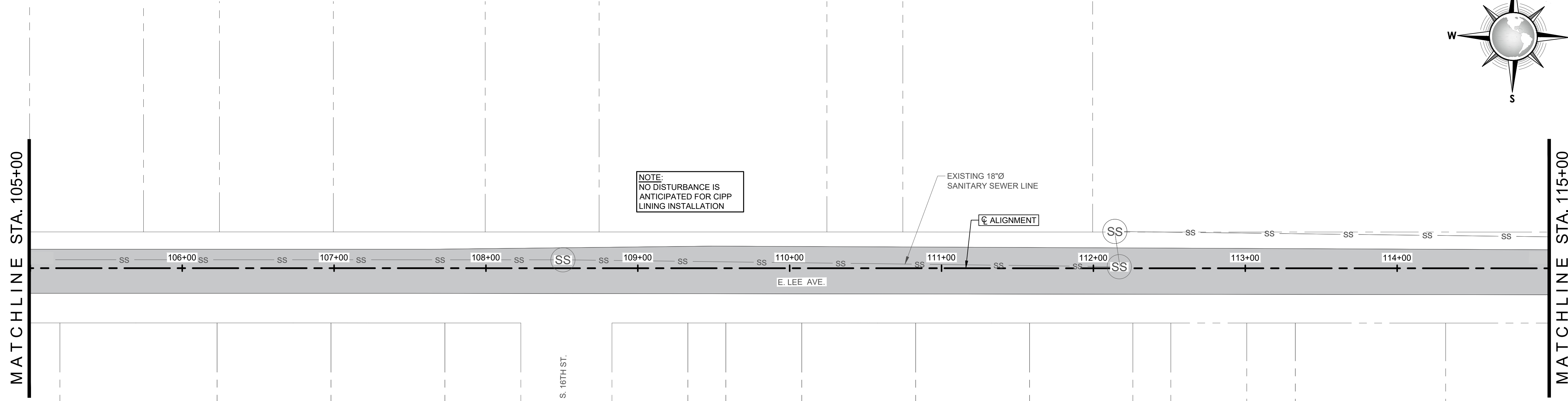
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\DEMOLITION PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C31 DEMOLITION PLAN VI PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:26pm USER: lizepeta



1
C29 C29
DEMOLITION PLAN VI
STA. 96+00 TO STA. 99+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



2
C29 C29
DEMOLITION PLAN VI
STA. 99+00 TO STA. 105+00
SCALE: 1"=40'



3
C29 C29
DEMOLITION PLAN VI
STA. 105+00 TO STA. 115+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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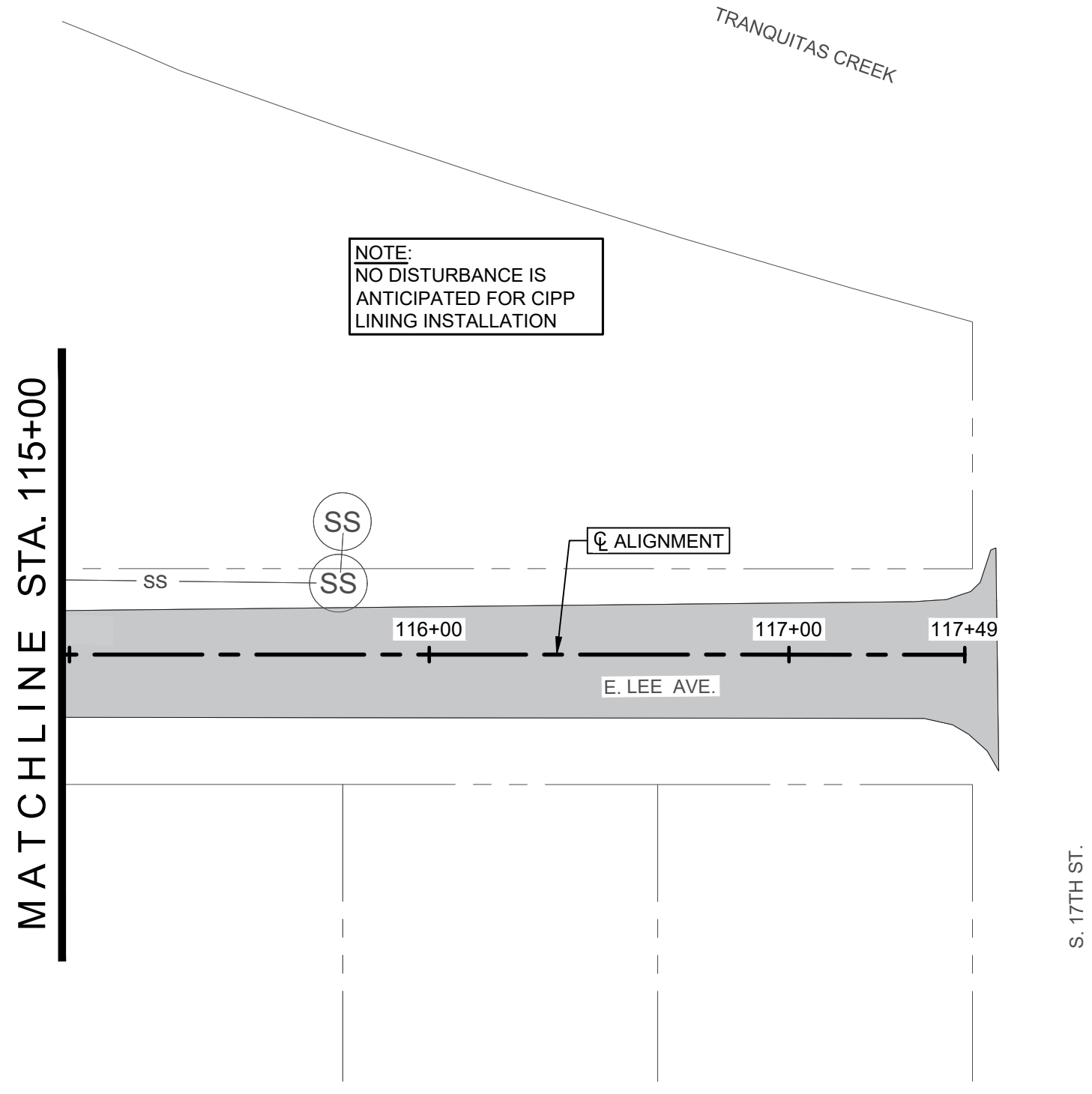
**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

DEMOLITION PLAN VI
STA. 96+00 TO STA. 115+00

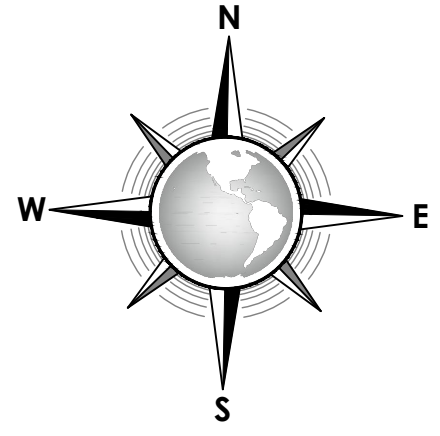
REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C29

SHEET 30 of 90



NOTE:
NO DISTURBANCE IS
ANTICIPATED FOR CIPP
LINING INSTALLATION



1
C30 / C30
SCALE: 1"=40'
DEMOLITION PLAN VII
STA. 115+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)



ICE
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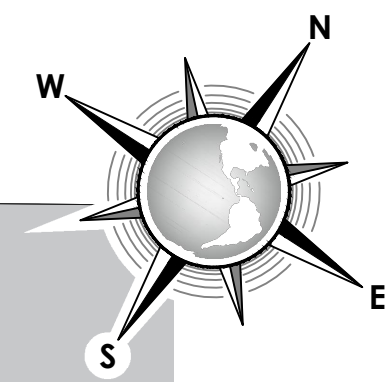
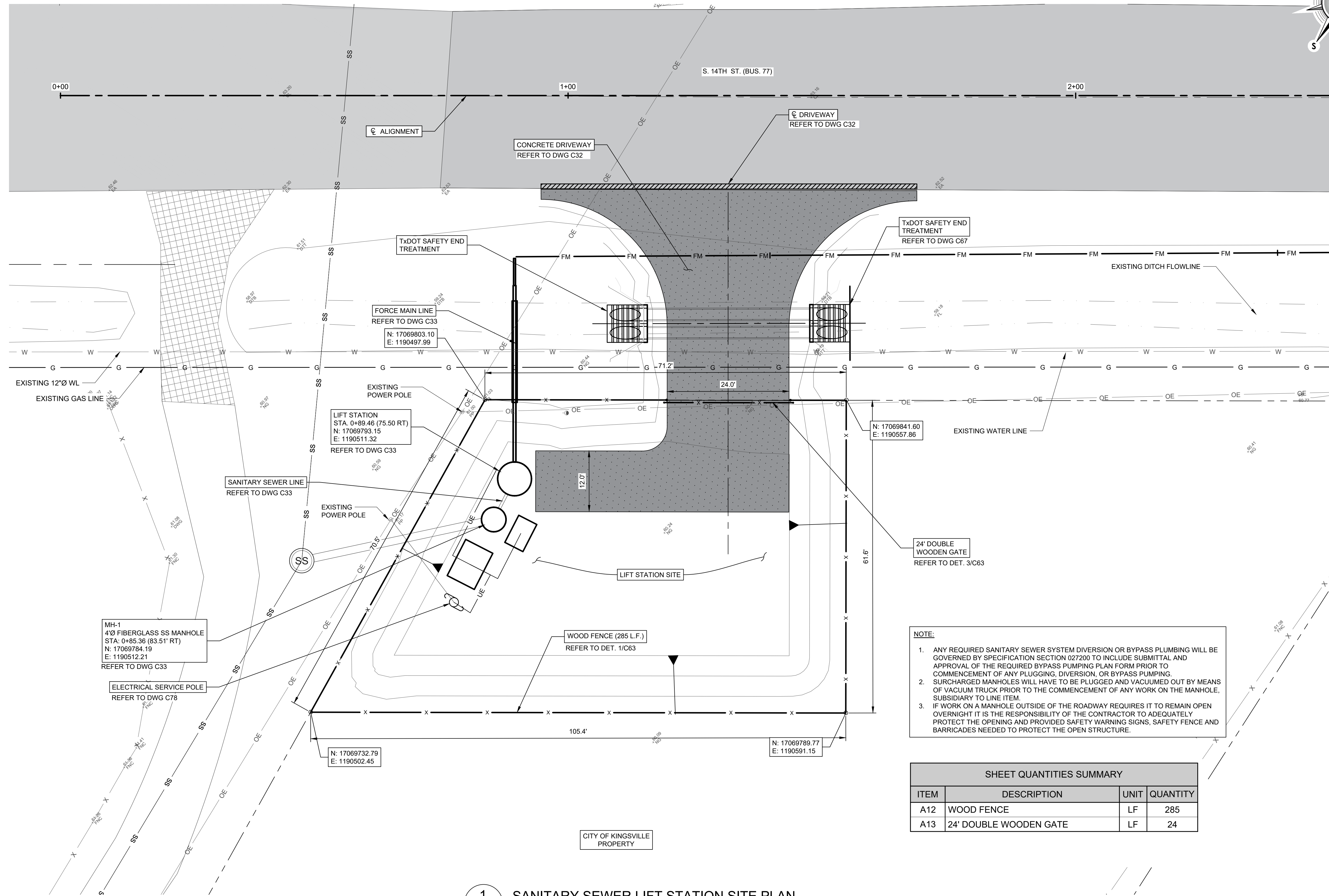


CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

DEMOLITION PLAN VII
STA. 115+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\C27-C28 - LS SITE and P&P DWG.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C33 LIFT STATION SITE PLAN PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:00pm USER: vicente



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

**SANITARY SEWER LIFT STATION
SITE PLAN**

NOTE:

- ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING. SURCHARGED MANHOLES WILL HAVE TO BE PLUGGED AND VACUUMED OUT BY MEANS OF VACUUM TRUCK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK ON THE MANHOLE, SUBSIDIARY TO LINE ITEM.
- IF WORK ON A MANHOLE OUTSIDE OF THE ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVERNIGHT IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDED SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A12	WOOD FENCE	LF	285
A13	24' DOUBLE WOODEN GATE	LF	24

1 SANITARY SEWER LIFT STATION SITE PLAN
C31 C31

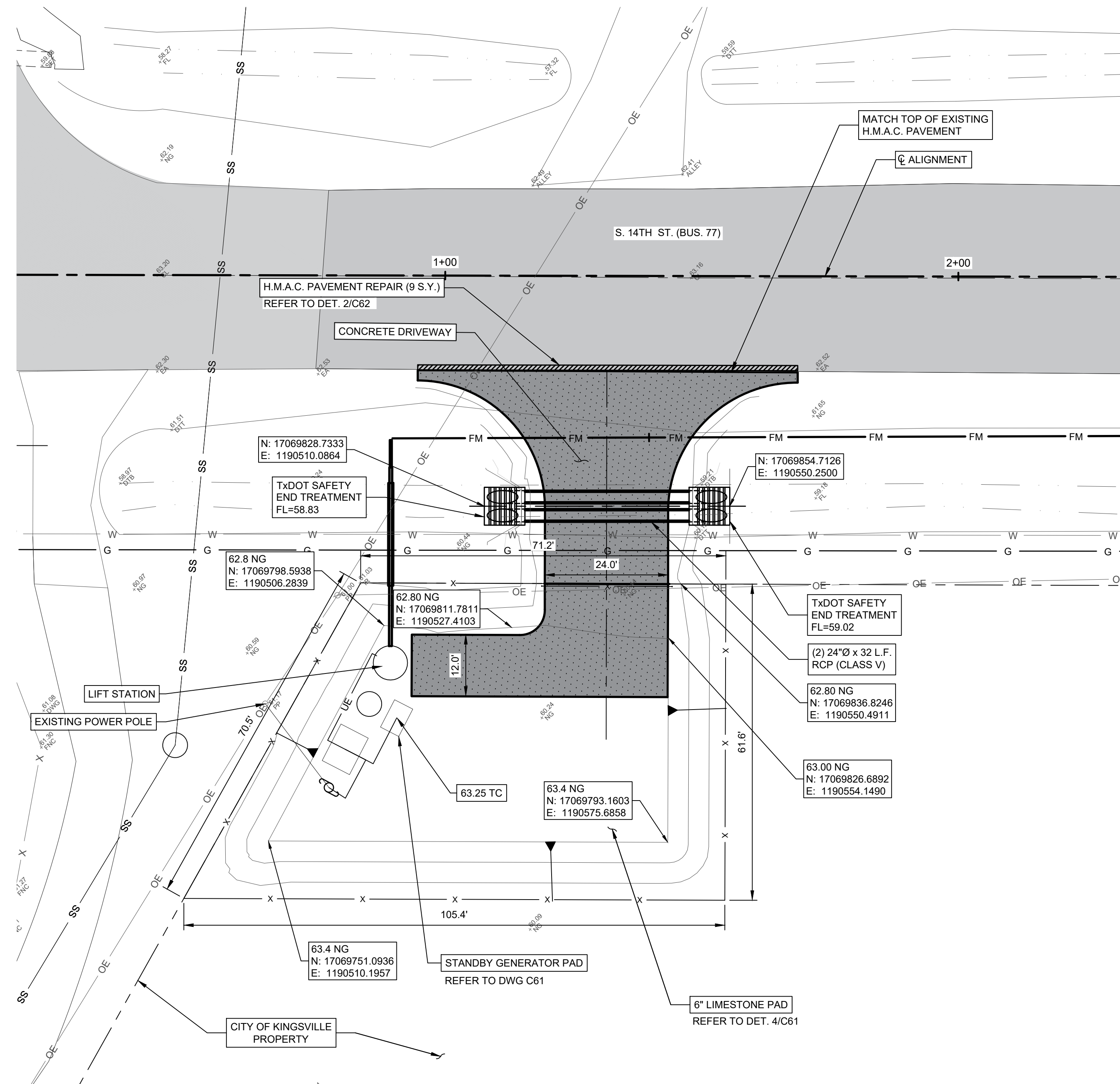
0 10 20
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SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C31

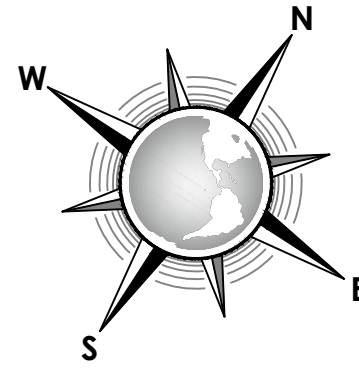
SHEET 32 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - LS SITE and P&P DWG.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C34-CONCRETE DRIVEWAY & LIFT STATION SITE PLAN PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:00pm USER: vicente



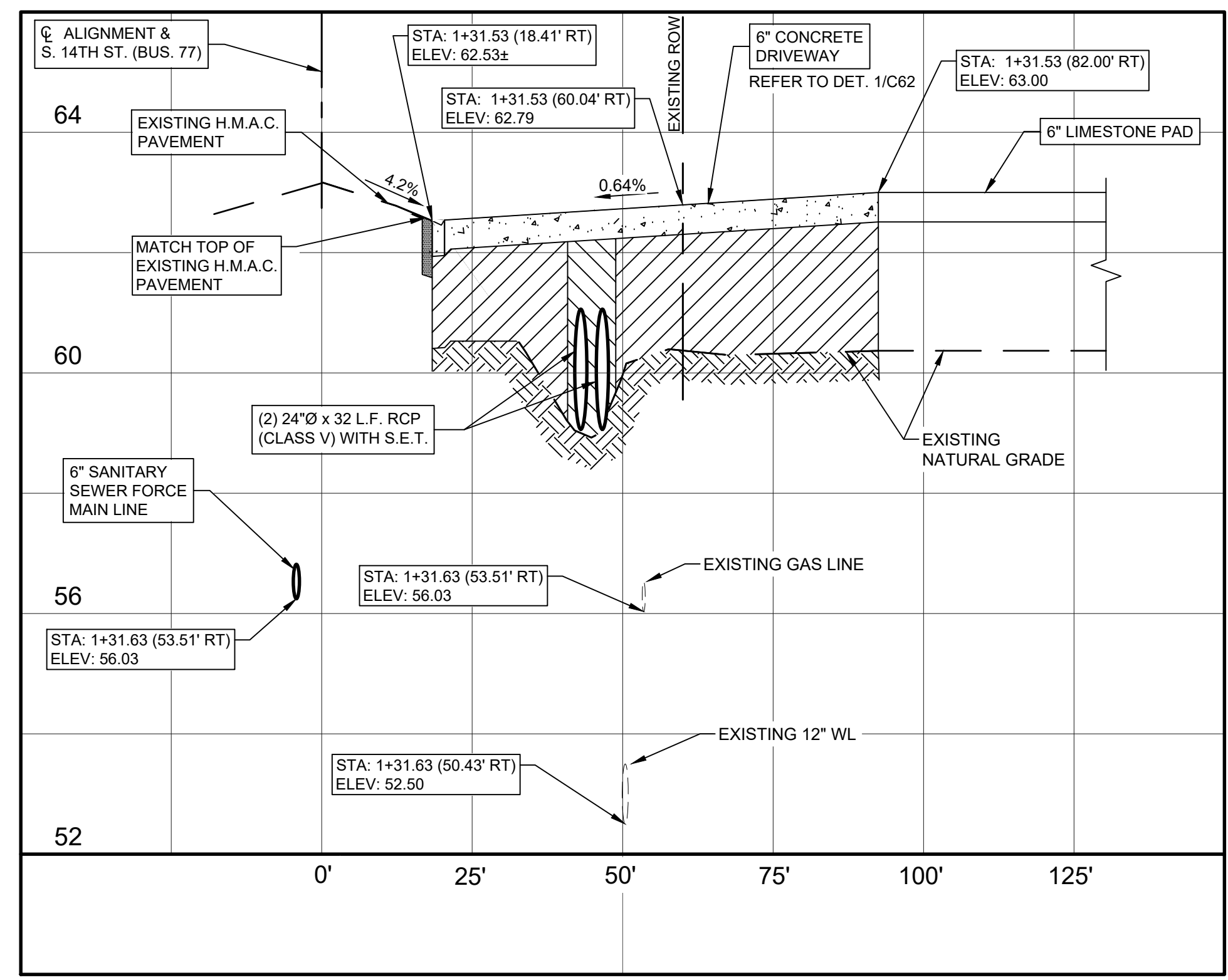
1 CONCRETE DRIVEWAY AT LIFT STATION SITE PLAN
 C32 C32
 0 15 30
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=15', (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=30', (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A10	18" SELECT FILL	SY	795
A11	6" LIMESTONE PAD	SY	701
A14	PROOF ROLLING	SY	795
A15	CONCRETE DRIVEWAY	SY	246
A16	24"Ø RCP (CLASS V)	LF	64
A17	SAFETY END TREATMENT (SET)	EA	2
A18	H.M.A.C. PAVEMENT REPAIR	SY	9
A37	STANDBY GENERATOR CONCRETE PAD	SY	3



NOTE:

- ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
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2 CONCRETE DRIVEWAY AT LIFT STATION PROFILE PLAN
 C32 C32
 0 20 40
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

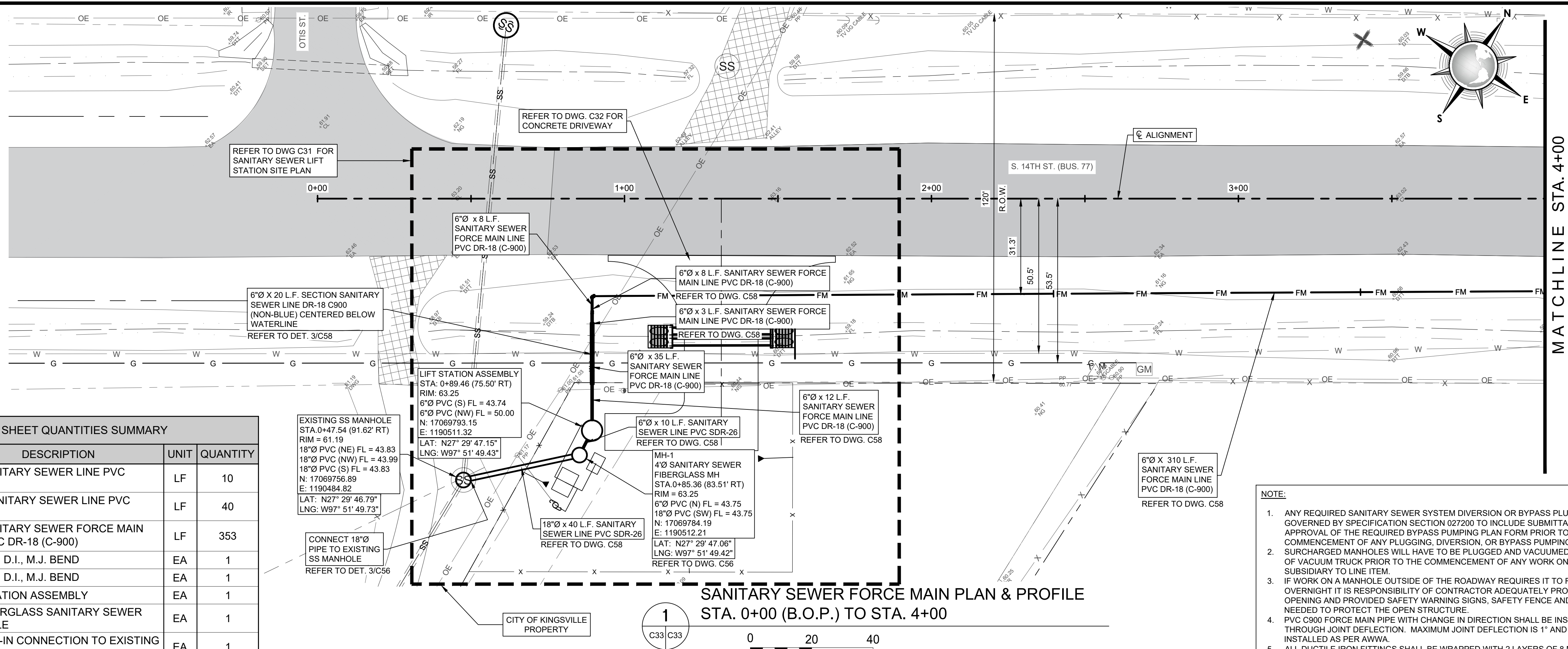
CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
CONCRETE DRIVEWAY AT LIFT STATION
SITE PLAN

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY
 DRAWING NO.
C32
 SHEET 33 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001-WW-14TH ST-1-Drawings\2 - Civil\2&p STA. 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C33 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:01pm USER: vicente



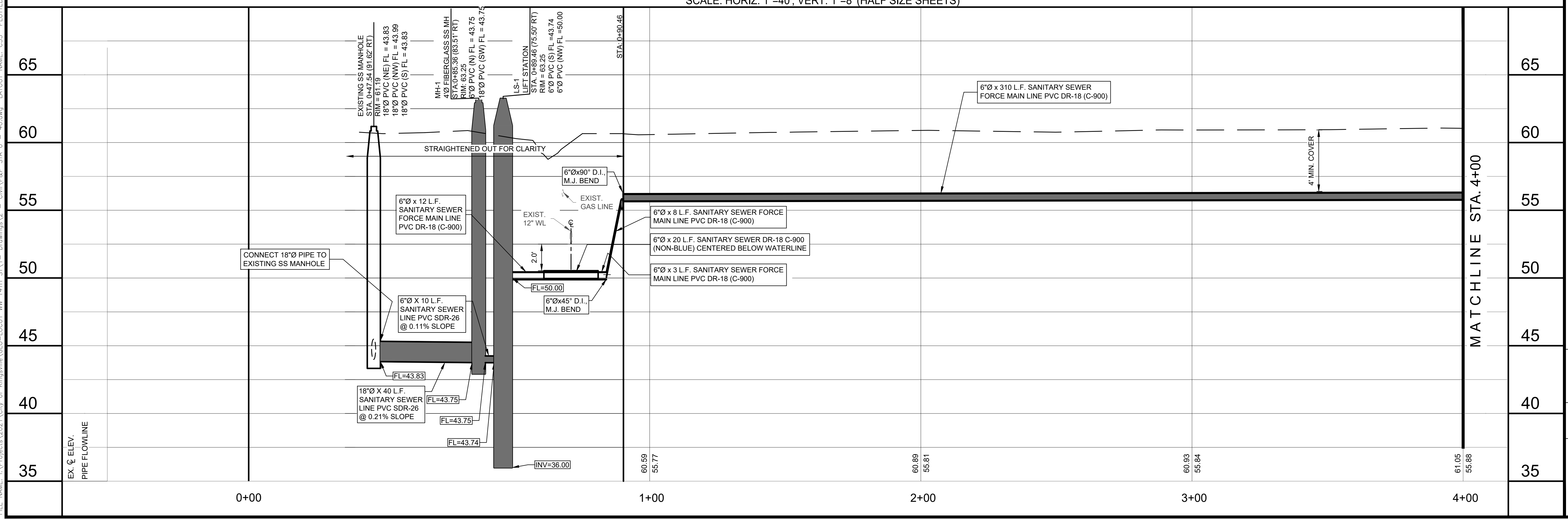
SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
 STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 4+00

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=4' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=8' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A19	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	10
A20	18"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	40
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	353
A22	6"Ø X45° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	1
A23	6"Ø X90° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	1
A24	LIFT STATION ASSEMBLY	EA	1
A25	4"Ø FIBERGLASS SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1
A42	18"Ø TIE-IN CONNECTION TO EXISTING SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1

- NOTE:**
- ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
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 - IF WORK ON A MANHOLE OUTSIDE OF THE ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVERNIGHT IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDED SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.
 - PVC C900 FORCE MAIN PIPE WITH CHANGE IN DIRECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED THROUGH JOINT DEFLECTION. MAXIMUM JOINT DEFLECTION IS 1" AND SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER AWWA.
 - ALL DUCTILE IRON FITTINGS SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 2 LAYERS OF 8 MIL POLYETHYLENE AND BE RESTRAINED WITH "MEGALUG" MECHANICAL JOINT RESTRAINT OR APPROVED EQUAL BY THE ENGINEER AND CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK.



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

STATE OF TEXAS
 JULIO A. MACIAS
 143563
 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 License No. 143563
 11/19/2023

ICE
 INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 281 SARATOGA BLVD.
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 PHONE: 361.826.5806
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 T.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837

City of Kingsville
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

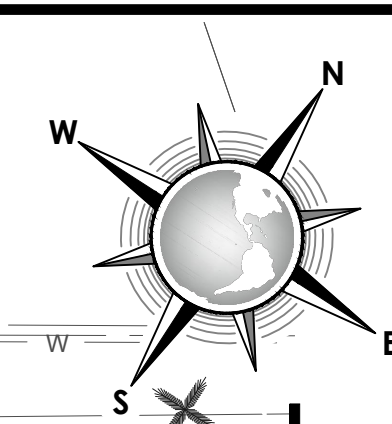
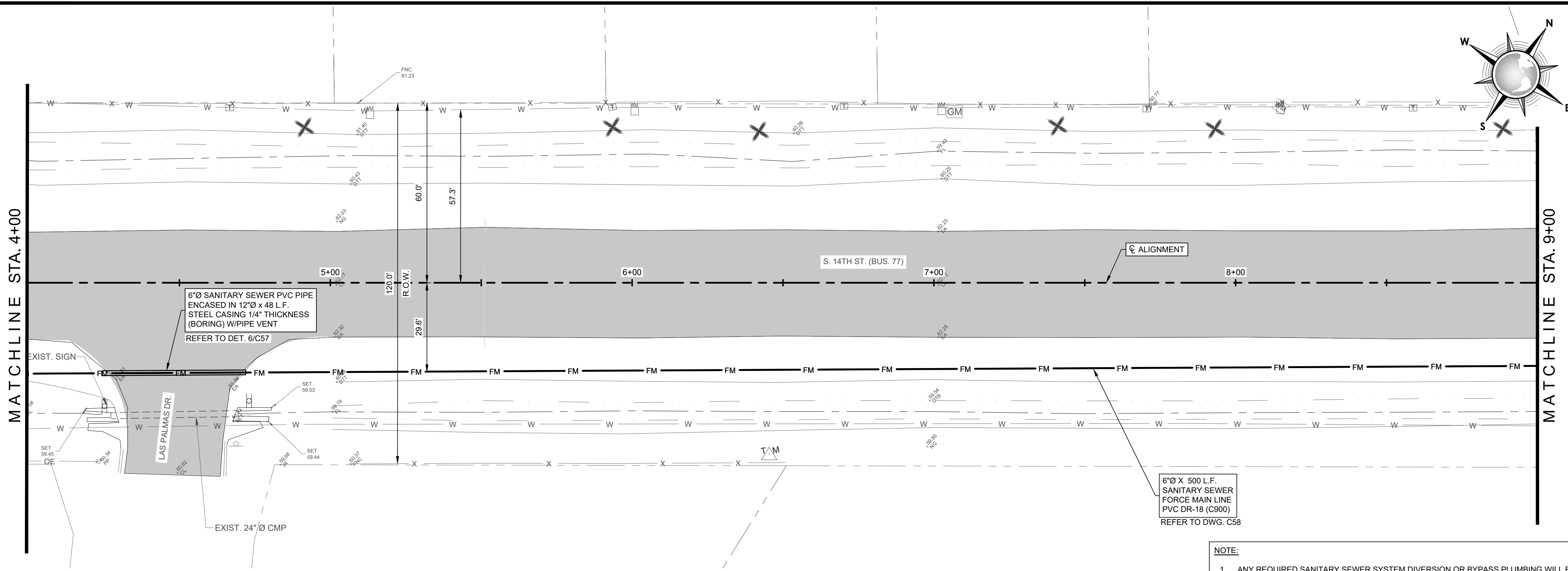
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS

SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
 STA. 0+00 (B.O.P.) TO STA. 4+00

DRAWING NO.
C33

SHEET 34 of 90

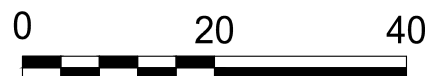
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1 - Drawings\2 - Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C30 SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE STA. 4+00 TO STA. 9+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:02pm USER: vicente



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	500
A26	12"Ø STEEL CASING BORE, 1/4" THICKNESS W/PIPE VENT	LF	48

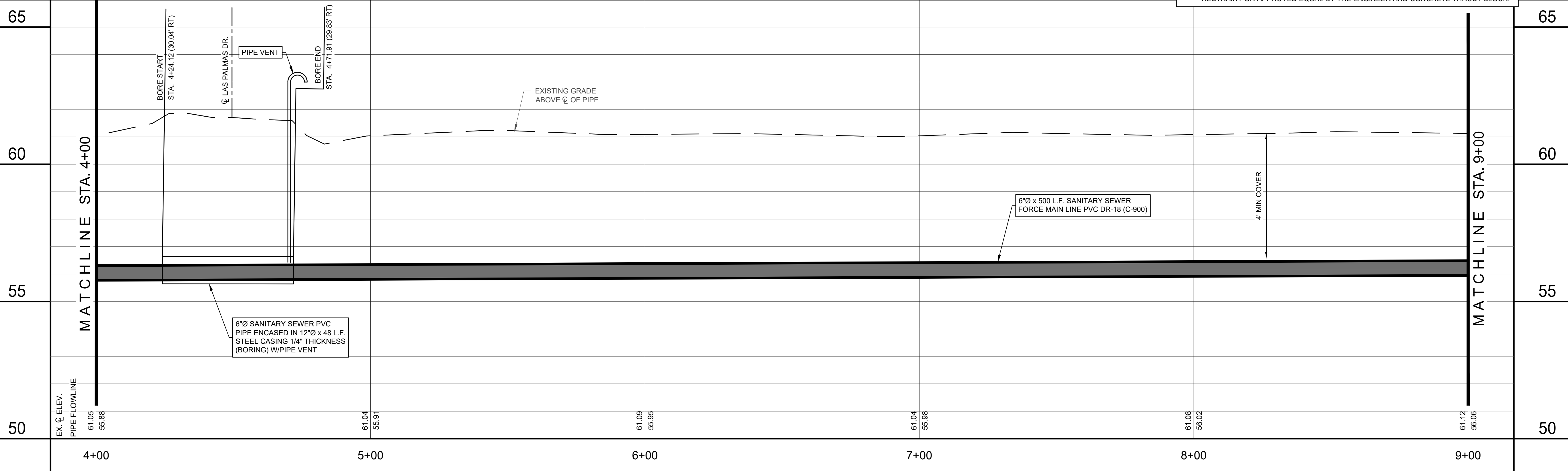
1
C34/C34

SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 4+00 TO STA. 9+00



SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

- NOTE:**
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REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
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CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837

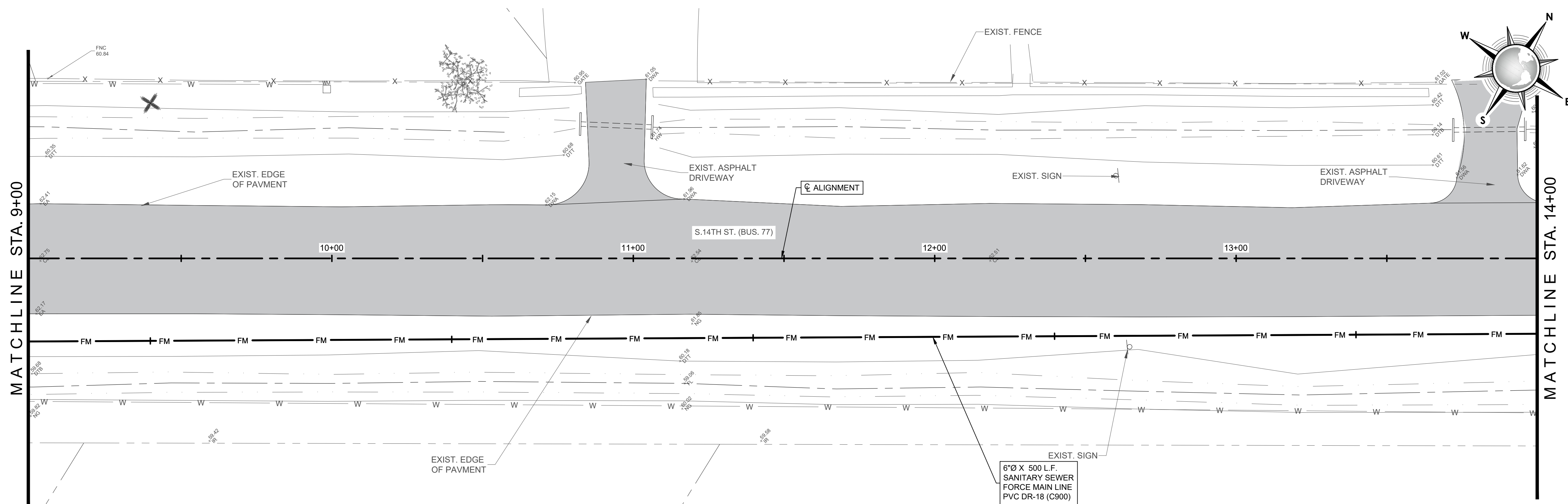
CITY OF Kingsville
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 4+00 TO STA. 9+00

DRAWING NO.
C34

SHEET 35 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C31 SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE STA. 10+00 TO STA. 15+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:02pm USER: vicente



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	500

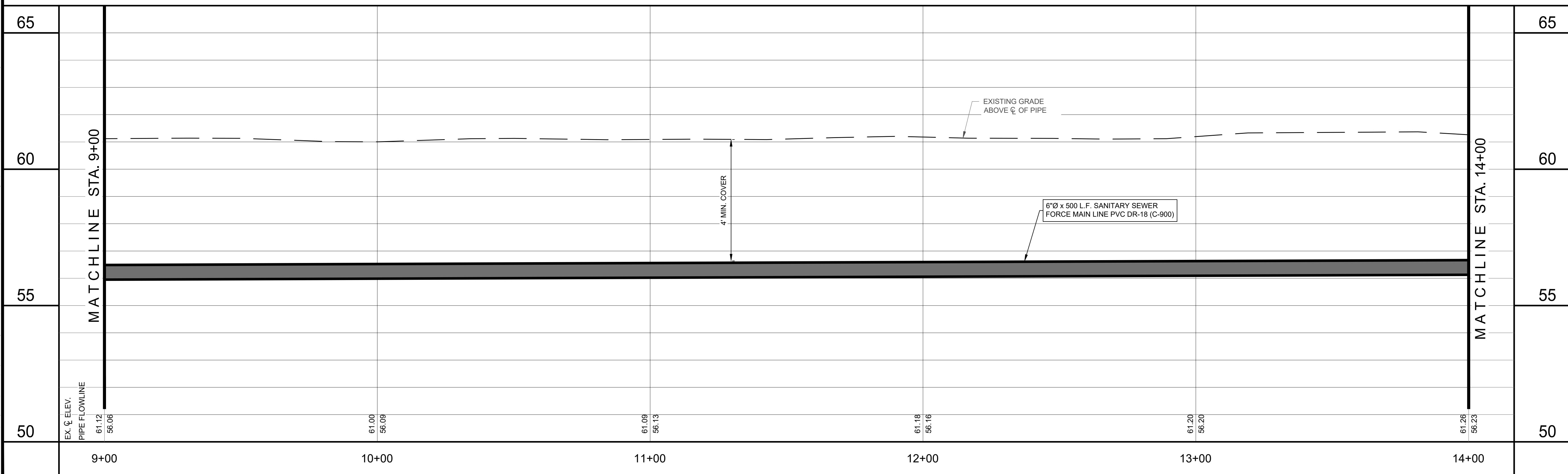
1
C35 C35

SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 9+00 TO STA. 14+00

0 20 40

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

- NOTE:**
1. ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
 2. SURCHARGED MANHOLES WILL HAVE TO BE PLUGGED AND VACUUMED OUT BY MEANS OF VACUUM TRUCK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK ON THE MANHOLE, SUBSIDIARY TO LINE ITEM.
 3. IF WORK ON A MANHOLE OUTSIDE OF THE ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVERNIGHT IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDED SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.
 4. PVC C900 FORCE MAIN PIPE WITH CHANGE IN DIRECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED THROUGH JOINT DEFLECTION. MAXIMUM JOINT DEFLECTION IS 1" AND SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER AWWA.
 5. ALL DUCTILE IRON FITTINGS SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 2 LAYERS OF 8 MIL POLYETHYLENE AND BE RESTRAINED WITH "MEGALUG" MECHANICAL JOINT RESTRAINT OR APPROVED EQUAL BY THE ENGINEER AND CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK.



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE

INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

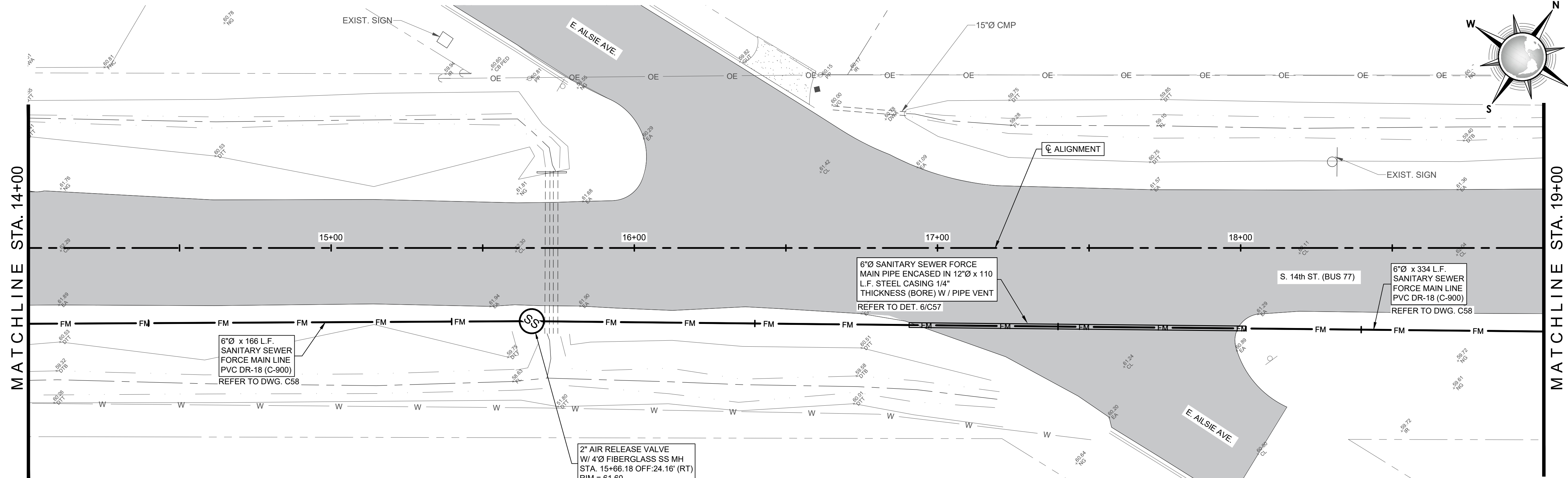
SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 9+00 TO STA. 14+00

DRAWING NO.
C35

SHEET 36 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: SS & P STA. 15+00 TO STA. 20+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:03pm USER: vicente



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	500
A26	12"Ø STEEL CASING BORE, 1/4" THICKNESS (BORE) W/PIPE VENT	LF	110
A27	2" AIR RELEASE VALVE W/ 4"Ø FIBERGLASS SS MANHOLE	EA	1

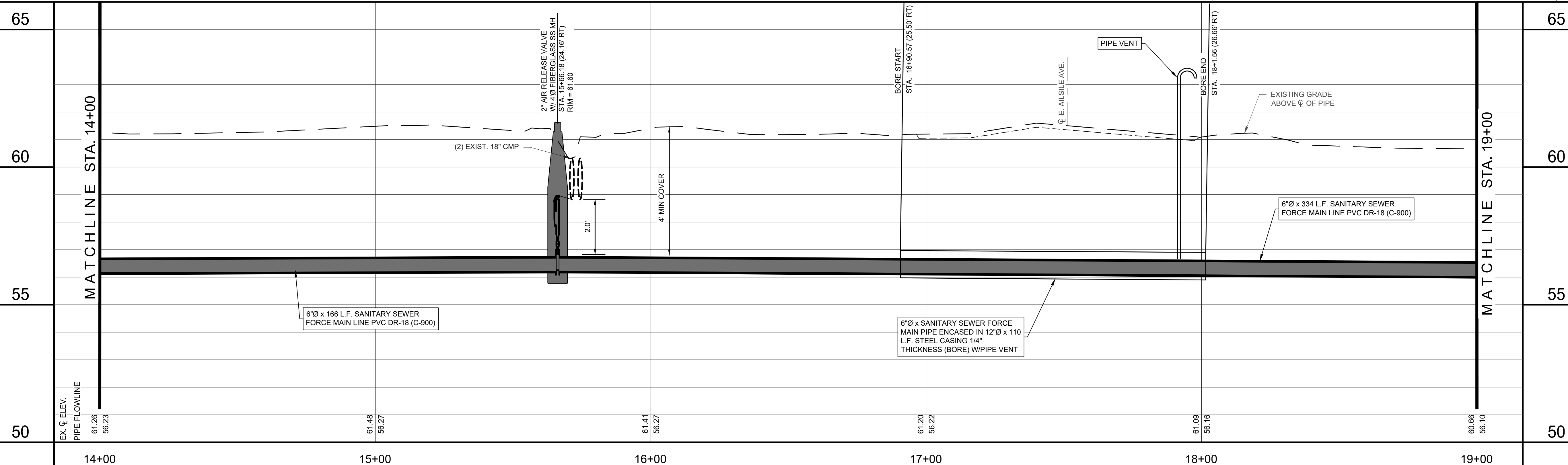
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C36 C36

SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 14+00 TO STA. 19+00

0 20 40

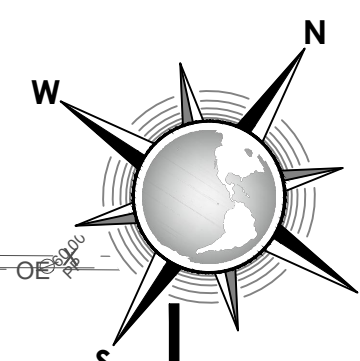
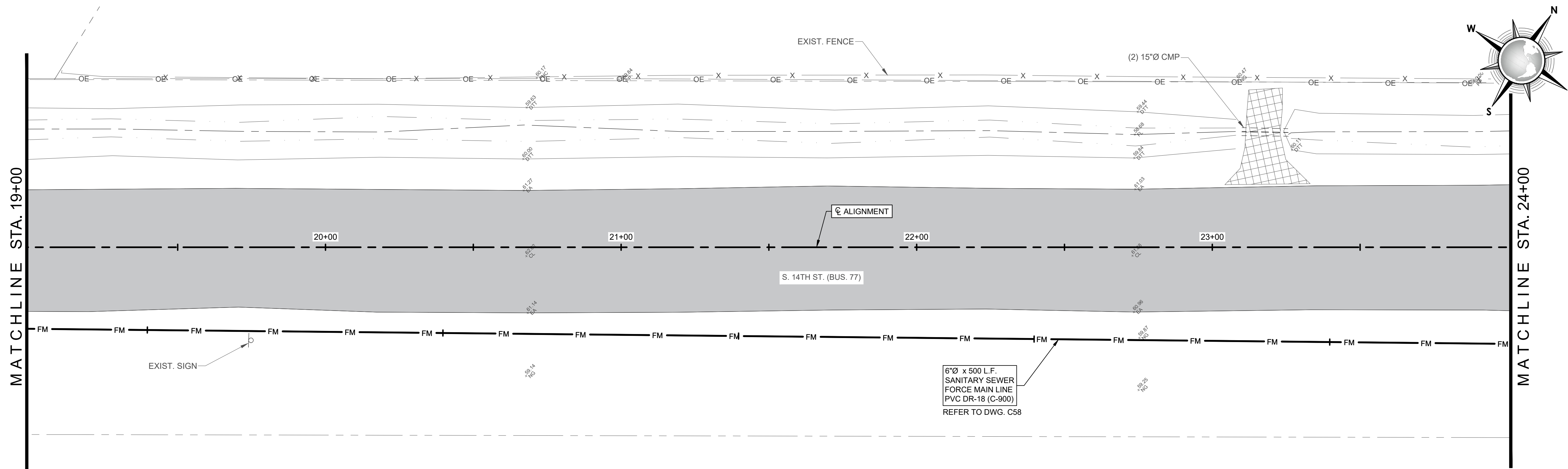
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SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

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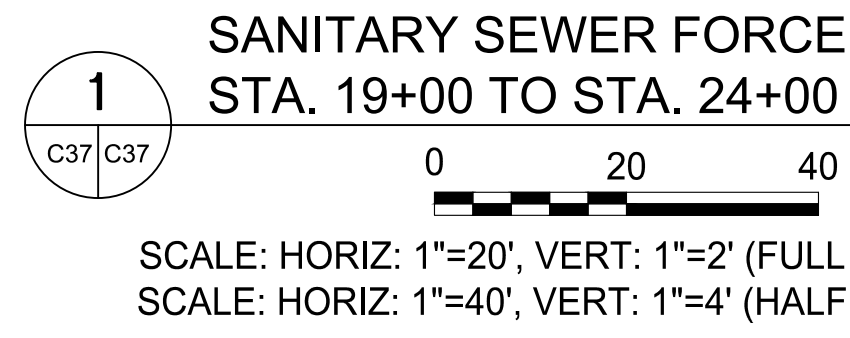


CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	DESCRIPTION
	BY
	DATE
	REVISION NO.
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	DESCRIPTION
SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE STA. 14+00 TO STA. 19+00	BY
DRAWING NO.	DATE
C36	REVISION NO.
SHEET 37 of 90	DESCRIPTION

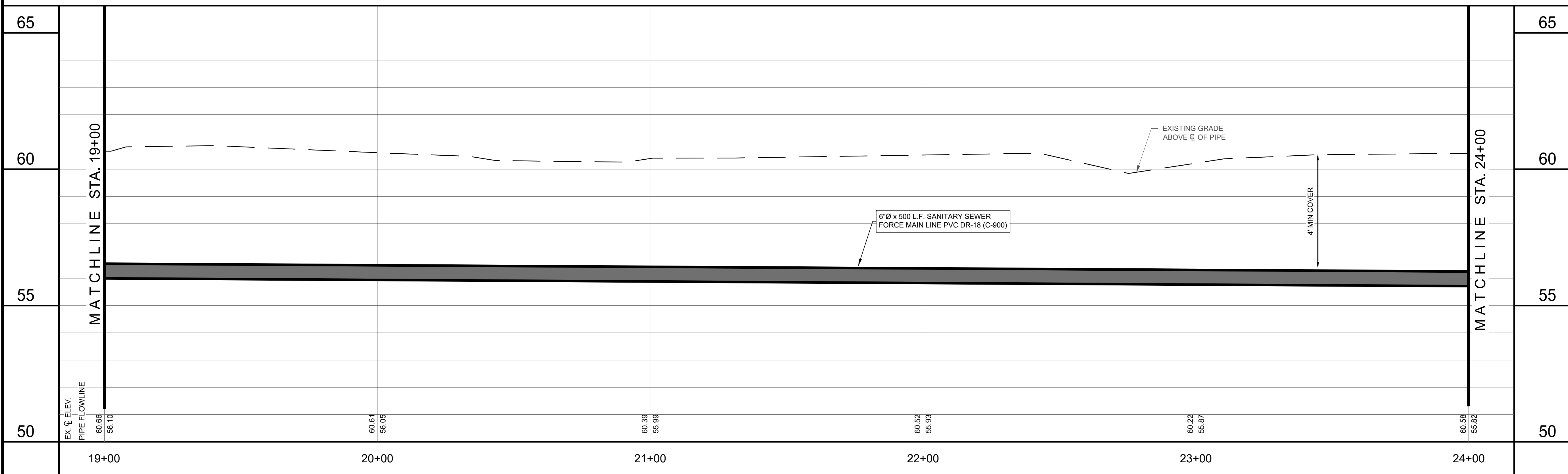
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: SS & P STA. 20+00 TO STA. 25+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:03pm USER: vicente



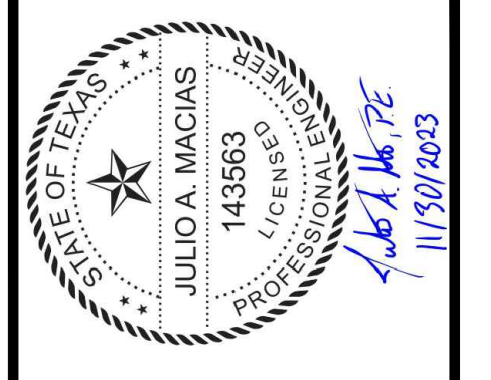
SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	500



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1. ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
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CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

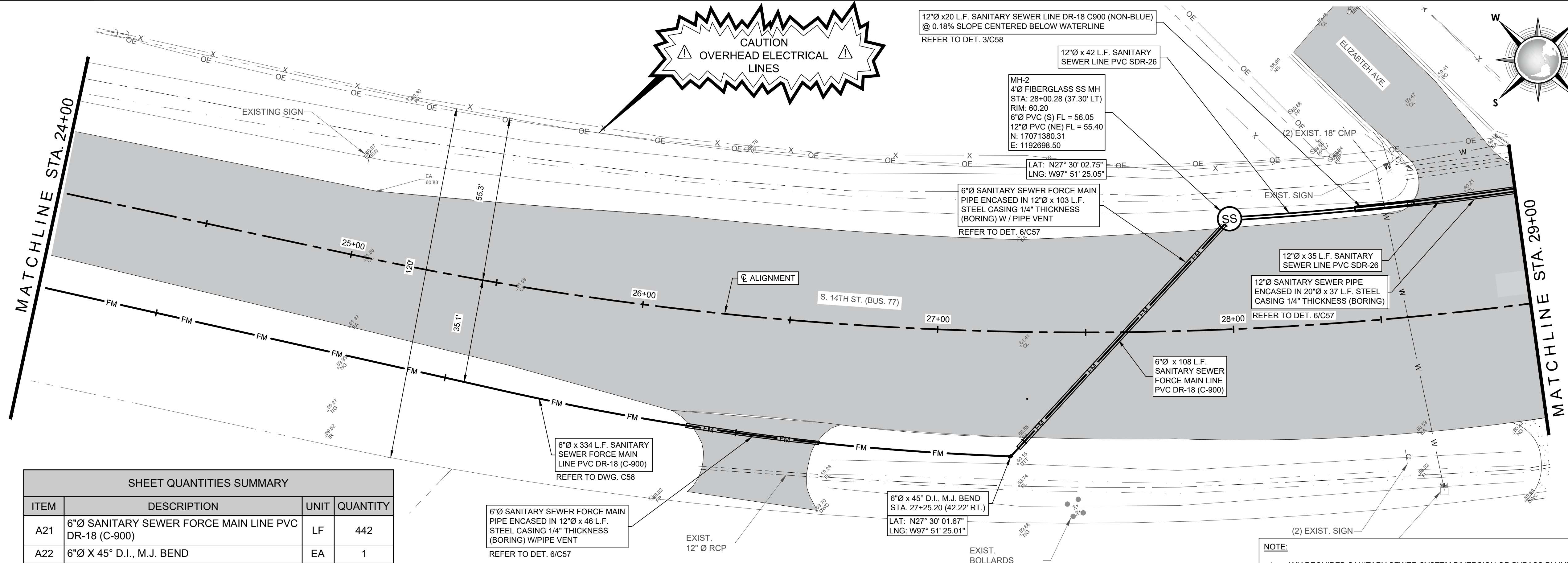
**SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 19+00 TO STA. 24+00**

DRAWING NO.
C37

SHEET 38 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: SS & P STA 24+00 TO STA 30+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:04pm USER: vicente



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A21	6"Ø SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN LINE PVC DR-18 (C-900)	LF	442
A22	6"Ø X 45° D.I., M.J. BEND	EA	1
A25	4'Ø FIBERGLASS SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1
A26	12"Ø STEEL CASING BORE, 1/4" THICKNESS (BORE) W/ PIPE VENT	LF	149
A28	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	77
A29	20"Ø STEEL CASING BORE, 1/4" THICKNESS	LF	37
A51	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC DR-18 (C900)	LF	20

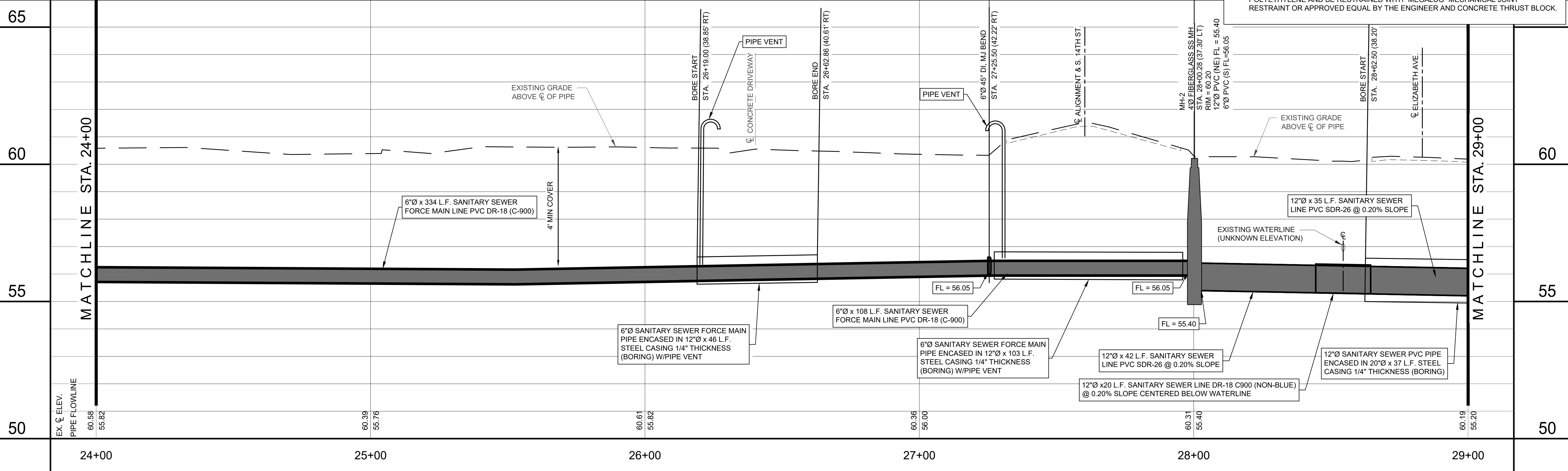
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C38 C38

SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 24+00 TO STA. 29+00

0 20 40

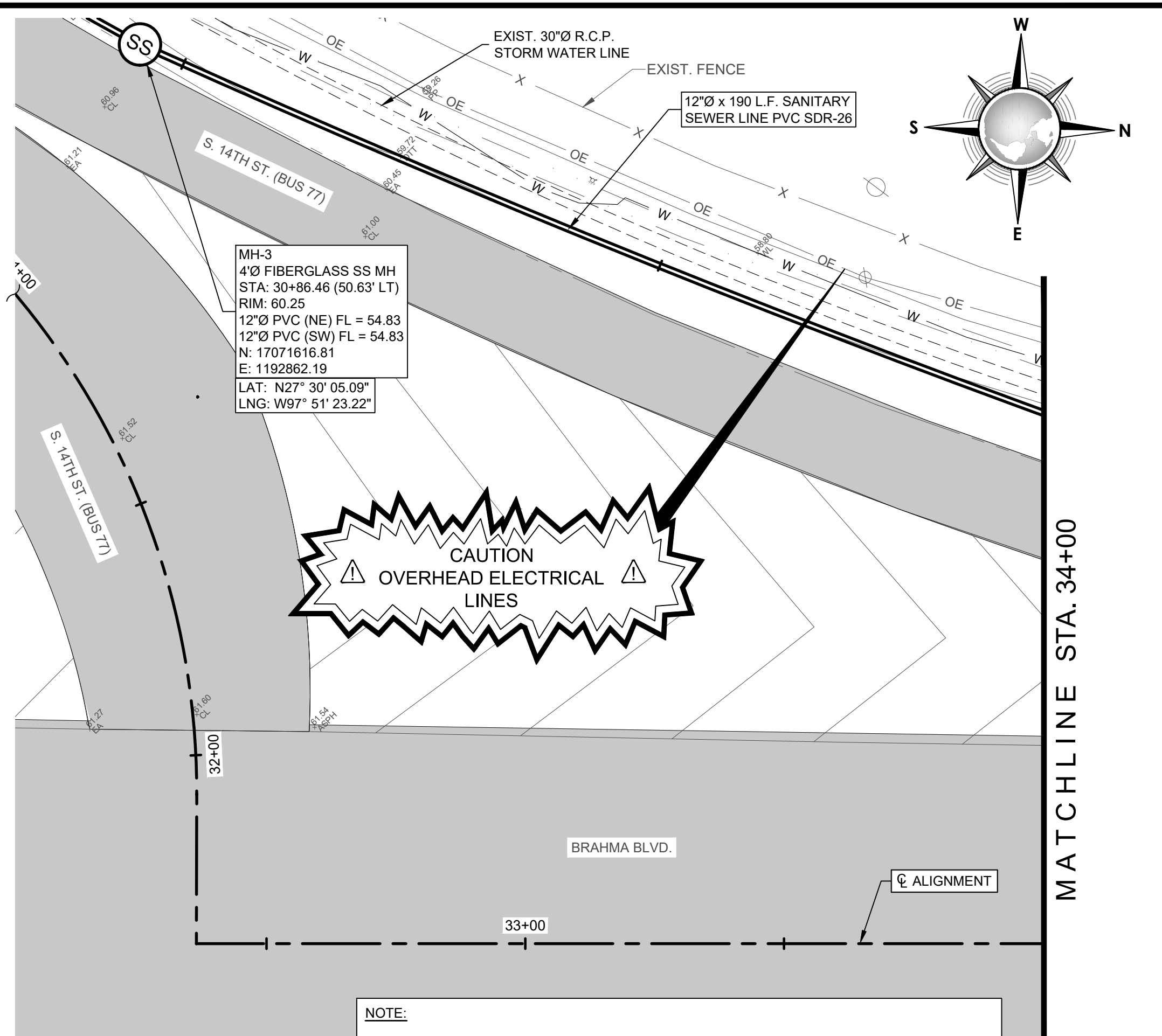
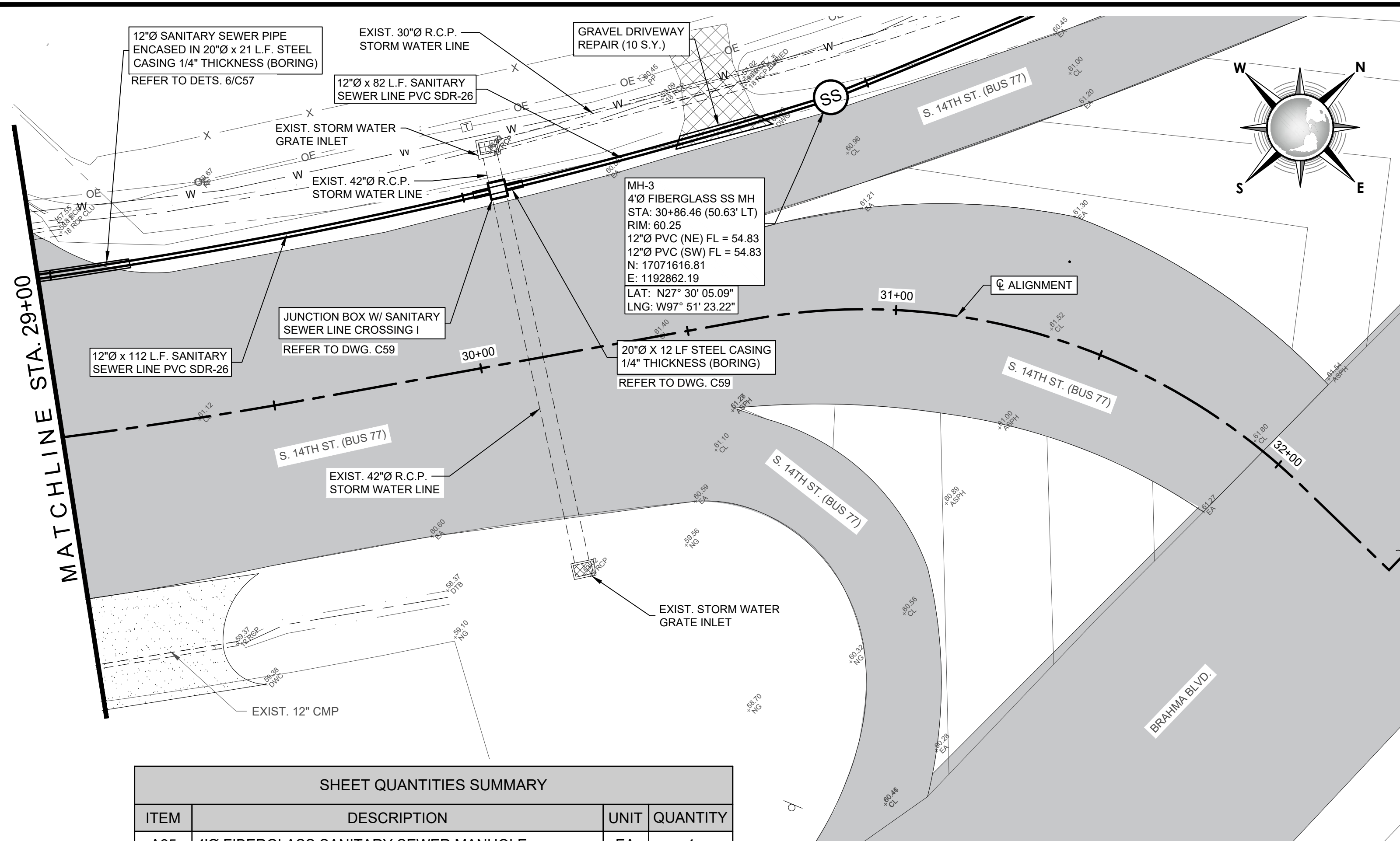
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

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CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
	INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5905 FAX: 361.926.5906 I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837
	CITY OF KINGSVILLE KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
DESCRIPTION	CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
BY	SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN PLAN & PROFILE STA. 24+00 TO STA. 29+00
DATE	
REVISION NO.	DRAWING NO. C38
	SHEET 39 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Cty of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\Drawings\2 - Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: SS & P STA 30+00 TO STA 35+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:05pm USER: vicente



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A25	4'Ø FIBERGLASS SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	1
A28	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26	LF	384
A29	20"Ø STEEL CASING BORE, 1/4" THICKNESS	LF	33
A30	GRAVEL DRIVEWAY REPAIR	SY	10
A48	JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING I	EA	1

1
C39/C39

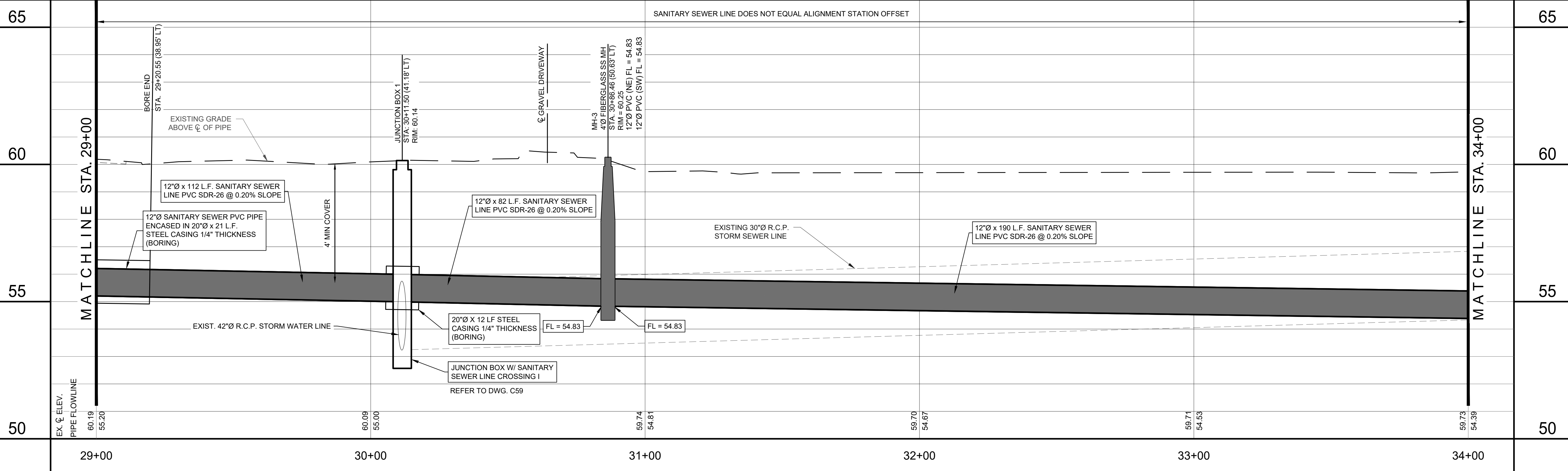
SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 29+00 TO STA. 34+00

0 20 40

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

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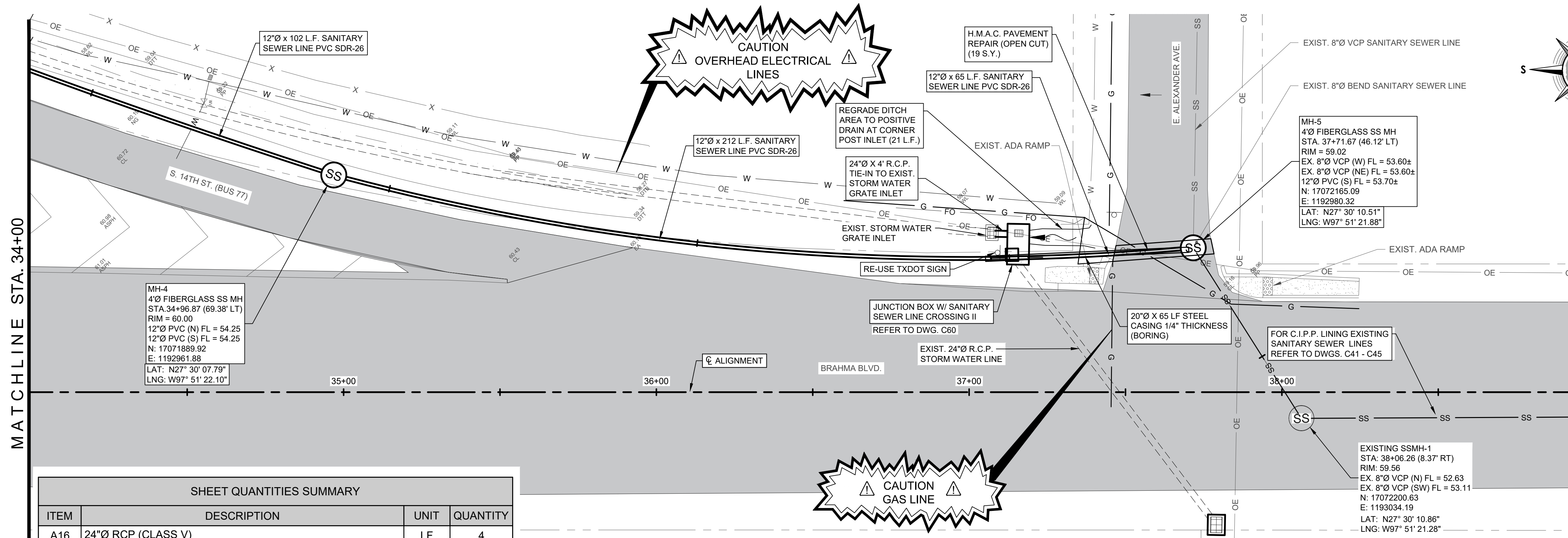


REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION	REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION	REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION	REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION	REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION	REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS					
SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE STA. 29+00 TO STA. 34+00					
DRAWING NO. C39					
SHEET 40 of 90					

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 261 SARATOGA BLVD.
 CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
 PHONE: 361.926.5805
 FAX: 361.926.5806
 I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Cty of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH_ST_V1 - Drawings\2 - Civil\Paper STA 0 - 40.dwg LAYOUT NAME: SS & P STA 35+00 TO STA 40+00 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:05pm USER: vicente



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A16	24"Ø RCP (CLASS V)	LF	4
A18	H.M.A.C. PAVEMENT REPAIR	SY	19
A25	4'Ø FIBERGLASS SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	EA	2
A28	12"Ø SANITARY SEWER LINE PVC SDR-26 (GREEN COLOR)	LF	379
A29	20"Ø STEEL CASING BORE, 1/4" THICKNESS	LF	65
A45	REGRADE EXISTING DITCH	LF	21
A47	RE-USE TXDOT SIGN	EA	1
A49	JUNCTION BOX SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING II	EA	1

1
C40 C40

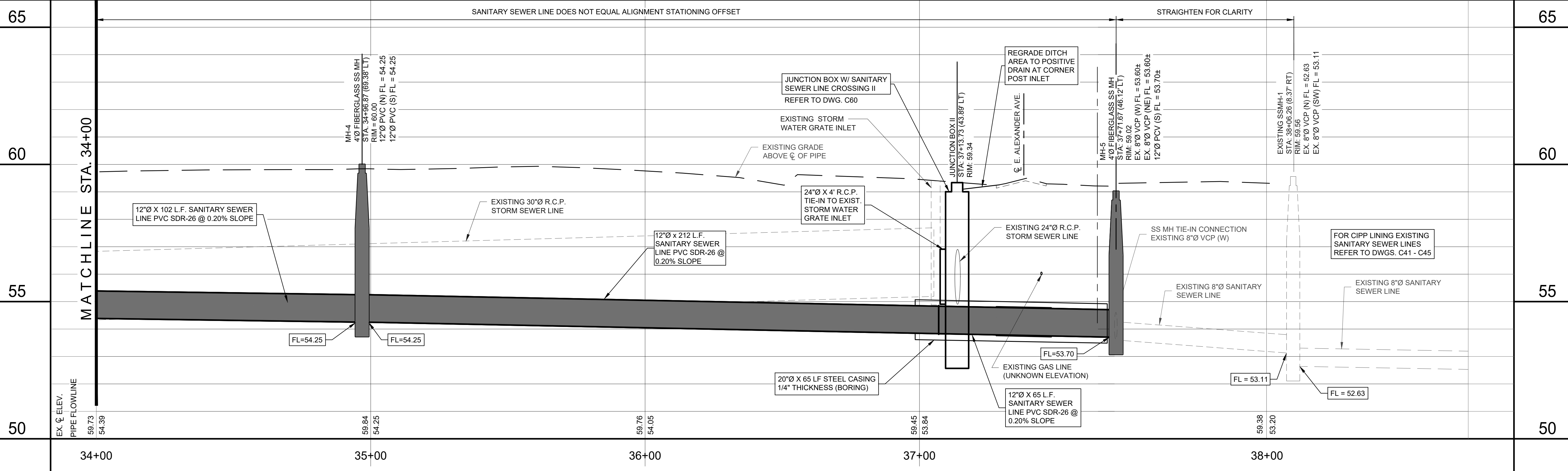
SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 34+00 TO STA. 38+06.26

0 20 40

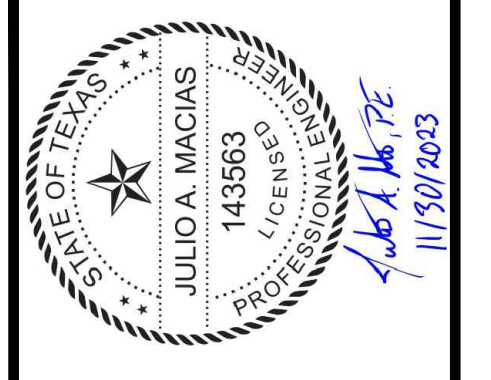
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=40', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

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PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

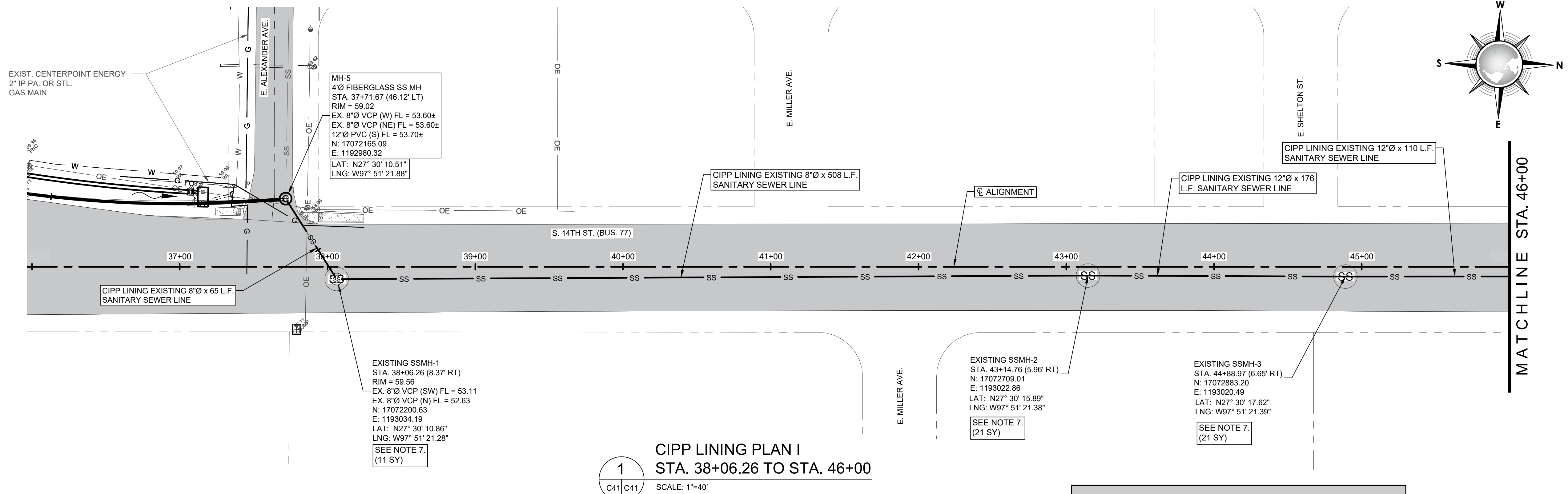
SANITARY SEWER PLAN & PROFILE
STA. 34+00 TO STA. 38+06.26

REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____ DESCRIPTION _____

DRAWING NO. **C40**

SHEET 41 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Civil\Kingsville\GLO-1001_MW_14TH_ST_V1 - Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Layout\NAME: C28 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:07pm USER: vicente

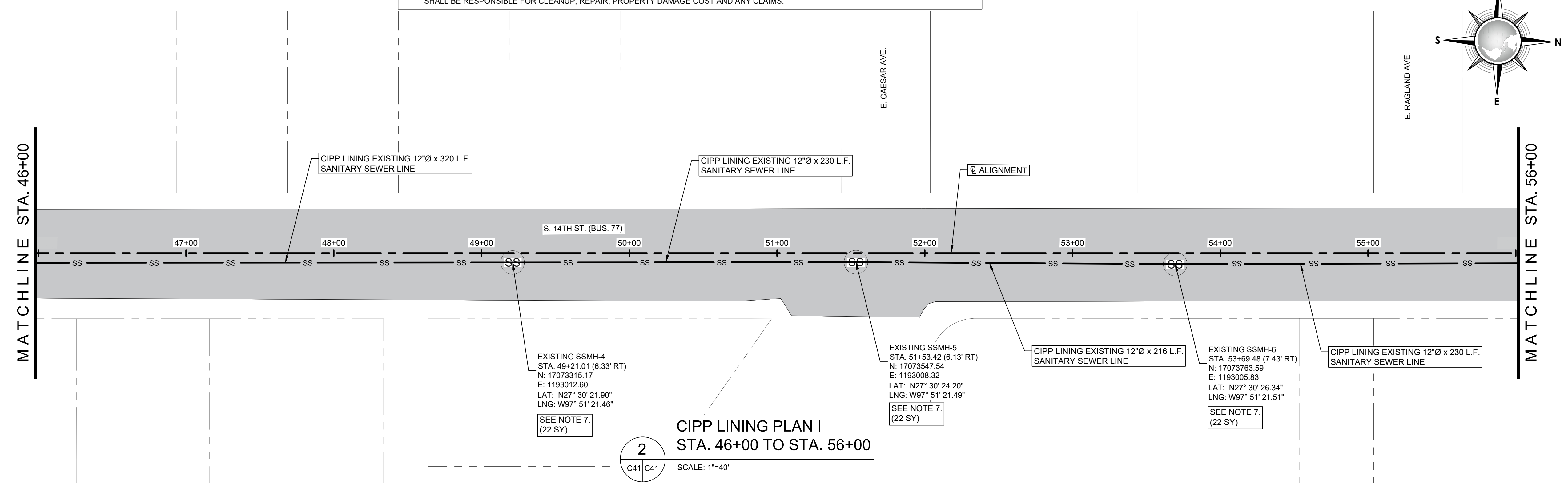
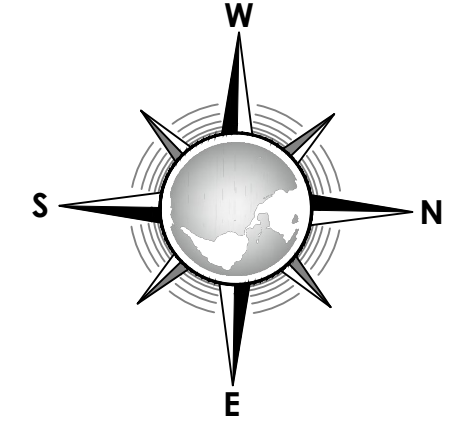


1
C41 C41
SCALE: 1"=40'

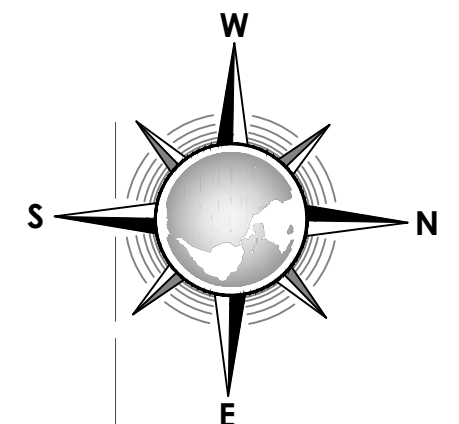
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- SURVEY OBTAINED BY CREW ENDED PRIOR TO EXISTING SSMH-1, THEREFORE NO GRADES ARE SHOWN ON PLANS AFTER STA. 38+00 TO E.O.P.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION OF MANHOLES, FLOWLINES AND PIPE SIZES PRIOR TO CIPP Lining/ MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION AND FLOWLINE OF EXISTING 8" VCP BEND PRIOR TO FIBERGLASS MANHOLE INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 2 PROTECTIVE COATS (60 MIL) OF JEFFCOAT 326 OR APPROVED EQUAL ON ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES, INCLUDING CORBEL AREA, MANHOLE WALLS, AND MANHOLE BENCH.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTINUITY OF SANITARY SEWER SERVICE TO EACH FACILITY CONNECTING TO THE SECTION OF SEWER LINE DURING THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK. IF SEWAGE BACKUP OCCURS AND ENTERS PRIVATE PROPERTIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANUP, REPAIR, PROPERTY DAMAGE COST AND ANY CLAIMS.

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A31	8"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	573
A32	12"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	1,282
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	119



2
C41 C41
SCALE: 1"=40'



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10857



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

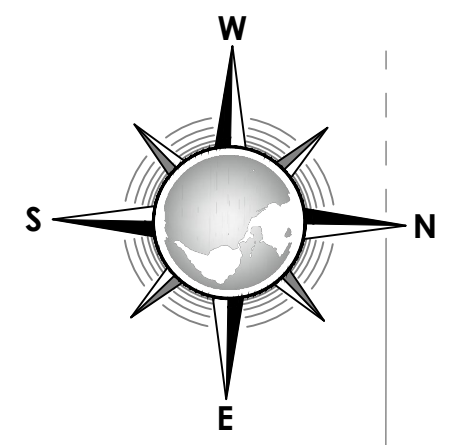
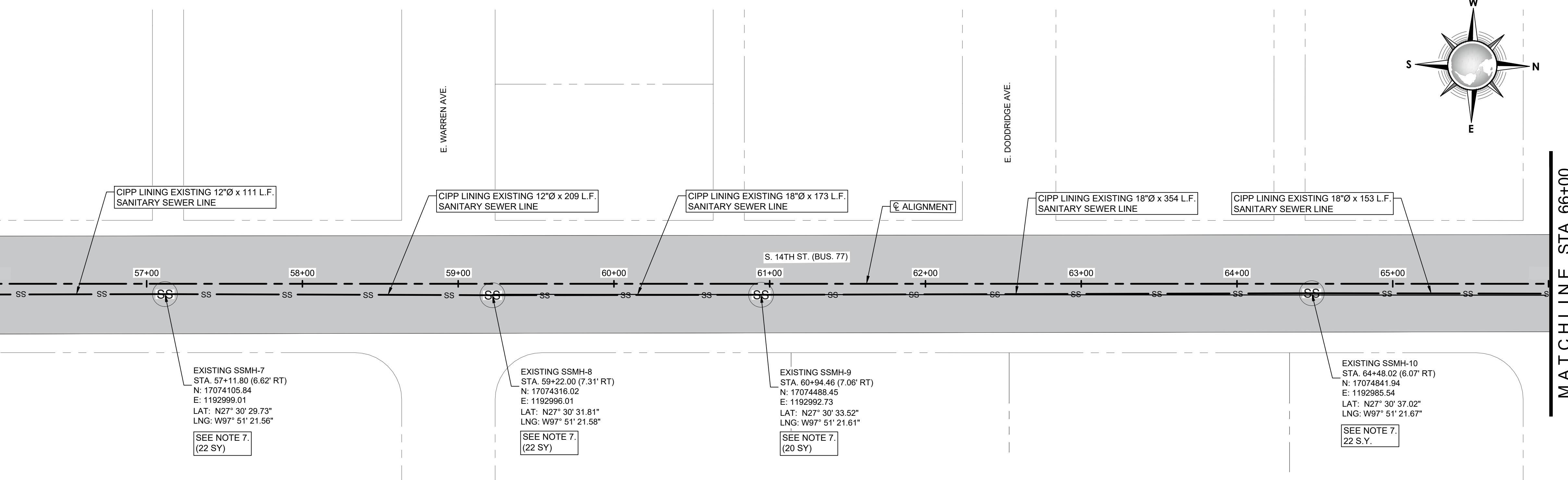
**CIPP Lining Plan I
STA. 38+06.26 TO STA. 56+00**

DRAWING NO.
C41

SHEET 42 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\SLIP LINE PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C29 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:07pm USER: vicente

MATCHLINE STA. 56+00



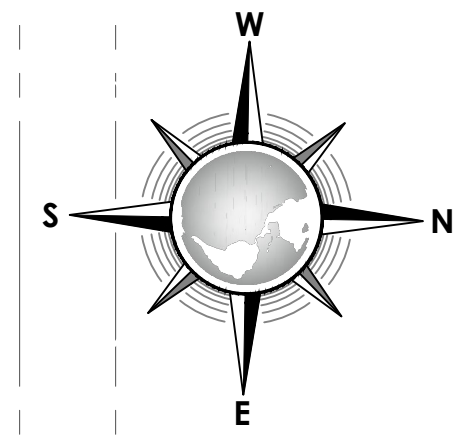
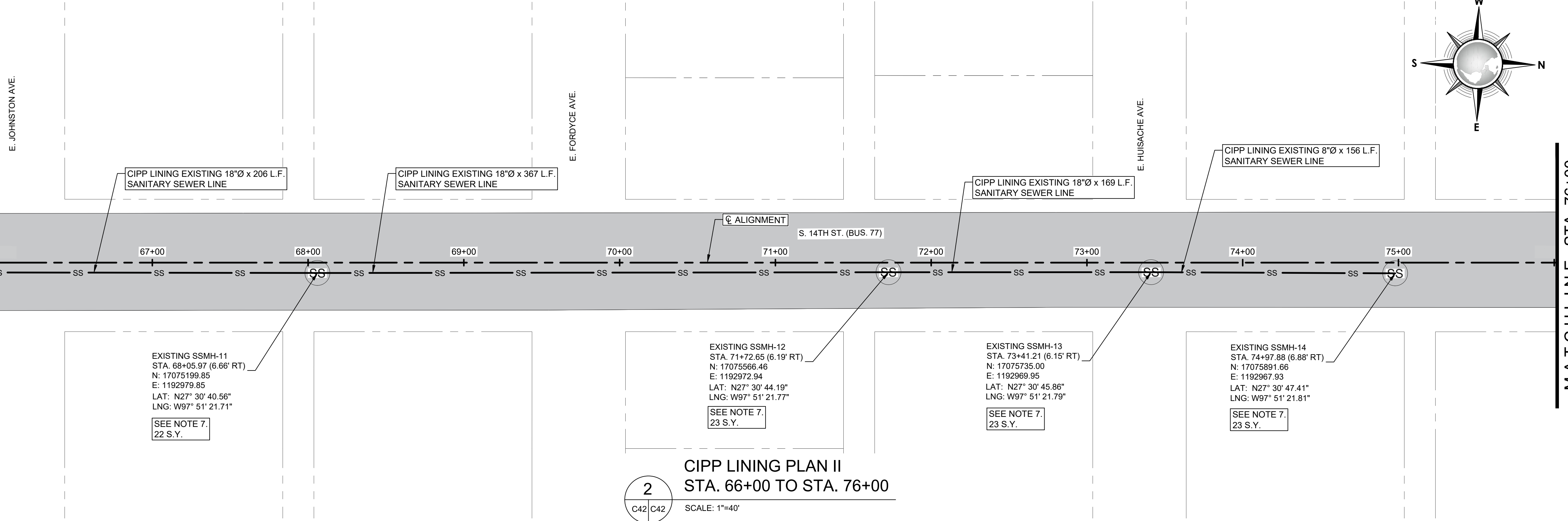
MATCHLINE STA. 66+00

- NOTES:**
1. ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
 2. SURCHARGED MANHOLES WILL HAVE TO BE PLUGGED AND VACUUMED OUT BY MEANS OF VACUUM TRUCK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK ON THE MANHOLE, SUBSIDIARY TO LINE ITEM.
 3. IF WORK ON A MANHOLE OUTSIDE OF THE ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVERNIGHT IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDED SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.
 4. SURVEY OBTAINED BY CREW ENDED PRIOR TO EXISTING SSMH-1, THEREFORE NO GRADES ARE SHOWN ON PLANS AFTER STA. 38+00 TO E.O.P.
 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION OF MANHOLES, FLOWLINES AND PIPE SIZES PRIOR TO CIPP LINING/ MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION AND FLOWLINE OF EXISTING 8" VCP BEND PRIOR TO FIBERGLASS MANHOLE INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 2 PROTECTIVE COATS (60 MIL) OF JEFFCOAT 326 OR APPROVED EQUAL ON ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES, INCLUDING CORBEL AREA, MANHOLE WALLS, AND MANHOLE BENCH.
 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTINUITY OF SANITARY SEWER SERVICE TO EACH FACILITY CONNECTING TO THE SECTION OF SEWER LINE DURING THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK. IF SEWAGE BACKUP OCCURS AND ENTERS PRIVATE PROPERTIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANUP, REPAIR, PROPERTY DAMAGE COST AND ANY CLAIMS.

1
C42 C42
CIPP LINING PLAN II
STA. 56+00 TO STA. 66+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A31	8"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	156
A32	12"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	320
A33	18"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	1,422
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	177

MATCHLINE STA. 66+00



MATCHLINE STA. 76+00

2
C42 C42
CIPP LINING PLAN II
STA. 66+00 TO STA. 76+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
	INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837
	CITY OF KINGSVILLE KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	CIPP LINING PLAN II STA. 56+00 TO STA. 76+00
DRAWING NO. <h1>C42</h1>	SHEET 43 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\SSIP LINE PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C30 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:08pm USER: vicente

MATCHLINE STA. 76+00

MATCHLINE STA. 86+00

MATCHLINE STA. 86+00

MATCHLINE STA. 96+00

NOTES:

- ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
- SURCHARGED MANHOLES WILL HAVE TO BE PLUGGED AND VACUUMED OUT BY MEANS OF VACUUM TRUCK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK ON THE MANHOLE, SUBSIDIARY TO LINE ITEM.
- IF WORK ON A MANHOLE OUTSIDE OF THE ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVERNIGHT IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDED SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.
- SURVEY OBTAINED BY CREW ENDED PRIOR TO EXISTING SSMH-1, THEREFORE NO GRADES ARE SHOWN ON PLANS AFTER STA. 38+00 TO E.O.P.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION OF MANHOLES, FLOWLINES AND PIPE SIZES PRIOR TO CIPP LINING/MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION AND FLOWLINE OF EXISTING 8" VCP BEND PRIOR TO FIBERGLASS MANHOLE INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 2 PROTECTIVE COATS (60 MIL) OF JEFFCOAT 326 OR APPROVED EQUAL ON ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES, INCLUDING CORBEL AREA, MANHOLE WALLS, AND MANHOLE BENCH.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTINUITY OF SANITARY SEWER SERVICE TO EACH FACILITY CONNECTING TO THE SECTION OF SEWER LINE DURING THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK. IF SEWAGE BACKUP OCCURS AND ENTERS PRIVATE PROPERTIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANUP, REPAIR, PROPERTY DAMAGE COST AND ANY CLAIMS.

1
C43 C43
CIPP LINING PLAN III
STA. 76+00 TO STA. 86+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

2
C43 C43
CIPP LINING PLAN III
STA. 86+00 TO STA. 96+00
SCALE: 1"=40'

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A32	12"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	1,498
A33	18"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	417
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	207

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

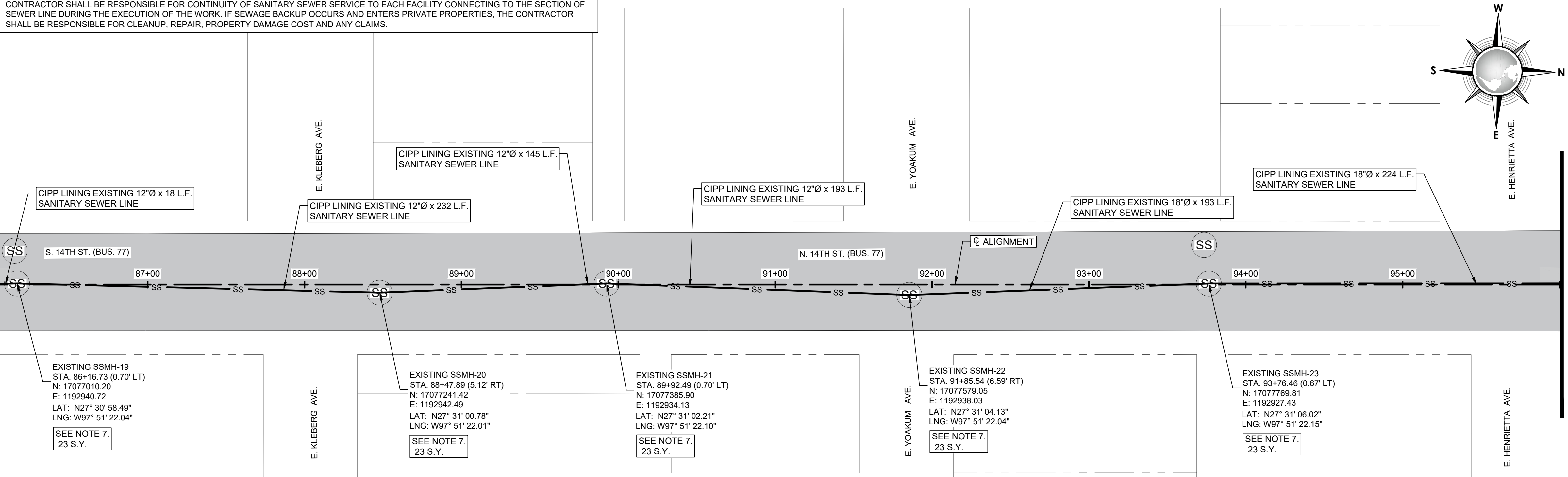
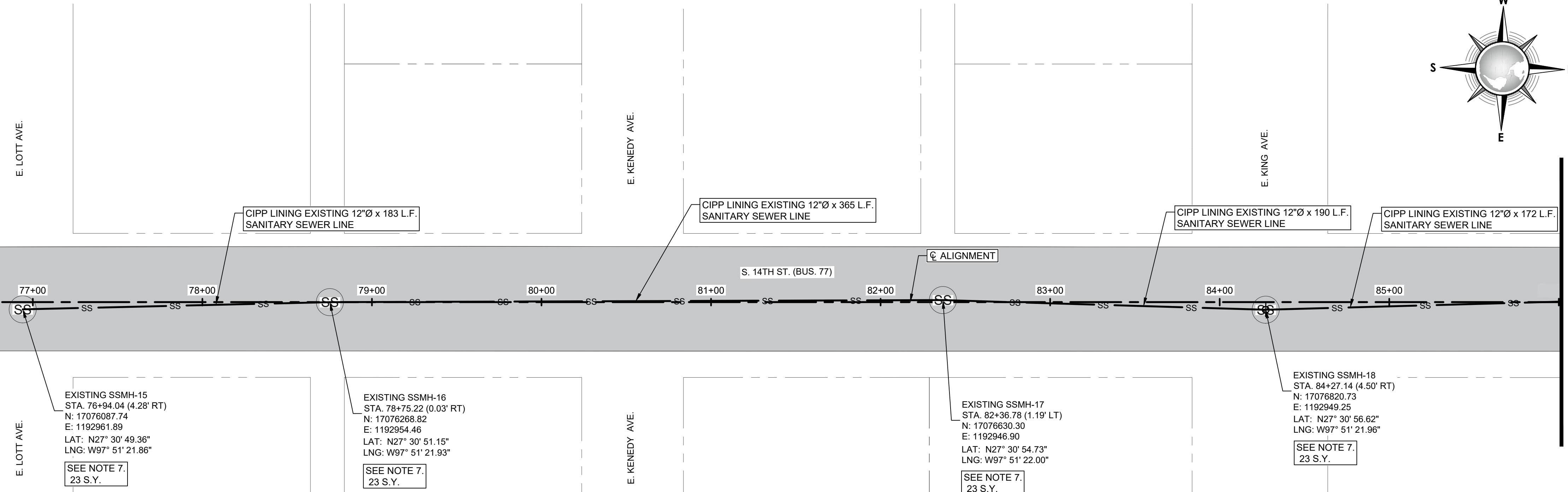
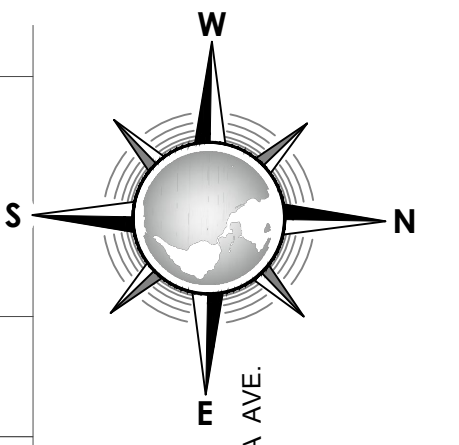
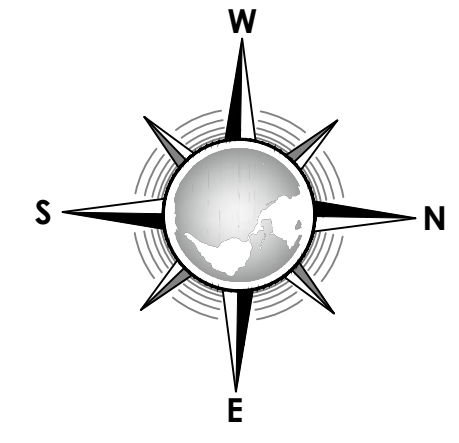


CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

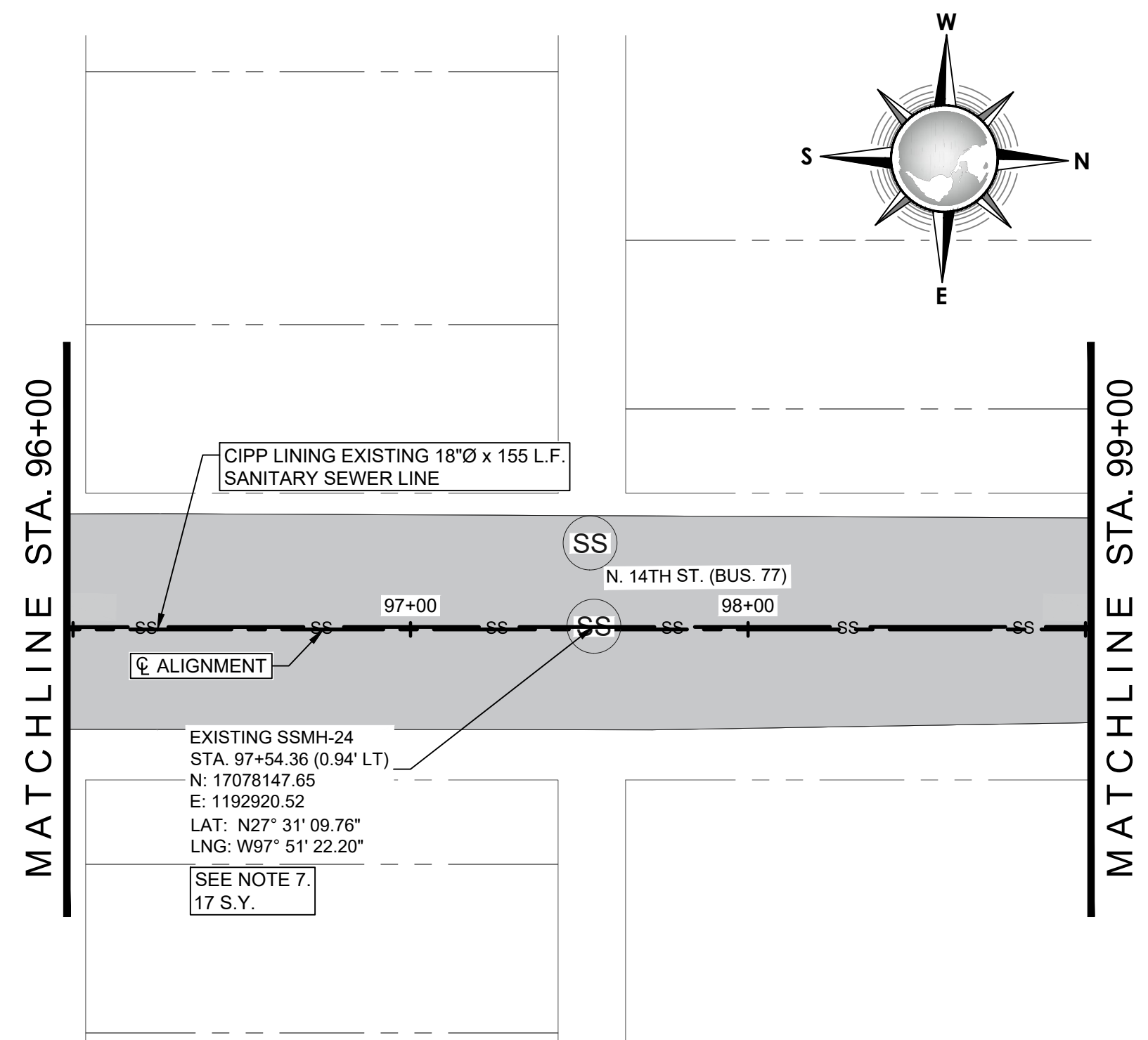
CIPP LINING PLAN III
STA. 76+00 TO STA. 96+00

DRAWING NO.
C43

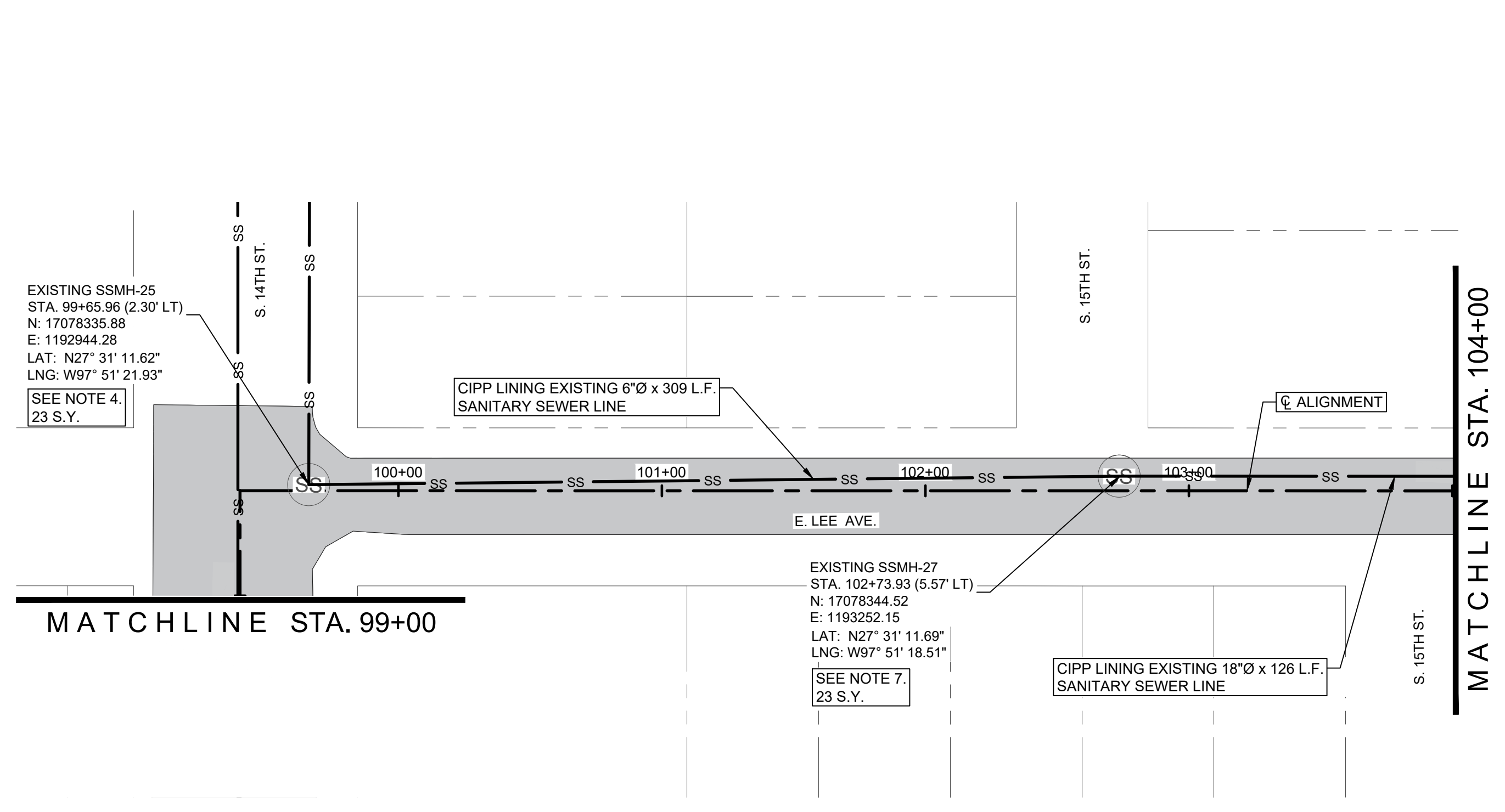
SHEET 44 of 90



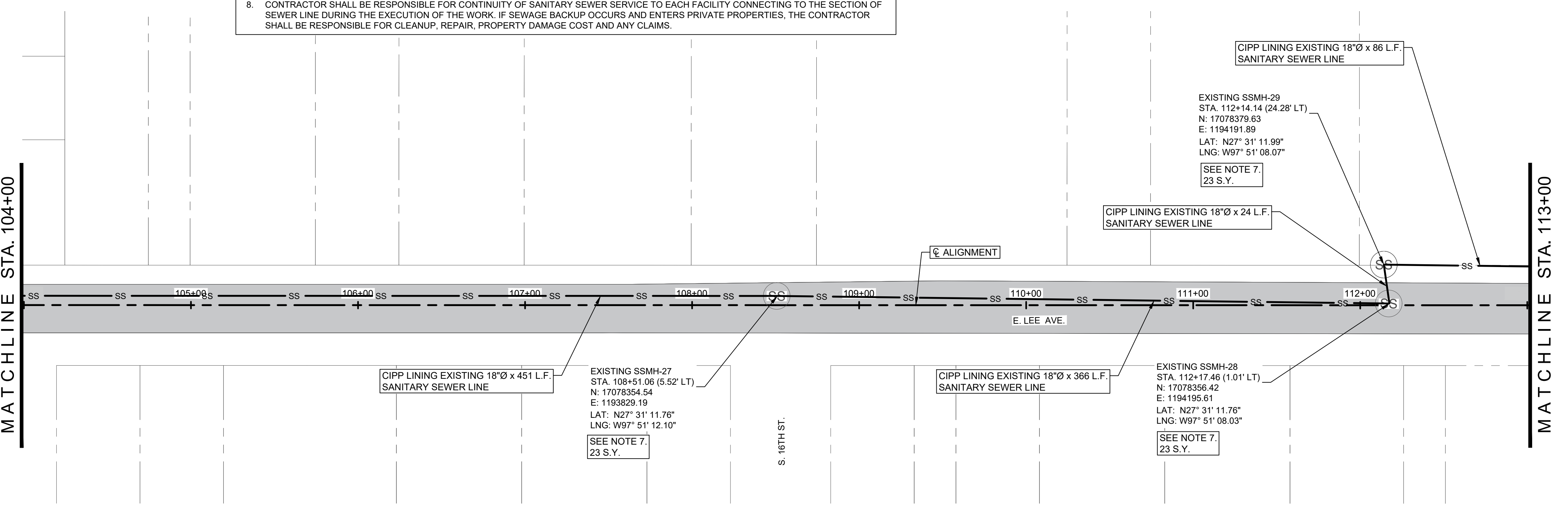
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Drawings\SS - Line PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C31_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 11:10pm USER: vicente



1
C44 C44
**CIPP LINING PLAN IV
STA. 96+00 TO STA. 99+00**
SCALE: 1"=40'



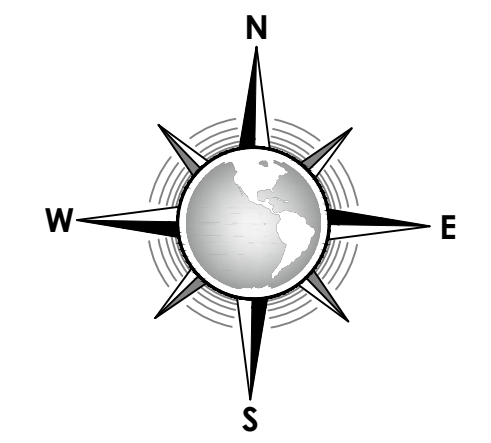
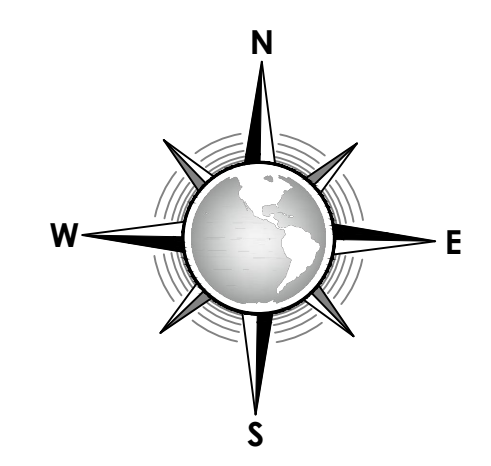
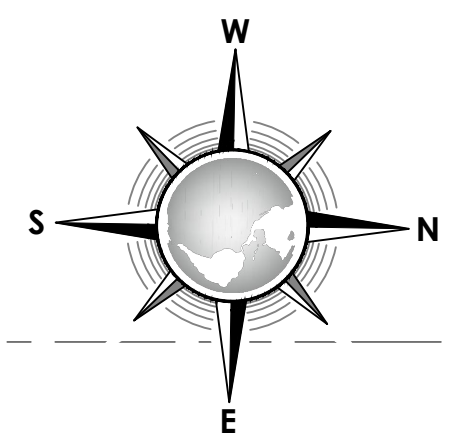
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C44 C44
**CIPP LINING PLAN IV
STA. 99+00 TO STA. 104+00**
SCALE: 1"=40'



3
C44 C44
**CIPP LINING PLAN IV
STA. 104+00 TO STA. 113+00**
SCALE: 1"=40'

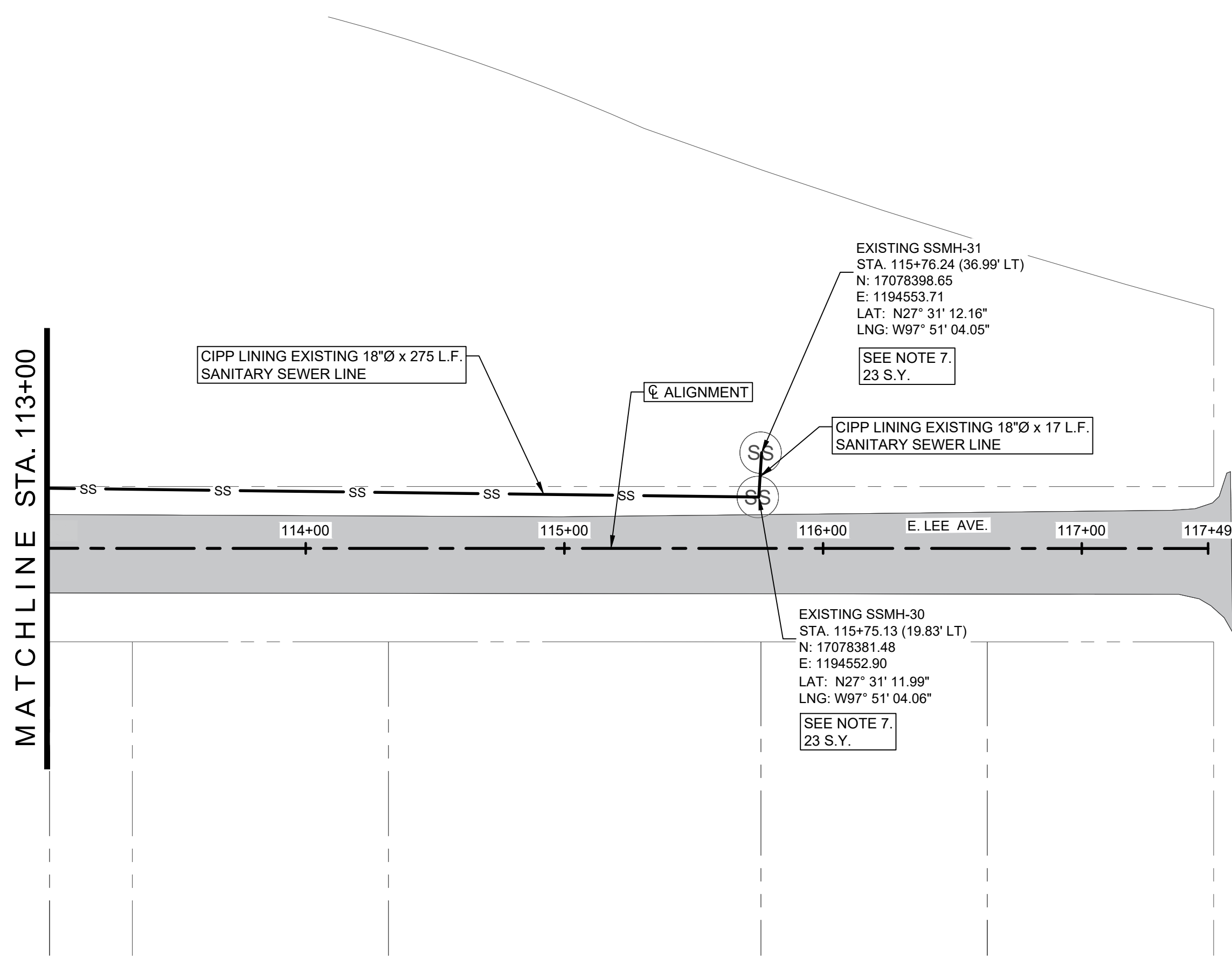
- NOTES:**
1. ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
 2. SURCHARGED MANHOLES WILL HAVE TO BE PLUGGED AND VACUUMED OUT BY MEANS OF VACUUM TRUCK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK ON THE MANHOLE. SUBSIDIARY TO LINE ITEM.
 3. IF WORK ON A MANHOLE OUTSIDE OF THE ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVERNIGHT IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDED SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.
 4. SURVEY OBTAINED BY CREW ENDED PRIOR TO EXISTING SSMH-1, THEREFORE NO GRADES ARE SHOWN ON PLANS AFTER STA. 38+00 TO E.O.P.
 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION OF MANHOLES, FLOWLINES AND PIPE SIZES PRIOR TO CIPP LINING/ MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION AND FLOWLINE OF EXISTING 8" VCP BEND PRIOR TO FIBERGLASS MANHOLE INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 2 PROTECTIVE COATS (60 MIL) OF JEFFCOAT 326 OR APPROVED EQUAL ON ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES, INCLUDING CORBEL AREA, MANHOLE WALLS, AND MANHOLE BENCH.
 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTINUITY OF SANITARY SEWER SERVICE TO EACH FACILITY CONNECTING TO THE SECTION OF SEWER LINE DURING THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK. IF SEWAGE BACKUP OCCURS AND ENTERS PRIVATE PROPERTIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANUP, REPAIR, PROPERTY DAMAGE COST AND ANY CLAIMS.

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A33	18"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	1,208
A35	6"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LF	309
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	132



CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
	INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5906 I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
BY	DATE
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
BY	DATE
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	
CIPP LINING PLAN IV STA. 96+00 TO STA. 113+00	
DRAWING NO. C44	
SHEET 45 of 90	

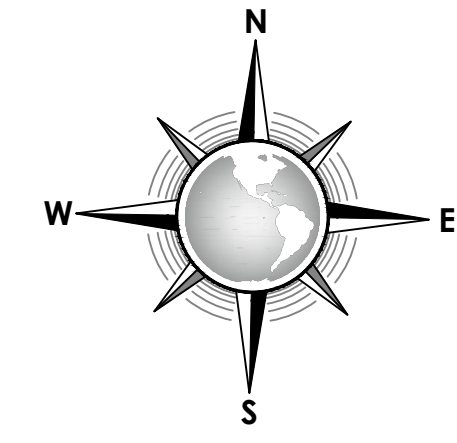
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1
C45 C45
SCALE: 1"=40'

CIPP LINING PLAN V
STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)

- NOTES:**
1. ANY REQUIRED SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM DIVERSION OR BYPASS PLUMBING WILL BE GOVERNED BY SPECIFICATION SECTION 027200 TO INCLUDE SUBMITTAL AND APPROVAL OF THE REQUIRED BYPASS PUMPING PLAN FORM PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY PLUGGING, DIVERSION, OR BYPASS PUMPING.
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 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATION AND FLOWLINE OF EXISTING 8" VCP BEND PRIOR TO FIBERGLASS MANHOLE INSTALLATION. SEE DRAWING C2, GENERAL NOTES #12.
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 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTINUITY OF SANITARY SEWER SERVICE TO EACH FACILITY CONNECTING TO THE SECTION OF SEWER LINE DURING THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK. IF SEWAGE BACKUP OCCURS AND ENTERS PRIVATE PROPERTIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANUP, REPAIR, PROPERTY DAMAGE COST AND ANY CLAIMS.



SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A33	18"Ø CIPP SANITARY SEWER LINE	LS	292
A50	EXISTING MANHOLE PROTECTIVE COATING (60 MIL)	SY	46

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



ICE

INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

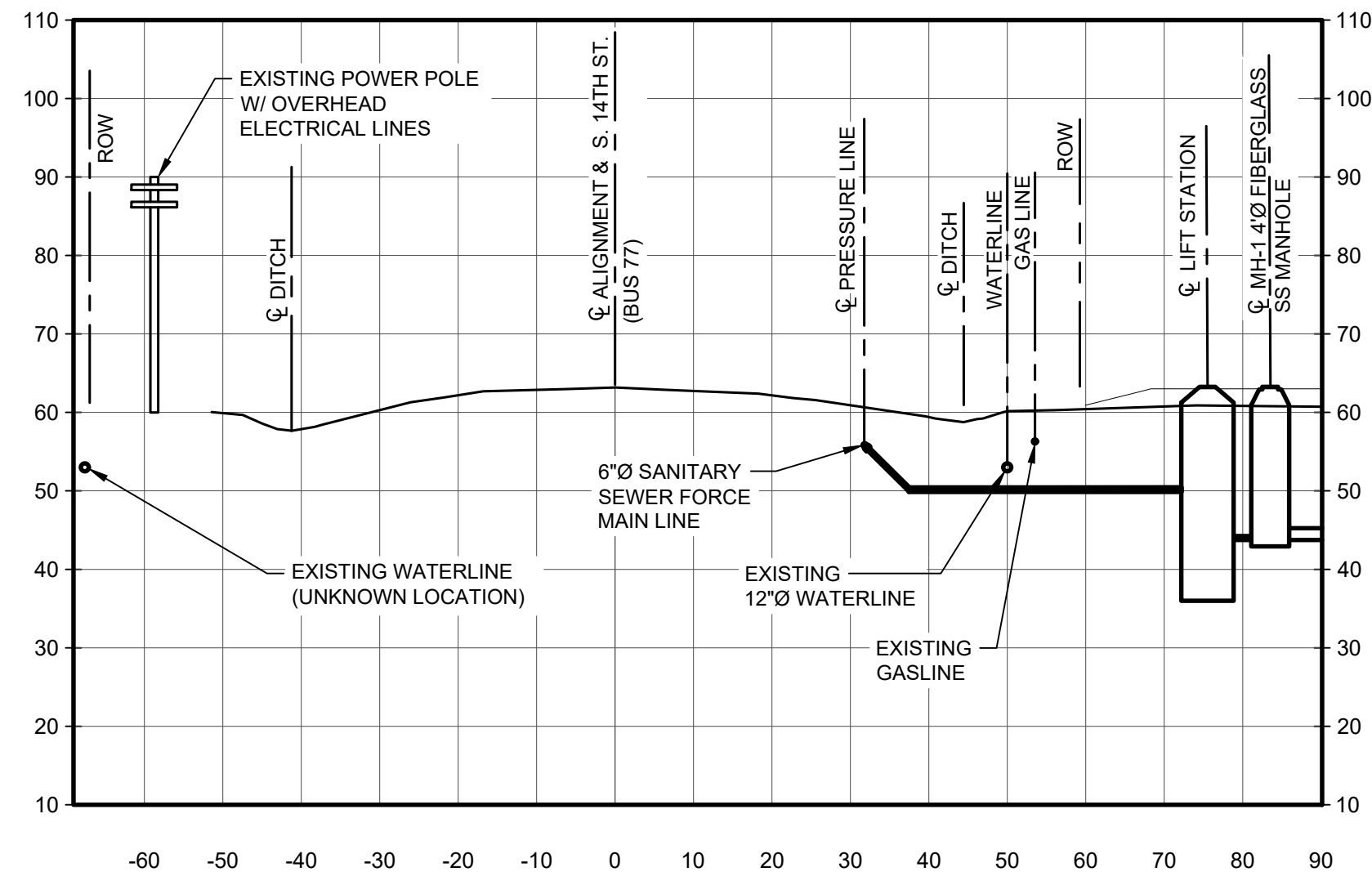
CIPP LINING PLAN V
STA. 113+00 TO STA. 117+49 (E.O.P.)

REVISION NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION | BY

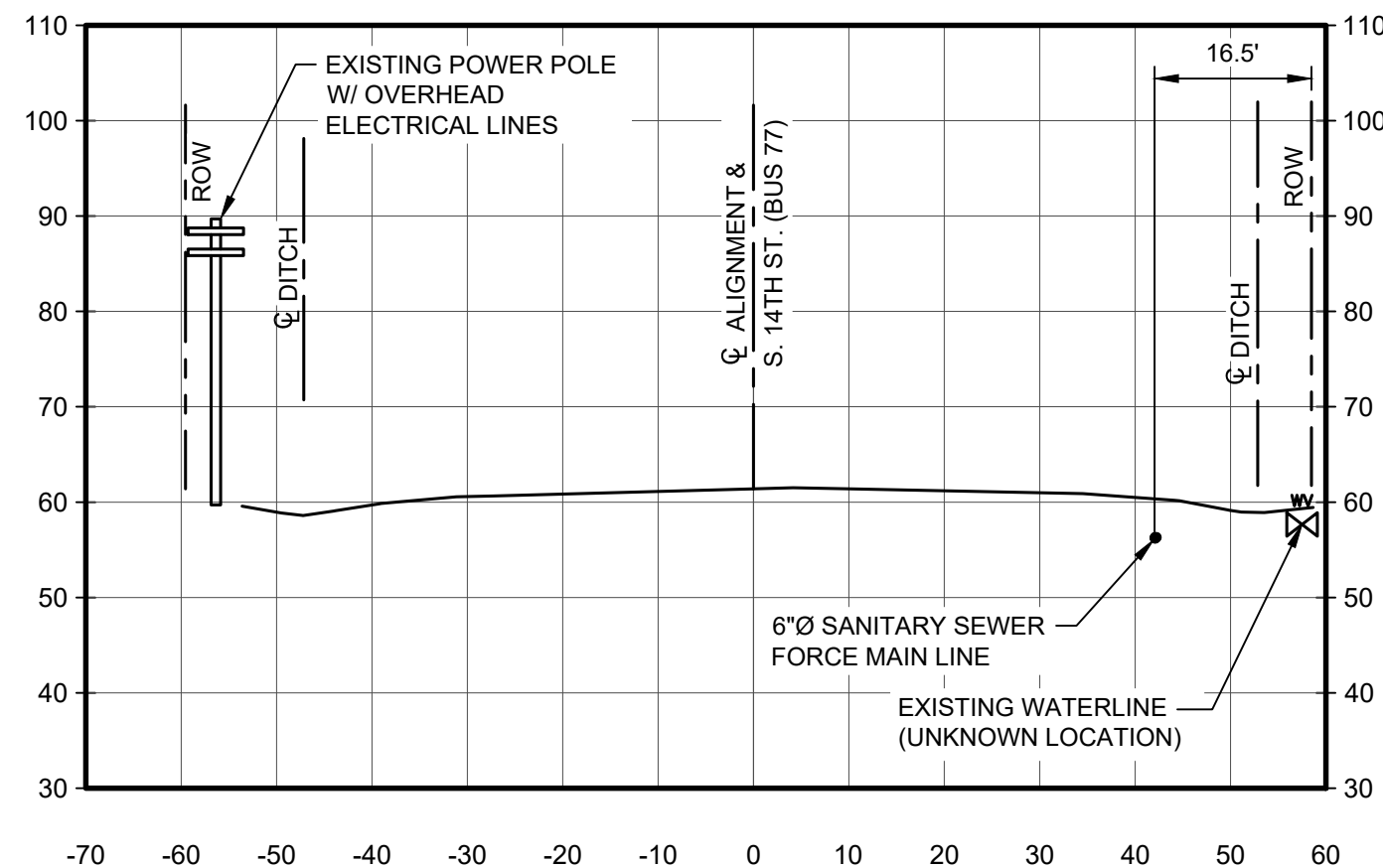
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C45

SHEET **46** of **90**

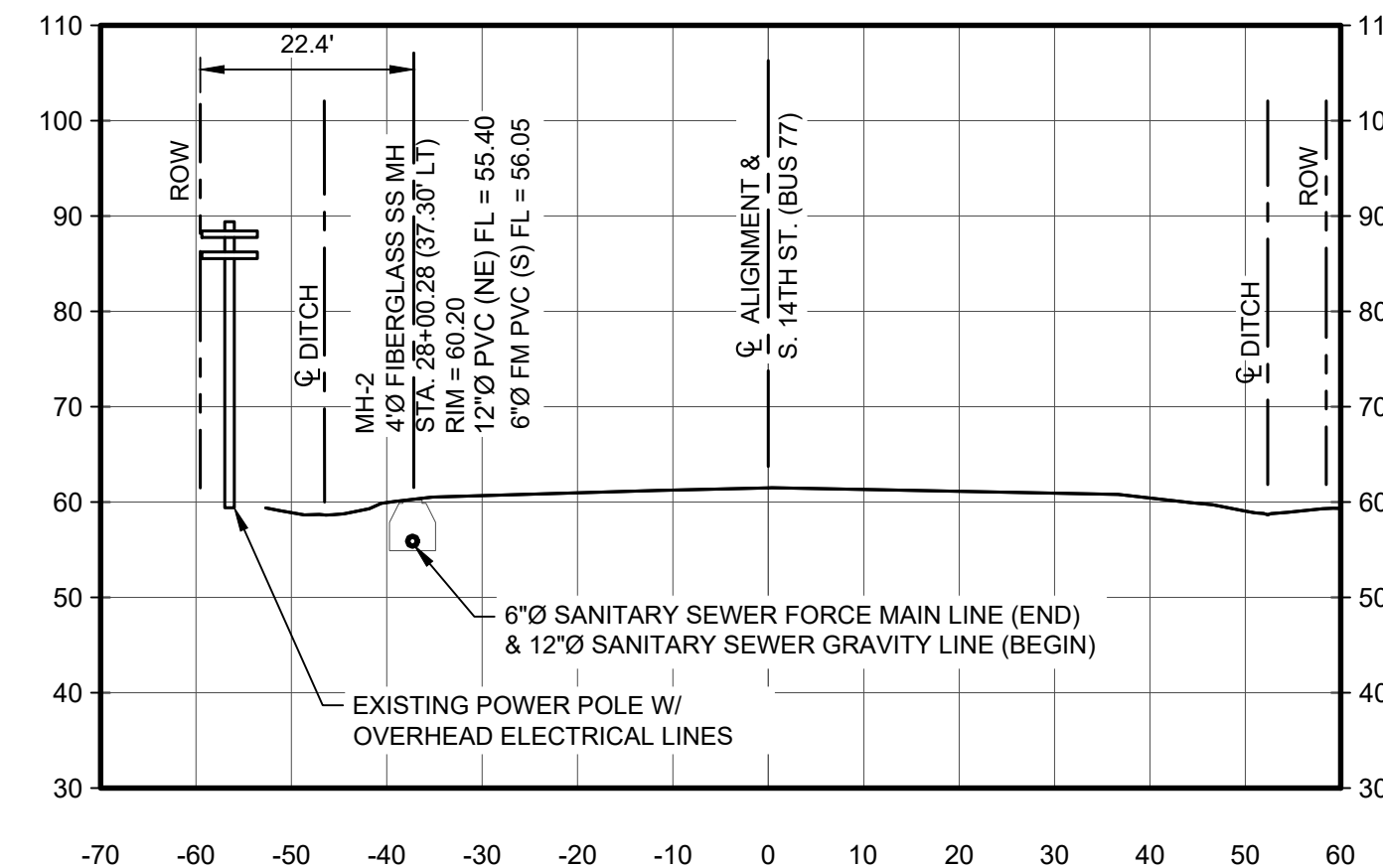
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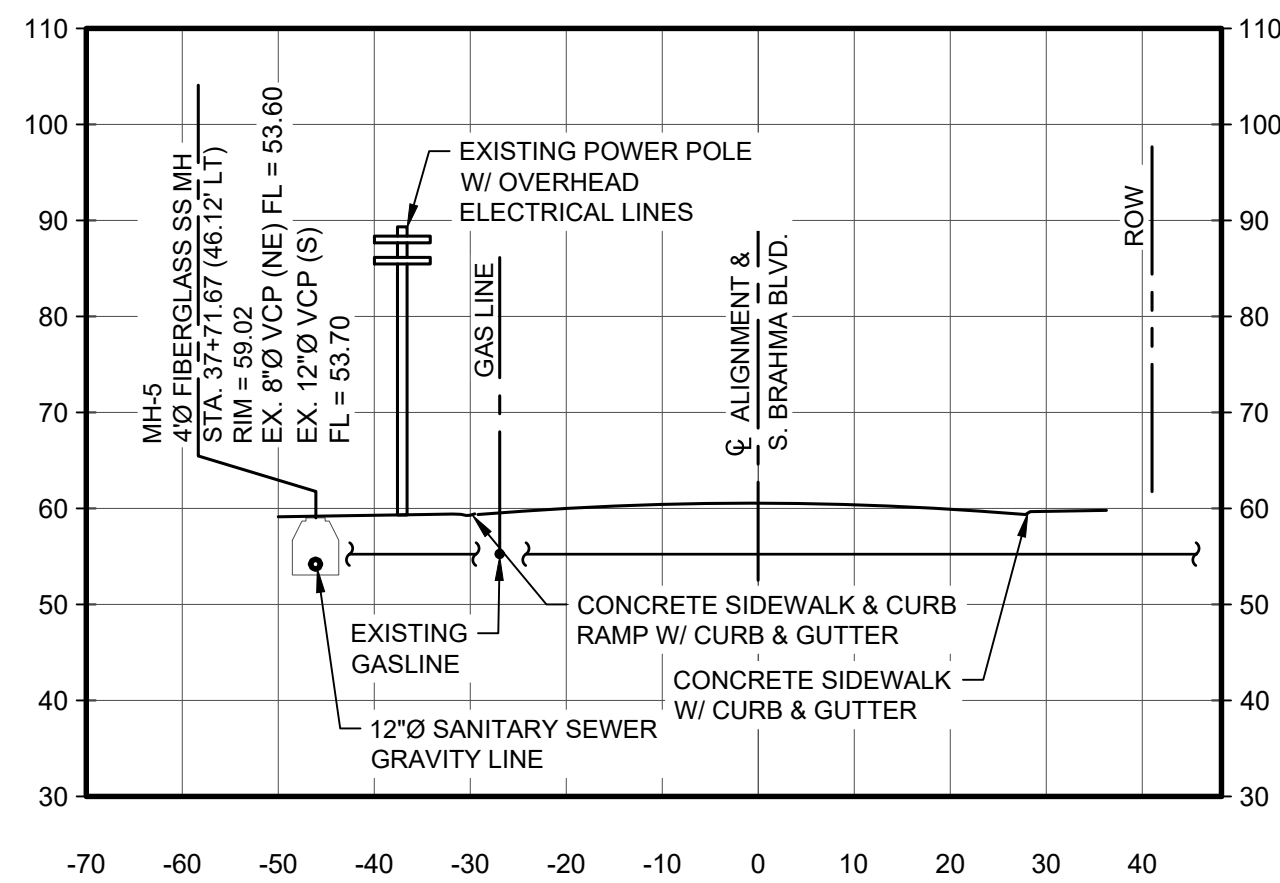
1 CROSS SECTION AT STA. 0+90.13
C46 C46 SCALE: 1"=20'



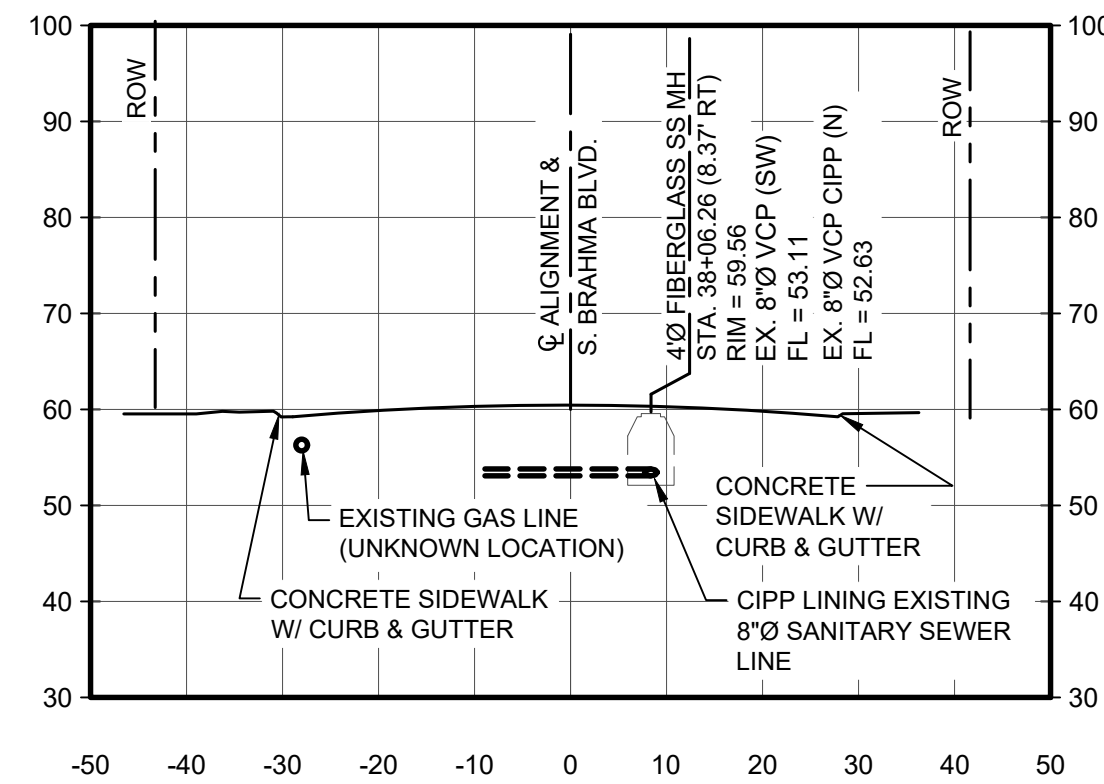
2 CROSS SECTION AT STA. 27+25.45
C46 C46 SCALE: 1"=20'



3 CROSS SECTION AT STA. 28+00.28
C46 C46 SCALE: 1"=20'



4 CROSS SECTION AT STA. 37+71.61
C46 C46 SCALE: 1"=20'



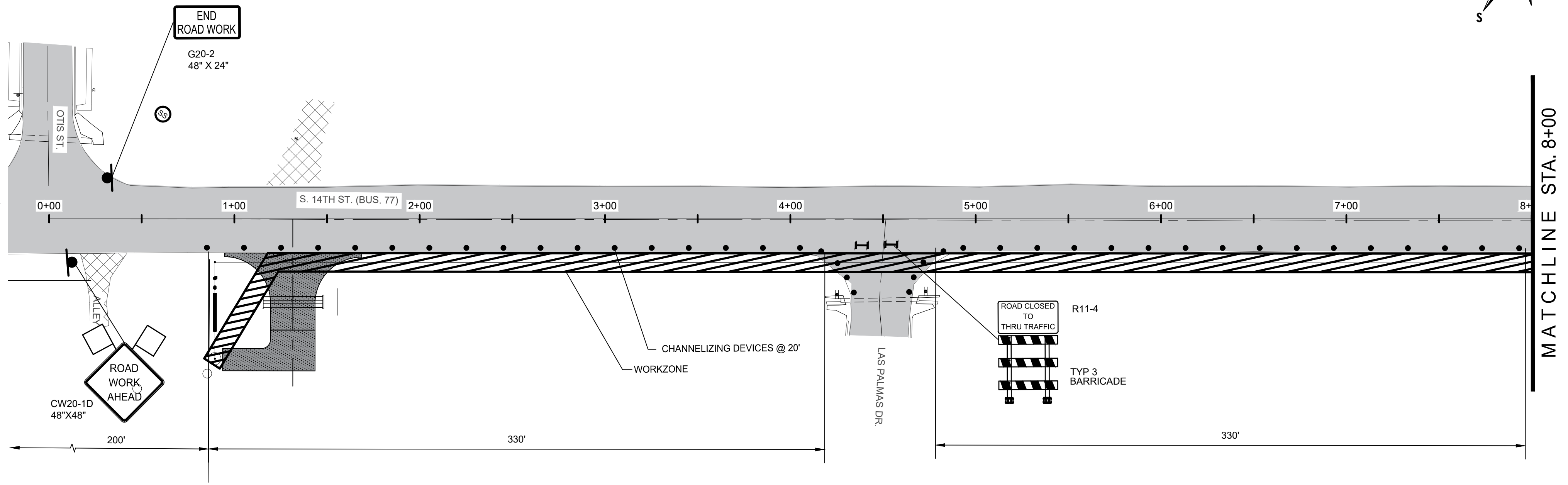
5 CROSS SECTION AT STA. 38+06.26
C46 C46 SCALE: 1"=20'

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
REVISION NO.	DATE
BY	DATE
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	
CROSS SECTIONS	
DRAWING NO.	
<h1>C46</h1>	
SHEET 47 of 90	

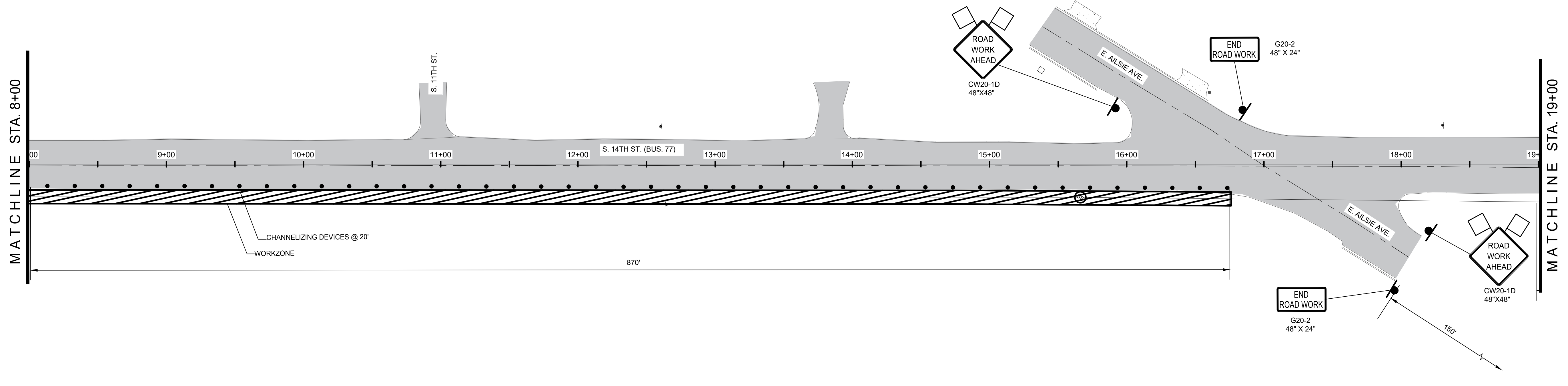
GENERAL NOTES:

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN AND MAINTAIN THE TRAFFIC CONTROL THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE CONTRACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND THE TXDOT STANDARDS SHEETS. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS AND ANY LOCAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE AGENCIES FOR ROAD CLOSURES. SEE SPECIAL NOTE.
2. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL CONFORM WITH THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE STANDARD DETAILS.
3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES DURING THE COURSE OF THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD AS REQUIRED BY THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) MANUAL.
4. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE STORED ON PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY AT ANY TIME DURING THE COURSE OF THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. ANY MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER FOR THE TEMPORARY PLACEMENT ALONG THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE ADEQUATELY BARRICADED WITH TYPE II BARRICADES FOR EACH DIRECTION OF TRAVEL AND SHALL NOT BE PLACED WITHIN FIVE (5) FEET OF THE STREET PAVEMENT.
5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL REGULATORY SIGNS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD.
6. ALL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGNS MAY BE MOUNTED ON PORTABLE DEVICES AND/OR GROUND MOUNTED.
7. SHOULD ANY TRAFFIC SIGN, SIGN POST OR ITS FOUNDATION BE DAMAGED, CONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT SUCH INFORMATION IMMEDIATELY TO THE ATTENTION OF THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS.
8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ACCESS TO ALL DRIVEWAYS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD.
9. ALL SIGNS AND BARRICADES USED FOR LANE CLOSURES AND/OR PROTECTION SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS IF SUCH SIGNS AND BARRICADES ARE TO BE IN PLACE DURING HOURS OF DARKNESS. ONE LIGHT SHALL BE USED PER SIGN OR BARRICADE.
10. ADDITIONAL CHANNELIZING AND OTHER APPROPRIATE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REQUIRED ACCORDING TO THE ENGINEER AND/OR THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS.
11. SAFETY BARRICADE FENCING SHALL BE HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE TENSAR-UX4050 (SB-ORANGE-4" HIGH).
12. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ANY WORK IN THE PROXIMITY OF BLUEBONNET SUBDIVISION WITH THE CITY OF KINGSVILLE PUBLIC WORKS REPRESENTATIVE.
13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN STREET ACCESS TO THE RESIDENTS OF THE STREETS BEING WORKED.
14. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR GARBAGE ROLLOUTS.

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND	
	WORK ZONE SIGN
	CHANNELIZING DEVICE
	TYPE III BARRICADE



1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE I
C47 C47 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"



1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE I
C47 C47 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN I PHASE I




REVISION NO. BY DATE DESCRIPTION

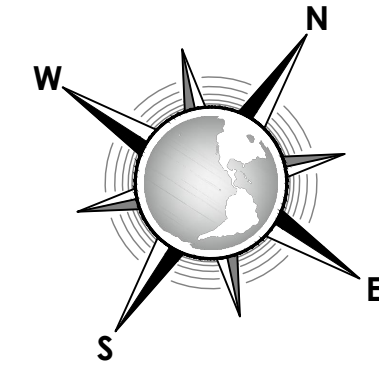
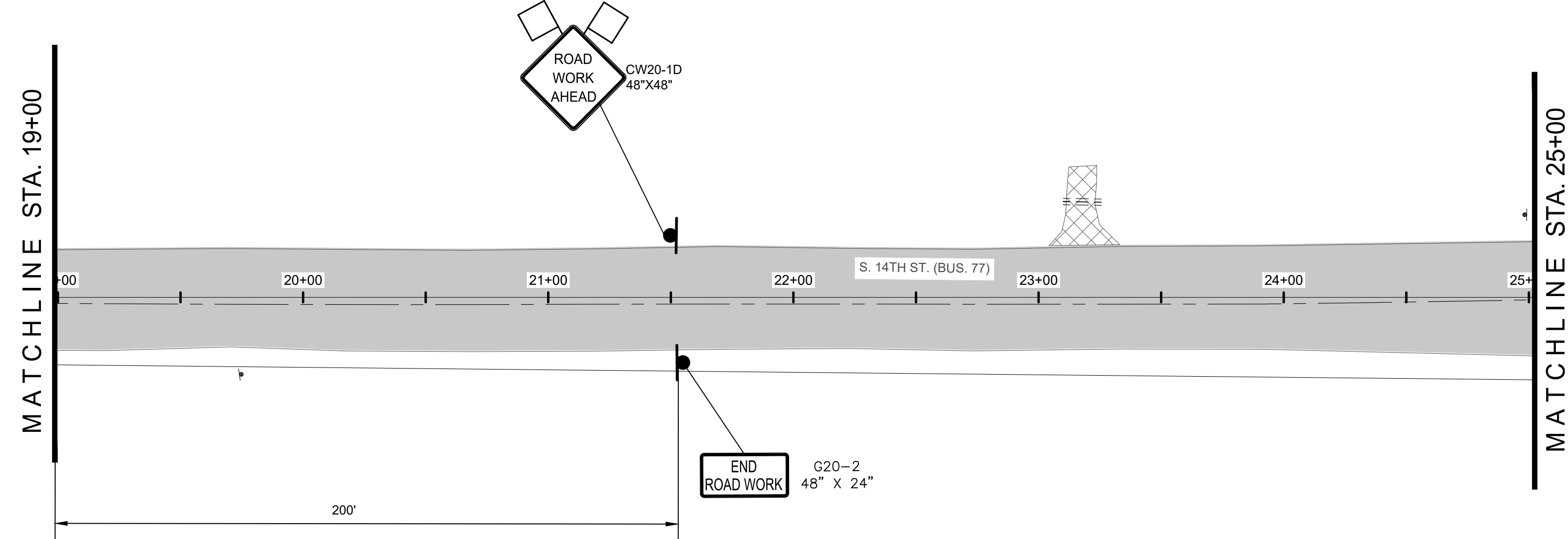
DRAWING NO.
C47

SHEET 48 of 90

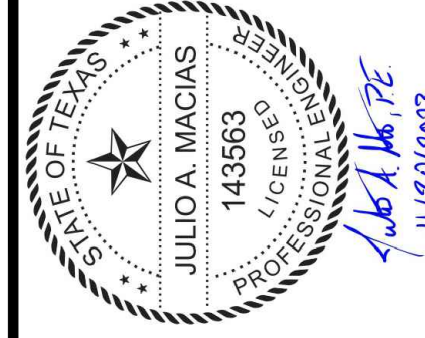


FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001 - WW-14TH ST\1 - Drawings\2 - Civil\TCP-1.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP_1_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:38pm USER: lrepreta

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\TCP_1.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP_1 (2) PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:38pm USER: lizepeda

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND	
	WORK ZONE SIGN
	CHANNELIZING DEVICE
	TYPE III BARRICADE



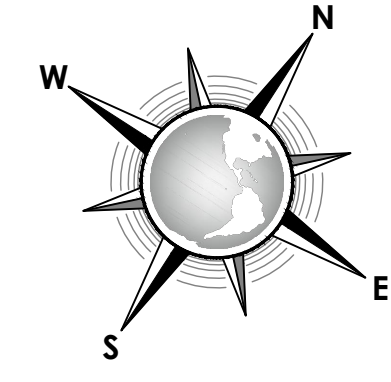
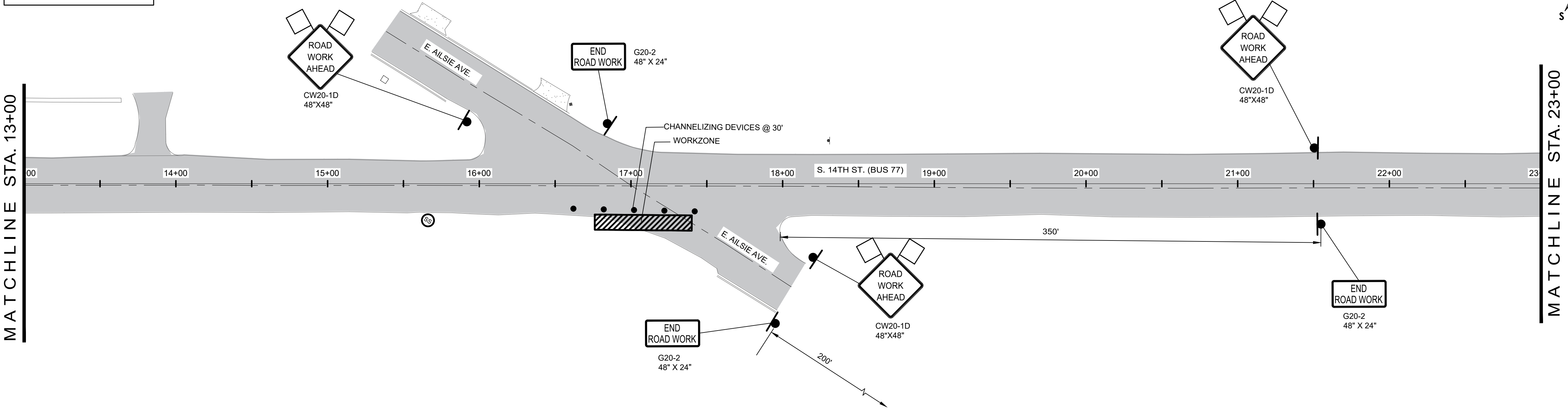
1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE I
 C48 C48 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
	
 <p>INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837</p>	
	
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN II PHASE I	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
REVISION NO.	DATE
BY	
DRAWING NO.	
C48	
SHEET 49 of 90	

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\TCP_2.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP_2 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:39pm USER: Isopreda

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND

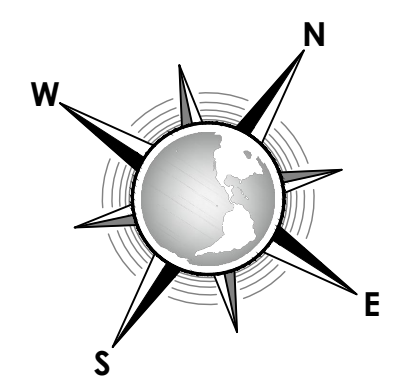
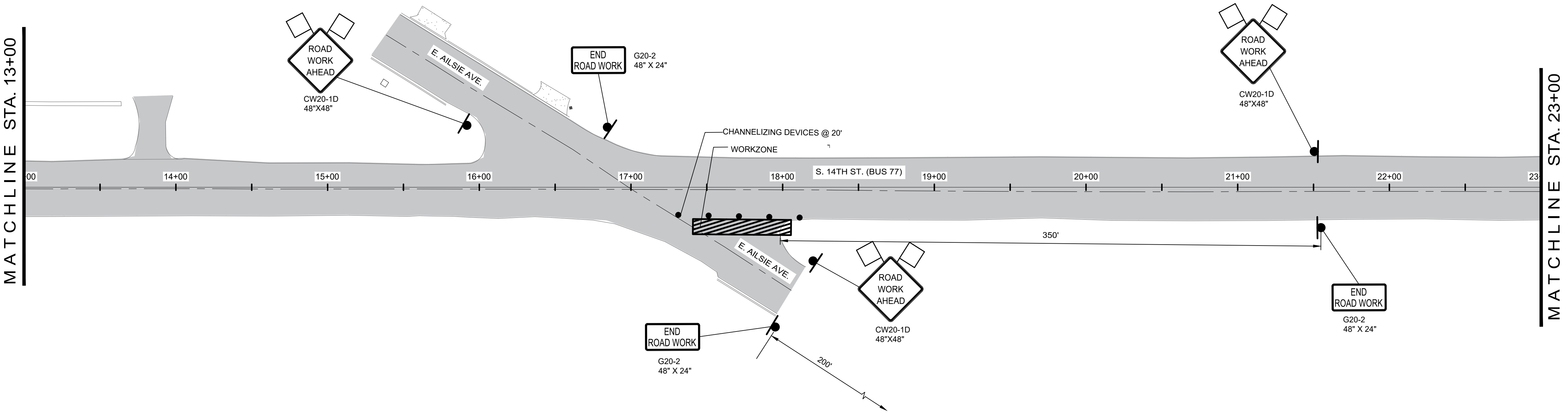
- ◀ WORK ZONE SIGN
- CHANNELIZING DEVICE
- ⊥ TYPE III BARRICADE



NOTE:

- IF WORK ON ROADWAY REQUIRES IT TO REMAIN OPEN OVER NIGHT IT IS RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OPENING AND PROVIDE SAFETY WARNING SIGNS, SAFETY FENCE AND BARRICADES NEEDED TO PROTECT THE OPEN STRUCTURE.

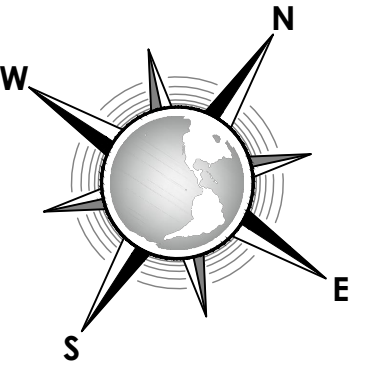
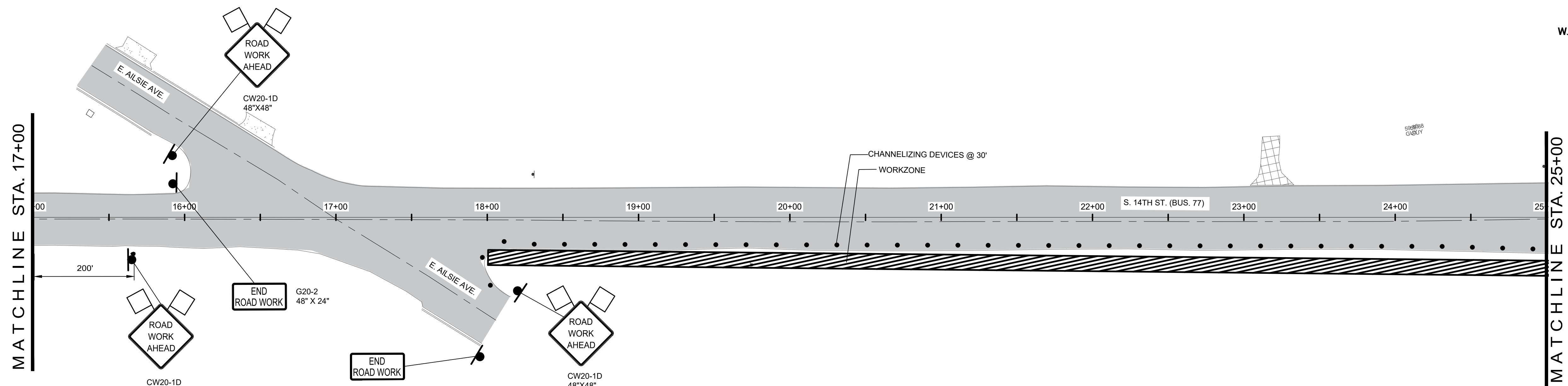
1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE II - A
 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"



2 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE II - B
 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE II	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
DATE	BY
DATE	BY
DATE	BY
DRAWING NO.	
C49	
SHEET 50 of 90	

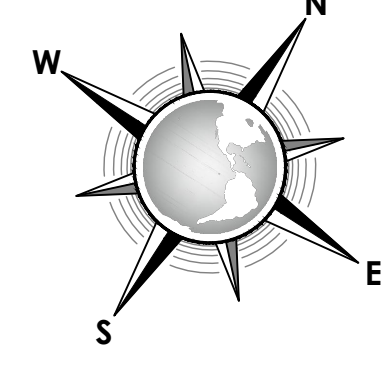
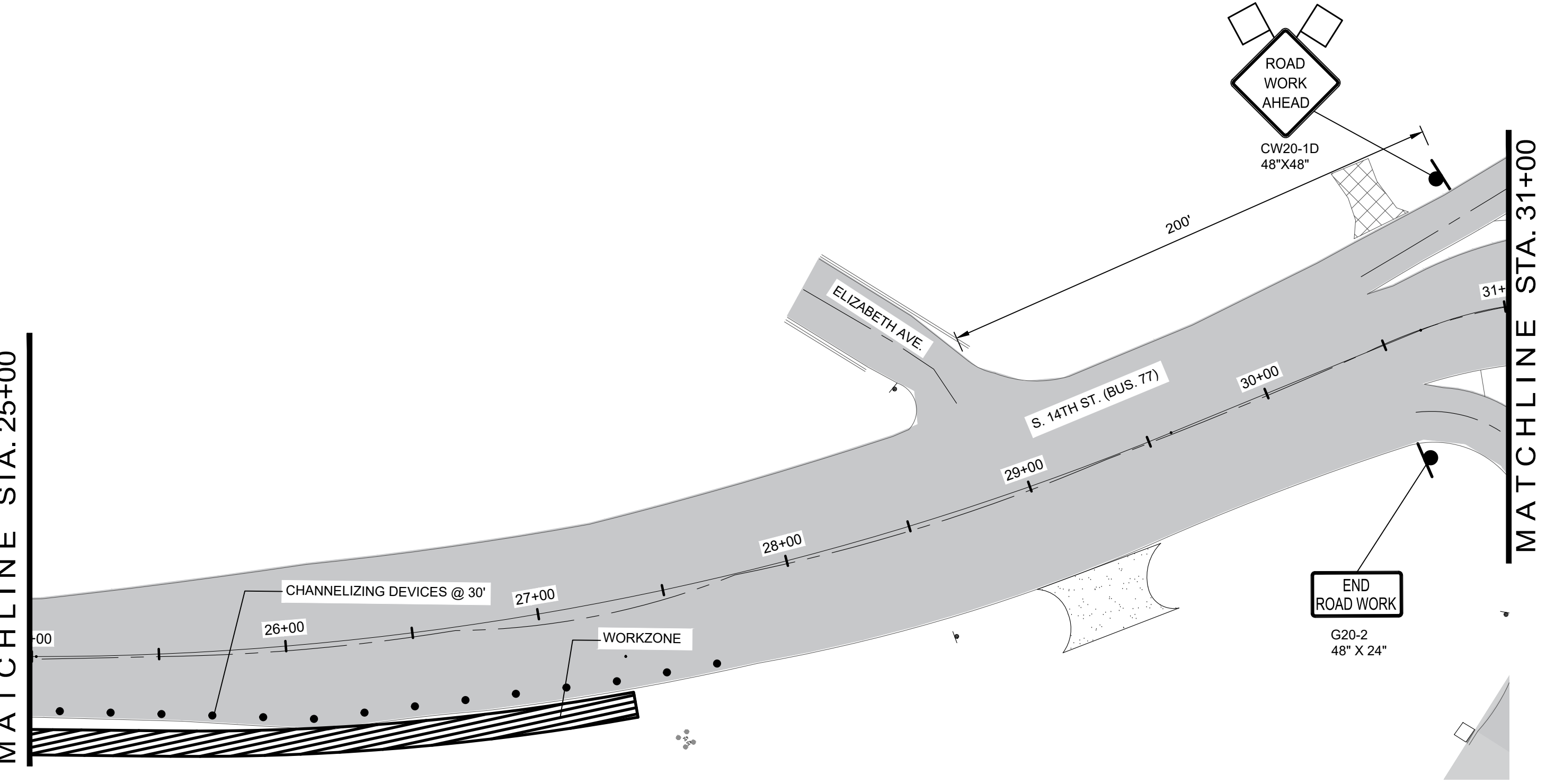
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1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE III
SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND

- WORK ZONE SIGN
- CHANNELIZING DEVICE
- TYPE III BARRICADE



2 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE III
SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE III

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

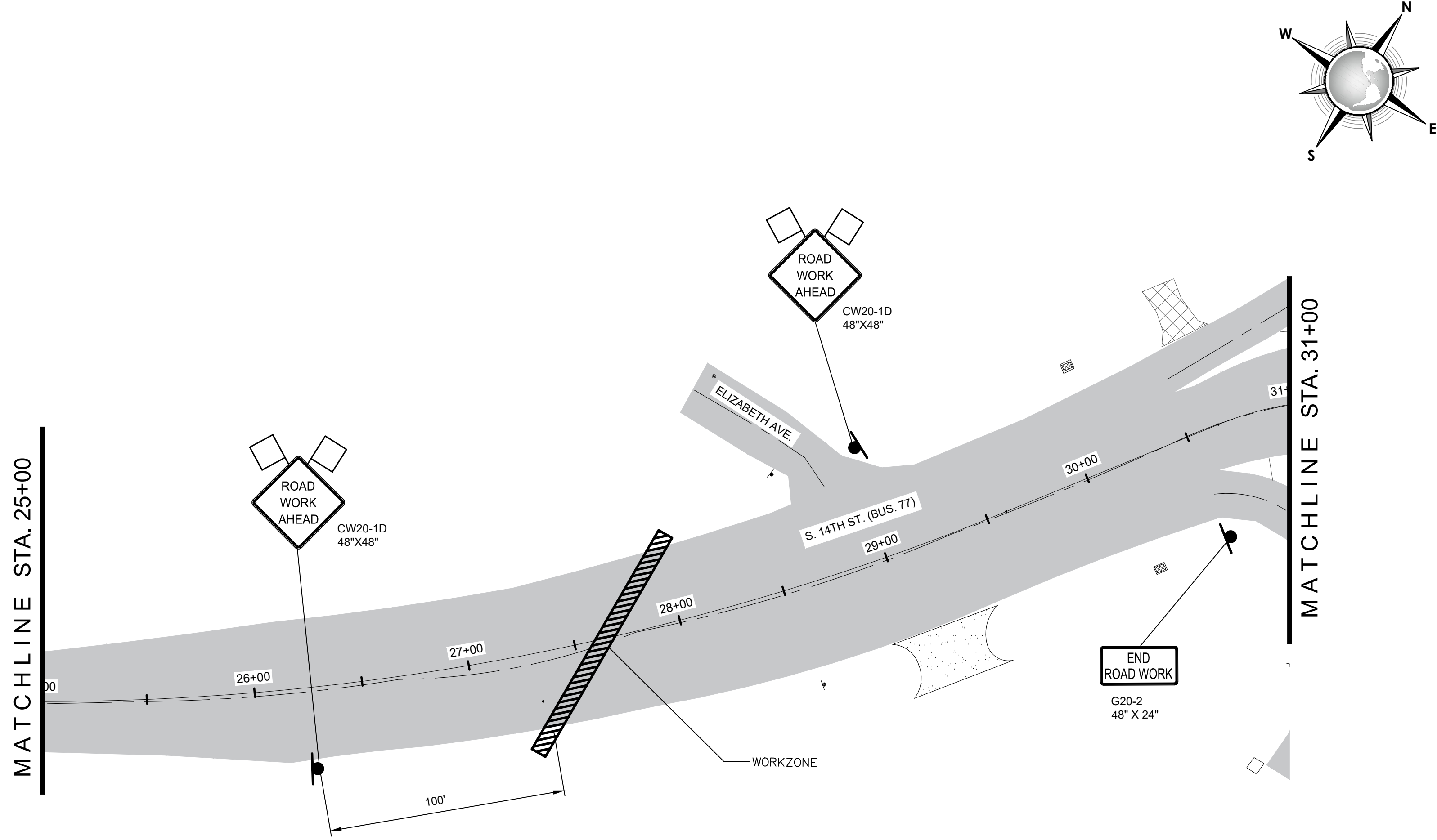
DRAWING NO.
C50

SHEET 51 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\TCP_4.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP_4 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:41 pm USER: lsepeda

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND

- ◄ WORK ZONE SIGN
- CHANNELIZING DEVICE
- I TYPE III BARRICADE



1
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE IV
 C51 C51 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE IV

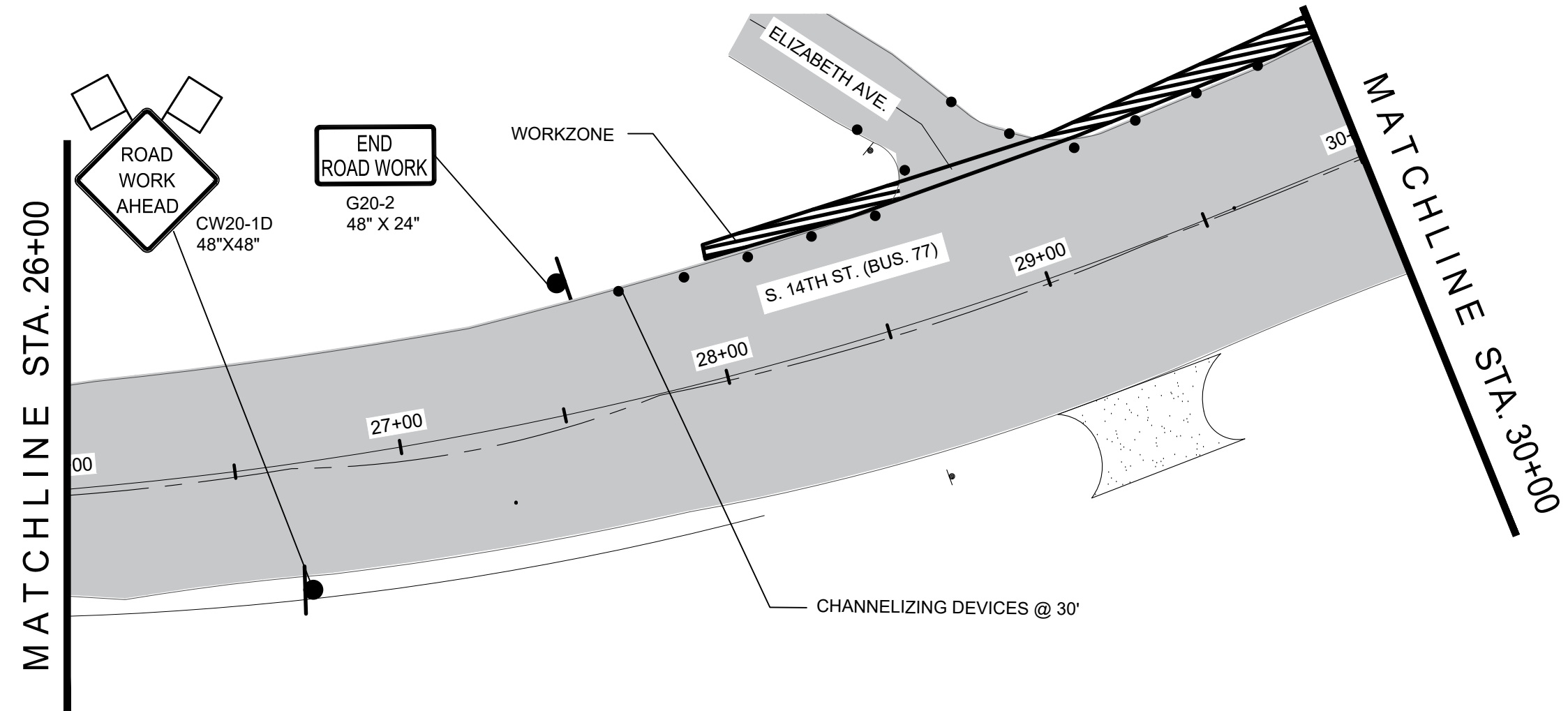
DRAWING NO.
C51

SHEET **52** of **90**

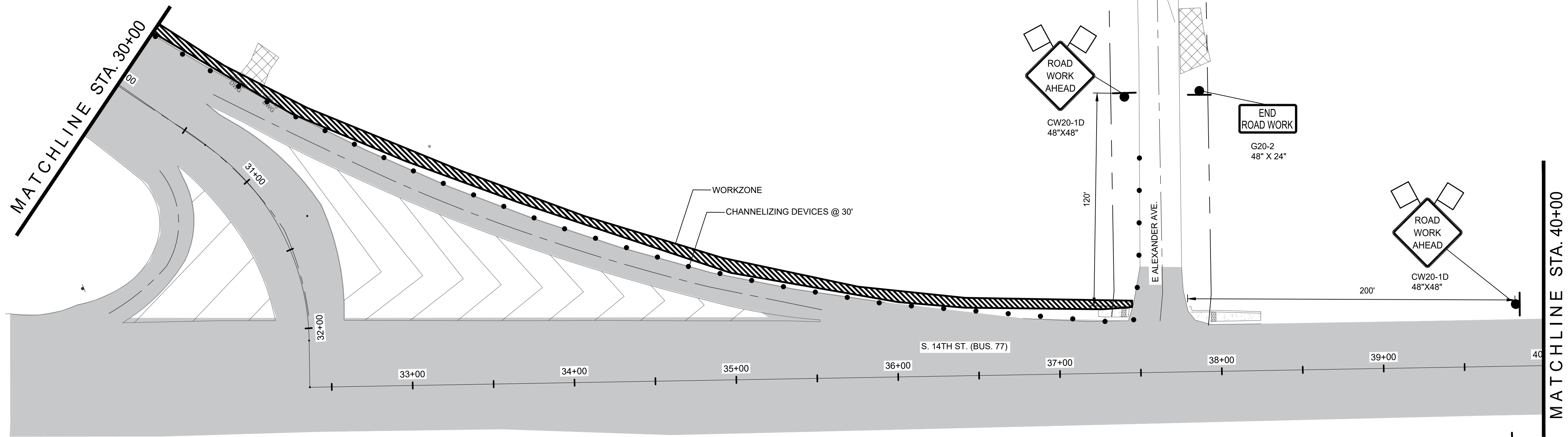
REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\TCP_5.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP_5_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:42pm USER: lrepreta

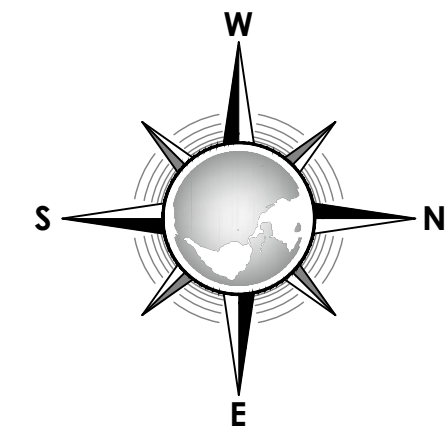
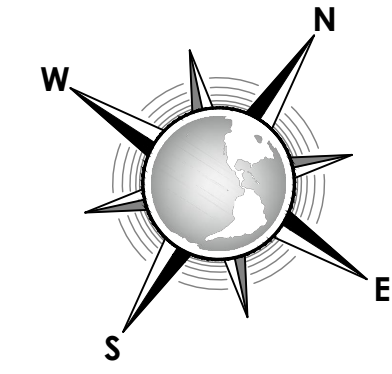
TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND	
	WORK ZONE SIGN
	CHANNELIZING DEVICE
	TYPE III BARRICADE



1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE V
C52 C52 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"



1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE V
C52 C52 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"



CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE V

DESCRIPTION

REVISION NO. DATE BY

DESCRIPTION

REVISION NO. DATE BY

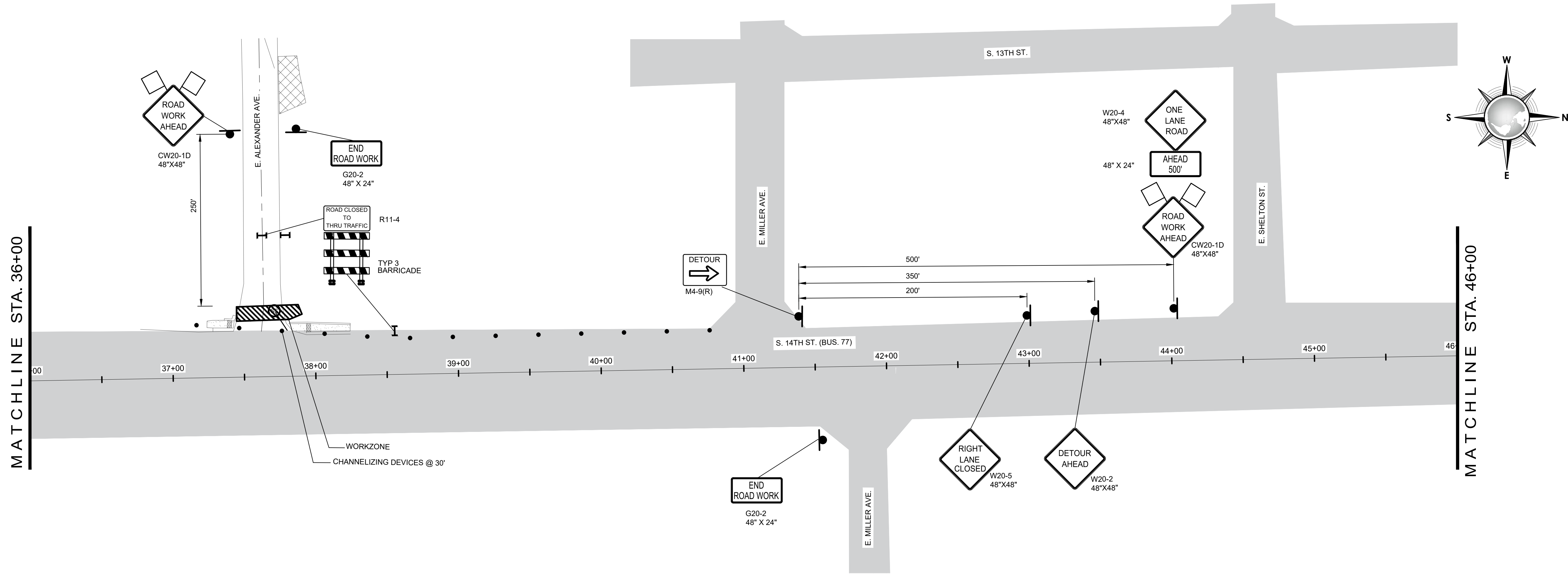
DRAWING NO.

C52

SHEET 53 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\TCP_6.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP_6 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:42pm USER: lrepreza

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND	
	WORK ZONE SIGN
	CHANNELIZING DEVICE
	TYPE III BARRICADE



1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE VI
 C53 C53 SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE VI

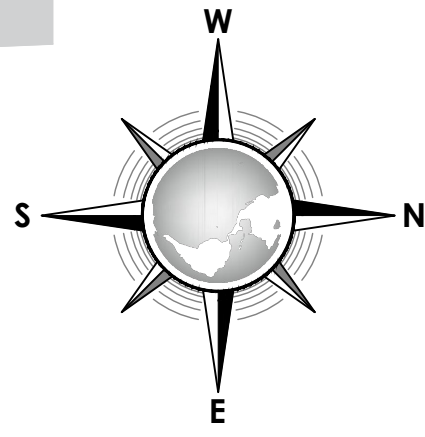
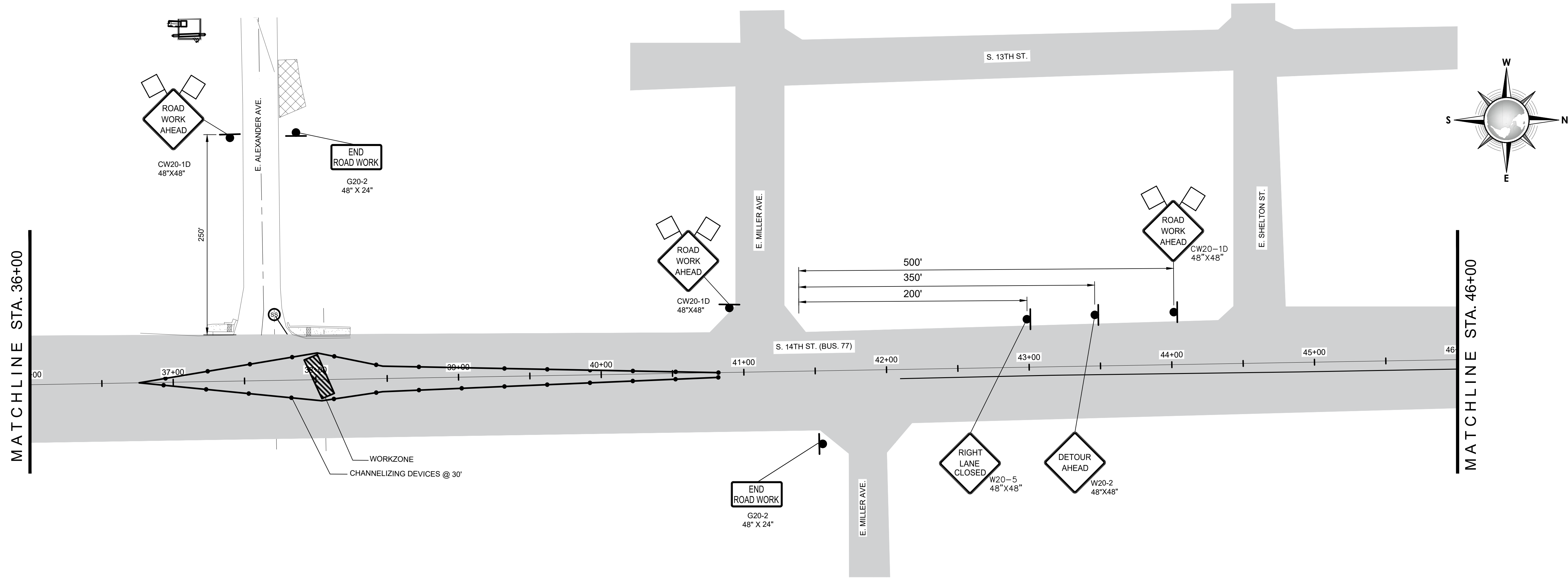
DRAWING NO.
C53

SHEET 54 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\TCP 7.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TCP 7 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:43pm USER: lrepreta

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND	
	WORK ZONE SIGN
	CHANNELIZING DEVICE
	TYPE III BARRICADE



1
C54 C54
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE VII
SCALE: 1"=40'-0"

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE VII

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION




DRAWING NO.

C54

SHEET 55 of 90

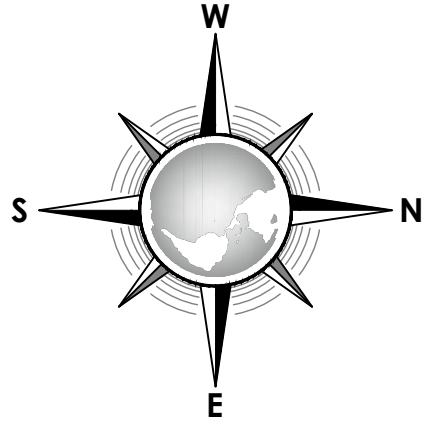
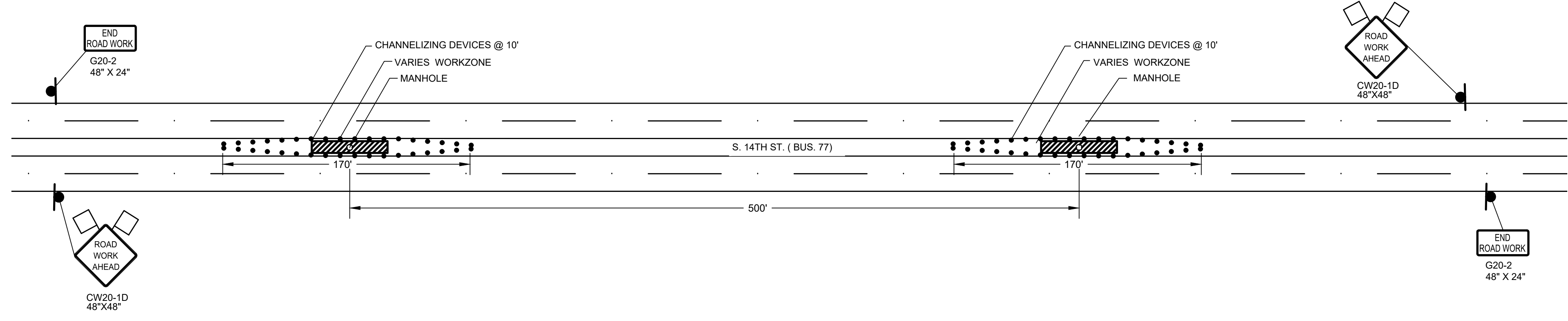
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\Traffic Control Plan 8.dwg - LAYOUT NAME: TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN VIII PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:43pm USER: lrepeda

TRAFFIC CONTROL LEGEND

-  WORK ZONE SIGN
-  CHANNELIZING DEVICE
-  TYPE III BARRICADE

SHEET QUANTITIES SUMMARY

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
A2	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN	LS	1



1 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE VIII
 C40 C55 SCALE: 1"=50'-0"
 C41 - C44

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
 PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

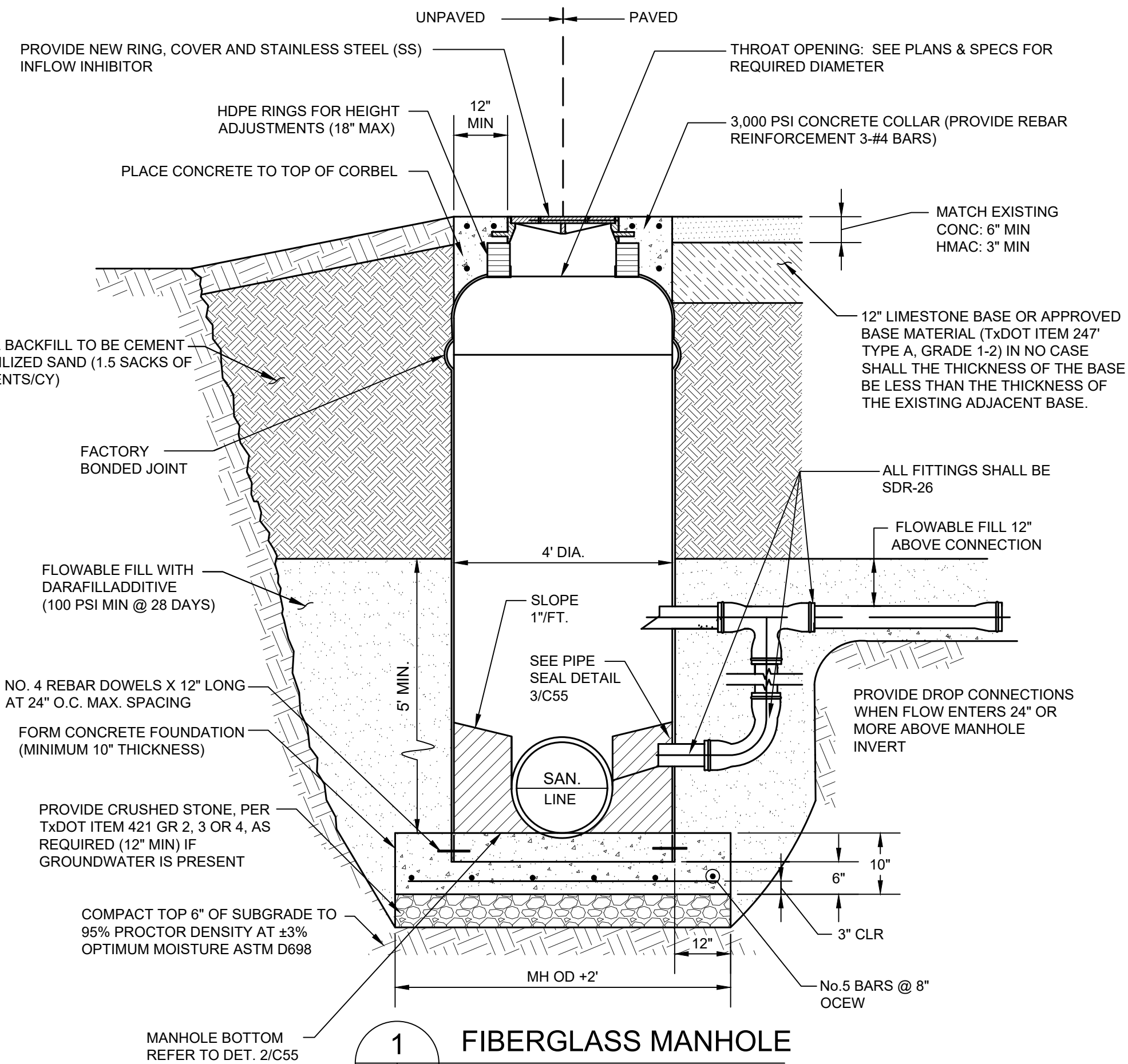
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN PHASE VIII

DRAWING NO.
C55

SHEET **56** of **90**

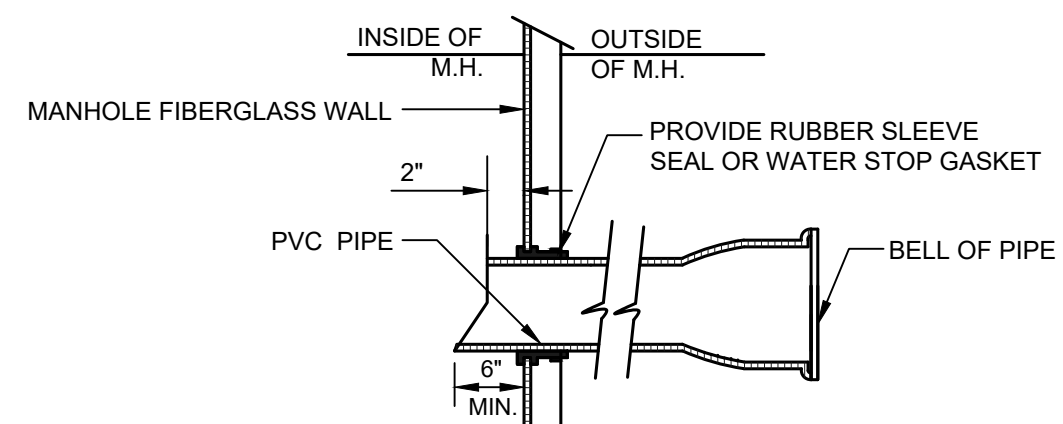
REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001 - Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\C23-C25 - CCCC-Wastewater Std Details 4 sheets (2016-11-09).dwg LAYOUT NAME: SANITARY SEWER STANDARD DETAILS 4 sheets (2016-11-09).dwg PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:43pm USER: izerepa



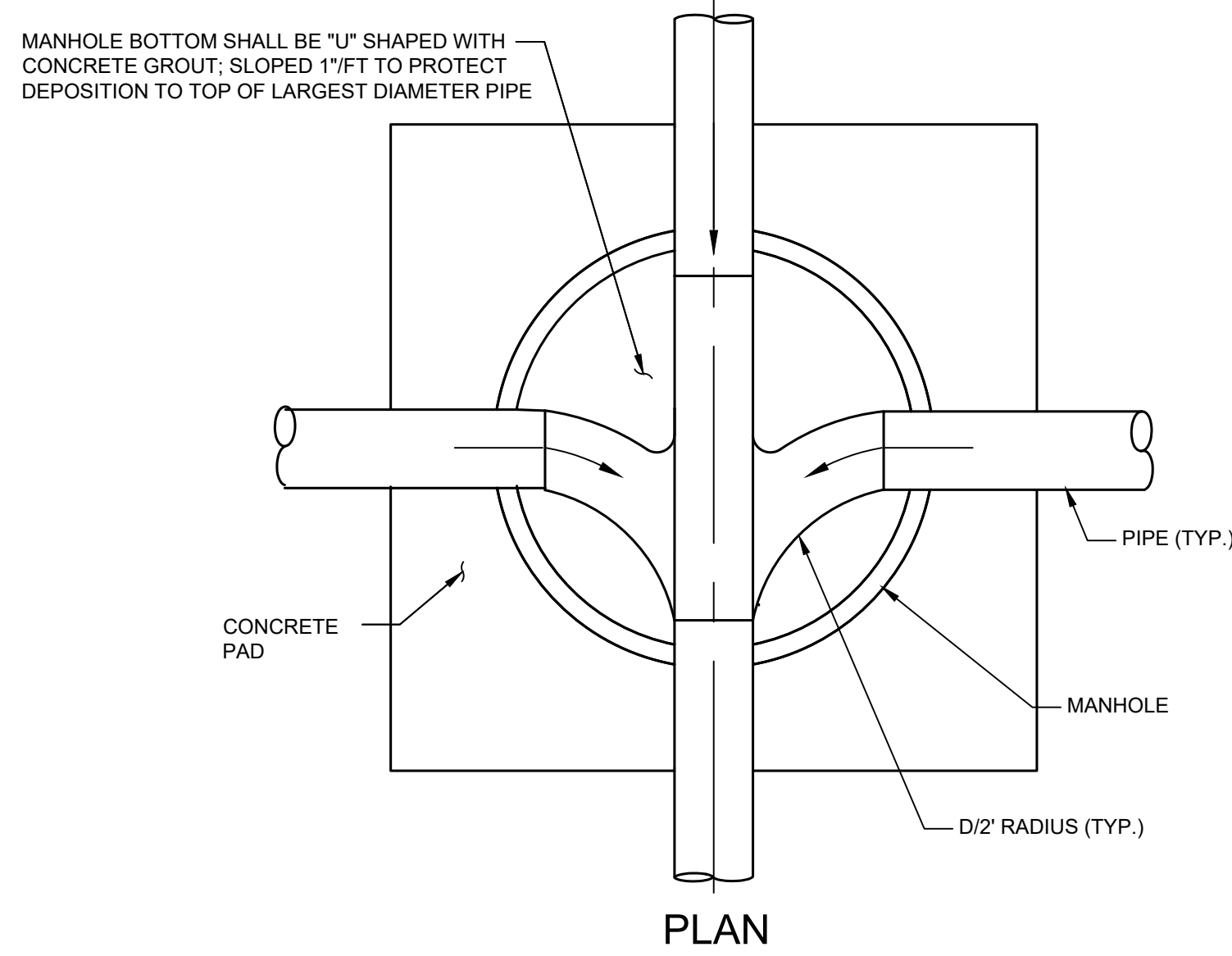
1 FIBERGLASS MANHOLE
SCALE: N.T.S.

NOTE:
REFER TO DWGS. C33-C40
FOR FLOWLINE ELEVATIONS

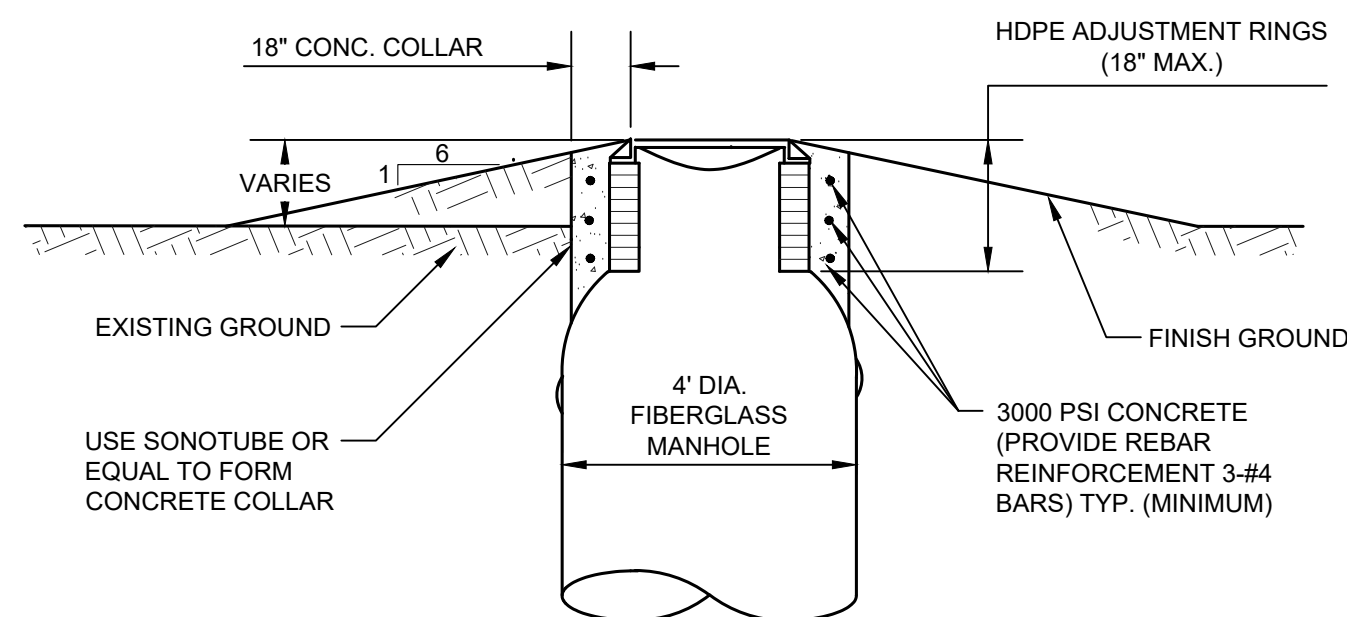


- NOTES:
1. INSTALL SEAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH MFGS. SPECS.
 2. USE RUBBER SEAL ASSEMBLY APPROVED BY UTILITY DEPARTMENT. (TPSMHA OR PIPECONX OR INSERT A TEE)

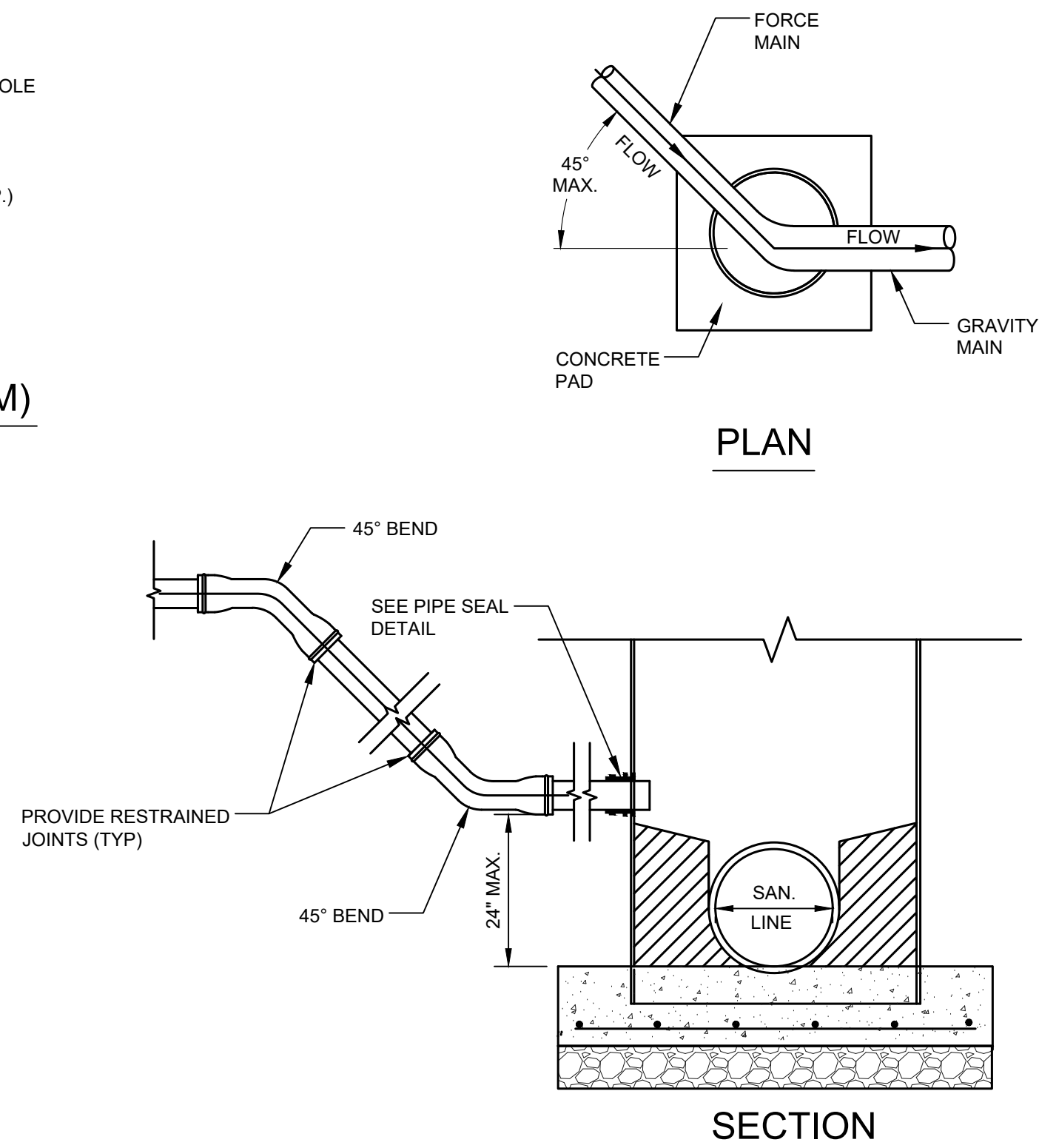
3 PIPE SEAL DETAIL
SCALE: N.T.S.



2 SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE (BOTTOM)
SCALE: N.T.S.



4 MANHOLE PROTECTION IN UNPAVED AREAS
SCALE: N.T.S.



- NOTES:
1. ALL BENDS SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON WITH RESTRAINED JOINTS.
 2. INFLUENT FORCE MAIN MUST BE NO MORE THAN 45° FROM PARALLEL WITH DOWNSTREAM FLOW DIRECTION.

5 FORCE MAIN DISCHARGE MANHOLE DETAIL
SCALE: N.T.S.

GENERAL SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

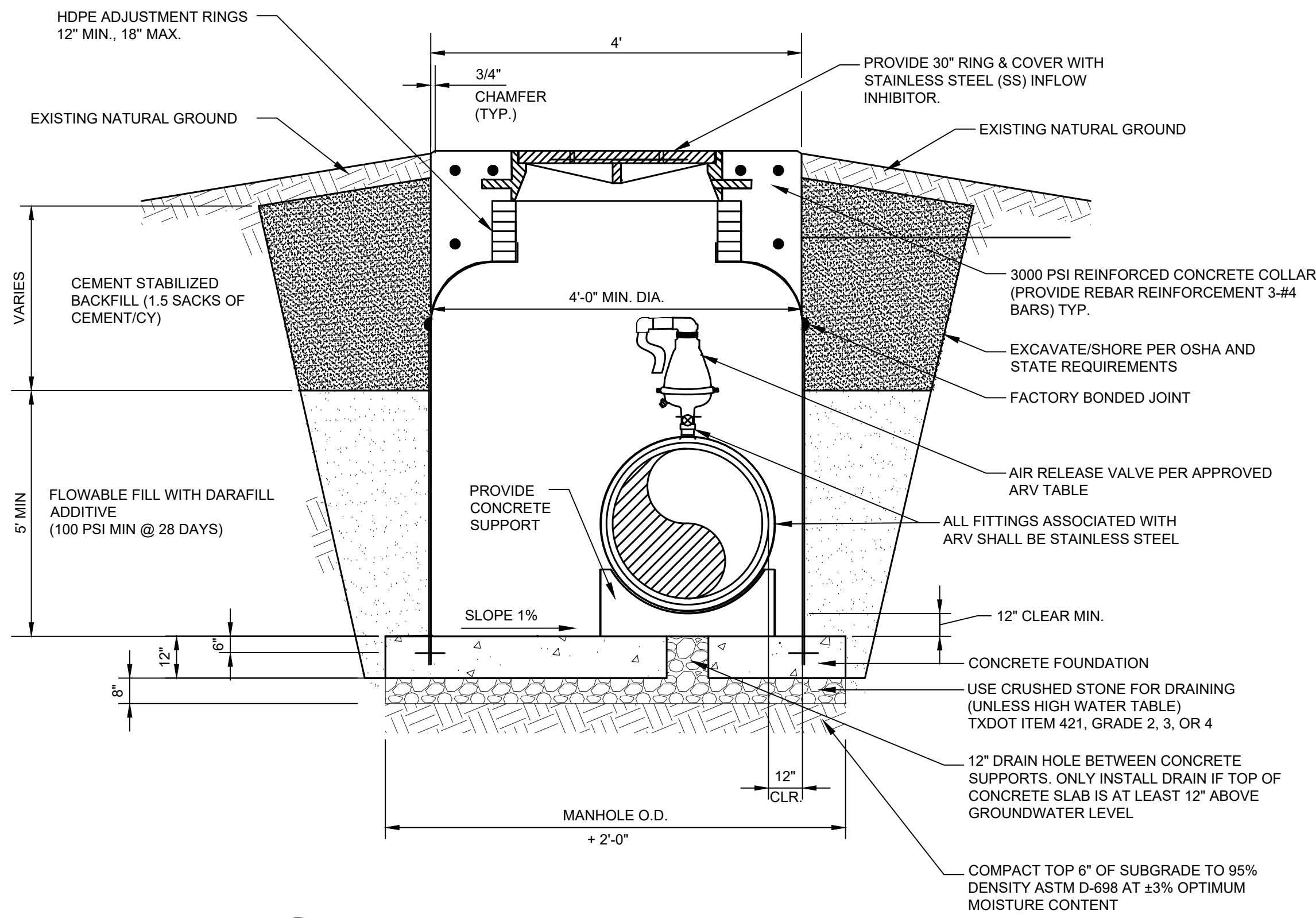
1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE SITE OF THE WORK AND EXAMINE LOCAL CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED, IMPROVEMENTS TO BE PROTECTED, AND PERMITS AND FEES TO BE REQUIRED, ALONG WITH OTHER RESEARCH THAT IS NECESSARY TO ENSURE THAT THE CONTRACTOR THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS THE PROJECT AND IS FULLY AWARE OF ALL THE CONDITIONS AND CONSTRAINTS THAT MAY BE ENCOUNTERED DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION.
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADHERE TO ALL TCEQ REGULATIONS PER 30 TAC CHAPTER 217 AND TRENCH SAFETY FOR EXCAVATIONS.
3. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL AND MUST ADHERE TO THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD).
4. ALL FIBERGLASS MANHOLES SHALL BE MONOLITHIC WITH 0.50" MINIMUM WALL THICKNESS. IF PROVIDED OR REQUIRED, FIBERGLASS BOTTOM SHALL BE DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND HYDROSTATIC HEAD PRESSURE UNDER ALL CONDITIONS.
5. THE MANHOLE WALL PENETRATIONS FOR PIPE (8"-15" DIAMETER PIPE) ABOVE THE FLOWLINE OF THE MANHOLE SHALL BE CORED AND SEALED WITH APPROVED SEAL GASKET WATER STOP ASSEMBLY.
6. FOR FIBERGLASS MANHOLES, THE MANHOLE FOUNDATION MAY BE PRECAST ON GROUND SURFACE. (PROCEDURE MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEERING SERVICES CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL.)
7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTIVE COATING ON ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES, INCLUDING CORBEL AREA, MANHOLE WALLS AND MANHOLE BENCH.
8. FOR FIBERGLASS MANHOLES WITH WATERTIGHT BOTTOM, ADHERE TO ALL MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS. FIBERGLASS BOTTOM AND BENCH MUST ALSO BE FACTORY INSTALLED.



**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

SANITARY SEWER STANDARD DETAILS I

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\C23-C25 - CDDC-Wastewater Std Details 4 sheets (2016-11-09).dwg LAYOUT NAME: SANITARY SEWER STANDARD DETAILS II - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:43pm USER: izerepda



1 AIR RELEASE VALVE AND MANHOLE
C12 C57 SCALE: N.T.S.

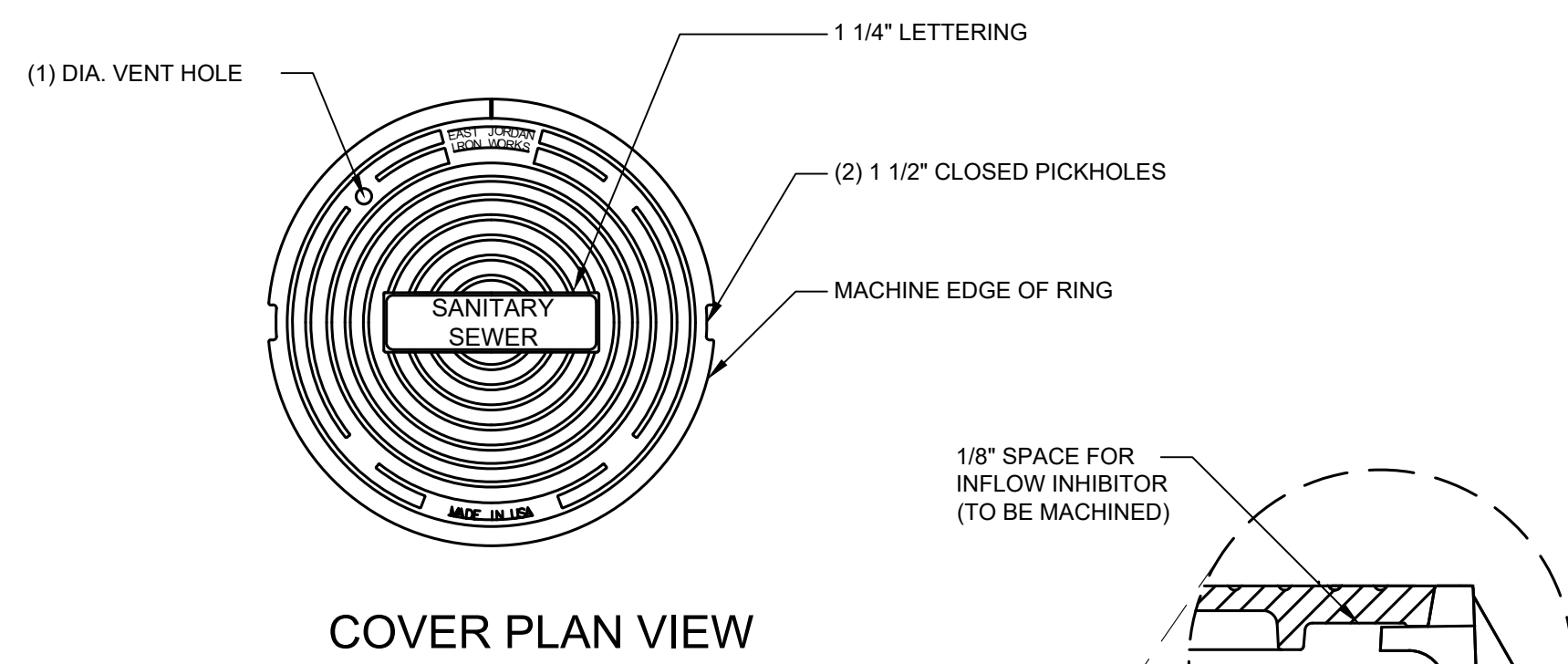
APPROVED ARVs		
MANUFACTURER	MODEL NAME	MATERIAL
A.R.I.	D-025 OR D-025 SHORT	316 SS
H-TEC	MODEL 986 (SS) AND 988	
VENT OMAT	MODEL RGXII (ST. STEEL)	
VALMATIC	VM 48AS OR VM 49AS	

ROADWAY MANHOLE RING AND COVER:

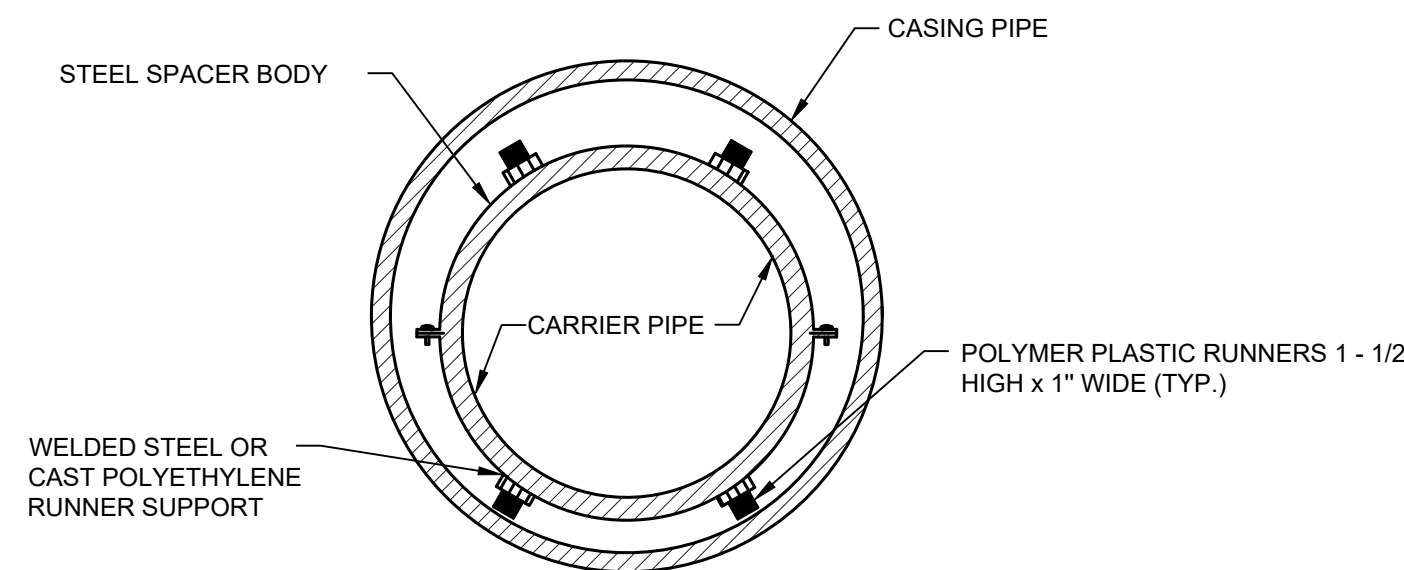
1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE STAINLESS STEEL (S.S.) INFLOW INHIBITOR WITH SS TETHER SECURED TO MANHOLE WALL, SUCH THAT THE INNER LID IS FLUSH WITH THE OUTER LID.
2. TRAFFIC SHALL BE RESTRICTED FROM MANHOLE FOR 48 HOURS AFTER THE PLACEMENT OF CONCRETE, AND COLLAR SHALL PROVIDE A SUFFICIENT, CLEAR OPENING TO ACCOMMODATE THE SPECIFIED MANHOLE COVER.
3. AASHTO-M-306 (LATEST REVISION) PROOF LOAD TESTING IS REQUIRED (40,000 LBS) AND MUST BE INSPECTED. PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, THE RESULTS OF THE TEST SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY.
4. THE MANUFACTURING FACILITIES FOR ALL PROVIDED RING AND COVER ASSEMBLIES SHALL MEET OR EXCEED ALL EPA ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS AND OSHA SAFETY STANDARDS. THE CASTINGS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM RECYCLED MATERIALS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE CERTIFICATION.

CLEAR OPENING	MANUFACTURER (1)	MODEL NUMBER*	INFLOW INHIBITOR
30"	EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS	COVER- V1430 FRAME- V1420	REQUIRED ON ALL INSTALLATIONS PER CITY SPECIFICATIONS
	U.S. FOUNDRY	COVER- #9210048 FRAME- #8021361	
	NEENAH FOUNDRY	DF-1274	

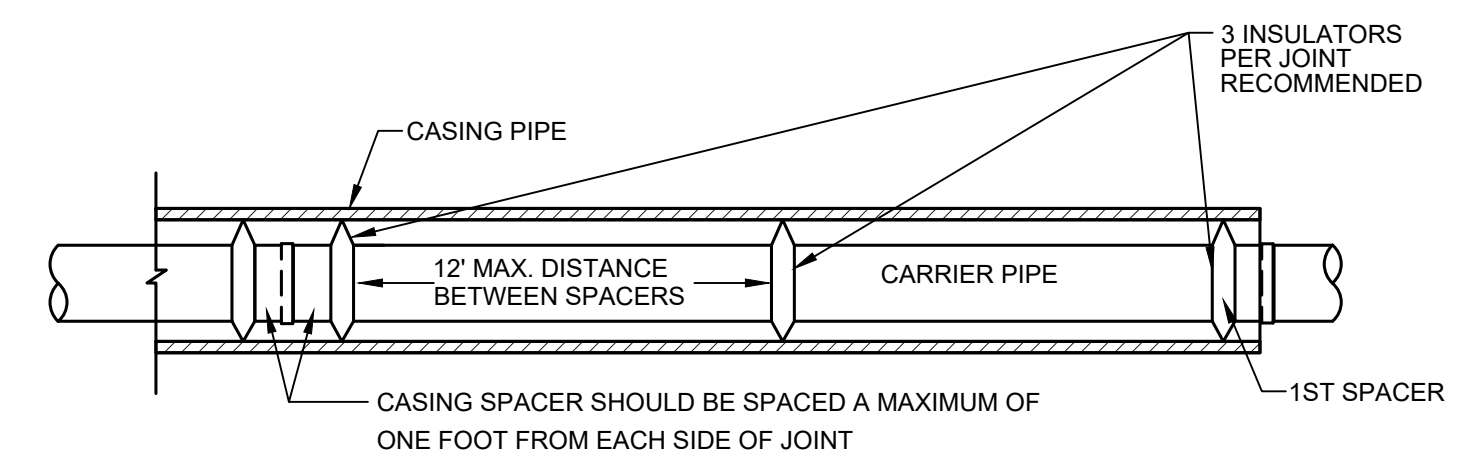
3 RING & COVER APPROVED LIST
C57 C57



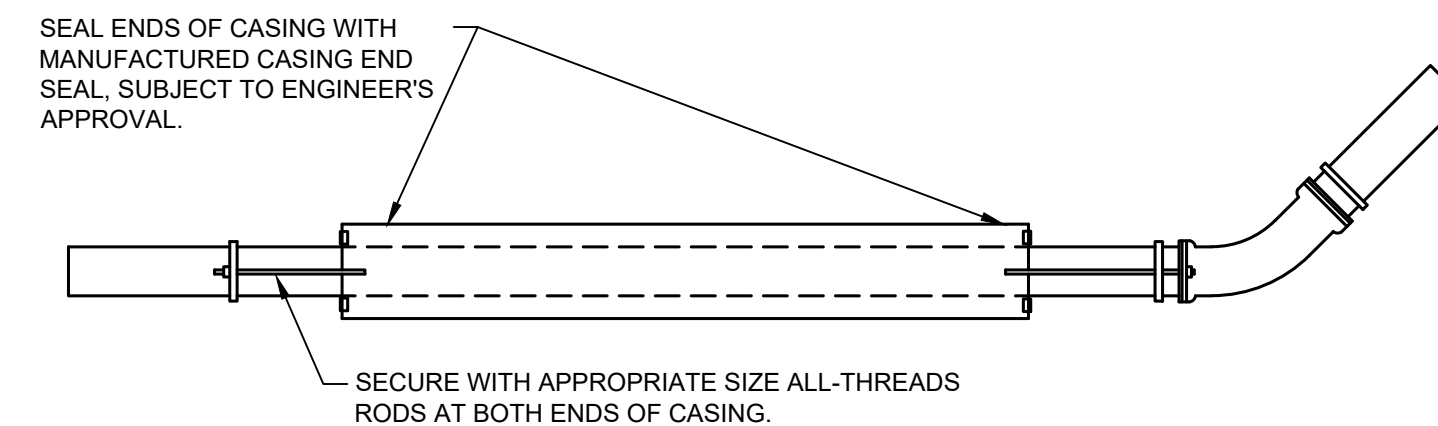
2 SECTION OF RING & COVER
C57 C57 SCALE: N.T.S.



4 PIPE INSULATION DETAIL
C57 C57 SCALE: N.T.S.



5 INSULATOR SPACING DETAIL
C57 C57 SCALE: N.T.S.



NOTE:
CASING SHALL BE STEEL.

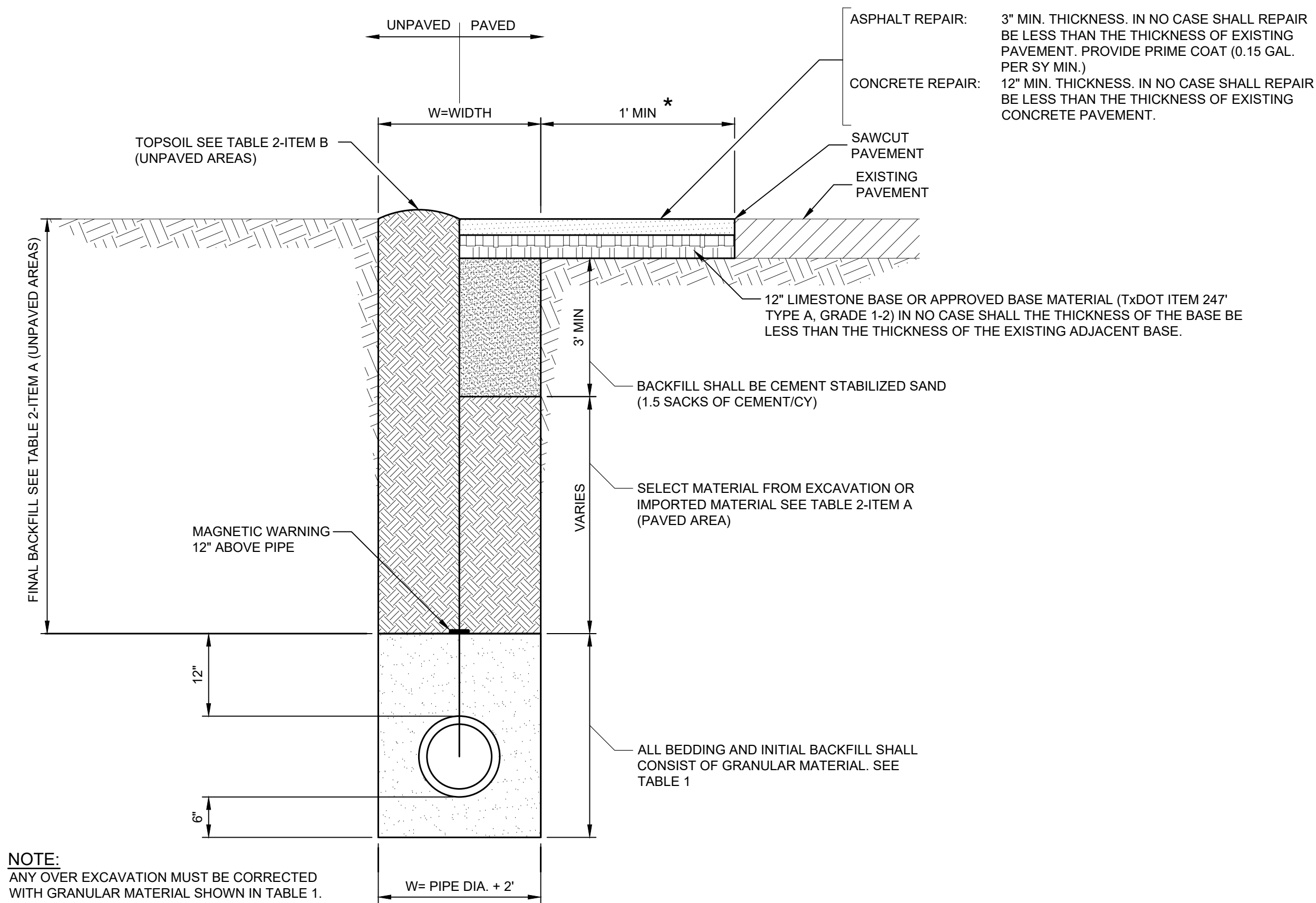
6 TYPICAL CASING DETAIL
C57 C57 SCALE: N.T.S.



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

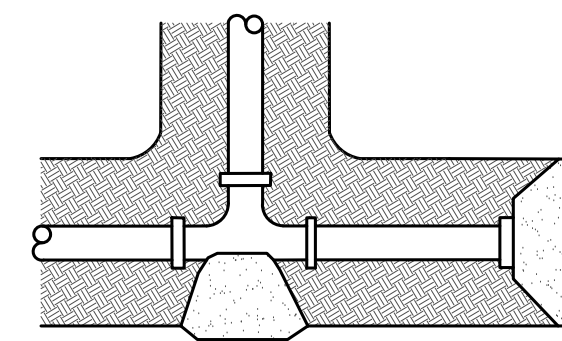
SANITARY SEWER STANDARD DETAILS II

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - CCCC-Wastewater Std Details 4_sheets (2016-11-09).dwg LAYOUT NAME: SANITARY SEWER STANDARD DETAILS III - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:43pm USER: lzepeda

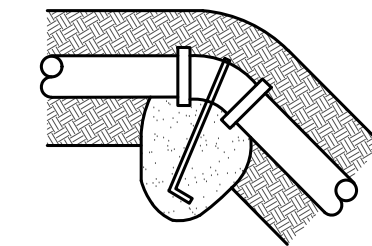


1 TRENCH BACKFILL FOR SANITARY SEWER LINE
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

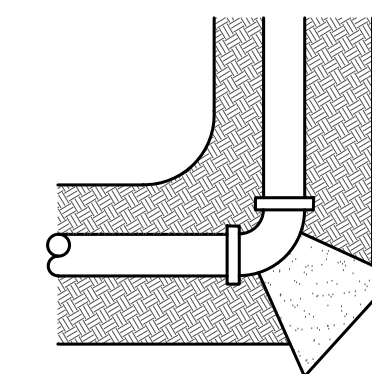
THRUST BLOCK SIZE			
HORIZONTAL BENDS			
DIAMETER OF PIPE IN INCHES	SURFACE AREA SQ. FT.	THICKNESS IN INCHES	WEIGHT AT VERTICAL BENDS-LBS
22-1/2" BENDS			
6 OR LESS	2	8	1,700
8	3	12	3,000
10	3.5	12	4,500
12	4	14	6,600
45° BEND			
6 OR LESS	4	12	3,200
8	5	14	5,800
10	6	18	9,000
12	7	18	13,000
90° BEND			
6 OR LESS	6	12	6,000
8	8	15	10,700
10	10	18	16,700
12	12	18	24,000
TEES & DEAD ENDS			
6 OR LESS			
8		15	
10	6	18	



TEES & DEAD ENDS



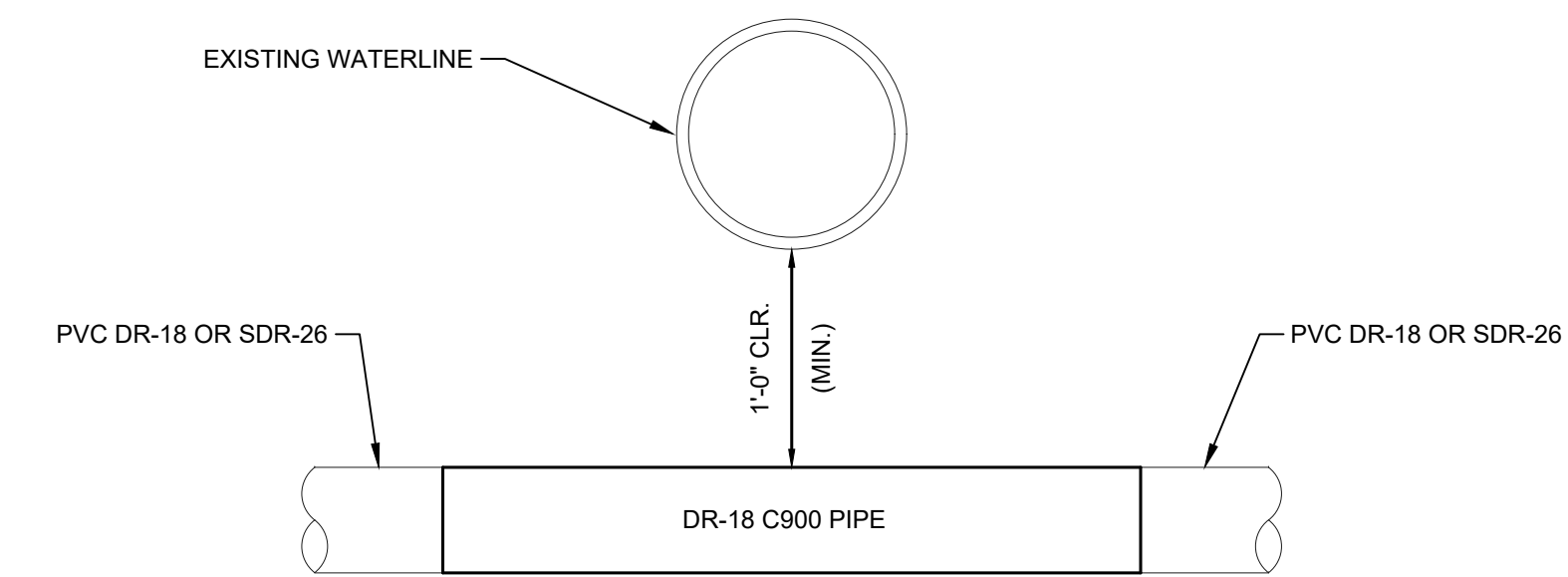
VERTICAL BENDS



HORIZONTAL BENDS

NOTE: SEE THRUST BLOCK SIZE CHART FOR PROPER THICKNESS AND SURFACE AREAS

7 THRUST BLOCK DETAILS
SCALE: N.T.S.



NOTE:
20 FT. SECTION OF SANITARY SEWER PVC PRESSURE PIPE WITH APPROPRIATE ADAPTERS SHALL BE CENTERED UNDER THE WATERLINE

3 UTILITY CROSSING DETAIL
SCALE: 3/4" = 1'-0"

GENERAL NOTES FOR BACKFILL

TABLE 1 BEDDING AND INITIAL BACKFILL (BELOW PIPE TO 12" ABOVE PIPE)	TABLE 2 FINAL BACKFILL (GREATER THAN 12" ABOVE PIPE)																				
	UNPAVED AREAS																				
ALL BEDDING AND INITIAL BACKFILL SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING OR REFER TO DESIGN ENGINEER REQUIREMENTS: GRANULAR BACKFILL CONSISTING OF EITHER NATURAL SAND OR SANDY GRAVEL, OR MATERIAL PRODUCED BY CRUSHING OF NATURAL STONE OR GRAVEL.	<p>A. FROM 12" ABOVE PIPE TO BOTTOM OF TOPSOIL BACKFILL SHALL BE APPROVED SELECT MATERIAL FROM THE EXCAVATION OR IMPORTED MATERIAL; ALL TO BE FREE OF ROCKS, DEBRIS, OR ANY CLUMPS GREATER THAN 2" IN DIAMETER; LOOSE LIFTS TO BE PLACED 10" MAX.</p> <p>COMPACT MATERIAL TO 95% STD. PROCTOR (D698).</p> <p>MOISTURE TO BE ADJUSTED TO ± 3% OF OPTIMUM.</p> <p>B. TOPSOIL TO BE PROVIDED EQUAL OR BETTER THAN EXISTING; AND MATCH EXISTING TOPSOIL DEPTH. COMPACT TO EXISTING ADJACENT TOPSOIL THICKNESS. (CONSTRUCTION TO BE PERFORMED BY "DOUBLE DITCH" METHOD-TOP SOIL SALVAGED TO BE PLACED ON TOP)</p>																				
<p>1. EXCAVATIONS <20 FT. DEEP AND ABOVE WATER TABLE, USE MATERIAL MEETING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA.</p> <p>MEETING REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D2487 FOR:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>SP</td> <td>GP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SW</td> <td>GW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SP-SM</td> <td>GP-GM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SW-SM</td> <td>GW-GM</td> </tr> </table> <p>AND IN ADDITION:</p> <p>PASSING 1/2" SIEVE - 100%</p> <p>PASSING #4 SIEVE - 30% MINIMUM</p> <p>PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) - NP TO 10 MAX.</p> <p>2. IN DEEP EXCAVATIONS (>20') OR BELOW WATER TABLE, USE CRUSHED STONE OR CRUSHED GRAVEL MEETING GRADATION OF:</p> <p>A. CONCRETE COARSE AGGREGATE; TXDOT ITEM 421; GRADE 2, 3, OR 4.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>B. CRUSHED LIMESTONE PER TXDOT ITEM 421 GRADE 2, 3, OR 4.</p>	SP	GP	SW	GW	SP-SM	GP-GM	SW-SM	GW-GM	<p>A. FROM 12" ABOVE PIPE TO 3' BELOW BOTTOM OF ROAD BASE. BACKFILL SHALL BE SELECT MATERIAL FROM EXCAVATION OR IMPORTED MATERIAL. IN EITHER CASE, ALL MATERIAL SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING:</p> <p>LL<35</p> <p>PI 8-20</p> <p>NO CLUMPS > 2" DIA.</p> <p>MOISTURE - 1 TO +3%</p> <p>COMPACT 95% D698 STD PROCTOR</p> <p>LOOSE LIFTS OF 12" MAX OR IF SELECT MATERIAL FROM EXCAVATION DOES NOT MEET REQUIREMENTS, THEN USE CEMENT STABILIZED SAND. SEE TABLE 2-ITEM B BELOW.</p> <p>B. FROM 3' BELOW BOTTOM OF ROAD BASE TO BOTTOM OF ROAD BASE:</p> <p>BACKFILL SHALL BE CEMENT STABILIZED SAND (1.5 SK.C.Y.) AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:</p> <p>SAND GRADATION:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>% PASSING</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>#4</td> <td>55-100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>#10</td> <td>40-100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>#40</td> <td>25-100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>#200</td> <td>10-20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PI</td> <td>NP-10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>COMPACT TO 95% OF D588. MOISTURE TO BE ADJUSTED TO (+/-2%) OF OPTIMUM.</p>	% PASSING		#4	55-100	#10	40-100	#40	25-100	#200	10-20	PI	NP-10
SP	GP																				
SW	GW																				
SP-SM	GP-GM																				
SW-SM	GW-GM																				
% PASSING																					
#4	55-100																				
#10	40-100																				
#40	25-100																				
#200	10-20																				
PI	NP-10																				

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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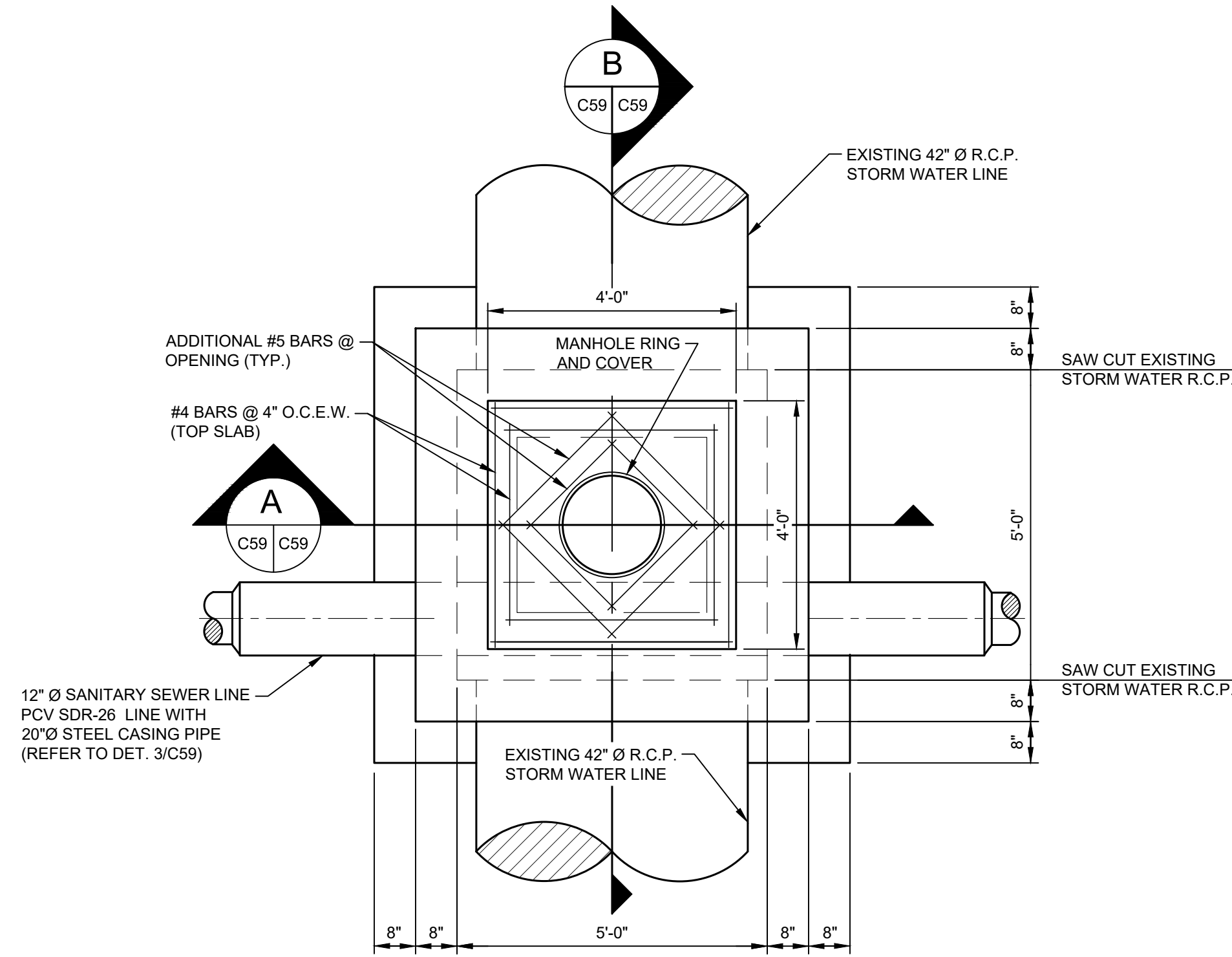
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

SANITARY SEWER STANDARD DETAILS III

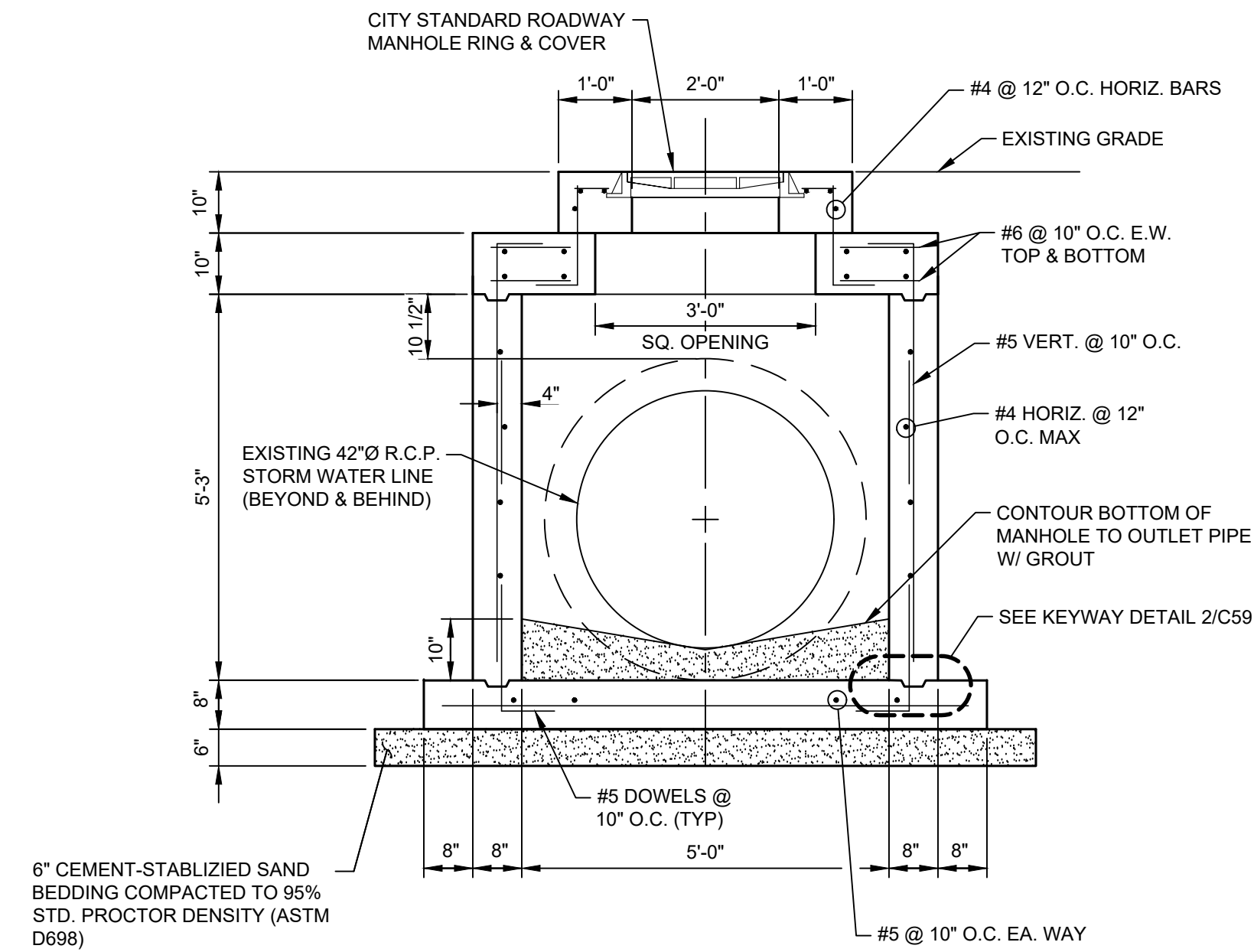
DRAWING NO.
C58

SHEET 59 of 90

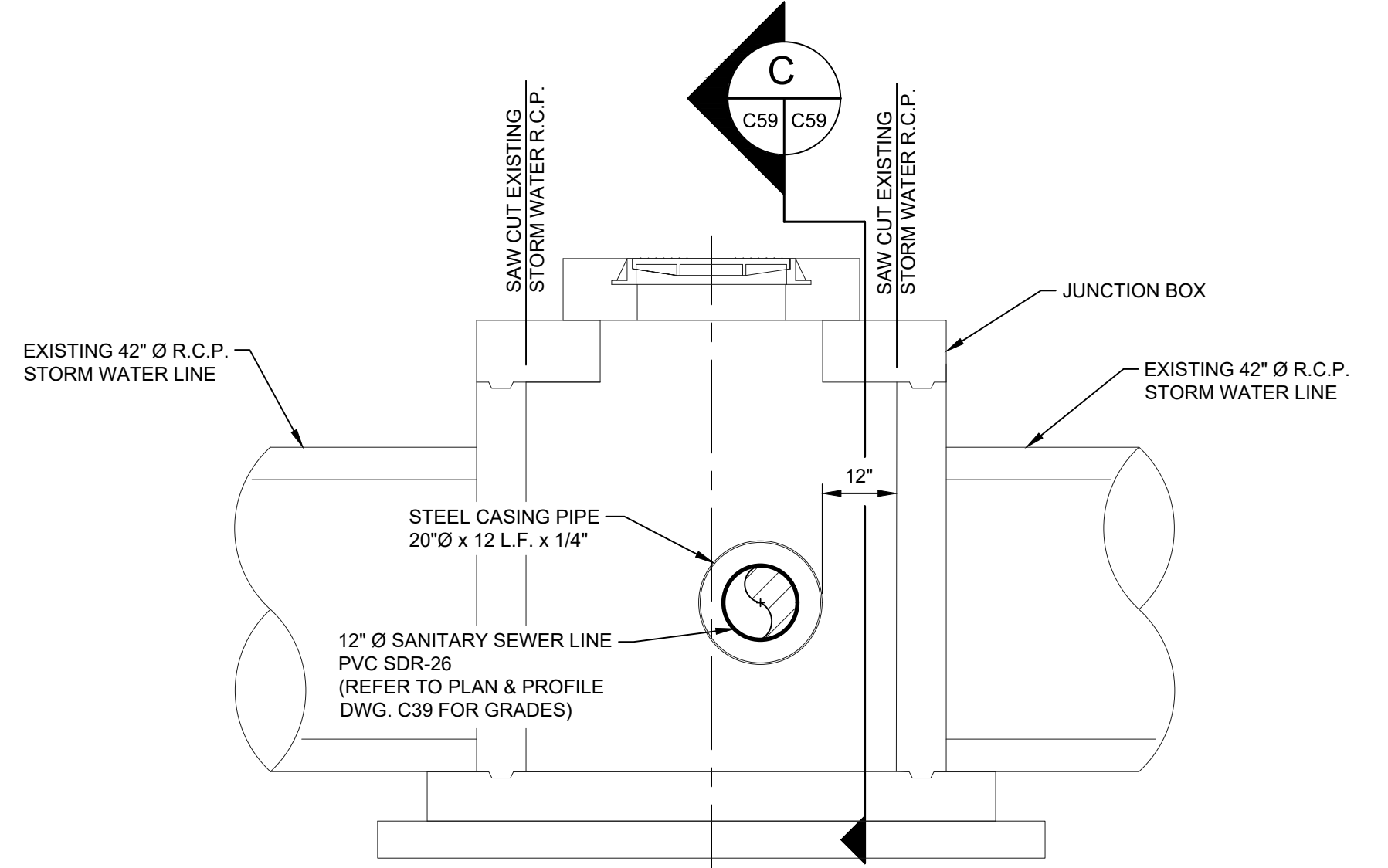
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C59 STORM JUNCTION BOX WITH SS CROSSING.dwg LAYOUT NAME: STORM JUNCTION BOX WITH SANITARY SEWER CROSSING PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:43pm USER: izepeda



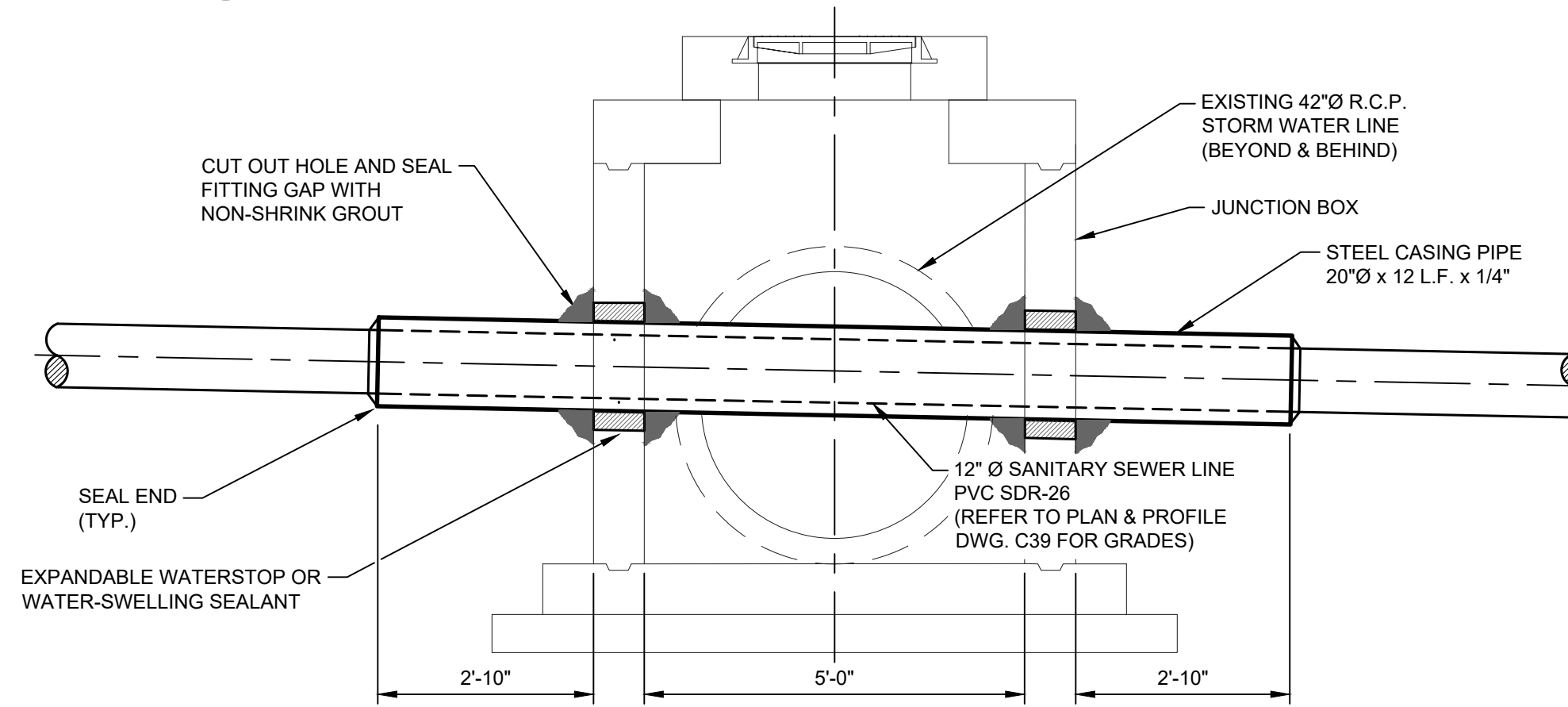
1 JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING I PLAN
C59 C59 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"



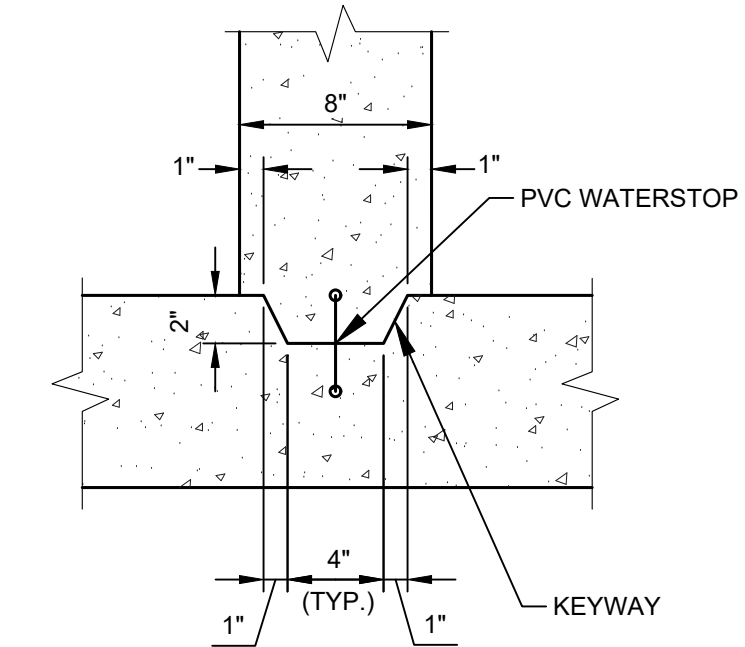
A JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING I SECTION
C59 C59 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"



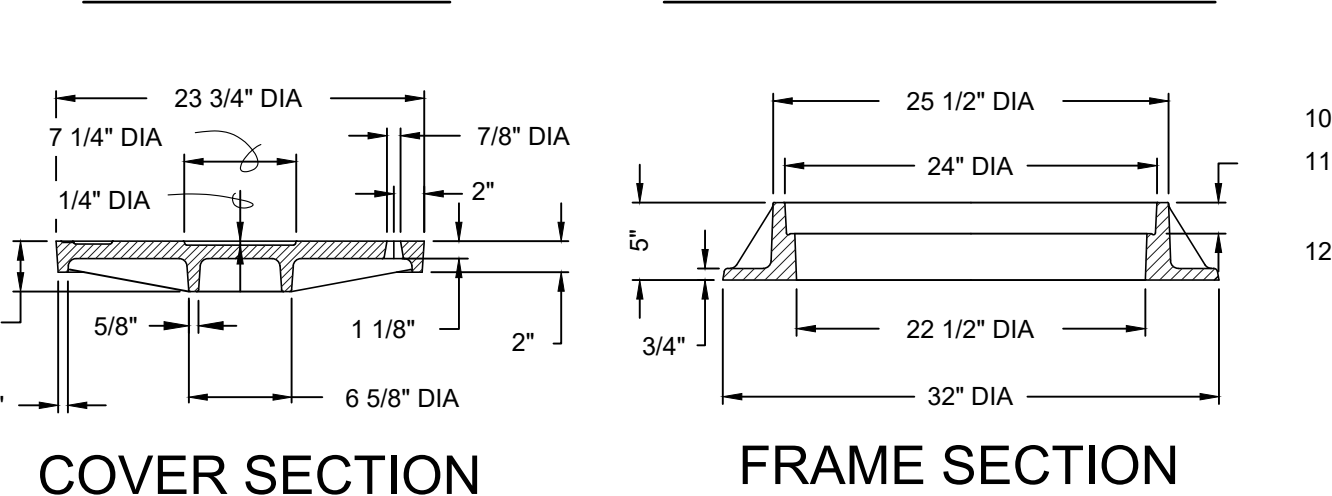
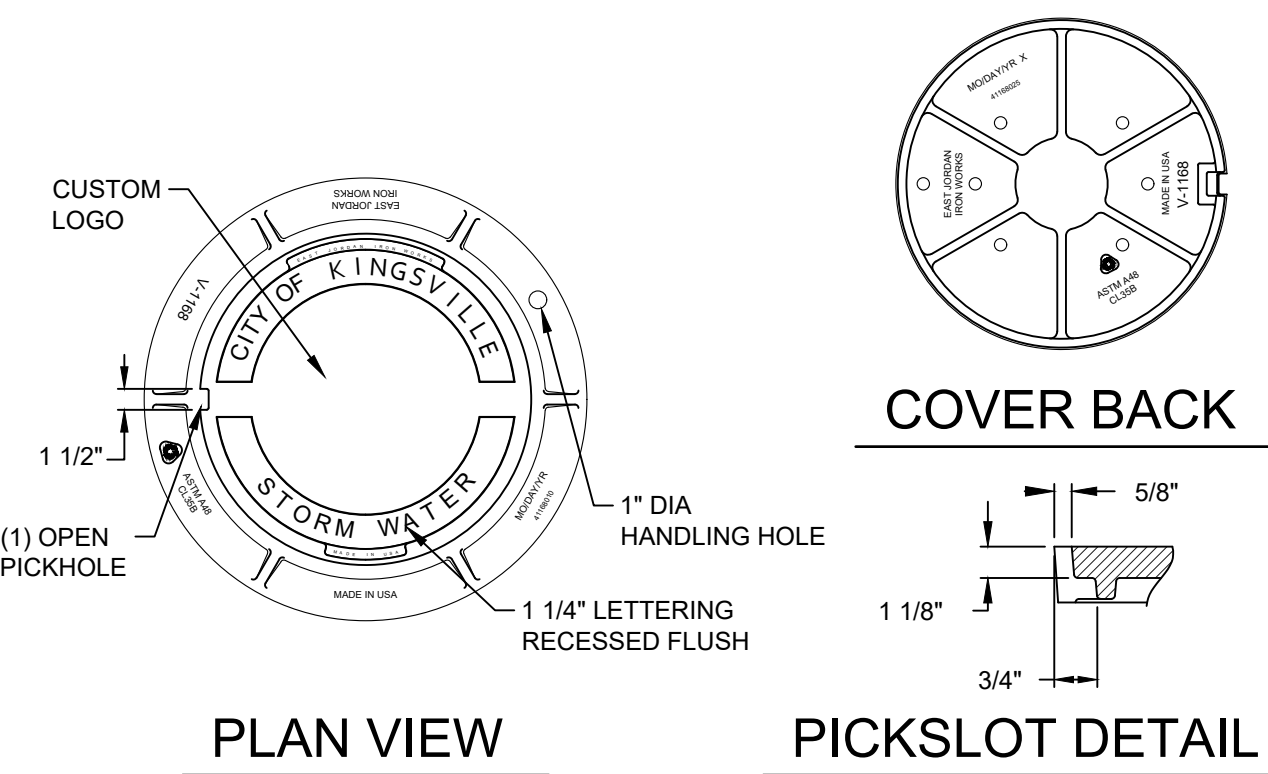
B SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING THROUGH JUNCTION BOX
C59 C59 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"



C SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING JUNCTION BOX SECTION
C59 C59 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"



2 KEYWAY DETAIL
C59 C59 SCALE: 1-1/2" = 1'-0"



3 JUNCTION BOX RING & COVER CASTING DETAIL
C59 C59 SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

GENERAL NOTES FOR CONCRETE JUNCTION BOX:

1. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A".
2. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE GRADE 60.
3. DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTERS OF BARS.
4. VERTICAL STEEL MAY BE SPLICED (15" MIN. LAP) IN THE LOWER ONE-HALF OF ALL INLET WALLS.
5. IN AREAS OF CONFLICT BETWEEN REINFORCING STEEL, PIPES AND MANHOLE FRAME, THE REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE BENT OR ADJUSTED TO CLEAR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
6. CHAMFER ALL EXPOSED EDGES 3/4".
7. PROVIDE MANHOLE RING AND COVER FOR JUNCTION BOX.
8. THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE ALTERNATE PROCEDURES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INLETS AND MANHOLES, INCLUDING PRECAST UNITS. PLANS FOR SUCH PROPOSED ALTERNATES SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BEFORE CONSTRUCTION. PRECAST MANHOLE WITHIN THE ROADWAY SHALL BE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT HS 20 TRAFFIC LOADING AND SEALED BY A LICENSED ENGINEER.
9. ALL INLET WALLS SHALL BE FORMED EXCEPT WHERE THE NATURE OF THE SURROUNDING MATERIAL IS SUCH THAT IT CAN BE TRIMMED TO A SMOOTH VERTICAL FACE. WHEN INLET WALLS ARE PLACED TO NEAT EXCAVATION LINES THE WALL THICKNESS SHALL NOT EXCEED 10 INCHES. PAYMENT FOR INLET AT THE CONTRACT PRICE SHALL INCLUDE THE TRANSITION CURB.
10. INVERT OF INLET SHALL BE SLOPED 1:20 WITH GROUT.
11. NO SPLICING OF REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE PERMITTED EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS OR PERMITTED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER.
12. STEEL CASING SUBSIDIARY TO JUNCTION BOX.

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



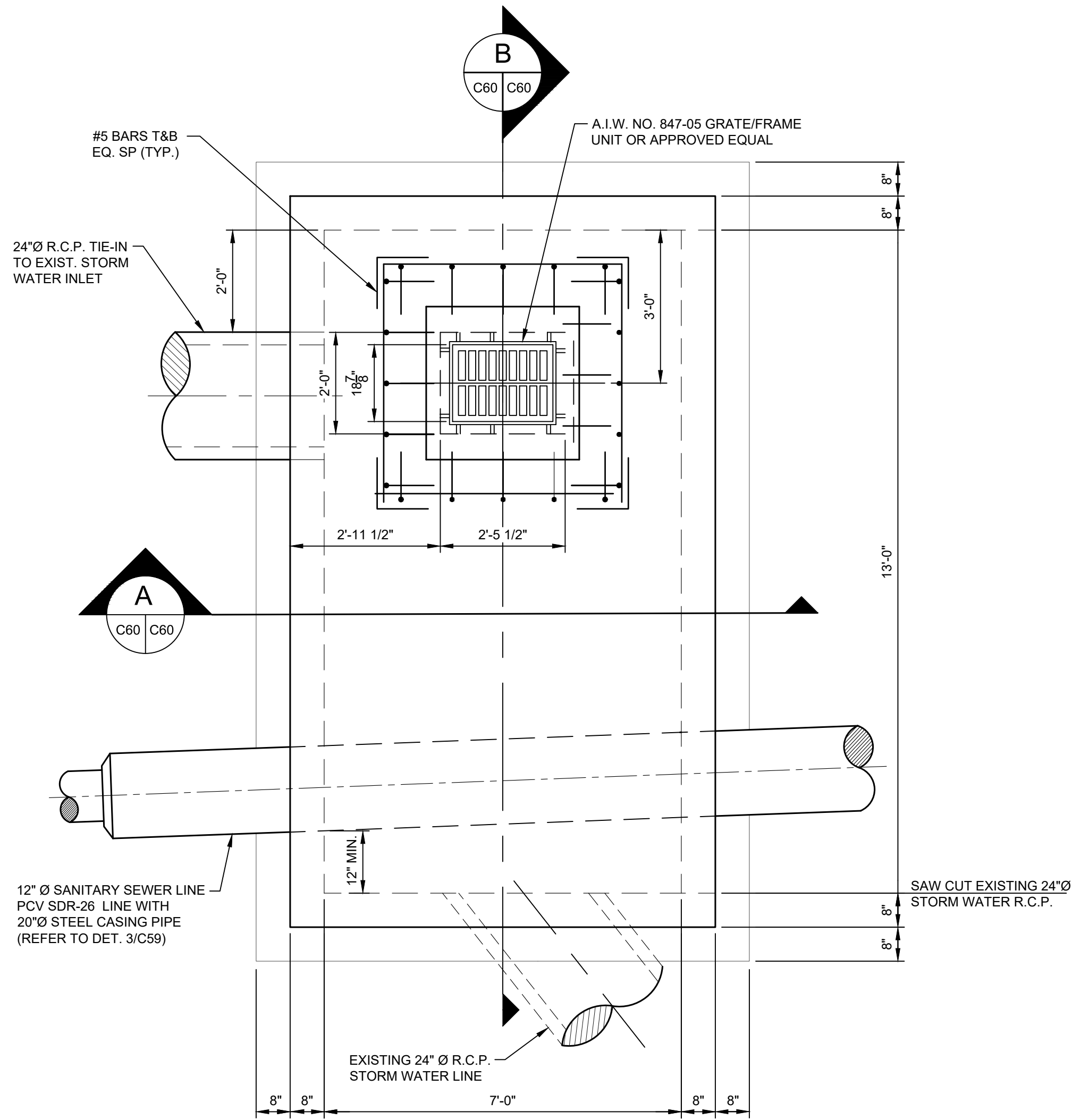
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261 SARATOGA BLVD.
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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



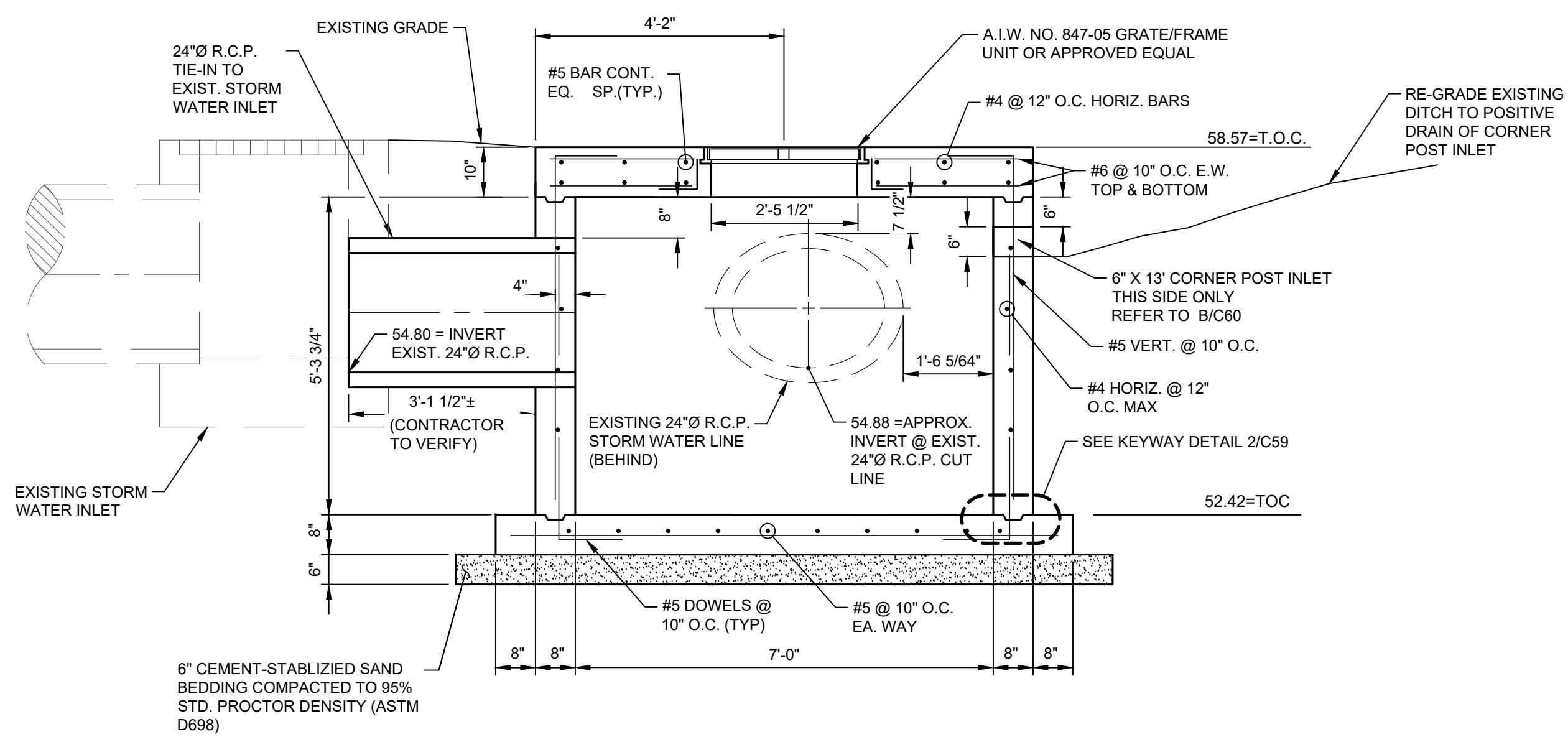
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
JUNCTION BOX WITH SANITARY SEWER CROSSING I

DESCRIPTION
BY
DATE
REVISION NO.
DRAWING NO. **C59**
SHEET 60 of 90

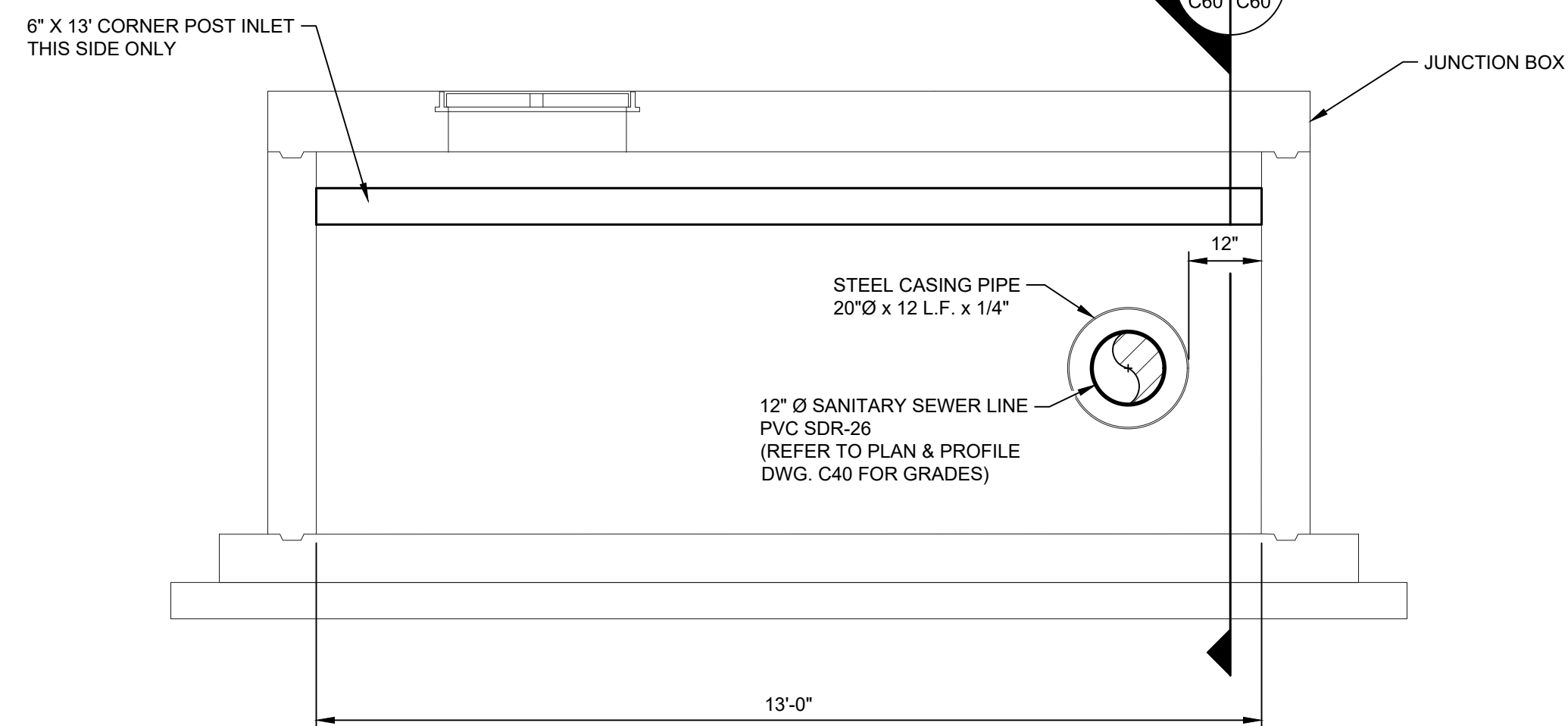
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C59-STORM JUNCTION BOX WITH SANITARY SEWER CROSSING (2) - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:43pm USER: lzspeda



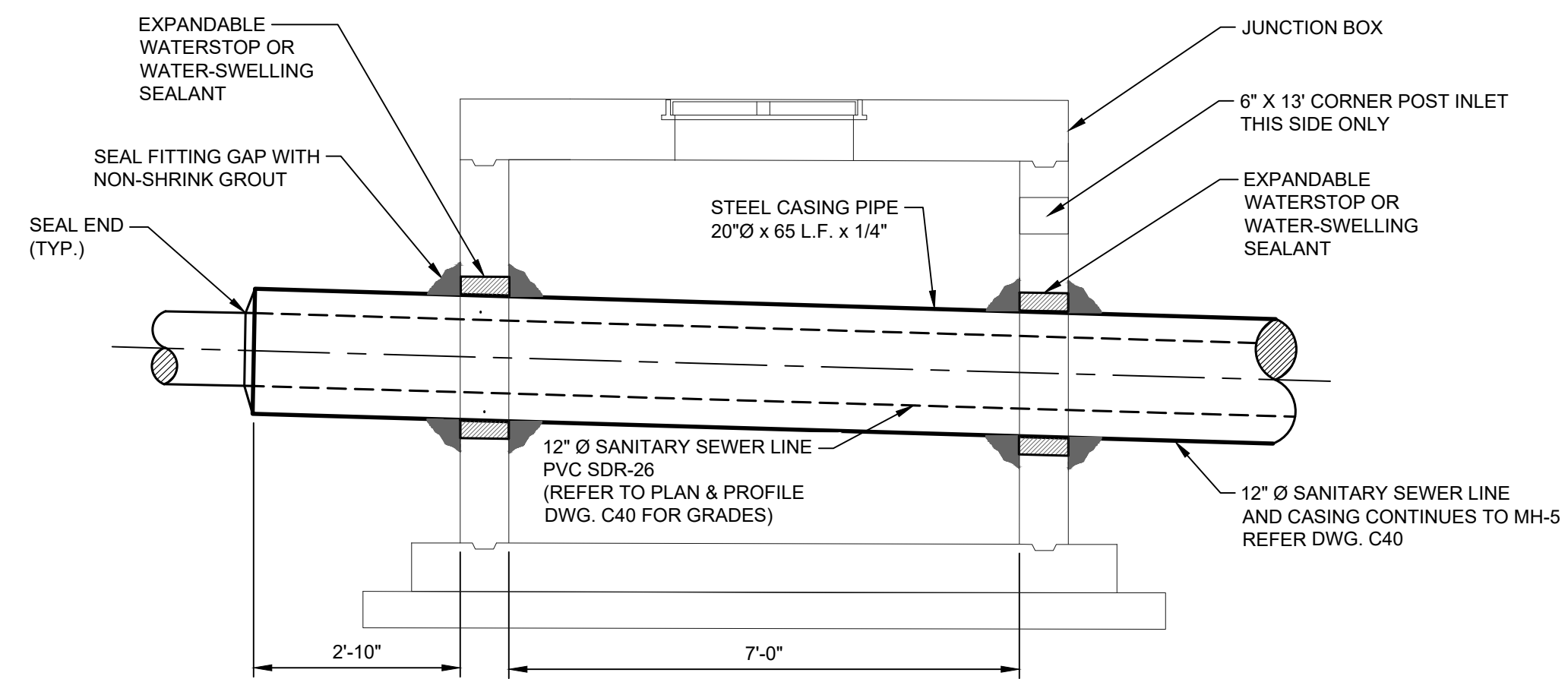
1 JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING II PLAN
 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"
 C40 C60



A JUNCTION BOX W/ SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING II SECTION
 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"
 C60 C60



B SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING THROUGH JUNCTION BOX
 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"
 C60 C60



C SANITARY SEWER LINE CROSSING JUNCTION BOX SECTION
 SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"
 C60 C60

GENERAL NOTES FOR CONCRETE JUNCTION BOX:

1. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A".
2. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE GRADE 60.
3. DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTERS OF BARS.
4. VERTICAL STEEL MAY BE SPLICED (15" MIN. LAP) IN THE LOWER ONE-HALF OF ALL INLET WALLS.
5. IN AREAS OF CONFLICT BETWEEN REINFORCING STEEL, PIPES AND MANHOLE FRAME, THE REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE BENT OR ADJUSTED TO CLEAR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
6. CHAMFER ALL EXPOSED EDGES 3/4".
7. PROVIDE MANHOLE RING AND COVER FOR JUNCTION BOX.
8. THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE ALTERNATE PROCEDURES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF INLETS AND MANHOLES, INCLUDING PRECAST UNITS. PLANS FOR SUCH PROPOSED ALTERNATES SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BEFORE CONSTRUCTION. PRECAST MANHOLE WITHIN THE ROADWAY SHALL BE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT HS 20 TRAFFIC LOADING AND SEALED BY A LICENSED ENGINEER.
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10. INVERT OF INLET SHALL BE SLOPED 1:20 WITH GROUT.
11. NO SPLICING OF REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE PERMITTED EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS OR PERMITTED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER.
12. STEEL CASING SUBSIDIARY TO JUNCTION BOX.

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
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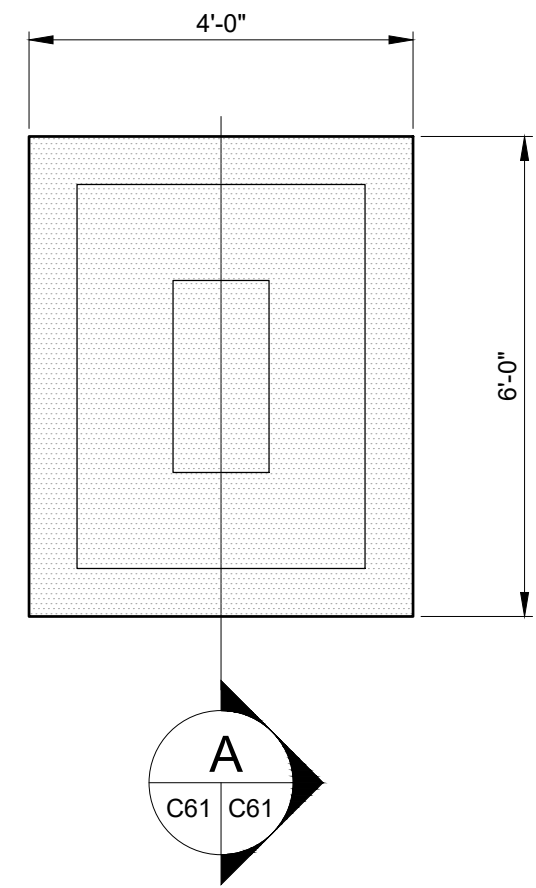


CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
JUNCTION BOX WITH SANITARY SEWER CROSSING II

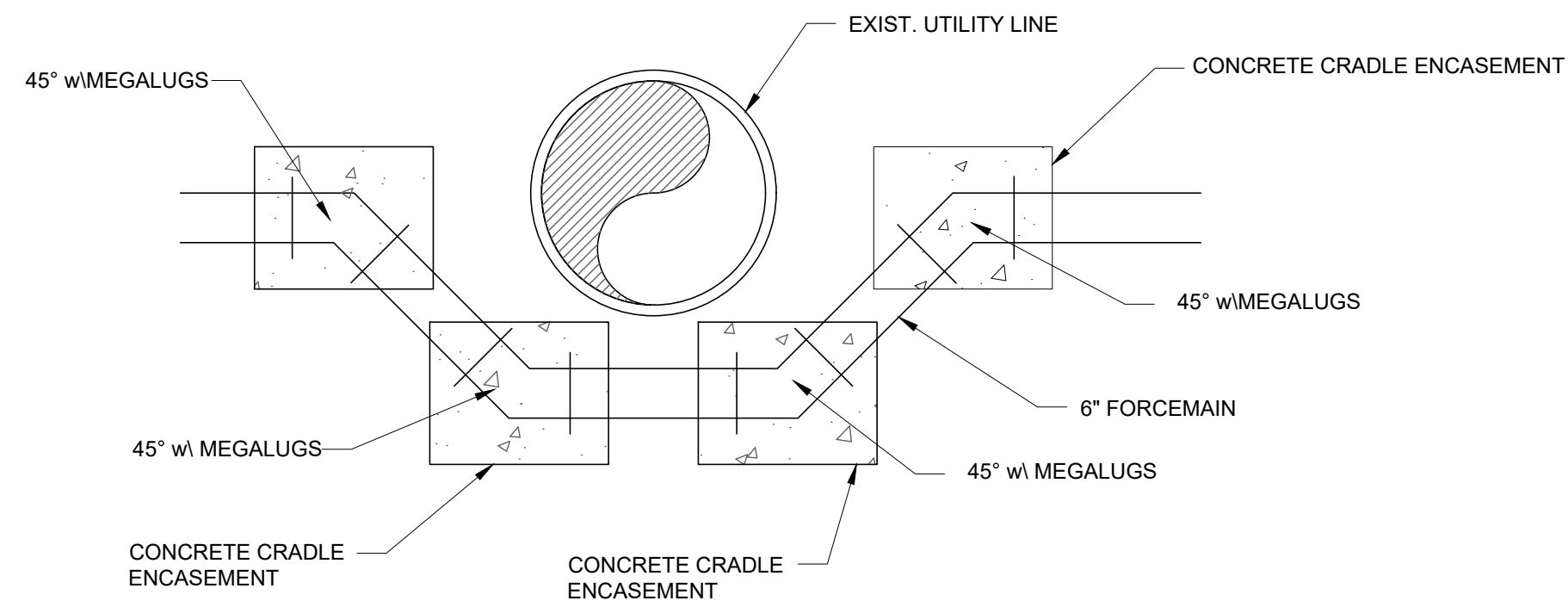
DRAWING NO.
C60
 SHEET 61 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

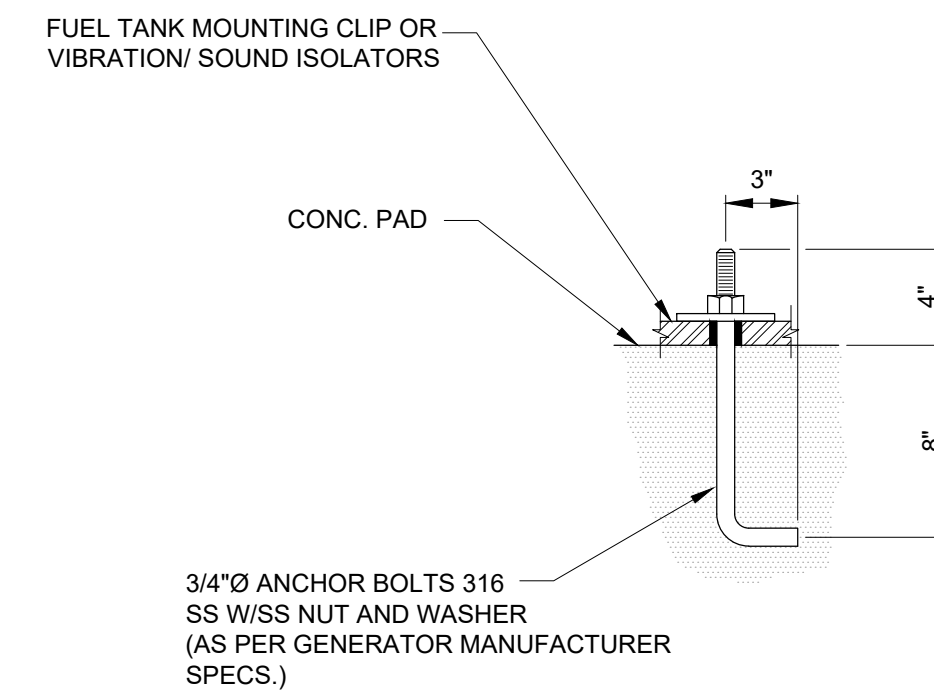
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C63-CONCRETE-SLAB-DETAILS.dwg LAYOUT NAME: CONCRETE SLAB DETAILS PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:44pm USER: lizepedro



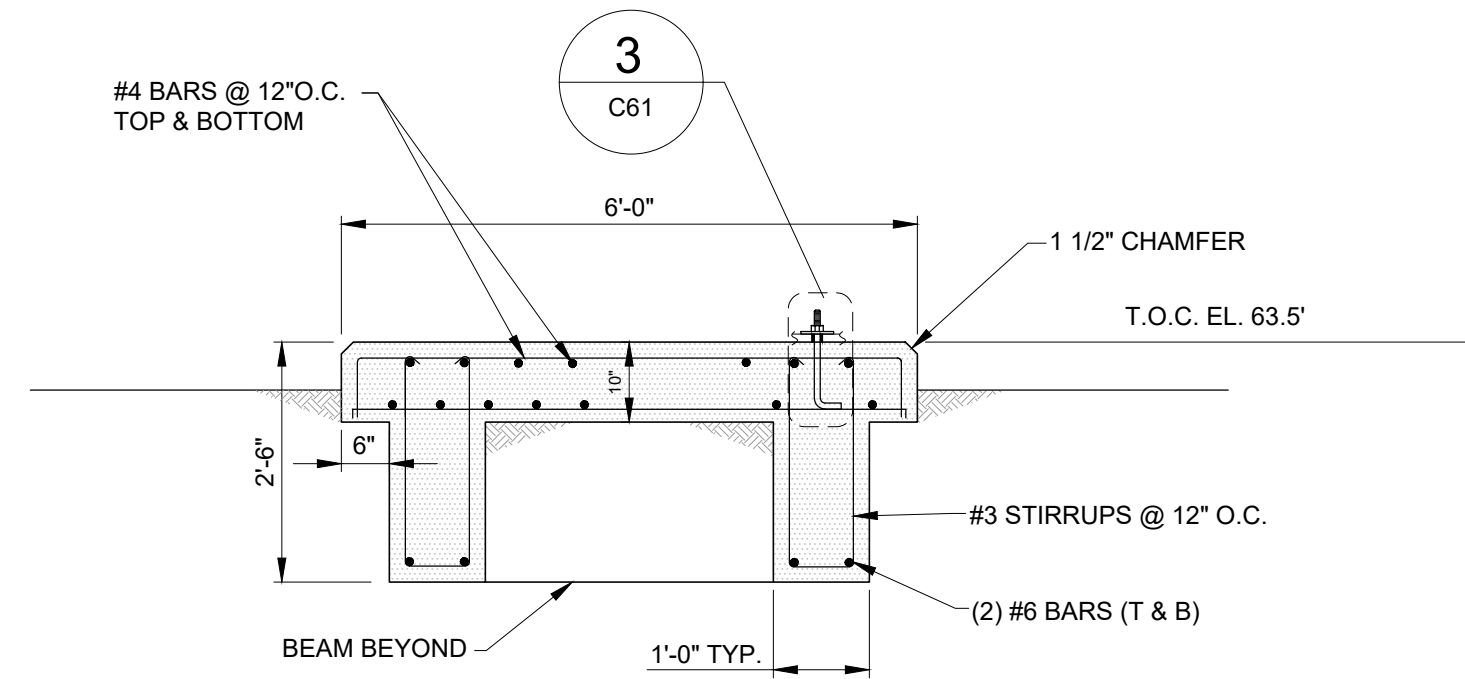
1 CONC. GENERATOR PAD PLAN
 C61 C61 SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0"



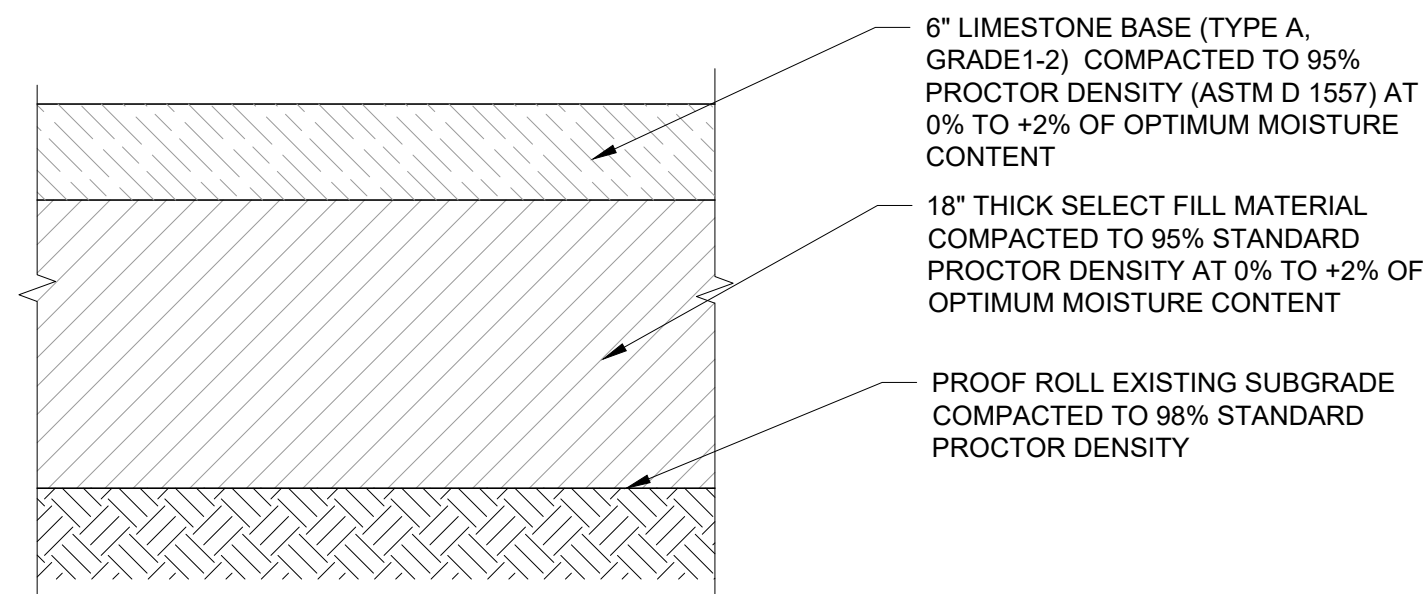
2 FORCE MAIN CROSSING UNDER STORM LINE
 C61 C61 SCALE: N.T.S.



3 ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL
 C61 C61 SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



A CONC. GENERATOR PAD SECTION
 C61 C61 SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0"



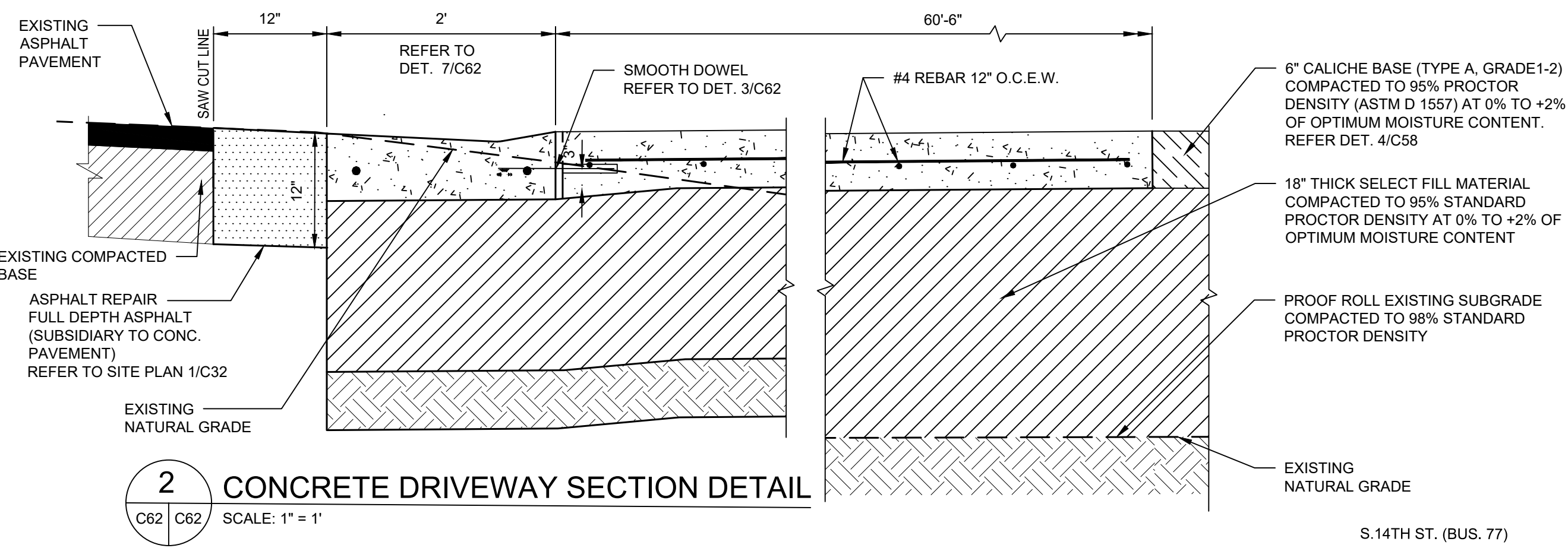
4 6" LIMESTONE PAD DETAIL
 C61 C61 SCALE: 1"=1'-0"

CONCRETE NOTES:

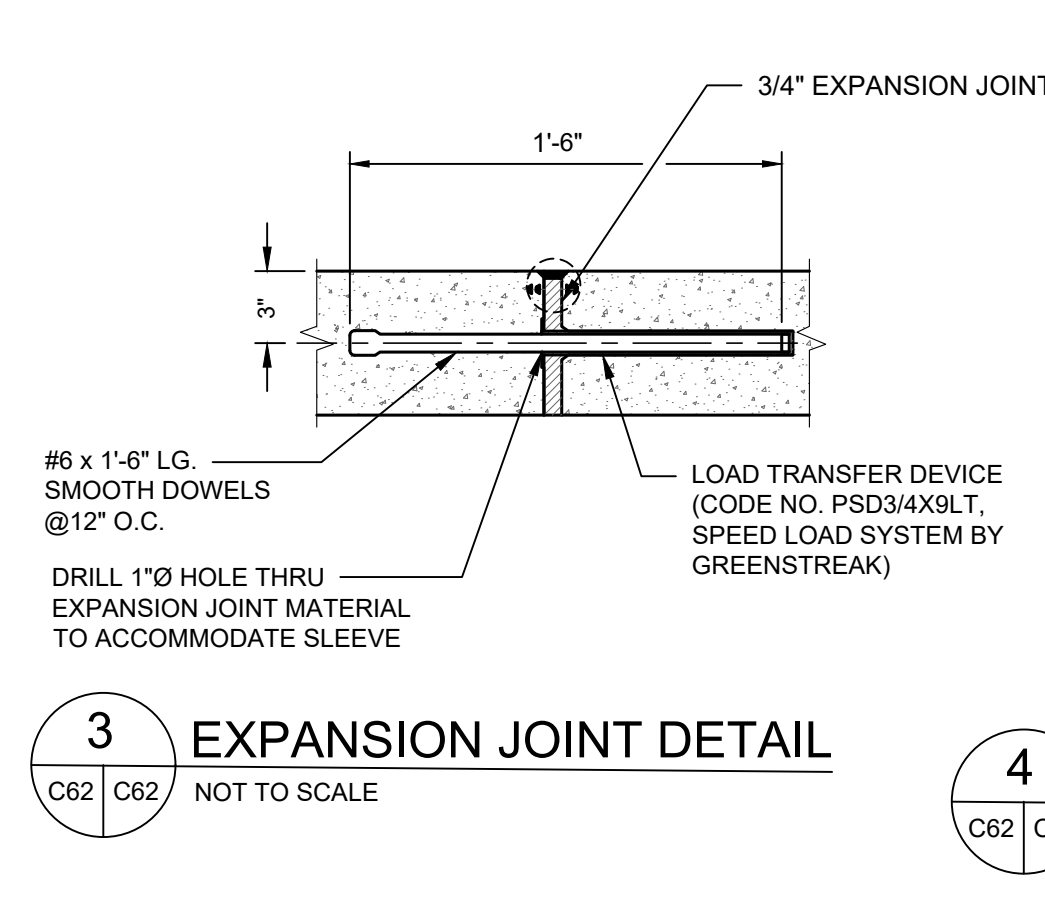
- ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 P.S.I. AT 28 DAYS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE DESIGNED, MIXED, TRANSPORTED AND PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST SPECIFICATIONS OF THE AMERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE (ACI).
- MAXIMUM SIZE OF COARSE AGGREGATE SHALL BE 1-1/2" AND FINE AGGREGATE SHALL BE CLEAN WITHOUT ANY CLAY PARTICLES.
- ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE AIR ENTRAINED, CONFORMING TO ASTM C-260 MINIMUM AIR CONTENT, 6%. ANY OTHER ADDITIVES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PRIOR APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER.
- REINFORCEMENT: ASTM A 615, GRADE 60.
- LAPS AND SPLICES: MINIMUM 30 BAR DIAMETERS OF LARGER DIAMETER BAR. STAGGER ADJACENT BAR SPLICES MIN. 24".
- REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE SECURELY SUPPORTED TO PREVENT BOTH VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT DURING PLACING OF CONCRETE.
- TOP OF CONCRETE ELEVATION FOR CONCRETE GENERATOR PAD TO BE AT LEAST 63.5'.

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INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS	
DRAWING NO.	
C61	
SHEET 62 of 90	

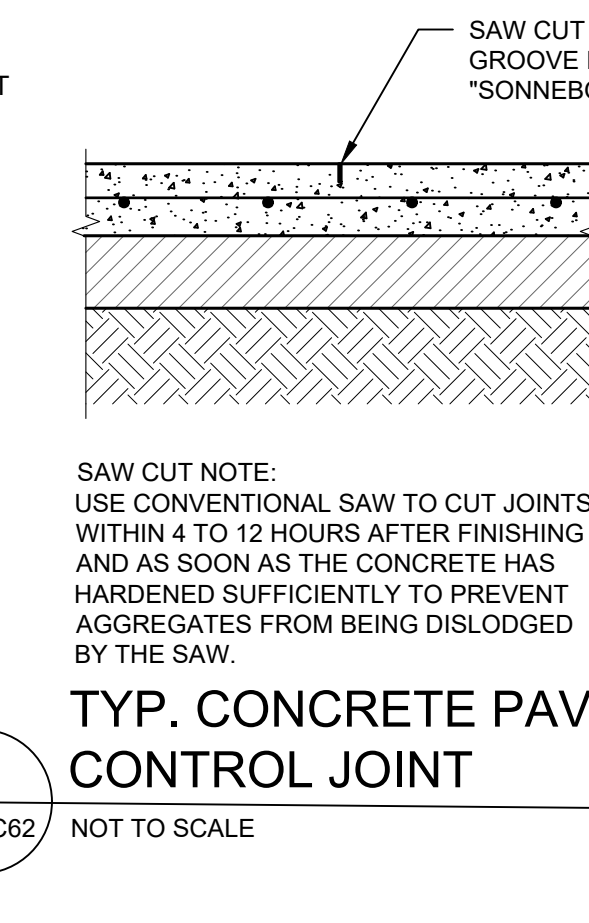
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-LOC01 - MW 14TH ST\1 - Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\C64 DRIVEWAY DETAIL.dwg LAYOUT NAME: DRIVEWAY DETAIL PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:44pm USER: lrepreto



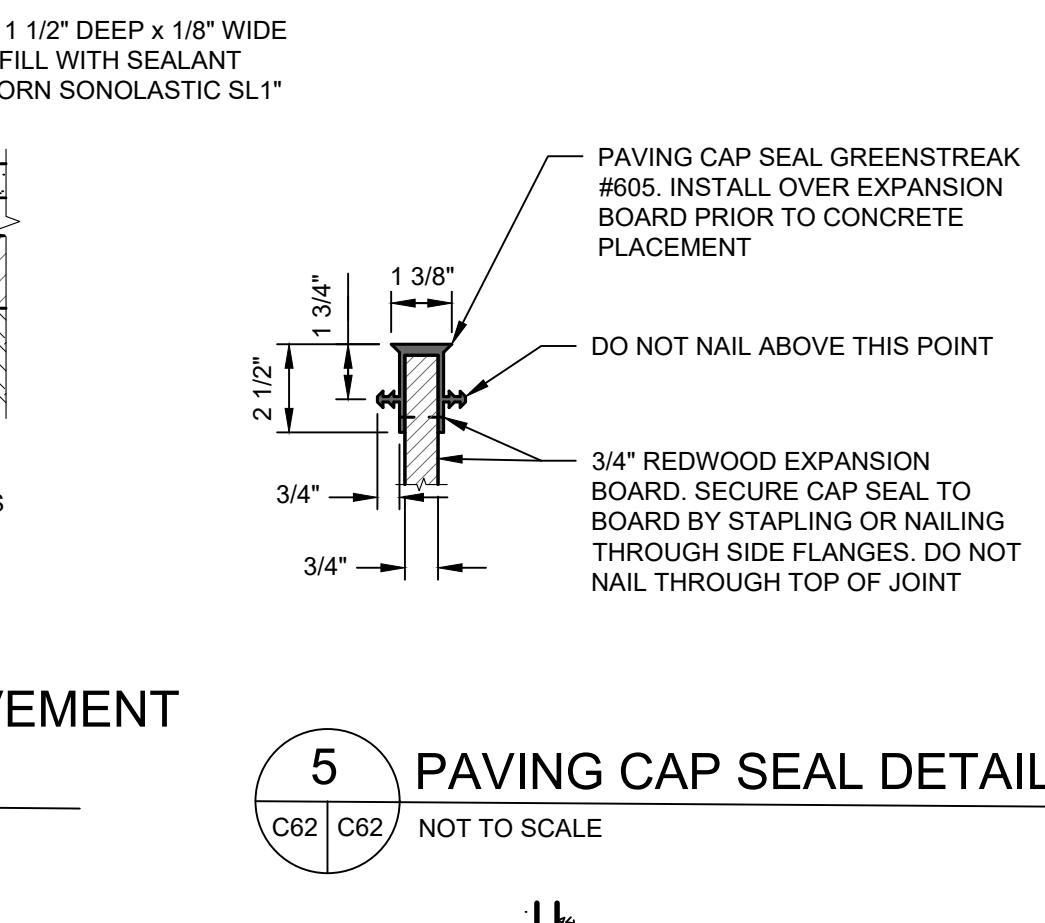
2 CONCRETE DRIVEWAY SECTION DETAIL
SCALE: 1" = 1'



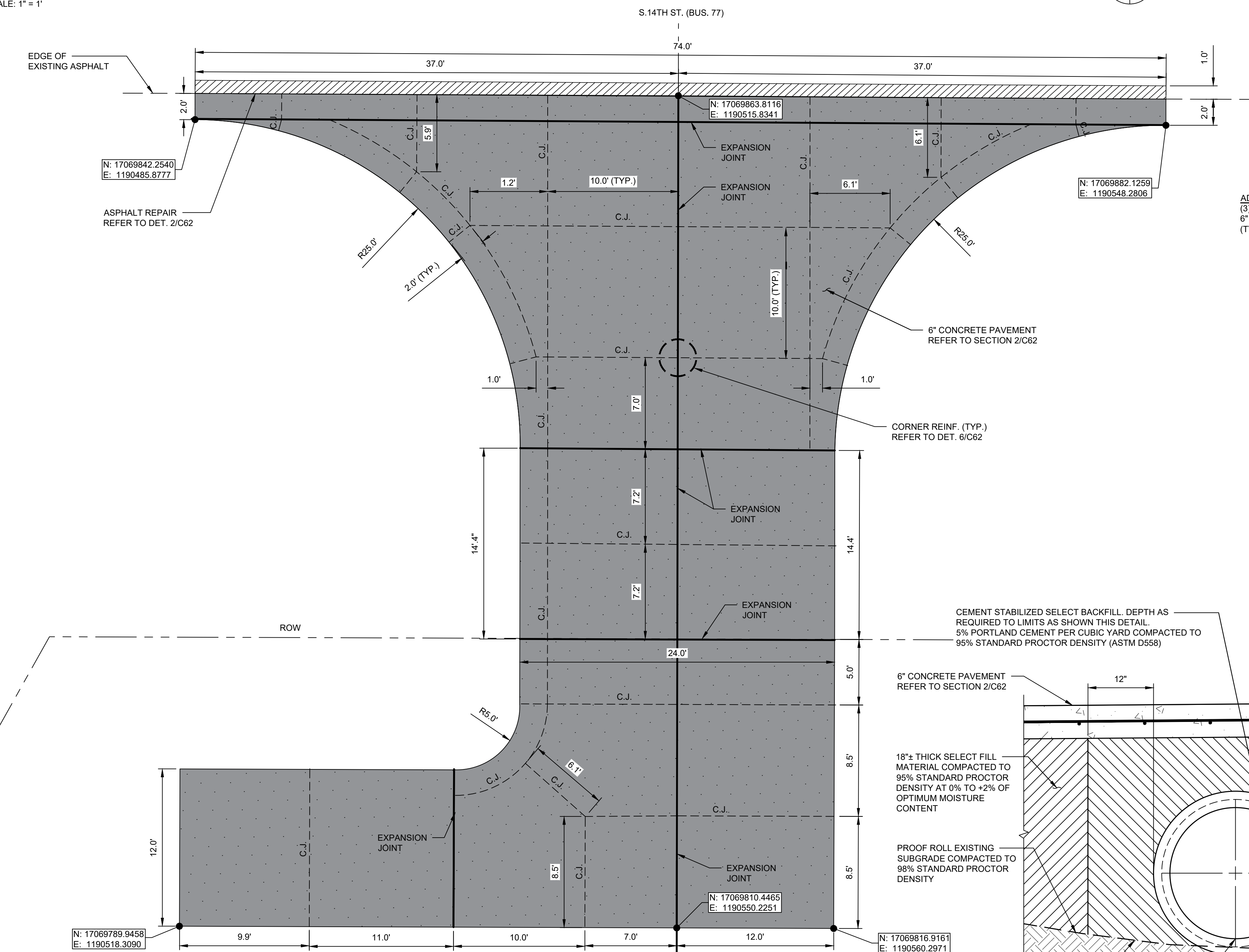
3 EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



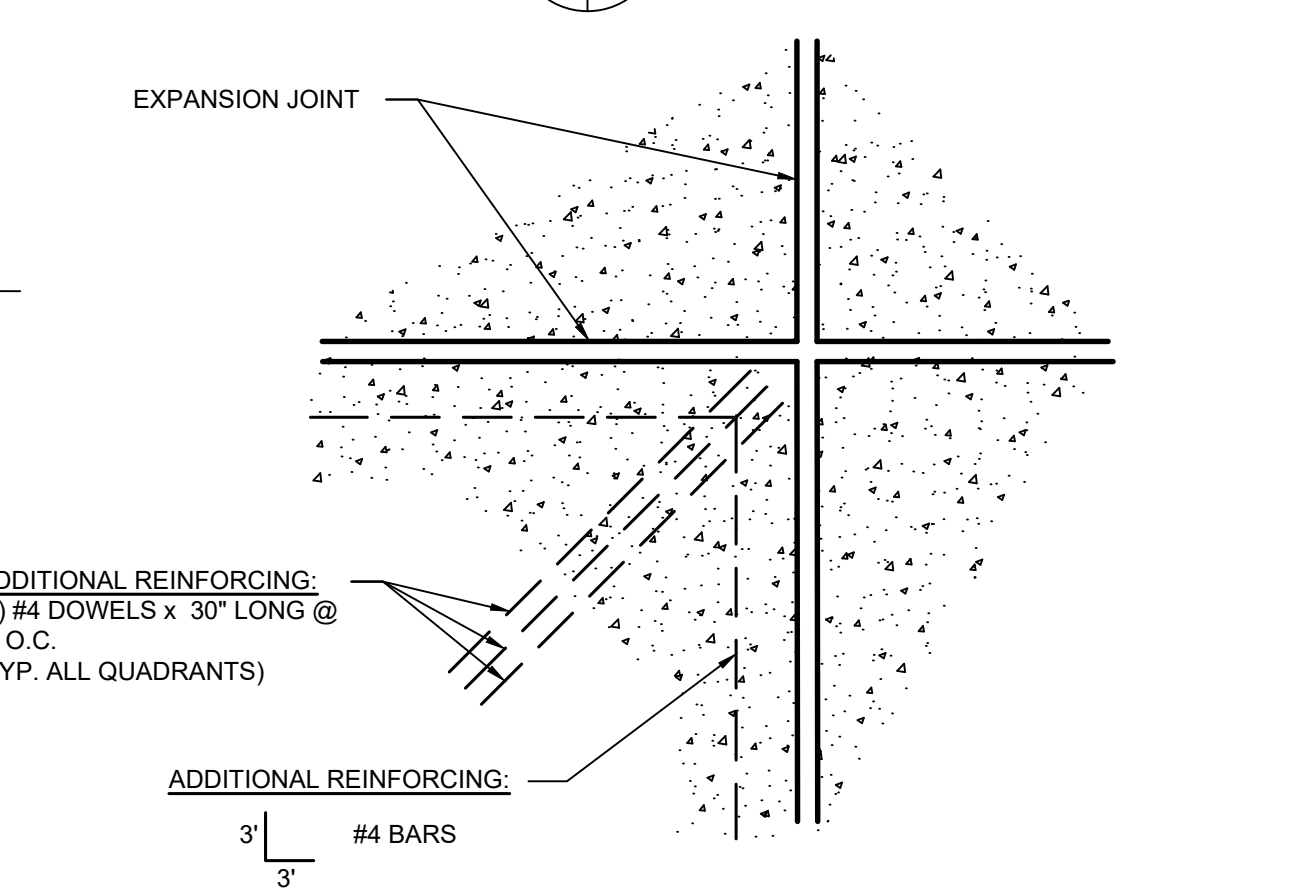
4 TYP. CONCRETE PAVEMENT CONTROL JOINT
NOT TO SCALE



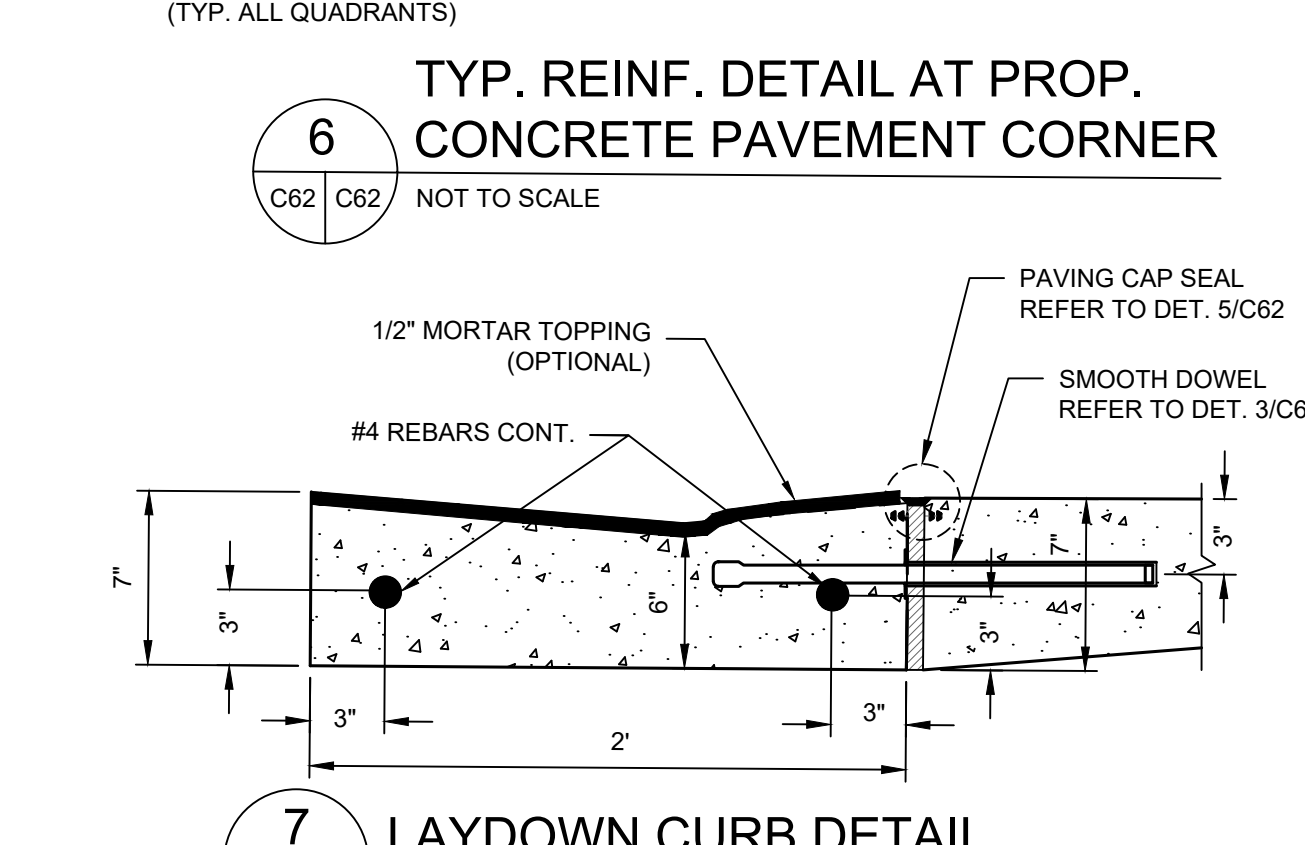
5 PAVING CAP SEAL DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



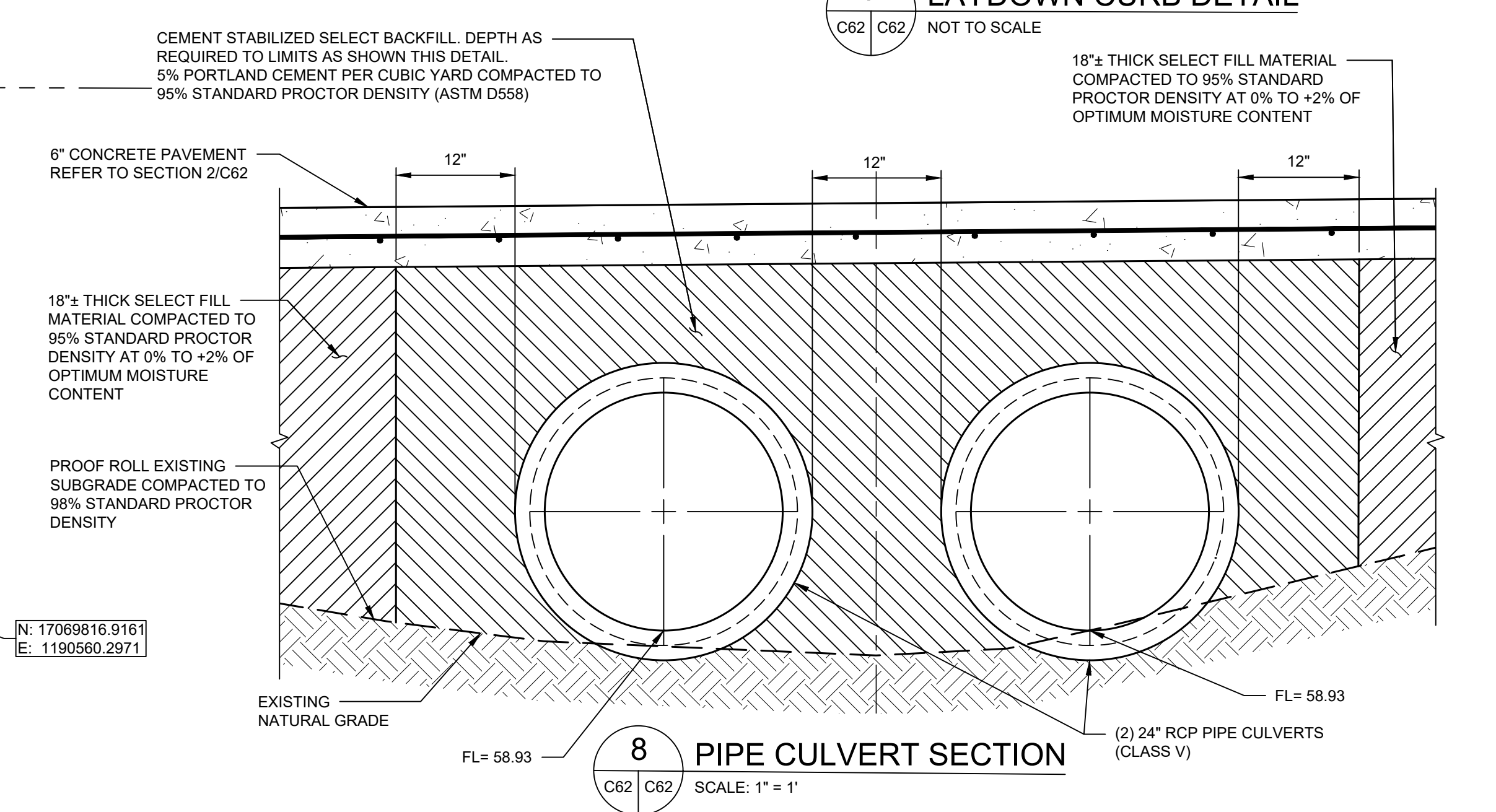
1 DRIVEWAY AND JOINT LAYOUT
SCALE: 1" = 5'



6 TYP. REINF. DETAIL AT PROP. CONCRETE PAVEMENT CORNER
NOT TO SCALE



7 LAYDOWN CURB DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

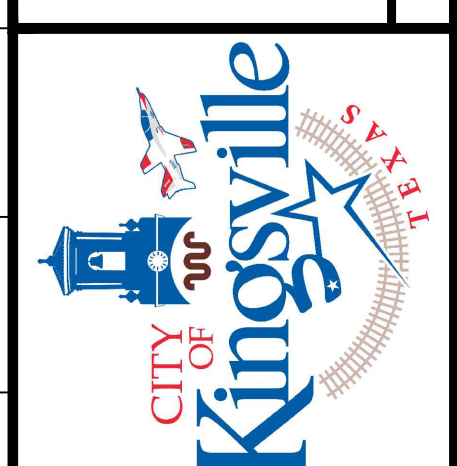


8 PIPE CULVERT SECTION
SCALE: 1" = 1'

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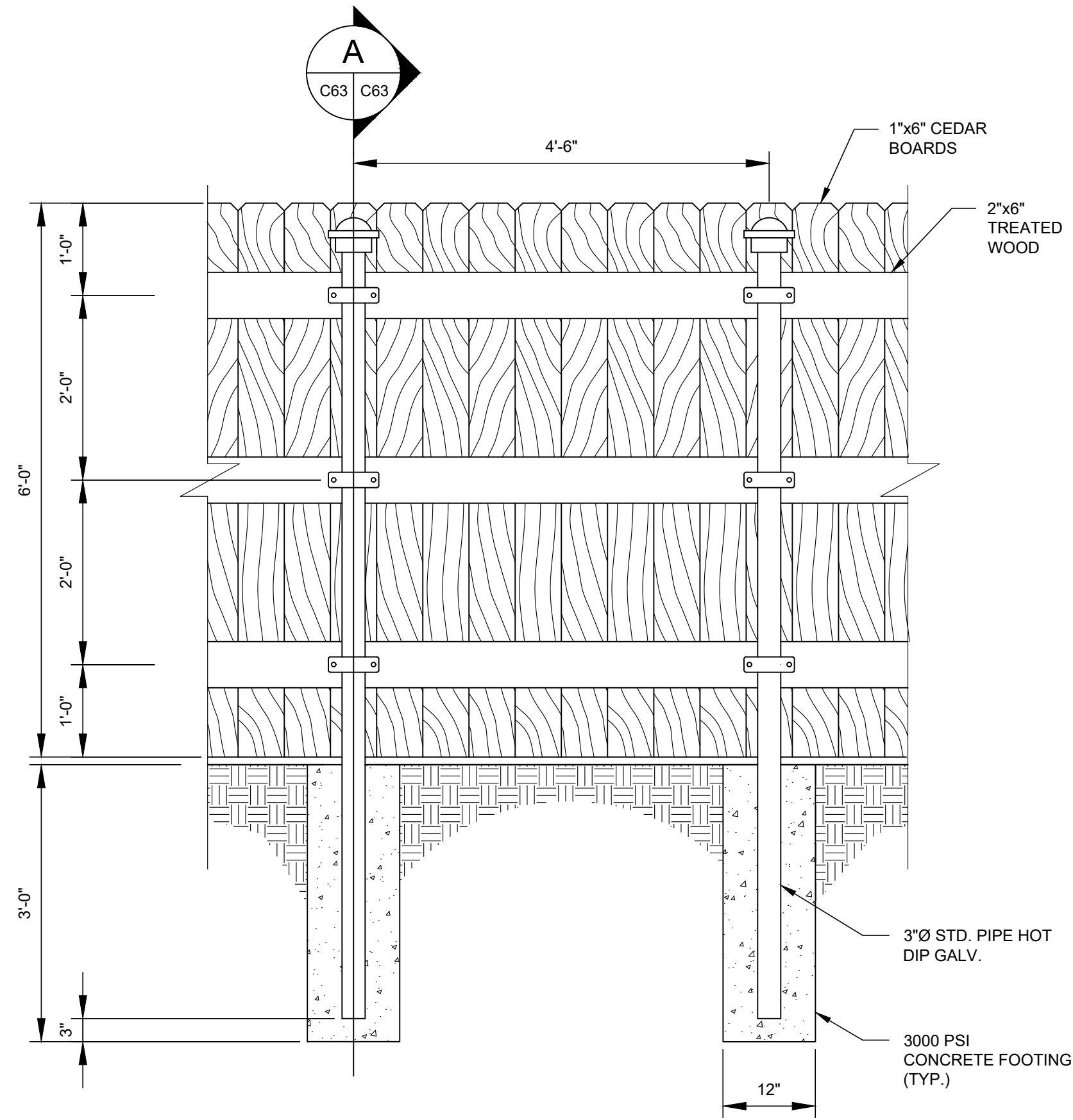


CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

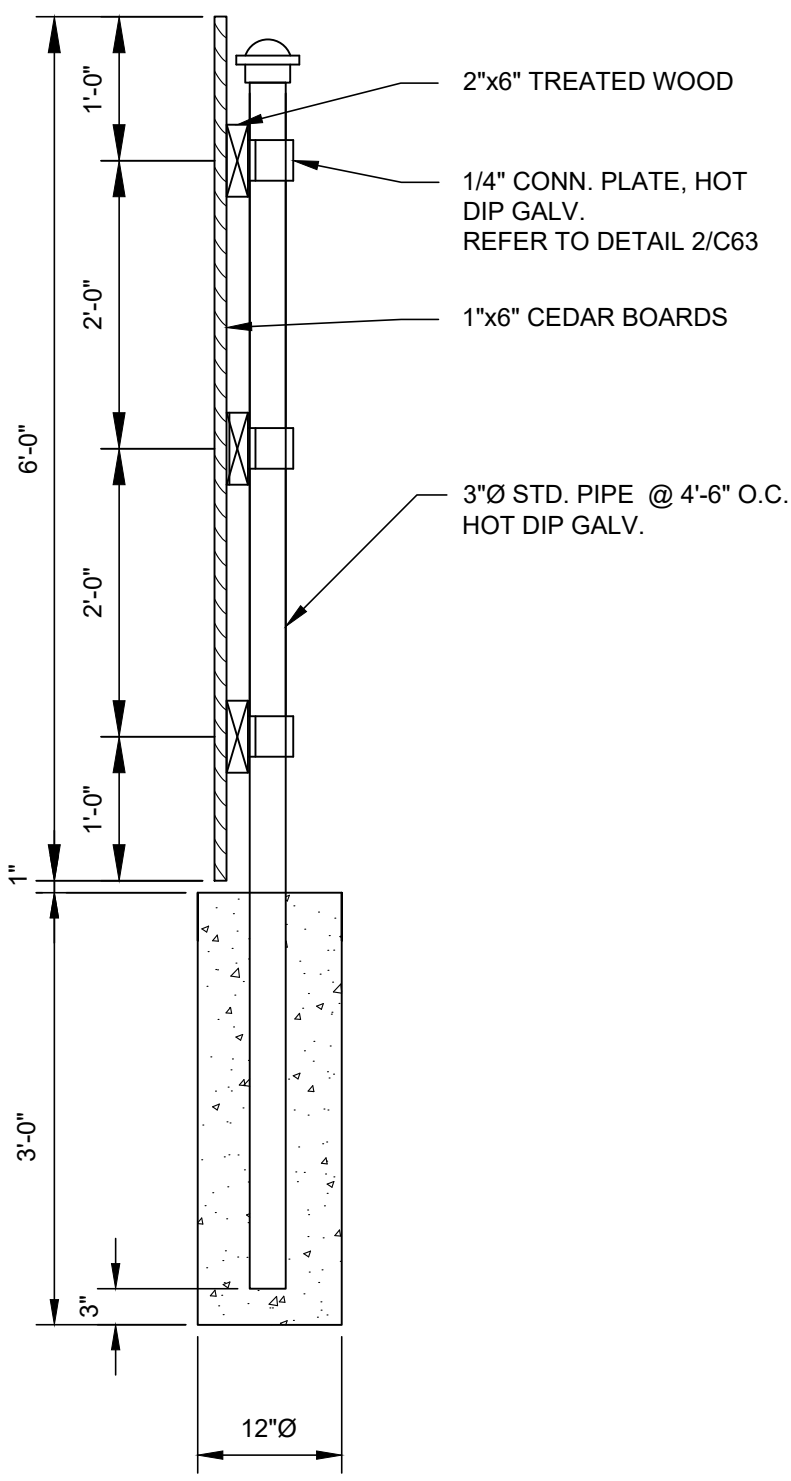
DRAWING NO. **C62**
SHEET 63 of 90

CONCRETE DRIVEWAY DETAILS

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-1001-WW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C65 WOOD FENCE DETAILS.dwg LAYOUT NAME: WOOD FENCE DETAILS PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:44pm USER: lizepeda

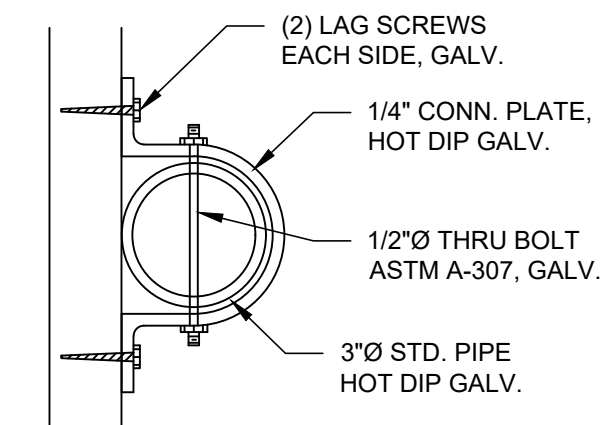


1 WOOD FENCE ELEVATION
C31 C63 3/4" = 1'-0"

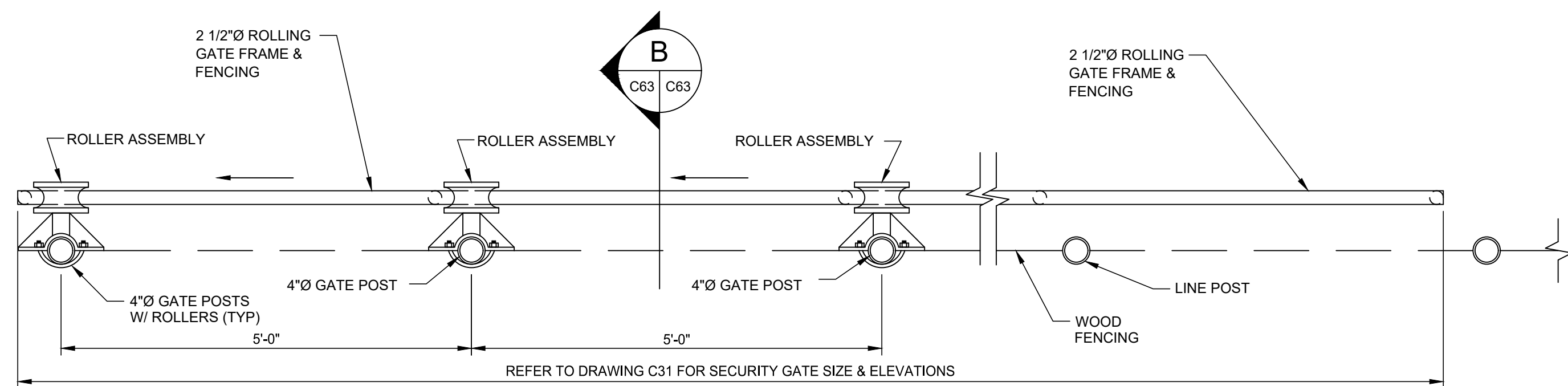


A GALVANIZED POST SECTION
C63 C63 3/4" = 1'-0"

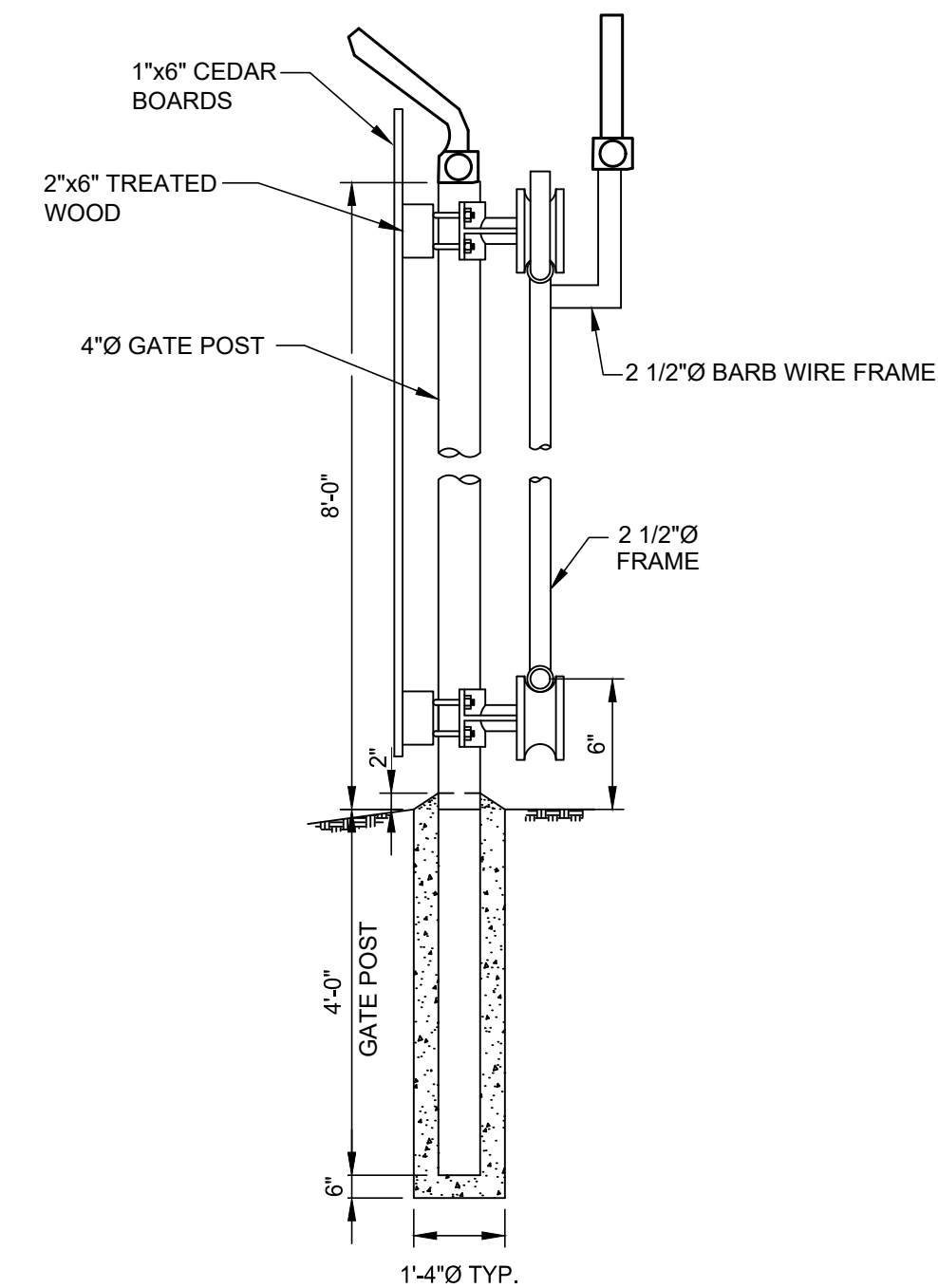
NOTE:
ALL TREATED WOOD CALLED FOR ON FENCE DETAILS SHALL BE PRESERVATIVE PRESSURE TREATED AS PER AWPA C2. PRESERVATIVE CHEMICALS SHALL CONSIST OF CHROMATED COPPER ARSENATE (CCA) MATERIAL SHALL BE KILN-DRY AFTER TREATMENT TO A MAXIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT OF 19% FOR LUMBER.



2 CONNECTION DETAIL
C63 C63 3" = 1'-0"



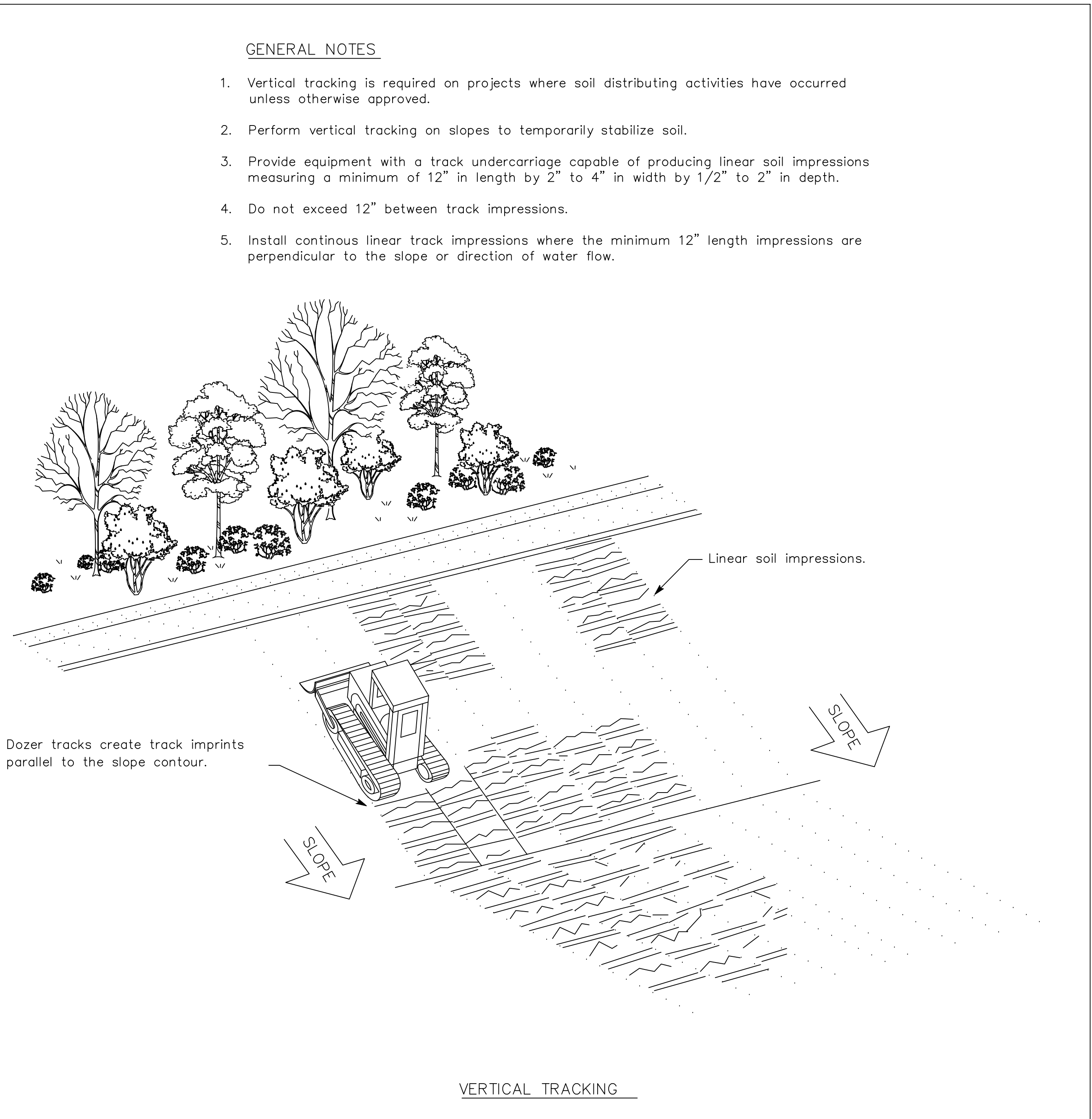
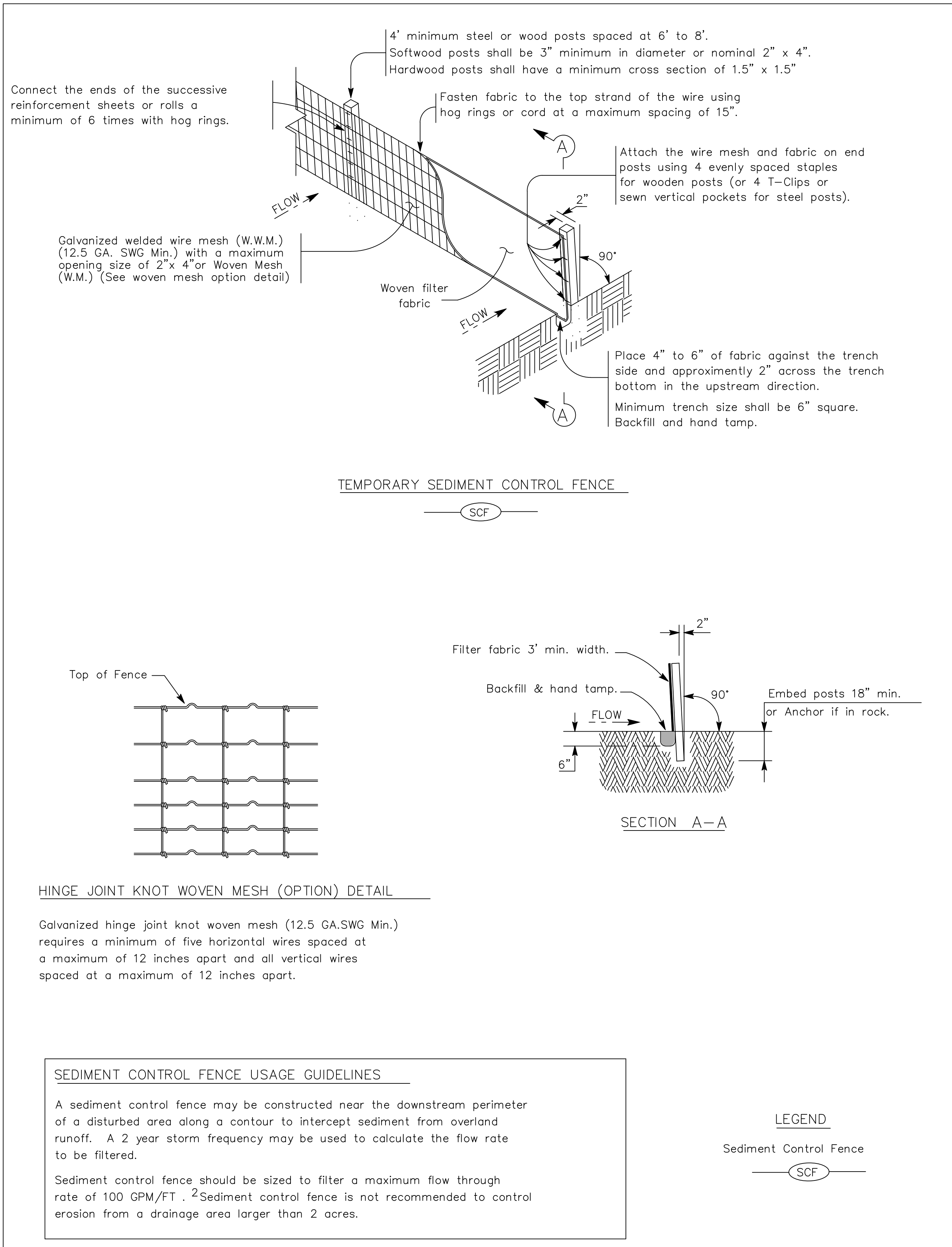
3 SECURITY GATE DETAIL
C31 C63 NOT TO SCALE



B GATE POST SECTION
C63 C63 NOT TO SCALE

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INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
DATE	BY
DATE	BY
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	
WOOD FENCE DETAILS	
DRAWING NO.	
C63	
SHEET 64 of 90	

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Temporary Erosion, Sediment and Water Pollution Control.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT - TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL_PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:44pm USER: lzpapa



		<i>Design Division Standard</i>	
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING EC(1)-16			
FILE: ec116	DN: TXDOT	CK: KM	DW: VP
© TXDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB
REVISIONS		HIGHWAY	
DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IOE

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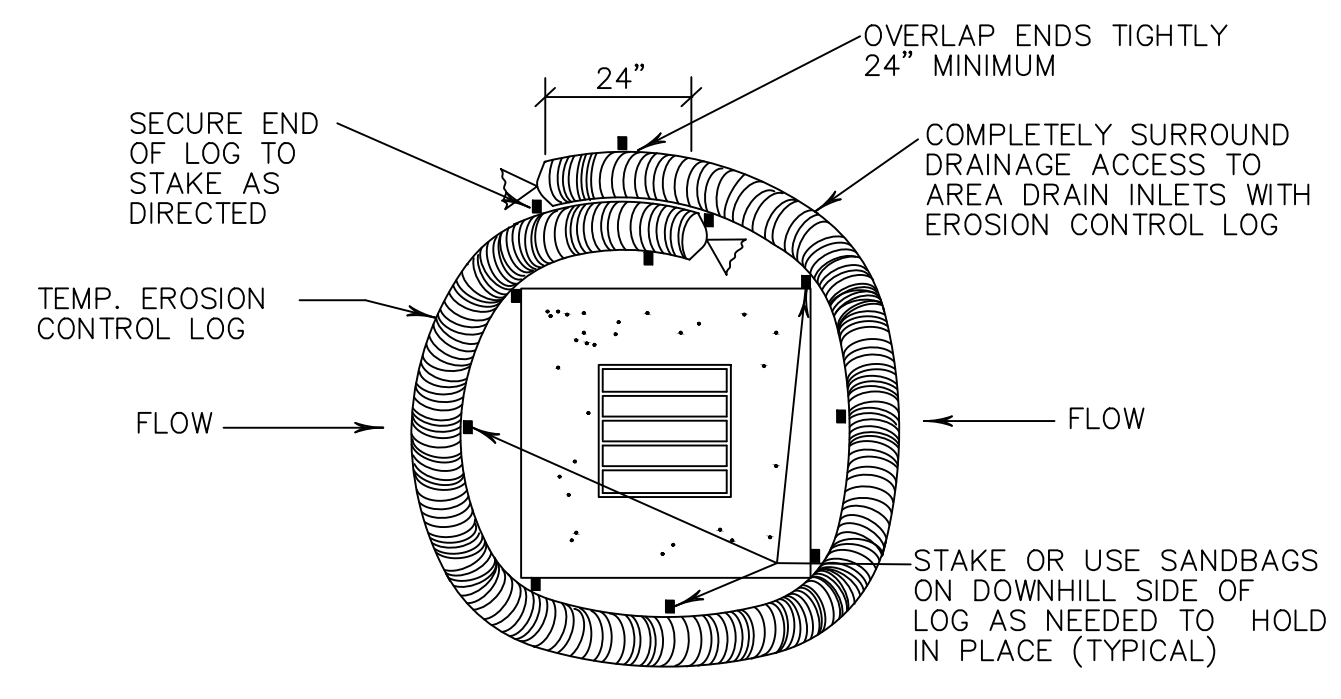


**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT - TEMPORARY EROSION SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING EC(1)-16

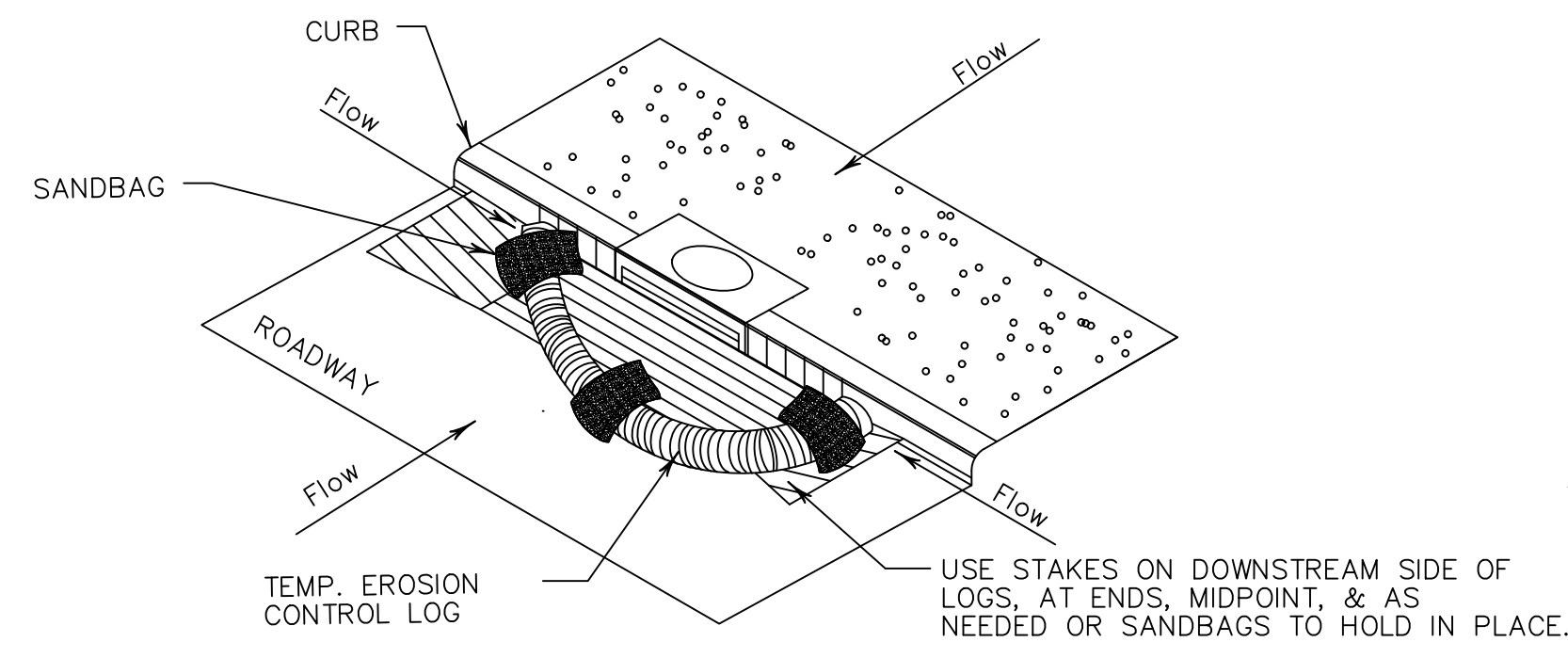
DRAWING NO.
C64
SHEET 65 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Cty of Kingsville\GLO-LOC01 - Drawings\2 - Civil\677 TXDOT-TEMP. EROSION CONTROL SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG EC(9)-16.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT-TEMP. EROSION CONTROL SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG EC(9)-16.dwg PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:44pm USER: lzejeped



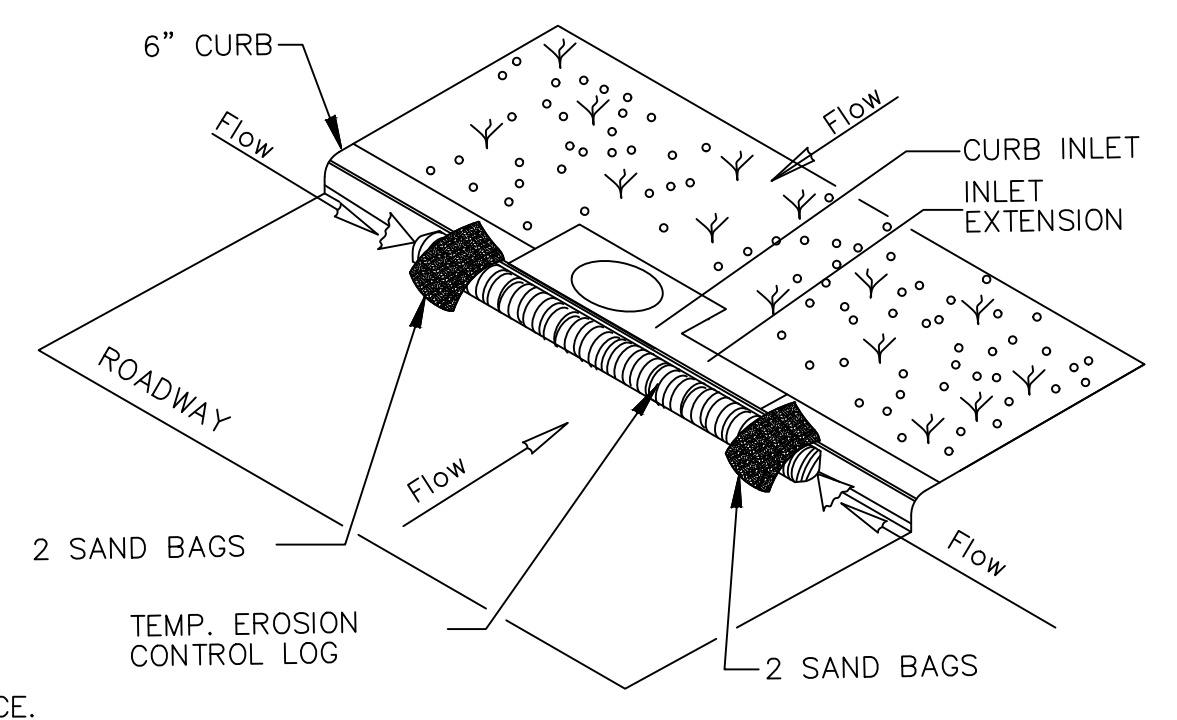
EROSION CONTROL LOG AT DROP INLET

CL-DI



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

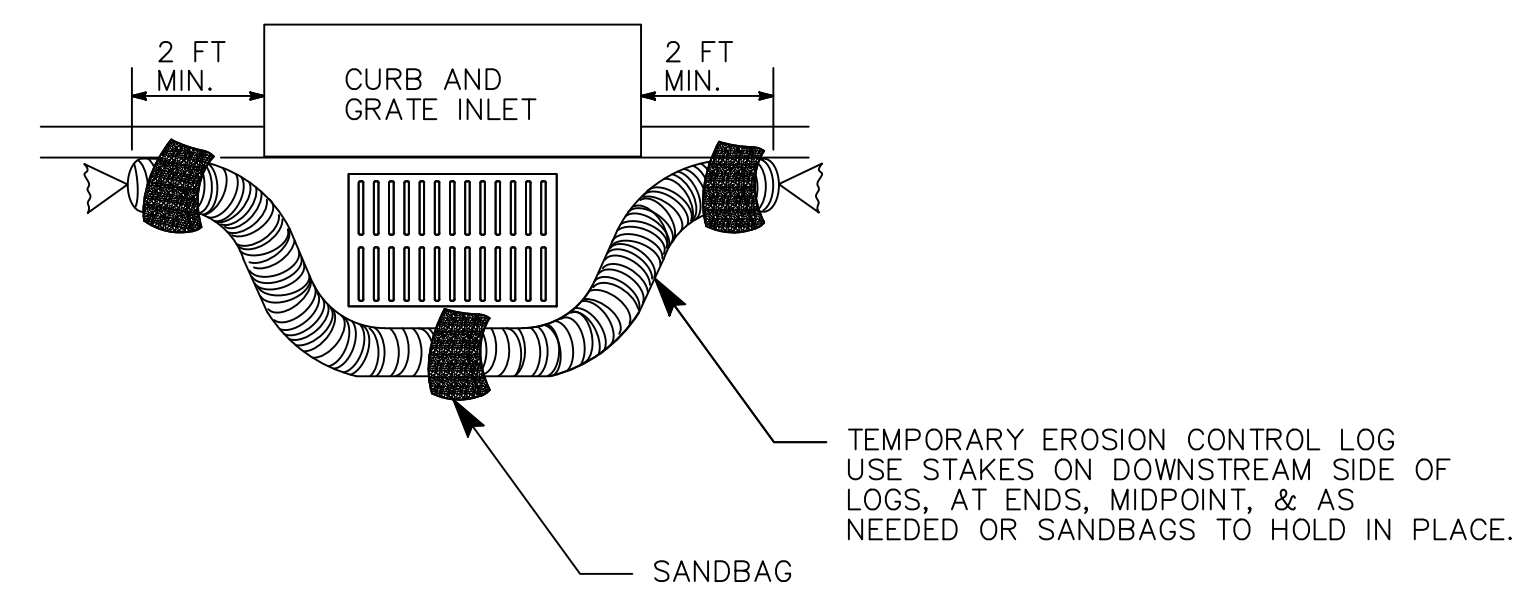
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EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB INLET

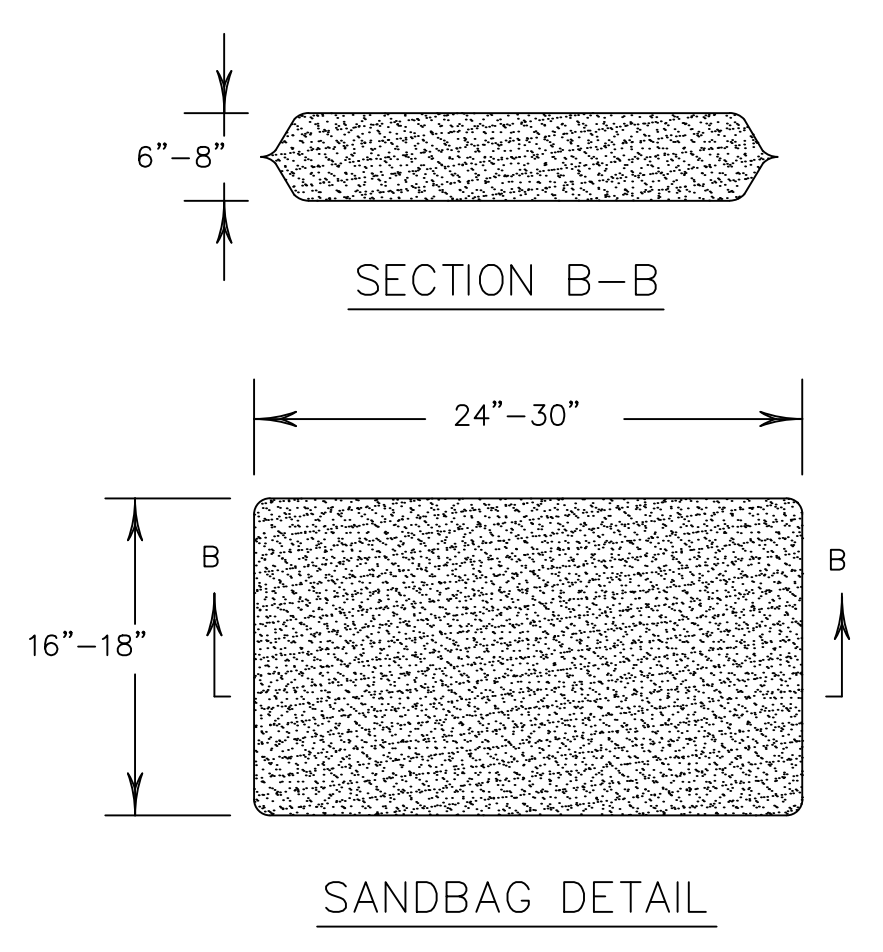
CL-CI

NOTE:
EROSION CONTROL LOGS USED AT CURB INLETS SHOULD ONLY BE USED IF THEY WILL NOT IMPEDE TRAFFIC OR FLOOD THE ROADWAY OR WHEN THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM IS NOT FULLY FUNCTIONAL.



EROSION CONTROL LOG AT CURB & GRADE INLET

CL-GI



SHEET 3 OF 3

Design Division Standard

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
EROSION CONTROL LOG
EC(9)-16

FILE: ec916	DN: TXDOT	CK: KM	DW: LS/PT	CK: LS
© TXDOT: JULY 2016	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
REVISIONS				
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
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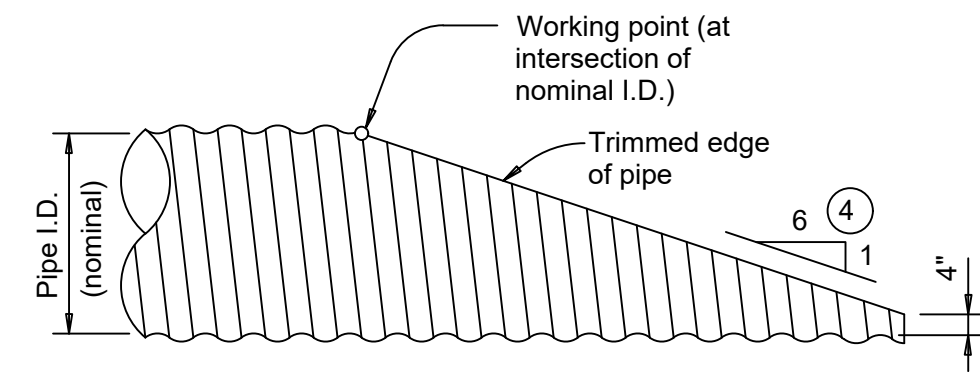


CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT-TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES CONTROL LOG EC(9)-16

DRAWING NO.
C65
SHEET 66 of 90

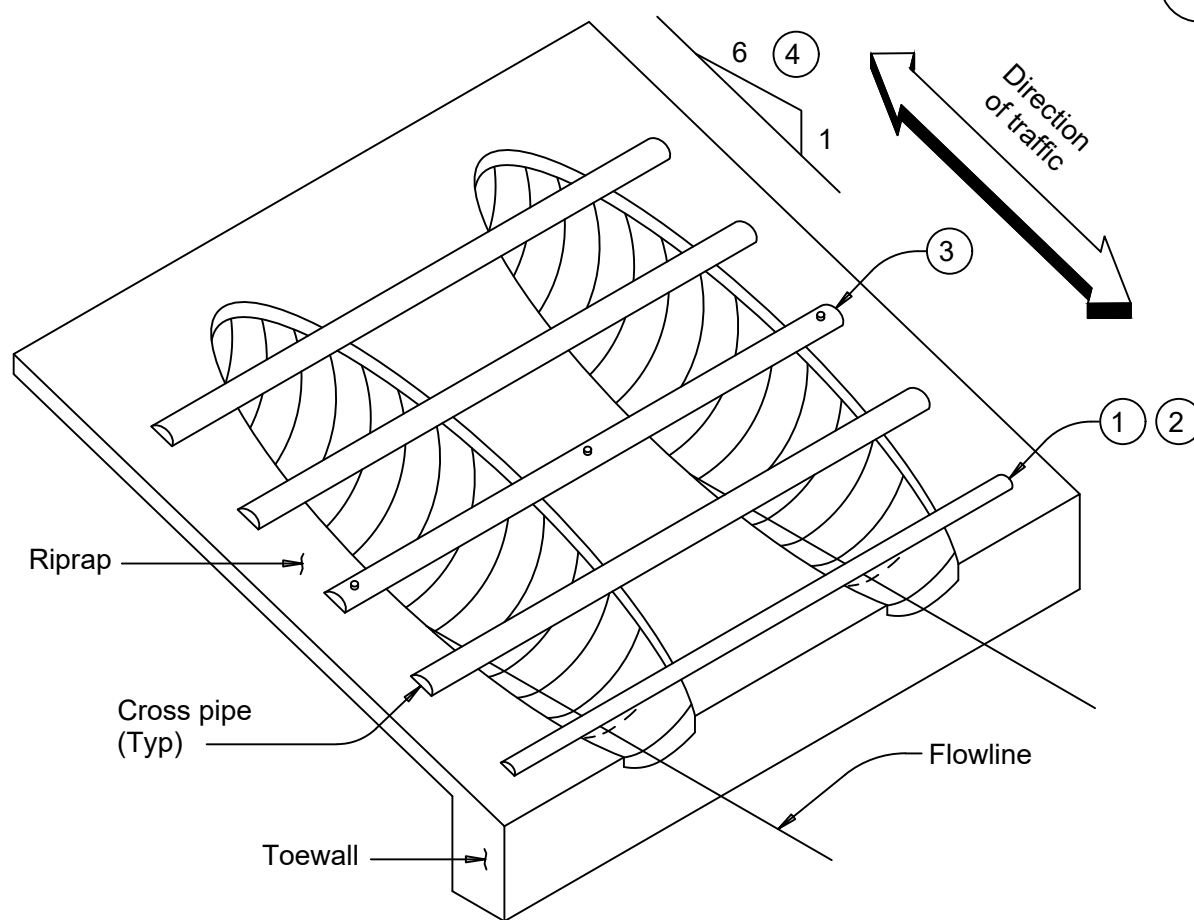
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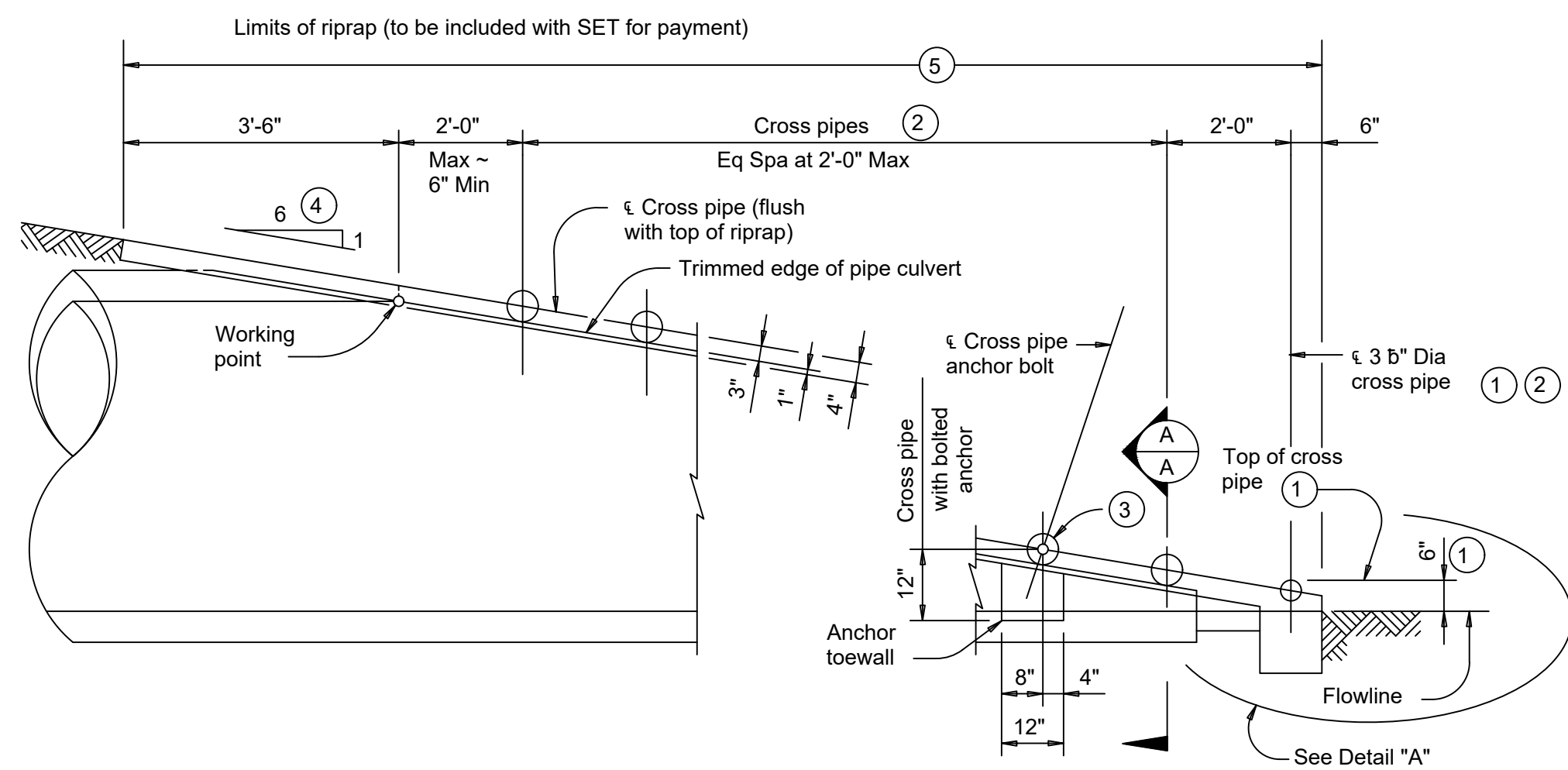
NOTE: All cross pipes, calculations, and dimensions are based on the pipe culverts mitered as shown in this detail. Alternate styles of mitered ends will require that appropriate adjustments be made to the values presented on this standard.

SIDE ELEVATION OF TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT MITER

(Showing corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert. Details at reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert are similar.)

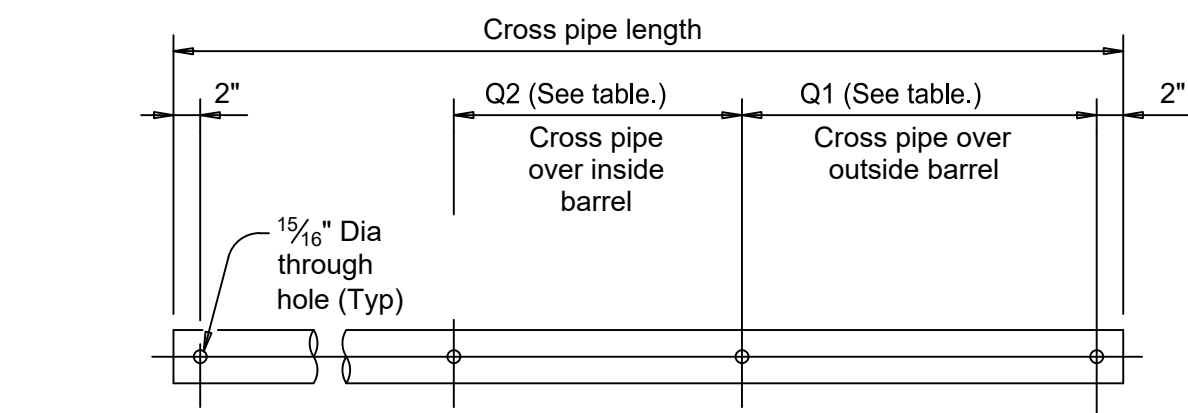


ISOMETRIC VIEW OF TYPICAL INSTALLATION

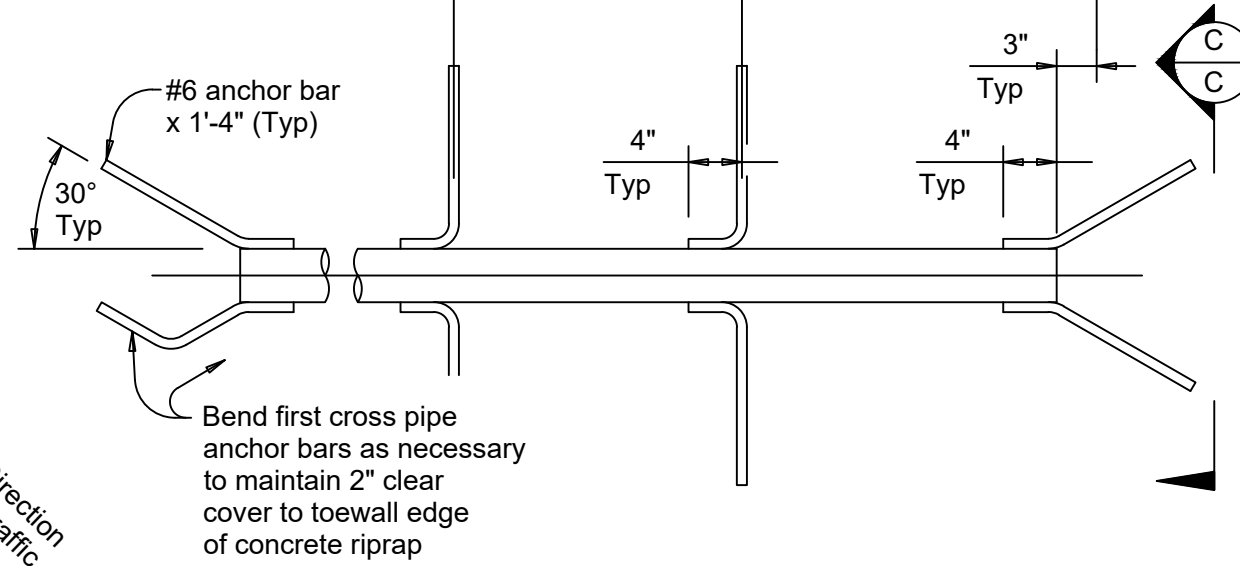


SIDE ELEVATION OF CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

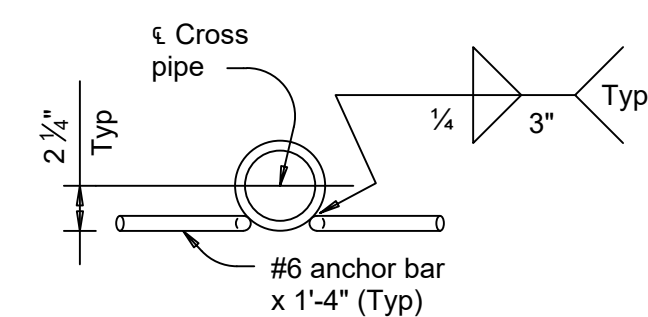
(Showing reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. Details at corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert are similar.)



PIPE WITH BOLTED ANCHOR

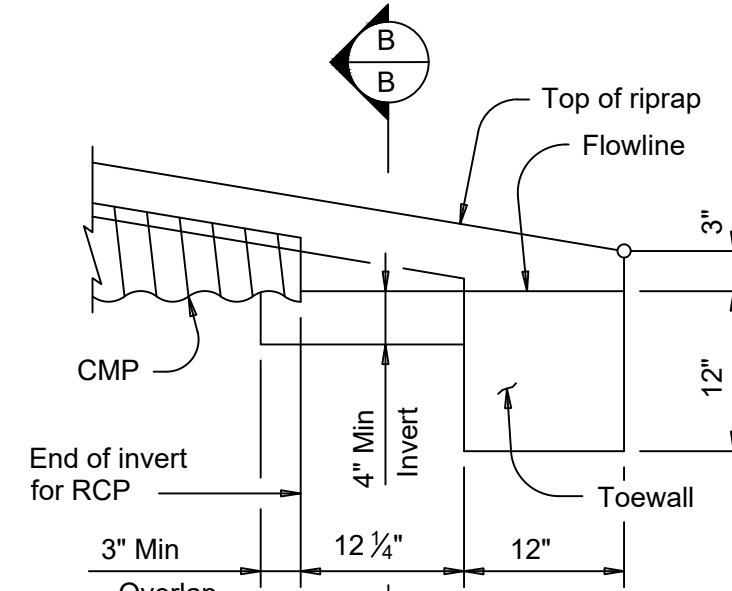


PIPE WITH ANCHOR BARS



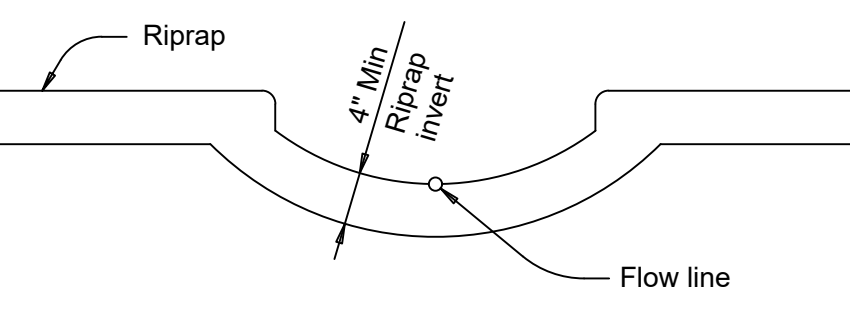
SECTION C-C

CROSS PIPE DETAILS



DETAIL "A"

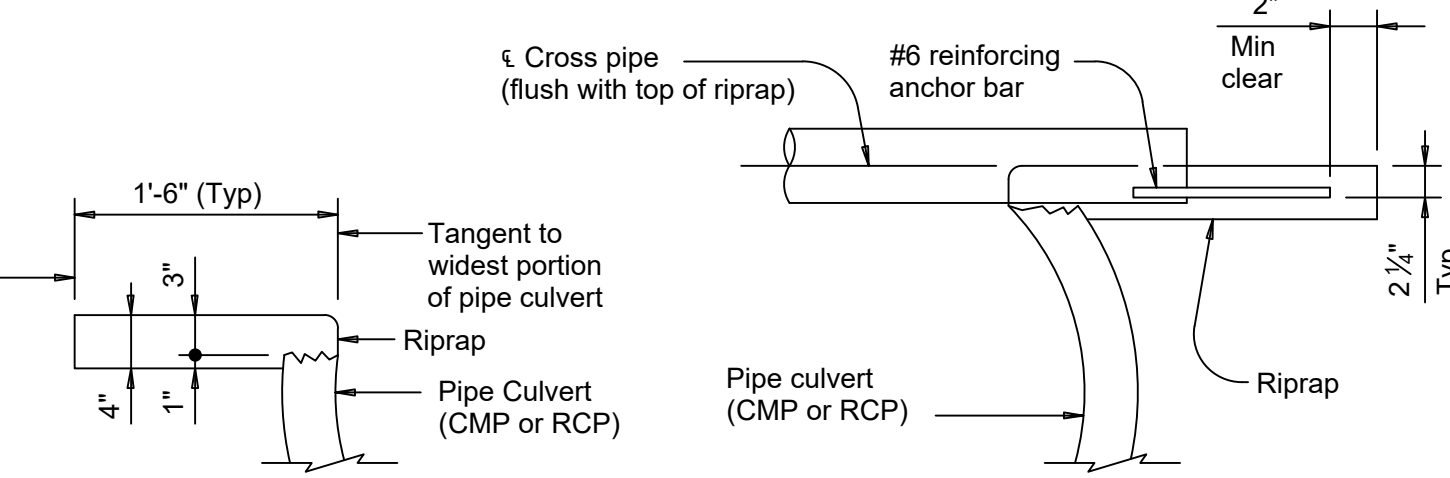
(Showing invert with corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culvert. Reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert details are similar. Cross pipes not shown for clarity.)



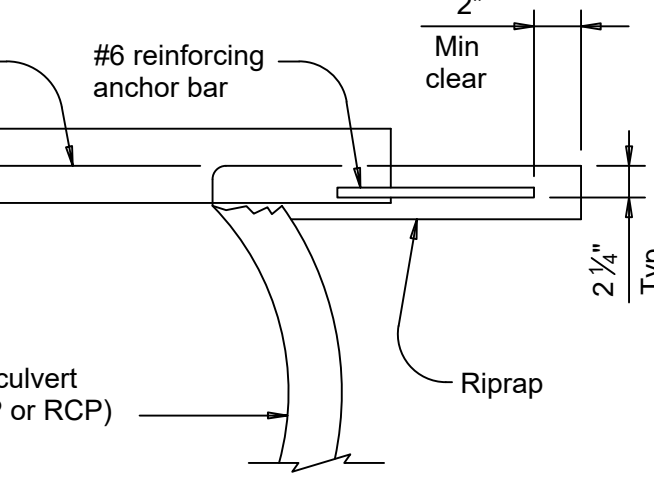
SECTION B-B

(Cross pipes not shown for clarity.)

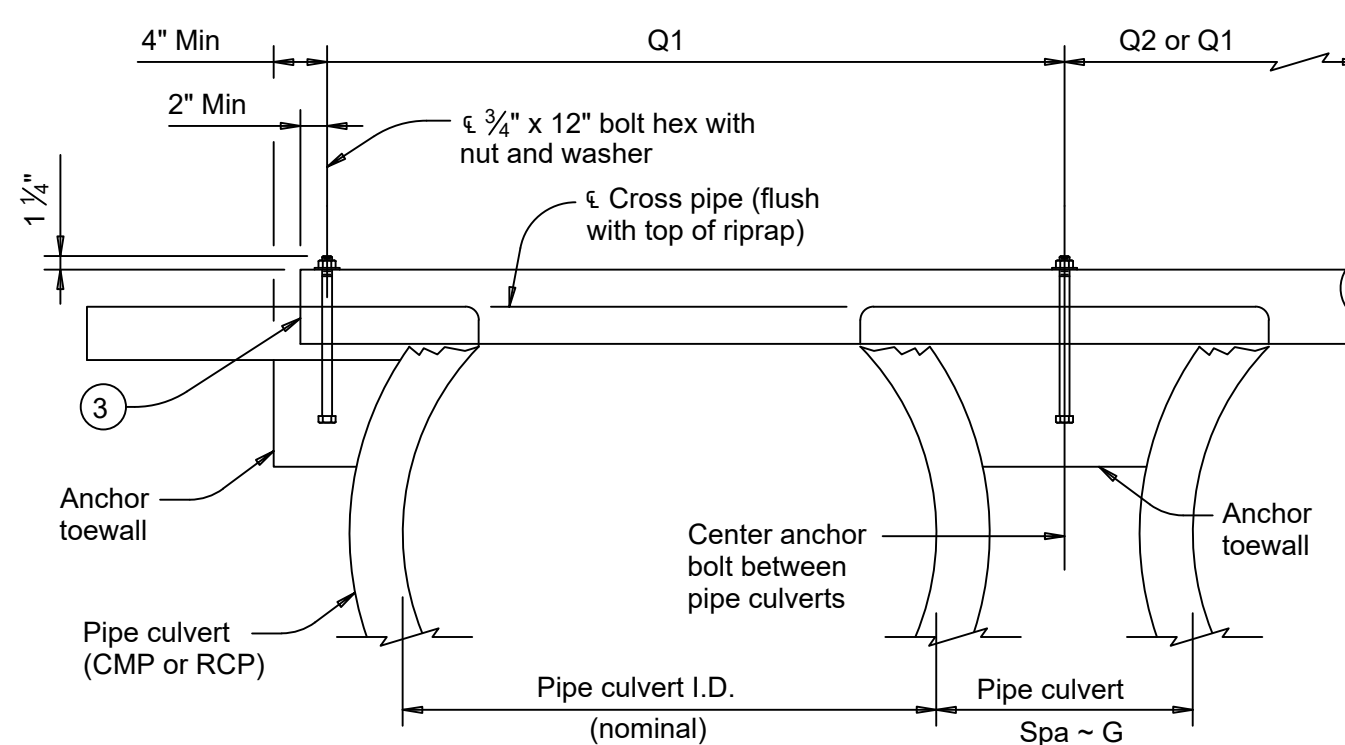
Limits of riprap (to be included with SET for payment)



SHOWING TYPICAL PIPE CULVERT AND RIPRAP



SHOWING CROSS PIPE WITH ANCHOR BAR



SECTION A-A

SHOWING CROSS PIPE WITH BOLTED ANCHOR

CROSS PIPE LENGTHS, REQUIRED PIPE SIZES, AND RIPRAP QUANTITIES

Nominal Culvert I.D.	Conc Riprap (CY) (6)	Pipe Culvert Spa ~ G	Single Barrel ~ Q1	Multi-Barrel ~ Q1	Q2	Conditions for Use of Cross Pipes	Cross Pipe Sizes
12"	0.6	0' - 9"	N/A	2' - 1"	1' - 9"	3 or more pipe culverts	3" Std (3.500" O.D.)
15"	0.7	0' - 11"	N/A	2' - 5"	2' - 2"		
18"	0.8	1' - 2"	N/A	2' - 10"	2' - 8"		
21"	0.9	1' - 4"	N/A	3' - 2"	3' - 1"		
24"	0.9	1' - 7"	N/A	3' - 6"	3' - 7"		
27"	1.0	1' - 8"	N/A	3' - 10"	3' - 11"	3 or more pipe culverts	3 1/2" Std (4.000" O.D.)
30"	1.1	1' - 10"	N/A	4' - 2"	4' - 4"	2 or more pipe culverts	
33"	1.2	1' - 11"	4' - 2"	4' - 5"	4' - 8"	All pipe culverts	
36"	1.3	2' - 1"	4' - 5"	4' - 9"	5' - 1"	All pipe culverts	4" Std (4.500" O.D.)
42"	1.5	2' - 4"	4' - 11"	5' - 5"	5' - 10"		
48"	1.7	2' - 7"	5' - 5"	6' - 0"	6' - 7"		
54"	2.0	3' - 0"	5' - 11"	6' - 9"	7' - 6"	All pipe culverts	5" Std (5.563" O.D.)
60"	2.2	3' - 3"	6' - 5"	7' - 4"	8' - 3"		
66"	2.4	3' - 3"	6' - 11"	7' - 10"	8' - 9"		
72"	2.7	3' - 4"	7' - 5"	8' - 5"	9' - 4"		

- The proper installation of the first cross pipe is critical for vehicle safety. Place the top of the first cross pipe no more than 6" above the flow line.
- Provide cross pipes, except the first bottom pipe, of the size shown in the table. Provide a 3 1/2" standard pipe (4" O.D.) for the first bottom pipe.
- Install the third cross pipe from the bottom of the culvert using a bolted connection. Ensure that riprap concrete does not flow into the cross pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access. At the Contractor's option, install all other cross pipes using the bolted connection details.
- Match cross slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Cross slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- Riprap placed beyond the limits shown will be paid for as concrete riprap in accordance with Item 432, "Riprap".
- Quantities shown are for one end of one reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert. For multiple pipe culverts or for corrugated metal pipe (CMP) culverts, quantities will need to be adjusted. Riprap quantities are for contractor's information only.

MATERIAL NOTES:

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise. Provide cross pipes that meet the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Gr B), ASTM A500 (Gr B), or API 5LX52. Provide ASTM A307 bolts and nuts. Galvanize all steel components, except concrete reinforcing, after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

GENERAL NOTES:

Cross pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Safety end treatments (SET) shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the cross pipes. Construct concrete riprap and all necessary inverts in accordance with the requirements of Item 432, "Riprap". Payment for riprap and toewall is included in the Price Bid for each Safety End Treatment.



SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12" DIA TO 72" DIA PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETP-PD

FILE: setppdse-20.dgn	DN: GAF	CK: CAT	DW: JRP	CK: GAF
©TXDOT February 2020	CONT SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY	
REVISIONS	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT PRECAST SAFETY END TREATMENT FOR 12"Ø TO 72"Ø PIPE CULVERTS TYPE II - PARALLEL DRAINAGE (SETP-PD)

DRAWING NO.

C67

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C68_TxDOT - Barricade and Construction General Notes.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:45pm USER: lzepeda

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- Where highway construction or maintenance work is being undertaken, other than mobile operations as defined by the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, CSJ limit signs are required. CSJ limit signs are shown on BC(2). The OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits. For mobile operations, CSJ limit signs are not required.
- Traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY NOTES:

- Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.
- Except in emergency situations, flagger stations shall be illuminated when flagging is used at night.

COMPLIANT WORKZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

- Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources.
- Work zone traffic control devices shall be compliant with the Manual for Assessing safety Hardware (MASH).

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov
COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)
DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)
MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)
ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"
STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)
TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12

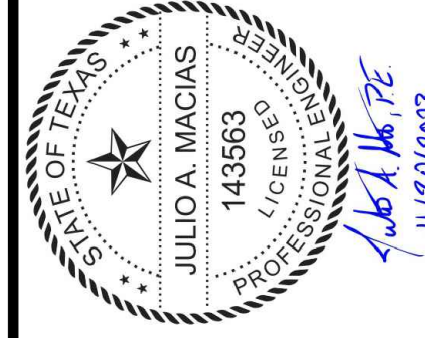
Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Safety Division Standard

**BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS**

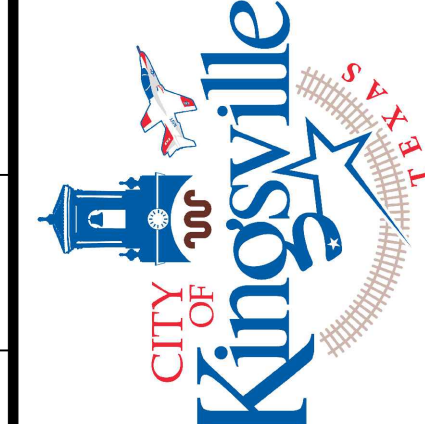
BC(1)-21

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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
4-03 7-13				
9-07 8-14				
5-10 5-21	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	
95				

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
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KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

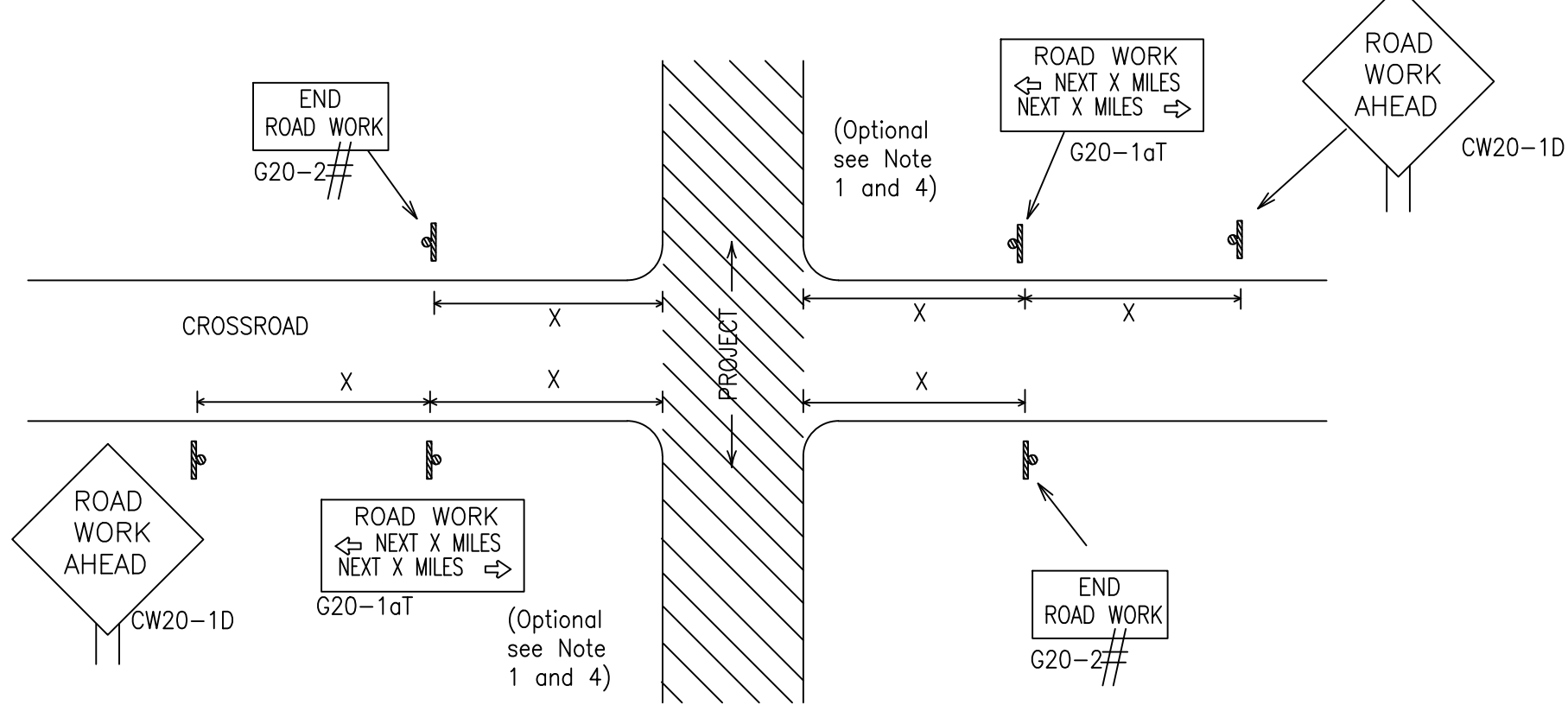
**TXDOT - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS BC(1)-21**

DRAWING NO.
C68

SHEET 69 of 90

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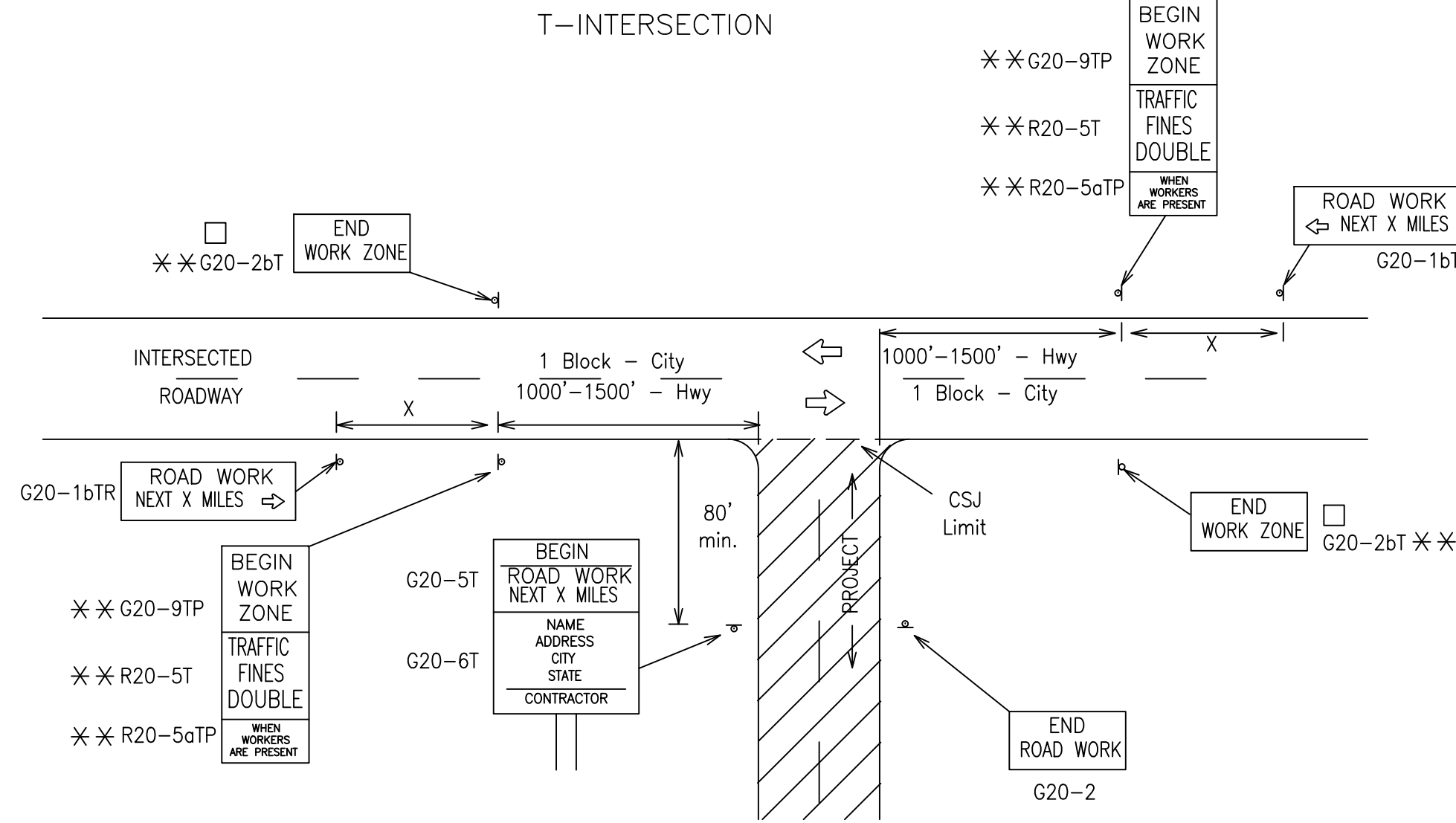
TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume as per TMUTCD Part 5. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

T-INTERSECTION



CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- If construction closes the road at a T-intersection, the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow (G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR) signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5,6

Sign Number or Series	SIZE		SPACING	
	Conventional Road	Expressway/Freeway	Posted Speed	Sign Spacing "X"
CW20 ⁴	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
CW21			30	120
CW22			35	160
CW23			40	240
CW25	45	320	50	400
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" x 36"	48" x 48"	55	500 ²
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" x 48"	48" x 48"	60	600 ²
			65	700 ²
			70	800 ²
			75	900 ²
			80	1000 ²
			*	* ³

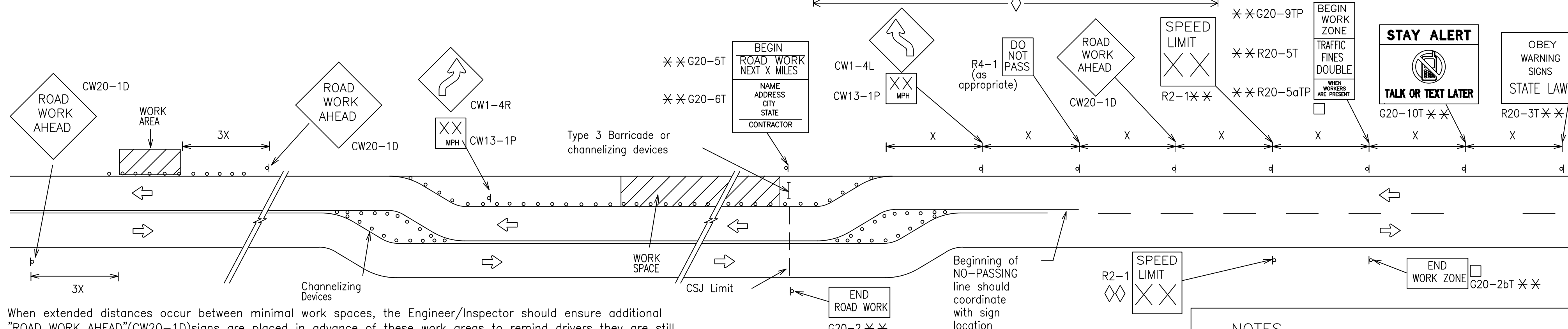
* For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.

Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

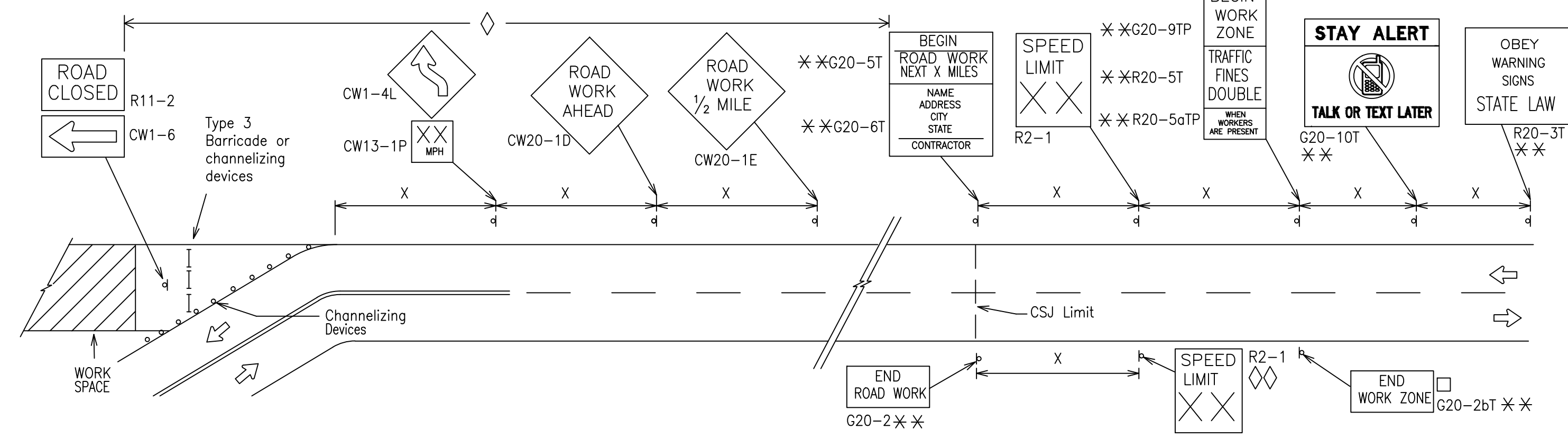
- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer as per TMUTCD Part 5. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS

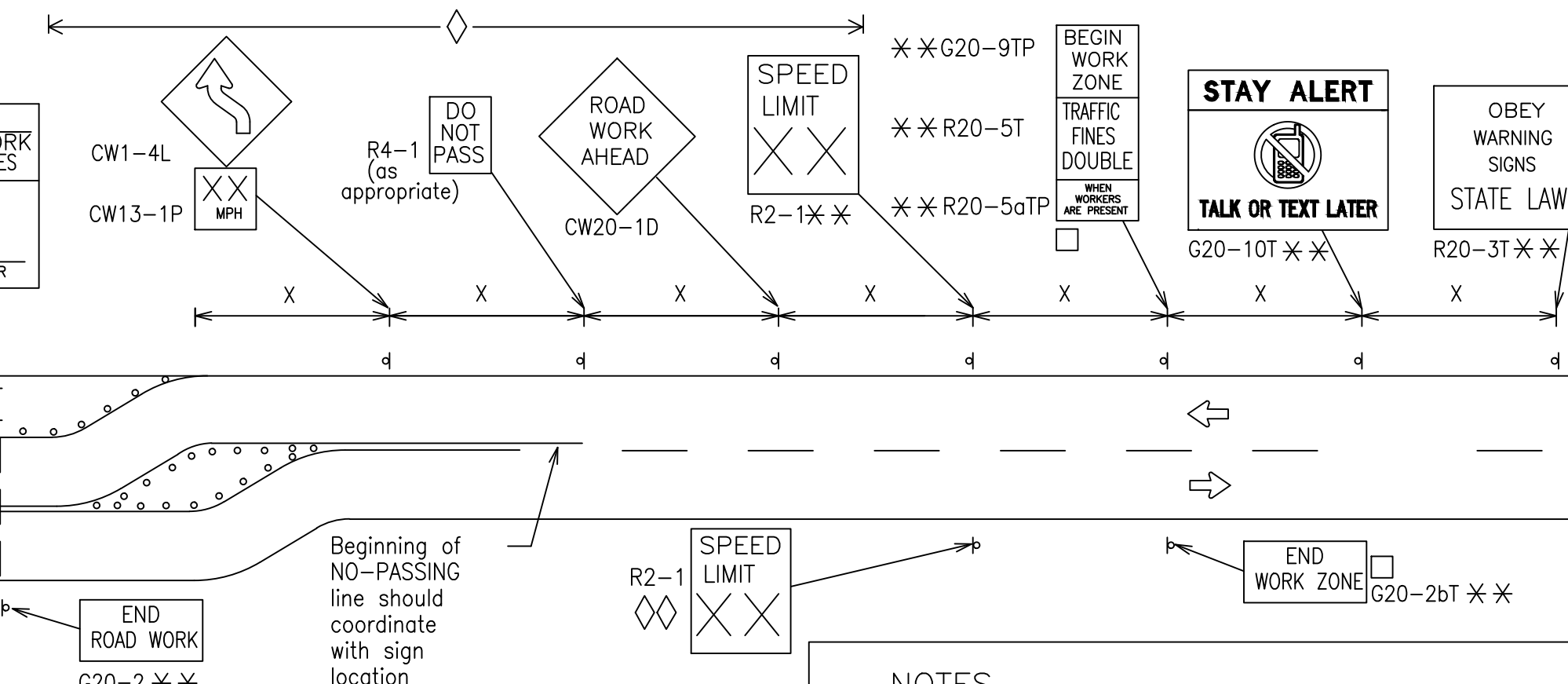


When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS



NOTES

- The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.
- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- CSJ limit signing is required for highway construction and maintenance work, with the exception of mobile operations.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND

—	Type 3 Barricade
○ ○ ○	Channelizing Devices
■	Sign
X	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
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REVISIONS									
9-07	8-14								
7-13	5-21								
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
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KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT - BC(2)-21

DRAWING NO.
C69
SHEET 70 of 90

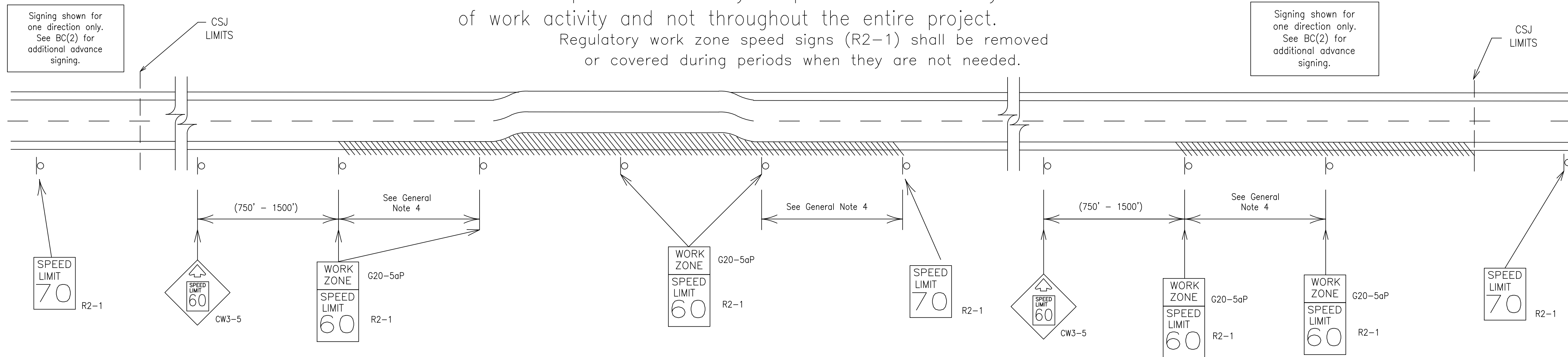
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C70-TXDOT-BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT-BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:45pm USER: rzpeaga

TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project.

Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- rough road or damaged pavement surface
- substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- construction detours
- grade
- width
- other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the traveled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:
 - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
 - 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile
- Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT"(CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to:
 - Law enforcement.
 - Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
 - Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
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REVISIONS									
9-07	8-14								
7-13	5-21	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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I.C.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



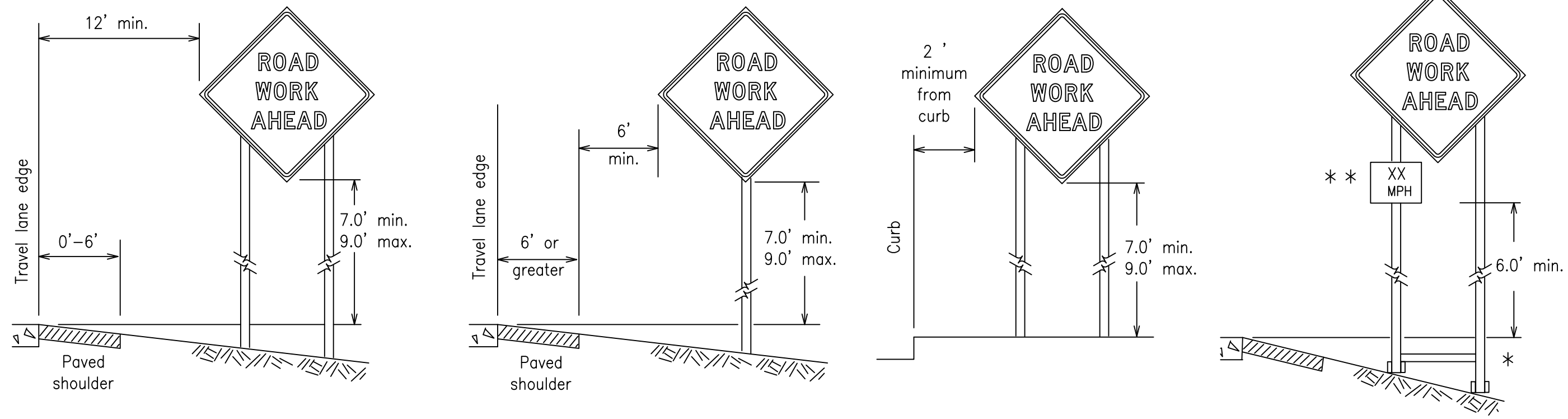
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
TXDOT-BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE
SPEED LIMIT - BC(3)-21

DRAWING NO.

C70

SHEET 71 of 90

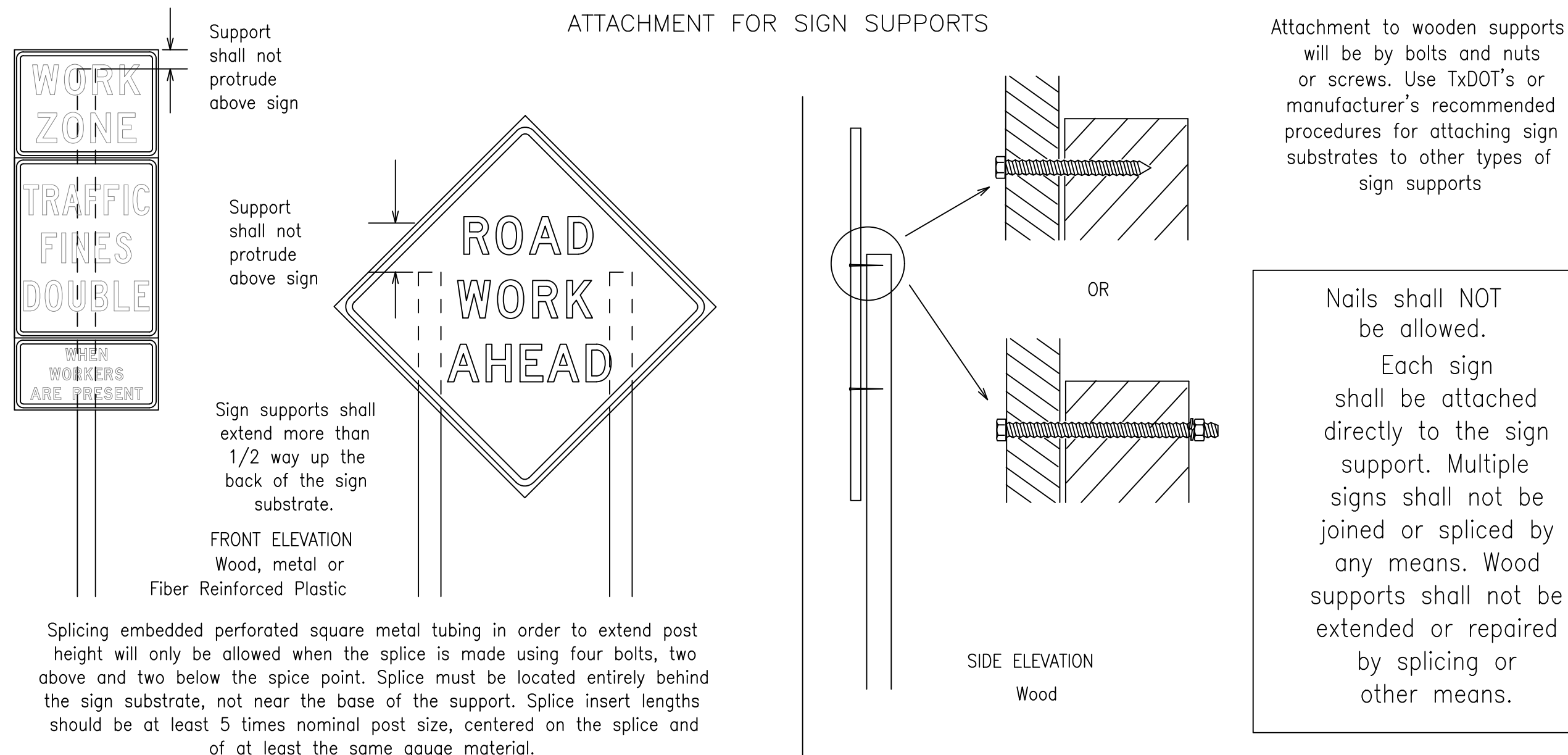
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

** When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.

ATTACHMENT FOR SIGN SUPPORTS



GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD) for small roadside signs. Supports for temporary large roadside signs shall meet the requirements detailed on the Temporary Large Roadside Signs (TLRS) standard sheets. The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - Long-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - Short, duration - work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - Mobile - work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

- The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type C, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTERS

- All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

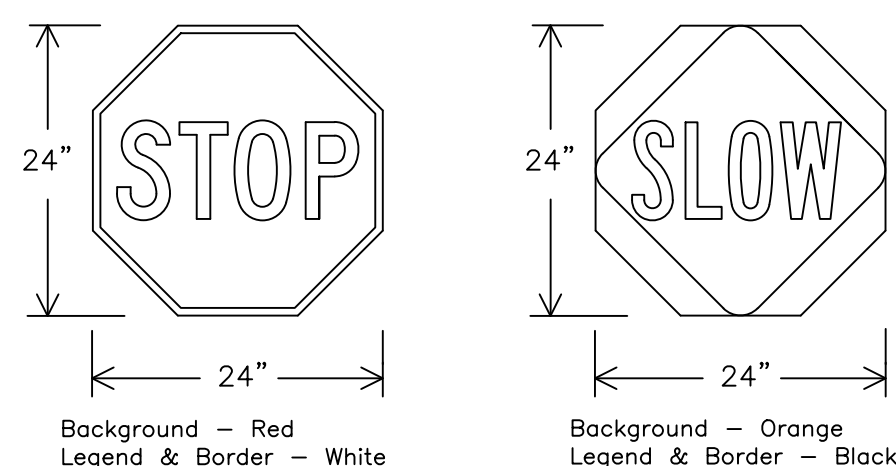
- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

- Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used, the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24".
- STOP/SLOW paddles shall be retroreflectORIZED when used at night.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, specific service (LOGO), or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition. For details for covering large guide signs see the TS-CD standard.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC standard sheets, TLRS standard sheets or the CWZTCD list. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC, or the SMD standard sheets during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS (WHEN USED AT NIGHT)

USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
BACKGROUND	ORANGE	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING
LEGEND & BORDER	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-21

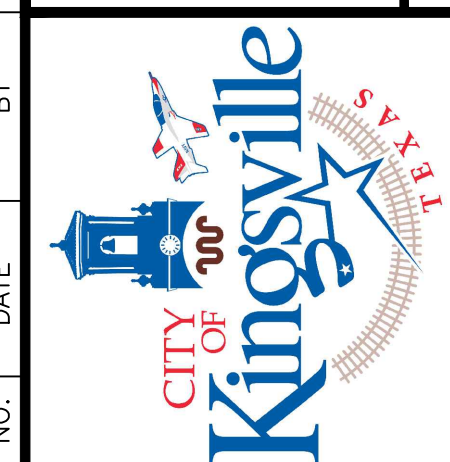
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© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT:	SECT:	JOB:	HIGHWAY				
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7-13	5-21								



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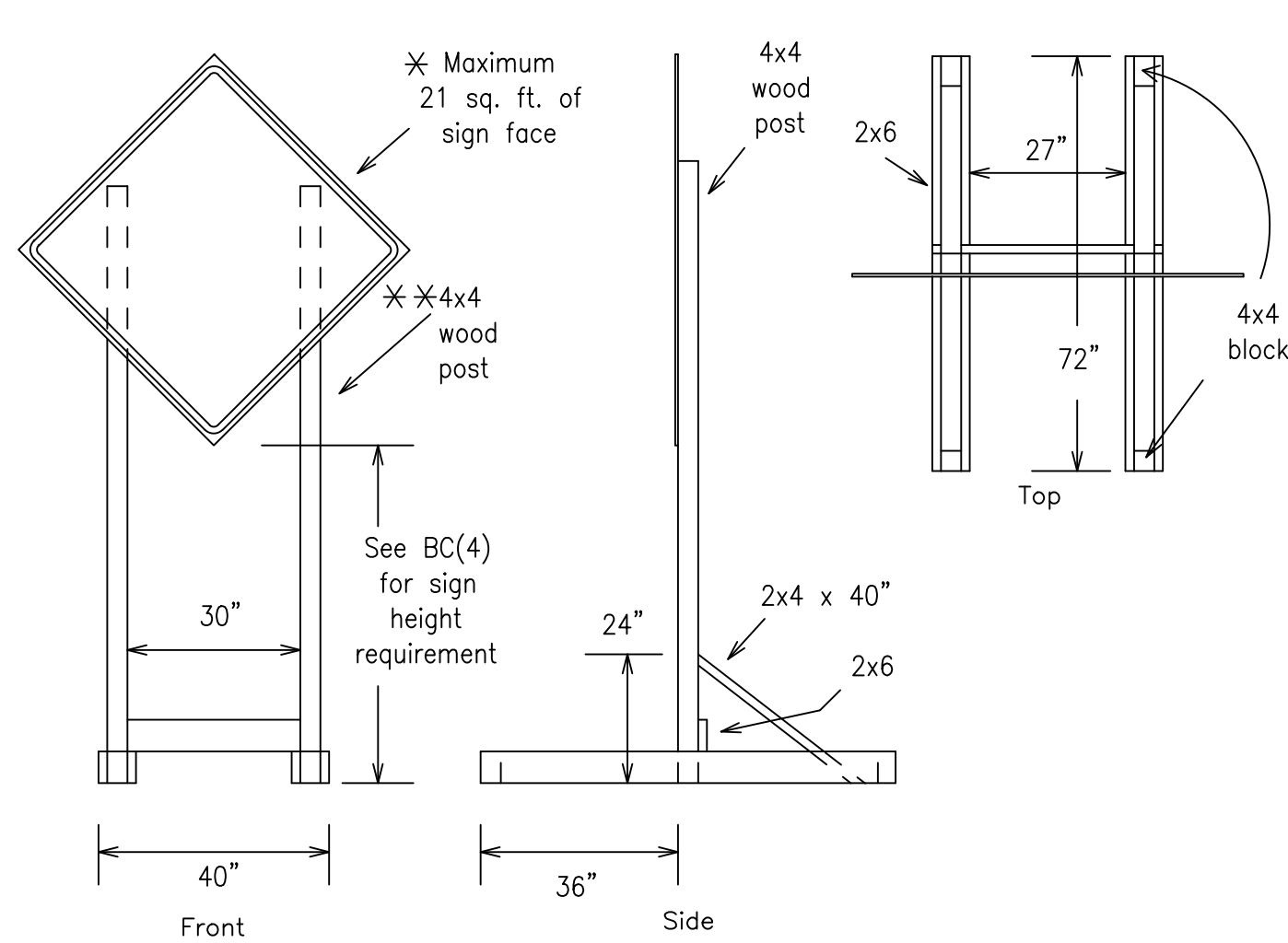
I.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
 KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

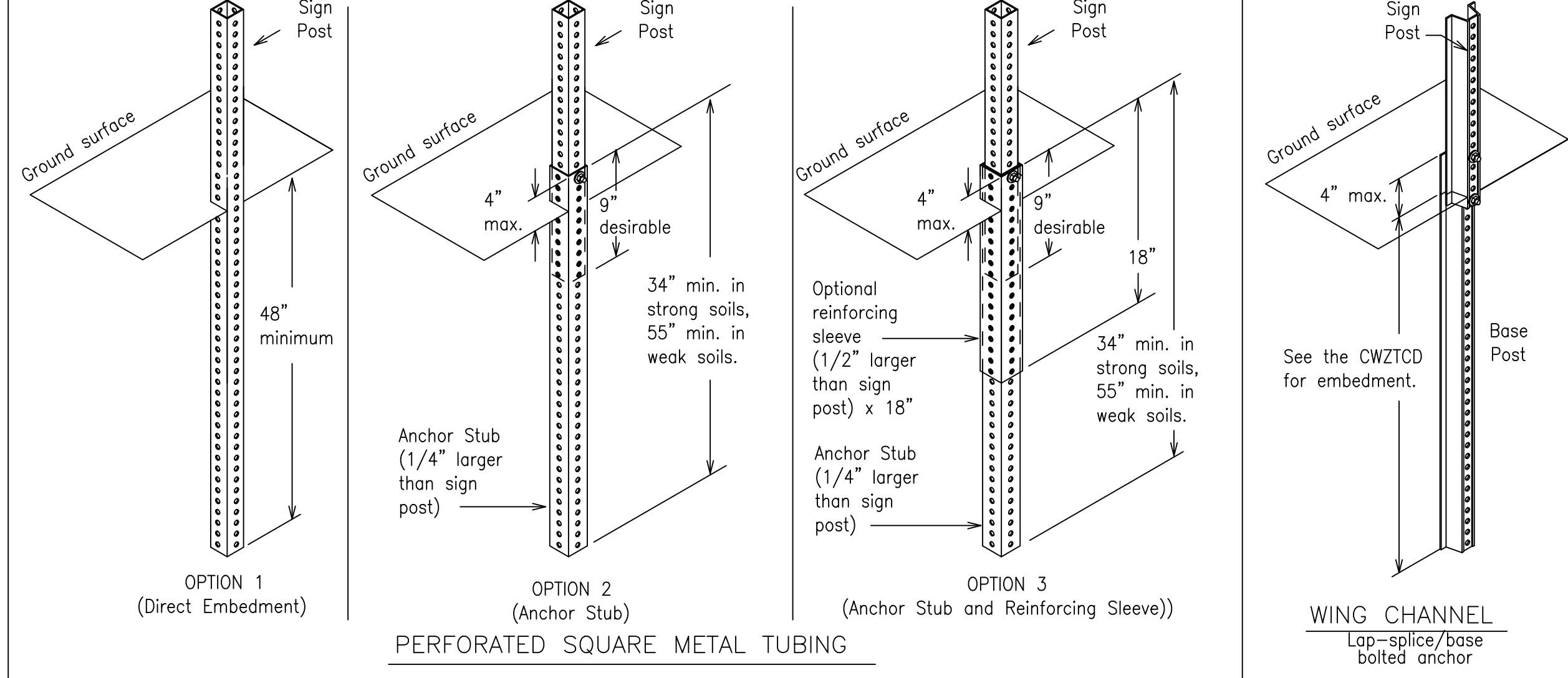
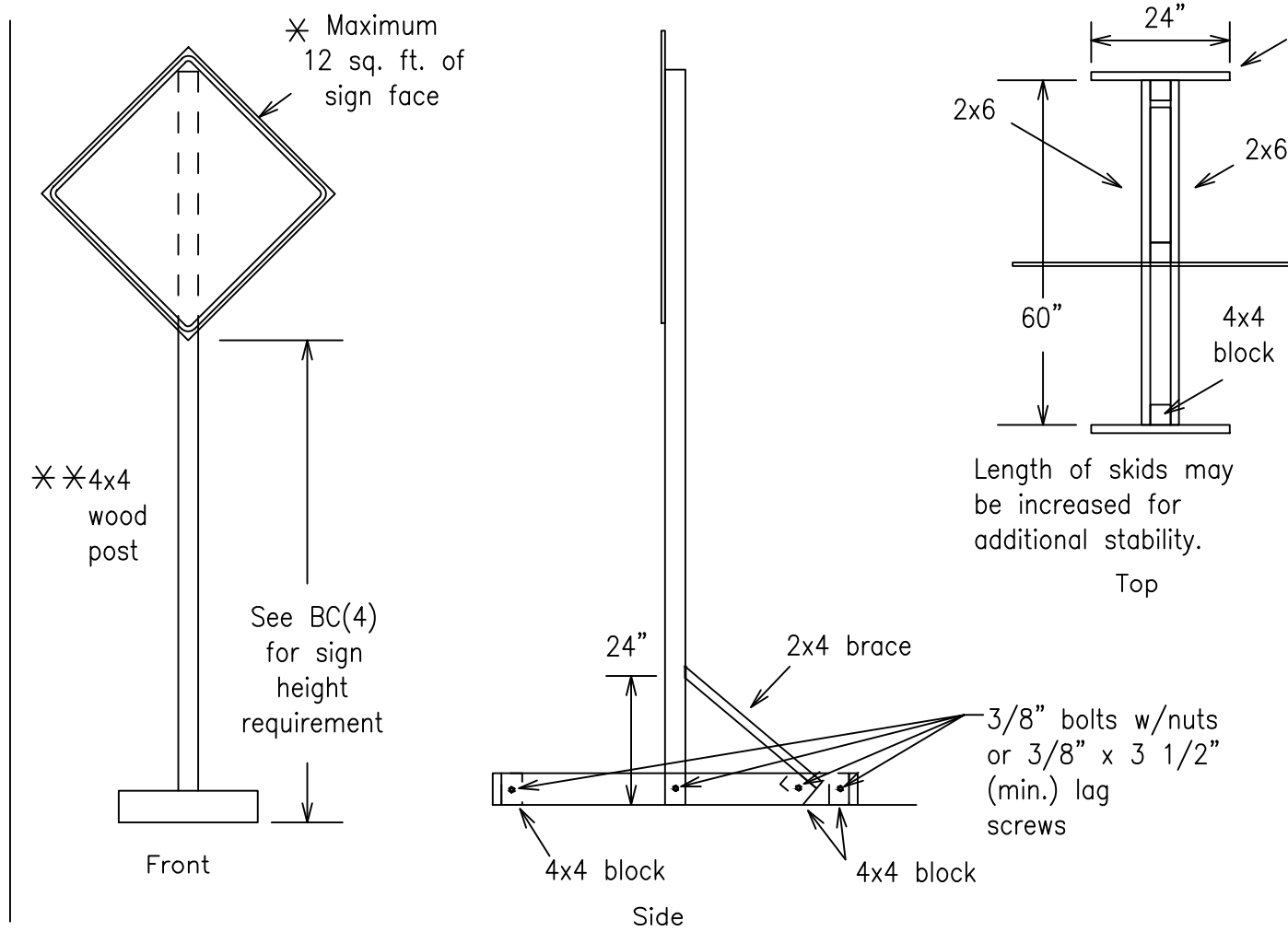
TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES - BC(4)-21

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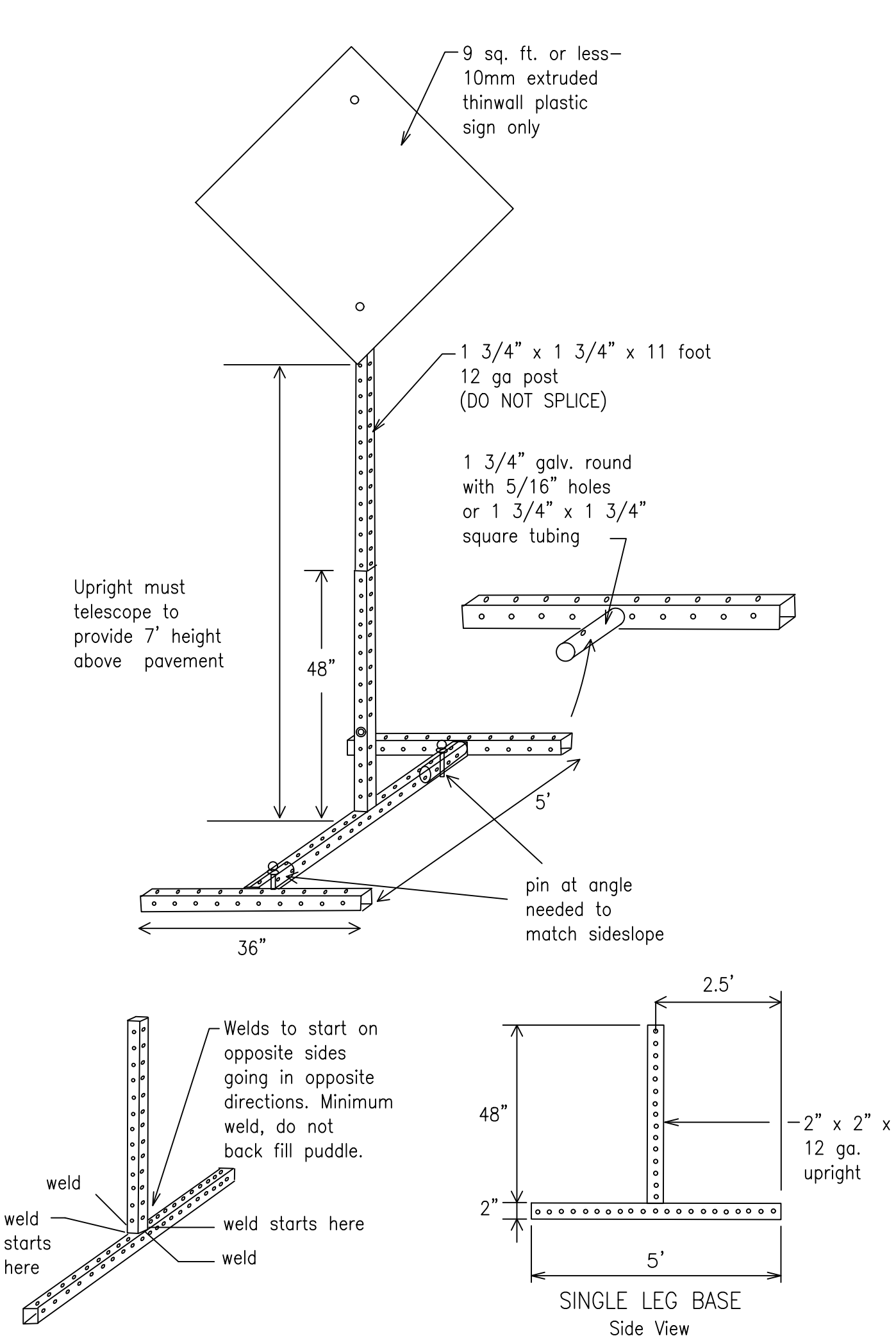
SKID MOUNTED WOOD SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



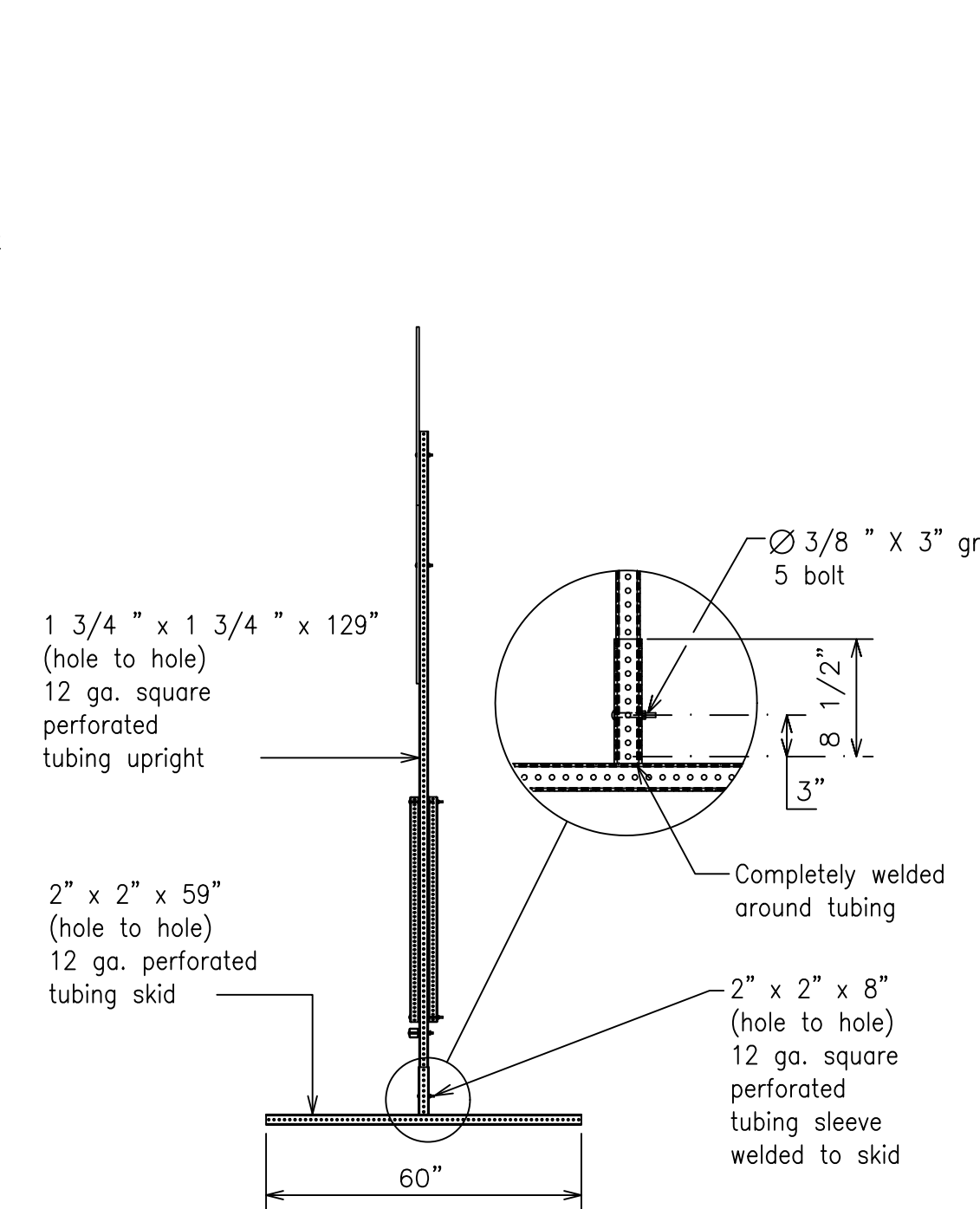
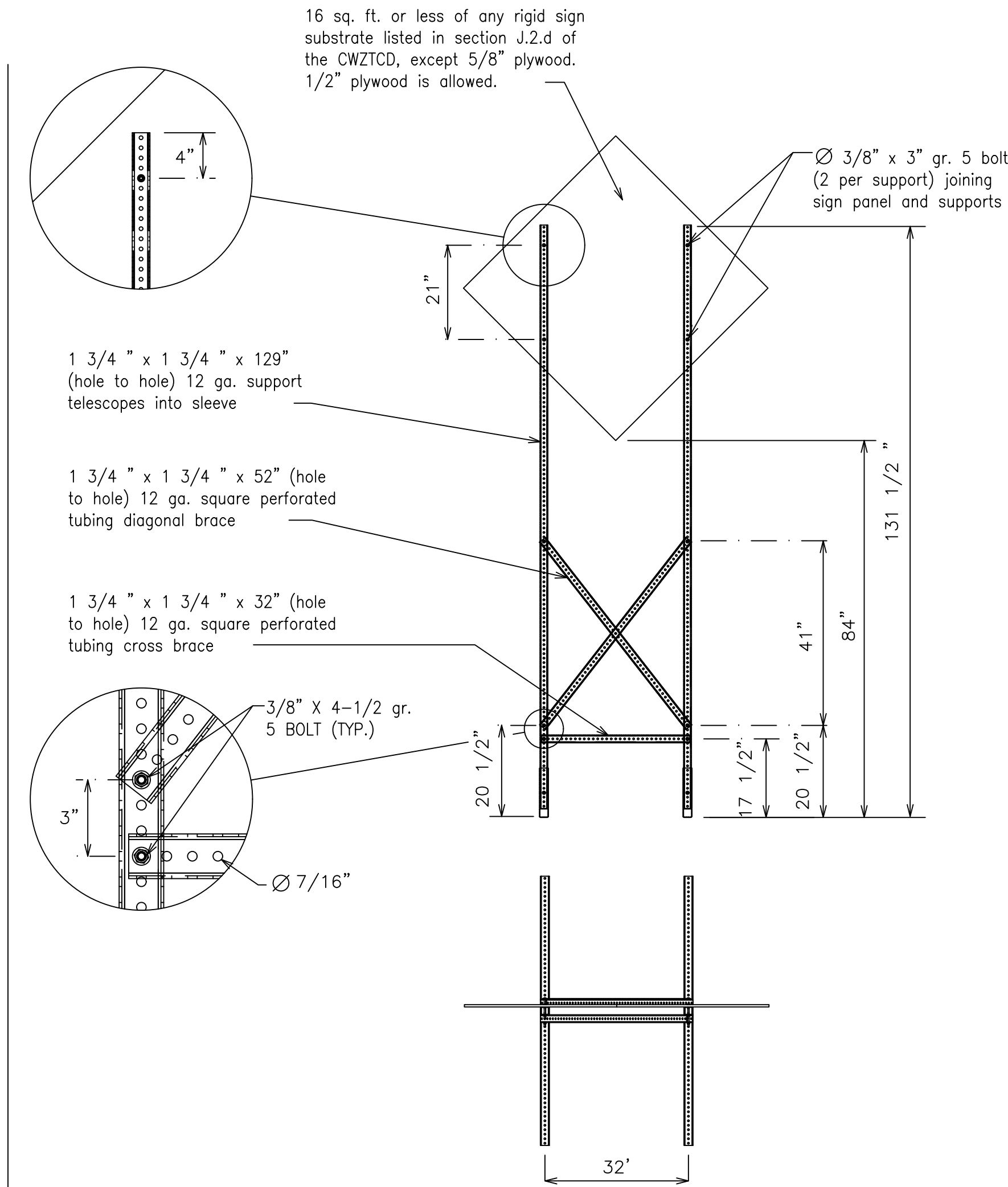
GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

* LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY - PORTABLE SKID MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS



WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

1. Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
2. No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
3. When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.

- * See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
- * * Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
- See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-21

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KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
TXDOT-BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT - BC(5)-21

DRAWING NO.

C72



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLOS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) - BC(6)-21

DRAWING NO. **C73**
SHEET **74** of **90**

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO," "FOR," "AT," etc.
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by itself.
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use, the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
CROSSING	XING	Road	RD
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Right Lane	RT LN
Do Not	DONT	Saturday	SAT
East	E	Service Road	SERV RD
Eastbound	(route) E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Emergency	EMER	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	South	S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Southbound	(route) S
Express Lane	EXP LN	Speed	SPD
Expressway	EXPWY	Street	ST
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Sunday	SUN
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Telephone	PHONE
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	Thursday	THURS
Friday	FRI	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Material	HAZMAT	Travelers	TRVRS
High-Occupancy Vehicle	HOV	Tuesday	TUES
Highway	HWY	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Information	INFO	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
It Is	ITS	Warning	WARN
Junction	JCT	Wednesday	WED
Left	LFT	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Left Lane	LFT LN	West	W
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Westbound	(route) W
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL	West Pavement	WET PVMT
Maintenance	MAINT	Will Not	WONT

Roadway designation # IH=number, US=number, SH=number, FM=number

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List	Other Condition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK XXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	FLAGGER XXXX FT
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT
EXIT CLOSED	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT
XXXXXXXXX BLVD CLOSED	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
	DETOUR X MILE
	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX
	ROADWORK FRI-SUN
	BUMP XXXX FT
	US XXX EXIT X MILES
	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT
	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above.
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/Effect on Travel List	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM-X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX-XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	XXXXXXXXX TO XXXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES			TONIGHT XX PM-XX AM
STAY IN LANE *			

** See Application Guidelines Note 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

SHEET 6 OF 12



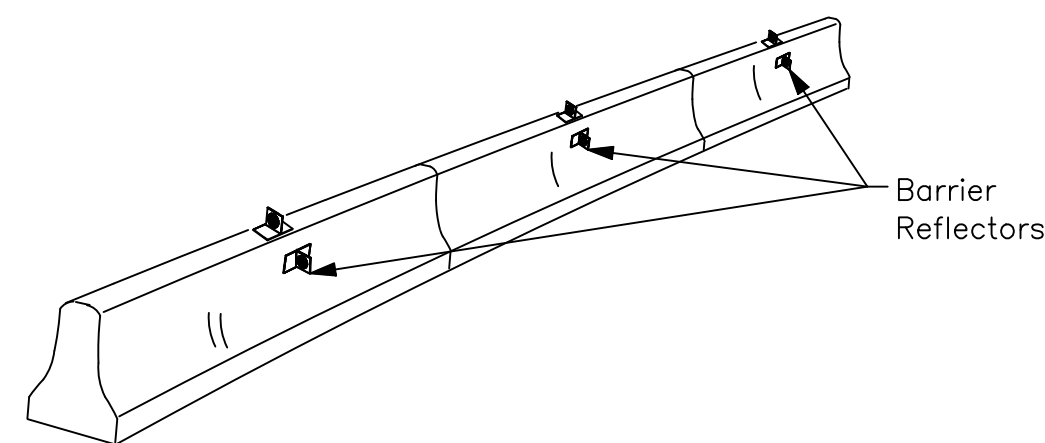
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-21

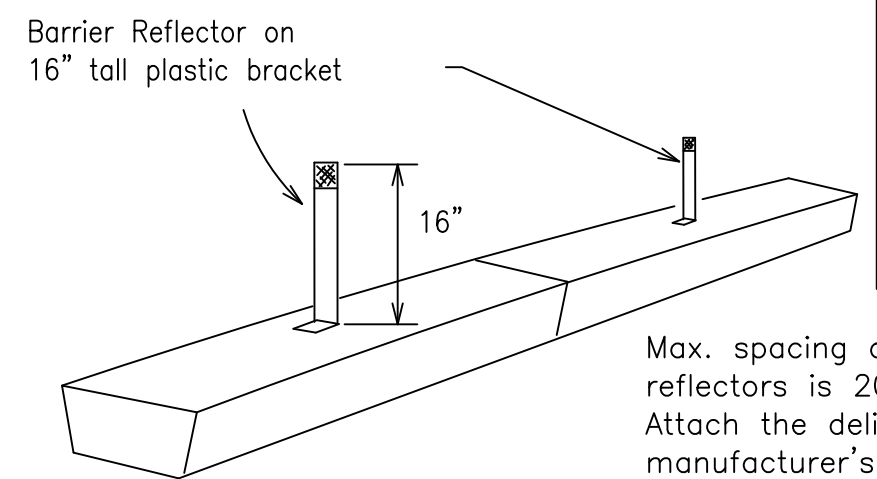
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© TxDOT November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
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9-07 8-14				
7-13 5-21				
100	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Civil\Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH-ST-V-Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Barricade and Construction Arrow Panel Reflectors.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL REFLECTORS.plotted Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:46pm USER: lzepeda

- Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to item 512.



CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

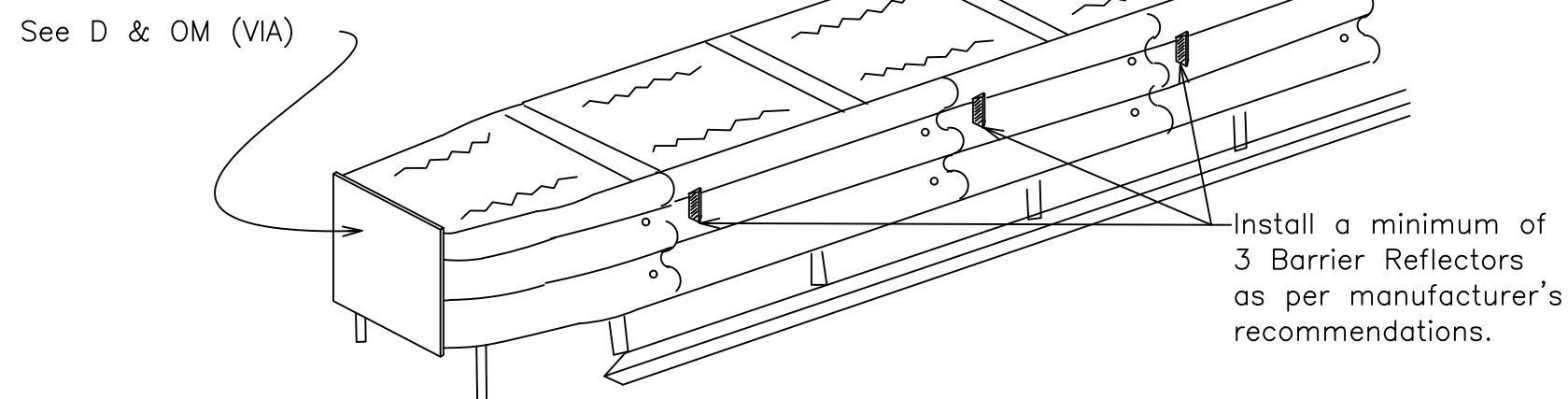


LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB) USED IN WORK ZONES

LPCB is approved for use in work zone locations, where the posted speed is 45mph, or less. See Roadway Standard Sheet LPCB.

Max. spacing of barrier reflectors is 20 feet. Attach the delineators as per manufacturer's recommendations.



DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

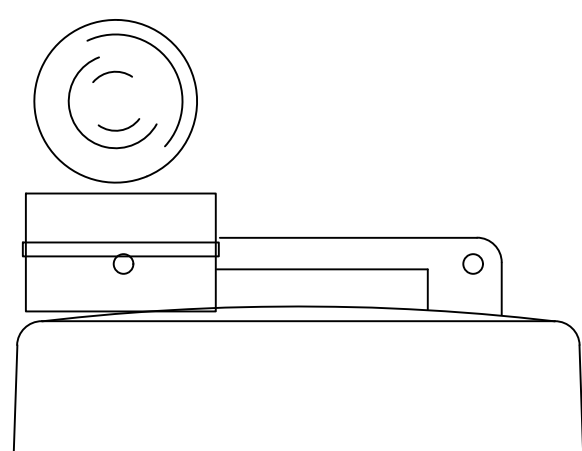
End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet the appropriate crashworthy standards as defined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS

WARNING LIGHTS

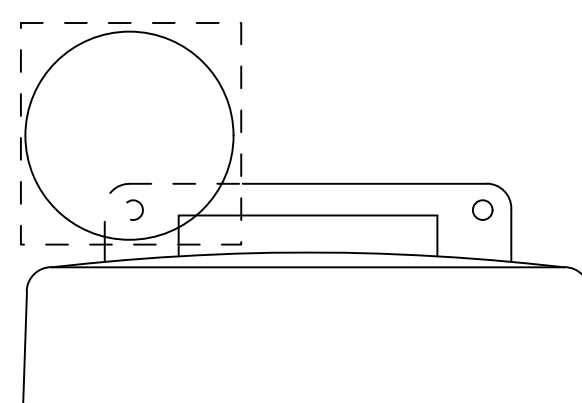
- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.



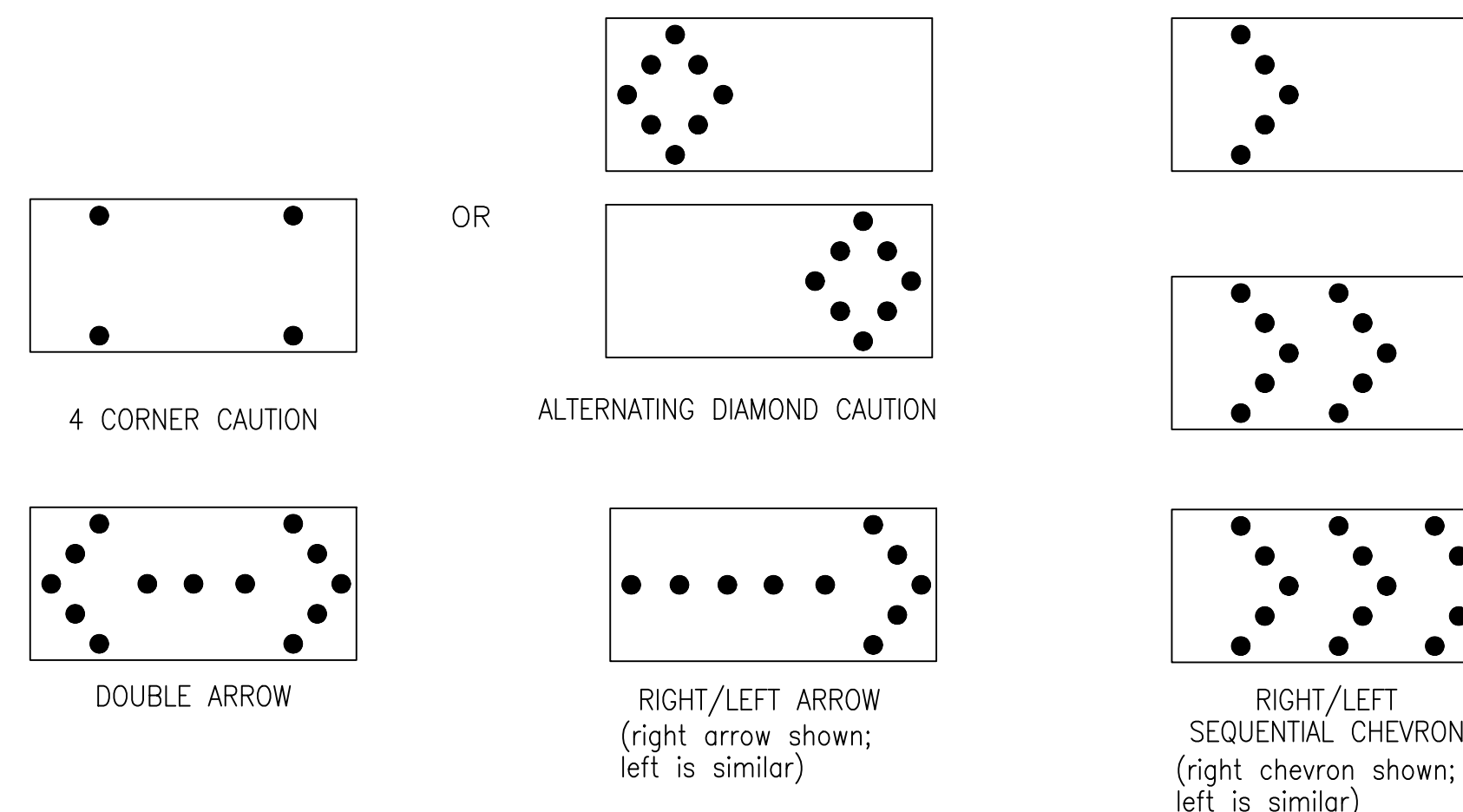
Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CWZTCD.
- The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
- A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

REQUIREMENTS			
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE
B	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile
C	48 x 96	15	1 mile

ATTENTION
Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.

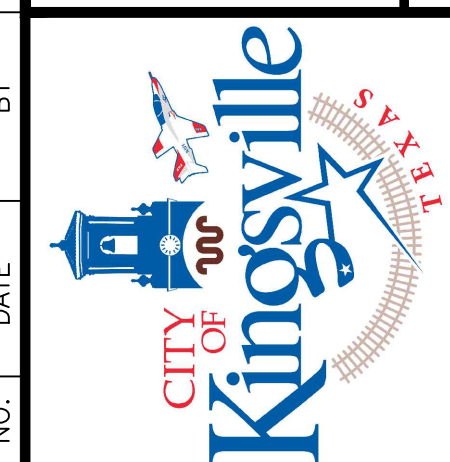


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

BC(7)-21

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REVISIONS									
	9-07	8-14							
	7-13	5-21							
			DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLOSS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL REFLECTORS WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR - BC(7)-21

DRAWING NO.
C74
SHEET 75 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-SS PROJECT 1 - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION BC(8)-21 PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:46pm USER: izpepega

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections, one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

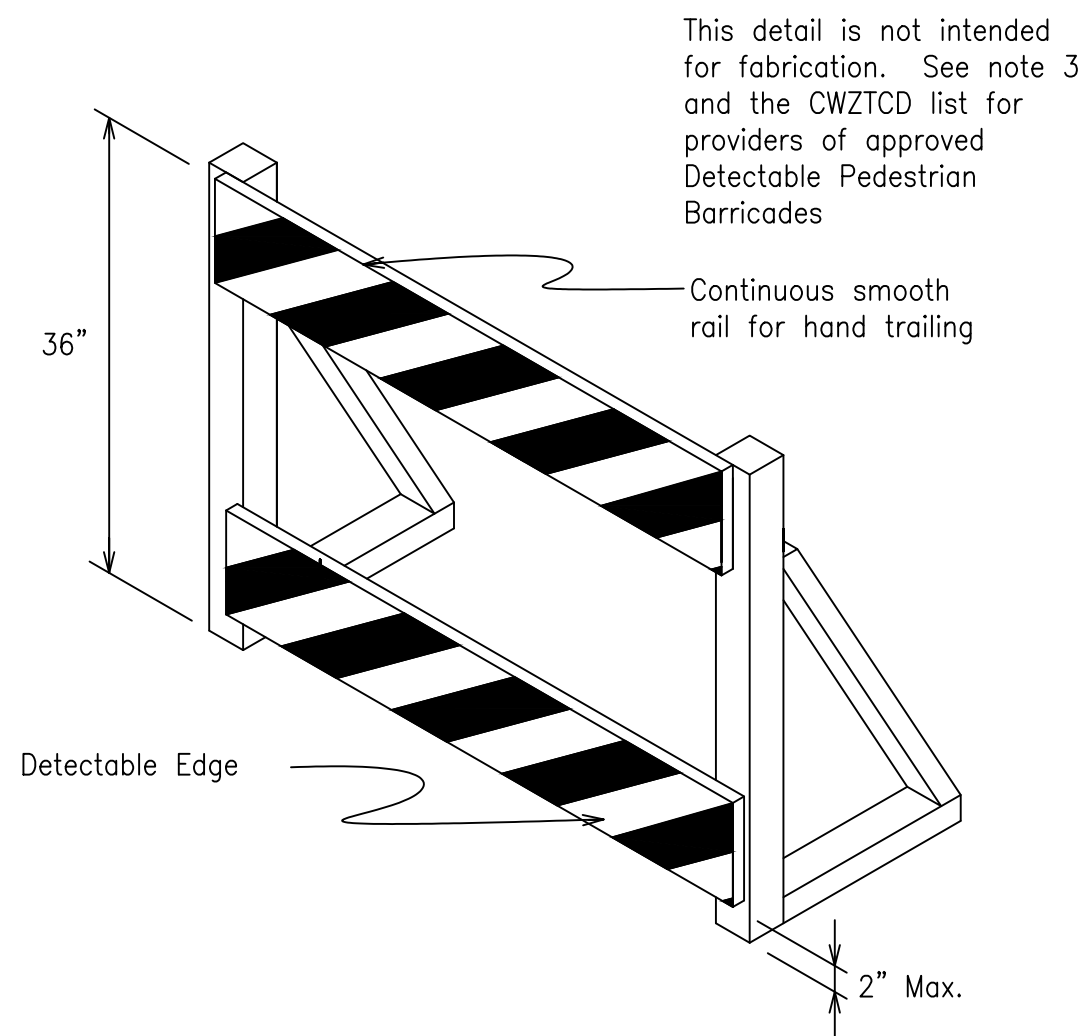
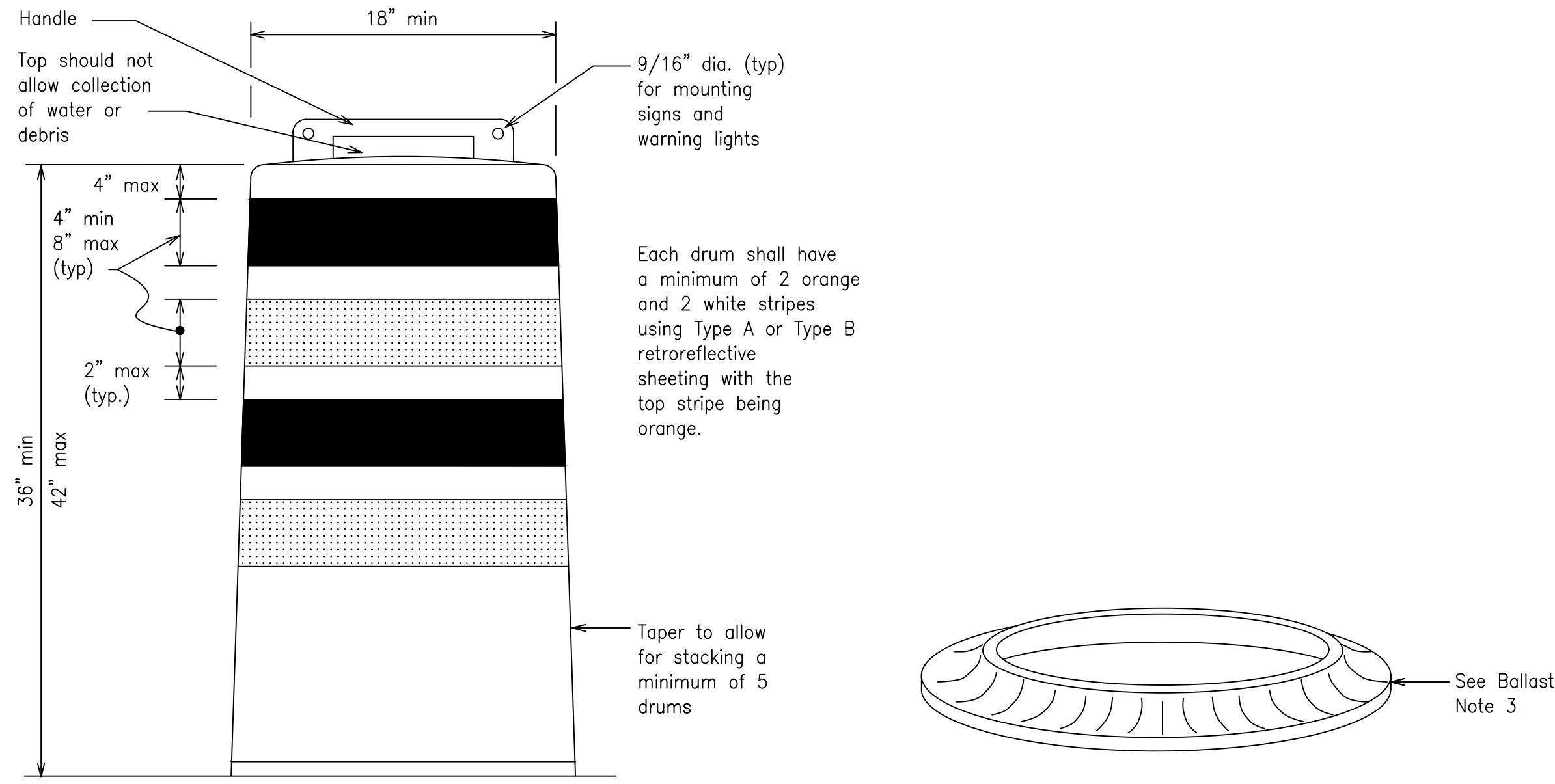
- Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
 - The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
 - Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
 - Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
 - The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
 - The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectORIZED space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
 - Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
 - Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
 - Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 - Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A or Type B reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

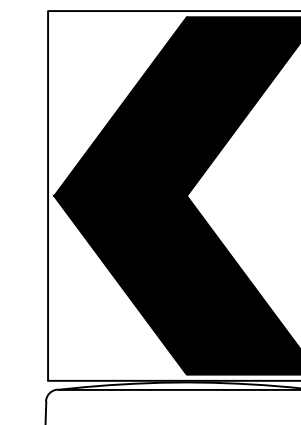
BALLAST

- Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

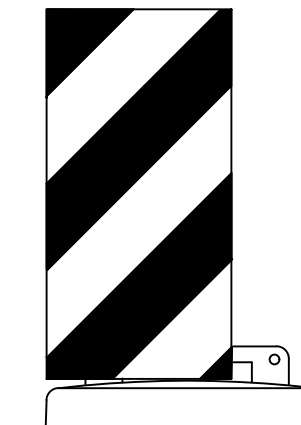


DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Refer to WZ(BTS-2) for Pedestrian Control requirements for Sidewalk Diversions, Sidewalk Detours and Crosswalk Closures.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a Detectable Pedestrian Barricade shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk instead of a Type 3 Barricade.3. Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades should use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24" Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A or Type B. Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations, they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

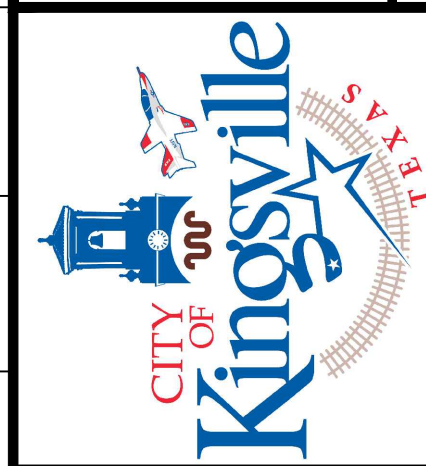
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REVISIONS									
4-03	8-14								
9-07	5-21	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
7-13									

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



IE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



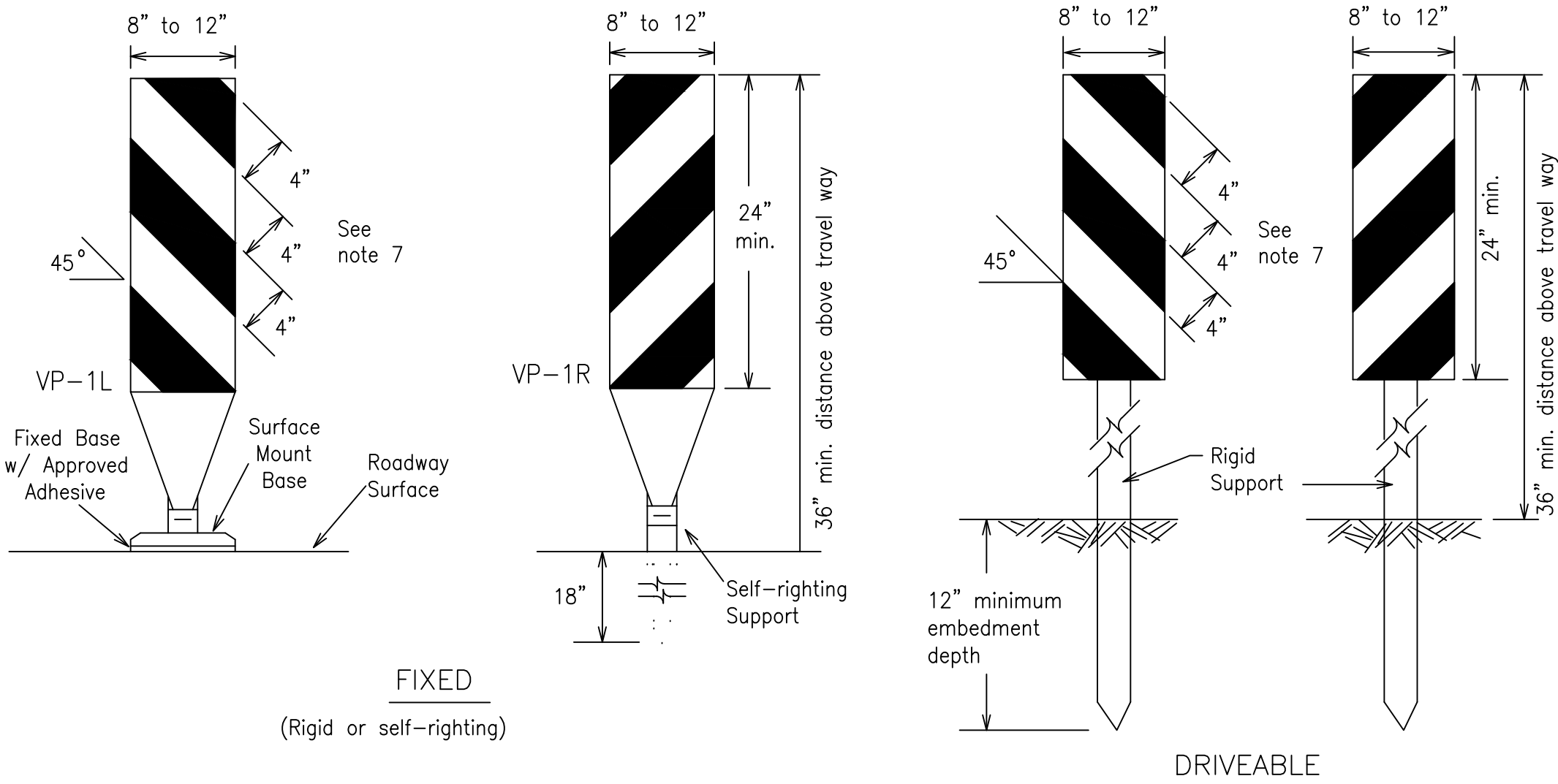
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES - BC(8)-21

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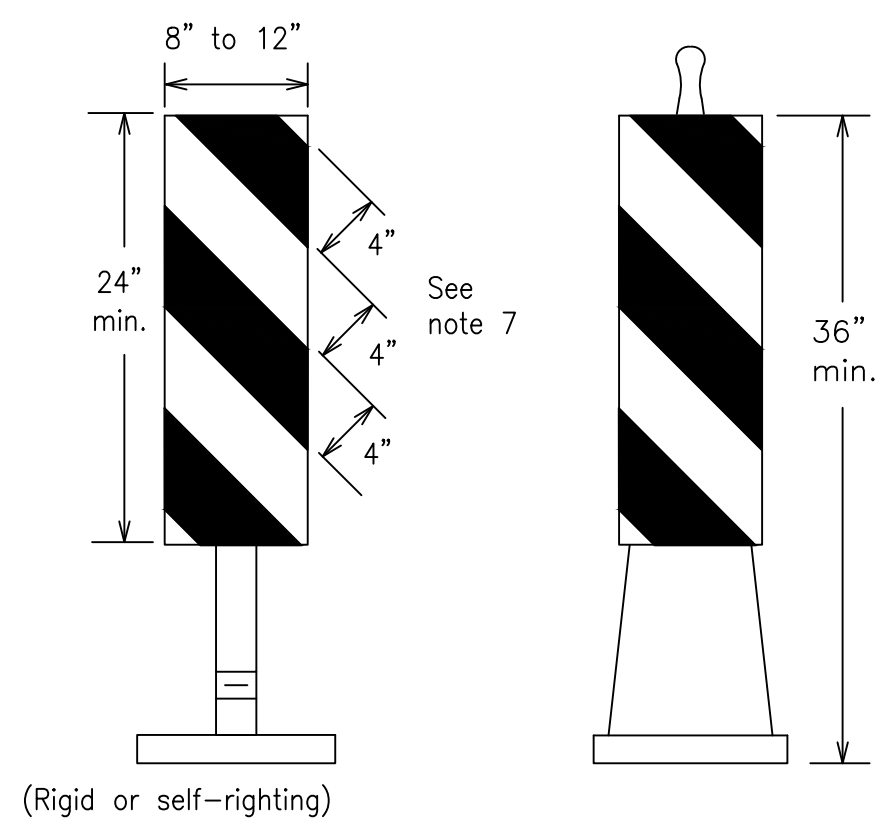
SHEET 76 of 90

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FIXED
(Rigid or self-righting)

DRIVEABLE

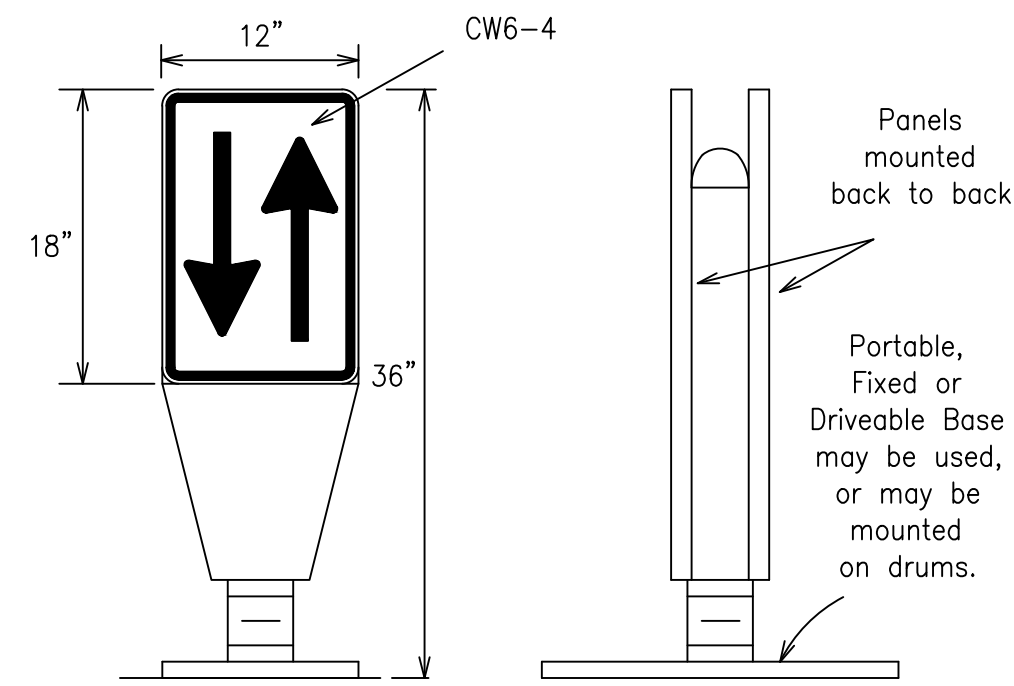


(Rigid or self-righting)

PORTABLE

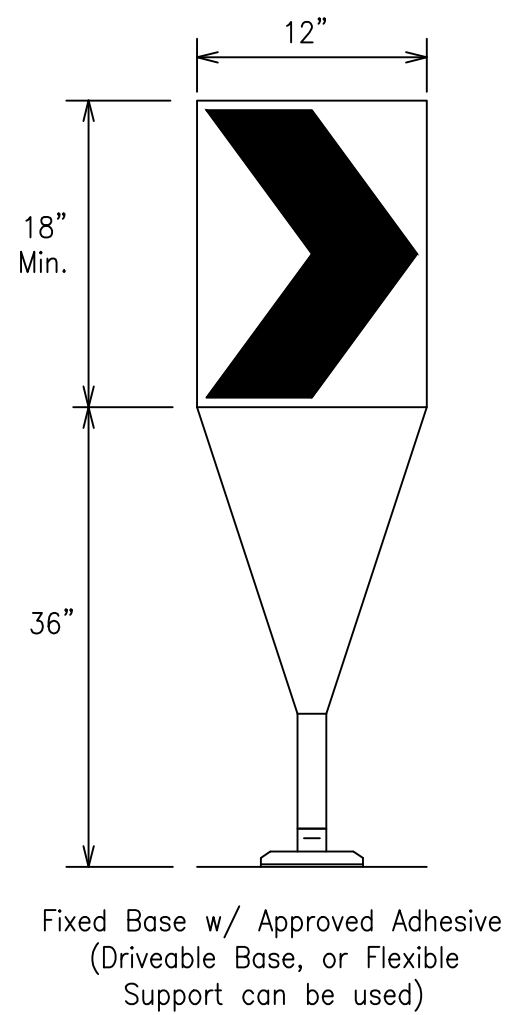
VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)

- Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual for additional requirements on the use VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base. See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.



OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)

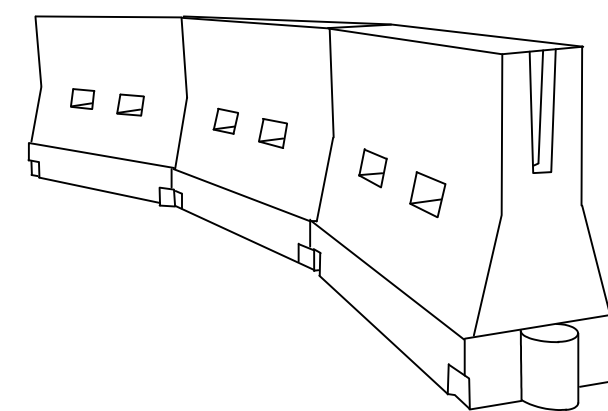
- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- The OTLD shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.



Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways, self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10). Place reflective sheeting near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.

Posted Speed	Formula	Minimum Desirable Taper Lengths * *			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices	
		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'
35		205'	225'	245'	35'	70'
40	L=WS	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'
55		550'	605'	660'	55'	110'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'
80		800'	880'	960'	80'	160'

* * * Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(9)-21

FILE:	bc-21.dgn	DN:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	CK:	TxDOT
© TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY				
REVISIONS									
9-07	8-14	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.					
7-13	5-21								

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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES - BC(9)-21

DRAWING NO.

C76

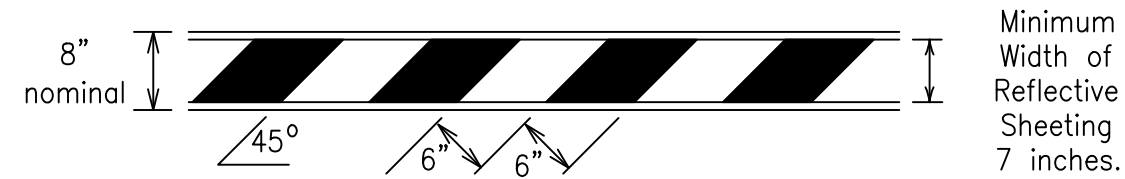
SHEET 77 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST_V1 - Drawings\2 - Civil\C77_TxDOT - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION.dwg LAYOUT NAME: TXDOT - BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION BC(10)-21 - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:46pm USER: ispejeda

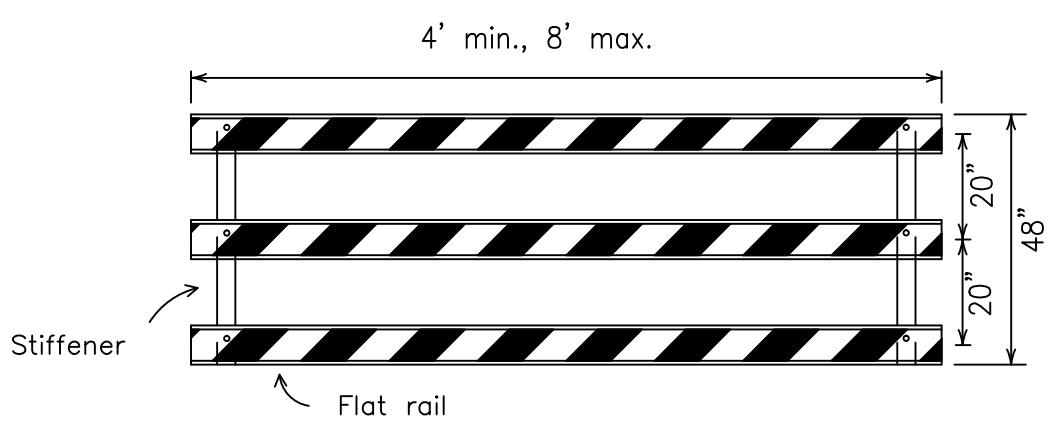
TYPE 3 BARRICADES

1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road, striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A or Type B conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

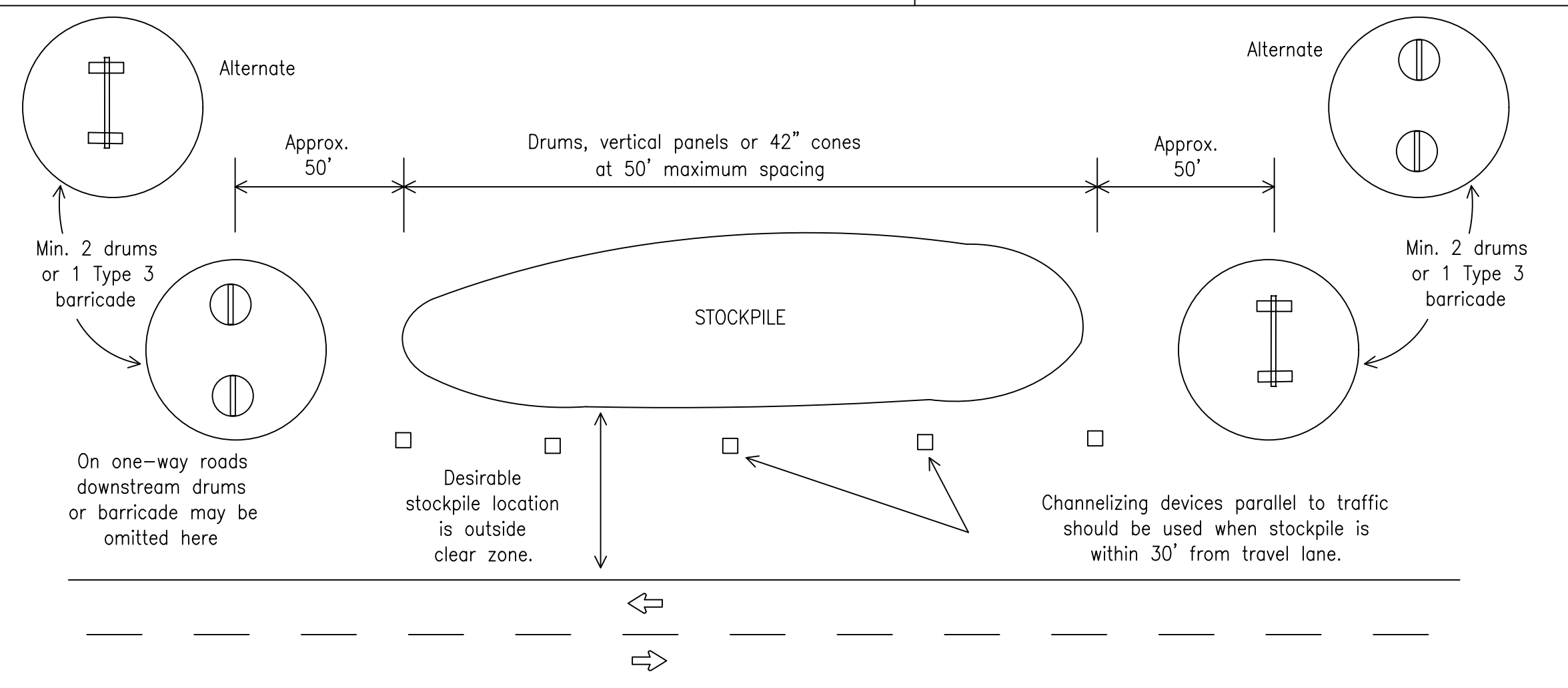


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL



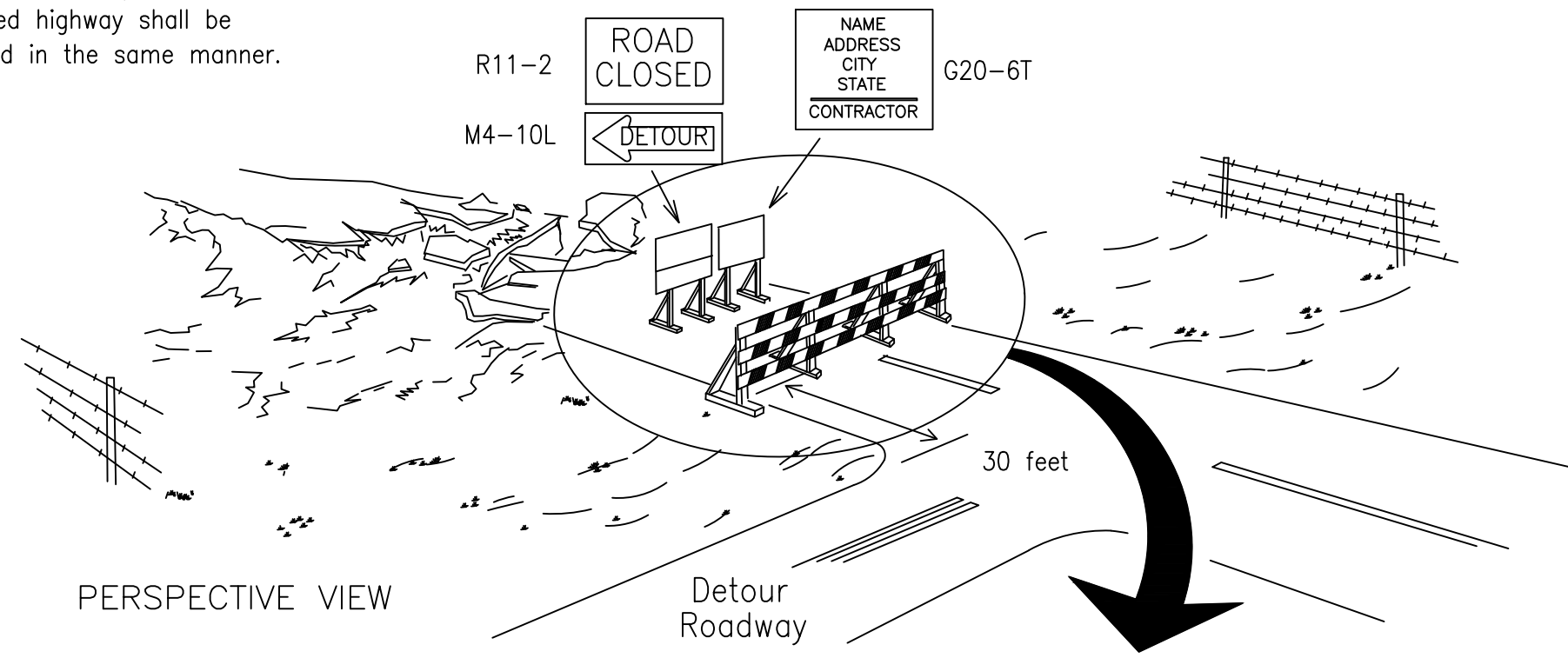
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

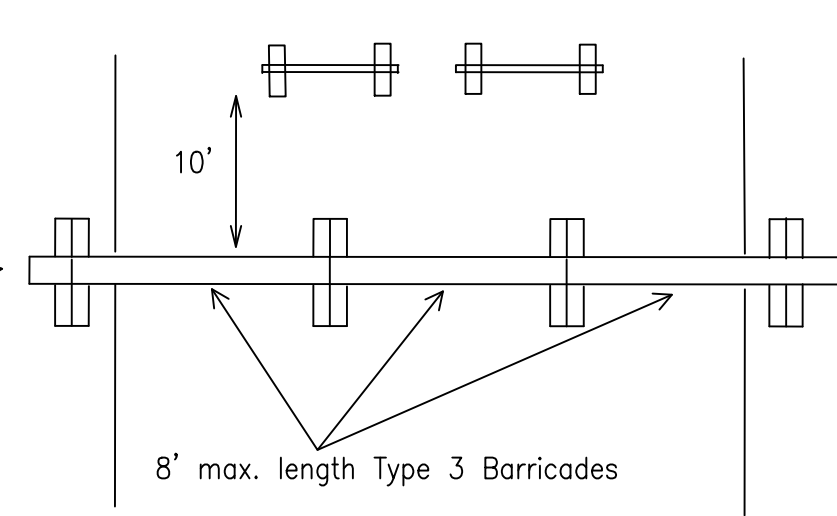
Each roadway of a divided highway shall be barricaded in the same manner.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

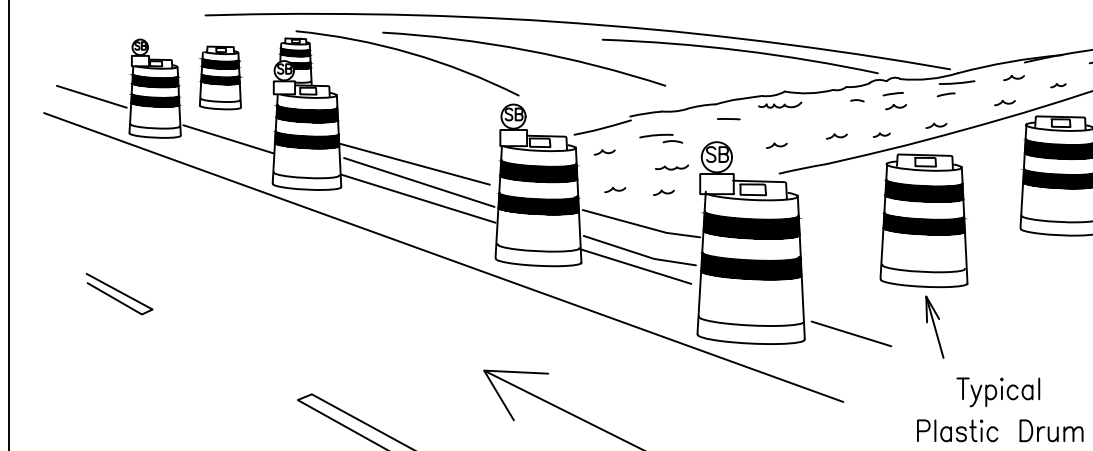
The three rails on Type 3 barricades shall be reflectorized orange and reflective white stripes on one side facing one-way traffic and both sides for two-way traffic. Barricade striping should slant downward in the direction of detour.

1. Signs should be mounted on independent supports at a 7 foot mounting height in center of roadway. The signs should be a minimum of 10 feet behind Type 3 Barricades.
2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

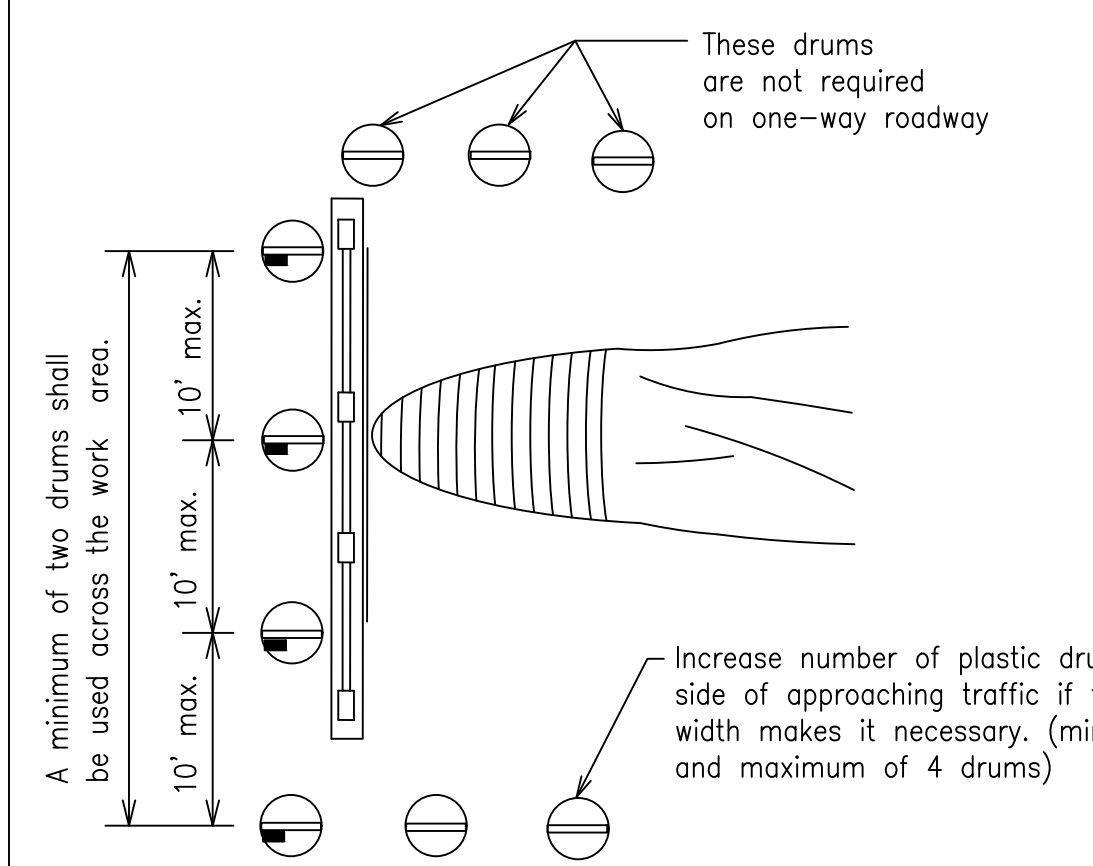


PLAN VIEW

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

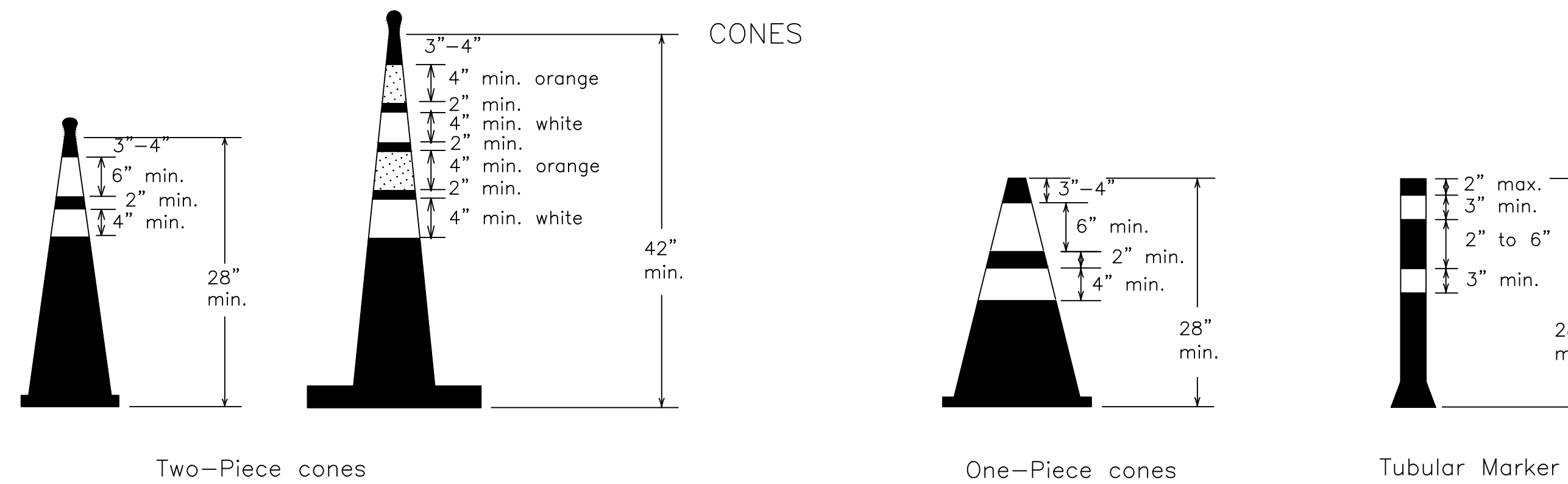


PLAN VIEW

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

1. Where positive redirection capability is provided, drums may be omitted.
2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.
3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.
4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

LEGEND	
	Plastic drum
	Plastic drum with steady burn light or yellow warning reflector
	Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector



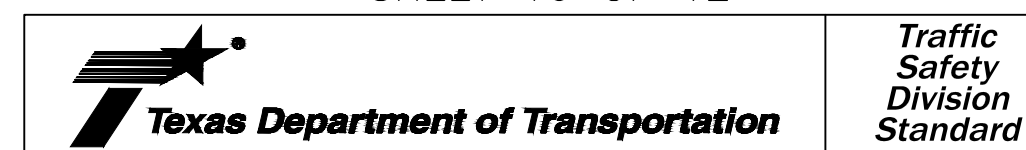
CONES

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of 30 lbs. including base.

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.
3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.
4. Cones or tubular markers shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A or Type B.
5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.
7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-21

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REVISIONS				
9-07	8-14			
7-13	5-21			
	DIST	COUNTY	SHEET NO.	

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CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



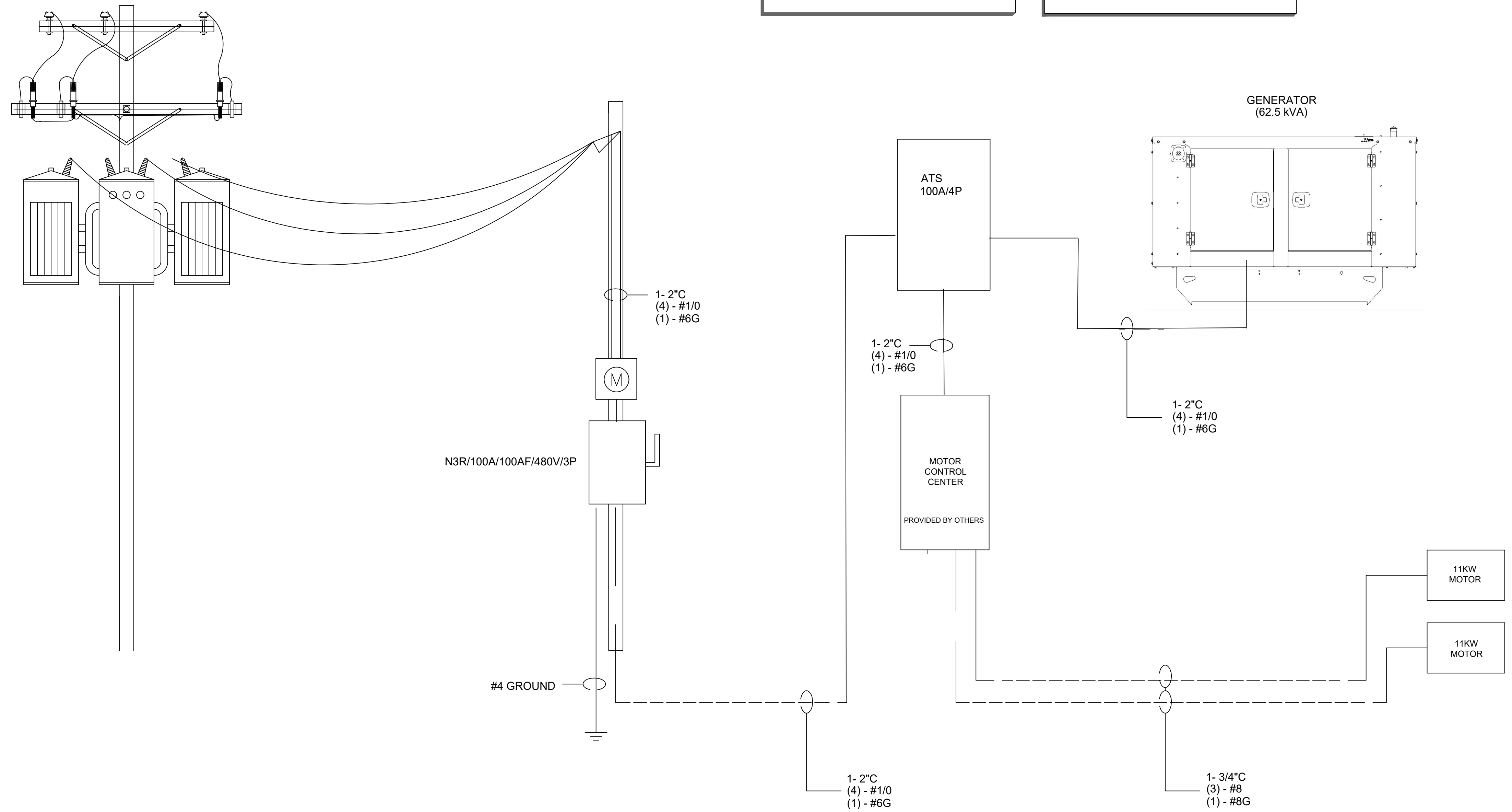
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I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
TXDOT- BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES - BC(10)-21

DRAWING NO.
C77
SHEET 78 of 90



FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-LOCO1_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\ELECTRICAL ONE LINE DIAGRAM.dwg LAYOUT NAME: ELECTRICAL ONE LINE DIAGRAM PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:46pm USER: lzejepda



ELECTRICAL SERVICE SCOPE:
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DELIVERY OF SERVICE TO THE NEW MCC COORDINATE ALL REQUIREMENTS AND COSTS AND LABOR W/ LOCAL UTILITY. PRIOR TO BID, ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED W/ THE DELIVERY OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE SHALL BE INCLUDED AS A PART OF THIS CONTRACT. REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

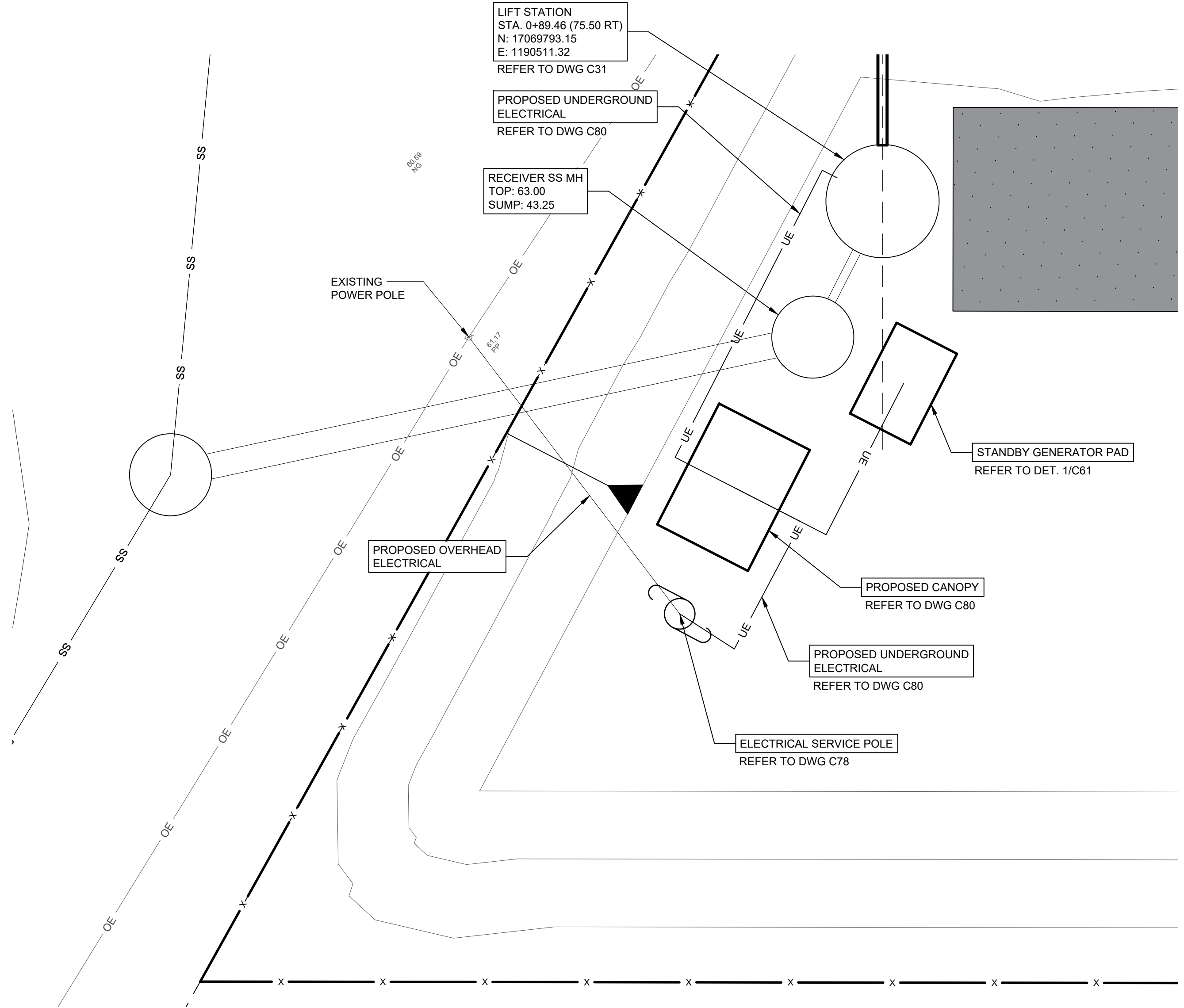
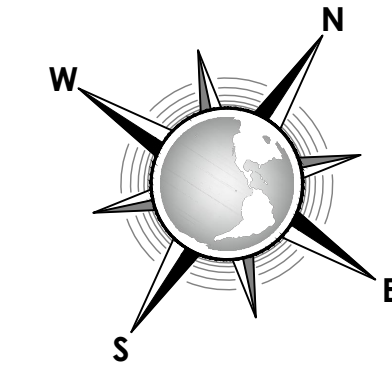
ELECTRICAL SERVICE SCOPE:
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO ADDITIONAL SHEETS FOR LOW VOLTAGE REQUIREMENTS, CONTROLS REQUIREMENTS AND ANY ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO BIDDING THE PROJECT.

1 ONE-LINE DIAGRAM
 C78 C78 NOT TO SCALE

CONSULTANT'S SHEET PROJECT NO. 21107-01B	
 IOE INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS 261 SARATOGA BLVD. CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417 PHONE: 361.926.5805 FAX: 361.926.5806 T.B.P.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837	
 CITY OF Kingsville TEXAS	
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1 (14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS	
LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL ONE LINE DIAGRAM	
REVISION NO.	DESCRIPTION
DATE	BY
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DRAWING NO.	
C78	
SHEET 79 of 90	

FILE NAME: \\192.168.1.8\Engineering\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GO-LOC01_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\ELECTRICAL SITE PLAN.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C76 ELECTRICAL SITE PLAN PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:47pm USER: izepeda

- GENERAL: COORDINATE INSTALLATION OF ELECTRICAL WITH ALL MECHANICAL AND PLUMBING EQUIPMENT. PROVIDE ROUGH-INS AND STUB-UPS BASED UPON EQUIPMENT INSTALLED. COORDINATE LOCATION OF OWNER FURNISHED ITEMS WITH OWNER. ALL INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE AND ANY LOCAL AMENDMENTS.
- THE INSTALLATION SHALL CONFORM TO NEC ARTICLE 500, CLASS I, DIVISION I AND CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL PROVISIONS FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT IN THE HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS. ROOM BOUNDRY INTERIOR WALLS/CEILING/FLOOR OF THE ROOM. ANY CONDUIT PASSING THROUGH THE INTERIOR SKIN IS CONSIDERED ENTERING THE BOUNDRY.
- ALL CONDUIT ENTRANCES INTO THE HAZARDOUS LOCATION ROOM SHALL HAVE CONDUIT SEALS CONFORMING TO CLASS I, DIVISION I AND II. PROVIDE SEALS WITHIN 18" OF SWITCHES AND ENCLOSURES ON CONTINUOUS CIRCUITS.
- CONDUIT SUPPORT AND INSTALLATION: ALL CONDUIT SHALL BE SUPPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEC. PROVIDE CLAMPS AND CLAMP BACKS FOR MALLEABLE IRON. PROVIDE APPLETON (OR EQUAL) CONDUIT HUBS FOR THREADED RMC AND IMC WITH GASKETS FOR MALLEABLE IRON BOXES. PROVIDE CONDUIT BUSHINGS FOR ALL NON THREADED CONDUIT. PROVIDE EXTERNAL GROUNDING LUGS FOR ALL LIQUIDTIGHT AND FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS AND INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEC ARTICLE 500. PROVIDE RATED REDUCERS BETWEEN ANY EXISTING CONDUIT AND IMC. MOUNT MULTIPLE CONDUITS TOGETHER ON UNISTRUT RACKS SUPPORTED FROM STRUCTURE. PROVIDE APPLETON K-CLAMPS FOR RMC AND IMC ACROSS SUPPORTS. MOUNT BOX STANDOFFS USING UNISTRUT SECURED TO WALLS.
- CONDUIT: ALL SURFACE (ABOVE GRADE) RACEWAY FROM OR TO J-BOXES OR SWITCHES SHALL BE IMC. MINIMUM 5 THREADS ENGAGED ON ALL THREADED CONNECTIONS. ALL INTERIOR RACEWAY OUTSIDE THE ROOM BOUNDRY SHALL BE EMT WITH STEEL J-BOXES WITH STEEL SET SCREW FITTINGS. DIE CAST ARE UNACCEPTABLE.
- FLEXIBLE CONDUIT: PROVIDE CLASS I FLEXIBLE CONNECTIONS TO EQUIPMENT (LFMC APPLETON ST OR EQUAL MAX DISTANCE 30"). PROVIDE WATER TIGHT FITTINGS ON ALL EQUIPMENT. ALL RECESSED BOXES SHALL HAVE PLASTER RINGS FLUSH WITH WALL SURFACE. PROVIDE PULL TAPE FOR ALL EMPTY CONDUIT. ALL CONDUIT SHALL BE STRAIGHT AND PLUM.
- CONDUCTORS: ALL CONDUCTORS TO BE COPPER THHN. MINIMUM CONDUCTOR SIZE #12. MINIMUM CIRCUIT SIZE IS 2-#12 WITH 1-#12 GROUND IN 1/2" CONDUIT. MAXIMUM CONDUIT FILL IS 40%. UPSIZE CONDUIT TO MAINTAIN MAXIMUM FILL. USE SOLID CONDUCTORS FOR #10 AND SMALLER. INSTALL CONDUCTORS AS PER NEC. ALL CONDUCTORS SHALL BE COLOR CODED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEC AND LOCAL AMENDMENTS.
- DISCONNECTS: PROVIDE CLASS I DISCONNECTS (FUSED AND NON-FUSED) FULL RATING OF EQUIPMENT PROTECTED. COORDINATE SIZES WITH EQUIPMENT INSTALLED. PROVIDE FUSED DISCONNECTS FOR ALL MULTIPLE PIECES OF EQUIPMENT ON THE SAME CIRCUIT. DISCONNECTS SHALL BE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE FEEDER/BREAKER SIZE. FUSES SHALL BE SIZED ACCORDING TO THE EQUIPMENT PROTECTING. SIZE LOAD SIDE OF DISCONNECTS FOR EQUIPMENT AS LISTED. PROVIDE GROUND LUG IN DISCONNECT TO GROUND ENCLOSURE.
- LIGHTING: PROVIDE CLASS I FIXTURES AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS (OR EQUIVALENT). FIXTURES AS PER MANUFACTURERS MOUNT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS. MOUNT TO CEILINGS WITH CLASS I FITTINGS. PROVIDE METAL GUARDS ON OPEN INDUSTRIAL STYLE STRIP FIXTURES. PROVIDE CLASS I 4x4 J-BOXES (OR LARGER AS PER MANUF INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS) SECURED TO STRUCTURE. PROVIDE RECESSED BACK BOXES FOR ALL SURFACE MOUNTED FIXTURES. COORDINATE LOCATION AND ROUGH-IN WITH ARCHITECTURAL. CLEAN AND LAMP FIXTURES PRIOR TO OWNER ACCEPTANCE.
- ALL CIRCUITS SHALL HAVE GROUND WIRES. LIGHTING CIRCUITS CAN SHARE NEUTRALS. GROUND AND BOND EQUIPMENT AS PER NEC.
- RECEPTACLES: PROVIDE APPLETON U-LINE CLASS I 20A SIMPLEX AND DEAD-END DUPLEX RECEPTACLES WITH MALLEABLE IRON BACK BOXES. PROVIDE COMPLETE RECEPTACLE WITH COVERS AND MANUFACTURERS PLUGS FOR EACH RECEPTACLE. PROVIDE APPLETON U-LINE ECP PLUG (OR EQUAL) FOR ALL RECEPTACLES. RETROFIT EXISTING PLUGS TO WORK WITH NEW RECEPTACLES.
- SWITCHES: PROVIDE APPLETON FRONT OPERATED NON-SEALED TUMBER SWITCHES WHERE INDICATED. CONNECT TO THREADED IMC.
- COORDINATE INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT WITH ARCHITECT AND OWNER.
- LABEL ALL CIRCUITS AND J-BOXES. UPDATE PANEL SCHEDULES. LABEL ALL DISCONNECT SWITCHES WITH PLASTIC LAMINATE ENGRAVED PLAQUE.
- PROVIDE DIAELECTRICS AS REQUIRED BETWEEN DISSIMILAR METALS.



1 SANITARY SEWER LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL PLAN

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=10', VERT: 1"=2' (FULL SIZE SHEETS)
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=20', VERT: 1"=4' (HALF SIZE SHEETS)

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

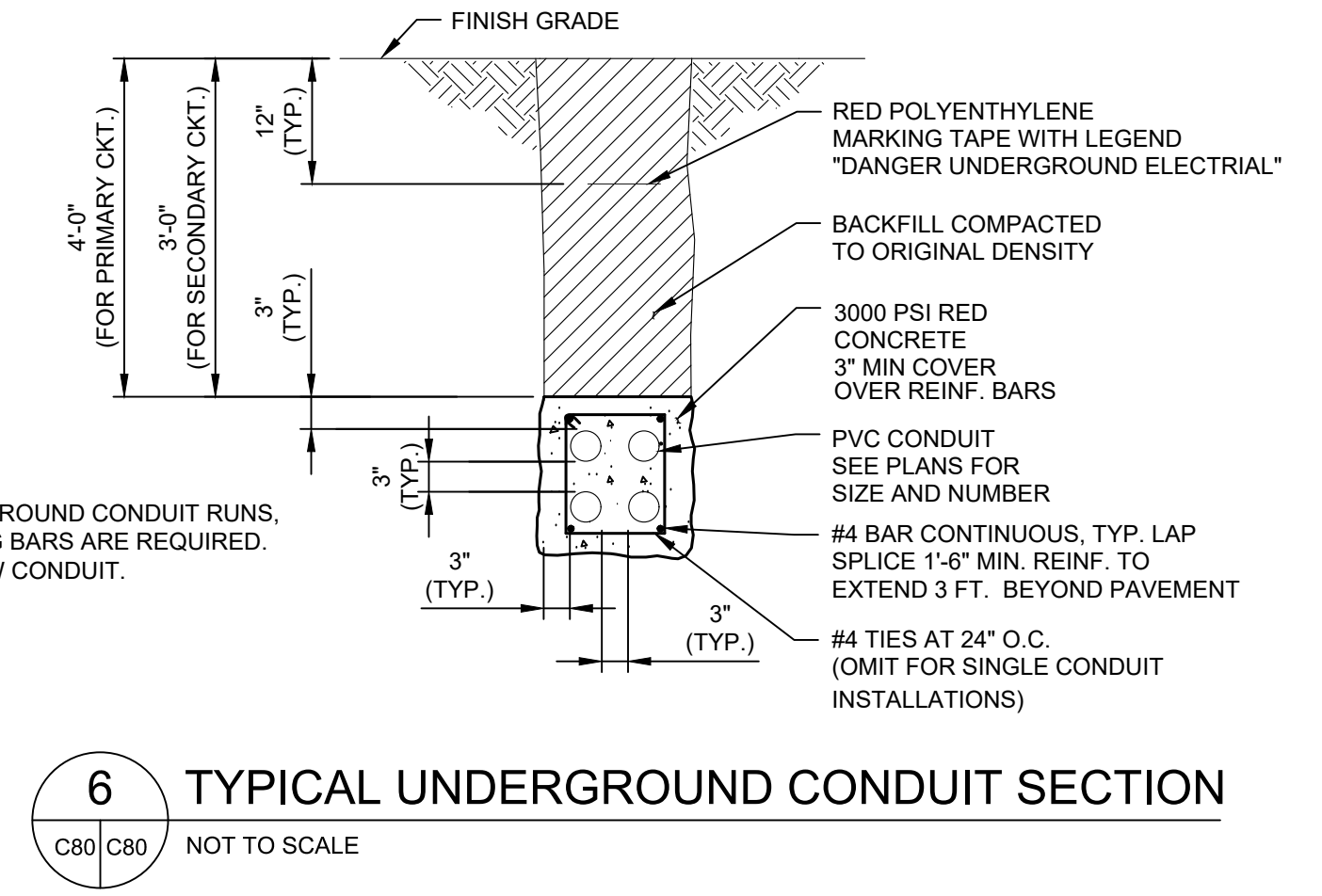
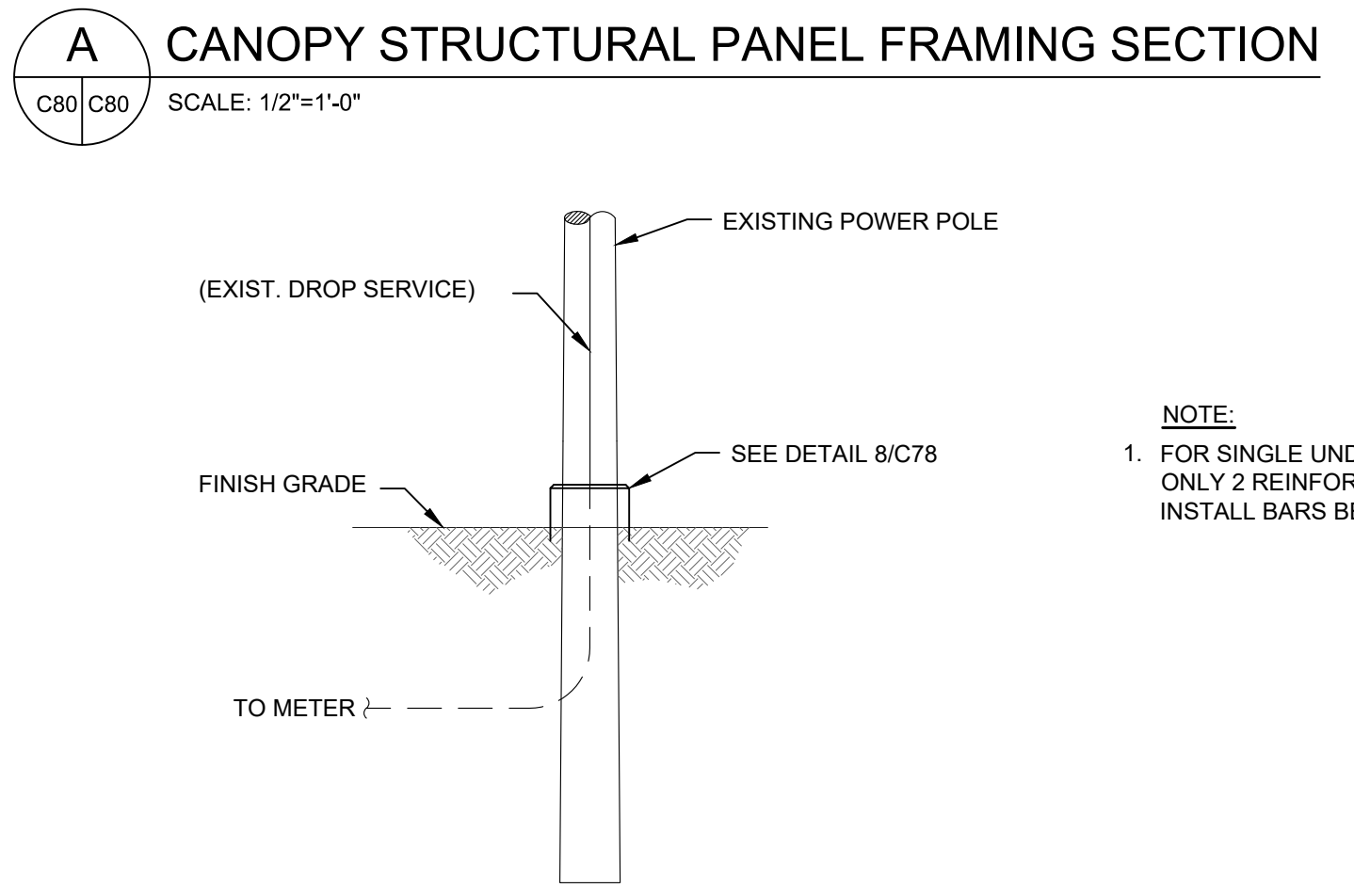
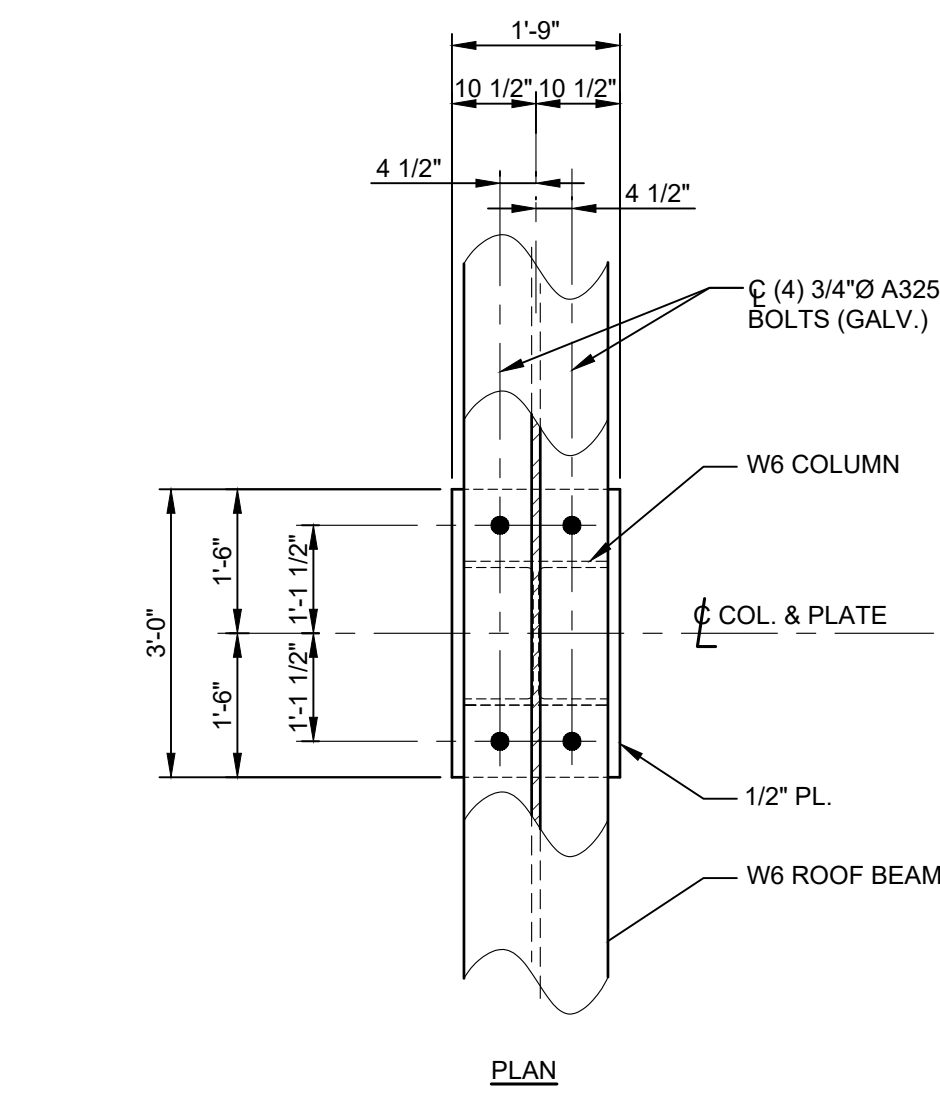
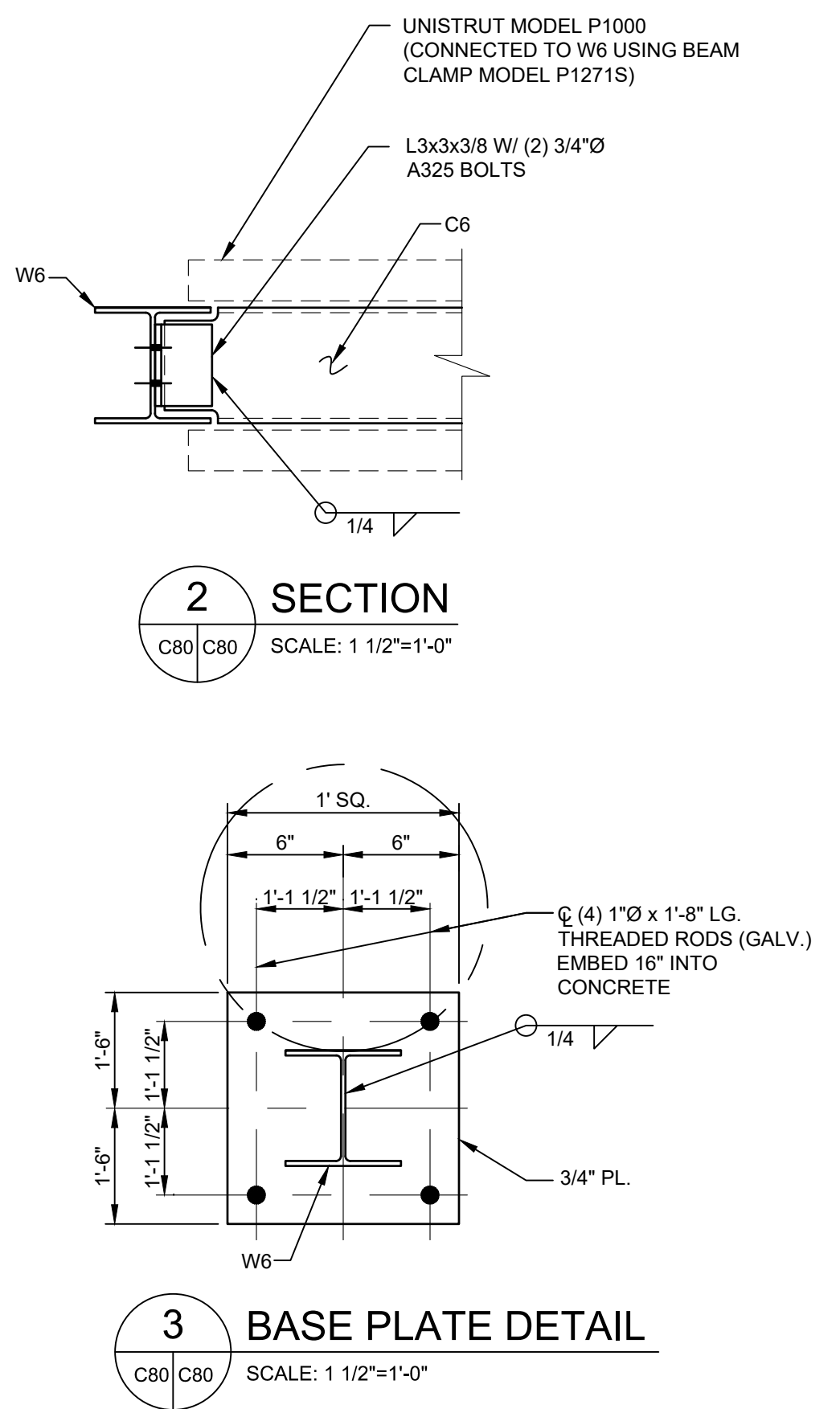
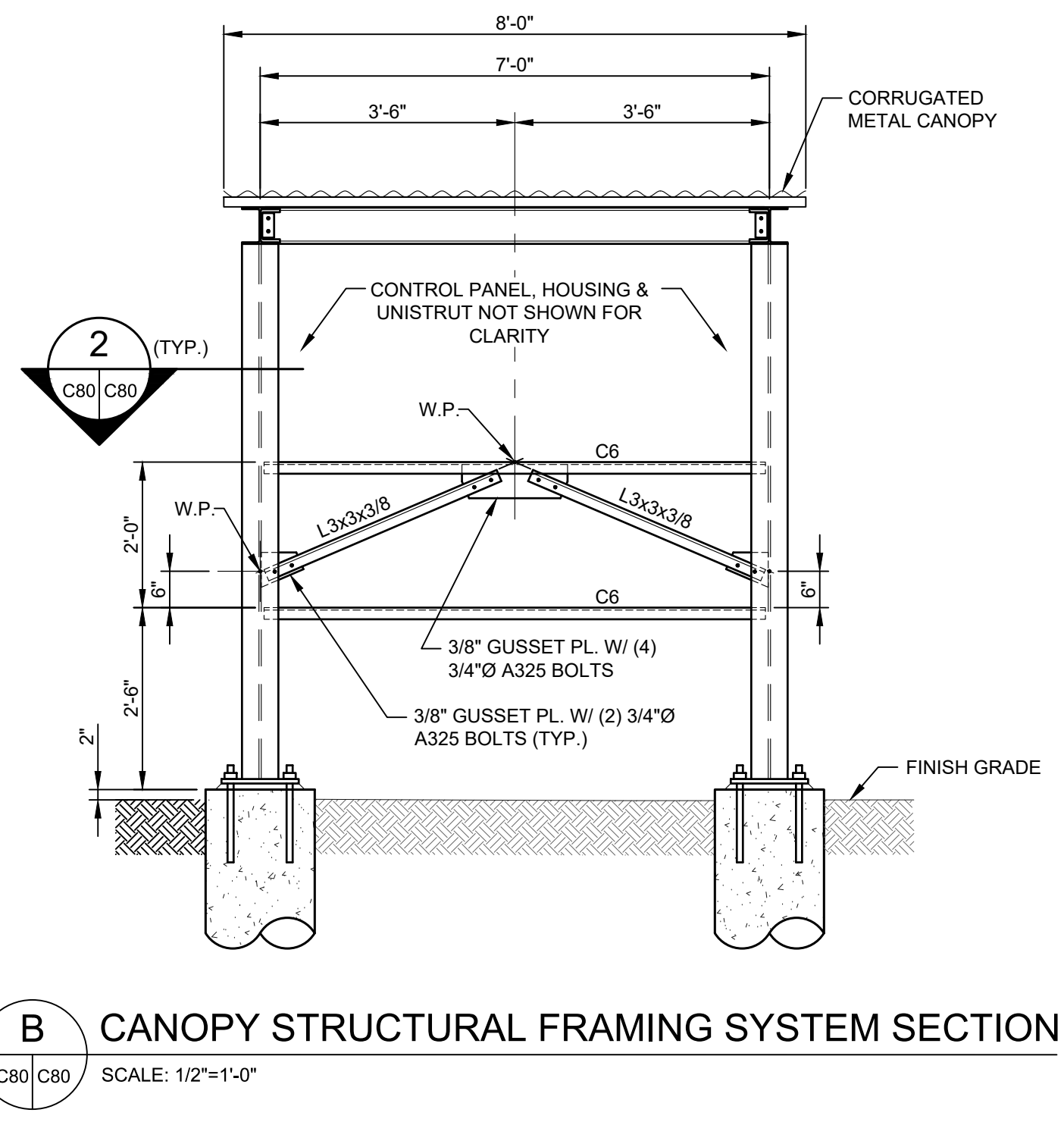
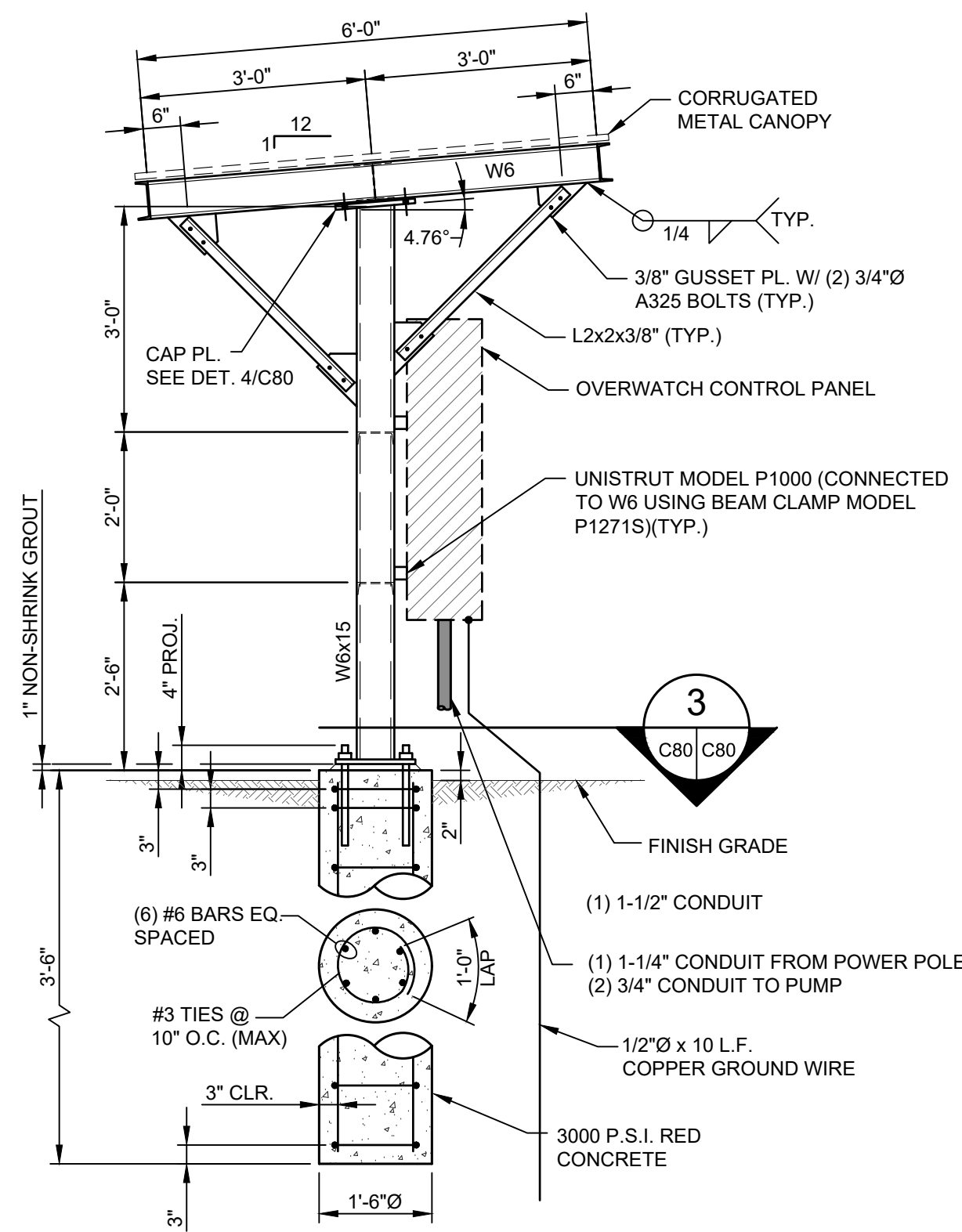
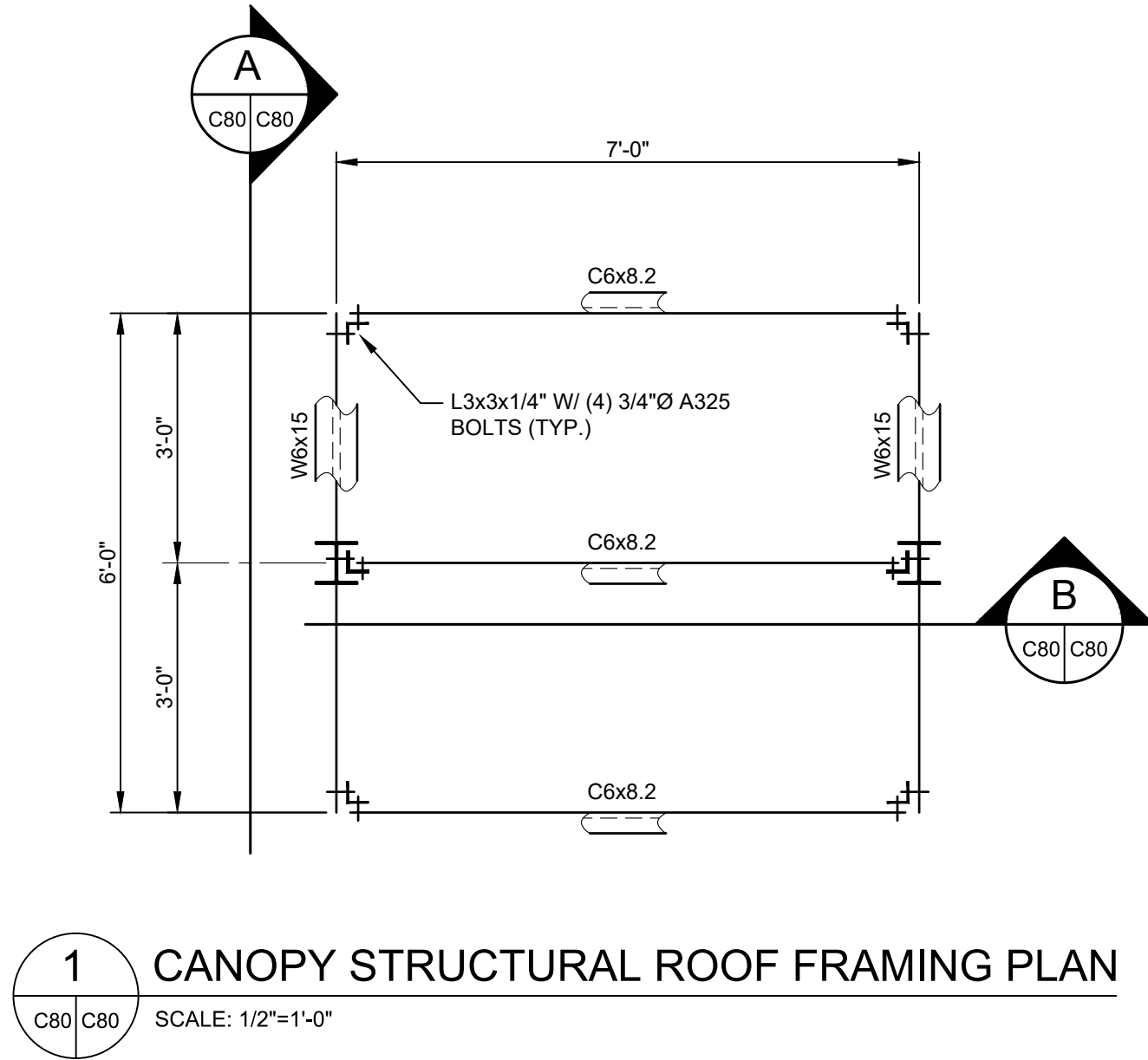
ELECTRICAL SITE PLAN

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C79

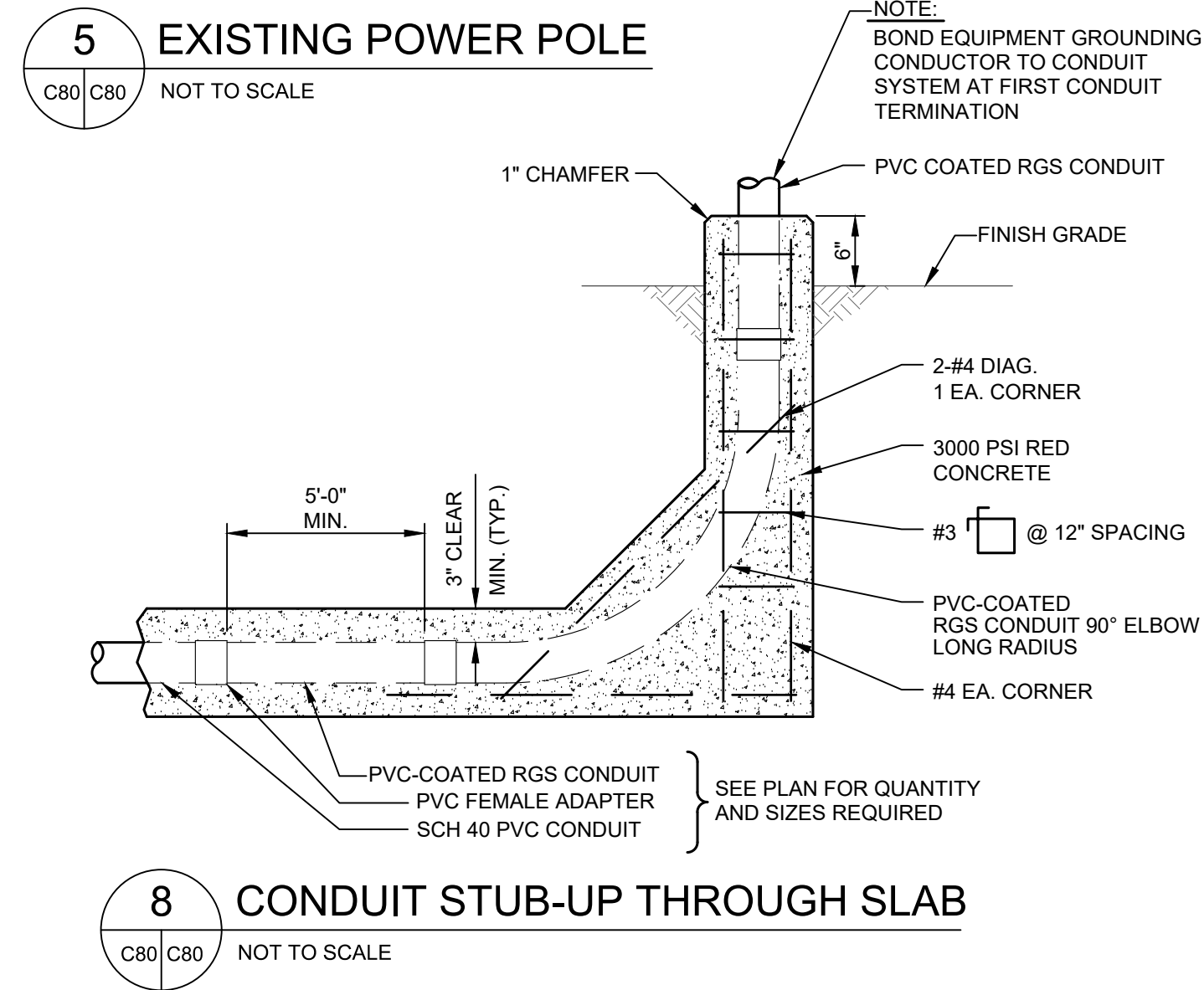
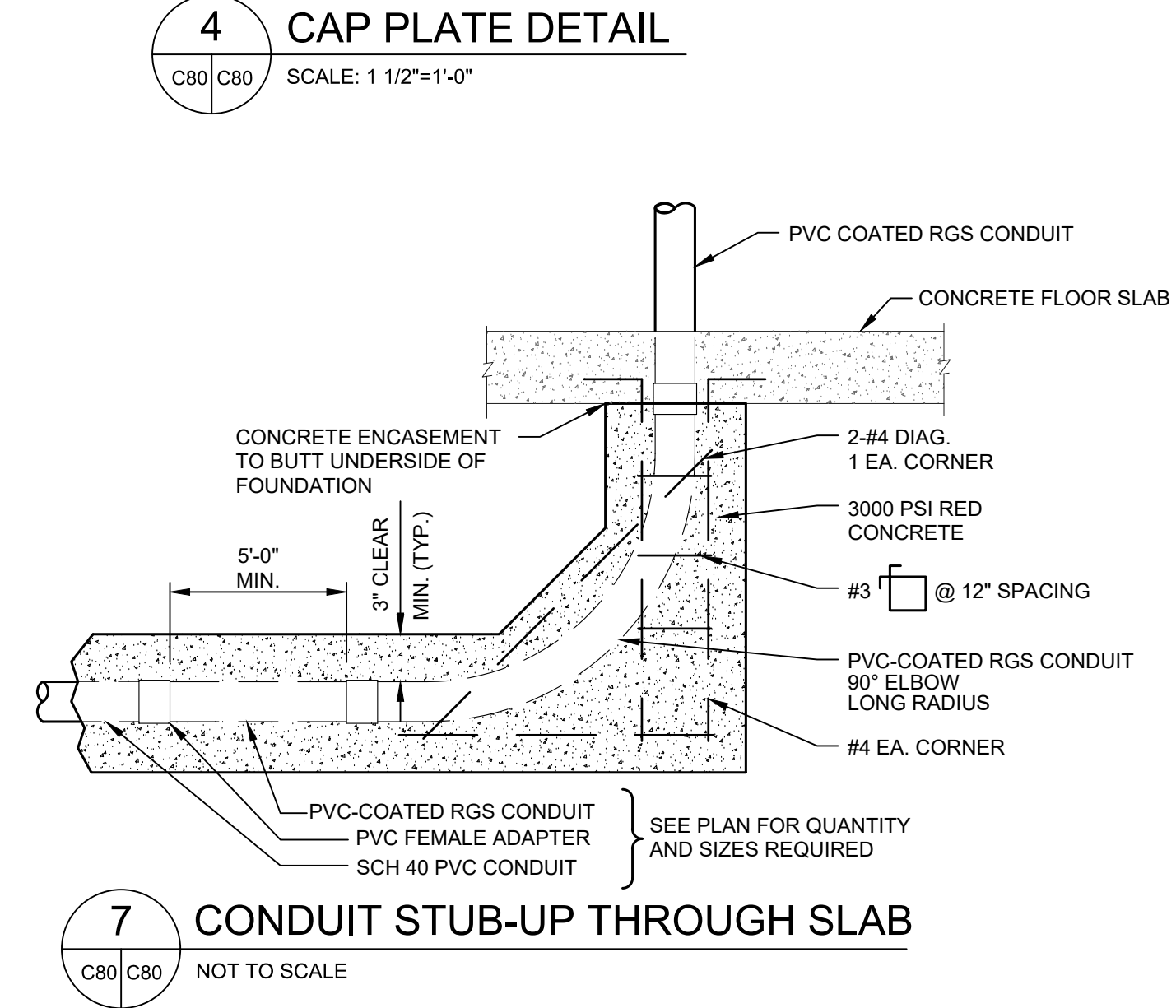
SHEET 80 of 90

FILE NAME: \\192.168.1.8\Engineering\Projects\2021\Civil\Kingsville\GLO-SS\Drawings\2 - CIVIL\ELECTRICAL AND STRUCTURAL DETAILS.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C77-ELECTRICAL AND STRUCTURAL DETAILS PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:47pm USER: izpeeta



NOTE:
1. FOR SINGLE UNDERGROUND CONDUIT RUNS, ONLY 2 REINFORCING BARS ARE REQUIRED. INSTALL BARS BELOW CONDUIT.

- STRUCTURAL NOTES:**
- ALL FABRICATION AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE A.I.S.C. "MANUAL OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION", LATEST EDITION.
 - ALL WIDE FLANGE STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A-992, MINIMUM YIELD STRESS 50 KSI. ALL OTHER STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A-36 MINIMUM YIELD STRESS OF 36 KSI.
 - WELDED CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO AWS D-1.1, "STRUCTURAL WELDING CODE" LATEST EDITION. WELDING PROCESSES AND OPERATORS SHALL BE QUALIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWS "STANDARD QUALIFICATIONS PROCEDURES".
 - ALL WELDING SHALL BE DONE WITH E70XX ELECTRODES PER A.W.S. AND A.I.S.C.
 - CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE NECESSARY BRACING DURING STEEL ERECTION.
 - ANY HOLES FOR FIELD ERECTIONS SHALL BE DRILLED OR PUNCHED. NO BURNING SHALL BE PERMITTED UNLESS APPROVED BY OWNER.
 - STEEL MEMBERS SHALL NOT BE SPLICED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL METAL DECK SHALL BE ANCHORED TO THE SUPPORTING MEMBERS AS PER MANUFACTURER AND STEEL DECK INSTITUTE'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
 - REFER TO SANITARY SEWER LIFT STATION SITE PLAN DWG. C31
 - REFER TO LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL SITE PLAN DWG. C79
 - REFER TO LIFT STATION ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM DWG. C78.



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CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
FAX: 361.926.5806
I.C.E. FIRM REGISTRATION #F-10837



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

ELECTRICAL AND STRUCTURAL DETAILS

REVISION NO. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

DRAWING NO.
C80

SHEET 81 of 90

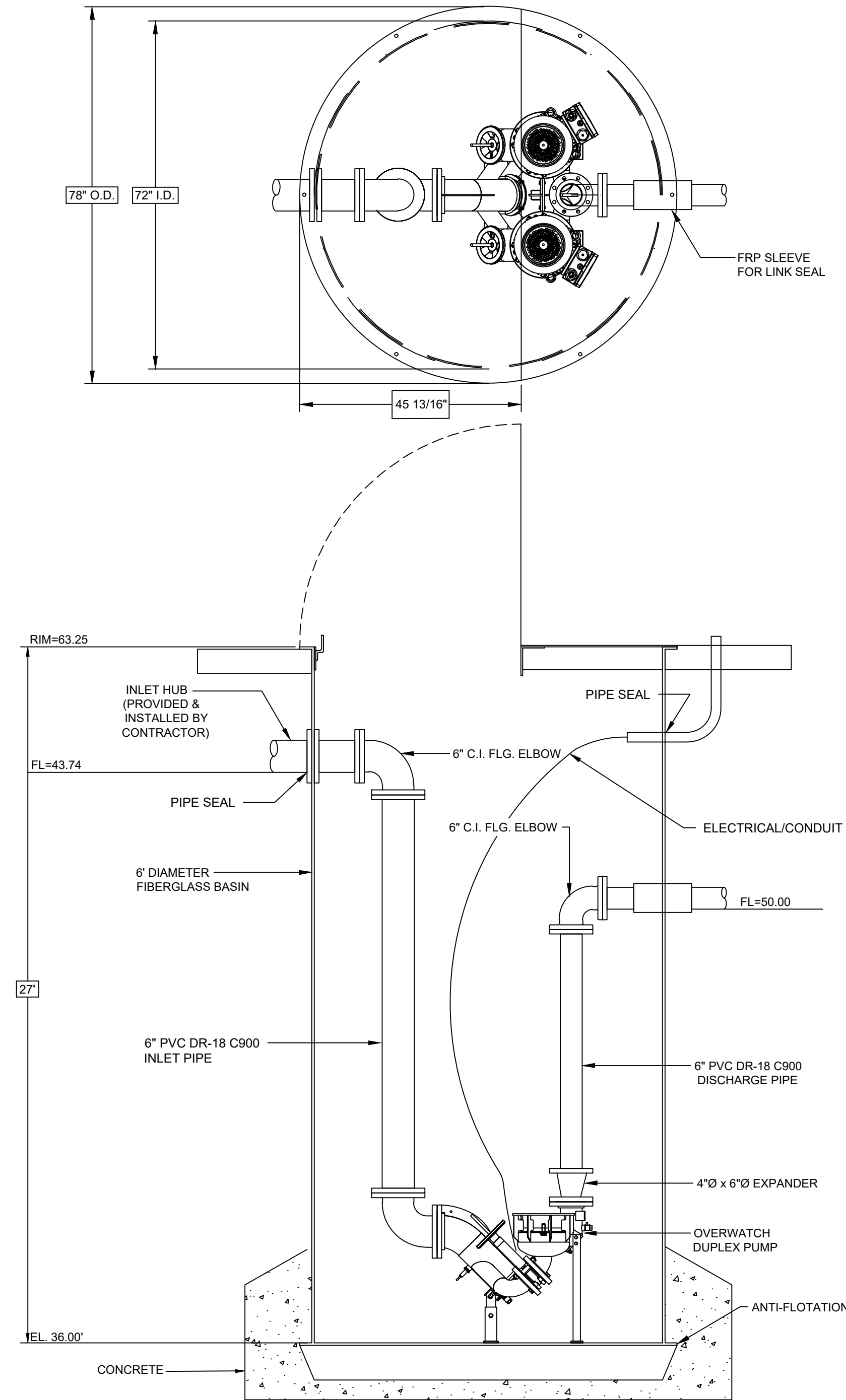
FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\C78 LIFT STATION DRY WELL ASSEMBLY DETAIL.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C78 LIFT STATION DRY WELL ASSEMBLY DETAIL PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:47pm USER: lzejedo

PHI ENVIRO-STATION

PREFABRICATED FRP PUMP PACKAGE

MODEL NO.:

PUMPS: OW61R/4VV



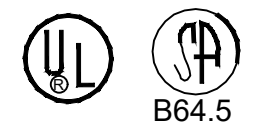
SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL:
Furnish and install a fully assembled pump station consisting of pumps, dry well, internal discharge piping, check valves, shutoff valves, quick disconnect slide rail elbows, lift chain, and control panel with pedestal support as manufactured by Pumps of Houston or approved equal. The standard 1 year manufacturer's warranty can be extended with a PHI Certified Startup Service.

DRY WELL:
Fiberglass reinforced polyester dry wells shall be manufactured from commercial grade polyester resin or vinyl ester resin, with fiberglass reinforcements. The resin system shall be suitable for atmospheres containing hydrogen sulphide acid as well as other gases associated with the wastewater collection system. The dry well shall be a one piece unit manufactured by L.F. Manufacturing, Inc.

NON-CLOG PUMP:
Pump shall be Model Number OW61R/4VV 11KW (15 HP) Non-Clog Submersible Pump. Designed For 333GPM @ 43.3' THD with 1 pump running, 1 pump standby. The pumps shall be manufactured by Industrial Flow Solutions.

Pumps of Houston, Inc.
WATER / WASTEWATER PUMPS & CONTROLS
RESIDENTIAL • INDUSTRIAL • COMMERCIAL • MUNICIPAL
PHONE 281-448-1352 SALES@PUMPSOFHOUSTON.COM



A.S.T.M. - D3299
A.S.T.M. - D3757

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PROJECT: CITY OF KINGSVILLE

DEVELOPER: -

ENGINEER: - DWG NO.: -

OWNER: - DRAWN BY: J.A. DATE: 04/12/2023 REV.: A

FOR INFORMATION USE ONLY

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

IOE
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
261 SARATOGA BLVD.
CORPUS CHRISTI, TX 78417
PHONE: 361.926.5805
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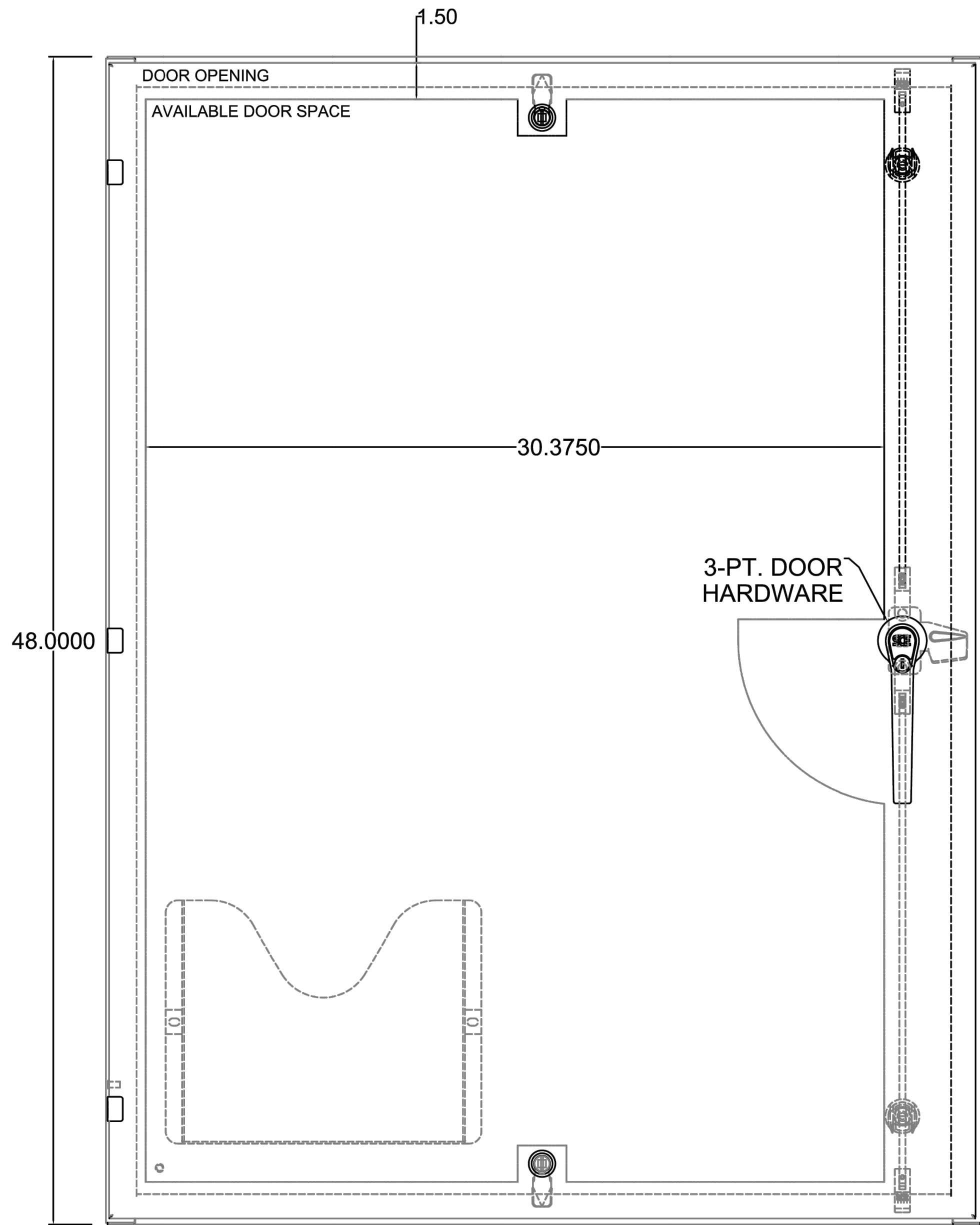


CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS
LIFT STATION DRY WELL ASSEMBLY DETAIL

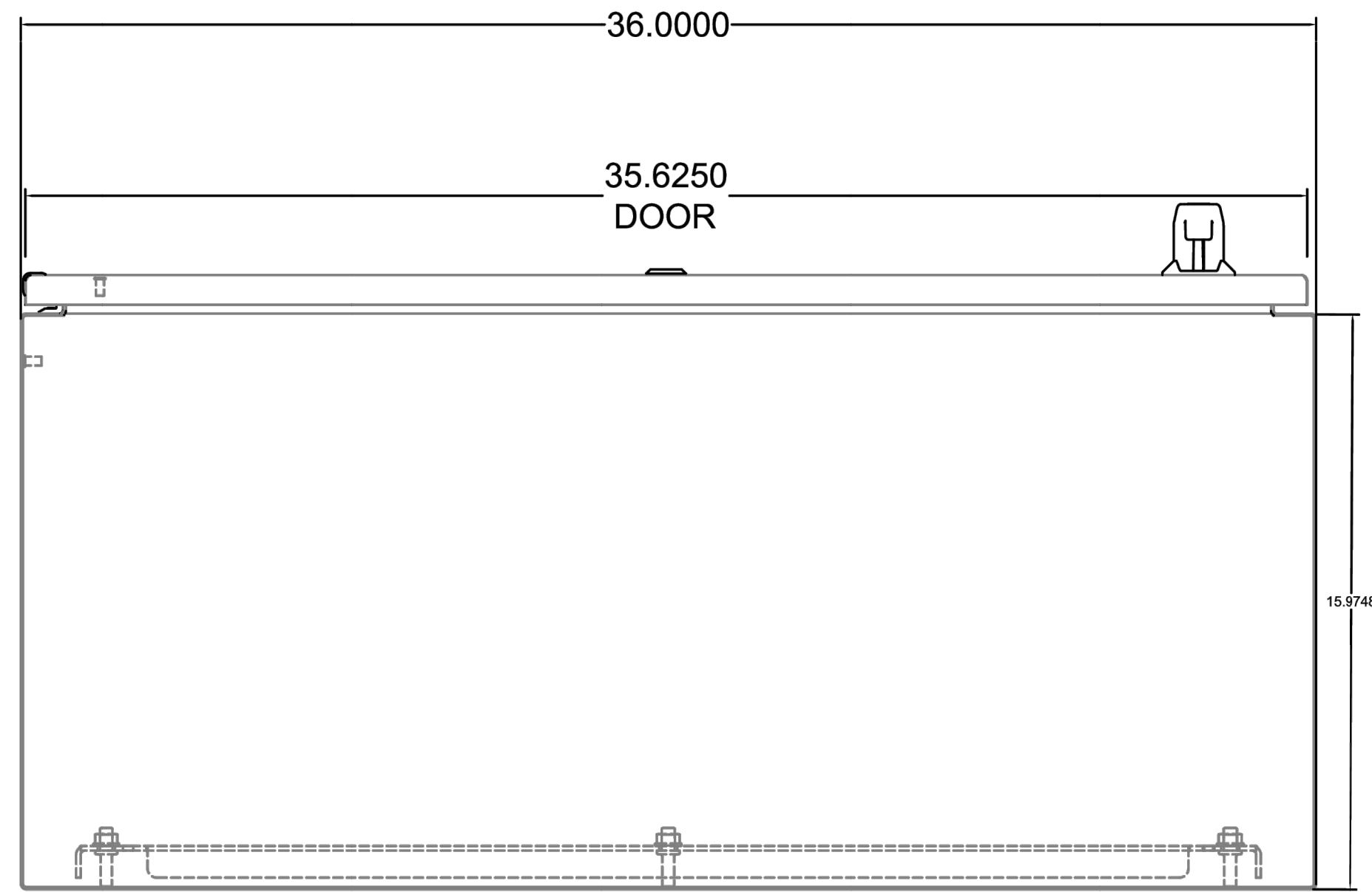
DRAWING NO.
C81
SHEET 82 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Drawings\2 - Civil\C79 TYPICAL 31A 460V ENCLOSURE.dwg - LAYOUT NAME: C79 TYPICAL 31A 460V ENCLOSURE - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:48pm USER: lreppro



FRONT VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

REVISIONS				
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION:
DRAWN BY NC	1/15/20	SIZE B	ENCLOSURE DIMENSIONS
ENG. APPR		UNITS IN	
Industrial Flow Solutions		JOB NAME:	TYPICAL
OverWatch™		PRINT NO.:	(1)
PART NO.:	OW-031-5-4F010-XXX	REV.:	

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PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

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INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

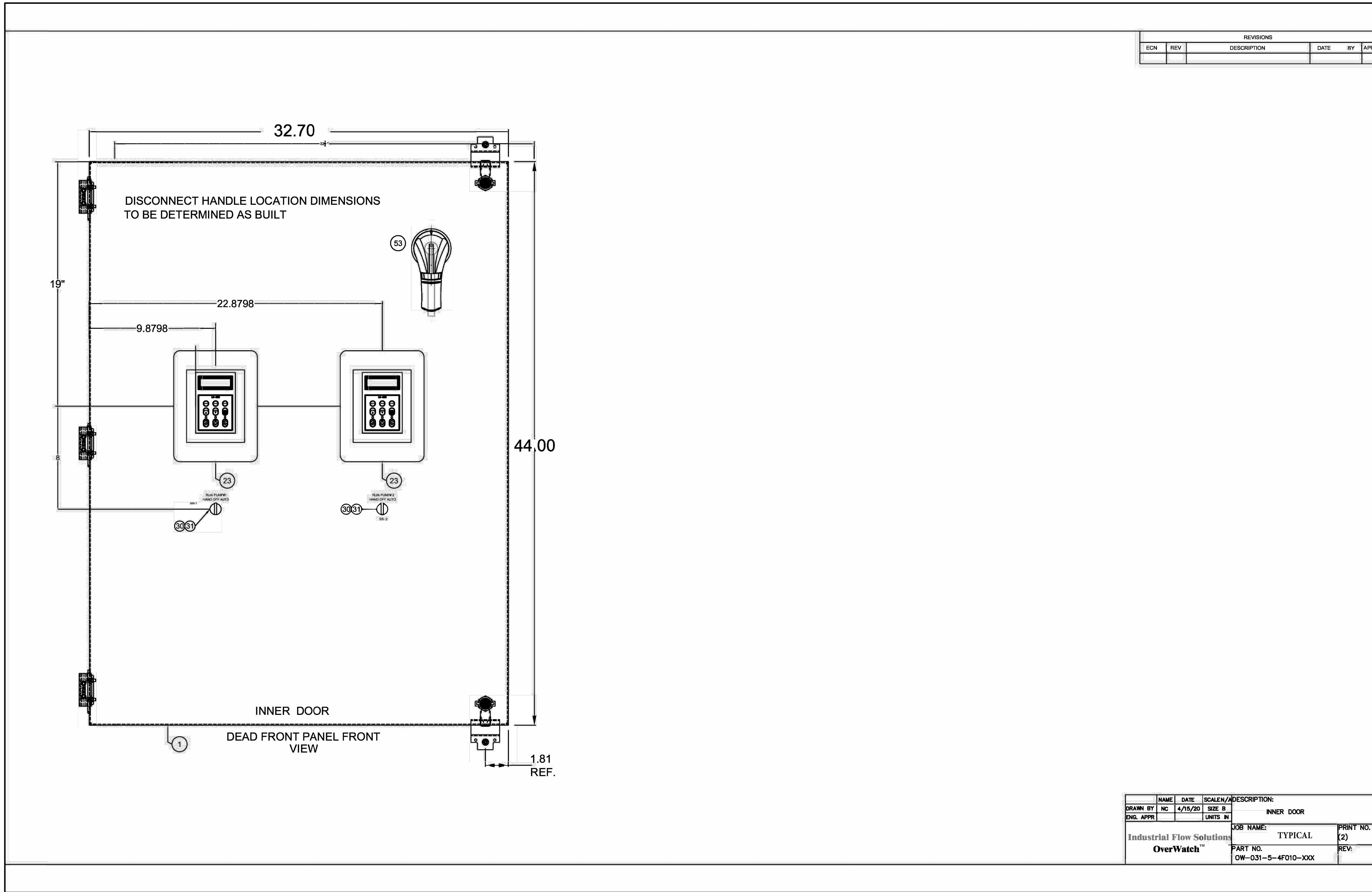
TYPICAL 31A 460V ENCLOSURE

REVISION NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

DRAWING NO.
C82

SHEET **83** of **90**

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\C80 TYPICAL 31A 460V INNER DOOR.dwg PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:45pm USER: lzepeda



REVISIONS					
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	APPR

NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION:
DRAWN BY: NC	4/15/20	SIZE B	INNER DOOR
ENG. APPR		UNITS IN	
Industrial Flow Solutions		JOB NAME:	TYPICAL
OverWatch™		PRINT NO.:	(2)
PART NO.:		REV:	
OW-031-5-4F010-XXX			

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CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

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INTERNATIONAL CONSULTING ENGINEERS
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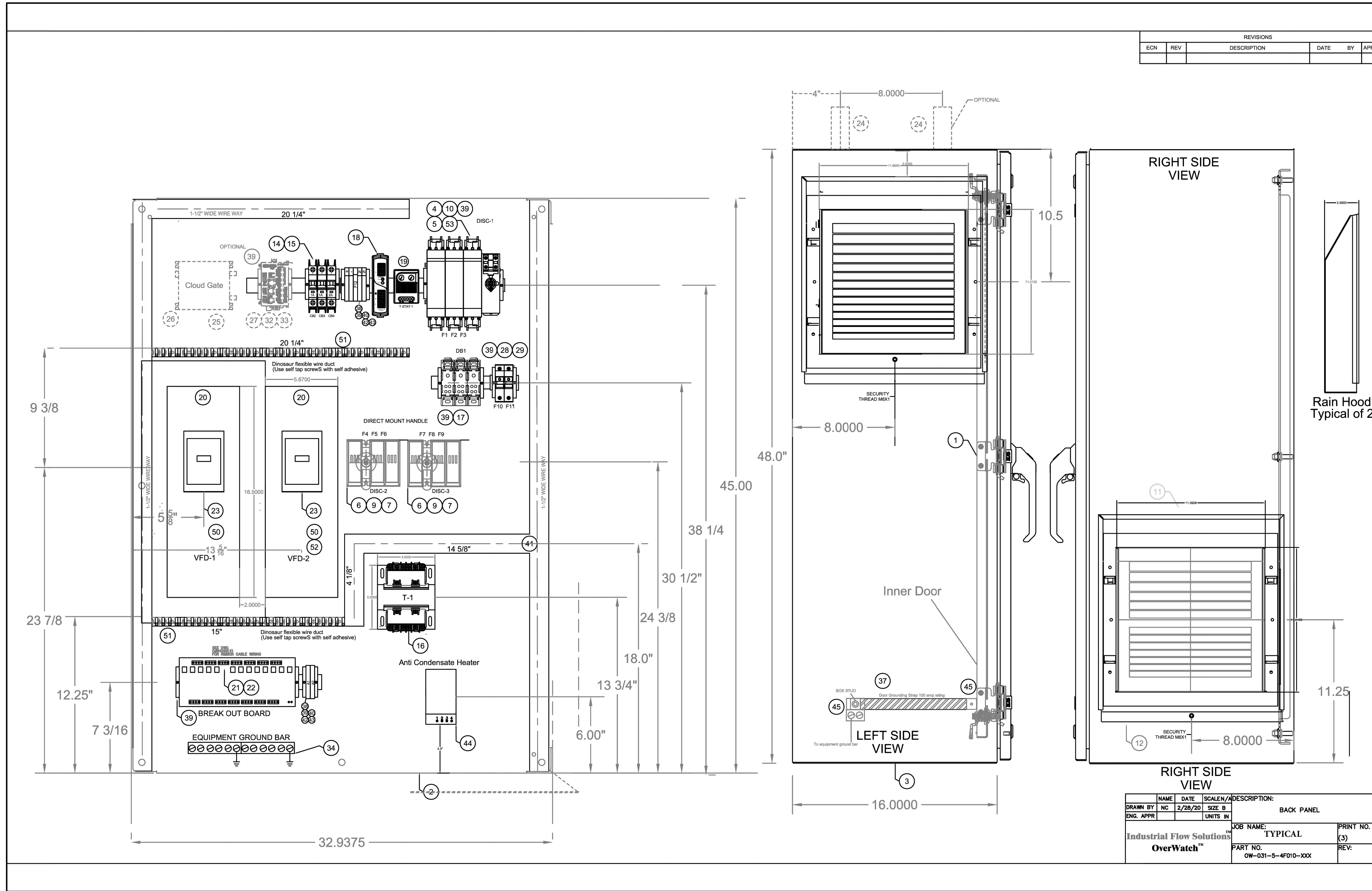
CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TYPICAL 31A 460V INNER DOOR

DRAWING NO.
C83

SHEET 84 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C81-Typical-31A-460V-Back-Panel.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C81-TYPICAL-31A-460V-Back-Panel.plotted: Friday, March 08, 2024 1:45pm USER: lzepeda



REVISIONS				
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION
DRAWN BY NC	2/28/20	SIZE B	BACK PANEL
ENG. APPR		UNITS IN	

Industrial Flow Solutions OverWatch™	JOB NAME: TYPICAL	PRINT NO. (3)
PART NO. OW-031-5-4F010-XXX	REV:	

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CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TYPICAL 31A 460V BACK PANEL

DRAWING NO.
C84

SHEET 85 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST_V1 - Drawings\2 - Civil\C85_TYPICAL_31A_460V_BOM.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C85_TYPICAL_31A_460V_BOM.dwg PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:48pm USER: lpreredo

REVISIONS				
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

REF.	QTY	MFG	MFG PART #	STANCOR PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	1	Saginaw	SCE-DF48EL36LP	2021-005-1-GS1PC1	Saginaw Control, Inner Door, For 48" X 36" Enclosure, SCE-DF48EL36LP
2	1	Saginaw	SCE-48P36	2022-013-1-GS1PC1	Saginaw Control, Back Panel, 48" X 36" Enclosure, SCE-48P36
3	1	Saginaw	SCE-48EL3616LPPL	2011-040-1-GS1PC1	Saginaw Control, Enclosure, TYPE 4 Steel, 48" X 36" X 16", SCE-48EL3616LPPL
4	1	Socomec	142E2115	2272-001-4-XXX	SOCOME C, Disconnect Handle, Rotary, RED, Nema 4X,
5	1	Socomec	38613010	2271-002-3-XXX	DISC. Fusible, Class J, 3-Pole, 100A
6	2	Mersen	M60J12	2271-010-2-XXX	DISC. Fusible, Class J, 3-Pole, 60A
7	2	Mersen	HDF200	2272-012-3-XXX	Direct Mount handle
8	0	Mersen	M30J12	2271-010-1-XXX	Disc. Class J, 30A, 3-Pole,
9	6	Edison	JHL40-1	2224-011-5-XXX	Edison Drive Fuse, JHL Series, Class J
10	3	Edison	JDL90	2224-008-8-XXX	Class J Fuse time delay
11	1	Stego	018050-01	2287-001-1-XXX	Enclosure Fan, Stego, Intake with filter 9.84 x 9.84in cutout NEMA 12 120 VAC
12	2	Stego	086730-00	2287-002-1-XXX	Fan Hood, Stego, 8.78 x 8.78in or 9.84 x 9.84in fan cutout Stainless steel NEMA 4/4X IP56
13	1	Stego	118030-00	2287-003-1-XXX	Ventilation Grill, Stego, Exhaust with filter 9.84 x 9.84in enclosure cutout NEMA 12
14	2	Altech	1C1UL	2223-006-1-XXX	Altech, Circuit Breaker, 1Amp C CURVE 1-Pole
15	1	Altech	1C2UL	2223-007-2-XXX	Altech, Circuit Breaker, C-Curve, 2A,
16	1	HAMMOND	PH500MQMJ	2242-002-2-XXX	Hammond, Transformer, Compact, 500VA, 480V 120/240
17	1	Bussmann	BUS PDBFS220	2431-001-2-XXX	Distribution Block, Enclosed, 175A,
18	1	RHINO	PSB24-060-p	2332-002-3-XXX	Rhino, Power Supply, 24 VDC Output, 60WATT 24VDC
19	1	Stego	011720-00	2283-003-1-XXX	Stego, Thermostat, Heating / Cooling, 32 To 140 F
20	2	vacon	135X98978	2211-012-1-XXX	VFD, Vacon, NXS, 31A, 380-500V, Std Alpha Numeric Display, IP21
21	2	xxxx	xxxx	2215-001-1-XXX	ribbon cable assembly
22	1	Phoenix	xxxx	2214-001-1-XXX	break out board
23	2	VACON	PAN-DRA-02B	2286-011-1-XXX	DOOR INSTALLATION SET CODE_72PAN-DRA2B-JYXCKK
24	0	LAIRD	TRA6927M3PW-TS1	2348-003-1-XXX	OPTIONAL FOR STANDARD PACKAGE REMOTE MONITORING Bulk head multi band antenna
25	0	LAIRD	CDS-001-195-SMAM-NM	2348-002-1-XXX	OPTIONAL FOR STANDARD PACKAGE REMOTE MONITORING ANTENNA CABLE LMR-195 N MALE TO SMA MALE
26	0	LTE	CG0199	2348-001-1-XXX	OPTIONAL FOR STANDARD PACKAGE REMOTE MONITORING CELLULAR CLOUD GATE
27	0	A/D	CO-12DRE-1-D	2347-002-1-XXX	OPTIONAL FOR STANDARD PACKAGE REMOTE MONITORING CLICK PLC
28	2	Edison	EHCC2DIJ-6	2285-002-2-XXX	Fuse Holder, Edison, Accepts Class CC Fuse 30A 2-pole,
29	2	Edison	HCTR4	2224-007-5-XXX	CLASS CC FUSE
30	2	Weg	CSW-CK3F45	2258-001-1-XXX	Weg, Switch, Selector, 3-Position, Maintained, Black, CSW-CK3F45
31	2	Weg	BC10F-CSW-10FK	2434-005-1-XXX	Weg, Contact Block, N.O., For CSW 22mm Series, BC10F-CSW-10FK
32	0	A/D	CO-08NE3	2346-002-1-XXX	OPTIONAL FOR ADDITIONAL NON VFD MONITORING SIGNALS CLICK INPUT CARD
33	0	A/D	CO-4AD2DA-1	2345-002-1-XXX	OPTIONAL FOR ADDITIONAL NON VFD MONITORING SIGNALS CLICK INPUT ANALOG
34	1	L/D	6S2-HEX	2566-006-1-AL1	EQUIPMENT GROUND LUG
35					
36					
37	1	Erico	556710	2566-007-1-XXX	12" ground strap
38	4	Wieland	57.504.0055.0	2432-007-1-XXX	TERMINAL BLOCK WK4U
39	16	Wieland	Z5.522.8553.0	2433-002-1-XXX	END CLAMP
40	6	Wieland	07.311.6655.0	2463-012-1-XXX	END PLATE
41	AS REQ	Iboco	T1E-1515W-1	2411-005-2-XXX	Wire Duct, Iboco, T1E series thin finger wire duct 1.5in width 1.5in height 6.5 length,
42	1	Altech	CF4U	2285-004-1-XXX	Altech, Fuse Holder, Accepts GMA Fuses, 10A, 1-Pole, CF4U
43	1	EDISON	GMA 2	2224-009-4-XXX	GMA 2 AMP FUSE
44	1	Stego	060000-00	2282-003-3-XXX	Heater, Stego, Anti-Condensation Heater 50W 120-240 VAC/VDC ,
45	2	lugs direct	2S1/0	2566-003-1-ZN1	Ground Lug, Lugs direct, Tw o Barrel 2-14 AWG wire range,
46	0	Edison	JDL 3	2224-008-16-XXX	Type J Fuse
47	0	Schneider	LC1D09G7	2221-018-1-XXX	Contact, Schneider, Motor Control DIN Rail 3-P 9A 1NO/1NC 120VAC TeSys D Series, LC1D09G7
48	0	Schneider	LR9D02	2222-012-2-XXX	Overload, Schneider, 0.4-2A Class 5-31 TeSys LR9 Series, LR9D02
49	0	Altech	1C05UL	2223-006-2-XXX	Circuit Breaker, Altech, C-Curve 0.5A 1-Pole, 1C05UL
50	2	Vacon	OPTC2/C8	2217-001-1-XXX	Modbus Option Board
51	AS REQ	Iboco	DN35AG	2411-003-1-XXX	Dinosaur Series wire duct self-adhesive 1in width
52	2	Allied	OD182JE	2568-001-1-XXX	1/4 WATT 1.8K OHMS RESISTER
53	1	Socomec	14001040	2273-002-1-XXX	Socomec, Disconnect Shaft, 14001040 400mm /15.7"
54	1	ZORO	G5451407	2391-002-3-XXX	ETHERNET Cable Cat 6 1ft

4 or 4XSS FEEDER

BRANCH

SUMP PUMP

ENG. APPR.	UNITS IN	BOM
Industrial Flow Solutions	TYPICAL	xxxxxxx(4)
OverWatch™	PART NO. OW-031-5-4F010-XXX	REV:

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CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TYPICAL 31A 460V BOM

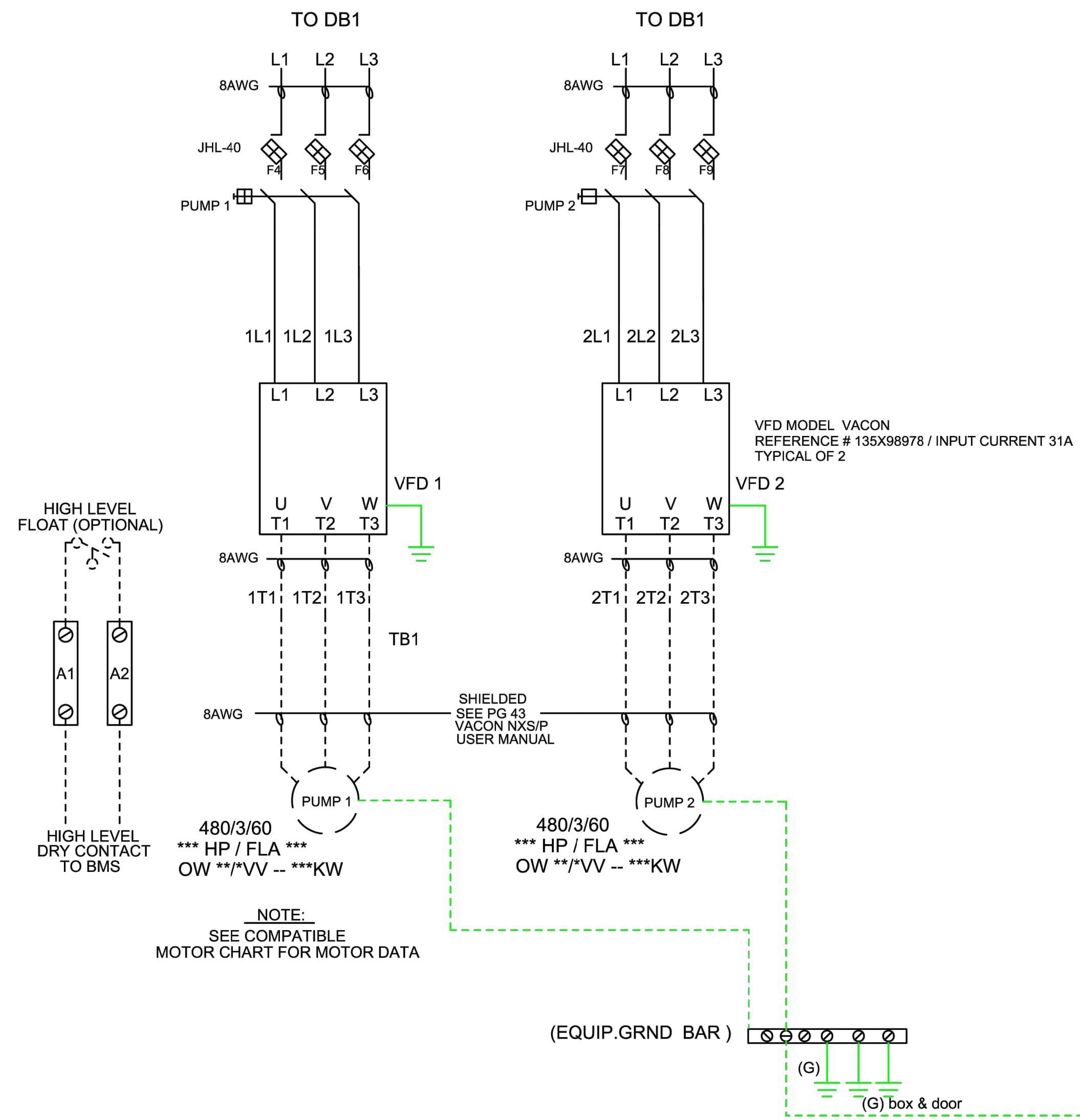
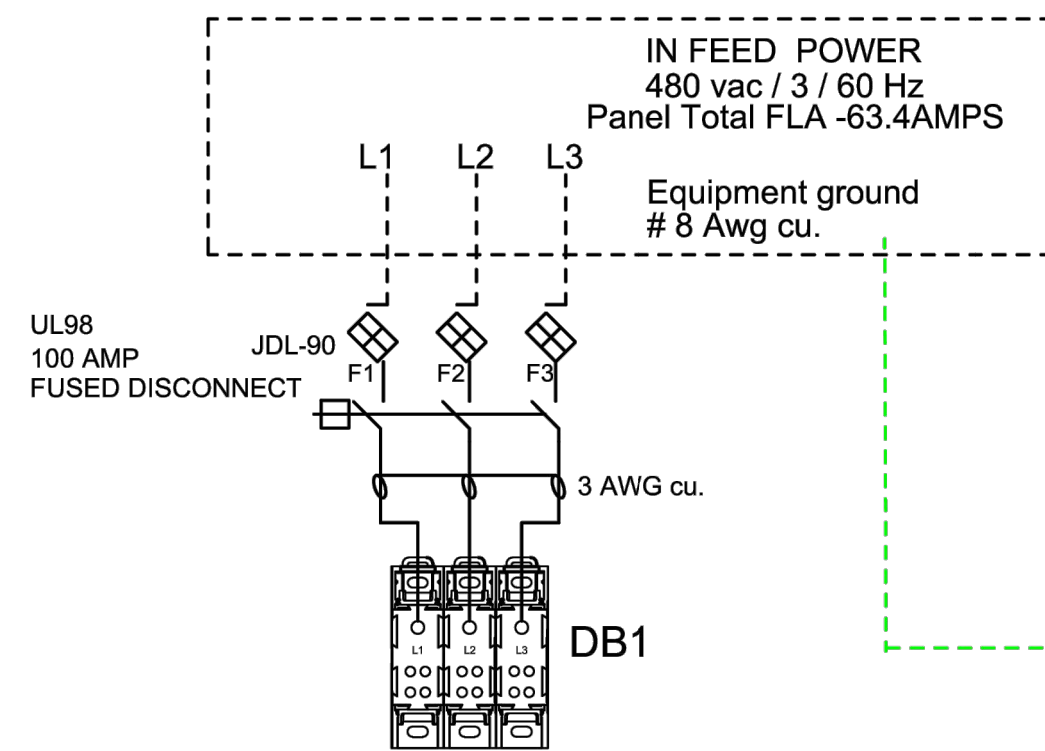
DRAWING NO.

C85

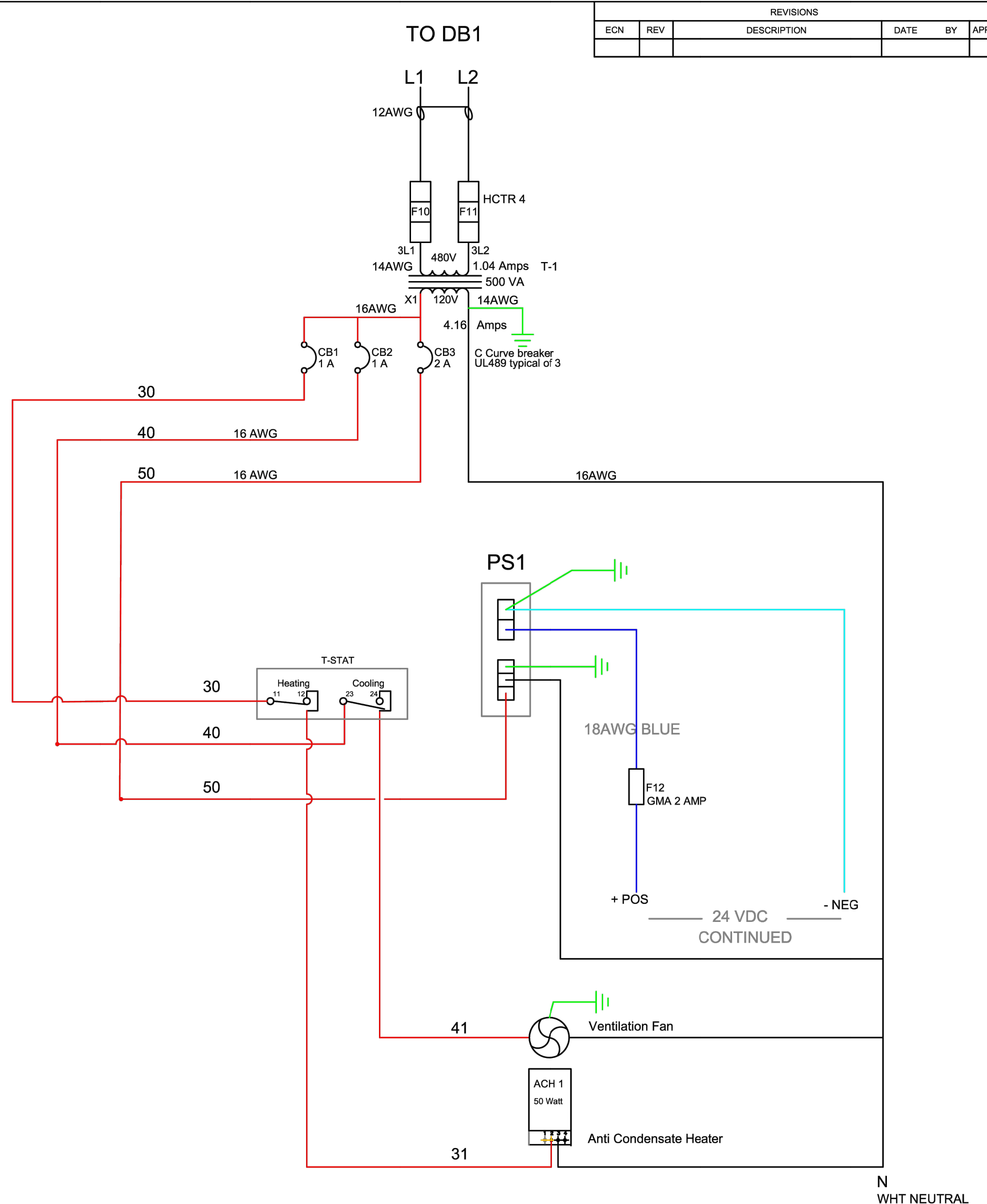
SHEET 86 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\C86_Typical_31A_460V_POWER_CIRCUIT.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C86_Typical_31A_460V_POWER_CIRCUIT PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:45pm USER: izepeda

Compatible Motor Chart			
SYSTEM	KW	HP	FLA
OW31/2VV	15	20.1	26.5
OW31R/2VV	15	20.1	26.5
OW61/2VV	15	20.1	26.5
OW61R/2VV	15	20.1	26.5
OW101/4VV	15	20.1	29
OW131/4VV	15	20.1	29
OW151/6VV	11	14.8	23.5
OW151/6VV	15	20.1	31
OW151/8VV	11	14.8	23.5
OW201/6VV	15	20.1	31



NOTE:
SEE COMPATIBLE
MOTOR CHART FOR MOTOR DATA



NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION:
DRAWN BY NC	3/1/20	SIZE B	POWER CIRCUIT
ENG. APPR		UNITS IN	
Industrial Flow Solutions OverWatch™		JOB NAME:	TYPICAL
		PART NO.	OW-031-5-4F010-XXX
		PRINT NO.	(5)
		REV:	

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REVISIONS				
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B

CITY OF Kingsville
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

**CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**

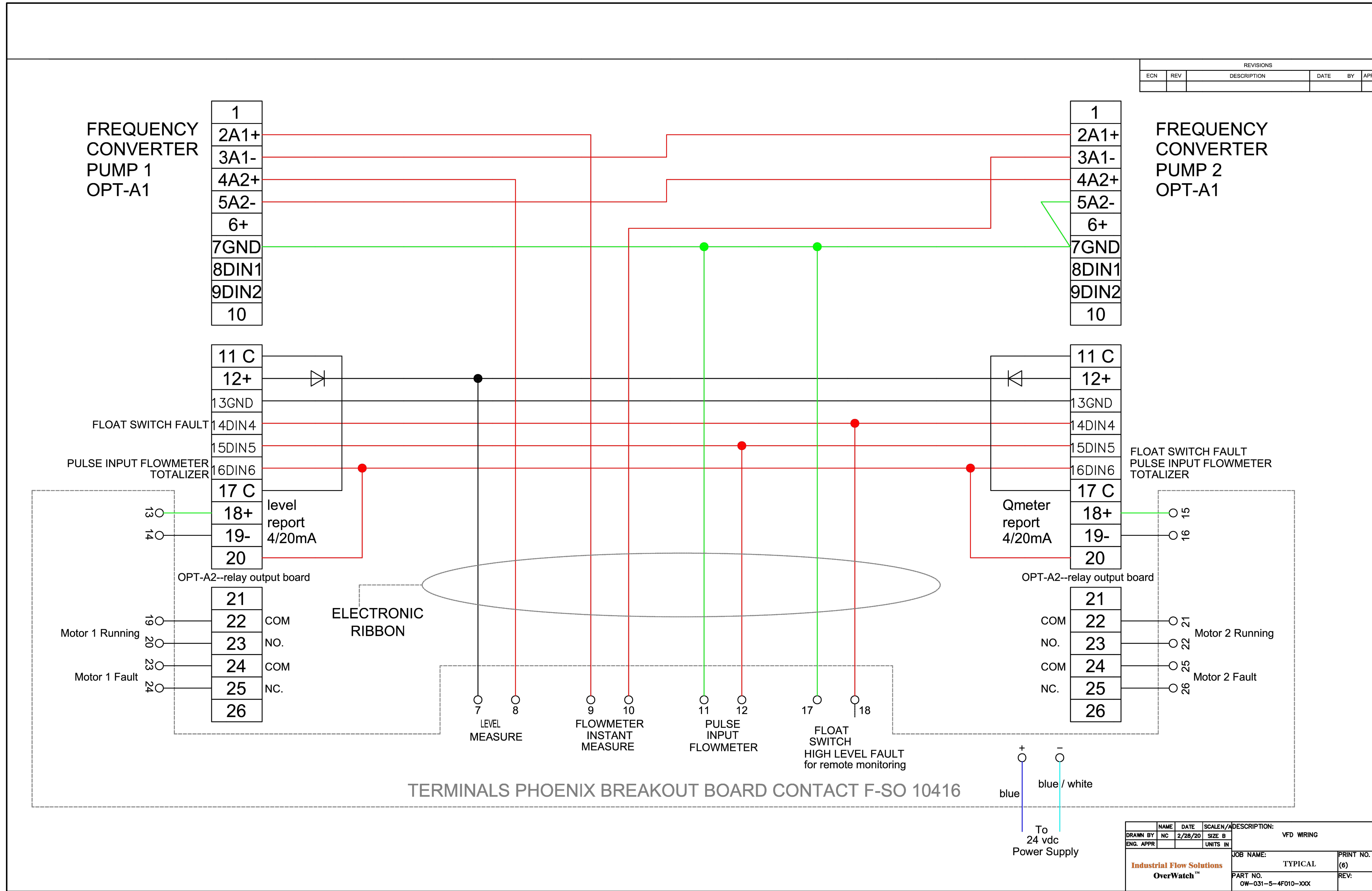
TYPICAL 31A 460V POWER CIRCUIT

REVISION NO. _____ DATE _____ BY _____ DESCRIPTION _____

DRAWING NO. **C86**

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FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\City of Kingsville\GLO-10001_MW-14TH-ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C84-TYPICAL-31A-460V-VFD-WIRING.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C84-TYPICAL-31A-460V-VFD-WIRING PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:49pm USER: lprepeda



REVISIONS				
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

CONSULTANT'S SHEET
PROJECT NO. 21107-01B



CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSBURG COUNTY, TEXAS

TYPICAL 31A 460V VFD WIRING

NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION
INDUSTRIAL FLOW SOLUTIONS OverWatch™	2/28/20	SIZE B	VFD WIRING

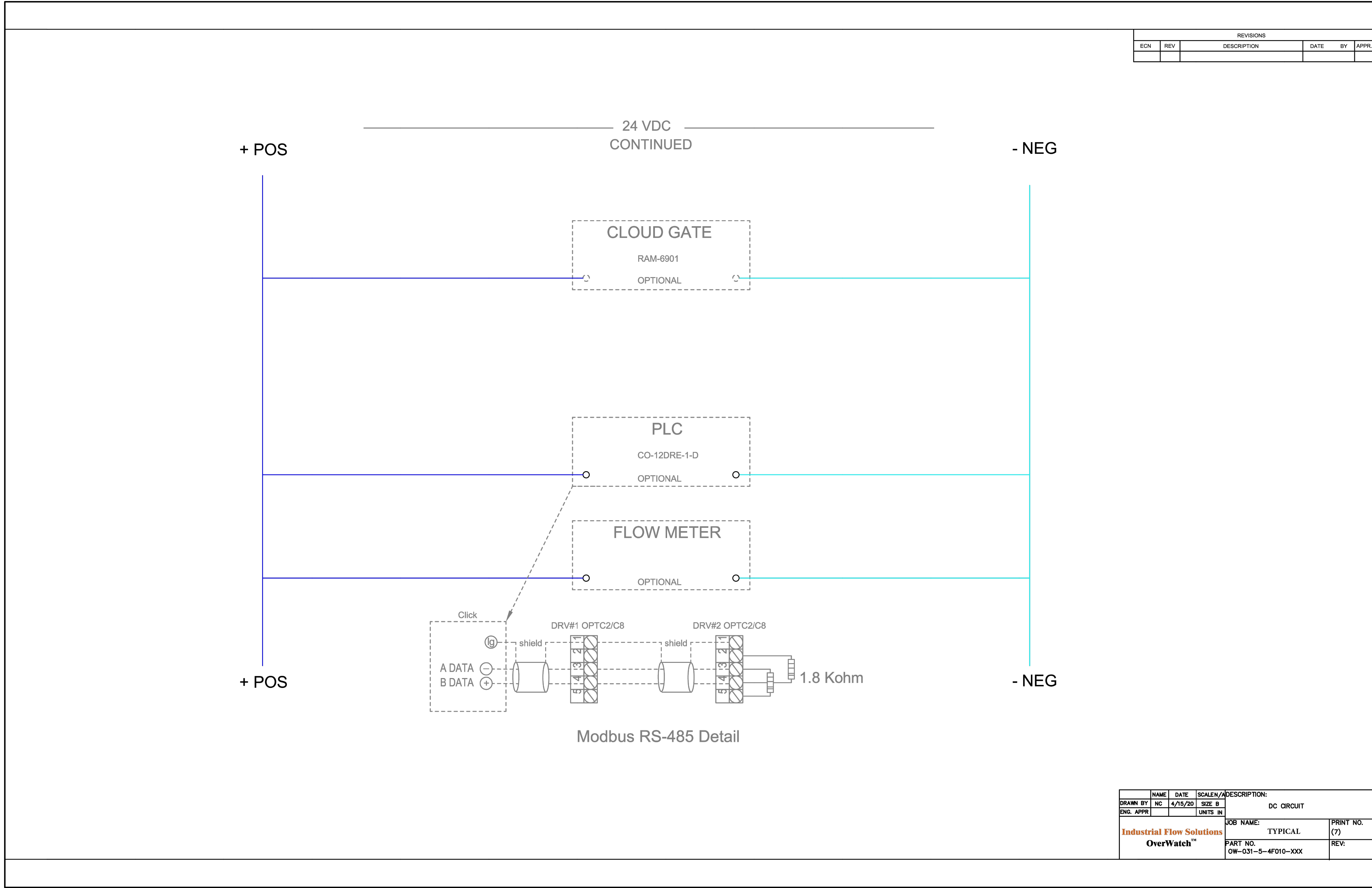
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PART NO.	OW-031-5-4F010-XXX	REV:	

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DRAWING NO.
C87

SHEET 88 of 90

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Cty of Kingsville\GLO-10001_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2 - Civil\C88 TYPICAL 31A 460V DC CIRCUIT.dwg - LAYOUT NAME: C88 TYPICAL 31A 460V DC CIRCUIT - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:49pm USER: lzapreda



REVISIONS				
ECN	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION:
DRAWN BY: NC	4/15/20	SIZE B	DC CIRCUIT
ENG. APPR		UNITS IN	
Industrial Flow Solutions		JOB NAME:	PRINT NO.
OverWatch™		TYPICAL	(7)
PART NO.		OW-031-5-4F010-XXX	REV:

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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

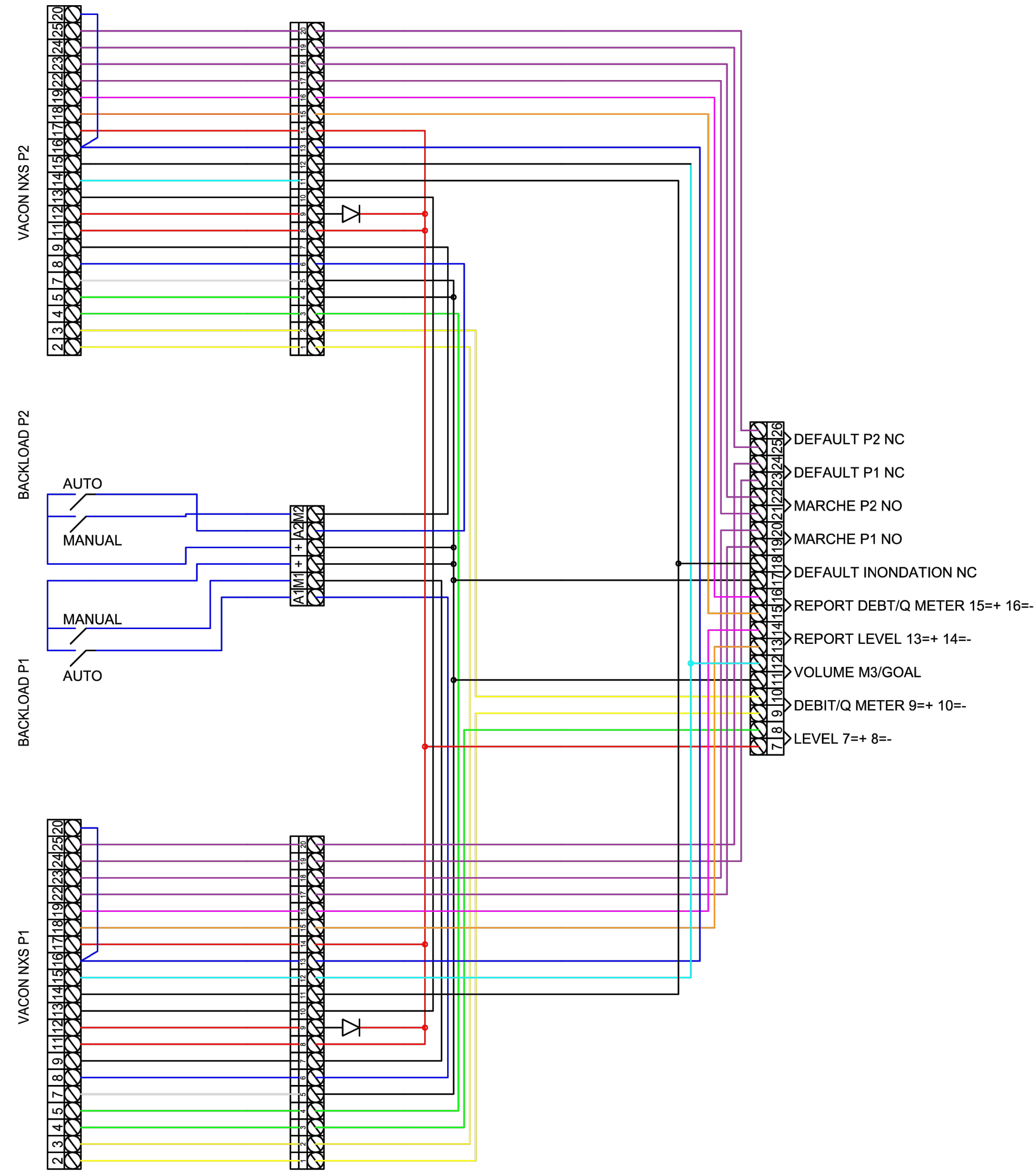
TYPICAL 31A 460V DC CIRCUIT

DRAWING NO.
C88

SHEET 89 of 90

REVISION NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

FILE NAME: I:\Projects\2021\Cty of Kingsville\GLO-LOC01_WW_14TH_ST\1-Drawings\2-Civil\C89 RIBBON CABLE.dwg LAYOUT NAME: C86 TYPICAL 31A 460V RIBBON CABLE - PLOTTED: Friday, March 08, 2024 - 1:49pm USER: izepeda



NAME	DATE	SCALE/A	DESCRIPTION:
DRWN BY: NC	1/23/20	SIZE B	RIBBON CABLE PHOENIX TO VACON NXS
ENG. APPR:		UNITS IN	
Industrial Flow Solutions OverWatch™		JOB NAME:	PRINT NO. (8)
		TYPICAL	REV:
		PART NO. OW-031-5-4F010-XXX	

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CITY OF KINGSVILLE GLO SS PROJECT 1
(14TH STREET) SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
KINGSVILLE, KLEBERG COUNTY, TEXAS

TYPICAL 31A 460V RIBBON CABLE

DESCRIPTION

REVISION NO. DATE BY

DESCRIPTION

BY

DATE

REVISION NO.

DRAWING NO.

C89

SHEET 90 of 90

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FOR TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

City of Kingsville – GLO SS Project 1

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01200	Project Meetings
01300	Submittals
01700	Contract Closeout

DIVISION II

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021010	Temporary Project Sign
021020	Site Clearing and Stripping
021040	Site Grading
021080	Removing Old Structures
022000	Earthwork
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022022	Trench Safety for Excavation
022040	Street Excavation
022060	Channel Excavation
022080	Embankment
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023020	Jacking, Boring or Tunneling
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025404	Asphalts, Oils and Emulsions
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025424	Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete Pavement (Class A) Type D
025610	Concrete Curb and Gutter
025612	Concrete Sidewalks and Driveway
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025805	Work Zone Pavement Markings
025807	Pavement Markings (Paint and Thermoplastic)
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026204	Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (ASTM D 2241 Pressure Pipe for Sanitary Sewer Force Mains, and Irrigation)
026206	Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings



Julio A. Macias, P.E.
11/30/2023

	026210	Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (AWWA C900 & C905 Pressure Pipe for Municipal water Mains and Sanitary Sewer Force Mains)
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	026602	Wastewater Force Main
	026650	Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe
	027200	Control of Wastewater Flows
	027202	Manholes
	027203	Vacuum Testing of Sanitary Sewer Manhole and Structures
	027205	Fiberglass Manholes
	027207B	Rehabilitation of Manholes and Wet Wells with CIP Liner
	027402	Reinforced Concrete Pipe Culverts
	027404	Concrete Box Culverts
	027602	Gravity Sanitary Sewer
	027604	Disposal of Waste from Sanitary Sewer Cleaning Operations
	027606	Sanitary Service Lines
	027608	Private Sewer Services (S-39)
	027610	Televised Inspection of Conduits
	027611	Cleaning and Televised Inspection of Conduits
	027614	Cured-In-Place-Pipe (CIPP) for Rehabilitation of Gravity Wastewater Line
DIVISION III	<u>CONCRETE</u>	
	030020	Portland Cement Concrete
	032020	Reinforcing Steel
	033000	Cast -in-Place Concrete
	038000	Concrete Structures
DIVISION IV	<u>METALS</u>	
	055420	Frames, Grates, Rings and Covers
	055500	Hardware and Miscellaneous Metal
DIVISION VI	<u>WOOD AND PLASTICS</u>	
	061590	Timber Construction
DIVISION V	<u>PLUMBING</u>	
	150620	Plumbing
	151620	Submersible Pumps for Wastewater (S-114)
	151630	Propeller Pumps (S-38)
	151640	Submersible Grinder Pumps for Wastewater (Less than 10 HP)
DIVISION XVI	<u>ELECTRICAL</u>	
	160110	General Electrical
	161001	Lift Station Electrical Materials

OTHER

Direct In-Line Pump Specifications

SECTION 01040
PROJECT COORDINATION

1. GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies administrative and supervisory requirements necessary for project coordination including but not necessarily limited to:
 - 1. Coordination.
 - 2. Administrative and supervisory personnel.
 - 3. General installation provisions.
- B. Progress meetings, coordination meetings, and pre-installation conferences are included in Section 01200, Project Meetings.
- C. Requirements for the Contractors construction schedule are included in Section 01300, Submittals.

1.2 COORDINATION

- A. Coordination: Coordinate construction activities included under various sections of these specifications to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the work. Coordinate construction operations included under different sections of the specifications that are dependent upon each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
 - 1. Where installation of one part of the work is dependent on installation of other components, either before or after its own installation, schedule construction activities in the sequence required to obtain the best results.
 - 2. Where availability of space is limited, coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service, and, repair.
 - 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
 - 4. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each involved party outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and attendance at meetings.
- B. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and ensure orderly progress of the work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Preparation of schedules.
 - 2. Installation and removal of temporary facilities.
 - 3. Delivery and processing of submittals.

4. Progress meetings.
5. Project closeout activities.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

Within 10 days of the Notice to Proceed, the Contractor will submit a list of the Contractor's principal staff assignments, including the superintendent and other personnel in attendance at the site; provide a proposed organizational chart identifying individuals, their duties and responsibilities; and list the proposed staffs addresses and telephone numbers.

1.4 GENERAL INSTALLATION PROVISIONS

- A. Manufacturer's Instructions: Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations if those instructions and recommendations are more explicit or stringent than requirements contained in the Contract Documents.
- B. Inspect materials or equipment immediately upon delivery and again prior to installation. Reject damaged and defective items.
- C. Recheck measurements and dimensions before starting installation procedure.
- D. Install each component during weather conditions and at the point in project sequence that will ensure the best possible results. Isolate each part of the completed construction from incompatible material as necessary to prevent deterioration.
- E. Coordinate temporary enclosures with required inspections and tests to minimize the necessity of uncovering completed construction for that purpose.

1.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- B. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction activities to ensure that no part of the construction completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period. Where applicable, such exposures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. Excessive static or dynamic loading.
 2. Excessive internal or external pressures.
 3. Heavy traffic.
 4. Vibration from adjacent activity.
 5. Erosion.
 6. Damage by contact with construction equipment.

2. PRODUCTS

(Not Used)

3. EXECUTION

(Not Used)

4. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

(Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01090
DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS

1. GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies administrative requirements for compliance with governing regulations, codes, and standards.
- B. Requirements include obtaining permits, licenses, inspections, releases, and similar documentation as well as payments, statements, and similar requirements associated with regulations, codes, and standards.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Definitions contained in this article are not necessarily complete but are general to the extent that they are not defined more explicitly elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- B. Indicated: Indicated refers to graphic representations, notes, or schedules on the drawings; other paragraphs or schedules in the specifications; and similar requirements in the Contract Documents. Where terms such as shown, noted, and specified are used, it is to help locate the reference; no limitation on location is intended except as specifically noted.
- C. Directed: Terms such as directed, requested, authorized, selected, approved, required, and permitted mean directed by the Engineer, requested by the Engineer, interpreted to extend the Engineers responsibility into the Contractors area of construction supervision.
- D. Approved: The term approved, where used in conjunction with the Engineers action on the Contractors submittals, applications, and requests, is limited to the responsibilities and duties of the Engineer stated in the General and Special Conditions. Such approval will not release the Contractor from responsibility to fulfill Contract Document requirements unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.
- E. Regulations: The term regulations include laws, statutes, ordinances, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the work, whether they are lawfully imposed by authorities having jurisdiction or not.
- F. Furnish: The term furnish is used to mean supply and deliver to the project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- G. Install: The term install is used to describe operations at the project site including the actual unloading, unpacking, assembly, erection, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, and finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.

- H. Provide: The term provide means to furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. Installer: An installer is an entity engaged by the Contractor, either as an employee, subcontractor, or sub-subcontractor, for performance of a particular construction activity including installation, erection, application, and similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform.
- J. Project Site: That space made available by the Engineer to the Contractor for performance of the work either exclusively or in conjunction with others performing other construction as part of the project. The overall extent of the project site is shown on the drawings.
- K. Testing Laboratories: A testing laboratory is an independent entity engaged to perform specific inspections or tests, either at the project site or elsewhere, and to report on and, if required, interpret results of those inspections or tests.

1.3 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards:
 - 1. Except where the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
 - 2. Referenced standards take precedence over standards that are not referenced but recognized in the construction industry as standard practice.
- B. Publication Dates: Where compliance with an industry standard is required, comply with the standard in effect as of the date of the Contract Documents.
- C. Conflicting Requirements:
 - 1. Where compliance with two or more standards is specified, and they establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, the most stringent requirement will be enforced unless the Contract Documents indicate otherwise. Refer requirements that are different but apparently equal and uncertainties as to which level is more stringent to the Engineer for a decision before proceeding.
 - 2. Minimum Quantities or Quality Levels: In every instance the quantity or quality level shown or specified will be the minimum to be provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly, within specified tolerances, with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed that minimum within reasonable limits. In complying with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum values as noted or appropriate for the context of the requirements. Refer instances of uncertainty to the Engineer for decision before proceeding.

- D. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on the project is required to be familiar with industry standards applicable to that entity's construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are listed but not included with the Contract Documents. Also refer to paragraph 1.03-A-1.
- E. Abbreviations and Names: Trade association names and titles of general standards are frequently abbreviated. Where acronyms or abbreviations are used in the specifications or other Contract Documents they mean the recognized name of the trade association, standards generating organization, authority having jurisdiction, or other entity applicable to the context of the text provision.

2. PRODUCTS

(Not Used)

3. EXECUTION

(Not Used)

4. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

(Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01200
PROJECT MEETINGS

1. GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for project meetings including but not limited to:
 - 1. Preconstruction conferences.
 - 2. Pre-installation meetings.
 - 3. Coordination meetings.
 - 4. Progress meetings.

- B. Construction schedules are specified in Section 01300, Submittals.

1.2 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

- A. A preconstruction conference and organizational meeting will be scheduled by the Engineer at the project site or other convenient location no later than 10 days after execution of the Agreement and prior to commencement of construction activities. The meeting will be conducted to review responsibilities and personnel assignments with the Engineer and the Contractor.

- B. Attendees: The Engineer, Contractor, and subcontractors will each be represented at the conference by persons familiar with and authorized to conclude matters relating to the work.

- C. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress including such topics as:
 - 1. Tentative construction schedule.
 - 2. Critical working sequencing.
 - 3. Designation of responsible personnel.
 - 4. Procedures for processing field decisions.
 - 5. Procedures for processing applications for payment.
 - 6. Distribution of Contract Documents.
 - 7. Submittal of shop drawings, product data, and samples.
 - 8. Preparation of record documents.
 - 9. Use of the premises.
 - 10. Office, work, and storage areas.
 - 11. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
 - 12. Safety procedures.
 - 13. First aid.
 - 14. Security.
 - 15. Housekeeping.
 - 16. Working hours.

1.3 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Pre-installation meetings may be held prior to beginning installation of critical work items. These items include:
 - 1. Lift station pump and drywell.
 - 2. Jack and boring activities.

- B. These meetings will be attended by all persons involved in the supervision, inspection, and quality control of this work. Those required to attend are as follows:
 - 1. Engineer.
 - 2. Contractor's project manager and superintendent.
 - 3. Subcontractor's superintendent.
 - 4. Crew foremen.
 - 5. Manufacturer Representative (when applicable).

- C. Agenda will include:
 - 1. Layout, horizontal and vertical control, etc.
 - 2. Equipment and materials required.
 - 3. Specific methods to be used for installation.
 - 4. Review of applicable specifications.

1.4 COORDINATION MEETINGS

- A. The Engineer reserves the right to schedule and conduct coordination meetings at his option.

- B. The Contractor will conduct coordination meetings with his subcontractors; however, the Engineer will be invited to such meetings.

- C. Agenda: Review and solve operational conflicts between subcontractors, suppliers, and/or Owner operations.

1.5 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. The Engineer reserves the right to schedule and conduct weekly meetings at his option.

- B. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of the previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to the current status of the project.

- C. Contractors Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine where each activity is in relation to the Contractors construction schedule, whether on time or ahead or behind schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule

revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the contract time.

D. Review the present and future needs of each entity present including such items as:

1. Interface requirements.
2. Time.
3. Sequences.
4. Site utilization.
5. Hours of work.
6. Hazards and risks.
7. Housekeeping.
8. Quality and work standards.
9. Change orders.
10. Documentation of information for payment requests.

E. Schedule Updating: Revise the construction schedule after each progress meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue the revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

2. PRODUCTS

(Not Used)

3. EXECUTION

(Not Used)

4. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

(Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01300
SUBMITTALS

1. GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for submittals required for performance of the work, including:

- A. Contractors partial payment and construction schedule.
- B. Submittal schedule.
- C. Shop drawings.
- D. Product data and mill certificates.

1.2 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.
 - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchase, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activities.
 - 2. Processing:
 - a. Allow sufficient review time so that installation will not be delayed as a result of the time required to process submittals (including time for resubmittals).
 - b. Allow two weeks for initial review. Allow additional time if processing must be delayed to permit coordination with subsequent submittals. The Engineer will promptly advise the Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
- B. Submittal Preparation: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal for identification. Indicate the name of the entity that prepared each submittal on the label or title block.
 - 1. Provide a space approximately 4" x 5" on the label or beside the title block on shop drawings to record the Contractors review and approval markings and the action taken.
 - 2. Include the following information on the label for processing and recording action taken.

- a. Project name.
- b. Date.
- c. Name of Engineer.
- d. Name of Contractor.
- e. Name of subcontractor.
- f. Name of supplier.
- g. Name of manufacturer.
- h. Number and title of appropriate specification section.
- i. Drawing number and detail references as appropriate.

1.3 CONTRACTORS PARTIAL PAYMENT AND CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

Schedule: Prepare a fully developed construction schedule, preferably a computer based CPM type, but a Gantt chart as a minimum. Submit within 10 days of issuance of the Notice to Proceed. The schedule will include the following:

- A. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the work from parties involved. Coordinate each element on the schedule with other construction activities, including minor elements involved in the sequence of the work. Show each activity in proper sequence. Indicate graphically sequences necessary for completion of related portions of the work.
- B. Prepare the Contractors construction schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontractors, submittal schedule, progress reports, schedule of anticipated monthly partial payment requests, and all other schedules.
- C. Indicate completion in advance of the date established for Substantial Completion. Indicate Substantial Completion on the schedule to allow time for the Engineers procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.

1.4 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

- A. After development and acceptance of the Contractors construction schedule, prepare a complete schedule of submittals. Submit the schedule within 10 days of the date required for establishment of the Contractors construction schedule.
 1. Coordinate submittal schedule with the list of subcontractors, schedule of values, and the list of products as well as the Contractor's construction schedule.
 2. Prepare the schedule in chronological order; include all submittals required during construction. Provide the following information:
 - a. Scheduled date for the first submittal.
 - b. Related section number.
 - c. Submittal category.
 - d. Name of subcontractor.
 - e. Description of the part of the work covered.

- f. Scheduled date for resubmittal.
- g. Scheduled date for Engineers final release or approval.

B. Distribution:

- 1. Following response to initial submittal, print and distribute copies to the Engineer, subcontractors, and other parties required to comply with submittal dates indicated. Post copies in the project meeting room and field office.
- 2. When revisions are made, distribute to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the work and are no longer involved in construction activities.

C. Schedule Updating: Revise the schedule after each meeting or activity, where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue the updated schedule concurrently with each meeting report.

1.5 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Submit newly prepared information, drawn to accurate scale. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise indicate deviations from the Contract Documents. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis for shop drawings. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the project is not considered shop drawings. Reproductions of the Contract Documents will be immediately rejected for resubmittal.
- B. Shop drawings include fabrication and installation drawings, setting diagrams, schedules, patterns, templates, and similar drawings. Include the following information:
 - 1. Dimensions.
 - 2. Identification of products and materials included.
 - 3. Compliance with specified standards.
 - 4. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - 5. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
- C. Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size drawings, submit shop drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2" x 11", but no larger than 24" x 36".
- D. Final Submittal: Submit one set of sepias and two blue- or black-line prints; submit six prints where required for maintenance manuals.

1.6 PRODUCT DATA

Collect product data into a single submittal for each element of construction or system. Product data includes printed information such as manufacturer's installation instructions, catalog cuts, standard color charts, roughing-in diagrams and templates, standard wiring diagrams, and performance curves. Where product data must be specially prepared because standard printed data is not suitable for use, submit as shop drawings.

- A. Manufacturers printed recommendation.
- B. Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
- C. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
- D. Notation of dimensions verified by field measurement.
- E. Notation of coordination requirements.
- F. Mill certificates.

1.7 ENGINEERS ACTION

- A. Except for submittals for record, information of similar purposes where action and return is required or requested, the Engineer will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return promptly.
- B. Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractors responsibility. Submittal will be rejected for non-compliance of required characteristics.
- C. Action Stamp: The Engineer will stamp each submittal with a uniform, self-explanatory action stamp. The stamp will be appropriately marked to indicate the action taken.
- D. Submittals not returned within 21 days of receipt by the Engineer will be considered approved as submitted by the Contractor.

2. PRODUCTS

(Not Used)

3. EXECUTION

(Not Used)

4. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

(Not Used)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01700
CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

1. GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Closeout Procedures
- B. Final Cleaning
- C. Adjusting

1.2 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Submit written certification that Contract Documents have been reviewed, Work has been inspected, and that Work is complete in accordance with Contract Documents and ready for Owner inspection.
- B. Provide submittals to Owner that are required by governing or other authorities.
- C. Submit final Application for Payment identifying total adjusted Contract Sum, previous payments, and sum remaining due.

1.3 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Execute final cleaning prior to final inspection.
- B. Clean equipment and fixtures to a sanitary condition.
- C. Clean debris from pull boxes, manholes, and drainage systems.
- D. Clean site; sweep paved areas, remove debris from site areas.
- E. Remove waste and surplus materials, rubbish, and construction facilities from the site.

1.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Maintain on site, one set of the following record documents; record actual revisions to the Work:
 - 1. Contract Drawings
 - 2. Specifications
 - 3. Addenda
 - 4. Change Orders and other Modifications to the Contract
 - 5. Reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples
- B. Store Record Documents separate from documents used for construction.

- C. Record information concurrent with construction progress.
- D. Specifications: Legibly mark and record at each Product section description of actual Products installed, including the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's name and product model and number.
 - 2. Product substitutions or alternates utilized.
 - 3. Changes made by Addenda and Modifications.
- E. Record Documents and Shop Drawings: Legibly mark each item to record actual construction including:
 - 1. Measured horizontal and vertical locations of underground utilities and appurtenances, referenced to permanent surface improvements.
 - 2. Measured locations of internal utilities and appurtenances concealed in construction, referenced to visible and accessible features of the Work.
 - 3. Field changes of dimension and detail.
 - 4. Details not on original Contract Drawings.
- F. Submit documents to Owner with claim for final Application for Payment.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 021000
SITE PREPARATION

1. GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Demolition, clearing and grubbing required for this work includes, but is not necessarily limited to:
1. Felling of trees including removal of stumps, roots and other debris protruding through ground surface.
 2. Removing shrubs, grass, weeds and other vegetation.
 3. Removing improvements or obstructions that interfere with new construction.
 4. Constructing temporary barriers around trees designated to remain.
 5. Disconnecting and removing existing utility lines on the site except those designated to remain.
 6. Removal of all debris.
- B. Related Work Described Elsewhere:
1. Earthwork: Section 02200.
- C. Definitions: The term "Demolition, Clearing and Grubbing", as used herein, includes the removal of all existing objects (except for those designated to remain) down to the existing ground level (below grade if required to execute properly the new work), plus such other work as is described in this Section of the Specifications.

1.2 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Dust Control:
1. Use necessary means to prevent spread of dust during performance of work.
 2. Moisten surfaces as required to prevent dust from being a nuisance to the public, neighbors, and concurrent performance of other work on site.
- B. Disposal of Waste:
1. On site burning will not be permitted.
 2. Remove waste materials and unsuitable or excess topsoil from site and legally dispose of it.

C. Protection:

1. Protect existing objects designated to remain.
2. In event of damage, repair or replace at no additional cost to Owner.

2. PRODUCTS

NONE

3. EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Site Inspection:

1. Prior to start of work, inspect entire site and all objects designated to be removed or preserved.
2. Locate existing utility lines and determine requirements for disconnecting and capping.
3. Locate existing active utility lines traversing site and determine requirements for protection.

B. Clarification:

1. The drawings do not purport to show all objects existing on site.
2. Verify with architect all objects to be removed or preserved before commencing work.

3.2 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

A. Felling of Trees:

1. Protect roots and branches of trees designated to remain.
2. Remove only trees and shrubs within construction area unless otherwise indicated or directed.
3. Completely remove stumps, roots and other debris protruding through ground surface.
4. Carefully and cleanly cut roots and branches of trees indicated to be left standing, where such roots and branches obstruct new construction.

B. Grubbing:

1. Remove all surface rocks, stumps, roots and other vegetation within limits of construction.
2. Do not leave any roots greater than 3 inches in diameter in the ground.

3.3 STRIPPING TOPSOIL

- A. Strip to whatever depths encountered in such a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other objectionable material.
- B. Remove heavy growths of grass from areas before stripping.
- C. Where trees are indicated to be left standing, stop topsoil stripping a sufficient distance from trees to prevent damage to main root system.
- D. Stock pile topsoil where directed.
- E. Construct storage piles to freely drain surface water.
- F. Cover storage piles if required to prevent windblown dust.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 021010
PROJECT SIGNS

1. DESCRIPTION

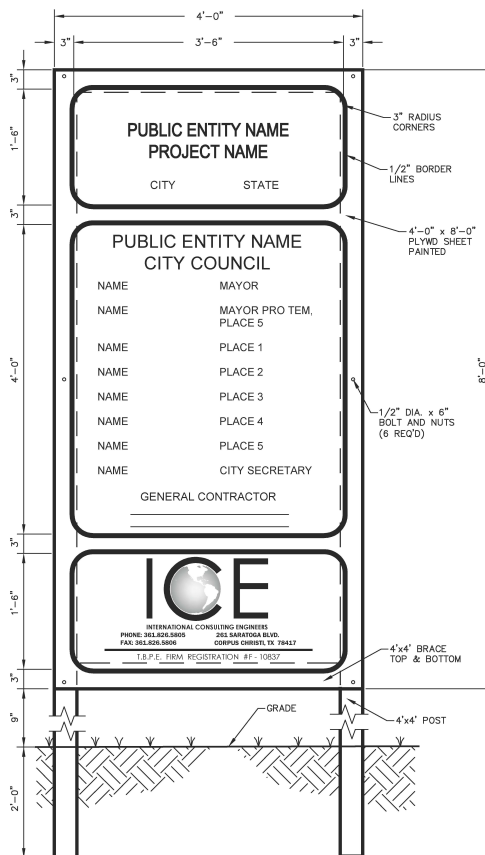
This specification shall govern all work for providing project signs required to complete the project.

2. REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall furnish and install project signs as shown below. One (1) project sign is required unless otherwise specified in the contract documents. The signs shall be installed prior to construction and be maintained throughout the project. The locations of the signs shall be subject to approval of the Engineer and shall not obstruct visibility of any motorist.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, all work and materials required for providing project signs shall not be measured for pay but will be considered subsidiary to other work as part of a lump sum.



PROJECT SIGN
ONE REQUIRED

END OF SECTION

SECTION 021020
SITE CLEARING AND STRIPPING

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for clearing, grubbing and stripping of objectionable matter as required to complete the project, and shall include removing and disposing of trees, stumps, brush, roots, vegetation, rubbish and other objectionable matter from the project site.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

The site shall be cleared of all trees, stumps, brush, roots, vegetation, rubbish and other objectionable matter as indicated on drawings and/or as directed by the Engineer. Tree stumps and roots shall be grubbed to a minimum depth of 2 feet below natural ground. Areas that underlie compacted backfill shall be stripped of all vegetation, humus and other objectionable matter encountered within the top six (6) inches of the soil. All material removed from the site under this operation shall become the Contractor's responsibility. The material shall be disposed of either at a disposal site indicated on the drawings or at a site obtained by the Contractor.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Payment shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools and incidentals necessary for the work prescribed in this specification and payment will be part of the project lump sum bid.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 021040
SITE GRADING

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for backfill and grading of the site to complete the project.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Prior to site grading, the site shall be cleared of vegetation and debris. Unless specified otherwise on drawings, the existing surface shall be loosened by scarifying or plowing to a depth of not less than 6 inches. The loosened material shall be re-compacted with fill.

Fill shall be uniform as to material, density, and moisture content. Fill shall be free of large clods, large rocks, organic matter, and other objectionable material. No fill that is placed by dumping in a pile or windrow shall be incorporated into a layer in that position; all such piles and windrows shall be moved by blading or similar method. All fill shall be placed in layers approximately parallel to the finish grade and in layers not in excess of 6 inches of uncompacted depth, unless indicated otherwise on drawings.

The fill shall be compacted to a density which approximates that of natural ground unless indicated otherwise on drawings.

The Engineer may order proof rolling to test the uniformity of compaction. All irregularities, depressions, and soft spots which develop shall be corrected by the Contractor.

Excess material from excavation, which is not incorporated into the site as fill, shall become property of the Contractor and disposed of away from the job site, unless indicated otherwise on the drawings.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 021080
REMOVING OLD STRUCTURES

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall provide for the removal and disposal of old structures or portions of old structures, as noted on the plans, and shall include all excavation and backfilling necessary to complete the removal. The work shall be done in accordance with the provisions of these specifications.

2. METHOD OF REMOVAL

Culverts or Sewers. Pipe shall be removed by careful excavation of all dirt on top and the sides in such manner that the pipe will not be damaged. Removal of sewer appurtenances shall be included for removal with the pipe. Those pipes which are deemed unsatisfactory for reuse by the Engineer may be removed in any manner the Contractor may select.

Concrete Structures. Unwanted concrete structures or concrete portions of structures shall be removed to the lines and dimensions shown on the plans, and these materials shall be disposed of as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Any portion of the existing structure outside of the limits designated for removal which is damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be restored to its original condition at the Contractor's entire expense. Explosives shall not be used in the removal of portions of the existing structure unless approved by the Engineer, in writing.

Portions of the old structure shall be removed to the lines and dimensions shown on the plans, and these materials shall be disposed of as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Any portion of the existing structure, outside of the limits designated for removal, damaged during the operations of the Contractor, shall be restored to its original condition at the Contractor's entire expense. Explosives shall not be used in the removal of portions of the existing structure unless approved by the Engineer, in writing.

Concrete portions of structures below the permanent ground line, which will not interfere in any manner with the proposed construction, may be left in place, but removal shall be carried at least five (5) feet below the permanent ground line and neatly squared off. Reinforcement shall be cut off close to the concrete. Backfill in one-foot lifts and compact to a minimum of 95% Standard Proctor density.

Steel Structures. Steel structures or steel portions of structures shall be dismantled in sections as determined by the Engineer. The sections shall be stored if the members are to be salvaged and reused. Rivets and bolts connecting steel railing members, steel beams of beam spans and steel stringers of truss spans, shall be removed by butting the heads with a "cold cut" and punching or drilling from the hole, or by such other method that will not injure the members for re-use and will meet the approval of the Engineer. The removal of rivets and bolts from connections of truss members, bracing members, and other similar members in the structure will not be required unless specifically called for on the plans or special provisions, and the Contractor shall have the option of dismantling these members by flame-cutting the members immediately adjacent to the connections. Flame-cutting will not be permitted, however, when the plans or special provisions call for the structure unit to be salvaged in such manner as to permit re-erection. In such case, all members shall be carefully match marked with paint in accordance with diagrams furnished by the Engineer prior to dismantling, and all rivets and bolts shall be removed from the connections in the manner specified in the first portion of this paragraph.

Timber Structures. Timber structures or timber portions of structures to be reused shall be removed in such manner as to damage the timber for further use as little as possible. All bolts and nails shall be

removed from such lumber as deemed salvable by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise specified on the plans, timber piles shall be either pulled or cut off at the point not less than two (2) feet below ground line, with the choice between these two methods resting with the Contractor, unless otherwise specified.

Brick or Stone Structures. Unwanted brick or stone structures or stone portions of structures shall be removed. Portions of such structures below the permanent ground line, which will not in any manner interfere with the proposed construction, may be left in place, but removal shall be carried at least five (5) feet below the permanent ground line and neatly squared off. Backfill in one-foot lifts and compact to a minimum of 95% Standard Proctor density.

Salvage. All material such as pipe, timbers, railings, etc., which the Engineer deems as salvable for reuse, and all salvaged structural steel, shall be delivered to a designated storage area.

Materials, other than structural steel, which are not deemed salvable by the Engineer, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed to suitable disposal sites off of the right-of-way arranged for by the Contractor, or otherwise disposed of in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer.

Where temporary structures are necessary for a detour adjacent to the present structure, the Contractor will be permitted to use the material in the old structure for the detour structure, but he shall dismantle and stack or dispose of the material as required above as soon as the new structure is opened for traffic.

Backfill. All excavations made in connection with this specification and all openings below the natural ground line caused by the removal of old structures or portions thereof shall be backfilled to the level of the original ground line, unless otherwise provided on the plans.

That portion of the backfill which will support any portion of the roadbed or embankment shall be placed in layers of the same depth as those required for placing embankment. Material in each layer shall be wetted uniformly, if required, and shall be compacted to a minimum of 95% Standard Proctor density. In places inaccessible to blading and rolling equipment, mechanical or hand tamps or rammers shall be used to obtain the required compaction.

That portion of the backfill which will not support any portion of the roadbed or embankment shall be placed as directed by the Engineer in such manner and to such state of compaction as will preclude objectionable amount of settlement.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022000
EARTHWORK

1. GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. Work included but not limited to:

1. Parking Areas
2. Driveways
3. Concrete Walks
4. Concrete Structures

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Codes and References:

1. Comply with pertinent codes and regulations.
2. Comply with referenced portions of Texas Highway Department " Standard Specifications for Construction of Highways, Streets and Bridges" (Latest Edition). Payment items shall not apply.

1.3 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. Protection:

1. Protect subgrade materials before, during, and after installation.
2. Protect work and materials of other trades.

B. Replacement: In event of damage, make repairs and replacements as necessary at no additional cost to Owner.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 SELECTION OF MATERIALS

A. Where shown on plans, selected materials shall be utilized in the formation of embankment or to improve the roadbed, in which case the work shall be performed in such manner and sequence that suitable materials may be selected, removed separately and deposited in the construction area within limits and at elevations required.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Stripping and Excavation:

1. Strip the top 6" in all areas to underly compacted fill, curbs, base or pavement, by removing all humus, vegetation and other unsuitable materials. Remove existing trees, shrubs, fences, curb, gutter, sidewalk, drives, paving and structures within the graded area which interfere with new construction or finished grading.
 2. All suitable excavated materials shall be utilized, insofar as practicable, in constructing the required roadway sections or in uniformly widening embankments, flattening slopes, etc., as directed by the Engineer. Unsuitable roadway excavation and roadway excavation in excess of that needed for construction shall be known as "Waste" and shall become the property of the Contractor to be disposed of by him outside the limits of the right-of-way at a location suitable to the Engineer. "Unsuitable" material encountered below subgrade elevation in roadway cuts, when declared "Waste" by the Engineer, shall be replaced, as directed by the Engineer, with material from the roadway excavation or with other suitable material.
- B. Subgrade preparation:
1. That area shown on the plans for Parking Area, driveway, or concrete structure construction shall be scarified to a depth not less than 6" and compacted to 95% standard proctor density. Irregularities exceeding 1/2" in 16' shall be corrected. Soft areas found at any time shall be dug out, the material replaced with acceptable and compacted (esp. at utility trenches). The moisture density shall be maintained until the subgrade is covered by the specified material.
 2. That area shown on the plans for channel excavation and excavated slopes shall be finished in conformance with the lines and grades shown on the plans and no point on completed slopes shall vary from the designated slopes by more than 0.5 foot measured at right angles to the slope, unless otherwise specified. The tops of excavated slopes and the end of excavation shall be rounded as shown on the plans.
- C. Curb Backfill and Topsoil (Sidewalks, Parkways, Islands, etc.):
1. Compact earth behind curbs without delay after curb completion. The top 3" (where disturbed by construction or where unsatisfactory material is exposed by excavation) of finished earth grade shall be of loamy top soil of approved type and source where "Top Soil" is called for on the plans. No excessive clods are allowed.
- D. Matching Grades at Right -of-Way Line:
1. Finished grade at the property line shall be as shown on the plans. A reasonable amount of filling on private property may be required by the Engineer where the sidewalk grade is above the property elevation. Use suitable material from the excavation.
- E. Drainage:

1. During construction the roadbed and ditches shall be maintained in such condition as to insure proper drainage at all times and ditches and channels shall be constructed and maintained as to avoid damage to the roadway section. All slopes which, in the judgment of the Engineer, require variation shall be accurately shaped and care shall be taken that no material is loosened below the required slopes. All breakage and slides shall be removed and disposed of as directed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022020
EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR UTILITIES AND SEWERS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all excavation for storm or sanitary sewers, sewers structures appurtenances and connections, utility pipe or conduits, and for backfilling to the level of the original ground, all in conformity with the locations, lines, and grades shown on the plans or as established by the Engineer. This specification also governs for the necessary pumping or bailing and drainage, and all sheathing and bracing of trench walls, the furnishing and placing of cement stabilized backfill, and hauling and disposition of surplus materials, and the bridging of trenches and other provisions for traffic or access as provided herein.

2. CONSTRUCTION

2.1 GENERAL

Unless otherwise specified on the plans or permitted by the Engineer, all sewers, pipe, and conduit shall be constructed in open cut trenches with vertical sides. Trenches shall be sheathed and braced as necessary throughout the construction period. Sheathing and bracing shall be the responsibility of the Contractor (Section 022022).

Trenches shall have a maximum width of one foot beyond the horizontal projection of the outside surfaces of the pipe and parallel thereto on each side unless otherwise specified.

The Contractor shall not have more the 200 feet of open trench left behind the trenching operation and no more then 500 feet of ditch behind the ditching machine that is not compacted as required by the plans and specification. No trench or excavation shall remain open after working hours.

For all utility conduit and sewer pipe to be constructed in fill above natural ground, the embankment shall first be constructed to an elevation not less than one foot above the top of pipe or conduit after which excavation for the pipe or conduit shall be made.

If quicksand, muck, or similar unstable material, is encountered at the bottom of the excavation, the following procedure shall be used unless other methods are called for on the plans. If the unstable condition

is a result of ground water, it shall be controlled by the Contractor, prior to additional excavation. After stable conditions have been achieved, unstable soil shall be removed or stabilized to a depth of 2 feet below the bottom of pipe for pipes 2 feet or more in height; and to a depth equal to the height of pipe, 6 inch minimum, for pipe less then 2 feet in height. Such excavation shall be carried at least 1 foot beyond the horizontal limits of the structure on all sides. All unstable soil so removed shall be replaced with suitable stable material, placed in uniform layers of suitable depth as directed by the Engineer, and each layer shall be wetted, if necessary, and compacted by mechanical tamping as required to provide a stable foundation for the structure. Soil which is considered to be of sufficient stability to sustain properly the adjacent sections of the roadway embankment will be considered a suitable foundation material for the culvert or sewer. For unstable trench conditions requiring outside forms, seals, sheathing, and bracing, or where ground water is encountered and additional excavation and backfill required shall be done at the contractor's expense.

2.2 SHAPING OF TRENCH BOTTOM

The trench bottom shall be undercut a minimum depth sufficient to accommodate the class of bedding indicated in the plans and specification.

2.3 DEWATERING TRENCH

Pipe or conduit shall not be constructed or laid in a trench in the presence of water. All water shall be removed from the trench sufficiently prior to the pipe or conduit planing operation insure a relatively dry (no standing water), firm bed. The trench shall be maintained in such dewatered condition until the trench has been backfilled to a height at least one foot above the top of pipe. Removal of water may be accomplished by bailing, pumping, or by a well-points installation as conditions warrant. Removal of well points shall be at rate of 1/3 per 24 hours (every third well-point).

2.4 EXCAVATION IN STREETS

Excavation in streets, together with the maintenance of traffic where specified, and the restoration of the pavement riding surface shall be in accordance with plan detail or as required by other applicable specification.

2.5 REMOVING OLD STRUCTURES

When old masonry structures or foundations are encountered in the excavation, such obstructions shall be removed for the full width of the trench and to a depth of 1-foot below the bottom of the trench. When old inlets or manholes are encountered and no plan provision is made for adjustment or connection to the new sewer, such manholes and inlets shall be removed completely to a depth 1-foot below the bottom of the trench. In each instance, the bottom to the trench shall be restored to grade by backfilling and compacting by the methods provided hereinafter for backfill. Where the trench cuts through storm or sanitary sewers which are known to be abandoned, these sewers shall be cut flush with sides of the trench and blocked with a concrete plug in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer.

2.6 PROTECTION OF UTILITIES

The Contractor shall conduct his work such that a reasonable minimum of disturbance to existing utilities will result. Particular care shall be exercised to avoid the cutting or breakage of water and gas line. Such lines, if broken, shall be restored promptly by the Contractor. When active sanitary sewer lines are cut in the trenching operations, temporary flumes shall be provided across the trench, while open, and the lines shall be restored when the backfilling has progressed to the original bedding lines of the sewer so cut.

The Contractor shall inform utility Owners sufficiently in advance of the Contractor's operations to enable such utility Owners to reroute, provide temporary detours, or to make other adjustments to utility lines in order that the Contractor may proceed with his work with a minimum of delay and concerned in effecting any utility adjustments necessary and shall not hold the Owner liable for any expense due to delay or additional work because of conflicts.

2.7 EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL

All materials from excavation not required for backfilling the trench shall be removed, by the Contractor,

from the job site promptly following the completion of work involved.

2.8 BACKFILL

A. Backfill Procedure Around Pipe

All trenches and excavation shall be backfilled as soon as is practical after the pipes or conduits are properly laid. In addition to the specified pipe bedding material, the backfill around the pipe as applicable, shall be backfilled to the base with cement stabilized sand containing a minimum of 2 sacks of standard Type I Portland cement per cubic yard of sand. The backfill shall be deposited in the trench simultaneously on both sides of the pipe for the full width of the trench, in layers not to exceed six (6) inches (loose measurement), wetted if required to obtain proper compaction, and thoroughly compacted by mechanical tampers to a density comparable to the adjacent undisturbed soil, so that a thoroughly compacted material shall be in place between the external wall of the pipe and the undisturbed sides of the trench-

B. Backfill Over One Foot Above Pipe

The backfill for that portion of trench over (1) foot above the pipe or conduit shall be selected excavated material free of hard lumps, rock fragments, or other debris, placed in layers not more than 6 inches in depth (loose measurement), wetted if required and thoroughly compacted by use of mechanical tampers to the natural bank density and not less than 95% Std. Proctor. Flooding of backfill is not allowed. Jetting of backfill will be allowed in sandy soils and in soils otherwise approved by the Engineer. Regardless of backfill method, no lift shall exceed one foot and density shall not be less than 95% Std. Proctor. The last four feet of backfill shall be placed in layers of not more than 6 inches and compacted by use of mechanical tampers to the natural back density and not less than 95% Std. Proctor.

A period of not less than twenty-four (24) hours shall lapse between the time of jetting and the placing of the top four (4) feet of backfill.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022021
CONTROL OF GROUND WATER

1. GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Dewatering, depressurizing, draining, and maintaining trenches, shaft excavations, structural excavations, and foundation beds in a stable condition, and controlling ground water conditions for tunnel excavations.

B. Protection of excavations and trenches from surface runoff.

C. Disposing of removed ground water by approved methods.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. ASTM D 698 - Test Methods for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures, Using 5.5-lb (2.49 kg) Rammer and 12-inch (304.8 mm) Drop.

B. Federal Regulations, 29 CFR Part 1926, Standards-Excavation, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

C. Federal Register 40 CFR (Vol. 55, No. 222) Part 122, EPA Administered Permit Programs (NPDES), Para.122.26(b)(14) Storm Water Discharge.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Ground water control includes both dewatering and depressurization of water-bearing soil layers.

1) Dewatering includes lowering the water table and intercepting seepage which would otherwise emerge from slopes or bottoms of excavations, or into tunnels and shafts, and disposing of removed ground water by approved methods. The intent of dewatering is to increase the stability of tunnel excavations and excavated slopes; prevent dislocation of material from slopes or bottoms of excavations; reduce lateral loads on sheeting and bracing; improve excavating and hauling characteristics of excavated material; prevent failure or heaving of the bottom of excavations; and to provide suitable conditions for placement of backfill materials and construction of structures, piping and other installations.

2) Depressurization includes reduction in piezometric pressure within strata not controlled by dewatering alone, as required to prevent failure or heaving of excavation bottom or instability of tunnel excavations.

B. Excavation drainage includes keeping excavations free of surface and seepage water.

C. Surface drainage includes the use of temporary drainage ditches and dikes and installation of temporary culverts and sump pumps with discharge lines as required to protect the Work from any source of surface water.

D. Equipment and instrumentation for monitoring and control of the ground water control system includes piezometers and monitoring wells, and devices, such as flow meters, for observing and recording flow rates.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Conduct subsurface investigations as needed to identify ground water conditions and to provide parameters for design, installation, and operation of ground water control systems.

B. Design a ground water control system, compatible with requirements of Federal Regulations 29 CFR Part 1926 and City Standard Specification Section 022022 - Trench Safety for Excavations, to produce the following results:

- 1) Effectively reduce the hydrostatic pressure affecting:
 - a) Excavations (including utility trenches);
 - b) Tunnel excavation, face stability or seepage into tunnels.
- 2) Develop a substantially dry and stable subgrade for subsequent construction operations.
- 3) Preclude damage to adjacent properties, buildings, structures, utilities, installed facilities, and other work.
- 4) Prevent the loss of fines, seepage, boils, quick condition, or softening of the foundation strata.
- 5) Maintain stability of sides and bottom of excavations.

C. Provide ground water control systems which may include single-stage or multiple-stage well point systems, eductor and ejector-type systems, deep wells, or combinations of these equipment types.

D. Provide drainage of seepage water and surface water, as well as water from any other source entering the excavation. Excavation drainage may include placement of drainage materials, such as crushed stone and filter fabric, together with sump pumping.

E. Provide ditches, berms, pumps and other methods necessary to divert and drain surface water away from excavations.

F. Locate ground water control and drainage systems so as not to interfere with utilities, construction operations, adjacent properties, or adjacent water wells.

G. Assume sole responsibility for ground water control systems and for any loss or damage resulting from partial or complete failure of protective measures, and any settlement or resultant damage caused by the ground water control operations. Modify ground water control systems or operations if they cause or threaten to cause damage to new construction, existing site improvements, adjacent property, or adjacent water wells, or affect potentially contaminated areas. Repair damage caused by ground water control systems or resulting from failure of the system to protect property as required.

H. Provide an adequate number of piezometers installed at the proper locations and depths as

required to provide meaningful observations of the conditions affecting the excavation, adjacent structures, and water wells.

I. Provide environmental monitoring wells installed at the proper locations and depths as required to provide adequate observations of hydrostatic conditions and possible contaminant transport from contamination sources into the work area or into the ground water control system.

J. Decommission piezometers and monitoring wells installed during design phase studies and left for Contractors monitoring and use, if applicable.

1.5 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with requirements of agencies having jurisdiction.

B. Comply with Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) regulations and Texas Water Well Drillers Association for development, drilling, and abandonment of wells used in dewatering system.

C. Prior to beginning construction activities, file Notice of Intent (NOI) for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity under the Texas Pollutant Elimination System (TPDES) General Permit No. TXR150000, administered by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The general permit falls under the provisions of Section 402 of the Clean Water Act and Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code.

D. Prepare submittal form and submit to TCEQ along with application fee.

E. Upon completion of construction, file Notice of Termination (NOT) for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity under the TPDES General Permit with the TCEQ.

F. Obtain all necessary permits from agencies with control over the use of ground water and matters affecting well installation, water discharge, and use of existing storm drains and natural water sources. Because the review and permitting process may be lengthy, take early action to pursue and submit for the required approvals.

G. Monitor ground water discharge for contamination while performing pumping in the vicinity of potentially contaminated sites.

H. Conduct sampling and testing of ground water and receiving waters as outlined in Article 3 below.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

A. Equipment and materials are at the option of Contractor as necessary to achieve desired results for dewatering.

B. Eductors, well points, or deep wells, where used, shall be furnished, installed and operated by an

experienced contractor regularly engaged in ground water control system design, installation, and operation.

C. All equipment must be in good repair and operating order.

D. Sufficient standby equipment and materials shall be kept available to ensure continuous operation, where required.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 GROUND WATER CONTROL

A. Perform a subsurface investigation by borings as necessary to identify water bearing layers, piezometric pressures, and soil parameters for design and installation of ground water control systems. Perform pump tests, if necessary to determine the drawdown characteristics of the water bearing layers.

B. Provide labor, material, equipment, techniques and methods to lower, control and handle ground water in a manner compatible with construction methods and site conditions. Monitor effectiveness of the installed system and its effect on adjacent property.

C. Install, operate, and maintain ground water control systems in accordance with the ground water control system design. Notify the City's Construction Inspector in writing of any changes made to accommodate field conditions and changes to the Work. Revise the ground water control system design to reflect field changes.

D. Provide for continuous system operation, including nights, weekends, and holidays. Arrange for appropriate backup if electrical power is primary energy source for dewatering system.

E. Monitor operations to verify that the system lowers ground water piezometric levels at a rate required to maintain a dry excavation resulting in a stable subgrade for prosecution of subsequent operations.

F. Where hydrostatic pressures in confined water bearing layers exist below excavation, depressurize those zones to works. Allowable piezometric elevations shall be defined in the ground water control system design.

G. Remove ground water control installations.

1) Remove pumping system components and piping when ground water control is no longer required.

2) Remove piezometers and monitoring wells when directed by the City Engineer.

3) Grout abandoned well and piezometer holes. Fill piping that is not removed with cementbentonite grout or cement-sand grout.

H. During backfilling, dewatering may be reduced to maintain water level a minimum of 5 feet below prevailing level of backfill. However, do not allow that water level to result in uplift pressures in excess of 80 percent of downward pressure produced by weight of structure or backfill in place. Do not allow water levels to rise into cement stabilized sand until at least 48

hour after placement.

I. Provide a uniform diameter for each pipe drain run constructed for dewatering. Remove pipe drain when it has served its purpose. If removal of pipe is impractical, provide grout connections at 50-foot intervals and fill pipe with cement-bentonite grout or cement-sand grout when pipe is removed from service.

J. Extent of construction ground water control for structures with a permanent perforated underground drainage system may be reduced, such as for units designed to withstand hydrostatic uplift pressure. Provide a means for draining the affected portion of underground system, including standby equipment. Maintain drainage system during operations and remove it when no longer required.

K. Remove system upon completion of construction or when dewatering and control of surface or ground water is no longer required.

L. In unpaved areas, compact backfill to not less than 95 percent of Standard Proctor maximum dry density in accordance with ASTM D 698. In paved areas (or areas to receive paving), compact backfill to not less than 98 percent of Standard Proctor maximum dry density in accordance with ASTM D 698.

3.2 REQUIREMENTS FOR EDUCTOR, WELL POINTS, OR DEEP WELLS

A. For above ground piping in ground water control system, include a 12-inch minimum length of clear, transparent piping between every eductor well or well point and discharge header so that discharge from each installation can be visually monitored.

B. Install sufficient piezometers or monitoring wells to show that all trench or shaft excavations in water bearing materials are pre-drained prior to excavation. Provide separate piezometers for monitoring of dewatering and for monitoring of depressurization. Install piezometers and monitoring wells for tunneling as appropriate for Contractor's selected method of work.

C. Install piezometers or monitoring wells not less than one week in advance of beginning the associated excavation (including trenching).

D. Dewatering may be omitted for portions of underdrains or other excavations, but only where auger borings and piezometers or monitoring wells show that soil is pre-drained by an existing system such that the criteria of the ground water control system design are satisfied.

E. Replace installations that produce noticeable amounts of sediments after development.

F. Provide additional ground water control installations, or change the methods, in the event that the installations according to the ground water control system design do not provide satisfactory results based on the performance criteria defined by the ground water control system design and by these specifications.

3.3 EXCAVATION DRAINAGE

A. Contractor may use excavation drainage methods if necessary to achieve well drained conditions. The excavation drainage may consist of a layer of crushed stone and filter fabric, and sump pumping in combination with sufficient wells for ground water control to maintain stable excavation and backfill conditions.

3.4 MAINTENANCE AND OBSERVATION

A. Conduct daily maintenance and observation of piezometers or monitoring wells while the ground water control installations or excavation drainage are operating in an area or seepage into tunnel is occurring. Keep system in good condition.

B. Replace damaged and destroyed piezometers or monitoring wells with new piezometers or wells as necessary to meet observation schedule.

C. Cut off piezometers or monitoring wells in excavation areas where piping is exposed, only as necessary to perform observation as excavation proceeds. Continue to maintain and make observations, as specified.

D. Remove and grout piezometers inside or outside the excavation area when ground water control operations are complete. Remove and grout monitoring wells when directed by the City Engineer.

3.5 MONITORING AND RECORDING

A. Monitor and record average flow rate of operation for each deep well, or for each wellpoint or eductor header used in dewatering system. Also monitor and record water level and ground water recovery. These records shall be obtained daily until steady conditions are achieved, and twice weekly thereafter.

B. Observe and record elevation of water level daily as long as ground water control system is in operation, and weekly thereafter until the Work is completed or piezometers or wells are removed, except when City Engineer determines that more frequent monitoring and recording are required. Comply with Construction Inspector's direction for increased monitoring and recording and take measures as necessary to ensure effective dewatering for intended purpose.

3.6 SAMPLING, TESTING AND DISPOSAL OF GROUND WATER

A. It is the intent that the Contractor discharge groundwater primarily into the existing storm water system in accordance with City Ordinance, Article XVI, Section 55-203, only if the groundwater is uncontaminated and the quality of the ground water is equal to or better than the quality of the receiving stream.

B. The Contractor shall prevent ground water from trench or excavation dewatering operations from discharging directly into the storm water system prior to testing and authorization. Ground water from dewatering operations shall be sampled and tested, and disposed of by approved methods.

C. Laboratory analysis of groundwater and receiving water quality is to be performed by the

Contractor at the Contractor's expense, prior to commencing discharge, and groundwater analysis shall be performed by the Contractor at a minimum of once per week. Contractor shall coordinate with the City Storm Water Department on all laboratory analysis. Laboratory analysis of groundwater shall also be performed at each new area of construction prior to discharge from that location.

D. Sample containers, holding times, preservation methods, and analytical methods, shall either follow the requirements in 40 CFR Part 136 (as amended), or the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater." Any laboratory providing analysis must be accredited or certified by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality according to Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC) Chapters 25 for the matrices, methods, and parameters of analysis, if available, or be exempt according to 30 TAC §25.6.

E. Analysis of the ground water discharge shall show it to be equal to or better than the quality of the first natural body of receiving water. This requires testing of both the receiving water and a sample of the ground water. All parts of this procedure shall be complete prior to any discharge of ground water to the storm water system.

F. Steps to Determine Legitimate Discharge:

1) Identify the First Receiving Water.

a) When the first body of water is a fresh water system (Nueces River or Oso Creek), the analysis typically fails because the local ground water will likely be too high in Total Dissolved Solids (TDS). In the case of a perched aquifer, the ground water may turn out fairly fresh, but local experience shows this to be unlikely.

b) If the receiving water is a marine environment, proceed with Step 2 below to compare the ground water quality to receiving water quality.

2) Compare Ground Water Discharge Quality to Receiving Water Quality. The following table, Ground Water Discharge Limits, indicates that the parameters to compare to the receiving water are Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS). If the ground water results are equal to or better than the receiving water, then the discharge may be authorized as long as the discharge does not exceed the other parameters which would indicate hydrocarbon contamination. Note that the receiving water only needs to be tested initially as a baseline and the ground water shall be tested weekly to ensure compliance.

GROUND WATER DISCHARGE LIMITS

Parameter	Ground Water Monitoring Frequency	Receiving Water Monitoring Frequency	Maximum Limitation
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Initial + Weekly	Once Prior to Discharge	< Receiving Water
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Initial + Weekly	Once Prior to Discharge	< Receiving Water
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	Initial + Weekly		15 mg/L
Total Lead	Initial + Weekly		0.1 mg/L
Benzene	Initial + Weekly		0.005 mg/L
Total BTEX	Initial + Weekly		0.1 mg/L
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Initial + Monthly		0.01 mg/L

3) Analyze Ground Water for Hydrocarbon Contamination.

All other parameters listed on the Ground Water Discharge Limits table must be analyzed prior to ground water discharge to the storm water system. If no limits are exceeded, ground water discharge to the storm water system may be authorized following notification to the MS4 operator (City of Corpus Christi) and all Pollution Prevention Measures for the project are in place. Analytical results shall be on-site or readily available for review by local, state or federal inspectors. Note that this step is frequently done simultaneously with Step 2 above to shorten analytical processing time.

4) Pollution Prevention Measures.

A storm water pollution prevention plan or pollution control plan shall be developed and implemented prior to any ground water discharges to the storm water system. The plan's objectives are to limit erosion and scour of the storm water system, and minimize Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and other forms of contamination, and prevent any damage to the storm water system. Note that ground water discharges must cease immediately upon the first recognition of contamination, either by sensory or analytical methods. If the discharge of groundwater results in any damages to the storm water system, the responsible party shall remediate any damage to the storm water system and the environment to the satisfaction of the Storm Water Department and/or any State or Federal Regulatory Agency.

5) MS4 Operator Notification.

The MS4 operator shall be notified prior to ground water discharge to the storm water system. Contractor shall contact the designated City MS4 representative to request authorization to discharge ground water to the storm water system.

Notification shall include:

Project Name: Responsible Party: Discharge Location: Receiving Water:
 Estimated Time of Discharge: Linear Project: Yes / No

Pollution Prevention Measures Implemented:

Statement indicating all sampling and testing has been conducted and meets the requirements of a legitimate discharge.

G. Discharges to Wastewater System.

In the event that the groundwater does not equal or exceed the receiving water quality, an alternative disposal option would include pumping to the nearest sanitary sewer system. Discharge to the sanitary sewer system requires a permit from the Wastewater Department. If discharging to temporary holding tanks and trucking to a sanitary sewer or wastewater treatment plant, the costs for these operations shall be negotiated.

Contractor shall contact the Pretreatment Group for City Utility Operations to obtain a Wastewater Discharge Permit Application for authorization to discharge to the wastewater system. Authorization approval will include review of laboratory analysis of the ground water and estimated flow data. Note that groundwater discharges must cease immediately upon the first recognition of contamination, either by sensory or analytical methods. If the discharge of groundwater results in any damages to the wastewater collection system or wastewater overflows, the responsible party shall remediate any damage to the wastewater collection system and the environment to the satisfaction of the Wastewater Department and/or any State or Federal Regulatory Agency.

H. Other groundwater disposal alternatives or solutions may be approved by the Engineer on a case by case basis.

3.7 SURFACE WATER CONTROL

A. Intercept surface water and divert it away from excavations through the use of dikes, ditches, curb walls, pipes, sumps or other approved means.

B. Divert surface water into sumps and pump into drainage channels or storm drains, when approved by the City Engineer. Provide settling basins when required by the City Engineer.

C. Storm water that enters the excavation can be pumped out as long as care is taken to minimize solids and mud entering the pump suction and flow is pumped to a location that allows for sheet flow prior to entering a storm water drainage ditch or storm water inlet. An alternative to sheet flow is to pump storm water to an area where ponding occurs naturally without leaving the designated work area or by manmade berm(s) prior to entering the storm water system. Sheet flow and ponding is required to allow solids screening and/or settling prior to entering the storm water system. Storm water or groundwater shall not be discharged to private property.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, control of ground water will not be measured and paid for separately, but shall be considered subsidiary to other bid items.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022022
TRENCH SAFETY FOR EXCAVATIONS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work for providing for worker safety in excavations and trenching operations required to complete the project.

2. REQUIREMENTS

Worker Safety in excavations and trenches shall be provided by the Contractor in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards, 29 CFR Part 1926 Subpart P - Excavations.

It is the sole responsibility of the Contractor, and not the Owner or Engineer, to determine and monitor the specific applicability of a safety system to the field conditions to be encountered on the job site during the project.

The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner and Engineer from all damages and cost that may result from failure of methods or equipment used by the Contractor to provide for worker safety.

Trenches as used herein, shall apply to any excavation into which structures, utilities, or sewers are placed regardless of depth.

Trench Safety Plan as used herein shall apply to all methods and materials used to provide for worker safety in excavation and trenching operations required during the project.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022040
STREET EXCAVATION

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work for Street Excavation required to complete the project.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

(A) Stripping and Excavation

Strip the top 11 inches in all areas to underlay compacted fill, curbs, base or pavement, by removing all humus, vegetation and other unsuitable materials. Unless otherwise noted, remove existing trees, shrubs, fences, curb, gutter, sidewalk, drives, paving, pipe and structures within the graded area which interfere with new construction of finished grading.

All suitable excavated materials shall be utilized, insofar as practicable, in constructing the required roadway sections or in uniformly widening embankments, flattening slopes, etc., as directed by the Engineer, provided that the material has a plasticity index (P.I.) of 35 or less. Unwanted roadway excavation and roadway excavation in excess of that needed for construction shall become the property of the Contractor to be disposed of by him outside the limits of the right-of-way at a location suitable to the Engineer. "Unsuitable" material encountered below subgrade elevation in roadway cuts, when declared unwanted by the Engineer, shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer with material from the roadway excavation or with other suitable material.

Maintain moisture and density until covered by the subbase or base course. Remove soft or wet areas found at any time, replace with suitable material, and recompact (especially utility trenches).

(B) Subgrade Preparation

That area shown on the plans for street construction shall be cut to grade, scarified to a depth not less than 6 inches or as otherwise indicated on the drawings and compacted to 95% Standard Proctor density. Irregularities exceeding ½ inch in 16 feet shall be corrected. Soft areas found at anytime shall be removed, replaced with acceptable material and compacted (especially at utility trenches). The correct moisture density relationship shall be maintained.

(C) Curb Backfill and Topsoil (Sidewalks, Parkways, Islands, etc.)

Fill and compact areas behind curbs and adjacent to sidewalks and driveways without delay after completion of concrete work. The top 6 inches (where disturbed by construction or where unsatisfactory material is exposed by excavation) of finish earth grade shall be clean excavated material or topsoil capable of supporting a good growth of grass when fertilized and seeded or sodded. It shall be free of concrete, asphalt, shell, caliche, debris and any other material that detracts from its appearance or hampers the growth of grass.

(D) Matching Grades at Right-of-Way Line

Finish grade at the property line shall be as shown on the plans. The Engineer may require a reasonable amount of filling on private property where the sidewalk grade is above the property elevation. Use suitable material from the excavation. Unless otherwise directed, cuts at right-of-way lines shall be made at a slope of three horizontal to one vertical (3:1).

(E) Drainage

During construction, the roadbed and ditches shall be maintained in such condition as to insure proper drainage at all times, and ditches and channels shall be so constructed and maintained as to avoid damage to the roadway section.

All slopes which, in the judgment of the Engineer, require variation, shall be accurately shaped, and care shall be taken that no material is loosened below the required slopes. All breakage and slides shall be removed and disposed of as directed.

3. SELECTION OF MATERIALS

Where shown on the plans, selected materials shall be utilized to improve the roadbed, in which case the work shall be performed in such manner and sequence that suitable materials may be selected, removed separately, and deposited in the roadway within limits and at elevations required. Material used for roadway embankment shall have a plasticity index (P.I.) of 35 or less.

4. GEOGRID

Where shown on the plans, geogrid shall be placed on top of the compacted subgrade layer to strengthen the roadbed. Geogrid shall be "TENSAR BX-1200", or approved equivalent. Overlap edges of geogrid in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, but not less than 12 inches.

5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022060
CHANNEL EXCAVATION

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work for Channel Excavation required to complete the project.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Trees, stumps, brush and other vegetation shall be removed and hauled away. Excavated slopes shall be finished in conformance with the lines and grades established by the Engineer. When completed, the average plane of slopes shall conform to the slopes indicated on the drawings, and no point on completed slopes shall vary from the designated slopes by more than 0.5 foot measured at right angles to the slope. In no case shall any portion of the slope encroach on the roadbed. The tops of excavated slopes and the end of excavation shall be rounded. The bottom and sides of the ditch or channel shall be undercut a minimum depth sufficient to accommodate topsoil for seeding, sodding, or slope protection, as indicated on the drawings.

All suitable materials removed from the excavation shall be used, insofar as practicable, in the formation of embankments in accordance with City Standard Specification Section 022080 "Embankment", or shall be otherwise utilized or satisfactorily disposed of as indicated on drawings, or as directed, and the completed work shall conform to the established alignment, grades and cross sections. During construction, the channel shall be kept drained, insofar as practicable, and the work shall be prosecuted in a neat workmanlike manner.

Unsuitable channel excavation in excess of that needed for construction shall become the property of the Contractor and removed from the site and properly disposed of.

3. SELECTION OF MATERIALS

Where shown on the drawings, selected materials shall be utilized in the formation of embankment or to improve the roadbed, provided that the material meets the requirements specified in City Standard Specification Sections 022040 "Street Excavation" and 022100 "Select Material", in which case the work shall be performed in such manner and sequence that suitable materials may be selected, removed separately and deposited in the roadway within the limits and at elevations required. Concrete for lining channels, where specified on the drawings, shall be Class "A" in accordance with City Standard Specification Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete".

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, channel excavation shall be measured in its original position and the volume computed in cubic yards by the method of average end areas, or by linear foot of channel or drainage ditch, as specified. Channel excavation shall include, but not be limited to, clearing and removal of vegetation, excavation, de-watering, embankment, compaction, hauling, and disposal. Channel excavation shall not include undercutting to accommodate topsoil, sod, or slope protection. Payment shall be at the bid price for the unit of measurement specified and shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022080
EMBANKMENT

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work for Embankment required to complete the project.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Prior to placing embankment, the area to be covered shall be stripped of all vegetation and the material so removed shall be disposed of off the job site. Washes, gulleys, wet areas, and yielding areas shall be corrected as directed by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise indicated on the drawings, the surface of the ground which is to receive embankment shall be loosened by scarifying or plowing to a depth of not less than 6 inches. The loosened material shall be recompacted with the new embankment as hereinafter specified. Embankment shall be placed in layers not to exceed ten (10) inches uncompacted (loose) depth for the full width of the embankment, unless otherwise noted.

Where embankment is adjacent to a hillside or old roadbed, the existing slope shall be cut in steps to not less than the vertical depth of an uncompacted layer. The fill material shall be placed from the low side and compacted. Each layer shall overlap the existing embankment by at least the width indicated by the embankment slope.

Trees, stumps, roots, vegetation, debris or other unsuitable materials shall not be placed in embankment.

Each layer of embankment shall be uniform as to material, density and moisture content before beginning compaction. Where layers of unlike materials abut each other, each layer shall be feather-edged for at least 100 feet or the material shall be so mixed as to prevent abrupt changes in the soil. No material placed in the embankment by dumping in a pile or windrow shall be incorporated in a layer in that position, but all such piles or windrows shall be moved by blading or similar methods. Clods or lumps of material shall be broken and the embankment material mixed by blading, harrowing, disking or similar methods to the end that a uniform material of uniform density is secured in each layer. Except as otherwise required by the drawings, all embankments shall be constructed in layers approximately parallel to the finished grade and each layer shall be so constructed as to provide a uniform slope of 1/4 inch per foot from the centerline of the embankment to the outside.

Each layer shall be compacted to the required density and moisture by any method, type and size of equipment that will give the required compaction. Prior to and in conjunction with the rolling operation, each layer shall be brought to the moisture content necessary to obtain the required density and shall be kept leveled with suitable equipment to insure uniform compaction over the entire layer.

For each layer of earth embankment and select material, it is the intent of this specification to provide the density as required herein, unless otherwise shown on the drawings. Soils for embankment shall be sprinkled with water as required to provide not less than optimum moisture and compacted to the extent necessary to provide not less than 95% Standard Proctor density

(ASTM D698). Field density determinations will be made in accordance with approved methods. After each layer of earth embankment or select material is complete, tests, as necessary, will be made by the Engineer. If the material fails to meet the density specified, the course shall be reworked as necessary to obtain the specified compaction, and the compaction method shall be altered on subsequent work to obtain specified density. Such procedure shall be determined by, and subject to, the approval of the Engineer.

The Engineer may order proof rolling to test the uniformity of compaction of the embankment layers. All irregularities, depressions, weak or soft spots which develop shall be corrected immediately by the Contractor.

Should the embankment, due to any reason or cause, lose the required stability, density or moisture before the pavement structure is placed, it shall be recompacted and refinished at the sole expense of the Contractor. Excessive loss of moisture in the subgrade shall be prevented by sprinkling, sealing or covering with a subsequent layer of granular material.

3. SELECTION OF MATERIAL

In addition to the requirement in the excavation items of the specifications covering the general selection and utilization of materials to improve the roadbed, embankments shall be constructed in proper sequence to receive the select material layers shown on drawings, with such modifications as may be directed by the Engineer. The layer of embankment immediately preceding the upper layer of select material shall be constructed to the proper section and grade within a tolerance of not more than 0.10 foot from the established section and grade when properly compacted and finished to receive the select material layer. Select material, when specified, shall meet the requirements in City Standard Specification Section 022100 "Select Material".

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, embankment shall not be measured and paid for separately, but shall be subsidiary to other items of work. END OF SECTION

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022100
SELECT MATERIAL

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern the use of select material to be used to treat designated sections of roadways, embankments, trenches, etc. Select material shall be a mixture of sand and clay or other suitable granular material. The material shall be free from vegetation, debris and clay lumps. That portion of the select material passing a 40-mesh sieve shall have a liquid limit of 45 maximum, a plasticity index range from 6 to 15, and a calculated linear shrinkage of 8.5 maximum.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Select material shall be mixed uniformly and placed in layers not to exceed 6" loose depth. The material shall be brought to approximately optimum moisture content and compacted to 95% Standard Proctor Density. Each layer shall be complete before the succeeding layer is placed.

The finished surface of the select material shall conform to the grade and section shown on the plans.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 022420
SILT FENCE

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for providing and installing silt fences required to complete the project.

2. MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Geotextile shall meet the requirements for temporary silt fence per AASHTO m288.

B. Fence Reinforcement Materials:

Silt fence reinforcement shall be one of the following systems.

Type 1: Self-Supported Fence - This system consists of fence posts, spaced no more than 8-1/2 feet apart, and geotextile without net reinforcement. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 42 inches long, embedded at least 1 foot, and constructed of either wood or steel. Soft wood posts shall be at least 3 inches in diameter or nominal 2 x 4 in. and essentially straight. Hardwood posts shall be a minimum of 1.5 x 1.5 in. Fabric attachment may be by staples or locking plastic ties at least every 6 inches, or by sewn vertical pockets. Steel posts shall be T or L shaped with a minimum weight of 1.3 pounds per foot. Attachment shall be by pockets or by plastic ties if the posts have suitable projections.

Type 2: Net-Reinforced Fence - This system consists of fence posts, spaced no more than 8-1/2 feet apart, and geotextile with an attached reinforcing net. Fence posts shall meet the requirements of Self-Supported Fence. Net reinforcement shall be galvanized welded wire mesh of at least 12.5-gauge wire with maximum opening size of 4 inches square. The fabric shall be attached to the top of the net at least every 2 feet, or as otherwise specified.

Type 3: Triangular Filter Dike - This system consists of a rigid wire mesh, at least 6-gauge, formed into an equilateral triangle cross-sectional shape with sides measuring 18 inches, wrapped with geotextile silt fence fabric. The fabric shall be continuously wrapped around the dike, with a skirt extending at least 12 inches from its upslope corner.

C. Packaging Requirements: Prior to installation, the fabric shall be protected from damage due to ultraviolet light and moisture by either wrappers or inside storage.

D. Certification and Identification: Each lot or shipment shall be accompanied by a certification of conformance to this specification. The shipment must be identified by a ticket or labels securely affixed to the fabric rolls. This ticket or label must list the following information:

- a. Name of manufacturer or supplier
- b. Brand name and style

- c. Manufacturer's lot number or control number
- d. Roll size (length & width)
- e. Chemical composition

END OF SECTION

SECTION 023020
JACKING, BORING OR TUNNELING

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern provisions of the required opening for the installation of conduits by the methods of jacking, boring, or tunneling as shown on the plans and in conformity with this specification.

2. MATERIALS

Unless indicated otherwise in the drawings, casing pipe shall be smooth pipe with minimum yield strength of 35,000 psi. Minimum casing wall thickness shall be as follows:

Casing Diameter (Inches)	Minimum Wall Thickness (Inches)
Less than 12	1/4
Over 12 to 18	5/16
Over 18 to 22	3/8
Over 22 to 28	7/16
Over 28 to 34	1/2
Over 34 to 42	9/16
Over 42 to 48	5/8
Over 48	Specified by Engineer

3. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Where encasement or carrier pipe is required to be installed under railroad embankments or under highways, streets, or other facilities by jacking, boring or tunneling methods, construction shall be made in a manner that will not interfere with the operation of the railroad, highway, or other facility, and will not weaken or damage any embankment or structure. During construction operations, barricades and lights to safeguard traffic and pedestrians shall be furnished and maintained, as directed by the engineer, until such time as the backfill has been completed and then shall be removed from the site.

The drilling of pilot holes for the alignment of pipe prior to its installation by jacking, boring or tunneling will not be a requirement but may be necessary to maintain grade. The drilling of pilot holes will be considered as incidental work and the cost thereof shall be included in such contract pay items as are provided in the proposal and contract.

The contractor shall take the proper precautions to avoid excavating earth beyond the limits of excavation needed to install the conduit. All damages by excavating, either to surface or subsurface structures, shall be repaired or replaced by the contractor at his own cost and expense.

The removal of any obstruction that may be found to conflict with the placing of this pipe will not be measured for payment or paid for as a separate contract pay item. The removal of any such obstruction will be included in such contract pay items as are provided in the proposal and contract.

The contractor shall dispose of all surplus materials at his own cost and expense at site approved by the engineer.

4. SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Suitable bracing, shoring and barricading shall be placed as necessary to provide a safe condition. Proper ventilation for excavations and tunnels shall be required. Any excavation that remains open after working hours shall be covered with a steel plate of sufficient thickness to support traffic.

5. CONSTRUCTION BY JACKING

If the grade of the pipe at the jacking end is below the ground surface, suitable pipes or trenches shall be excavated for the purpose of conducting the jacking operations and for placing end joints of the pipe. This excavation shall not be carried to greater depth than is required for placing of the guide and jacking timbers and no nearer the roadbed than the minimum distance shown on the plans.

At the other end of the pipe, an approach trench shall be excavated accurately to grade. All open trenches and pits shall be braced and shored in such a manner as will adequately prevent caving or sliding of the walls into the open trench or pit.

Heavy-duty jacks suitable for forcing the pipe through the embankment shall be provided. In operating jacks, even pressure shall be applied to all jacks used. A suitable jacking head not less than 6 inches larger than the outside diameter of the pipe, usually of timber and suitable bracing between jacks and jacking head, shall be provided so that pressure will be applied to the pipe uniformly around the ring of the pipe. The jacking head shall be of such weight and dimensions that it will not bend or deflect when an opening for the removal of excavated material as the jacking proceeds. A suitable jacking frame or backstop shall be provided. The pipe to be jacked shall be set on guides that are straight and securely braced together in such manner to support the section of the pipe and to direct it in the proper line and grade. All timber and other materials used in the construction of the jacking assembly will be of such quality and dimensions that they will withstand all stresses to which they are subjected in such a manner as to insure even pressures on the pipe during jacking operations. The whole jacking assembly shall be placed so as to line up with the direction and grade of the pipe.

As the jacking proceeds, the embankment material shall be excavated slightly in advance of the pipe in such a manner to avoid making the excavation larger than the outside diameter of the pipe, with the excavated material being removed through the pipe. The excavation for the underside of the pipe, for at least one third of the circumference of the pipe, shall conform to the contour and grade of the pipe. The excavation for the top half of the pipe shall conform closely to the outside diameter of the pipe and a clearance greater than 2 inches will not be permitted. All voids between the pipe and the earth shall be filled with non-shrinking grout. Grout holes shall be provided in the pipe.

The grouting shall follow immediately upon completion of the jacking operation. All carrier pipes installed by jacking shall be supported as required by the plans.

The distance that the excavation shall extend beyond the end of the pipe depends on the character of the materials, but it shall not exceed 2 feet in any case. The pipe, preferably, shall be jacked from the low or downstream end. Lateral or vertical variation in the final position of the pipe from the line grade established by the engineer will be permitted only to the extent of 1 inch per 10 feet, maximum of 6

inches, provided that such variation shall be regular and only in one direction and that the final grade of flow line shall be in the direction indicated on the plans.

When jacking of pipe is once begun, the operation shall be carried on without interruption, insofar as practicable; to prevent the pipe from becoming firmly set in the embankment.

Any pipe damaged in jacking operations shall be repaired or removed and replaced by the Contractor at his entire expense.

The pits or trenches excavated to facilitate jacking operation shall be filled immediately after the jacking of the pipe has been completed unless an encasement only has been installed; in which case, the trenches and pits shall be left open until the carrier pipe has been laid through and manholes have been built if required. The pits or trenches shall then be backfilled in accordance with 022020, Excavation and Backfill for Utilities & Sewers.

6. CONSTRUCTION BY BORING

The hole shall be bored mechanically with a suitable boring assembly designed to produce a smooth, straight shaft and so operated that the completed shaft will be at the established line and grade. The size of the bored hole shall be of such diameter to provide ample clearance for bells or other joints.

Voids outside the casing shall be grouted with non-shrinking grout and will be considered subsidiary work. In addition to the requirements stated above, the applicable provisions of "Construction by Jacking", in regard to the construction of trench, tolerance in line and grade, method of operation, backfilling, etc., shall govern for construction by boring.

7. CONSTRUCTION BY TUNNELING

The tunnel shall be excavated in such a manner and to such dimensions, which will permit placing of the proper supports necessary to protect the excavation. The contractor shall take the proper precautions to avoid excavating earth beyond the limits of excavation shown on the plans. All damages by excavating, either to surface or subsurface structures, shall be repaired or replaced by the contractor at his own cost and expense.

If required by the plans or if required for safety, suitable steel or timber sheeting, shoring and bracing shall be used to support the sides and roof of the excavation. Supports may be left in place provided that they clear the steel liner plate or carrier pipe. No separate payment will be made for supports left in place. Nothing contained herein shall prevent the contractor from placing such temporary or permanent supports as he deems necessary, nor shall it be construed as relieving the contractor from his full responsibility for the safety of the work, and for all damages to persons and property.

Liner plate shall be placed when the foundation is in a condition satisfactory to the engineer. Tunnel dimensions shall be minimum dimensions and subsequent grout fill around the perimeter of the liner plate, shall be at the expense of the contractor. The liner plate shall be laid true to line and grade. Tolerance in line and grade shall be as specified in, "Construction by Jacking".

The void between the tunnel wall and the tunnel lining shall be backfilled with non-shrinking grout having a minimum compressive strength of 1000 pounds per square inch at 28 days. Grout shall not be placed

inside the liner plate.

All pipe damaged during construction operations shall be repaired or removed and replaced by the contractor at his entire expense.

8. JOINTS

If corrugated galvanized metal pipe is used, joints may be made by field bolting or by connecting bands, whichever is feasible. If reinforced concrete pipe 24 and larger in diameter with tongue and groove joints is used for the encasement pipe, the interior joints for the full circumference shall be sealed and packed with mortar and finished smooth and even with the adjacent section of pipe. If steel pipe is used for the encasement pipe, the joints shall be welded sealed for the full circumference.

9. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the proposal, Jacking, Boring, and tunneling shall not be measured for pay but shall be subsidiary to the casing pipe or the liner plate.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025205
PAVEMENT REPAIR, CURB, GUTTER, SIDEWALK AND DRIVEWAY REPLACEMENT

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern the removal and replacing of all types of pavements and surfacing required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

Unless otherwise specified on the plans, materials and proportions used along with this specification shall conform to the respective following specifications:

Section 025220 "Flexible Base - Caliche"
Section 025223 "Crushed Limestone Flexible Base"
Section 025424 "Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete Pavement"
Section 025610 "Concrete Curb and Gutter"
Section 025612 "Concrete Sidewalks and Driveways"
Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete"
Section 032000 "Reinforcing Steel"
Section 038000 "Concrete Structures"

3. METHOD OF CUTTING

The outline of the trench shall be marked upon the surface of the pavement to be cut, and all cuts into the pavement shall be saw-cut as nearly vertical as it is possible to make them. All unwanted materials removed shall be disposed of by the Contractor and shall not be used as backfill material.

4. BACKFILL OF TRENCH

Excavation and backfilling of trench shall be in accordance with the construction drawings.

5. REPLACING STREET PAVEMENT

All pavements, driveways, sidewalks, and curbs and gutters which are cut shall be replaced in a workmanlike manner, with like or better materials or per pavement repair details on the drawings.

6. REPLACING DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT

On all concrete driveway pavements, the replacement shall consist of a reinforced Class "A" concrete slab with a minimum thickness of six (6) inches. The type of finish for the replaced section shall be the same as that appearing on the old pavement. Reinforcement shall be #4 bars at 12 inches each way. Any other type shall be replaced with like or better replacement.

7. REPLACING SIDEWALKS

On all sidewalk pavements, the replacement shall consist of a reinforced Class "A" concrete slab (minimum) four (4) inches thick. The type of finish for the replaced section shall be the same as that appearing on the

old sidewalk. Replacement shall, in general, be to original joint or score marks. Reinforcement shall be #4 bars at 12 inches each way on centers, located at mid-depth in the slab 4" x 4" - W2.9 x W2.9 welded wire fabric. Shell or asphalt sidewalks shall be replaced with caliche or asphalt surface.

8. REPLACING CURB AND GUTTER

On all curb and gutter, the replacement shall consist of a section conforming in all details to the original section or the Owner's Standard if required by the Engineer. Cuts through the curb shall be replaced with Class "A" concrete. Preserve original steel and reinforce all new curbs with three #4 bars. Adjust grades for positive drainage.

9. REPAIRING STREET SHOULDERS AND UNIMPROVED STREETS

On streets or roads without curb and gutter where a shoulder is disturbed, it shall be restored to like or better condition. The shoulder surface shall be rolled to an acceptably stable condition.

10. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025213
ASPHALT STABILIZED BASE (S-26)

1. DESCRIPTION

"Asphalt Stabilized Base" shall consist of base courses, subbase courses, or foundation courses to be composed of a compacted mixture of mineral aggregate and asphaltic material mixed hot in a mixing plant.

2. MATERIALS

(a) Asphalt: Asphalt for the mixture shall be of the type and grade as determined by the Engineer and shall meet the requirements of Section 025404 entitled "Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions".

(b) Tack Coat: The asphaltic material for tack coat shall meet the requirements for emulsified asphalt EA-11M or shall be a cutback asphalt made by combining 50 to 70 percent by volume of the asphaltic material specified for the paving mixture with 30 to 50 percent by volume of gasoline or kerosene. Asphaltic materials shall meet the requirements of Section 025404 entitled "Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions".

(c) Mineral Aggregate: The material shall consist of durable coarse aggregate particles, crushed or uncrushed, with approved binding materials and screened as necessary to meet the following gradation requirements.

<u>Square Sieve Size</u>	<u>Percent Retained by Weight</u>
2"	0
1-1/4"	0-2
#4	45-75
#40	60-85

The mineral aggregate shall also meet the following physical requirements.

Wet Ball Mill	50 max.
Plasticity Index (P.I.)	15 max.
Liquid Limit (L.L.)	55 max.
Sand equivalent value shall not be less than 40	

Testing of mineral aggregates shall be in accordance with the appropriate Texas Highway Department standard laboratory test procedures.

3. MIXTURE

The mixture shall be uniform and shall contain 6.0 percent by weight of asphaltic material. Samples of the material, when tested, shall not vary from the designated asphalt content by more than 0.5 percent dry weight (based on total mixture).

4. EQUIPMENT

Equipment used in mixing, spreading, finishing, and compacting the material shall conform to the requirements of Section 025424 entitled "Hot Mix Asphaltic Concrete Pavement", Subsection 4 entitled "Equipment".

5. STOCKPILING, STORAGE, PROPORTIONING, AND MIXING

These requirements shall be as specified in Section 025424, Subsection 5.

6. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Construction methods shall conform to the requirements of Section 025424, Subsection 6.

7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Asphalt stabilized base shall be measured by the square yard. Payment shall be made at the contract unit bid price, per square yard, and shall constitute full compensation for all labor, material, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the asphalt stabilized base course in accordance with this specification and to the lines, grades, thickness, and typical section shown on the plans.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025215
CEMENT STABILIZED CALICHE BASE (S-47)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required to furnish and place all cement stabilized caliche base for this project.

2. MATERIALS

1. Raw Caliche Base: Sample for testing shall be taken prior to mixing with cement.

Material shall be well graded and meet the following requirements when tested in accordance with AASHTO T27:

<u>Sieve Size</u>	<u>% Passing</u>
2"	100
1"	75-95
3/8"	40-75
No. 4	30-60
No. 10	20-45
No. 40	15-30
No. 200	5-20

The material passing the No. 40 sieve, soil binder, shall meet the following requirements:

- a. Liquid limit shall not exceed 45 when tested in accordance with AASHTO T89.
- b. Plasticity index shall not exceed 20 when tested in accordance with AASHTO T90.
- c. Linear shrinkage shall not exceed 10 when tested in accordance with THD TEX-107-E. (Note: The linear shrinkage shall be calculated from the volumetric shrinkage at the liquid limit.)

Coarse aggregate shall have an abrasion loss of not more than 55% when subjected to the Los Angeles Abrasion Test, AASHTO T96.

2. Water: Water shall be free of substances deteriorative to curing of the treated base and shall be approved by the City Engineer.

3. Cement: Cement shall be Type 1 Portland Cement in accordance with ASTM C150. Cement shall be applied in the amount necessary to produce the desired compressive strength in the finished and cured base, depending on raw caliche used. In most cases, acceptable raw caliche will require cement in the following amount:

Percent by Weight = 7
lb. per sq. yd. for 1" depth = 5.57

In the absence of more precise data, the above amount has been used to estimate the quantity of Portland Cement in the proposal. The Engineer may increase or decrease the amount of cement at his discretion, after representative samples of the caliche have been tested.

4. Asphalt Seal: Asphalt Seal shall be MC70 in accordance with 025404.

3. EQUIPMENT

Equipment necessary for the proper construction of the work shall be on the project, in first-class working condition, and be approved by the Engineer, both as to type and condition, prior to the start of construction operations. The Contractor shall at all times provide sufficient equipment to enable continuous prosecution of the work and its completion in the required number of working days.

Portland Cement treatment for materials in place may be constructed with any machine or combination of machines and auxiliary equipment that will produce results as outlined in this specification.

Mixing may be accomplished by: (1) a multiple-pass traveling mixing plant or (2) a single-pass traveling mixing plant.

The equipment provided by the Contractor shall be operated by experienced and capable workmen and shall be that necessary to provide a cement treatment meeting the requirements herein specified.

4. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

4.1 GENERAL

It is the primary requirement of this specification to secure a complete course of treated material containing a uniform Portland cement mixture free from laminations or segregated areas, of uniform density and moisture content, well bound for its full depth and with a smooth surface suitable for placing subsequent courses. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to regulate the sequence of his work to process a sufficient quantity of material to provide full depth as shown on plans, to use the proper amount of Portland cement, maintain the work and rework the courses as necessary to meet the above requirements.

Cement treatment shall not be mixed or placed when the air temperature is below 40E and is falling, but may be mixed or placed when the air temperature is above 35E F and is rising, the temperature being taken in the shade and away from artificial heat and with the further provisions that cement treatment shall be mixed or placed only when weather conditions, in the opinion of the Engineer, are suitable.

4.2 TEST SECTION

The Contractor shall be required to construct a "Test Section". The first section of cement treated base shall serve as a test section. Its length shall be between 300 and 500 linear feet, typically one block. Evaluation of the equipment and procedure will be done during this section. In case it is found that the work is not satisfactory with respect to the specification requirements, the Contractor shall revise his procedures and augment or replace equipment as necessary to assure work completed in accordance with the specifications. Additional test sections may be required as directed by the Engineer. Test sections not conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be reconstructed.

4.3 PLACING OF BASE MATERIAL

After approval of the previous course, base material shall be delivered on the road and placed in windows of uniform sections, then accurately bladed and shaped to required crown and grade to provide a base of compacted depth required by the plans.

4.4 FINAL PREPARATION OF SECTION

On the day immediately preceding processing, water, as required, shall be added and uniformly mixed full depth with the base material. This operation shall precede cement spreading by at least 12 hours. The section shall then be accurately bladed and shaped to required grade and section.

4.5 APPLICATION OF CEMENT

The specified quantity of Portland Cement required for the full depth of treatment shall be uniformly spread over the surface. Each pass of the cement spreader shall be positioned by either the curb line or a string line. Cement shall be applied only to such areas as can be completed as herein specified within the daylight hours of the same day. No equipment, except that used in spreading and mixing, will be allowed to pass over the freshly spread cement until it is mixed with the base material.

4.6 MIXING AND PROCESSING:

Either method (a) or (b) below may be used at the option of the Contractor.

(a) Multiple-Pass Traveling Mixing Plant: After the cement has been applied, it shall be mixed with the base material. Mixing shall continue until the cement has been sufficiently blended with the base material to prevent the formation of cement balls when water is applied. Any mixture that has not been compacted and finished shall not remain undisturbed for more than 30 minutes.

Immediately after the mixing of base material and cement is completed, water, as necessary, shall be uniformly applied and incorporated into mixture. Proper care shall be exercised to insure proper moisture distribution at all times. After the last increment of water has been added, mixing shall continue until a thorough and uniform mix has been obtained.

(b) Single-Pass Traveling Mixing Plant: After the cement has been applied, it shall be sufficiently mixed with the base material to prevent the formation of cement balls when water is applied. Unpulverized soil lumps in mixture will not be allowed. Should this condition prevail, the Contractor shall "pre-wet" the raw base material as necessary to correct this condition.

The mixer shall be provided with means for visible and accurately gauging the water application. The water shall be applied uniformly through a pressure spray bar. After cement is spread, mixing operations shall proceed as follows:

The mixer shall, in one continuous operation, mix the base material and cement full depth, add the required moisture uniformly, thoroughly moist-mix the material, cement, and water, spread the completed mixture evenly over the machine processed width of the subgrade, and leave it in a loose condition ready for immediate compaction.

The mixture shall not remain undisturbed, after mixing and before compacting, for more than 30 minutes.

4.7 COMPLETION AND FINISHING

The material shall be compacted to not less than 98 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by AASHTA T99 Method D. The moisture content of the mixture shall be within 3% of optimum on the wet side.

The surface, upon completion, shall be smooth and in conformity with typical sections and to the established lines and grades. Any deviation in excess of 1/4 inch in cross section and in a length of 16 feet measured longitudinally shall be corrected. All irregularity, depressions, or weak spots which develop shall be corrected by re-priming.

All sections of cement stabilized base shall be processed full width each day without longitudinal construction joints.

Any portion which has a density below that specified herein and which has not properly hardened after a suitable time interval shall be removed and replaced to meet this specification at the expense of the Contractor.

4.8 ASPHALT SEAL

The compacted cement treated base course shall be protected against rapid drying by priming the surface in accordance with 025412. This curing seal shall be applied as soon as practicable, but not later than eight hours after the completion of final compaction. The surface shall be kept moist until the curing seal is applied. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to protect the primed surface until surface course is applied.

4.9 TRAFFIC

The Contractor shall not be permitted to drive heavy equipment over completed portions, but pneumatic-tired equipment required for hauling cement, and water may be permitted after the surface has hardened sufficiently to prevent the equipment from marring the surface, provided protection and cover specified herein are not impaired. The cement stabilized base may be opened to local traffic as soon as the asphalt seal has been applied and sanded or cured as necessary to prevent it from being picked up by traffic. It may be opened to all traffic after 7 days. Surface coarse shall be applied prior to opening to through traffic.

4.10 MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall be required to maintain at his own expense the entire cement stabilized base within the limits of his contract in good condition satisfactory to the Engineer from the time he first starts work until all work shall have been completed.

Maintenance shall include immediate repairs of any defect that may occur after construction, which work shall be done by the Contractor at his own expense and repeated as often as necessary to keep the

area continuously intact. Repairs are to be made in a manner to insure restoration of a uniform surface of good quality cement stabilized base. Faulty work shall be replaced for the full depth of base. Any low area shall be remedied by replacing the material for the full depth of treatment, rather than adding a thin layer of base material to the completed work.

5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, Cement Stabilized Base will be measured by the square yard, complete in place, for the thickness specified on the plans. Areas will be measured separately for the various thicknesses of Cement Stabilized Base. Portland Cement, actually incorporated in the completed work, will be measured by the ton.

SECTION 025223

FLEXIBLE BASE

1. DESCRIPTION

This Specification shall govern all work for furnishing and placing Flexible Base required to complete the project.

2. MATERIAL

The material shall consist of crushed limestone produced from oversize quarried aggregate, sized by crushing and produced from a naturally occurring single source, meeting the requirements for Type 'A' material as specified in Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) Specification Item 247 "Flexible Base". Crushed gravel or uncrushed gravel shall not be acceptable. No blending of sources and/or additive materials will be allowed. The material shall be free of vegetation and shall be approved by the Engineer. All acceptable material shall be screened and the oversize shall be crushed and returned to the screened material in such a manner that a uniform product will be produced which meets all physical requirements for Grade 1-2 as specified in TxDOT Specification Item 247 "Flexible Base".

3. TESTING

The Owner will engage a laboratory and pay for one test each in the following categories: gradation, liquid limit, plasticity index, modified proctor, moisture-density relation, CBR, and necessary field densities. The Engineer may call for additional tests at any time. The cost of all retests, in case of failure to meet specifications, will be deducted from the Contractor's payment. The Owner will pay for proctor and soil constants and abrasion tests, at the rate of one test for each 1,500 square yards. If material changes and this ratio of one test increases, the Contractor shall pay the cost of additional tests required by the Engineer. The Engineer may waive testing and/or lime admix for small amounts for unimportant uses.

4. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Prior to placement of flexible base, the surface of the previous course shall be finished true to line and grade as established, and in conformity with the typical section shown on the plans. Grade tolerance shall be generally 1/2 inch, and highs and lows must approximately balance.

Flexible base shall be delivered and spread the same day if possible (no later than the next day).

Base shall be mixed as required to produce a uniform mixture with water. Base shall be placed in uniform lifts not to exceed 6 inches and compacted to a minimum of 95 percent Modified Proctor density (ASTM D1557 or AASHTO T180) at a moisture content of not less than two (2) percent below optimum moisture nor more than 2 percent above optimum moisture.

The surface of the compacted base, after meeting moisture/density requirements, shall be primed in accordance with Standard Specification Section 025412 "Prime Coat".

On completion of compaction and priming, the surface shall be smooth and conform to lines, grades, and sections shown on the plans. Areas with any deviation in excess of 1/4 inch in cross-section and in lengths of 16 feet measured longitudinally shall be corrected by loosening, adding or removing material, reshaping, and recompacting by repriming and rolling.

Moisture and density shall be maintained until the paving is complete.

5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025404
ASPHALTS, OILS AND EMULSIONS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work for asphalt cement, cut-back asphalts, emulsified asphalts, other miscellaneous asphaltic materials, and latex additives required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

When tested according to Texas Department of Transportation Test Methods, the various materials shall meet the applicable requirements of this specification.

(1) ASPHALT CEMENT. The asphalt cement shall be homogeneous, shall be free from water, shall not foam when heated to 347 F and shall meet the requirements in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Viscosity Grade	AC-1.5		AC-3		AC-5		AC-10		AC-20		AC-30	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Viscosity, 140 F, poises	100	200	250	350	400	600	800	1200	1600	2400	2400	3600
275 F, poises	0.7	-	1.1	-	1.4	-	1.9	-	2.5	-	3.0	-
Penetration, 77 F 100 g, 5 sec	250	-	210	-	135	-	85	-	55	-	45	-
Flash Point, C.O.C., F	425	-	425	-	425	-	450	-	450	-	450	-
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	99. 0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-
Spot Test	Negative for all grades											
Tests on Residue from Thin Film Oven Test: Viscosity, 140 F, poises												
Ductility, 77 F, 5 cm per min., cm	-	450	-	900	-	1500	-	3000	-	6000	-	9000
	100	-	100	-	100	-	100	-	70	-	50	-
	*											

*If the ductility at 77 F is less than 100 cm, the material will be acceptable if its ductility at 60 F is more than 100 cm.

CAUTION: Heating of asphaltic materials (except emulsions) constitutes a fire hazard. Proper precautions should be used in all cases, especially with RC cutbacks. The utmost care shall be taken to prevent open flames from coming in contact with the asphaltic material or the gases of same. The Contractor shall be responsible for damage from any fires or accidents which may result from heating the asphaltic materials.

(2) LATEX MODIFIED ASPHALT.

(a) Latex Additive. The latex additive shall be an emulsion of styrene-butadiene low-temperature copolymer in water. The emulsion shall have good storage stability and possess the following properties.

Monomer Ratio of Latex,	-	73 ± 5
butadiene to styrene		----- 27 ± 5
Minimum Solids Content, percent by weight	-	45
Viscosity of Emulsion at 77 ± 1 F, cps, max (No. 3 spindle, 20 rpm, Brookfield RVT Viscometer)	-	2000

The manufacturer shall furnish the actual styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) content for each batch of latex emulsion. This information shall accompany all shipments to facilitate proper addition rates.

(b) Latex Modified Asphalt Cement. The latex modified asphalt cement shall consist of an AC-5 or AC-10 asphalt cement in accordance with Subarticle 2 (1) to which a styrene-butadiene rubber latex has been added. The amount shown is based on latex solids in the finished asphalt cement-latex additive blend. Possible combinations and their intended uses are as follows:

<u>Material</u>	<u>Use</u>
AC-5 + 2% latex solids	Surface treatments
AC-10 + 2% latex solids	Surface treatments or asphaltic concrete
AC-10 + 3% latex solids	Asphaltic concrete
AC-10 + 3% latex solids (High viscosity blend)	Asphaltic concrete where maximum high temperature toughness is needed.

The finished asphalt cement-latex additive blend shall be smooth, homogeneous, and comply with the requirements in Table 2.

TABLE 2

Type - Grade	AC-5 + 2% Latex Solids	AC-10 + 2% Latex Solids	AC-10 + 3% Latex Solids	AC-10 + 3% Latex Solids (High Viscosity Blend)
Property				
Minimum SBR content, percent by wt. solids (IR determination)*	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0
Penetration, 100g, 5 sec, 77 F, minimum	120	80	75	75
Viscosity, 140 F, poises, minimum	700	1300	1600	2300
Viscosity, 275 F, poises, maximum	7.0	8.0	12.0	12.0
Ductility, 39.2 F, 1cm/min, cm, minimum	-	-	100	100
Ductility, 39.2 F, 5 cm/min, cm, minimum	70	60	-	-
Separation of Polymer after 48 hrs. at 325 F	None	None	None	None
Separation of Polymer after 5 hrs. at 325 F **	None	None	None	None

* The asphalt supplier shall furnish the Owner samples of the asphalt cement and latex emulsion used in making the finished product.

** Applies in lieu of the 48-hour requirement when the latex modified asphalt is to be used in asphaltic concrete and the latex additive is introduced separately at the mix plant, either by injection into the asphalt line or into the mixer.

- (c) **Latex Modified Cutback Asphalt.** The latex modified cutback asphalt shall be a medium curing cutback produced from an asphalt cement to which has been added a styrene-butadiene rubber latex. The latex modified cutback asphalt shall comply with the requirements in Table 3.

TABLE 3

Type – Grade	MC-2400 Latex	
Property	Min	Max
Kinematic Viscosity @ 140 F, cst	2400	4800
Water, percent	-	0.2
Flash Point, T.O.C., F	150	-
Distillation Test:		
Distillate, percentage by volume of total distillate to 680 F		
to 500 F	-	35
to 600 F	35	80
Residue from Distillation, volume %	78	-
Tests on Distillation Residue:		
Minimum SBR Content percent by wt.		
solids (IR determination)*	2.0	-
Penetration, 100g, 5 sec., 77 F	150	300
Ductility, 5cm/min, 77 F, cm	50	-
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	99.0	-

* The asphalt supplier shall furnish the Owner samples of the asphalt cement and latex emulsion used in making the finished product.

- (3) **CUTBACK ASPHALT.** Cutback asphalt shall meet the requirements indicated in Tables 4 and 5 for the specified type and grade.

**TABLE 4
RAPID CURING TYPE CUTBACK ASPHALT**

Type – Grade	RC-250		RC-800		RC-3000	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Kinematic Viscosity @ 140 F, cst	250	400	800	1600	3000	6000
Water, percent	-	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2
Flash Point, T.O.C., F	80	-	80	-	80	-
Distillation Test:						
Distillate, percentage by volume of total distillate to 680 F						
to 437 F	40	75	35	70	20	55
to 500 F	65	90	55	85	45	75
to 600 F	85	-	80	-	70	-
Residue from distillation, volume %	70	-	75	-	82	-
Tests on Distillation Residue:						
Penetration, 100g, 5 sec., 77 F	80	120	80	120	80	120
Ductility, 5cm/min, 77 F, cm	100	-	100	-	100	-
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-
Spot Test	Negative for all grades					

CAUTION: R.C. CUTBACKS ARE EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE!

TABLE 5
MEDIUM CURING TYPE CUTBACK ASPHALT

Type - Grade	MC-30		MC-70		MC-250		MC-800		MC-3000	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Kinematic Viscosity @ 140 F, cst	30	60	70	140	250	500	800	1600	3000	6000
Water, percent	-	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2
Flash Point, T.O.C., F	100	-	100	-	150	-	150	-	150	-
Distillation Test:										
Distillate, percentage by volume of total distillate to 680 F										
to 437 F	-	25	-	20	-	10	-	-	-	-
to 500 F	40	70	20	60	15	55	-	35	-	15
to 600 F	75	93	65	90	60	87	45	80	15	75
Residue from Distillation, volume %	50	-	55	-	67	-	75	-	80	-
Tests on Distillation Residue:										
Penetration, 100g, 5 sec., 77 F	120	250	120	250	120	250	120	250	120	250
Ductility, 5cm/min, 77 F, cm	100*	-	100*	-	100*	-	100*	-	100*	-
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-	99.0	-
Spot Test	Negative for all grades									

* If the penetration of residue is more than 200 and the ductility at 77 F is less than 100 cm, the material will be acceptable if its ductility at 60 F is more than 100.

- (4) EMULSIFIED ASPHALT.** Emulsified asphalt shall be homogeneous, shall show no separation of asphalt after thorough mixing and shall meet the requirements for the specified type and grade shown in Tables 6 through 9.

**TABLE 6
ANIONIC EMULSIONS**

Type - Grade	Rapid Setting				Medium Setting		Slow Setting			
	RS-2		RS-2h		MS-2		SS-1		SS-1h	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at at 77 F, sec	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	100	20	100
at 122 F, sec	150	400	150	400	100	300	-	-	-	-
Sieve Test, %	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10
Miscibility (Standard Test)	-	-	-	-	-	-	Passing		Passing	
Cement Mixing, %	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	2.0
Demulsibility, 35 ml of 0.02 N CaCl ₂ , %	60	-	60	-	-	30	-	-	-	-
Storage Stability, 1 day, %	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Freezing Test, 3 cycles*	-	-	-	-	Passing		Passing		Passing	
Distillation Test:										
Residue by Distillation, % by weight	65	-	65	-	65	-	60	-	60	-
Oil Distillate, % by volume of emulsion	-	1/2	-	1/2	-	1/2	-	1/2	-	1/2
Tests on Residue from Distillation:										
Penetration at 77 F, 100 g, 5 sec	120	160	80	110	120	160	120	160	70	100
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-
Ductility at 77 F, 5 cm/min, cm	100	-	80	-	100	-	100	-	80	-

* Applies only when the Engineer designates material for winter use.

**TABLE 7
HIGH FLOAT ANIONIC EMULSIONS**

Type - Grade	Rapid Setting		Medium Setting	
	HFRS - 2		AES - 300	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol				
at 77 F, sec	-	-	75	400
at 122 F, sec	150	400	-	-
Sieve Test, %	-	0.10	-	0.10
Coating Ability and Water Resistance:				
Coating, dry aggregate	-	-	good	
Coating, after spraying	-	-	fair	
Coating, wet aggregate	-	-	fair	
Coating, after spraying	-	-	fair	
Demulsibility 35 ml of 0.02 N CaCl ₂ , %	50	-	-	-
Storage Stability Test, 1 day, %	-	1	-	1
Distillation Test:				
Residue by Distillation, % by weight	65	-	65	-
Oil Distillate, by volume of emulsion, %	-	1/2	-	5
Tests on Residue from Distillation:				
Penetration at 77 F, 100 g, 5 sec	100	140	300	-
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	97.5	-	97.5	-
Ductility at 77 F, 5 cm/min, cm	100	-	-	-
Float Test at 140 F, sec	1200	-	1200	-

**TABLE 8
CATIONIC EMULSIONS**

Type - Grade	Rapid Setting				Medium Setting				Slow Setting			
	CRS-2		CRS-2h		CMS-2		CMS-2s		CSS-1		CSS-1h	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol												
at 77 F, sec	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	100	20	100
at 122 F, sec	150	400	150	400	100	300	100	300	-	-	-	-
Sieve Test, %	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10	-	0.10
Cement Mixing, %	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	2.0
Demulsibility, 35 ml 0.8 % sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate, %	40	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storage Stability, 1 day, %	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1
Coating Ability and Water Resistance:												
Coating, dry aggregate	-	-	-	-	good		good		-	-	-	-
Coating, after spraying	-	-	-	-	fair		fair		-	-	-	-
Coating, wet aggregate	-	-	-	-	fair		fair		-	-	-	-
Coating, after spraying	-	-	-	-	fair		fair		-	-	-	-
Particle Charge Test	positive		positive		positive		positive		positive		positive	
Distillation Test:												
Residue by Distillation, % by wt	65	-	65	-	65	-	65	-	60	-	60	-
Oil Distillate, % by volume of emulsion	-	1/2	-	1/2	-	7	-	5	-	1/2	-	1/2
Tests on Residue from Distillation:												
Penetration at 77 F, 100 g, 5 s	120	160	80	110	120	200	300	-	120	160	80	110
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-	97.5	-
Ductility at 77 F, 5 cm/min, cm	100	-	80	-	100	-	-	-	100	-	80	-

**TABLE 9
POLYMER MODIFIED EMULSIONS**

Type-Grade	High Float Anionic Rapid Setting		Cationic Rapid Setting	
	HFRS-2P		CRS-2P	
Property	Min	Max	Min	Max
Polymer Content, percent by weight of the distillation residue *	3.0	-	3.0	-
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 122 F, sec	150	400	150	400
Storage Stability Test, 1 day, %	-	1	-	1
Demulsibility, 35 ml of 0.02 N CaCl ₂ , %	40	-	-	-
Demulsibility, 35 ml 0.8 percent sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate, %	-	-	40	-
Sieve Test, %	-	0.10	-	0.10
Particle Charge Test	-		Positive	
**Distillation Test:				
Oil distillate, by volume of emulsion, %	-	1/2	-	1/2
Residue, % by wt	65	-	65	-
Tests on Residue from Distillation:				
Float Value at 140 F, sec	1200	-	-	-
Penetration, 77 F, 100 g, 5 sec	100	140	110	150
Ductility, 39.2 F, 5 cm/min, cm	50	-	50	-
Viscosity at 140 F, poises	1500	-	1300	-
Solubility in Trichloroethylene, %	97	-	97	-

* The emulsion supplier shall furnish the Owner samples of the asphalt cement and polymer used in making the finished emulsion.

** The temperature on the lower thermometer shall be brought slowly to 350 F plus or minus 10 F and maintained at this temperature for 20 minutes. The total distillation shall be completed in 60 plus or minus 5 minutes from the first application of heat.

- (5) FLUXING MATERIAL.** Fluxing material shall be free from foreign matter and shall be comprised of flux oil or a blend of flux oil and aromatic oil. The materials, when tested separately, shall meet the following requirements:

(a) Flux Oil.

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Water, weight percent	-	0.2
Kinematic Viscosity, 140 F, cst	60	200
Flash Point, C.O.C., F	200	-
Loss on Heating, 50 g, 5 hrs at 325 F, weight percent	-	10
Asphalt Content (100 to 200 Penetration residue by vacuum distillation), weight percent	25	-
Pour Point, F.....	-	60

(b) Aromatic Oil.

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Water, weight percent	-	0.2
Kinematic Viscosity, 140 F, cst	-	150
Flash Point, C.O.C., F	250	-
Loss on Heating, 50 g, 5 hrs at 325 F, weight percent	-	12
Pour Point, F.....	-	60

The aromatic oil, when blended with a maximum of 30 percent by weight of bitumen recovered from limestone rock asphalt by TxDOT Test Method Tex-211-F, shall produce a material with a minimum penetration at 77 F of 85.

(6) SPECIAL PRECOAT MATERIAL. Special precoat material shall meet the following requirements:

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Water, %	-	0.2
Flash Point, C.O.C., F	200	-
Kinematic Viscosity at 140 F, cst.....	300	500
Distillation to 680 F:		
Initial Boiling Point, F.....	500	-
Residue by weight, %	70	-
Residue Penetration, 77 F, 100 g, 5 sec	200	300

(7) CRACKED FUEL OIL. Cracked fuel oil shall meet the following requirements:

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Asphalt Content of 100 Penetration @ 77 F, % ...	65	80
Flash Point, C.O.C., F	250	-
Kinematic Viscosity at 140 F, cst.....	-	550
Loss at 212 F, 20 g, 5 hrs. %	-	3.0
Water and Sediment, %	-	2.0

(8) CRACK SEALER. This section sets forth the requirements for SS-1P polymer modified emulsion suitable for sealing fine cracks, and a rubber asphalt compound suitable for sealing cracks 1/8 inch or greater width. For cracks on the order of 1/8 inch width, HFRS-2P polymer modified emulsion as described in Subarticle 2 (4), Table 9 of this specification may be used. Requirements for SS-1P and rubber-asphalt crack sealing compound are as follows:

(a) SS-1P Polymer Modified Emulsion. Specific requirements are as follows:

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Polymer Content, percent by weight of the distillate residue*	3.0	-
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 77 F, sec	30	100
Storage Stability Test, one day, %.....	-	1
Cement Mixing, %	-	2.0
Sieve Test, %	-	0.10
Miscibility (Standard Test)	Passing	

** Distillation:

Oil distillate, by volume of emulsion, %.....	-	1/2
Residue, %.....	60	-

Requirements on Residue from Distillation:

Penetration, 77 F, 100g, 5 sec.....	100	140
Ductility, 39.2 F, 5 cm/min, cm	50	-
Solubility in trichloroethylene, %.....	97	-
Viscosity at 140 F, poises	1300	-

* The emulsion supplier shall furnish the Owner samples of the asphalt cement and polymer used in making the finished emulsion.

** The temperature on the lower thermometer shall be brought slowly to 350 F plus or minus 10 F and maintained at this temperature for 20 minutes. The total distillation shall be completed in 60 plus or minus 5 minutes from the first application of heat.

(b) Rubber-Asphalt Crack Sealing Compound. This may be a proprietary material. The compound shall be capable of being melted and applied at a temperature of 400 F or less by a suitable oil jacketed kettle equipped with a pressure pump, a hose and a nozzle. It shall contain no water or highly-volatile matter. It shall not be tracked by traffic when cooled to road temperature.

The rubber-asphalt crack sealing compound shall meet the following requirements:

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Rubber Content, percent by wt.	22	26
Flash Point, Modified C.O.C., F*	400	-
Penetration at 77 F, 150 g, 5 sec **	30	50

* The equipment and procedure shall be as specified in ASTM D 92 with the following modification. Prior to passing the test flame over the cup, agitate the sealing compound with a 3/8 inch to 1/2 inch wide square-end metal spatula in a manner so as to bring the material on the bottom of the cup to the surface, i.e., turn the material over. This shall be done, starting at one side of the thermometer, moving around to the other, then returning to the starting point, using 8 to 10 rapid circular strokes. The agitation shall be accomplished in 3 to 4 seconds. The test flame shall be passed over the cup immediately after the stirring is completed. This procedure shall be repeated at each successive 10 F interval until the flash point is reached.

** The penetration shall be determined by ASTM D 5 except that the cone specified in ASTM D 217 shall be substituted for the penetration needle.

Properties of Rubber Used in Sealer. The rubber shall be one of the following types:

Type 1 - Ground tire rubber.

Type II - Mixture of ground tire rubber and high natural reclaimed scrap rubber. The natural rubber content, determined by ASTM D 297, shall be a minimum of 25 percent.

The ground rubber shall comply with the following gradation requirements when tested by TxDOT Test Method Tex-200-F, Part 1.

U.S. Standard Sieve Size	Percent Retained	
	Type I	Type II
No. 8	0	-
No. 10	0-5	0
No. 30	90-100	50-70
No. 50	95-100	70-95
No. 100	-	95-100

The ground rubber shall be free from fabric, wire, cord or other contaminating materials.

Packaging. The rubber-asphalt crack sealing compound shall be packaged in boxes which contain two (2) 30-35 pound blocks that are individually packaged in a liner made of polyethylene, or other packaging approved by the Engineer.

(9) ASPHALT RECYCLING AGENT. The asphalt recycling agent shall be either a petroleum oil, referred to as recycling agent, or a petroleum oil emulsion, referred to as emulsified recycling agent. These agents may be used alone or the emulsified recycling agent may be used in conjunction with emulsified asphalt having the same particle charge, i.e., a cationic emulsified asphalt must be used with a cationic emulsified recycling agent and an anionic emulsified asphalt with an anionic emulsified recycling agent. The supplier must clearly state whether the emulsified recycling agent being furnished is cationic or anionic. Specific requirements are as follows:

(a) Emulsified Recycling Agent.

Properties	Minimum	Maximum
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 77 F, sec	15	100

Sieve Test, %	-	0.10
Miscibility *	No Coagulation	
Residue, % by wt. **	60	-
Test on Residue from Evaporation Test:		
Flash Point, C.O.C., F	400	-
Viscosity at 140 F, cst	75	250
Viscosity at 275 F, cst	-	10.0

* Performed according to TxDOT Test Method Tex-521-C except that 0.02 N calcium chloride solution shall be used in place of water.

** Residue shall be determined by the evaporation method set forth in ASTM D 244, except that the sample shall be maintained at 300 F until foaming ceases, then cooled and weighed.

The ability of the residue from the evaporation test to restore the original properties of an aged asphalt cement shall be determined as follows. The residue shall be blended uniformly in the laboratory with a standard 14 to 16 penetration asphalt at a maximum rate of 20 percent by weight of the asphalt. The resulting blend must comply with all the requirements of Subarticle 2 (1) for AC-20 asphalt cement.

The standard asphalt cement for the above blend shall be obtained by subjecting an AC-20 produced by Fina Oil and Chemical, Big Spring, Texas, meeting all requirements of this specification, to the thin film oven test as specified in TxDOT Test Method Tex-510-C except that the test period shall be increased so as to obtain the required penetration.

(b) Recycling Agent. When recycling agent (petroleum oil) is specified, it shall meet the same requirements indicated above for the Residue from Evaporation Test on emulsified recycling agent.

3. STORAGE, HEATING AND APPLICATION TEMPERATURES

Asphaltic materials should be applied at the temperature which provides proper and uniform distribution and within practical limits avoiding higher temperatures than necessary. Satisfactory application should usually be obtained within the recommended ranges shown below. No material shall be heated above the maximum temperatures shown in Table 10.

TABLE 10

TYPE - GRADE	Application		Storage Maximum, F
	Recommended Range, F	Maximum Allowable, F	
AC-1.5 and AC-3	220-300	350	350
AC-5, 10, 20, 30	275-350	375	400
AC-5 or AC-10 + 2% SBR	300-375	390*	375
AC-10 + 3% SBR	300-350	350	360
RC-250	125-180	200	200
RC-800	170-230	260	260
RC-3000	215-275	285	285
MC-30	70-150	175	175
MC-70	125-175	200	200
MC-250	125-210	240	240
MC-800	175-260	275	275
MC-3000 & MC-2400 Latex	225-275	290	290
SS-1, SS-1h, SS-1P, CSS-1, CSS-1h, recycling agent, emulsified recycling agent	50-130	140	140
RS-2, RS-2h, MS-2, CRS-2, CRS2h, CRS-2P, CMS-2, CMS-2s, HFRS-2, HFRS-2P, AES-300	110-160	170	170
Special Precoat Material	125-250	275	275
Flux Oil	-	275	275
Aromatic Oil	-	275	275
Cracked Fuel Oil	160-220	260	260
Rubber-Asphalt Crack Sealer	350-375	400	-

* AC-5 + 2% SBR and AC-10 + 2% SBR which is designated for surface treatment work may be heated to a maximum temperature of 390 F by the supplier loading through an in-line heater, or, with the Engineer's permission, these materials may be heated to a maximum of 390 F by the Contractor just prior to application. When any of the SBR-modified asphalt cements are used in asphaltic concrete, the storage temperature at the mix plant should not exceed 350 F.

CAUTION: Heating of asphaltic materials (except emulsions) constitutes a fire hazard. Proper precautions should be used in all cases, especially with RC cutbacks. The utmost care shall be taken to prevent open flames from coming in contact with the asphaltic material or the gases of same. The Contractor shall be responsible for damage from any fires or accidents which may result from heating the asphaltic materials.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025412

PRIME COAT

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall consist of an application of asphalt material on the completed base course and/or other approved area in accordance with this specification.

Prime Coat shall not be applied when the air temperature is below 60° F and falling, but it may be applied when the air temperature is above 50° F and is rising; the air temperature being taken in the shade and away from artificial heat. Asphalt material shall not be placed when general weather conditions, in the opinion of the Engineer, are not suitable.

2. MATERIALS

The asphalt material used for the prime coat shall be MC-30 medium-curing cutback asphalt or AE- P asphalt emulsion prime, unless otherwise specified, and when tested by approved laboratory methods shall meet the requirements of Standard Specification Section 025404 "Asphalts, Oils and Emulsions". Blotter material shall be native sand.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

When, in the opinion of the Engineer, the area and/or base is satisfactory to receive the prime coat, the surface shall be cleaned of dirt, dust, and other deleterious matter by sweeping or other approved methods. If found necessary by the Engineer, the surface shall be lightly sprinkled with water just prior to application of the asphalt material. The asphalt material shall be applied on the clean surface by an approved type of self-propelled pressure distributor so operated as to distribute the material in the quantity specified, evenly and smoothly under a pressure necessary for proper distribution. The Contractor shall provide all necessary facilities for determining the temperature of the asphalt material in all of the heating equipment and in the distributor, for determining the rate at which it is applied, and for securing uniformity at the junction of two distributor loads.

All storage tanks, piping, retorts, booster tanks and distributors used in storing or handling asphalt material shall be kept clean and in good operating condition at all times, and they shall be operated in such manner that there will be no contamination of the asphalt material with foreign material. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to provide and maintain in good working order a recording thermometer at the storage-heating unit at all times. The distributor shall have been recently calibrated and the Engineer shall be furnished an accurate and satisfactory record of such calibration. After beginning of the work, should the yield on the asphalt material applied appear to be in error, the distributor shall be calibrated in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer before proceeding with the work.

Prime shall be applied at a temperature within the recommended range per Standard Specification Section 025404 "Asphalts, Oils and Emulsions", with that range being 70 to 150 degrees F. Application rate shall be not less than 0.15 gallon per square yard, unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance of the surface until the Engineer accepts the work.

No traffic hauling or placement of any subsequent courses shall be permitted over the freshly applied prime coat until authorized by the Engineer. Spread blotter material before allowing traffic to use a primed surface.

Allow sufficient time for the prime coat to cure properly before applying surface treatment or asphaltic concrete pavement.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025424
HOT MIX ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT (Class A) TYPE D

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for furnishing and laying Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete (HMAC) surface, binder and base courses required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

2.1. Aggregate. The aggregate shall consist of a blend of course aggregate, fine aggregate and, if required, a mineral filler.

2.1.1. Coarse Aggregate shall consist of that fraction of aggregate retained on a No. 10 sieve and shall consist of crushed furnace slag, crushed stone, or crushed gravel.

Deleterious material in course aggregate shall not exceed 2% per TxDOT Test Method TEX-217-F.

Course aggregate shall be crushed such that a minimum of 85% of the particles have more than one crushed face, unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Los Angeles abrasion losses for course aggregate shall not exceed 40% by weight for the surface course and 45% for the binder and base courses per TxDOT Test Method TEX-410-A.

Polish Value not less than 30 for aggregate used in the surface course per TxDOT Test Method TEX-438-A.

2.1.2. Fine Aggregate is defined as the fraction passing a No. 10 sieve and shall be of uniform quality.

Fine aggregate shall consist of screenings of material that pass the Los Angeles abrasion requirements in paragraph 2.1.1 above. Screenings shall be blended with a maximum of 15% uncrushed aggregate or field sand for Type D mixes, or a maximum of 10% uncrushed aggregate or field sand for Type A, B, and C mixes.

Grading of fine aggregate shall be as follows:

<u>Sieve Size</u>	<u>Percent Passing by Weight</u>
No. 10	100
No. 200	0-15

2.1.3 Filler shall consist of dry stone dust, Portland cement, hydrated lime, or other mineral dust approved by the Engineer.

Grading of filler shall be as follows:

<u>Sieve Size</u>	<u>Minimum Percent Passing by Weight</u>
No. 30	95
No. 80	75
No. 200	55

2.2. Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP). Reclaimed asphalt pavement may be incorporated into the hot mix asphalt concrete furnished for the project, provided that the mixture is designed per the TxDOT Methods and meets the applicable provisions of said TxDOT Item 340 and this specification.

2.3. Asphalt. Asphalt Material shall be in accordance with Standard Specification Section 025404 "Asphalt, Oils and Emulsions" and AASHTO.

2.3.1. Paving Mixture:

<u>APPLICATION</u>	<u>ASPHALT GRADE</u>
Residential or low volume	PG 64-22
Collector	
Surface Course	PG 70-22
Binder Course	PG 64-22
Arterial	
Surface Course	PG 76-22
Binder Course	PG 64-22
Base Courses	PG 64-22

2.3.2. Tack Coat shall consist of an emulsion, SS-1 diluted with equal volume of water and applied at a rate ranging from 0.05 to 0.15 gallon per square yard.

3. PAVING MIXTURE

3.1. Mix Design. The mixture shall be designed in accordance with TxDOT Bulletin C-14 and TxDOT Test Method TEX-204-F to conform to the requirements of this specification. The Contractor shall furnish the mix design for the job-mix to be used for the project, unless shown otherwise on the drawings. The mix design shall be submitted prior to placement of the mixture.

The design procedures are intended to result at a job-mix with properties in compliance with these specifications, and when properly placed the job-mix will be durable and stable. The sieve analysis of the job-mix shall be within the range of the Master Gradation and Tolerances specified herein. The job-mix shall meet the density and stability requirements as specified and shall be included with the mix design as submitted per above.

If the specific gravity of any of the types of aggregates differs by more than 0.3, use volume method.

Plot sieve analysis of job-mix; percent passing versus size on four-cycle semi-log paper or other appropriate type paper. Show tolerance limits and Limits of Master Gradation.

3.2. Master Gradation of Aggregate. The aggregate for the type of mix specified shall be within the following tabulated limits per TxDOT Test Method TEX-200-F (Dry Sieve Analysis):

Sieve Size	Type			
	A Course Base	B Fine Base	C Course Surface	D Fine Surface
1-1/2"	100			
1-1/4"	95-100			
1"		100		
7/8"	70-90	95-100	100	
5/8"		75-95	95-100	
1/2"	50-70			100
3/8"		60-80	70-85	85-100
1/4"				
No. 4	30-50	40-60	43-63	50-70
No. 10	20-34	27-40	30-40	32-42
No. 40	5-20	10-25	10-25	11-26
No. 80	2-12	3-13	3-13	4-14
No. 200	1-6*	1-6*	1-6*	1-6*
VMA % minimum	11	12	13	14

* 2-8 when TxDOT Test Method Tex-200-F, Part II (Washed Sieve Analysis) is used.

3.3. Tolerances. The mixture delivered to the job site shall not vary from the job-mix by more than the tolerances specified below. The gradation of the produced mix shall not fall outside the Master Grading Limits, with the following exceptions: for Type B material coarser than 3/8" and for Type D material coarser than #4. Variations from job-mix shall not exceed the following limits, except as noted above:

<u>Item:</u>	<u>Tolerances Percent by Weight or Volume</u>
1" to No. 10	Plus or Minus 5.0
No. 40 to No. 200	Plus or Minus 3.0
Asphalt Weight	Plus or Minus 0.5
Asphalt Volume	Plus or Minus 1.2

3.4. Mix Properties. The mixture shall have a minimum Hveem stability of 40 for Type A, B, and C mixes, and 35 for Type D mixes per TxDOT Test Method TEX-208-F at an optimum density of 96% (plus or minus 1.5) of theoretical maximum density per TxDOT Test Methods TEX-227-F and TEX-207-F.

3.5. Sampling and Testing of Raw Materials. The Contractor shall sample materials as necessary to produce a mix in compliance with these specifications.

4. EQUIPMENT

4.1. Mixing Plants. Mixing plants shall be either the weigh batching type or the drum mix type. Both types shall be equipped with satisfactory conveyors, power units, aggregate handling equipment, aggregate screens and bins (weigh batch only), and pollution control devices as required.

4.2. Truck Scales. A set of truck scales, if needed for measurement, shall be placed at a location approved by the Engineer.

4.3. Asphalt Material Heating Equipment. Asphalt material heating equipment shall be adequate to heat the required amount of material to the desired temperature. Agitation with steam or air will not be permitted. The heating apparatus shall be equipped with a recording thermometer with a 24-hour continuous chart that will record the temperature of the asphalt at the highest temperature.

4.4. Surge-Storage System. A surge-storage system may be used provided that the mixture coming out of the bins is of equal quality to that coming out of the mixer. The system shall be equipped with a gob hopper, rotating chute or other devices designed to minimize segregation of the asphalt mixture.

4.5. Laydown Machine. The laydown machine shall be capable of producing a surface that will meet the requirements of the typical cross section, of adequate power to propel the delivery vehicles, and produce the surface tolerances herein required. It shall be wide enough to lay a 28-foot street (back-to-back of curbs) in a maximum of two passes.

4.6. Rollers. All rollers shall be self-propelled and of any type capable of obtaining the required density. Rollers shall be in satisfactory operating condition and free from fuel, hydraulic fluid, or any other fluid leaks.

5. STORAGE, PROPORTIONING AND MIXING

5.1. Storage and Heating of Asphalt Materials. Asphalt cement shall not be heated to a temperature in excess of that recommended by the producer. Asphalt storage equipment shall be maintained in a clean condition and operated in such a manner that there will be no contamination with foreign matter.

5.2. Feeding and Drying of Aggregates. The feeding of various sizes of aggregate to the dryer shall be done in such a manner that a uniform and constant flow of materials in the required proportions will be maintained. In no case shall the aggregate be introduced into the mixing unit at a temperature more than 350 degrees F.

5.3. Proportioning. All materials shall be handled and proportioned in a manner that yield an acceptable mixture as herein specified and as defined by the job-mix.

5.4. Mixing.

5.4.1. Weigh Batch Plant. In charging the weigh box and in charging the pugmill from the weigh box, such methods or devices shall be used as necessary to minimize segregation of the mixture.

5.4.2. Drum Mix Plant. The amount of aggregate and asphalt cement entering the mixer and the rate of travel through the mixer shall be coordinated so that a uniform mixture of the desired gradation and asphalt content will be produced.

5.4.3. The mixture produced from each type of plant shall not vary from the job-mix by more than the tolerances and restrictions herein specified. The mixture when discharged from the plant shall have a moisture content not greater than one percent by weight of total mix when determined by TxDOT Test Method TEX-212-F.

5.4.4. The mixture produced from each type of plant shall be at a temperature between 250 and 325 degrees F. After a target mixing temperature has been established, the mixture when discharged from the mixer shall not vary from this temperature by more than 25 degrees F.

6. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

6.1. Construction Conditions. For mat thicknesses greater than 1.5 inches, the asphalt material may be placed with a laydown machine when the air temperature is 40 degrees F and rising but not when the air temperature is 50 degrees F and falling. In addition, mat thickness less than and including 1.5 inches shall not be placed when the temperature of the surface on which the mat is placed is below 50 degrees F.

6.2. Prime Coat. If a prime coat is required, it shall be applied and paid for as a separate item conforming to the requirements of Standard Specification Section 025412 "Prime Coat", except the application temperature shall be as provided above. The tack coat or asphaltic concrete shall not be applied on a previously primed flexible base until the primed base has completely cured to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

6.3. Tack Coat. Before the asphalt mixture is laid, the surface upon which the tack coat is to be placed shall be thoroughly cleaned to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The surface shall be given a uniform application of tack coat using materials and rates herein specified and/or as shown on the plans. The tack coat shall be rolled with a pneumatic tire roller as necessary.

6.4. Transporting Asphalt Concrete. The asphalt mixture shall be hauled to the job site in tight vehicles previously cleaned of all foreign matter. In cool weather or for long hauls, canvas covers and insulated truck beds may be necessary. The inside of the bed may be given a light coating of lime water or other suitable release agent necessary to prevent from adhering. Diesel oil is not allowed.

6.5. Placing. The asphalt mixture shall be spread on the approved prepared surface with a laydown machine or other approved equipment in such a manner that when properly compacted, the finished surface will be smooth and of uniform density, and meet the requirements of the typical cross section as shown on the plans.

6.5.1. Flush Structures. Adjacent to flush curbs, gutters, liners and structures, the surface shall be finished uniformly high so that when compacted, it will be slightly above the edge of the curb and flush structure.

6.5.2. Construction joints of successive courses of asphaltic material shall be offset at least six inches. Construction joints on surface courses shall coincide with lane lines, or as directed by the Engineer.

6.6. Compacting. The asphalt mixture shall be compacted thoroughly and uniformly with the necessary rollers to obtain the required density and surface tolerances herein described and any requirements as shown on the plans. Regardless of the method of compaction control followed, all rolling shall be completed before the mixture temperature drops below 175 degrees F.

6.7. In-Place Density. In-place density control is required for all mixtures except for thin, irregular level-up courses. Material should be compacted to between 96% and 92% of maximum theoretical density or between 4% and 8% air voids. Average density shall be greater than 92% and no individual determination shall be lower than 90%. Testing shall be in accordance with TxDOT Test Methods TEX-207-F and TEX-227-F.

Pavement specimens, which shall be either cores or sections of the compacted mixture, will be tested as required to determine the percent air voids. Other methods, such as nuclear determination of in-place density, which correlate satisfactorily with actual project specimens may be used when approved by the Engineer.

6.8. Thickness. The total compacted average thickness of the combined HMAC courses shall not be less than the amount specified on the drawings. No more than 10% of the measured thickness(es) shall be more than 1/4 inch less than the plan thickness(es). If so, the quantity for pay shall be decreased as deemed appropriate by the Engineer.

6.9. Surface Smoothness Criteria and Tests. The pavement surface after compaction, shall be smooth and true to the established lines, grade and cross-section. The surface shall be tested by

the Owner with the Mays Roughness Meter. The Mays Roughness Value for each 600-foot section shall not exceed ninety inches per mile per traffic lane.

Localized defects (obvious settlements, humps, ridges, etc.) shall be tested with a ten-foot straightedge placed parallel to the roadway centerline. The maximum deviation shall not exceed 1/8 inch in ten feet. Areas not meeting this criterion shall be corrected to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

6.10. Opening to Traffic. The pavement shall be opened to traffic when directed by the Engineer. The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that all construction traffic allowed on pavement open to the public will be subject to the State laws governing traffic on highways.

If the surface ravel, it will be the Contractor's responsibility to correct this condition at his expense.

7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025610
CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall consist of Portland cement concrete combined concrete curb and gutter or separate concrete curb with or without reinforcing steel as required, constructed on an approved subgrade or foundation material in accordance with these specifications, in conformity with the lines and grades established by the Engineer and details shown on the plans.

2. MATERIALS

Unless otherwise specified on the plans, materials and proportions for concrete used in construction under this specification shall conform the requirements as specified for Class "A" Concrete under specification Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete". Reinforcing steel, if required, shall conform to the requirements as specified in specification Section 032020 "Reinforcing Steel". Expansion joint filler shall be wood fiber asphalt-impregnated expansion board material.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

The foundation shall be excavated and shaped to line, grade and cross-section and, if considered necessary in the opinion of the Engineer, hand tamped and sprinkled. If dry, the subgrade or foundation material shall be sprinkled lightly with water immediately before concrete is deposited thereon.

Outside forms shall be of wood or metal, of a section satisfactory to the Engineer, straight, free of warp, and a depth equal to the depth of the curb and gutter. They shall be securely staked to line and grade, and maintained in a true position during the depositing of concrete. Inside forms for the curb shall be approved material, shall be of such design as to provide the curb required, and shall be rigidly attached to the outside forms. Where specifically permitted by the Engineer in writing, the Contractor may place concrete curb and gutter with an extrusion machine.

The reinforcing steel, if required, shall be placed in position as shown on the typical details. Care shall be exercised to keep all reinforcing steel in its proper location.

Concrete for curb and gutter shall be mixed in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. The curb and gutter shall be placed in sections of the length indicated on the plans, and each section shall be separated by a premolded insert or board joint of cross-section specified for the curb and gutter, and of the thickness indicated on the plans.

After the concrete has been struck off and after it has become sufficiently set, the exposed surfaces shall be thoroughly worked with a wooden float. The exposed edges shall be rounded by the use of an edging tool to the radius indicated on the plans. All exposed surfaces of curb and gutter, or curb, shall be brushed to a smooth and uniform surface.

The completed curb and gutter shall be cured with Type 2, white pigmented, curing compound unless shown otherwise on the plans. Other methods of curing as outlined in specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures" will be acceptable with a required curing period of 72 hours.

The curb and gutter shall be backfilled to the full height of the curb, tamped and sloped as directed.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Payment shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, tools and incidentals necessary for the work prescribed in this specification and payment will be part of the project lump sum bid.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025612
CONCRETE SIDEWALKS AND DRIVEWAYS

1. DESCRIPTION

The specification shall consist of sidewalks and driveways, with or without reinforcing steel, composed of Portland cement concrete, constructed as herein specified on an approved subgrade, in conformity with the lines and grades established by the Engineer and the details shown on the plans.

2. MATERIALS

Materials and proportions used in construction under this item shall conform to the requirements as specified for Class "A" concrete under specification Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete". Reinforcing steel, if required, shall conform to the requirements as specified in specification Section 032020 "Reinforcing Steel". Expansion joint filler shall be premolded material meeting the requirements specified in specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures". Cap seal shall be "Greenstreak" or approved equal.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

The subgrade shall be excavated, compacted and shaped to line, grade and cross-section and, if considered necessary in the opinion of the Engineer, hand tamped and sprinkled with water. The subgrade shall be moist at the time the concrete is placed.

Forms shall be of wood or metal, of a section satisfactory to the Engineer, straight, free from warp, and of a depth equal to the thickness of the finished work. They shall be securely staked to line and grade and maintained in a true position during the depositing of concrete.

The reinforcing steel, if required, shall be placed in position as shown on the plans. Care shall be exercised to keep all reinforcing steel in its proper location.

Sidewalks shall be constructed in sections of the lengths shown on plans. Unless otherwise provided by the plans, no section shall be a length less than 8 feet and any section less than 8 feet shall be removed by the Contractor at his own expense.

The different sections shall be separated by a premolded insert of the thickness shown on the plans, placed vertically and at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the sidewalks. Where the sidewalk or driveways abut a curb or retaining wall, approved expansion joint material shall be placed along their entire length. Similar expansion joint material shall be placed around all obstructions protruding through sidewalks or driveways.

Concrete shall be mixed in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer, placed in the forms to the depth specified and spaded and tamped until thoroughly compacted and mortar entirely covers the surface. The top surface shall be floated with a wooden float to a gritty texture. The outer edges and joints shall then be rounded with approved tools to the radii shown on plans.

Sidewalks shall be marked into separate sections, each 4 feet in length, by the use of approved jointing tools.

When completed, the sidewalks and driveways shall be cured with Type 2, white pigmented curing compound. Other methods of curing as outlined in specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures" will be acceptable with a required curing period of 72 hours.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025614
CONCRETE CURB RAMPS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for constructing Concrete Curb Ramps required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

Concrete shall be class "A" in accordance with Section 030020 of the Standard Specifications.

Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, reinforcement shall be 4x4 - W2.9 welded wire fabric in accordance with Section 032020 of the Standard Specifications.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

The subgrade shall be shaped to line, grade, cross section, and shall be of uniform density and moisture, when concrete is placed. The subgrade shall be hand tamped and sprinkled to achieve the desired consistency and uniform support.

Ramps shall be constructed of Class A concrete to line and section as shown on the plans. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, ramps shall have a minimum concrete thickness in excess of 4", prior to application of exposed aggregate surface texture.

Slopes, S, shall be as follows unless shown otherwise on the Drawings:

RAMPS

Ramp in direction of travel	$S \leq 1:12$
Side slope of ramp (flare)	$S \leq 1:10$
Cross Slope	$1:100 \leq S \leq 1:50$

ADJOINING AREAS

Landings adjacent to ramp	$S \leq 1:20$
Driveways abutting tied sidewalk	$S \leq 1:10$

Width of ramp shall be 36", exclusive of flare, unless shown otherwise in the Drawings. No ramp shall be less than 36" wide.

Obstructions shall be removed or relocated, as appropriate, or the location of the ramp may be shifted, if authorized.

Surfacing shall be the little domes. Surfacing shall be flush with abutting areas. Surfacing shall be subsidiary work and not be measured for separate pay. Abutting curbs, sidewalks, gutters, driveways, etc. shall not receive granite surfacing.

Pavement Markings for street crossings shall be placed such that the crosswalk is properly aligned with respect to the curb ramp. See striping details for proper alignment of striping with respect to intersection and curb ramp. Properly constructed curb ramp shall be true to line, section, and grade and shall be free of loose granite surfacing and irregularities.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Measurement and payment shall be as stated in the Special Provisions and/or as indicated in the bid forms.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025802
TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for Temporary Traffic Controls During Construction. The work shall include furnishing, installing, moving, replacing, and maintaining all temporary traffic controls including, but not limited to, barricades, signs, barriers, cones, lights, signals, temporary striping and markers, flagmen, and such temporary devices as necessary to safely complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

Traffic control devices shall conform to the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (latest edition), unless indicated otherwise on the Traffic Control Plan.

3. METHODS

Sufficient traffic control measures shall be used to assure a safe condition and to provide a minimum of inconvenience to motorists and pedestrians.

A Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is included in the drawings.

A competent person, responsible for implementation of the TCP, maintaining the temporary traffic control devices and for traffic safety during construction, shall be designated by the Contractor.

The name and off-hours phone number of the competent person shall be provided in writing at the Pre-Construction Conference.

The competent person shall be on site, during working hours and on call at all times in the event of off-hour emergency.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025802
TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION

1. DESCRIPTION

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2. MATERIALS

Traffic control devices shall conform to the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (latest edition), unless indicated otherwise on the Traffic Control Plan.

3. METHODS

Sufficient traffic control measures shall be used to assure a safe condition and to provide a minimum of inconvenience to motorists and pedestrians.

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The name and off-hours phone number of the competent person shall be provided in writing at the Pre-Construction Conference.

The competent person shall be on site, during working hours and on call at all times in the event of off-hour emergency.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025805
WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. SCOPE

This specification covers the placement, maintenance and removal of work zone pavement markings, which are temporary pavement markings to be placed on roadways that are open to traffic during various work phases, as required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The pavement marking material shall consist of an adhesive-backed reflective tape that can be applied to the pavement, Markings are to be 3M Staymark or approved equal. Markings shall be of good appearance, have straight, unbroken edges and have a color that complies with all FHWA regulations.

3. DIMENSIONS

Pavement markings shall be minimum of 3-7/8 inches wide. Lengths and spacing will be as specified.

4. COLOR

The markings, as well as retroreflected light from the markings, shall be white or yellow as called for on the drawings.

5. VISIBILITY

When in place, the pavement markings (during daylight hours) shall be distinctively visible for a minimum of 300 feet.

When in place, the pavement markings (when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night) shall be distinctively visible for a minimum of 160 feet.

The above day and night visibility requirements shall be met when viewed from an automobile traveling on the roadway.

6. PLACEMENTS AND MAINTENANCE

At sunrise and sunset of each day and before each phase change, work zone pavement markings meeting all specification requirements shall be in place on all roadways on which traffic is allowed and where suitable permanent pavement markings are not in place. The transverse location of the line(s) formed by the markings shall be as determined by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise shown on the drawings, work zone markings shall be placed as follows:

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Spacing</u>	<u>Length of Stripe</u>
Straight	80 feet (approximate)	24 inches
Curve < 2"	80 feet (maximum)	24 inches
Curve > 2"	40 feet (maximum)	24 inches

The spacing of stripes may be modified by the Engineer. However, the maximum spacing specified above shall not be exceeded in any case.

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the work zone pavement markings for a maximum period of two weeks. If, however, the Contractor is also responsible for placing the standard pavement markings, the Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the work zone pavement markings until permanent pavement markings are in place.

7. REMOVAL

Where removal is required, it will be accomplished in accordance with instructions of the Engineer or as called for on the drawings.

8. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, work zone pavement markings shall not be measured and paid for separately, but shall be considered subsidiary to the appropriate bid item.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 025807
PAVEMENT MARKINGS
(PAINT AND THERMOPLASTIC)

1. DESCRIPTION

This item shall consist of markings and stripes on the surface of the roadways applied in accordance with this specification and at the locations shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

2. MATERIALS

Paint (Type II Pavement Marking) shall be Type F per AASHTO M248.

Thermoplastic (Type I Pavement Marking) shall be in accordance with AASHTO M249.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

3.1 Weather Limitations - Pavement marking shall be performed only when the existing surface is dry and clean, when the atmospheric temperature is above 40°F., and when the weather is not excessively windy, dusty, or foggy. The suitability of the weather will be determined by the Engineer.

3.2 Equipment - All equipment for the work shall be approved by the Engineer and shall include the apparatus necessary to properly clean the existing surface, and mechanical marking machine, and such auxiliary hand painting equipment as may be necessary to satisfactorily complete the job.

The mechanical marker shall be an approved atomizing spray-type marking machine suitable for application of traffic paint. It shall produce an even and uniform film thickness at the required coverage and shall be designed so as to apply markings of uniform cross-sections and clear-out edges without running or spattering and within the limits for straightness set forth herein.

Suitable adjustments shall be provided on the sprayer(s) of a single machine or by furnishing additional equipment for marking the width required.

3.3 Preparation of Existing Surface - Immediately before application of the paint or thermoplastic, the existing surface shall be dry and entirely free from dirt, grease, oil, acids, laitance, or other foreign matter which could reduce the bond between the marking and the pavement. The surface shall be thoroughly cleaned by sweeping and blowing as required to remove all dirt, laitance and loose materials. Areas that cannot be satisfactorily cleaned by brooming and blowing shall be scrubbed as directed with a water solution of trisodium phosphate (10% Na₃PO₄ by weight) or an approved equal solution. After scrubbing, the solution shall be rinsed off and the surface dried prior to marking.

3.4 Layouts and Alignments - Suitable layouts and lines of proposed stripes shall be spotted in advance of the marking application. Control points shall be spaced at such intervals as will insure accurate location of all markings.

The Contractor shall provide an experienced technician to supervise the location, alignment, layout, dimensions, and application of the markings.

- 3.5 Application - Markings shall be applied at the locations and to the dimensions and spacing indicated on the plans or as specified. Paint Markings shall not be applied until the layouts, indicated alignment, and the condition of the existing surface have been approved by the Engineer.

In the application of straight stripes, any deviation of the edges exceeding 1/2 inch in 50 feet shall be obliterated and the marking corrected. The width of the markings shall be as designated within a tolerance of 5%. All markings shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Paint shall be applied uniformly by suitable equipment at a rate of not less than 105 nor more than 115 square feet per gallon.

The Contractor shall furnish a certified report on the quality of materials ordered for the work. This report shall not be interpreted as a basis for final acceptance. The Engineer shall be notified upon arrival of shipment for inspecting and sampling of the materials. When required, all emptied containers shall be returned to the paint material storage or made available for tallying by the Engineer. The containers shall not be removed from the job site or destroyed without permission. The Contractor shall make an accurate accounting of the paint materials used in the accepted work.

- 3.6 Protection - After application, all markings shall be protected while drying. The fresh markings shall be protected from damage of any kind. The Contractor shall be directly responsible for protecting the markings and shall erect or place suitable warning signs, flags or barricades, protective screens or coverings as required. All surfaces shall be protected from disfiguration by spatter, splashes, spillage, drippings of paint or other materials.
- 3.7 Defective Workmanship or Material - When any material not conforming to the requirements of the specifications or plans has been delivered to the project or incorporated in the work, or any work performed is of inferior quality, such material or work shall be corrected as directed by the Engineer, at the expense of the Contractor.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026202
HYDROSTATIC TESTING OF PRESSURE SYSTEM

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for hydrostatically testing the completed pressure system. The Contractor shall provide all equipment, materials, labor, etc., as necessary, except as noted, and accomplish all testing under this specification.

2. MATERIALS

Water for filling the line and making tests will be furnished by the Contractor through a standard meter connection. A meter and gauges for testing will be supplied by the Contractor. A test pump with appropriate connector points as approved by the Water Superintendent for the installation of meter and gauge shall be furnished by the Contractor. The meter shall be directly connected to the main or pipe being tested by the use of copper tubing or an approved reinforced hose. The meter shall be protected against extreme pressures by the use of a one inch (1") safety relief valve set at the test pressure plus ten pounds per square inch and furnished by the Contractor.

3. TEST PROCEDURE

Tests shall be made only after completion of backfill as specified, and not until at least thirty-six (36) hours after the last concrete thrust block has been cast with high early strength concrete, or seven (7) days with standard concrete.

Each section of pipe line shall be slowly filled with water and the specified test pressure, measured at the point of lowest elevation, shall be applied. During the filling of the pipe, and before applying the specified test pressure, all air shall be expelled from the pipe line.

During the test, all exposed pipe, fittings, valves, hydrants, and joints shall be carefully examined. If found to be leaking, they shall be corrected immediately by the Contractor. If the leaking is due to cracked or defective material, the defective material shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor with sound material.

All pipe shall be subjected to two hydrostatic tests. The first hydrostatic test shall be a two hour test at a pressure of 150 P.S.I. The second test shall be no less than 48 hours after successful completion of the first hydrostatic test. The second hydrostatic test shall be for a 24 hour period at Owner operating pressure for waterlines or at 50 P.S.I. for sanitary sewer force mains.

The maximum allowable leakage shall be as follows:

Ductile Iron Pipe, AWWA C600

$$L = \frac{SD(P)^{1/2}}{133,200} \quad \text{or} \quad L = \frac{ND(P)^{1/2}}{7,400}$$

Asbestos - Cement Pipe, AWWA C603

$$L = \frac{N D(P)^{1/2}}{4,000}$$

PVC Pipe - Uni-bell equation 99

$$L = \frac{N D(P)^{1/2}}{7,400}$$

WHERE

L = Maximum Allowable Leakage (Gal./Hr.)

S = Length of Pipe Tested (Feet)

N = Number of Joints in Tested Line (Pipe & Fittings)

D = Nominal Diameter of Pipe (In.)

P = Average Test Pressure (P.S.I.)

If the pressure system fails to meet the leakage requirements, the Contractor shall make the required repairs to the system and the system shall be retested. This procedure shall be repeated until the system complies with leakage requirements. The cost of each retest shall be \$100.

4. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

~~There shall be no separate pay item for the testing of pressure pipe. This activity shall be considered subsidiary to the items where Hydrostatic Testing is required.~~ This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026204
POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE
(ASTM D 2241 Pressure Pipe for Sanitary Sewer Force Mains, and Irrigation Systems and water Transmission Lines)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for furnishing all PVC pipe (ASTM D 2241) required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

PVC pipe shall be made of Class 12454-A or Class 12454-B virgin compounds as defined in ASTM D 1784 with an established hydrostatic-design-base of 4000 psi for water at 73.4° F.

3. DIMENSIONS

Pipe shall be manufactured to standard steel pipe O.D. (IPS), with dimensions and tolerances in accordance with ASTM D 2241.

4. JOINTS

Pipe shall have a gasket bell end with a thickened wall section integral with the pipe barrel in accordance with ASTM D 3139. The use of solvent weld pipe shall not be allowed.

5. GASKETS

Gaskets for jointing pipe shall be in accordance with ASTM F477. (For High Head.)

6. PIPE PRESSURE RATING AND STANDARD DIMENSION RATIO

The pressure rating and SDR for PVC pipe (ASTM D 2241) shall be as indicated on the drawings. Pressure rating shall be based on the ISO equation in section 4.5 of ASTM D 2241 with a maximum allowable hydrostatic design stress of 2000 psi (Safety Factor of 2.0).

7. CAUSE FOR REJECTION

Pipe shall be clearly marked in accordance with section 9 of ASTM D 2241. Unmarked or scratched pipe shall be rejected.

8. CERTIFICATION

The contractor shall furnish in duplicate to the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's affidavit of compliance with this specification. Certification shall accompany each delivery of materials, to include gaskets.

9. MEASUREMENT

Unless specified otherwise in the Special Provisions, PVC pipe (ASTM D 2241) will be measured by the linear foot along the centerline for each size installed. Measurement of pipe shall be up to, but not include, the fittings.

10. PAYMENT

Payment shall include all labor, pipe, and equipment for hauling, bracing, trench excavation, testing, thrust blocking, and for all cleaning up and other incidentals necessary to install the pipe complete in place, will be part of the project lump sum bid or as indicated in the bid documents.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026206
DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for furnishing all ductile iron pipe and fittings required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL

All ductile iron pipe shall conform to AWWA C151. The interior of pipe and fittings shall be lined with enameled cement mortar in accordance with AWWA C104. The exterior of pipe and fittings shall have a coating of coal tar enamel of approximately 1 mil thick or as specified in A.W.W.A.

C-105. Ductile iron pipe shall be wrapped in two plies of 8 mil polyethylene in accordance with Technical Specifications Section 026402.

3. FITTINGS

All fittings shall be either gray cast iron or ductile iron and in accordance with AWWA C110 or C153. Fittings shall have a pressure rating of 250 p.s.i for sizes through 12" and 150 p.s.i for 14" and larger sizes, unless shown differently on drawings. Unless noted otherwise on drawings, Mechanical Joints shall be used.

4. JOINTS

Joints for pipe shall be mechanical type; joints for fittings shall be mechanical joints, unless shown otherwise on drawings.

Mechanical joints shall conform to AWWA C111 and/or C153. Mechanical joints shall be furnished complete with joint material, Cor-ten nuts, Cor-ten bolts, glands and gaskets.

When restrained joints are indicated on the drawings, restrained joints for pipe and fittings of 12" diameter and less shall be mechanical joint with retainer gland Series 1100 by EBA Iron or approved equal with a minimum of 250 psi rated working pressure. Restrained joints for pipe and fittings over 12" in diameter shall be push on type with a retainer ring as LOK-RING by American Ductile Iron Pipe or TR FLEX by U.S. Pipe, or approved equal.

Gaskets shall be of synthetic rubber. An analysis of the material used in each size gasket showing the type of synthetic rubber and that no natural rubber is present shall be supplied

5. PIPE

Pressure class ductile iron pipe requirements:

<u>Diameter</u> (inches)	<u>Pressure Class</u> (psi)	<u>Wall Thickness</u> (inches)	<u>Range of Maximum Allowable Depth Cover</u> (feet) (feet)	
			A - B*	
4#	350	0.25	60+	
6	350	0.25	30 - 65	
8	350	0.25	20 - 50	
10#	350	0.26	15 - 45	
12	350	0.28	15 - 44	
14#	300	0.30	13 - 42	
16	300	0.32	13 - 39	
18	300	0.34	13 - 36	
20	300	0.36	13 - 35	
24	250	0.37	11 - 29	
24+	x	x	x	

* Range of maximum allowable depth of pipe where:

A = Ground water, or unstable bottom, or quick condition.

B = Ideal trench conditions, and sand encasement is at an average density in excess of 90% Standard Proctor.

Pipe sizes not typically specified on County projects, but shown for reference.

x Requires special evaluation.

The face of bells shall be plainly marked by color coding for classes so as to be readily identified in the field.

6. CERTIFICATIONS

A certification shall accompany each order of pipe and fittings furnished to job site. Certification shall include the following items: indicate that pipe complies with Part 3 of this specification; indicate that fittings and joints comply with Part 4 of this specification (it should be noted that the supplier shall furnish sufficient technical material for the Engineer to determine whether or not push-on joints can comply with the "or equal" clause); and a copy of a lab analysis of the material used in each size gasket showing the type of synthetic rubber and that no natural rubber is present.

7. MEASUREMENT

Unless specified otherwise in the Special Provision, Ductile Iron Pipe will be measured by the linear foot along the centerline for each size installed. Fittings will be measured as individual units for each size and type installed. Measurement of pipe shall be up to, but not include, the fittings.

8. PAYMENT

~~Payment shall include all labor, pipe, and equipment for hauling, bracing, trench excavation, pipe wrapping, sand encasement, testing, sterilization, thrust blocking, and for all cleaning up and other incidentals necessary to install the pipe complete in place, per linear foot.~~ This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026210
POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE
(AWWA C900 & C905 Pressure Pipe for Municipal Water Mains and
Sanitary Sewer Force Mains)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for furnishing all PVC pipe (AWWA C900 and C905) required to complete the project.

2. MATERIAL

PVC pipe shall be made of Class 12454-A or Class 1245-B virgin compounds, as defined in ASTM D1784 with an established hydrostatic-design-basis of 4000 psi for water at 73.4° F.

3. DIMENSIONS

Pipe shall be manufactured to cast iron pipe equivalent outside diameters.

4. JOINT

Pipe shall have a gasket bell end with a thickened wall section integral with the pipe barrel. The use of solvent weld pipe shall not be allowed.

5. GASKETS

Gaskets for jointing pipe shall be in accordance with ASTM F477. (High Head)

6. PIPE PRESSURE CLASS AND DIMENSION RATION

Unless indicated otherwise on the drawings pipe shall have a dimension ratio (DR) of 18 and in accordance with:

<u>Pipe Size</u>	<u>Designation</u>
4" to 12"	AWWA C900
Over 12"	AWWA C905

7. CAUSE FOR REJECTION

Pipe shall be clearly marked in accordance with AWWA Requirements. Unmarked or scratched pipe shall be rejected.

8. CERTIFICATION

The contractor shall furnish in duplicate to the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's affidavit of compliance with this specification, to include gaskets. Certification shall accompany each delivery of materials.

9. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

~~Unless specified otherwise in the plans and specifications, PVC pipe (AWWA C900 or C905) will be measured by the linear foot along the centerline for each size installed. Measurement of pipe shall be up to, but not include, the fittings.~~

~~Payment shall include all labor, materials, and equipment for the completed installation and testing of the water and/or force main system together with all incidentals necessary to install the pipe complete in place, will be part of the project lump sum bid or as indicated on the bid documents.~~

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026409
TAPPING SLEEVES AND TAPPING VALVES

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work and materials required for proper installation of tapping sleeves, sleeves and valves.

2. MATERIALS

Tapping sleeves shall have a Class 125 ANSI B 16.1 outlet flange of cast iron, ductile iron, or stainless steel. Sleeves shall be of ductile iron, gray cast iron, or 304 or 316 stainless steel. Lugs, bolts, washers, and nuts shall be of 304 or 316 stainless steel. Iron sleeves shall be of the mechanical joint or caulked joint type as manufactured by Mueller, Clow, or approved equal. Stainless steel sleeves shall be of the compression gasket type capable providing full support of the tapped pipe as manufactured by Ford, Smith Blair, Romac, or approved equal. Gasket materials shall be of material suitable for potable water systems.

Tapping sleeves shall be sized for the type and size of pipe to be tapped. The class of asbestos cement pipe which will most likely be encountered in the water will be class 200 for pipes 6" in diameter and less, and class 150 for larger pipes. It should be understood that existing pipes to be tapped may not be of the type of material and/or size that is shown on the drawings. The proper size and type of tapping sleeve shall be provided and installed regardless of what is encountered.

Tapping Valves shall conform to AWWA Standards, Owner and Water District Standards, and Specification Section 026411.

Valve boxes shall be as described in Section 026411.2, "Gate Valves for Water Lines".

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Construction methods shall adhere to those set out in Section 026402 "Installation of Water Pipe", and Section 022020 "Excavation and Backfill for Utilities and Sewers".

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

~~Payment for tapping sleeves and sleeves shall be made on a per each basis and shall include payment for all labor, material, and equipment for installation of the fittings and all other related items such as bolting, wrapping, sand encasing, backfilling and compacting. Payment shall be as indicated on the project bid documents. Payment for tapping valves shall be on a per each basis (except as indicated on plans or proposal items, where the valve is considered as part of a tapping saddle assembly). The unit price for valves shall include the costs for furnishing and installing the valves complete in place including joint materials and cast iron valve box, box extension, cover, concrete collar, all as required to install the valves as indicated and specified. Payment shall be as indicated on the project bid documents. This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.~~

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026602
WASTEWATER FORCE MAIN

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for the installation of all wastewater force mains required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1. All work shall be done in a workmanlike manner, in accordance with the drawings and specifications.
2. Prior to construction, the Contractor shall submit, for approval, certificates of inspection in duplicate to the Engineer from the pipe and fittings manufacturer(s) that said materials supplied have been inspected at the plant and meet the requirements of this specification.
3. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to keep on hand extra fittings and pipe, as he may deem necessary to make adjustments due to unknown obstructions, or to replace defective materials without delay to the project. When defective materials are discovered, they shall be immediately marked and removed from job site.
4. All pipe and fittings shall be clearly marked with trademark of manufacturer, batch number, location of plant, ASTM/ANSI/AWWA designation, size, pressure rating, class/SDR, and pressure rating.
5. Wastewater marking tape shall be continuously applied along the top of the force main, except at joints. The tape shall be green and 2 inches wide and state "Sewer".

3. MATERIALS

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe Fittings: See City Standard Specification Section 026206.
- B. PVC Pipe (AWWA C900 or C905): See City Standard Specification Section 026210.
- C. Concrete: Concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 3000 PSI at 28 days.
- D. Bedding Sand for Encasement: Sand shall be as indicated on the drawings.
- E. Non-Standard Fittings: Fittings having non-standard dimensions or fabricated especially for this project shall have a minimum pressure rating of 250 psi and durability comparable to that of the system. Drawings and specifications for non-standard fittings shall be submitted for approval of the Engineer prior to construction. Couplings and adapters for DIP and PVC connections shall be considered non-standard fittings.
- F. Ceramic Epoxy Lining for Ductile Iron Pipe Fittings: When indicated in the drawings or Special Provisions, the interior of DI pipe and fittings shall be furnished with a factory applied ceramic epoxy lining. Lining material shall be Protecto 401 Ceramic Epoxy Lining, of 40 mils nominal dry thickness. The epoxy shall be fused to the interior of the pipe by heat, forming a securely bonded lining.
 1. Operating Limits: The lining shall have the capability of withstanding operating temperatures from 0° F to 170° F and withstanding sewage with a minimum pH of 4.0.

2. Application: The interior surface of each pipe shall be blast-cleaned to remove high temperature oxide film and to form an anchor pattern over the entire surface prior to heating and lining. Epoxy lining is to cover the inner surface of the pipe, extending from the plain or beveled end to the rear of the gasket socket.
3. Adhesion: Pipe shall be checked at the point of manufacture to assure bond of the lining to the pipe. Any indication of separation of lining from pipe is cause for rejection.
4. Entrapped Material: Any sizeable protrusion in the lining, obviously caused by lining over foreign materials, shall be cause for rejection.
5. Separations: Linings which have separations caused during the lining operation shall be rejected.
6. Damages to Lining: Injurious mechanical damage, such as chuck marks and gouges, extending to bare metal are not acceptable. The pipe having such a defect shall be rejected.
7. Lining Thickness: Linings of nominal 40 mil thickness shall generally equal or exceed 40 mil throughout the pipe. At pipe ends, lining thickness may taper for a distance of 4 inches from the ends, to a minimum of 20 mil thickness. However, the lining shall not deviate by more than 5 mil from the 40-mil nominal thickness as required through the pipe. The lining thickness of each pipe and fitting shall be taken at the point of manufacture using a general electric magnetic dry film thickness device, digital coating thickness gauge, Positector 2000, or approved equal. Pipe and/or fittings with a lining thickness less than the minimum specified shall be rejected.
8. Bell and Plain End Overcoat: The bell socket and the last 2 inches of the plain end of each pipe shall be coated on the inside and outside with a factory applied mastic or epoxy coating. This coating shall be a minimum of 10 mil thickness and shall be Koppers 300M, Industrial Ruff Stuff, Roskote Mastic A-938, or equal.
9. Pinholes and/or Holidays: The inside surface of each pipe or fitting shall be free of pinholes, holiday discontinuities and any blister type surface imperfections. The manufacturer shall check each pipe and fitting for holidays at the point of manufacture with a high voltage holiday detection device. Tinker & Razor Model AP-W, or approved equal. Testing shall be conducted at the voltage as calculated in Section 3: Testing and Voltages of the "Recommended Practice for High Voltage Electrical Inspection of Pipeline Coatings Prior to Installation" as published by the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) Technical Practices Committee. All actual holiday testing procedures shall conform to NACE standard RP-02-74 and American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Designation: G62- (latest) "Standard Test Methods for Holiday Detection in Pipeline Coatings." No holidays, misses or skips larger than a pinhole will be accepted for repair. A maximum of 6 holidays, as defined in ASTM Standard G62 and as determined by the detection test described above, on any one standard pipe length, fitting or special may be repaired with epoxy.
10. Independent Testing Laboratory Representation: All testing as specified herein including the lining thickness test and the holiday test shall be witnessed by a representative from an approved independent testing laboratory. The independent laboratory shall be a member of the American Council of Independent Laboratories. Manufacturer must submit for approval by the City the name of the testing laboratory and actual qualifications of actual representative that will witness the testing. The

manufacturer shall furnish three (3) copies of report by independent testing laboratory depicting results of all testing witnessed by the independent laboratory.

11. Field Testing: Each pipe and fitting is subject to inspection in the field by the City for conformance to these specifications prior to installation. Any defects as specified herein with any pipe or fittings shall be grounds for rejection.

12. Sealing Cut Ends and Repairing Field Damaged Areas: Remove burrs from field cut ends and smooth out edge of epoxy lining. Remove all traces of oil or lubricant used during field cutting operation. All areas of loose lining associated with the cutting operation shall be removed and the exposed metal cleaned by sanding or scraping. For larger areas, roughen the bare pipe surface with a small chisel to provide an anchor pattern for the epoxy. The epoxy lining shall be "stripped" back by chiseling, cutting or scraping about 1" to 2" into well adhered lined area before patching. After removal of loose lining and dirt, the area to be patched shall be "scratched" or "gouged" to offer an anchor pattern for the epoxy. Include an overlap of 1" to 2" of roughened epoxy lining in the area to be epoxy coated. The roughening shall be done with a rough grade emery paper (40 grit), rasp, or small chisel. Avoid honing, buffing, or wire brushing since these tend to make surface to be repaired too smooth. With the area to be sealed or repaired absolutely clean and suitably "roughened," apply a thick coat of two-part coal tar epoxy. The detailed mixing and application procedure for the epoxy shall follow the epoxy manufacturer's instructions. This heavy coat of epoxy shall be "worked" into the scratched surface by brushing. The Contractor shall maintain a supply of epoxy on the job site as required to seal cut ends and repair damaged pipe when encountered. Epoxy shall be of the type recommended or supplied by the pipe manufacturer.

13. Warranty: A five year warranty shall be furnished by the manufacturer on the serviceability of the lining. This warranty shall include, but not be limited to the statement, at any time up to the end of the fifth year from the date of pipe shipment:

- a. The lining shall not have disbound.
- b. The lining shall not have suffered any appreciable underfilm migration.
- c. The interior pipe metal, at points of pinholes or holidays, shall not have suffered detrimental deterioration.
- d. The lining shall have maintained its smooth surface characteristics. Contractor and/or manufacturer shall not make any exemption or exception to the above stated conditions or warranty within the limits as stated in this specification section.

14. Certification: The manufacturer shall furnish notarized certificates of compliance stating that the lining conforms to all requirements of these specifications.

4. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

4.1 HANDLING AND STORAGE OF MATERIALS

A. General: The Contractor shall be responsible for the safe storage of all materials furnished to or by him and accepted by him until the materials have been

incorporated in the completed project. All material found during the progress of the work to have cracks, flaws or other defects will be rejected, and the Contractor shall remove such defective material from the site of the work.

B. Unloading and Distribution of Materials at Work Site: Pipe and other materials shall be unloaded at point of delivery, hauled to, and distributed at the job site by the Contractor. Materials shall at all times be handled with care and in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Care shall be taken not to scratch PVC pipe. Excessive scratching shall be considered cause for rejection of PVC pipe. Materials may be unloaded opposite or near the place where it is to be installed provided that it is to be incorporated into the work within ten days. The Contractor shall not distribute material in such a manner as to cause undue inconvenience to the public.

C. Storing Materials: Materials that are not to be incorporated into the work within 10 days shall be stored on platforms. The interior of pipes and accessories shall be kept free from dirt and foreign matter.

4.2 INSTALLATION

A. Alignment and Grade: All pipes shall be laid and maintained to the required line and grade.

Temporary support and adequate protection of all underground and surface utility structures encountered in the progress of the work shall be furnished by the Contractor.

Where the grade or alignment of the pipe is obstructed by existing utility structures such as conduits, ducts, pipes, connections to sewers or drains, the obstruction shall be permanently supported, relocated, removed, or reconstructed by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense, in cooperation with the owners of such utility structures.

Force Mains shall be laid with no less than 36 inches of cover, unless indicated otherwise in the drawings. Greater depths will be permitted when required to avoid conflicts with existing structures.

Lines shall be laid to grade which permit entrapped air to flow to a high point for release through an air release valve as shown on the drawings. The Contractor shall investigate well in advance of pipe laying for conflicts which may necessitate the readjustment of planned line and grade.

B. Trench Excavation and Backfill: See City Standard Specification Section 022020 "Excavation and Backfill for Utilities and Sewers", and drawings.

C. Force Main Connection to Existing Manhole: Where new force main is connected to existing manhole, the manhole shall be prepared to receive the proposed force main and restored after connection. Manhole inverts shall be repaved as necessary to provide a smooth flowing system.

D. Polyethylene Encasement: All metallic pipe, valves and fittings, except those which occur in encasement pipe or in concrete valve boxes, shall be wrapped in polyethylene. The polyethylene material shall have a thickness of 8 mils and may be either clear or black. The wrapping shall be lapped in such a manner that all surfaces of pipe valves and fittings, including joints, shall have a double thickness of polyethylene. If a single longitudinal lap is made using a double thickness of polyethylene, it shall be lapped a minimum of 18 inches and the lap shall be placed in the lower quadrant of the pipe and in such a manner that backfill material cannot fall into the lap. The polyethylene shall be secured in

place with binder twine at not more than 6-foot intervals. If wrapping is applied before the pipe is placed in the trench, then special care shall be taken in handling the pipe so that the wrapping will not be damaged. Care shall also be exercised in backfilling around the pipe and fittings and in blocking fittings so as not to damage the wrapping. Any wrapping that may be damaged shall be repaired in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer and so as to form the best protection to the pipes.

E. Sand Encasement: Sand shall be granular soil of low plasticity such that 30% minimum passes a #4 sieve and no more than 20 % passes a #200 sieve, and the plasticity index (PI) shall not exceed 10. Soils with a Unified Classification of SW and SP, or AASHTO Classification of A3 and some A2 soil shall be required.

F. Pre-Placement Inspection: Prior to lowering into trench, all pipe and accessories shall be inspected for defects. All foreign matter or dirt shall be removed from the interior of the pipe prior to lowering into trench. Pipe shall be kept clean at all times during the laying.

G. Jointing Pipe and Fittings: All pipes and fittings shall be made up in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation. Pipe deflection shall not exceed 75% of the maximum amount recommended by the manufacturer.

H. Concrete Thrust Blocks: Temporary thrust blocks or other means of carrying thrust loads generated by hydrostatic testing shall be provided at all ends of lines to be tested. Details of the end connections and method of temporary blocking shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. After satisfactory completion of the hydrostatic test, this temporary blocking shall be removed so that connections may be made with existing lines. This work is subsidiary, and no separate payment will be made for it.

I. Restrained Joints and Fittings: Metal harness, tie rods and clamps or restrained fittings shall be used to prevent movement when soil conditions will not withstand thrust blocking. Steel rods and clamps shall be galvanized or otherwise rust-proofed or coated with hot coal tar enamel then wrapped with two layers of polyethylene wrapping.

4.3 HYDROSTATIC TESTING WASTEWATER FORCE MAIN

See City Standard Specification Section 026202, Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure Systems.

5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified in the Bid Form, wastewater force mains will be measured by the linear foot along the centerline of pipe. Payment shall include, but not be limited to, trenching, dewatering, pipe, bedding, thrust blocks, fittings, restraints and backfill, and shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment, tools and incidentals required to complete the work at the unit price bid

END OF SECTION

SECTION 026650
POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE (PVC)

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 DESCRIPTION: This specification shall govern for all work necessary for furnishing all pipe, fittings and plastic valves required.

2. PRODUCTS

- 2.1 MATERIAL: Pipe, fittings and valves shall be manufactured from a PVC compound which meets the requirements of Type 1, Grade 1 polyvinyl chloride as outlined in ASTM D-1784. Compound from which the pipe shall have a design stress rating of 2,000 psi at 73° F.

A. Pipe:

- (1) 1/2" to 12" shall be Schedule 80 and shall conform to ASTM D-1785.
- (2) 12" to 4" shall be Type 1, Class 160 psi SDR-26.
- (3) Larger than 4" diameter pipe shall meet the requirements of AWWA C-900 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pressure pipe and be UL approved. The pipe shall have a standard dimension ratio of 18 or less with a pressure rated not less than 150 psi at 73° F.

B. Fittings and Pipe Joints:

- (1) 1/2" to 12" shall be Schedule 80 above ground, (threaded) below ground, (solvent weld coupling).
- (2) 12" to 4" rubber gasket coupling, 200 psi SDR-21.
- (3) Joints for pipe larger than 4" diameter shall be "Fluid-Tite" or "Ringtite" or an approved equal.

- C. Valves: Plastic valves, 1/2" to 12" where indicated and/or specified, shall be manufactured of the same PVC material as the pipe. Valves shall be threaded and shall be supplied by the piping manufacturer to assure compatibility.

- D. Solvent: Solvent for jointing pipe shall be supplied by the piping manufacturer and shall be applied in strict accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION METHOD:

- A. The polyvinyl chloride pipe installation shall conform with UNI-B-3 specification installation of polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pressure pipe (complying with AWWA standard C-900).
- B. The "Installation of Water Lines (B)" technical section of these specifications also applies to the construction and installation of the PVC water pipe.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027200
CONTROL OF WASTEWATER FLOWS
(TEMPORARY BYPASS PUMPING SYSTEMS)

1. GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This specification shall govern all work necessary for designing, installing, implementing, operating, and maintaining a temporary bypass pumping and flow control system, as provided by the Contractor for the purpose of diverting wastewater flow around the work area for the duration necessary to complete the work (i.e., control of wastewater flows). The Contractor shall furnish all materials, labor, equipment, power, maintenance, and incidentals required to maintain continuous and reliable wastewater service in all lines for the duration of the project.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Bypass Pumping Plan Form: It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to legibly and thoroughly complete, in its entirety, the attached Bypass Pumping Plan Form and submit it to the Engineer and/or the appropriate City staff for review and approval, prior to the installation of any pumping system proposed for use.

Unless the bypass pumping is associated with an emergency work order, the standard approval protocol is as follows: The Contractor prepares and submits the plan to the Engineer a minimum of 7 days prior to mobilizing to site. The Engineer reviews the bypass plan and coordinates approval with Engineering Services and the Operating Department. Engineer and City will put forth a reasonable level of effort to expedite the review and approval process. No deviation from the procedure shall be allowed.

B. Bypass Pumping Plan Schematic: In addition to the above referenced form, the Contractor shall also furnish a sufficiently detailed schematic drawing identifying the approximate location of all bypass pumping system components. The schematic drawing shall clearly label parallel/crossing streets, identify landmark structures, and depict the locations of all pumps and piping.

At a minimum, the bypass pumping plan schematic drawing and associated attachments should include the following items:

- 1) Pump curves showing designed operation point for this specific project
- 2) Approximate location of bypass system pumping components
- 3) Location of manhole or access point for suction and discharge
- 4) Configuration, routing, location and depth of the suction and discharge piping
- 5) General arrangement/type of additional support equipment.
- 6) Temporary pipe supports, anchoring and thrust restraint blocks, if required
- 7) Traffic Control Plan and Traffic Department permit if the bypass is within the right-of-way.

8) Description of the method for removing pressure and all wastewater from existing force mains being taken out of service, if necessary.

9) All other City-department and Regulatory requirements.

10) Sewer plugging locations, method, and types of plugs

11) Method of protecting discharge manholes or structures from erosion and damage.

1.3 RESPONSIBILITY / AUTHORITY

A. It is essential to the operation of the existing wastewater system that there is no interruption in the flow of wastewater throughout the duration of the project. The Contractor shall be completely responsible for designing, scheduling, providing, installing, operating, fueling and maintaining the temporary bypass pumping system in a manner that does not cause or contribute to overflows, releases, or spills of wastewater from the wastewater or bypass system. The Contractor shall neither anticipate nor expect any assistance from the City of Corpus Christi departments for any of the bypass operation.

B. Contractor shall provide a responsible employee to man the bypass system 24 hours per day, 7 days per week during operation. The monitoring employee shall be properly trained, experienced, and mechanically qualified such that they can quickly and effectively address any potential emergency and non-emergency situations associated with the bypass system which must remain in operation. The wastewater and bypass systems should be inspected at least once every 2 hours. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that the wastewater collection system is not compromised during bypass installation or operation, and contractor shall ensure that the system operates properly during this period.

C. The Contractor shall consider and be responsible for the impacts on the collection system area, both upstream and downstream of the bypass and shall maintain the system in a manner that will protect public and private property from damage and flooding. Upstream impacts may include, but are not limited to backups and overflows. Downstream impacts may include, but are not limited to surcharges and overflows.

D. Contractor shall make all effort to minimize spills of raw wastewater during the improvements and bypassing. All spills and sanitary sewer overflows shall immediately be reported to the City at 361-826-2489 and the Contractor shall be solely responsible for wash down, clean-up and disinfection of said spillages or overflows to the satisfaction of the owner at no additional cost to the City of Corpus Christi.

E. The City is permitted through the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality to operate the wastewater system. The final authority comes from the City as to the operation of the wastewater system and as such it reserves the right to halt the bypassing operation at any time in order to maintain public health and safety.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Bypass Pumps

1) Pumps shall be fully automatic self-priming pumps that do not require the use of foot-valves or vacuum pumps in the priming system. The pumps may be electric or diesel powered. Pre-approved manufacturers are Godwin or Rain-for-Rent. Approved equals may be considered by the Engineer if they meet all requirements in this specification but Contractor shall provide submittal package for Engineer's review and approval prior to installation. Pumps shall be equipped with critically silenced, sound attenuated enclosures with a maximum 65 dB (10-feet from pump), a diesel day tank with a minimum 24-hour runtime without refuel, and automatic start/stop controls for each pump.

2) Pumping capacity of the bypass pump shall be capable of handling the flow conditions at all times and shall provide a minimum of 1.5 times the existing capacity of whatever line or lift station is being bypassed.

3) The Contractor shall have adequate standby equipment available and ready for immediate operation and use in the event of an emergency or breakdown. In critical installations, as determined by the Engineer, one standby pump for each size pump utilized shall be installed at the mainline flow bypassing locations, ready for use in the event of primary pump failure.

B. Suction and Discharge Piping: Determined according to pump size, flow calculations, system operating conditions, manhole depth, and length of suction piping in accordance with the pump manufacturers specifications and recommendations. In order to prevent the accidental spillage of flows, all discharge systems shall be temporarily constructed of heavy-duty pipe with positive restrained joints.

1) High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)

i. Homogeneous throughout, free of visible cracks, discoloration, pitting, varying wall thickness, holes, foreign material, blisters, or other deleterious faults. Defective areas shall be cut out and butt-fusion welded as per manufacturer's recommendations.

ii. Assembled and joined at site using couplings, flanges, or butt-fusion method to provide leak proof joint, as per manufacturer's recommendations and ASTM D2657.

iii. Fusing must be performed by personnel certified as fusion technicians by manufacturer of HDPE pipe and/or fusing equipment. Fused joints shall be watertight and have tensile strength equal to that of pipe.

iv. HDPE is required to be used in or adjacent to environmentally sensitive areas.

2) Polyethylene Plastic Pipe (PE)

i. High density solid wall and following ASTM F714 Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-DR) based on outside diameter, ASTM D1248 and ASTM D3550

ii. Homogeneous throughout, free of visible cracks, discoloration, pitting, varying wall thickness, holes, foreign material, blisters, or other deleterious faults.

3) Quick-Disconnect Steel Galvanized Pipe and Heavy-Duty Flexible Hoses

i. Must consist of heavy-duty steel with high tensile strength, x-ray welded, abrasion resistant and suitable for intended service with a maximum pressure rating of at least 174 PSI

ii. Bauer quick-disconnect fittings/joints shall be restrained and watertight. Joints shall consist of vacuum sealing O-rings to help pumps prime faster and perform at their designed flow rates with no leaks, even at high pressure ratings

iii. Joints shall provide 30-degree articulation at every coupling and shall not require perfect alignment to make each connection.

iv. The galvanized couplings shall not be hindered by sand, mud, and grit.

d. Valves and Fittings

i. Contractor shall provide valves and fittings as necessary and in accordance with the approved pipe materials shown above.

e. Plugs

i. Selected and installed according to size of line to be plugged, pipe, manhole configurations, and based on specific application.

ii. Prior to use, Engineer may inspect plugs for defects which may lead to failure.

iii. Contractor shall provide additional plugs in the case of failure

f. Miscellaneous

i. When temporary piping crosses local streets/roadways and private driveways, Contractor shall provide traffic ramps or covers designed, installed, and maintained for H-20 loading requirements while in use.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 SCHEDULING & COORDINATION

A. Unless the bypass pumping is associated with an emergency work order, the Contractor shall provide a minimum of 48 hour notice to the Engineer and Wastewater Department for the startup of bypass operations once the completed bypass plan has been approved by the design engineer. Unless needed otherwise for emergency work, no bypassing shall be initiated on Friday, Saturday or Sunday, or the day immediately preceding a City holiday.

B. Inclement Weather: The Contractor shall not be allowed to commence bypass operation should inclement weather be forecast for the period of the scheduled improvements.

C. Under special circumstances, as identified by the Engineer, where critical lines with large service areas are being bypassed, the Contractor is responsible for setting up a meeting between the Engineer/City/Operating Department to affirm and coordinate the approved bypass plan and to verify the intended site installation conforms to the approved plan. Engineer may also require the bypass system to be in service for at least 24-hours prior to taking existing gravity lines or force mains out of service to demonstrate reliability.

D. Before beginning bypass operations, the Engineer/City Operating Department must be notified for field verification of pumps, piping, and equipment, et3), to ensure the site installation conforms to the approved plan.

E. Before beginning bypass operations, the Contractor shall confirm appropriate emergency contact information has been provided to the City and Engineer on the Bypass Pumping Plan Form including emergency cell phone number of bypass operators/monitors responsibly manning the bypass system 24 hours per day along with the project superintendent and pump supplier.

F. The Contractor can work extended hours, if approved by the Engineer, to perform the improvements during the bypass operation. Work during extended hours cannot create a nuisance for the neighbors.

G. Once a lift station is taken out of service and bypass operations begun, work shall be continuous on the lift station improvements until all improvements are completed and the lift station is returned to normal service.

H. The Contractor shall cease bypass pumping operations and return flows to the new and/or existing wastewater system when directed by the Owner. This may be expected if the bypass system is not in accordance with this specification or if inclement weather is in the forecast.

3.2 INSTALLATION & OPERATIONS

A. Installation of Temporary Force Mains

1) Force mains may be placed along shoulder of road, medians, and/or outside of pavement. Do not place in streets or sidewalks without Engineers approval.

2) When temporary piping crosses local streets/roadways and/or private driveways, Contractor shall provide traffic ramps or covers designed, installed, and maintained for H-20 loading requirements while in use.

3) When traffic ramps cannot be used, install temporary piping in trenches and cover with temporary pavement, as approved by the Engineer.

B. Discharge piping to gravity lines or manholes shall be designed in such a manner as to prevent discharge from contacting manhole walls or benching with as minimal turbulence as possible.

C. Plugging or blocking of wastewater flows shall incorporate a primary and secondary plugging device. When plugging or blocking is no longer needed for performance and acceptance of work, it is to be removed in a manner that permits the wastewater flow to slowly return to normal without surge, to prevent surcharging or causing other major disturbances downstream.

D. The Contractor shall not cut existing force mains or gravity lines until it is determined that the containment area in place is sufficient for handling any wastewater within the pipe.

E. Some locations may require multiple bypass systems. If bypass system is provided with air release valves, then the valve drains shall be piped to a manhole for discharge.

F. Upon completion of the bypass pumping operations, remove piping, restore property to pre-construction condition and restore pavement.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified in the Bid Form, Control of Wastewater Flows (Temporary Bypass Pumping Systems) shall not be measured for pay but will be considered subsidiary to the applicable pay item, to

include all material, labor, equipment and supervision necessary to complete the bypass design, planning, coordination, installation, operation, maintenance and removal.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027202
MANHOLES

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern the furnishing of all materials and construction of manholes composed of a concrete base and concrete walls as shown on the drawings, to the lines, grades and dimensions shown on drawings or established by the Engineer.

2. MATERIALS

Concrete for cast-in-place storm water manholes and storm water junction boxes shall be Class C (3,600 psi at 28 days). Manholes for wastewater shall be made from fiberglass only, in accordance with City Standard Specification Section 027205 "Fiberglass Manholes".

Mortar for plastering shall be one (1) part Portland cement to three (3) parts clean hard and sharp mortar sand, free of all foreign substances or injurious alkalis.

Reinforcing steel, where used, shall conform to the requirements of Section 032020 "Reinforcing Steel". All wastewater manhole rings and covers for streets shall be East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. product V1430 CV or V1420/1480 Z1, or pre-approved equal, and shall have the seating surface of ring and cover machined to secure a snug fit per the contract drawing Wastewater Details. All storm water manholes shall be East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. product V1168 assembly, and for school zones shall be a bolted assembly per the Contract Drawing Storm Water Details. Steps are not required for wastewater and storm water manholes.

Joint material for precast concrete manholes shall be Ram-Nek Flexible Plastic Gaskets as manufactured by K. T. Snyder Company, Houston, Texas, or an approved equal.

3. EXCAVATION

The Contractor shall do all necessary excavation for the various manholes, conforming to size and dimensions shown on plans plus a maximum of four (4) feet working room. Excavation shall not be carried to greater depth than required. Subgrade under manhole footings shall be compacted to not less than 95% Standard Proctor density. Shoring shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and shall be installed as necessary. Shoring shall not be removed or backfilled around until entire manhole is completed, unless authorized by the Engineer. Shoring shall remain in place at least twenty-four (24) hours after concrete work has been completed.

4. CONCRETE MANHOLES (STORM WATER ONLY)

(1) Formed-in-Place Manholes:

Where formed concrete is used, forms shall be built to dimensions shown on the contract drawing details. Inserts and openings shall be formed so concrete will not be injured during process of stripping forms. Forms shall be braced and tied to prevent spreading or bulging, and shall meet approval of the Engineer prior to placing concrete. Forms shall remain in place for minimum of twenty-four (24) hours, and shall be removed within a maximum time of seven (7) days after completion of concrete work. Reinforcing steel, if required, shall be as shown on the plans.

The bottom of manholes shall be carefully formed and inverted smoothly when

finished, with pipes cut to fit inside surface of walls.

(2) Precast Manholes

Precast manholes shall allow unobstructed view of all pipes connected to the manhole. Precast manholes shall be designed to support HS-20 traffic loading and designed by a Texas licensed professional engineer. The upper 18 inches of the corbel shall be brick to facilitate subsequent grade adjustment. Either concentric or eccentric cones may be required. Where not specified, eccentric cones shall be used. Manhole designs shall be submitted for approval by the Engineer.

5. GENERAL CONSTRUCTION METHODS

All items shall be installed as the work progresses and as shown on the standard details. Work shall be completed and finished in a careful workmanlike manner, with special care being given to sealing joints around all pipe extending through walls of the manholes. After finishing walls, the bottom of the manhole shall be completed by adding sufficient concrete to shape the bottom in conformity with requirements on the plans. Where old manholes are adjusted to meet new lines and grades, all old masonry or concrete shall be thoroughly cleaned and wetted before joining new masonry or concrete to it. HDPE adjustment rings are to be used to match roadway grade. A maximum of 18" of adjustment rings may be utilized.

6. BACKFILLING/LEAKAGE TESTING

Backfilling around the manholes shall commence as soon as concrete or masonry has been allowed to cure the required time and forms and shoring have been removed. Backfill shall be placed in layers of not more than six inches (6") and compacted to a minimum of 95% Standard Proctor density before next layer is installed. Wastewater manholes shall withstand a leakage test not to exceed the values stated in Specification Section 027205 "Fiberglass Manholes", except that an additional 10 percent of loss will be permitted for each additional two feet head over a basic two-foot internal head.

7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, manholes shall be measured by each individual structure built, and paid for at the unit price bid per each, of the size, type and depth specified, complete in-place, and meeting the approval of the Engineer. "Complete in-place" shall mean all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to furnish and install the manholes, excavation, compaction, backfilling, dewatering, concrete foundation, connections, adjustment rings, ring and cover, concrete work, leakage testing, video inspection, and adjust the manholes to finish grade.

Extra depth for wastewater manholes over six feet in depth shall be measured by the vertical foot and shall be paid for at the price bid per vertical foot for "Extra Depth for Manholes".

Rehabilitation of existing manholes with fiberglass inserts shall be measured by each individual structure rehabilitated, and paid for at the unit price bid per each, of the size, type and depth specified, complete in-place, and meeting the approval of the Engineer. "Complete in-place" shall mean all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to furnish and install the rigid fiberglass manhole inserts, make connections, grout the annular space, backfilling, adjustment rings,

ring and cover, concrete work, leakage testing, and adjust the manholes to finish grade.

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027203
VACUUM TESTING OF SANITARY SEWER
MANHOLE AND STRUCTURES

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification governs all work and materials necessary to perform vacuum testing of new or existing sanitary sewer manholes. Manholes may be tested after installation with all connections (existing and/or proposed) in place. Vacuum testing may be performed prior to or after backfilling by the installer. Final acceptance in accordance with the requirements of this specification will consist of vacuum testing of the completed and installed structure (manhole) in place to include manhole/adjustment rings and manhole casting.

2. MATERIALS

Vacuum testing shall consist of a minimum of the following:

- (a) Engine
- (b) Vacuum Pump
- (c) Hose
- (d) Test head device capable of sealing opening in manhole casting as required.
- (e) Pneumatic test plugs – These plugs shall have a sealing length equal to or greater than the diameter of the connecting pipe to be sealed.

3. PROCEDURE

- (a) The test head shall be placed at the top of the manhole in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (b) A vacuum of 10 in. of mercury shall be drawn on the manhole, the valve on the vacuum line of the test head closed, and the vacuum pump shut off. The time shall be measured for the vacuum to drop to 9 in. of mercury.
- (c) The manhole shall pass if the time for the vacuum reading to drop from 10 in. of mercury to 9 in. of mercury exceeds 2 minutes.
- (d) If the manhole fails the initial test, necessary repairs shall be made by an approved method. The manhole shall then be retested until a satisfactory test is obtained.

4. TESTING AND CERTIFICATION

- (a) Testing shall be done by the Contractor and witnessed by the Engineer or his representative. All manholes and structures shall be tested as finished and completed for final acceptance.

- (b) Any defective work or materials shall be corrected or replaced by the Contractor and retested. This shall be repeated until all work and materials are acceptable.

5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, Vacuum Testing of Sanitary Manholes will not be measured for pay. Such items shall be considered subsidiary to pay items applicable for Standard Sanitary Sewer Manholes and Structures complete and in place.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027205
FIBERGLASS MANHOLES

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for providing, installing and adjusting fiberglass manholes required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL

Fiberglass manholes shall be installed at the locations indicated in the drawings.

3. MATERIALS

A. Manholes:

Fiberglass manholes shall be fabricated in accordance with ASTM-D-3753- Glass fiber reinforced polyester manholes latest edition and the referenced design criteria as follows:

1. ASTM-C-581 Practice for determining chemical resistance of thermosetting resins used in glass fiber reinforced structures intended for Liquid Service
2. ASTM-D-695 Test method for compressive properties of rigid plastics
3. ASTM-D-790 Test methods for flexural properties of un-reinforced and reinforced plastics and electrical insulating materials.
4. ASTM-C-923 Standard Specification for Resilient manhole connectors
5. ASTM-D-2412 Test Method for external loading properties of plastic pipe by parallel-plate loading.
6. ASTM-D-2583 Test method for indentation hardness of rigid plastics by means of a barcol impressor.
7. ASTM-D-2584 Test method for ignition loss of cured reinforced resins
8. ASTM-D-3034 Type PSM Poly Vinyl Chloride (PVC) sewer pipe and fittings
9. ASTM F794 PVC Profile Wall Sewer Pipe (riser)
10. ASTM C32 Clay brick, grade MM Risers for Storm Sewer Application 2-1/4" x 3-5/8" x 7-5/8"
11. Plastic Risers for Sanitary Sewer application: HDPE Rings

The minimum wall thickness for all fiberglass manholes at all depths shall be 0.50". The inside diameter of the manhole barrel shall be either 48" or 1.5 times the nominal pipe diameter of the largest pipe, whichever is larger. A concentric reducer over the barrel shall have a minimum inside diameter of 22 inches at the top.

B. Manhole Pipe Connectors:

Manhole pipe connectors for Sanitary Sewer Application shall be made of corrosion resistant plastic. The connector shall eliminate leaks around the pipe entering the manhole wall and shall permit pipe movement without loss of seal integrity and be in conformance with ASTM D-3212. Material for elastomeric seal in push-on joints shall meet the requirements of ASTM F-477. Material

for rubber sleeve shall meet the requirements of ASTM C-443. Manhole pipe connectors between 4" and 15", shall be Inserta Tee of Fowler Mfg. or approved equal.

Manhole pipe connection for Storm Sewer Application shall be made with Ram-Nek flexible plastic gasket material as manufactured by K.T. Snyder Company of Houston or approved equal and wrapped with Class A Subsurface Drainage Geotextile, AASHTO M288.

C. Manhole Base:

Concrete shall be Class A in accordance with Section 030020.

Caulk for seal between fiberglass manhole and concrete cast-in-place base shall be Epo-Flex epoxy (gun grade consistency) as manufactured by Dewey Supply of Corpus Christi or approved equal.

Pre-cast Reinforced Concrete Manhole Base shall be in accordance with requirements of ASTM C-478 as shown in the drawings.

D. Inflow Inhibitors:

Inflow inhibitors shall be installed in sanitary manholes. They shall be of 316 stainless steel with an equivalent thickness of not less than 18 gauge and load tested in excess of 3000 pounds. The inhibitor shall rest on the lip of the seating surface of the manhole ring and shall not exceed a depth of 6.5 inches. The seating surface of the inhibitor shall have an attached gasket on the weight bearing side. The inhibitor shall have a gas relief valve made of Nitrite and shall operate at a 1 psi differential pressure. The inhibitor shall be fitted with a handle of 3/16 plastic coated stainless steel cable attached to the insert body with a 6# 316 stainless steel rivet. The inhibitor shall be constructed of materials that withstand highly corrosive sewer gases.

E. Manhole Diameters:

Unless indicated otherwise in the drawings, the minimum internal diameter of manholes shall be based on sewer size and depth, as tabulated below. Note: As the minimum clear distance between sewers shall be 12", a larger diameter manhole may be required to achieve this requirement than may be indicated in the table below.

<u>Nominal Sewer Main</u>	<u>MH DEPTH</u>	<u>MH Diameter</u>
<30" diameter	0' – 14'	4'
>30" diameter	>14'	5'
30" – 36" diameter	any	5'

F. Ring & Cover:

Manhole ring & cover shall be East Jordan Iron Works V-1420/1480Z1 or approved equal, unless indicated otherwise in the drawings.

4. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

General: The limit of excavation shall allow for placing and removing forms, installing sheeting, shoring, bracing, etc. The Contractor shall pile excavated material in a manner that will not endanger the work and will avoid obstructing sidewalks, driveways, power pole, drainage, streets, etc.

Vertical Side: When necessary to protect other improvements, the Contractor shall maintain vertical sides of the excavation. The limit shall not exceed three feet outside the footing on a vertical plan parallel to the footing except where specifically approved otherwise by the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide and install any sheeting, shoring, and bracing as necessary to provide a safe work area as required to protect workmen, structures, equipment, power poles, etc. The Contractor shall be responsible for the design and adequacy of all sheeting, shoring and bracing. The sheeting, shoring, and bracing shall be removed, as the excavation is backfilled.

Sloping Sides: In unimproved areas, where sufficient space is available, the Contractor shall be allowed to back slope the sides of the excavation. The back slope shall be such that the excavation shall be safe from caving. Safety requirements shall govern the back slope used.

De-watering: The Contractor shall keep the excavation free from water by use of cofferdams, bailing, pumping well pointing, or any combination as the particular situation may warrant. All de-watering devices shall be installed in such a manner as to provide clearance for construction, removal of forms, and inspection of exterior of form work. It is the intent of these specifications that the foundation be placed on a firm dry bed. The foundation bed shall be kept in a de-watered condition for a sufficient period of time to insure the safety of the structure, but in no case shall de-watering be terminated sooner than seven (7) days after placing concrete. All de-watering methods and procedures are subject to the approval of the Engineer. The excavation shall be inspected and approved by the Engineer before work on the structure is started. The Contractor shall provide a relatively smooth, firm foundation bed for footings and slabs that bear directly on the undisturbed earth without additional cost to the City, regardless of the soil conditions encountered. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to whether these conditions have been met. The Contractor shall pile excavated material in a manner that will not create an unsafe condition.

Unauthorized Over Excavation: Excavation for slabs, footings, etc., that rest on earth, shall not be carried below the elevation shown on the drawings. In the event the excavation is carried on below the indicated elevation, the Contractor shall bring the slab, footing, etc., to the required grade by filling with concrete.

Wall Preparation for Pipe Penetrations: For sanitary sewer application, pipe penetrations for pipe 4" through 15" shall be made with appropriately sized core drill bits recommended by the Manufacturer. Pipe penetrations other than described above and as authorized by the Engineer shall be made as follows: cut shall be equal to the outside diameter of pipe to pass through it, plus 1/2 inch. Cuts are to be made using electric or gasoline powered circular saw with masonry blade. Impact type tools shall not be used.

Handling: Manholes shall be handled and stored in a safe manner as necessary to prevent damaging either the manhole or the surroundings. If manhole must be moved by rolling, then do so. The ground

on which it rolls shall be smooth and free of rocks, debris, etc. Manholes shall be lifted as specified by the manufacturer.

Height Adjustment: Adjust the manhole to correct elevation.

Installation: Lower manhole into proper vertical position.

Backfill Material: Unless shown otherwise on the drawings, select material shall be used for backfill around the manhole for a distance of two feet from the outside surface and extending from the bottom of the excavation to the bottom of the top slab. Suitable material chosen from the excavation may be used for the remainder of the backfill. The material chosen shall be free of large lumps or clods, which will not readily break down under compaction. This material will be subject to approval by the Engineer. Backfill material shall be free of vegetation or other extraneous material. Excavated material which is to be used for fill or backfill may be stockpiled on the site. Location of stockpiles shall be approved by the Engineer. Topsoil should be stockpiled separately and used for finish grading around the structure, if necessary.

When indicated on the plans or under pavements, the area around the manhole shall be backfilled to the road base with "Hasty Backfill" cement-stabilized sand containing a minimum of 1.5 sacks of standard Type I Portland cement per cubic yard of sand.

Schedule of Backfilling: The Contractor may begin backfilling of manhole as soon as practical.

Compaction: Backfill shall be uniformly compacted in layers not to exceed 6" compacted thickness and to at least 95% Standard Proctor Density. Backfill shall be placed in such a manner as to prevent any wedging action against the structure.

5. TESTING

Manholes will be tested for leakage by either of two tests as specified by Engineer.

Water Leakage Test: The contractor shall provide water, labor, and materials for testing. Testing will be as follows:

1. With sewers plugged, the manhole shall be filled with water.
2. The manhole shall be checked after 24 hours have elapsed.
3. Water loss shall not exceed 0.025 gallons per foot of depth per foot of diameter per hour.
4. If the manhole is within 9 feet of a waterline that is not or cannot be encased, the manhole shall be tested for no leaks and no noticeable loss of water shall be experienced for the 24-hour period.

If water loss is excessive, the Contractor shall correct the problem and the manhole shall be retested.

Vacuum Test: Vacuum testing shall be in accordance with Section 027203, Vacuum Testing of Sanitary Sewer Manholes and Structures.

6. GRADE ADJUSTMENT OF EXISTING FIBERGLASS MANHOLES

The adjustment of the ring and cover is to be achieved by removal or addition of a grade adjustment bricks (for storm) or HDPE (for sanitary), grade adjustment rings that rest above the fiberglass corbel. If the ring and cover must be lowered to the extent that the new elevation cannot be achieved by removal of bricks and it is necessary to remove a section of the fiberglass manhole, this work shall be done as described below.

Note that manhole repair kits are available for this work.

Remove the appropriately sized section of the existing manhole from the vertical manhole wall at least 6" below the seam where the corbel meets the vertical wall.

Excavate evenly around the manhole as required.

Mark, cut and remove the required section of the manhole. Make a square cut as necessary for a good butt splice.

Grind and clean ends of fiberglass that are to be re-united.

Replace and align the top. Fiberglass a 6" strip along the outside seam all around with two layers of mat with one layer of roven woven sandwiched between.

After the outside has set, go on the inside and fill any voids in the seam with epoxy or material provided by a manhole manufacturer for use in such application.

After the putty has set, Fiberglass (verb) a 6" strip on the inside as previously done on the outside.

After curing, backfill with select material compacted to a minimum of 95% standard proctor or as directed by the Engineer.

7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, Fiberglass Manholes shall be measured per each. Measurement shall include, but not be limited to; excavation, concrete foundation, manhole assembly, connections, cast iron frame and cover, concrete work, backfill, testing, and other work as required completing the fiberglass manhole. Payment shall be made at the unit price bid and shall fully compensate the Contractor for all materials, labor, tools equipment, and other incidentals required to complete the work.

END OF SECTION

**GENERIC
BID SPECIFICATION
FOR
CURED-IN-PLACE
MANHOLELINERS**

SECTION 027207B
REHABILITATION OF MANHOLES AND WET WELLS
WITH CIP LINER

1. GENERAL

- A. This section covers the lining and rehabilitation of structures within sanitary and storm water collection systems with the use of a cured-in-place laminated composite bonded to the host structure. It shall be comprised of a three-layered, laminated structural system containing a non-porous membrane layered between two structural layers of woven roving fiberglass.
- B. Any alternative product being submitted for pre-approval must provide third party test certification that the product will meet or exceed the physical properties named herein in Section 2.1.G, Table 1. Proposed product and Contractor must also meet or exceed the installation standards, experience and performance qualifications as herein described in this specification. If approved, notice from the Owner/Engineer shall be delivered to all plan holders and potential bidders a minimum of fourteen calendar days prior to date of bid opening, in the form of a written addendum. Spray and hand applied coatings shall not be considered for use on this project.
- C. Any product used must provide warranty that infiltration, further deterioration and root intrusion shall be prevented for the warranty period. Said warranty shall be unlimited and non-prorated for 20-year liner materials and 1-year labor.

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. Liner material and components shall have been custom fabricated to fit the specific configuration of each structure prior to the commencement of the liner installation. Liner shall be of the type that allows rehabilitation of concentric, eccentric, or flat top manholes without removing manhole ring, top section, flat-top, or corbel.
- B. Cured-in-place manhole (CIPM) liner shall completely seal the manhole, shelf, pipe inlet and outlets, and the lid ring frame in a monolithic method, as required, or as shown on the plans, and that no holes, cracks, or seams in the liner are left unsealed, which would allow gases or fluids to flow behind the CIPM manhole liner.
- C. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required to supply and install a chemical resistant CIPM Liner as required or as shown on the plans.
- D. The CIPM Liner shall be designed and installed to protect concrete, brick, and other manhole surfaces from corrosion. The CIPM liner product shall be designed to stop infiltration, root intrusion, and further deterioration in the structure. The interior surfaces to be protected shall include the walls, shelves, pipe junctions and the lid ring frame.
- E. Omission of a specific item or component obviously necessary for the proper installation and functioning of the system shall not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility of supplying that specific item or component at no additional expense to the Owner.

1.2 REFERENCED SPECIFICATIONS

- A. The CIPM corrosion resistant liner system shall be manufactured and installed in compliance with the listed minimum values of the applicable ASTM testing requirements.
1. ASTM D-638 Tensile Strength
 2. ASTM D-790 Flexural Strength and Flexural Modulus ASTM
 3. D-695 Compressive Strength
 4. ASTM 7234-21 Adhesion Strength

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Contractor shall submit for review, complete detailed shop drawings and schedule for all materials furnished under this section.
- B. The Contractor shall submit for approval all manufacturer warranties for all materials furnished under this section and Manufacturer's certification that the materials supplied comply with this specification.
- C. The Contractor shall submit for approval, the Manufacturer's Licensee Certification that the Contractor is trained in the installation process and procedures for the proposed liner system under this section having installed a minimum of 1,500 liners as specified.
- D. The Contractor shall provide a reference list of manhole rehabilitation projects that are of the same typical scope of work as this project. Reference shall include: Name and address of Client, project name, contact person, phone, scope including number of structures lined, and gross dollar amount of the project.
- E. Contractor shall submit the Manufacturer's affidavit showing that the product meets or exceeds the physical properties named herein on Table 1, Test Property Values.

1.4 WARRANTY AND REPAIRS

- A. Manufacturer shall provide unlimited and non-prorated warranty on the performance of the CIPM Liner materials for 20 years and Certified Installer shall provide 1-year labor warranty to repair or replace any failing conditions of the liner in the structure. Certification of the conforming warranty shall be provided prior to approval of the submittals and award of contract.
- B. The cured-in-place liner system shall be flexible and have an elongation sufficient to bridge up to a ¼-inch settling crack, without damage to the lining. The liner shall be able to bridge expansion cracks that may occur.
- C. The cured-in-place liner system shall be repairable at any time during the life of the structure, with the same type of liner system materials used in the original installation, including repair or lining of the upper chimney portion where grade adjustments have been made. Repair/lining materials shall be of the type that will bond to the original liner materials.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND DESIGN GUIDE

- A. The design guide below for Type 1, II and III, is intended as a general guide for the CIPM liner products and is not intended to limit the manufacturers and authorized installer's judgment to use a heavier liner in determining the appropriate thickness and type of liners for individual structures based upon the specific conditions encountered in each structure. Any variation of the liner thickness requirements detailed below in section 2.1-B, C, and D, shall be approved by the manufacturer in writing, and mutually agreed upon between the Owner and Contractor, prior to commencement of the work. Variation in liner thickness by the manufacturer or authorized installer will not affect the warranty requirement.
- B. Type I: In structures up to 13 feet deep (depending on specific local conditions), the liner shall be a three-layered composite system (see table 1 below). Layer #1 is 18- oz. structural fiberglass impregnated with a modified epoxy resin and bonded to the existing substructure. Layer #2 is to be a gas and liquid impermeable membrane of special non-porous materials, bonded to layer #1 and layer #3. Layer #3 will consist of 18-oz. woven roving structural fiberglass saturated with epoxy and bonded to the non-porous membrane, forming a smooth interior wall to the host structure. The non-porous water and gas shield shall be imbedded between the structural layers of epoxy-fiberglass to guard against nicks, tears, and damage to the gas protection membrane.
- C. Type II: In structures from 13-30 feet, (or with site conditions requiring structural enhancement), the liner shall be a three-layered composite system (see table 1 below). Layer #1 will be a 24-oz. woven roving structural fiberglass impregnated with modified epoxy resins and bonded to the existing substructure. Layer #2 is to be a gas and liquid impermeable membrane of special non-porous materials, bonded to layer #1 and layer #3. Layer #3 will consist of a 24-oz. woven roving structural fiberglass saturated with epoxy and bonded to the non-porous membrane, forming a smooth interior wall to the host structure. The non-porous water and gas shield shall be imbedded between the structural layers of epoxy-fiberglass to guard against nicks, tears, and damage to the gas protection membrane.
- D. Type III: In structures deeper than 30 feet or for portions of structures deeper than 30', (or with site conditions requiring additional structural enhancement), the liner shall be a five-layered composite system (see table 1 below). Layer #1 will be two (2) 24- oz. woven roving structural fiberglass layers impregnated with modified epoxy resins and bonded to the existing substructure. Layer #2 is to be a gas and liquid impermeable membrane of special non-porous materials, bonded to layer #1 and layer #3. Layer #3 will consist of two (2) 24-oz. woven roving structural fiberglass layers saturated with epoxy and bonded to the non-porous membrane, forming a smooth interior wall to the host structure. The non-porous water and gas shield shall be imbedded between the structural layers of epoxy-fiberglass to guard against nicks, tears, and damage to the gas protection membrane. There is no minimum or maximum manhole depth limit on this liner.

- E. The CIPM liner shall be constructed such that the non-porous PVC inner membrane is protected from damage by the structural fiberglass and epoxy layer on both sides. This inside surface protective layer is to protect the CIPM liner from impact damage e.g., nicks from rodders and root cutters, hydro-vacuum nozzles, inspection cameras, survey equipment, and construction techniques used in pipeline rehabilitation. The non-porous PVC membrane shall not be exposed on the inside of the manhole. The importance of this protective layer cannot be overemphasized to protect the manhole from sulfides and other gases penetrating through nicks and cuts in an unprotected membrane. This CIPM liner must be impervious and without pinholes that will allow hidden corrosion on the concrete behind the liner, which can cause the eventual failure of the liner and the manhole.
- F. The CIPM Lining System shall be applied by a manufacturer certified Licensed Installer and shall be installed in strict accordance with Manufacturer's specifications. Liner Installer shall be trained in handling, application of materials, and will custom fit the liner to the manhole in order to protect the concrete and brick surfaces from sewer gases.

TABLE 1, Test Property Values

The Manufacturer must provide an affidavit certifying that the liners to be installed will meet or exceed the following test values. Furthermore, Manufacturer must provide a warranty certificate that clearly states that the 20-year materials warranty shall be unlimited and non-prorated for the entire period of the warranty.

Materials Section	Type I	Type II	Type III
ASTM-D-790			
Flexural Strength	18,000 psi	27,000 psi	29,000 psi
Flexural Modulus	900,000 psi	1,000,000 psi	1,100,000 psi
ASTM-D-638			
Tensile Strength	8,000 psi	12,500 psi	14,000 psi
ASTM 7234-21			
Adhesion Strength	350 PSI or Substrate Failure	350 PSI or Substrate Failure	350 PSI or Substrate Failure
Engineered Life Expectancy	100 Years	100 Years	100 Years
Installation Warranty	1 Year	1 Year	1 Year
Materials Warranty	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years

3. INSTALLATION

3.1 STRUCTURE PREPARATION-CIPM REHABILITATION

- A. The Contractor shall remove and replace and/or make grade adjustment to ring and cover as needed using standard D.O.T. or Military Base Specification, prior to the installation of the liner system.
- B. Contractor will perform preliminary cleaning the structure with a high-pressure water jet blast at a minimum of 4,000 psi with a rotating pencil tip nozzle to prepare the structure for any necessary grouting or other preparation.
- C. The Contractor shall remove the existing manhole steps. The metal portion of all steps will be removed flush with the manhole interior wall surface and any remaining holes are to be patched flush prior to applying the CIP manhole rehabilitation system. The final coated surface shall have a smooth uniform appearance.
- D. Prior to patching severe defects in the manhole, all loose and deteriorated material shall be removed and disposed of by the contractor. The bench areas shall be repaired as and contoured to promote hydraulic flow. The prepared surface of the shelves shall be smooth and shall be sloped to allow for all bench areas to drain to the pipe invert.
- E. Manhole chimney, wall and shelf repair shall include plugging, and/or patching as necessary, with specified grout, plugging or patching compounds, hydraulic and/or Type II Portland cement or equal.
- F. All active hydrostatic water leakage shall be stopped within four (4) inches of where the liner will end around pipes or the shelf area in accordance with manufacturer's instruction.
- G. Contractor shall plug the inlet pipe, inspect for infiltration leaks around the inlet and outlet pipes as well as in the invert channel. All leaks present shall be stopped by using chemical foam grout injection with Avanti 202 or equal and/or by the use of hydraulic cement. After stopping leaks with chemical grout, hydraulic cement shall be used to refinish the surface where the leak was occurring.
- H. All cracked or disintegrated material shall be removed from the area to be patched exposing a sound substrate. Patches of filling of voids shall be allowed to cure according to the manufacturer's specifications before continuing with the CIPM rehabilitation process.
- I. Contractor shall remove any drop pipes to within 2 inches of the wall. All other incoming laterals shall be trimmed within 2 inches of the interior wall and sewer main line inlet and outlet openings shall be properly trimmed within 4 inches of the wall in areas where such pipes protrude above the benches that form the invert channel. All incoming and outgoing lines shall be grouted with an approximate 60° taper with hydraulic cement, Portland type II cement, or 50/50 combination of hydraulic and Portland, forming a fillet (not less than a 6-inch radius) between the structure

wall and each pipe. Such application of grout shall extend at least four inches from the outlet onto the wall area making a smooth transition for the liner connection to the pipe openings.

- J. Prior to liner installation, Manufacturer's Authorized Installer shall clean all surfaces of the host structure with a high-pressure sprayer having an operating pressure of at least 4,000-psi with a rotating pencil tip nozzle. After pressure cleaning, installer may clean structure with degreaser or other solvents as needed to remove any film or residue on the surface. Structure shall then be pressure rinsed with clean water.

3.2 CONTRACTOR AND INSTALLER WORK HISTORY

- A. The Contractor shall have completed and installed a minimum of 1,500 cured-in place manhole (CIPM) installations with the approved specified liner. Contractor will provide a list of said installation with at least three (3) references of the specified liner installations.
- B. The licensed installer shall have installed the specified cured-in-place manhole (CIPM) liner system in at least 1,500 structures and provide a detailed list with proof and verification thereof. Contractor must have verified at least seven (7) years of experience as a General Contractor on CIPM only contracts and provide list of ten (10) projects that contractor acted as General Contractor on similar CIPM only projects.

3.3 CIPM LINER INSTALLATION

- A. Manufacturer's authorized licensed installer shall typically install the CIPM liner with simultaneously combined air pressure and steam heat injection, except where jobsite conditions restrict use. The liner may also be installed with or without other heat methods including ambient curing under longer periods of time in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. Epoxy resin as specified herein does not have a flash cure, but rather is typically a condition of liner thickness, time and temperature. Hand applied fiberglass and epoxy application shall not be accepted. Installer shall line manhole shelf/bench areas and pump station floors with CIPM Liner System materials that have been saturated with the epoxy resin and placed in the bottom to extend approximately three inches up the wall section, to overlap with the liner wall section. The CIPM Liner shall be made longer than the structure to overlap and reinforce the bench/floor transition area, providing overlap and double liner thickness in the critical corner section where the wall meets the bench.

3.4 FINAL INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

- A. The installation of the approved liner system shall be in strict accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. Contractor may submit alternate thicknesses as per the manufacturer's recommendations. The work shall include re-grouting all inlet and outlet lines and benches, as needed, including all preparation, installation, curing and finish operations for the complete rehabilitation process. The liner shall be installed and cured-in-place via a simultaneous pressurization blower system with steam heat injection, or other manufacturer approved process. The curing process will be typically completed in manholes in approximately two hours. Inlet and outlet lines must be reopened within one hour from the time the curing process is completed.

- B. The CIPM lining of the structure shall result in a monolithic structure, bonded to the contours of the existing host structure. The liner shall be adequately bonded to the interior structure surface and be completely watertight from the ring and cover area to the transition area where the shelf and invert channel connects, including completely sealing the manhole wall and shelf areas to the inlet and outlet pipes.
- C. Qualification testing of the CIPM liner materials shall have been completed prior to installation. The initial structural properties shall meet or exceed the properties shown in Table 1. Any pertinent qualification testing shall be completed according to ASTM D 5813 as agreed upon between the owner and manufacturer.
- D. Cleaned Structure--All surfaces of the host structure shall be clean to the concrete substrate, acceptable to the owner/inspector and ready to receive the liner.
- E. Resin Quantity--The liner manufacturer shall provide a tag on each CIPM liner indicating the amount of catalyzed resin necessary for impregnation purposes in order to meet structural properties. This will be acceptable with a tolerance variation of plus or minus 5%.
- F. The completed installation should be visually inspected to assure that dry spots are not present in the finished liner. This can also be accomplished by closed circuit television if usual inspection cannot be accomplished. No infiltration of groundwater should be observed coming through the CIPM liner or coming out at any place where the liner ends.
- G. Curing logs shall be filled out and kept on every structure that is lined. Such curing forms shall be provided by the manufacturer and shall be maintained for the duration of the 20-year warranty period.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027402
REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern the furnishing and placing of reinforced concrete pipe culverts and the material and incidental construction requirements for reinforced concrete pipe sewers. The culvert pipe shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of these specifications to the lines and grades shown on the plans, and shall be of the classes, sizes and dimensions shown thereon. The installation of pipe shall include all joints or connections to new or existing pipe, headwalls, etc., as may be required to complete the work.

2. MATERIALS

2.1 GENERAL

Except as modified herein, materials, manufacture and design of pipe shall conform to ASTM C-76 for Circular Pipe. All pipe shall be machine made or cast by a process which will provide for uniform placement of the concrete in the form and compaction by mechanical devices which will assure a dense concrete. Concrete shall be mixed in a central batch plant or other approved batching facility from which the quality and uniformity of the concrete can be assured. Transit mixed concrete will not be acceptable for use in precast concrete pipe.

2.2 DESIGN

All pipe shall be Class III (Wall "B") unless otherwise specified on the plans. The shell thickness, the amount of circumferential reinforcement and the strength of the pipe shall conform to the specified class as summarized in ASTM C-76 for Circular Pipe.

2.3 SIZES AND PERMISSIBLE VARIATIONS

- a. Variations in diameter, size, shape, wall thickness, reinforcement, placement of reinforcement, laying length and the permissible underrun of length shall be in accordance with the applicable ASTM Specification for each type of pipe as referred to previously.
- b. Where rubber gasket pipe joints are to be used, the design of the Joints and Permissible Variations in Dimensions shall be in accordance with ASTM C-443.

2.4 WORKMANSHIP AND FINISH

Pipe shall be substantially free from fractures, large or deep cracks and surface roughness. The ends of the pipe shall be normal to the walls and centerline of the pipe within the limits of variations allowed under the applicable ASTM specification.

2.5 CURING

Pipe shall be cured in accordance with the applicable ASTM Specification for each type of pipe as referred to above.

2.6 MARKING

The following information shall be clearly marked on each section of pipe:

- a. The class of pipe.
- b. The date of manufacture.
- c. The name or trademark of the manufacturer.
- d. Marking shall be indented on the pipe section or painted thereon with waterproof paint.

2.7 MINIMUM AGE FOR SHIPMENT

Pipe shall be considered ready for shipment when it conforms to the requirements of the tests specified herein.

2.8 INSPECTION

The quality of materials, the process of manufacture, and the finished pipe shall be subject to inspection and approval by the Engineer at the pipe manufacturing plant. In addition, the finished pipe shall be subject to further inspection by the Engineer at the project site prior to and during installation.

2.9 CAUSES FOR REJECTION

Pipe shall be subject to rejection on account of failure to conform to any of the specification requirements. Individual sections of pipe may be rejected because of any of the following:

- a. Fractures or cracks passing through the shell, except for a single end crack that does not exceed the depth of the joint.
- b. Defects that indicate imperfect proportioning, mixing and molding.
- c. Surface defects indicating honeycombed or open texture.
- d. Damaged ends, where such damage would prevent making a satisfactory joint.

2.10 REPAIRS

Pipe may be repaired if necessary, because of occasional imperfections in manufacture or accidental injury during the handling, and will be acceptable if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the repairs are sound and properly finished and cured and the repaired pipe conforms to the requirements of the specifications.

2.11 REJECTIONS

All rejected pipe shall be plainly marked by the Engineer and shall be replaced by the Contractor with pipe that meets the requirements of these specifications. Such rejected pipe shall be removed immediately from the worksite.

2.12 JOINTING MATERIALS

Unless otherwise specified on the plans, the Contractor shall have the option of making the joints by any of the following methods:

a. Ram-Nek, a pre-formed plastic base joint material manufactured by K. T. Knyder Company, Houston, Texas, or an approved equal. Use of Talcote as joint material will not be not permitted. Ram-Nek joint material and primer shall be supplied for use on pipe in the following sizes, which is the minimum that will be required.

Additional Ram-Nek may be required if, in the opinion of the Engineer, a proper joint is not secured.

<u>Pipe Size</u>	<u>Primer Per 100 Jts.</u>	<u>Cut Lengths Per Joint</u>
12"	1.5 gals.	½ pcs 1" x 2'-5"
15"	1.9 gals.	2 pcs 1" x 2'-5"
18"	2.7 gals.	1½ pcs 1½ " x 3'-5"
21"	3.8 gals.	2 pcs 1½ " x 3'-5"
24"	6.2 gals.	2 pcs 1½ " x 3'-5"
30"	8.5 gals.	2½ pcs 1½ " x 3'-5"
36"	9.5 gals.	3 pcs 1¾" x 3'-5"
42"	12.0 gals.	3½ pcs 1¾" x 3'-5"
48"	15.0 gals.	4 pcs 1¾" x 3'-5"
54"	20.0 gals.	4½ pcs 1¾" x 3'-5"
60"	25.0 gals.	5 pcs 1¾" x 3'-5"
66"	30.0 gals.	5½ pcs 1¾" x 3'-5"
72"	32.0 gals.	6 pcs 2" x 3'-5"
84"	35.0 gals.	7 pcs 2" x 3'-5"

b. TYLOX Types "C", "C-P" or "CR" rubber gaskets, as applicable, as manufactured by Hamilton Kent Manufacturing Company, Kent, Ohio, or approved equal. All gaskets, lubricants, adhesives, etc., shall be manufactured, constructed, installed, etc., as recommended by the manufacturer of the rubber gasket material and conform to ASTM Designation: C-443. In addition, the Contractor shall furnish to the City, for approval, manufacturer's brochures detailing the complete use, installation, and specifications of concrete pipe and rubber gaskets before any rubber gasket material is used on the project. All rubber gaskets shall be fabricated from synthetic rubber.

c. Cement Mortar is prohibited from jointing pipe except at manholes, pipe junctions, etc., or where specifically approved by the Engineer.

d. Geotextile for wrapping pipe joints shall be Class "A" subsurface drainage type in accordance with AASHTO M288.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Reinforced concrete pipe culverts shall be constructed from the specified materials in accordance with the following methods and procedures:

3.1 EXCAVATION

All excavation shall be in accordance with the requirements of Specification Section 022020 "Excavation and Backfill for Utilities," except where tunneling or jacking methods are shown on the plans or permitted by the Engineer.

When pipe is laid in a trench, the trench, when completed and shaped to receive the pipe, shall be of sufficient width to provide free working space for satisfactory bedding and jointing and thorough tamping of the backfill and bedding material under and around the pipe. The Contractor shall make such temporary provisions as may be necessary to insure adequate drainage of the trench and bedding during the construction operation. Pipe shall be placed such that the identification markings are visible at the top prior to backfill.

3.2 BEDDING

The pipe shall be bedded in accordance with the bedding details shown on the drawings. Bedding shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to other work. If the subgrade of the trench is unstable, even if this condition occurs at relatively shallow depths, full encasement of the pipe with crushed stone shall be required.

3.3 LAYING PIPE

Unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer, the laying of pipe on the prepared foundation shall be started at the outlet (downstream) end with the spigot or tongue end pointing downstream, and shall proceed toward the inlet (upstream) end with the abutting sections properly matched, true to the established lines and grades. Where bell and spigot pipe are used, cross trenches shall be cut in the foundation to allow the barrel of the pipe to rest firmly upon the prepared bed. These cross trenches shall be not more than two inches larger than the bell ends of the pipe. Proper facilities shall be provided for hoisting and lowering the sections of pipe into the trench without disturbing the prepared foundation and the sides of the trench. The ends of the pipe shall be carefully cleaned before the pipe is placed. As each length of pipe is laid, the mouth of the pipe shall be protected to prevent the entrance of earth or bedding material. The pipe shall be fitted and matched so that when laid in the bed, it shall form a smooth, uniform conduit. When elliptical pipe with circular reinforcing or circular pipe with elliptical reinforcing is used, the pipe shall be laid in the trench in such position that the markings "TOP" or "BOTTOM" shall not be more than 5 degrees from the vertical plane through the longitudinal axis of the pipe.

For pipe over 42 inches in diameter, the Contractor may drill two holes not larger than 2 inches in diameter, in the top of each section of the pipe, to aid in lifting and placing.

The holes shall be neatly drilled, without spalling of the concrete, and shall be done without the cutting of any reinforcement. After the pipe is laid, the holes shall be filled with mortar and properly cured, and placed such that they are visible from the top for inspection prior to backfill.

Multiple installations of reinforced concrete pipe shall be laid with the center lines of individual barrels parallel. When not otherwise indicated on plans, the following clear distances between outer surfaces of adjacent pipe shall be used.

Diameter of Pipe	18"	24"	30"	36"	42"	48"	54"	60" to 84"
Clear Distance Between Pipes	0'-9"	0'-11"	1'-1"	1'-3"	1'-5"	1'-7"	1'-11"	2'-0"

1. Jointing.

a. If the use of Portland cement mortar joints is allowed, all pipe shall be jointed tight and sealed with stiff mortar, composed of one part Portland cement and two parts sand, so placed as to form a durable water-tight joint. The installation shall be as required by the Engineer.

b. Joints using Rubber Gaskets: Where rubber gasket pipe joints are required by the plans, the joint assembly shall be made according to the recommendations of the gasket manufacturer. Water-tight joints will be required when using rubber gaskets.

c. Joints using Cold-Applied Preformed Plastic Gaskets shall be made as follows:

A suitable prime of the type recommended by the manufacturer of the gasket joint sealer shall be brush-applied to the tongue and groove joint surfaces and the end surfaces and allowed to dry and harden. No primer shall be applied over mud, sand or dirt or sharp cement protrusions. The surface to be primed must be clean and dry when primer is applied.

Before laying the pipe in the trench, the plastic gasket sealer shall be attached around the tapered tongue or tapered groove near the shoulder or hub of each pipe joint. The paper wrapper shall be removed from one side only of the two-piece wrapper on the gasket and pressed firmly to the clean, dry pipe joint surface. The outside wrapper shall not be removed until immediately before pushing the pipe into its final position.

When the tongue is correctly aligned with the flare of the groove, the outside wrapper on the gasket shall be removed and the pipe shall be pulled or pushed home with sufficient force and power (backhoe shovel, chain hoist, ratchet hoist or winch) to cause the evidence of squeeze-out of the gasket material on the inside or outside around the complete pipe joint circumference. The extruded gasket material shall be smoothed out over the joint on the exterior and interior of the pipe. Any joint material pushed out into the interior of the pipe that would tend to obstruct the flow shall be removed. (Pipe shall be pulled home in a straight line with all parts of the pipe on line and grade at all times.) Backfilling of pipe laid with plastic gasket joints may proceed as soon as the joint has been inspected and approved by the Engineer. Special precautions shall be taken in placing and compacting backfill to avoid damage to the joints.

When the atmospheric temperature is below 60 degrees F, plastic joint seal gaskets shall either be stored in an area warmed to above 70 degrees F, or artificially warmed to this temperature in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. Gaskets shall then be applied to pipe joints immediately prior to placing pipe in the trench, followed by connection to previously laid pipe.

d. Pipe Joints for storm sewers shall be wrapped with geotextile material. The geotextile wrap shall be at least 2 feet wide and shall be centered on each joint.

2. After the pipe has been placed, bedded and jointed as specified, filling and/or backfilling shall be done in accordance with the applicable requirements of Specification Section 022020 "Excavation and Backfill for Utilities." If unstable conditions are encountered, fully encase the pipe with crushed stone as described above. When mortar joints are allowed, no fill or backfill shall be placed until the jointing material has been cured for at least six (6) hours.

Special precautions shall be taken in placing and compacting the backfill to avoid any movement of the pipe or damage to the joints. For side drain culverts and all other culverts where joints consist of materials other than mortar, immediate backfilling will be permitted.

3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or permitted in writing by the Engineer, no heavy earth moving equipment will be permitted to haul over the structure until a minimum of 4 feet of permanent or temporary compacted fill has been placed thereon. Pipe damaged by the Contractor's equipment shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost.
4. Cleaning and Television Inspection. All enclosed reinforced concrete pipe and manholes installed on this project shall be cleaned and televised in accordance with Specification Section 027611 "Cleaning and Televised Inspection of Conduits."

4. MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, reinforced concrete pipe will be measured by the linear foot. Such measurement will be made between the ends of the pipe barrel along its central axis. Where spurs or branches, or connections to existing pipe lines are involved, measurement of the spur or new connecting pipe will be made from the intersection of its center axis with the outside surfaces of the pipe into which it connects. Where inlets, headwalls, catch basins, manholes, junction chambers, or other structures are included in lines of pipe, that length of pipe tying into the structure wall will be included for measurement but no other portion of the structure length or width will be so included.

For multiple pipes, the measured length will be the sum of the lengths of the barrels measured as prescribed above.

5. PAYMENT

Payment for reinforced concrete pipe measured as prescribed above will be made at the contract unit price bid per linear foot for the various sizes of "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" of the class specified.

Payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and transporting the pipe; hauling and placing of earth cushion material where required for bedding pipe; for the preparation and shaping of beds; for hauling, placing and jointing of pipes; for furnishing and installing geotextile pipe joint wrapping; for end finish; for all connections to existing and new structures; for cleaning and television inspection; and for all other items of materials, labor, equipment, tools, excavation, backfill and incidentals necessary to complete the culvert or storm sewer in accordance with the plans and these specifications.

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027404
CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for constructing, furnishing, and installing reinforced concrete box culverts required to complete the project.

All reinforced concrete boxes for this project shall be precast concrete in accordance with TxDOT Standards for precast box culverts and the details shown on the drawings for the appropriate height of fill, and design shall conform to ASTM C1577.

Alternate designs of precast boxes will be considered for approval upon submission of shop drawings detailing the box and certifications that the box, as designed, is structurally comparable to or better than the box shown in the contract drawings and is designed to support HS20 loading per ASSHTO M273. The shop drawings and certifications shall be signed and sealed by a Texas registered professional engineer.

2. MATERIALS

1. Concrete.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, Class "C" concrete shall be used for cast-in place boxes, conforming to the requirements of Specification Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete" and Specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures", except that Class "S" concrete will be required for top slabs of direct traffic cast-in place boxes.

Concrete for precast (machine-made) boxes shall meet the requirements of ASTM C76 Sections: "Cement", "Aggregates" and "Mixture", and shall have a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 5,000 psi.

2. Reinforcement.

Reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of Specification Section 032020 "Reinforcing Steel" and the details shown on the plans.

3. Jointing.

Materials for jointing shall conform to the requirements of Specification Section 027402 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe Culverts".

4. Membrane Curing.

Materials for membrane curing shall conform to Specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures".

5. Geotextile.

Geotextile fabric for wrapping joints shall be Class 1 geotextile for subsurface drainage with an average opening size (AOS) of 0.22mm and in accordance with AASHTO M288.

3. FABRICATION

The requirement of Specification Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete" and Specification Section 038000 "Concrete for Structures" shall govern for cast-in-place concrete box culverts and for precast (formed) boxes except where otherwise specified herein. Forms for precast (machine-made) boxes shall be made of steel. Forms for cast-in-place boxes and precast (formed) boxes may be either wood or steel.

Forms shall be mortar-tight and of sufficient strength to prevent excessive bulging or misalignment of adjacent boxes. They shall be constructed to permit their removal without damage to the concrete. Offsets at form joints shall not exceed one-eighth inch (1/8"). Forms shall be clean and free of extraneous matter when concrete is placed.

Positive means of supporting steel cages in place throughout forming and concrete placement shall be required and subject to the approval of the Engineer. Welding of reinforcing steel will be permitted only where shown on the plans. Welding shall be done by a qualified welder and shall conform to industry standards.

Precast (machine-made) boxes shall be cast by a process which will provide for uniform placement of the concrete in the forms and compaction by mechanical devices which will assure dense concrete. Concrete shall be mixed in a central batch plant or other approved batching facility from which the quality and uniformity of the concrete can be assured. Transit mixed concrete shall not be acceptable for use in precast (machine-made) boxes.

4. TESTING AND CERTIFICATION

1. Physical Requirements.

Precast boxes shall meet the requirement of ASTM C1577. Testing shall be done by a materials engineering testing laboratory which meets the requirements for membership in the American Council of Independent Laboratories.

2. Fabrication Tolerances.

Precast boxes shall conform to the following tolerances:

When two box sections are fitted together on a flat surface, in proper alignment and in the position they will be installed, the longitudinal opening at any point shall not exceed one inch (1").

Not more than four lifting holes may be provided in each box to facilitate handling. They may be cast-in, cut into the fresh concrete after form removal or drilled, and shall not be more than 2 inches

in diameter or 2 inches square. Cutting or displacement of the reinforcement will not be permitted.

Spalled areas around the holes shall be repaired. Concrete boxes shall be given an "Ordinary Surface Finish" in accordance with Section 038000 "Concrete Structures".

3. Certification.

Certification of quality shall be provided with each delivery of materials to the job site by the manufacturer. Certification shall be a written report by the materials engineering testing laboratory.

4. DEFECTS AND REPAIRS

Fine cracks or checks on the surface of the member which do not extend to the plane of the nearest reinforcement will not be cause for rejection unless they are numerous and extensive. Cracks which extend into the plane of the reinforcing steel but are acceptable otherwise, shall be repaired in an approved manner.

Small damaged or honeycombed areas which are purely surficial in nature may be repaired. Excessive damage, honeycombing or cracking will be subject to structural review. Repairs shall be sound, properly finished, and cured in conformance with the pertinent specifications. When fine cracks or hairline cracks on the surface indicate poor curing practices, further production of precast boxes shall be discontinued until corrections are made and proper curing provided.

5. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Excavation and backfill shall be in accordance with Specification Section 022020 "Excavation and Backfill for Utilities" and contract drawing details for Stormwater. Bedding for precast concrete box culverts located under pavements shall consist of 6 inches of cement-stabilized sand containing a minimum of 1½ sacks of Standard Type I or Type II Portland cement per cubic yard of sand and compacted to not less than 95% Standard Proctor density.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Contractor may use any of the jointing materials, except rubber gaskets, and shall comply with the jointing requirements specified in the Specification Section 027402 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe Culverts".

All box joints shall be wrapped with geotextile fabric. The wrap shall be at least two (2) feet wide and centered on the joints.

Lifting holes shall be filled with mortar or concrete and cured to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

6. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, concrete box culverts shall be measured by the linear foot for each size of box installed. The measurement will be made between the ends of the box along the centerline. For boxes used in the multiple barrel structures, the measured length will be the sum of the lengths of all barrels.

Payment shall be made at the contract bid price and shall fully compensate the Contractor for furnishing, transporting and installing the box culverts; for bedding materials and bed preparation including compaction; for excavation and backfill of trenches; for all connections to existing and new structures; and for all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals required to complete the work as shown on the contract drawings and as specified herein.

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027602
GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for furnishing, handling, and installing gravity sanitary sewers required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

A. Pipe and Fillings:

1. ~~VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE (VCP) and fittings shall be "Extra Strength" in accordance with ASTM C 700. Pipe shall have a minimum laying length of 6 feet, unless indicated otherwise on the plans. All joints shall be in accordance with ASTM C 425. Joints for pipe and fittings with a nominal diameter of 18 inches or less shall be Plain End (PEP); for larger sizes either PEP or Bell and Spigot.~~
2. POLY-VINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE and fittings shall be in accordance with ASTM D-3034. Pipe shall have an SDR of 26. Pipe and fittings shall have push-on compression gasket joints in accordance with ASTM D-3212.

B. Bedding Materials:

1. CRUSHED STONE shall be well graded angular crushed stone in the general size range of 3/4" to 1/16" which has good stability. Crushed stone shall be graded in accordance with Size #67 and #68 of AASHTO M 43, ASTM D 448.
2. SAND shall be sands with very little or no fines. Soils with a Unified System Classification of SW and SP, or an AASHTO classification of A-3 shall be required.
3. GRAVEL shall be gravel with less than 10% by weight fines. The sieve analysis of gravel shall be in accordance with Size #67 or #68 of AASHTO M43, ASTM D 448.
4. ~~CONCRETE shall be Class B concrete in accordance with City Standard Specification Section 030020 for "Portland Cement Concrete".~~

C. Backfill Materials:

1. INITIAL BACKFILL is that material from the top of the bedding material to an elevation within 12 inches of the top of the pipe. This material shall be in accordance with City Standard for "Select Material" or material with a binder having a Plasticity Index between 0 & 13 and a liquid limit less than 46. The material shall be free of vegetation, debris, rocks with a diameter over 1.5 inches and clay lumps. This material shall not include soils with a Unified System Classification of OL, MH, OH, CH, and PT or soils with an

AASHTO classification of A-7.

2. FINAL BACKFILL is that material placed on the initial backfill. The material shall be in accordance with a standard specification Section 022020 "EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR UTILITIES AND SEWERS".

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Trench Excavation:

See standard specification Section 022020 "EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL FOR UTILITIES AND SEWERS".

B. Handling of Materials:

1. HANDLING AND CARE of pipe shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Pipe shall be unloaded at the point of delivery, hauled to and distributed at the site by the Contractor. Materials shall be handled with care and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
2. STORAGE AND SECURITY of materials shall be provided by the Contractor. Any material delivered to the site that is not to be incorporated into the work within 10 working days shall be properly stored off the ground. Stacking and handling of materials shall be done as recommended by the manufacturer.
3. REJECTED OR DEFECTIVE materials are those having cracks, flaws, or other defects. Rejected materials shall be marked by the Engineer and removed from the job site by the end of the day by the Contractor.
4. DISTRIBUTION OF MATERIALS at the work site shall be allowed provided that they are incorporated into the work within 10 working days. Materials shall not be placed on private property, unless written permission has been obtained from the owner by the contractor. Materials shall not be placed within five feet of the back of curb or edge of pavement without permission of the Engineer.

C. Alignment and Grade:

1. All pipes shall be laid and maintained to the required line and grade.
2. NO DEVIATIONS from design line and grade shall be allowed, unless authorized by the Engineer.
3. The Contractor shall be provided with offsets and cut sheets. The Contractor may use batter boards, laser, or other approved methods necessary to construct the sewer to design line and grade.

D. Pipe Placement:

1. GENERAL: Proper implements, tools, etc. shall be used by the Contractor for safe and efficient execution of work. All pipes shall be carefully lowered into the trench by suitable equipment in such a manner as to prevent damage. Under no circumstances shall pipe be dropped or dumped into the trench. The Contractor shall not lay pipe in the trench until the bedding and condition of the trench has been approved by the Engineer. The trench shall be free of water and maintained in that condition until the pipe has been laid, the joints have been completed, and the initial backfill has been completed.
2. CLEAN PIPE: All foreign matter or dirt shall be removed from the interior of the pipe before lowering pipe into trench. The interior of pipe shall be maintained free of dirt during the remaining installation operations.

E. Jointing Pipe:

~~1. VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE: ASTM C-12~~

~~PLAIN END PIPE (PEP) has a polyurethane elastomer molded to both ends of the pipe. The factory applied PVC sleeve, or collar may be removed and used on either end of the pipe. The mating surface shall be cleaned and lubricated prior to assembly. The pipe shall be aligned in the trench and shoved home to compress the joint and to assure a tight fit between the inner surfaces. Care shall be taken to avoid damaging the collar.~~

~~BELL AND SPIGOT PIPE shall have bell and spigot mating surfaces wiped clean and free of dirt and other foreign matter. A lubricant shall be applied to the mating surfaces just prior to joining. Bell holes shall be excavated into the bedding material. The spigot end shall then be centered on grade into the bell of the previous pipe and shall be shoved home to compress the joint and to assure a tight fit between the inner surfaces. Pipe shall not be assembled in reverse order by pushing bell onto spigot. Care shall be taken to avoid damaging the bell.~~

2. POLY-VINYL CHLORIDE PIPE shall have mating surfaces of the gasketed joint wiped clean of dirt and foreign matter. A lubricant recommended by the coupling manufacturer shall be applied to the bell and spigot mating surfaces just prior to joining. The spigot shall then be centered on grade into the bell of the previous pipe and shall be shoved home to compress the joint and to assure a tight fit between the inner surfaces. Pipe shall not be assembled in reverse order by pushing bell onto spigot. When the pipe is being thusly installed, bell holes shall be excavated in the bedding material. When the joint has been made, the bell hole shall be carefully filled with material to provide for adequate support of the pipe. The spigot shall be centered within 1/4 inch of the home line marked on the spigot.

F. Bedding and Initial Backfill:

1. ~~VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE: Bedding and initial backfill of VCP shall be in accordance with the details provided in the drawings. The class of bedding required will be dependent on trench width, pipe size and depth of cut. Bedding class shall be obtained from the table provided in the drawings.~~

~~CLASS A BEDDING: When included in the drawings shall be used for deep cut applications and shall include concrete cradle or concrete arch.~~

~~CLASS C BEDDING: When in a total sand environment, sand bedding material may be used in place of crushed stone or gravel.~~

~~CLASS D BEDDING: Shall require either bell holes or sand bottom as required for uniform support of pipe.~~

2. POLY-VINYL CHLORIDE PIPE: Bedding and initial backfill of PVC pipe shall be in accordance with the details provided in the drawings. Bedding shall be well tamped regardless of type. The type of bedding required shall depend upon the depth of cut and ground water condition and shall be as specified below:

BOTTOM OF TRENCH IN GROUNDWATER

<u>Depth of Cut</u>	<u>Required Bedding</u>
Less than 20 feet	Gravel or Crushed Stone
Over 20 feet	Crushed Stone

BOTTOM OF TRENCH NOT IN GROUND WATER

<u>Depth of Cut</u>	<u>Required Bedding</u>
Less than 15 feet	Sand, Gravel, or Crushed Stone
Less than 20 feet	Gravel or Crushed Stone
Over 20 feet	Crushed Stone

G. Final Backfill:

See standard specification Section 022020 "Excavation and Backfill for Utilities and Sewers".

4. TESTING AND CERTIFICATION

A. Leakage Testing: (Required for all types of pipe)

1. EQUIPMENT FOR LEAKAGE TESTING shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall test the entire system for leaks. This work shall be witnessed by the Engineer.

2. ~~VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE shall be tested in accordance with ASTM C 828 Standard Practice for LOW-PRESSURE AIR TEST OF VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE LINES.~~
3. POLY-VINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE shall be tested in accordance with Uni-Bell Plastic Pipe Association "Recommended Practice for LOW- PRESSURE AIR TEST OF INSTALLED SEWER PIPE" UNI-B-6.

The test section of pipe shall be pressurized to 5 psi above the groundwater pressure. Once the pressure has stabilized, the time for a pressure drop from 3.5 to 2.5 psi shall be measured and not be less than the time indicated in the following table.

**MINIMUM SPECIFIED TIME REQUIRED FOR A 1.0 PSIG PRESSURE DROP
FOR SIZE AND LENGTH OF PIPE INDICATED FOR Q = 0.0015**

1 Pipe Diameter (in.)	2 Minimum Time (min: sec)	3 Length for Minimum Time (ft)	4 Time for Longer Length (sec)	Specification Time for Length (L) Shown (min:sec)							
				100 ft	150 ft	200 ft	250 ft	300 ft	350 ft	400 ft	450 ft
4	3:46	597	380 L	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46	3:46
6	5:40	398	854 L	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40	5:42	6:24
8	7:34	298	1 520 L	7:34	7:34	7:34	7:34	7:36	8:52	10:08	11:24
10	9:26	239	2 374 L	9:26	9:26	9:26	9:53	11:52	13:51	15:49	17:48
12	11:20	199	3 418 L	11:20	11:20	11:24	14:15	17:05	19:56	22:47	25:38
15	14:10	159	5 342 L	14:10	14:10	17:48	22:15	26:42	31:09	35:36	40:04
18	17:00	133	7 692 L	17:00	19:13	25:38	32:03	38:27	44:52	51:16	57:41
21	19:50	114	10 470 L	19:50	26:10	34:54	43:37	52:21	61:00	69:48	78:31
24	22:40	99	13 674 L	22:47	34:11	45:34	56:58	68:22	79:46	91:10	102:33
27	25:30	88	17 306 L	28:51	43:16	57:41	72:07	86:32	100:57	115:22	129:48
30	28:20	80	21 366 L	35:37	53:25	71:13	89:02	106:50	124:38	142:26	160:15
33	31:10	72	25 852 L	43:05	64:38	86:10	107:43	129:16	150:43	172:21	193:53
36	34:00	66	30 768 L	51:17	76:55	102:34	128:12	153:50	179:29	205:07	230:46
42	39:48	57	41 883 L	69:48	104:42	139:37	174:30	209:24	244:19	279:13	314:07
48	45:34	50	54 705 L	91:10	136:45	182:21	227:55	273:31	319:06	364:42	410:17
54	51:02	44	69 236 L	115:24	173:05	230:47	288:29	346:11	403:53	461:34	519:16
60	56:40	40	85 476 L	142:28	213:41	284:55	356:09	427:23	498:37	569:50	641:04

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Note: If there has been no leakage (zero psig drop) after one hour of testing, the test section shall be accepted and the test complete. (See Section 7.5.)

A. Deflection Testing: (Required for PVC Pipe)

1. EQUIPMENT FOR DEFLECTION TESTING shall be provided by the Contractor. Mandrels shall be provided by the Contractor and shall be of machined rigid corrosion resistant pipe with a length not less than 1.5 diameters. Mandrels will be sized for SDR 26 PVC pipe at 5% deflection. The outside diameter of the standard mandrels shall be as follows:

<u>Nominal Size (inch)</u>	<u>Mandrel O.D. (inch)</u>
8	7.11
10	8.87
12	10.55
15	12.90
18	15.76
21	18.56
24	20.87
37	23.51
30	27.14

2. TESTING shall be done by the Contractor and witnessed by the Engineer. All pipe shall be tested for deflection no less than 30 days after placement of backfill. The Contractor may wish to check pipe immediately after backfilling for job control. However, this shall not qualify as acceptance testing. No pipe can be tested for formal acceptance until it has been in place, complete with backfill for at least 30 days.

C. Retesting:

ANY DEFECTIVE WORK OR MATERIALS shall be corrected or replaced by the Contractor and retested. This shall be repeated until all work and materials are acceptable.

5. SOIL BORINGS

The City does not assume responsibility for subsurface information. Soil data and other subsurface information shown on the plans or in the appendix is without warranty as to correctness of fact or interpretation.

6. BRACING AND SHORING

Trenching operation shall comply with Worker Safety Requirements for Excavation and Trenching Operations. If, for whatever reason, the trench width at the top of pipe must exceed that width indicated in the bedding details, the Contractor shall modify bedding as required by the Engineer to accommodate the additional load on the pipe.

7. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, Gravity Sanitary Sewers shall be measured by the linear foot for each size and depth of sewer installed as follows:

- A. Between centers of manholes.
- B. From the center of a manhole to the end of the line.
- C. From the end of an existing stub to the end of the line or center of the existing manhole.

Depth shall be measured from flow line of pipe to ground surface over centerline of the pipe

at time of construction. Measurements to be made at manholes, at intervals not to exceed fifty feet, and at breaks in ground profile. Bedding shall not be measured and shall be considered subsidiary to pipe, unless included as a separate bid item in the proposal.

~~De-watering will be measured for pay by the linear foot of trench, if all the following conditions are met: (1) de-watering was included as bid item in the proposal by the Engineer; (2) de-watering of the trench was accomplished by well point system; and (3) the use of well points was necessary and was authorized by the Engineer.~~

Payment shall include all labor, pipe, bedding, de-watering, equipment for hauling, trench excavation, and all cleaning up and other incidentals necessary to install the pipe complete in place.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027604
DISPOSAL OF WASTE FROM SANITARY SEWER
CLEANING OPERATIONS

1. SCOPE:

This specification governs all work required for disposal of waste from sewer cleaning operations required to complete the project.

2. METHODS:

Sewer grit, rubble, dislodged bricks and other such inorganic waste that is removed during cleaning shall not be allowed to continue downstream of the operation. Organic solids that remain in suspension would be allowed to continue downstream through the sanitary sewer system.

A weir or other suitable trap shall be installed and maintained by the Contractor for the collection of such waste.

This material shall be de-watered and delivered by the Contractor to a facility that is authorized to receive it. If this material is free of organic sludge and is sufficiently de-watered to pass the paint filter test, it would be acceptable for disposal at the Elliott Sanitary Landfill subject to prior approval of the facility and the associated disposal fees.

The Contractor has the option of using the City's de-watering facilities. The City has six drying beds, each with a 1-foot high containment wall each with an area of about 2,300 square feet. These drying beds are at the Greenwood Wastewater Treatment Plant, 1541 Saratoga. The Contractor would be required to haul and handle the material to, at and from the facility as well as the restoration of drying beds. Restoration of the drying beds includes the removal of all the de-watered material and the replacement of the existing sand bed with new sand. All work required within the treatment plant, including the replacement of sand shall be in accordance with the requirements set forth by the Plant Supervisor. The use of the drying beds would be subject to prior approval of the facility and the associated de-watering fees.

If the City's facilities are used for de-watering or disposal of waste, the Contractor shall be responsible for making contact with the appropriate Solid Waste or Wastewater Officials or both, making all arrangements for the use of City facilities, scheduling of delivery and pickup, etc. Materials and handling operations shall meet the requirements set forth by said Officials. Failure to meet these requirements shall be cause for rejection of the materials by either the landfill or the treatment plant operations. Proper disposal of this waste shall be responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with written documentation of the proper disposal of this waste.

3. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT:

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, This work shall be considered subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027606
SANITARY SERVICE LINES

1. SCOPE

This specification governs all work and materials necessary to construct the Sanitary Services Lines required to complete the project. Sanitary Service Lines are those lines, constructed in public ROW, from the service tee on the main up to and including the clean-out at the property line.

2. MATERIALS:

Pipe and fittings for sanitary service lines shall be PVC in accordance with ASTM D2665 and ASTM D3311 with a minimum size of 4 inches. Solvent cement for PVC shall comply with ASTM D2564. No co-mingling of different materials except through the use of proper adaptors. Adaptors shall have a stainless steel or fiberglass shear ring.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS:

Where possible, service tees or wys shall be placed along the main as required for services (no taps).

The minimum size pipe for services shall be 4" diameter for residential and 6" for commercial. Minimum slopes for 4" and 6" pipes shall be 1/8 (S=0.01) and 1/16 (S= 0.005) inches per foot respectively. Sanitary sewer service lines shall cross under water mains

The Contractor shall be responsible for establishing alignment and maintaining grade for the proposed service.

Trenches shall be excavated in such a manner which will minimize damage to surface improvements. After installation, the excavated material shall be tamped into the trench to a minimum of 95% Std. Proctor and the surface restored to a condition acceptable to the Engineer. Lines shall be bored, jetted, or jacked under sidewalks, driveways, and other such improved surfaces; unless authorized by the Engineer.

Service lines shall be leakage tested with the main sewer.

4. MEASUREMENT & PAYMENT:

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, Sanitary Service Lines shall be measured as individual units for each connection made to the main. Measurement shall include but not be limited to; the line from the tee on the main to, and including, the clean-out at the property line. Payment shall include all labor, materials, equipment, trench safety and incidentals necessary for Sanitary Service Lines required to complete the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027608
PRIVATE SEWER SERVICES (S-39)
(FOR RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL APPLICATION)

1. Scope:

This section governs the furnishing of all labor, equipment, tools and materials necessary for the construction of private sewer services as shown on the plans, as outlined herein and as necessary to complete the project. Private sewer services lines (aka Building Sewers) are defined as the sewer piping extending from the customers structure to the clean-out at the property line.

2. General:

Construction of private sewer services shall comply with the provisions of the Standard Plumbing Code as published by the Southern Building Code Congress and as adopted, with local amendments, by the City of Corpus Christi, in addition to the plans and specs. In case of conflict, between the code and the plans the more stringent prevails.

3. Materials:

PVC pipe and fittings for sewers shall be in accordance with ASTM D2665 and ASTM D 3311. Solvent cement for PVC shall meet ASTM D2564. Asbestos cement pipe, concrete pipe and cast-iron pipe shall not be used as sewer pipe. There shall be no co-mingling of different materials except through proper adaptors. Section (504.4.2) of the Standard Plumbing Code. Rejected materials shall be marked and removed from the job site.

4. Permits:

Normal plumbing permit application and fee requirements of the Standard Plumbing Code as adopted by City Code shall apply to this project. A plumbing permit for each lot will be issued to the Contractor by the Building Inspections Department of the City of Corpus Christi. The contractor shall make application for permits upon award of the contract.

5. General Obligations:

(a) Contractor: The contractor shall construct private sewer services in accordance with the plans and these specifications in a neat and workmanlike manner. The route of the proposed private service shall be determined by the Contractor subject to approval of the Owner and the Engineer. All work on private services shall be supervised and inspected by a licensed plumber. Good relationships with the public are essential to the success of this project. The contractor shall make all the required notifications and notices to the owner/occupants in the area. The work shall be accomplished with minimal inconvenience to the public and owner/occupants. The contractor shall cooperate with all City employees involved in the execution of this contract.

(b) City: The Engineer will review work proposed by the Contractor and the City Plumbing Inspector shall inspect the installation.

6. Sequence of Work:

- (a) City will mail out general letter to property owners describing the project with Form WS-1 (See Appendix) for execution.
- (b) Contractor to acquire authorizations from owners for site inspections using Form WS-1 in Appendix from those property owners not responding to general letter. The contractor is encouraged to take photographs of before and after conditions on each lot.
- (c) Contractor performs site inspection and fills out required form and submits copy of inspection report and Site Plan Showing Route to Engineer. (Private Sanitary Sewer Service Inspection Report & Routing Recommendations Form S-2 and Sample Site Plan in Appendix).
- (d) Form S-2 reviewed by Engineer and property owner. This should be completed prior to installing main sewer.
- (e) Contractor notifies owner/occupant of proposed construction and acquires authority for proposed construction on Form S-2 and Site Plan in Appendix.

7. Construction Methods:

- (a) Clean outs - A two-way, 4-inch double riser clean out shall be installed at the connection of proposed private sewer and building sewer and a single wye riser at the property line. Clean outs shall be placed at change in direction and at a maximum spacing of 75 feet. All clean outs shall be brought to finish grade.
- (b) Bends - Change in direction in drainage piping shall be made by the appropriate use of 45° wyes, long sweep quarter bends, one-sixth, one-eighth, or one-sixteenth bends or by a combination of these, or equivalent fittings.
- (c) Disconnection from Old Main - Abandoned service lines shall be plugged below ground surface with concrete.
- (d) Fittings prohibited - A straight tee shall not be used. Saddle type fitting or running threads shall not be used. Pipe shall not be drilled or tapped unless approved by the Engineer. A fitting having a hub in the direction opposite to flow shall not be used, unless the pipe is cut by a saw or snap cutter, which will assure clean, smooth cuts of the pipe. Adaptors for connecting new pipes to existing piping shall be of the non-shear type. Adaptors with internally fitted fiberglass support ring as manufactured by DFW/HPI or Adaptors with externally fitted stainless steel shear rings and hardware as manufactured by Fernco or approved equal shall be required for matching pipe with the same nominal dimensions such as 4" clay to 4" plastic. Other types of adaptors that do not have this feature shall not be used.
- (e) Protection of foundations - Trenches shall not be excavated within 3 feet of foundations. (See Foundation Protection Exhibit in Appendix) Where trenching is not allowed because of insufficient clearance from foundation, the private service shall be installed in a bored or jacked casing. The ends of each casing shall be wrapped with Class AA \cong subsurface Geotextile per AASHTO M288. This steel casing will only be measured for pay when it falls within the areas where open trenching is not allowed because of it being excessively close to existing foundations. Boring under surface improvements such as existing driveways, sidewalks, etc. shall not require casing.

(f) Pipe size - Minimum pipe size for private services shall be 4" diameter for residential and 6" diameter for commercial.

(g) Slope/velocity - Minimum slope of services shall be not less than 0.01 or 1/8 inch per foot.

(h) Installation - Materials shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer requirements.

(i) Alignment/grade - The contractor shall be responsible for establishing alignment and grade for proposed services. (See paragraph (g) above.)

(j) Surface Restoration - Separate trenches (one for water and one for sewer) separated by undisturbed or compacted earth shall be excavated. Trenches shall be excavated in such a manner which will minimize damage to surface vegetation. After installation, the excavated material shall be tamped into the trench and the surface restored to like or better condition acceptable to the Engineer. Lines shall be bored, jetted or jacked under sidewalks, driveways or other such improved surfaces; unless authorized by the Engineer.

(k) Electrical ground - Where required by the building code, electrical ground wires shall be installed to assure any appliances grounded to the plumbing system remain grounded.

(l) Maintenance of service - Sanitary services shall be installed with a minimum of inconvenience to the occupant of the house. The contractor shall provide continuous service of all utilities during construction, where practical. In the event of damage to existing utility, restoration is the responsibility of the contractor.

(m) Interruption of service - If an unavoidable interruption of service is anticipated, the contractor shall advise the building occupant (s) a minimum of 24 hours in advance of the interruption. After the service has been interrupted, the contractor shall expeditiously continue work until service has been restored. In no case shall sewer service be interrupted for more than four (4) hours.

(n) Testing - The Private sewer shall be tested for leaks prior to connecting with the clean-out at the property line. The private sewer service shall be plugged at the downstream end and a ten-foot test riser placed at the upstream end(s). The line shall be filled with water and no measurable leaks shall be allowed. The Air Test [417.2.2] may be used at the option of the Contractor. Test equipment shall be provided by the Contractor.

8. Measurement and Payment:

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, Private Sewer Services shall be measured per each service installed. Some services may require more than one connection on the owner's pipe. For example, house with garage apartment. All connections of this nature made to common lot owner shall be considered one service. Rental house of a common owner shall be measured as separate unit for each house. Payment shall be at the contract unit bid prices and shall constitute full compensation for furnishing and installing all pipes, fittings and incidentals, trenching, trench safety, boring, jetting or jacking, flushing, surface restoration and all other work or material required to provide sewer service from the structure(s) to the sanitary clean-out at the property line.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027610
TELEVISED INSPECTION OF CONDUITS

1. SCOPE

This specification shall govern for all work, equipment, and materials required to provide for remote closed circuit television inspection and documentation of sanitary sewer or other lines as required in the plans and specifications.

2. INSPECTION CONDITIONS

Closed circuit television inspection will typically be done under one or more of the conditions listed below, as called for elsewhere in the plans and specifications.

2.1 Inspection and Documentation of Existing Line for Evaluation:

Upon completing cleaning operations on an existing line, a closed circuit television camera will be pulled through each line segment. The intent of this process is to carefully inspect the interior of the existing line and obtain detailed information for further study. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a television report log, and a color professional grade VHS format video tape recorded in standard play (SP) mode for each line or line segment inspected. The log shall consist of observations recorded on television inspection forms, and shall specifically indicate items such as deviations in line and grade, abnormal conditions of pipe barrel and joints, locations of dropped or broken taps, and locations and quantities of any sources of infiltration or inflow. The distance from the beginning point, such as a manhole in the case of sanitary sewers, shall be noted on each observation on the report forms.

2.2 Inspection & Documentation of Existing Lines Prior to Rehabilitation:

After point repairs or any problems along the line have been fixed and the line cleaned, a closed circuit television camera will be pulled through each line segment. The intent of this process is to carefully inspect the interior of the existing line to show that the line is in a condition to receive the liner. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a television report log, and a color professional grade VHS format video tape recorded in standard play (SP) mode for each line or line segment inspected. The log shall consist of observations recorded on television inspection forms. The distance from the beginning point, such as a manhole in the case of sanitary sewers, shall be noted for each observation made on the report forms.

2.3 Inspection and Documentation of Lines after Rehabilitation:

Upon completion of the rehabilitation (Lining) of an existing line including any appurtenances such as manholes and tie ins in the case of sanitary sewers, a closed circuit television camera shall be pulled through each completed line segment. The intent of this process is to carefully inspect the interior of the rehabilitated line to determine the location and extent of any unacceptable work. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a

television report log, and a color professional grade VHS format video tape recorded in standard play (SP) mode for each line or line segment inspected.

This log shall consist of observations recorded on television inspection forms, and shall indicate the internal condition of the rehabilitated line, and more particularly any deficiencies therein. The distance from the beginning point, such as manhole in the case of sanitary sewers, shall be noted for each observation made on report forms.

If a section or sections of line require additional work after the inspection described above, another inspection will be performed on the re-worked section or sections of line to determine if the work is now acceptable. A revised television report log and an updated video tape recording for these re-worked area inspections will also be required and will be furnished to the Engineer by the Contractor. This process will be repeated as required until it has been determined that the entire line is acceptable. Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer, the Contractor will be required to furnish a separate video tape for each inspection made as well as a tape showing the entire length of the completed line in sequence.

2.4 New Line Upon Completion:

Upon completion of the installation of the new line, including any appurtenances such as manholes in the case of sanitary sewers, a closed circuit television camera shall be pulled through each completed line segment. The intent of this process is to carefully inspect the interior of the completed line to determine the location and extent of any unacceptable work. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a television computer generated report log, and a color professional grade DVD recorded in standard play (SP) mode for each line or line segment inspected. This log shall consist of observations recorded on television inspection forms, and shall indicate the internal condition of the completed line and more particularly any deficiencies therein. The distance from the beginning point, such as a manhole in the case of sanitary sewers, shall be noted for each observation made on report forms.

If a section or sections of line require additional work after the inspection described above, another inspection will be performed in the re-worked section or sections of line to determine if the work is now acceptable. A revised television report log and an updated video tape recording for these re-worked area inspections will also be required, and will be furnished to the Engineer by the Contractor. This process will be repeated as required until it has been determined that the entire line is acceptable. Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer, the Contractor will be required to furnish a separate DVD for each inspection made as well as a DVD showing the entire length of the completed line in sequence.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, this work shall not be measured for payment, and shall be considered subsidiary to the various other bid items in the contract.

END OF SECTION

ATTACHMENT TO 027610 TELEVISED INSPECTION REPORT LOG

DATE _____ TIME PROJECT _____
OPERATOR _____ ENTRY POINT _____
_____ EXIT POINT _____

EXISTING PIPE TYPE _____ EXISTING PIPE SIZE MANHOLE DEPTH _____
TAPE NUMBER _____ STARTING COUNTER _____

CAMERA STARTING FOOTAGE COMMENTS

CAMERA FOOTAGE (DISTANCE FROM ENTRY POINT)	OBSERVATION / COMMENTS

SECTION 027611
CLEANING AND TELEVISED INSPECTION OF CONDUITS

1. SCOPE

This specification shall govern for all work, equipment, supervision and materials required to provide for cleaning and remote CCTV inspection and documentation of wastewater or other lines and manholes as required.

2. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

2.1 GENERAL

Closed circuit television inspection will typically be done under one or more of the conditions listed below. Requirements for on-screen labeling during each line segment set up, televising, video file labeling and hard copy inspection reports will be specifically addressed. The Contractor shall neither request nor receive assistance from the City, in the performance of work described in this specification. Unless otherwise specified and at Contractors expense, the Contractor shall provide for the control of wastewater flows and monitoring of the collection system for back-ups and surcharges, while flow control devices are in place.

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor(s) to adhere to all applicable OSHA rules and regulations while performing any and all City-related projects or jobs (to include, but not necessarily limited to "Confined Space Entry").

2.2 INSPECTION EQUIPMENT AND METHODS

Electronic media shall be used to record the condition of all the segments of the mains and the manholes, tap locations and unusual situations during inspection. The inspection imaging shall be made on color professional grade DVD format for each line segment. All observations will require both audio and on-screen display. The camera shall transit through the wastewater line in either direction at a speed not greater than 30 feet per minute, stopping as necessary to permit proper documentation of the wastewater line's condition. Lighting for the camera shall be suitable to allow a clear picture of the entire periphery of the pipe. A television camera with pan and tilt capability will be required. The camera, television monitor, and other components of the video systems shall be capable of producing picture quality to the satisfaction of the City.

The capture system shall have the capability of recording, digitizing and storing single frames of video images and "real time" live video, as well as collecting, storing and printing wastewater line inspection data for graphic display and report generation. The imaging capture system shall store digitized picture images, have the ability to export picture files to industry standard formats (jpg, bmp, and tif), be transferable to DVD and be printed at no cost to the City. Use of proprietary software is discouraged; however, if the Contractor provides the software and three licenses to the City, proprietary software COMPATIBLE with the City's GIS and existing database systems in use may be approved. However, in every case all observations will be recorded using the City approved PACP codes.

2.3 FLOW CONTROL / BY-PASSING

This procedure will be used on all previously accepted (City owned) line segments. Except for new wastewater line acceptance inspections, the line shall be dewatered during inspection. A water jet cleaning unit will normally be running in the line in advance of the television camera to allow the highest quality picture available. Dewatering shall remove standing water and fog from the line segment to provide 360 degree view of the pipe being televised. Too high water level or the camera being submerged will be grounds for rejection of the inspection.

All wastewater flows from intersecting lines shall typically be controlled through the use of in-line plugs for vacuum trucks and are considered subsidiary to the inspection for all line sizes. Plugs in intersecting lines shall be installed by the Contractor with no assistance from the City. The Contractor shall also monitor the upstream system for back-ups and surcharges, which may lead to Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs). The Contractor shall immediately report to the City Call Center (361) 826-2489 all sanitary sewer overflows. Flow Control devices shall be installed in accordance with all applicable OSHA requirements, including, but not necessarily limited to confined space protocol.

2.4 EVALUATION OF EXISTING LINES FOR POTENTIAL REPAIRS/REHABILITATION – PRE CCTV:

Cleaning and televising using a CCTV camera may be needed to traverse each line segment from manhole to manhole as specified in the work order. When an obstruction prevents the camera from proceeding, the obstruction will be recorded on the initial setup and a reverse setup will be attempted to view the pipe and obstruction from the other side. If the camera fails to pass through the entire section, the inspection shall be considered complete and no additional inspection will be required. However, the line segment evaluation form, as well as the graphic report, shall note full line length and the length traveled from each manhole set-up. All inspection efforts on the line segment will be recorded on the same tape / disk. The Contractor must exert all reasonable effort to televise the entire length of a segment of wastewater line, or to assist the repair crews with usable information for point repair. Prior to transiting the line the video display initially is to include upstream and downstream manhole numbers, pipe size / material, adjacent street names and the date. During the transit the display must show the continuous distance from the insertion manhole with an accuracy of +1% of the actual length to help mark observations on the report form. The video must have narrative documentation of notable observations. The Inspection Report shall consist of condition observations recorded using City-approved computer software generated formats, generally conforming to NASSCO and PACP codes. Specifically, items considered notable include: deviations in alignment and grade; abnormal conditions of the pipe barrel and joints; locations and quantities of any sources of infiltration or inflow; dropped, broken, properly / improperly installed service taps; debris, roots or other impediments to flow and any other condition that may prevent either the proper completion of the inspection, or affect any proposed rehabilitation process. Evaluation of existing lines includes associated manhole inspection.

2.5 EVALUATION AFTER REPAIRS / REHABILITATION POST CCTV:

Following repairs or rehabilitation to existing lines (by Contractor), a CCTV camera shall travel through required line segment to televise. The intent of this process is to inspect the interior of the line to determine the location of repairs, and extent of any unacceptable work. Prior to transiting the line, the video display initially is to include upstream and downstream manhole numbers, pipe size / material,

adjacent street names and the date. During the transit the display must show the continuous distance from the insertion manhole with an accuracy of +/- 1% of the actual length to help mark observations on the report form. Specifically, items such as detailed inspection of the repaired area using pan-and tilt equipment will be shown in the Inspection Report, including digital photographs of acceptable or inadequate and/or questionable work. The video must include narrative documentation of notable observations, and be cross referenced to the Inspection Report. The Inspection Report shall consist of condition observations recorded using City-approved computer-software generated formats conforming to NASSCO and PACP codes.

2.6 NEW PIPELINE INSPECTION:

Upon completion of the installation of new lines, including any appurtenances such as manholes, service connections, etc., a CCTV camera shall traverse through each completed line segment. The intent of this process is to inspect the interior of the completed line to determine the location of service taps and extent of omissions and/or any unacceptable work on the pipeline or manholes, such as sags, infiltration, gapped joints, protruding gaskets, etc. Prior to transiting the line, the initial video shall initially include the upstream and downstream manhole designations, pipe size, project name and other pertinent information. When inspecting / documenting new wastewater line conditions, the Contractor must conduct a specific inspection for the presence of sags in the newly installed line. The approved method involves the use of an inclinometer on the camera. The belly tolerance is 5% or less for acceptable pipe installation. Any deviation from the 5% belly tolerance limit must be approved by the applicable Utility Operating Department.

The graphic report will note the start and stop of sags and approximate maximum depth. During the transit the display must show the continuous distance from the insertion manhole with an accuracy of +1% of the actual length to help mark observations on the Inspection Report form. The video must include narrative documentation of notable observations, and be cross referenced to the Inspection Report. The Inspection Report shall consist of condition observations recorded using approved computer-software generated formats. Specifically, items such as deviations in alignment and grade causing bellies / sags; abnormal conditions of the pipe barrel and joints; locations and quantities of any sources of infiltration or inflow; dropped, broken, properly / improperly installed service taps or any other condition that may assist the Utilities Department in determining the quality of the pipeline installation.

2.7 MANHOLE INSPECTION:

A CCTV camera shall traverse the manhole from top to bottom to record the condition of the manhole and invert for structural condition and sources of infiltration on the manhole and invert. The initial video display must show the entry manhole number, location / street address, date and depth.

a. The requirement is to commence capturing video at ground level. The video must be steady while panning and lowering to clearly record condition of the ring, corbel, the walls, and pipeline penetrations. The camera is to rotate during descent to inspect typical conditions and all penetrations. At the bottom of the manhole the complete invert will be inspected / viewed for infiltration and general condition. A washed out picture due to sunlight or shaking will be rejected for payment

b. This manhole information may be retained on the same DVD if the line segment is also being investigated, or, if inspection is issued as a separate work order, a separate DVD and report will be required. As with pipeline inspection, digital photographs of key points of note must accompany the report and DVD. These would include seals on pipeline penetration, infiltration locations and other anomalies.

c. The format of the Manhole Inspection Report will be as proposed by the Contractor and, following discussion, mutually approved by the Utilities Department and the Contractor. A sample form is included at the end of this specification. It will contain as a minimum:

location & I.D.number	manhole diameter
manhole material	depth of manhole
condition of ring / cover	evidence of infiltration
condition of walls	presence of inflow inhibitor
condition of pipe mouths	presence of coatings
condition of invert	location: street / easement
above invert penetrations	

2.8 CCTV SET-UP:

a. A CCTV set-up includes all of the work, equipment, supervision, personnel, and materials needed to traverse a line segment.

2.9 CCTV REVERSE SET-UP:

A CCTV reverse set-up is an attempt to view the line segment from the other side due to an obstruction encountered during the initial set-up.

3. CLEANING REQUIREMENTS

Clean ALL debris such as dirt, gravel, rocks, grease, roots and other organic/inorganic debris from existing lines and manholes to allow for inspection to proceed.

The Contractor will be required to clean the line segment using hydraulic equipment. The debris being removed from the pipeline shall be removed from the collection system at the receiving manhole, and not be allowed to be merely moved to the next line segment. Debris shall be properly disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. The Contractor shall have the option of dewatering debris removed from cleaning operations on this project at the Greenwood WWTP, located at 1541 Saratoga Blvd., Corpus Christi, Texas 78415. The Contractor shall coordinate with the City Utilities Department at all times (see also City Standard Specification Section 027604 Disposal of Waste from Wastewater Cleaning Operations).

The City has six drying beds, each with a 1-foot high containment wall each with an area of about 2,300 square feet. The Contractor would be required to haul and handle the material to, at and from the facility as well as the restoration of drying beds. Restoration of the drying beds includes the removal of all the de-watered material and the replacement of the existing sand bed with new sand. All work required within the treatment plant, including the replacement of sand shall be in accordance with the requirements set forth by the Plant Supervisor. The use of the drying beds would be subject to prior approval of the facility and the associated de-watering fees.

If the City’s facilities are used for de-watering or disposal of waste, the Contractor shall be responsible for making contact with the appropriate Solid Waste or Wastewater Officials or both, making all arrangements for the use of City facilities, scheduling of delivery and pickup, etc. Materials and handling operations shall meet the requirements set forth by said Officials. Contractor shall coordinate with the Wastewater Pre-Treatment Coordinator to acquire the appropriate manifest documentation and shall also provide a copy of the landfill disposal weight ticket/receipt to the Engineer. Failure to meet these requirements shall be cause for rejection of the materials by either the landfill or the treatment plant operations. Proper disposal of this waste shall be responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with written documentation of the proper disposal of this waste. The Contractor shall not be paid until this documentation is provided.

4. DELIVERABLES

The Contractor is required to provide the Engineer both narrated CCTV DVD and computer software-generated Inspection Report products, as a result of each inspection. Acceptable submissions become the property of the City.

a. Quality Control: camera distortion, inadequate lighting, dirty or submerged lens and blurry or hazy pictures determined to be the fault of the Contractor will be cause for rejection of the inspection effort. If the quality of the deliverables does not meet with City approval, the Contractor shall repeat the documenting process at no cost to the City.

b. DVD: for each inspection, one properly labeled color, professional grade, DVD, recorded in standard play (SP) mode, will be required. The DVD will display continuous distance from the insertion manhole, and include narrative observations at notable points, with correlating information shown in the Inspection Report. Labeling of the DVD(s) will include, either typed or neatly printed the following information on the dust cover:

Project Name	Street Name	Tape Number
Contractor	Upstream MH #	Downstream MH #
Date	Survey / Post / New Work	Order #
Pipe Size	Material	Project #

c. Inspection Reports: inspection reports are to be from City-approved and software-generated formats on 8½” x 11” paper, in color to improve definition of problem areas, and delivered with the DVD. Each report shall include the same information as noted for the DVD labels, plus the following additional information: pipe diameter, pipe material, manhole diameters & depths, whether this is a “reverse” set-up, direction of flow arrow, and total length of the pipeline. Notable observations are to be shown in the report as digital color photos, with up to four images per page. One report is required for each line segment. Note that the final approval for the use of the Contractor’s proposed software will be needed before the first inspection. The Contractor shall submit to the City a sample of the proposed report for review and approval by the City.

5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Proposal, Pre-CCTV (Cleaning and Televised Inspection of existing lines to potentially be rehabilitated) and Post CCTV (Televised Inspection for acceptance of new lines or rehabbed lines) of Wastewater Lines shall not be measured for pay, but will be considered subsidiary to the appropriate bid item. Cleaning and Televised Inspection of Wastewater Lines includes an inspection of all manholes entered, crossed, or associated with the line being inspected. Reverse CCTV Set-Up shall not be allowed for acceptance televising as obstructions should not be encountered in new pipe that would require the Contractor to relocate to another manhole (upstream or downstream) of the original manhole.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 027614
CURED-IN-PLACE-PIPE (CIPP) FOR REHABILITATION OF GRAVITY WASTEWATER LINE

1. SCOPE

This specification shall govern for all work necessary for installing CIPP required to complete the project.

2. REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS

This specification references ASTM D5813, ASTM F1216, ASTM D 2122, ASTM C581, and ASTM D790 which is made a part hereof by such reference and shall be the latest edition and revision thereof. ASTM F1216 - Standard Practice for Rehabilitation of Existing Pipelines and Conduits by the Inversion and Curing of a Resin-Impregnated Tube, shall govern when not addressed by this specification.

3. GENERAL

The CIPP shall be installed in an existing pipe and designed to provide chemical resistance, prevent exfiltration and infiltration, and support all external loads acting on it. The process is defined as the rehabilitation of wastewater lines by pull-in or inversion of a thermosetting resin impregnated flexible tube into existing wastewater pipe, with one layer or more, capable of carrying resin, withstand installation pressure and curing temperature, utilizing a water column. Curing is accomplished by circulating hot water (or other approved fluid) throughout the length of the new tube to cure the thermosetting resin into a hard impermeable pipe with the plastic coated outer layer that is compatible with the resin system used. The new pipe shall extend the full length of the original pipe (i.e. from manhole to manhole), and shall provide a structurally sound, jointless, closefitting, Cured-In-Place-Pipe without delamination or lifts, and with uniformly smooth interior providing hydraulic flow equal to or greater than the existing wastewater pipe in original condition.

4. MATERIALS

Only materials from pre-approved manufacturers shall be allowed for this work. Pre-approved manufacturers are, Insituform, Inliner, and U-liner.

CIPP shall be properly sized Type III cured-in-place thermosetting resin wastewater pipe in accordance with ASTM D5813. The tube shall consist of one or more layers of flexible needled felt or an equivalent nonwoven or woven material or a combination of nonwoven and woven materials, capable of carrying resin, withstanding installation pressures and curing temperatures. The flexible felt fiber tube shall be fabricated to a size that when installed it will neatly fit the internal circumference of the existing pipe specified by the Engineer. An allowance shall be made for some circumferential stretching during inversion. The minimum length shall effectively span the distance from the inlet to the outlet of the respective manholes unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall verify the circumference of the host pipe and the lengths in the field before impregnation of the tube with the resin. Individual insertion runs can be made over one or more manhole sections as determined in the field by the Contractor and approved by the qualified factory field service representative and Construction Engineer.

4.1 Tube: The tube shall consist of one or more layers of flexible needled felt or an equivalent nonwoven or woven material or a combination of nonwoven and woven materials that are compatible with the resin system used and are capable of supporting and carrying resin. The tube shall be capable of

withstanding installation procedures and curing temperatures. Longitudinal and circumferential joints between multiple layers of a tube should be staggered to not overlap. The tube shall be fabricated to fit its final in-place position in the existing pipe, with allowance for stretch as recommended by the tube manufacturer. The elongation or expansion of the flexible tube during installation, both longitudinally and circumferentially should be limited to 5-10% to minimize reduction of the finished wall thickness.

4.2 Tube Coating: The inside or outside surface, or both, of the tube shall be coated with a plastic flexible material that is compatible with the tube and the resin system used. The coating shall allow visual inspection of the proper impregnation of the tube fabric with resin. The final inside flexible plastic coating will form the inner layer of the finished pipe and is required to contain the impregnated resin in the tube.

4.3 CIPP Wall: The layers which constitute the pipe wall must be such that when the thermosetting resin cures the Cured-In-Place-Pipe has no delamination, dry spots or lifts.

The minimum allowable wall thickness for CIPP shall be per Table 1 and as directed by the Engineer after review of TV inspection. (Table 1)

Table 1 - Wall Thickness For CIPP			
H (Ft)	DR		T (in.)
	Sound Host Pipe	Deteriorated Host Pipe	
<10	60	50	$T = \frac{D}{DR}$
10-15	50	40	
15-20	45	35	
20-25	40	30	
>25	40	25	
H, Height of cover over pipe (ft) DR, Dimension Ratio, D/T T = Wall Thickness of CIPP (in) D= Nominal Diameter (in)			

When cured, the CIPP must form a mechanical bond with the conduit and the wall color of the interior pipe surface of the CIPP after installation shall be a light reflective color so that a clear detailed examination with closed circuit television inspection equipment may be made. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall furnish a general purpose, unsaturated, polyester resin, and catalyst system compatible with the inversion or pull-in process that provides cured physical strengths specified herein. The existing sewers, where designated or required shall be lined using material and workmanship which can be adapted to the restrictions of the work site. 027614 Page 3 of 8 Rev. 10-30-2014 The Contractor shall not begin this phase of the work until there is sufficient material on hand to complete the job and required submittals as per 4.4 are submitted to the qualified factory field service representative and Construction Engineer, prior to use of the lining material.

4.4 Submittal: The following items shall have submittals and shall be in conformance with the requirements of Special Provisions.

4.4.1 RESIN:

- a. Submit technical data sheet showing physical and chemical properties for the proposed resin to be used in the project.
- b. Submit test results to show compliance with ASTM C581 - Standard Practice for Determining Chemical Resistance of Thermosetting Resins Used in Glass Fiber Reinforced Structures Intended for Liquid Services.

4.4.2 TUBE:

- a. Submit technical data sheet showing physical properties.

4.4.3 CIPP:

- a. Prepare and submit curing schedule.
- b. Submit copies of curing log sheets with temperature reading prior to curing, during curing and during cool down for each installation section. Must be submitted at least weekly.
- c. Submit, copies of all test results performed by the Contractor's Independent Testing Laboratory for test listed in Section 9, testing.
- d. Submit Contractor's Quality Control Plan and/or Procedures showing control conditions used during impregnation of the resin to ensure proper materials and proper dispersion is achieved in the wet out process.
- e. Submit pre-installation TV inspection video after cleaning, and Acceptance TV inspection video after rehabilitation as per City Standard Specification Section 027611.

5. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

5.1 Pre-Installation Procedures: The following installation procedures shall be adhered to unless otherwise approved by the City's Engineer.

5.1.1 Safety: The Contractor shall carry out his operations in strict accordance with all applicable OSHA standards. Particular attention is drawn to those safety requirements involving work on an elevated platform and entry into a confined space or the use of steam.

5.1.2 Access: It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to locate and designate all manhole access points open and accessible for the work, and provide rights of access to these points. Traffic routing shall be per traffic control plan approved by the City Traffic Engineer. If a street must be closed to traffic because of the orientation of the sewer, the Contractor shall submit a proposed traffic control and detour plan for approval to the City Traffic Engineer. 027614 Page 4 of 8 Rev. 10-30-2014

5.1.3 Pre-Installation Cleaning: It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to remove all debris that is located within the wastewater pipe. The Contractor is responsible for the disposal of all debris removed from the sewers during the cleaning operation per City Standard Specification Section 027604.

5.1.4 Pre-Installation Inspection: Inspection of wastewater pipe shall be performed by experienced personnel trained in locating breaks, obstacles and service connections by closed circuit television inspection. The interior of the pipe shall be carefully inspected to determine that the line is free any conditions which

may prevent proper installation of the CIPP. A videotape and log per Section City Standard Specification Section 027611 shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to installation.

5.1.5 Bypassing Wastewater: The Contractor shall provide for continuous sewage flow as necessary. Bypass pumping shall be made by plugging the line upstream and pumping the flow into a downstream manhole or adjacent system. The pump and bypass lines shall be of adequate capacity and size to handle the flow. Discharge into storm sewer shall not be allowed. All bypass pumping must be per City Standard Specification Section 027200 Control of Wastewater Flows.

5.1.6 Point Repairs & Line Obstructions: It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to clear the line of obstructions such as solids, roots protruding service or other obstruction that would impede flow thru the CIPP. Displaced joints, missing portions of pipe or other occurrences that may not be rectified by thru-the-pipe methods shall be repaired as a point repair, when directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall make a point repair excavation to uncover and remove or repair the obstruction. PVC pipe, in accordance with City Standard Specification Section 027602 Gravity Wastewater Lines, shall be used as a host replacement pipe for the CIPP.

5.1.7 Service: The Contractor shall maintain continuous wastewater service without disruptions.

5.1.8 Public Notification: A public notification program shall be implemented and shall, as a minimum, require the Contractor to be responsible for contacting each home or business connected to the wastewater line and informing them of the work to be conducted, and when their wastewater service will be affected. The Contractor shall provide the following:

5.1.8.1 Written notice to be delivered to each home or business describing the work, schedules, how it affects them, and a local telephone of the Contractor they can call to discuss the project or any problems which could arise.

5.1.8.2 Personal contact and attempted written notice the day prior to the beginning of work being conducted on the section relative to the residents affected.

5.1.8.3 Personal contact with any home or business which cannot be reconnected within the time stated in the written notice.

6. INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

6.1 Wet-Out: The Contractor shall identify the location where the tube will be impregnated (“wetout”) with resin using distribution rollers and vacuum to saturate the tube felt fiber thoroughly prior to installation. The Contractor shall allow the qualified factory field service engineer and Construction Engineer to inspect the materials and wet-out procedure at the designated location. A catalyst system or additive compatible with the resin and the tube shall be used. The amount of resin used for tube impregnation shall be sufficient to fill the volume of air voids in the tube with additional allowances for polymerization shrinkage and the loss of resin through cracks and irregularities in the original pipe wall. Handling of the resin-impregnated flexible tube to prevent resin setting until it is ready for insertion and during installation shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. A vacuum impregnation process shall be used. To ensure a thorough wet-out, the point of vacuum shall be as recommended by the manufacturer and per ASTM F1216.

6.2 Insertion: The wetted tube shall be inserted through an existing manhole or other approved access by means of an inversion or pull-in process and the application of a water column sufficient to fully extend it to the next designated manhole or termination point. The tube end shall initially be turned inside out and attached to a platform ring or standpipe. The inversion water column will be adjusted to be of sufficient height to cause the impregnated tube to invert from manhole-to-manhole and hold the tube tight against the existing pipe wall, to produce dimples at side connections, and flared ends at the manholes. If the pull-in method is used, the impregnated primary liner is towed into the host pipe through the existing manhole with a cable winch. The primary liner shall be floated into place virtually eliminating stresses on the material. Proper lubrication may be needed for longer and thicker liners. The secondary liner should then be inverted with the column of water to inflate the primary liner. This may extrude small amount of resin through the perforations of the outer coating of the primary liner. For the pull-in method, insertion of the new liner shall in no case exceed 800 linear feet.

6.3 Curing: After the insertion is completed, the Contractor shall supply a suitable heat source and water recirculation system capable of delivering hot water uniformly throughout the section to effect a consistent cure of the resin. The curing temperature shall be that recommended by the resin/catalyst system manufacturer and shall be maintained at such temperature. The Contractor shall follow a schedule to cure the liner and submit the schedule to the Engineer. The heat source shall be fitted with suitable monitors to gauge the temperature of the incoming and outgoing water supply. Another such gauge shall be placed between the impregnated tube and the invert of the original pipe at the manhole(s) to determine the temperature during the resin curing process. The Contractor shall continue uninterrupted heating until the desired temperature is achieved, shall accurately measure temperatures at both ends of the pipe and maintain a curing log of CIPP temperatures at the upstream and downstream manholes during curing to document that proper temperatures and cure times have been achieved. Initial cure shall be considered completed when the exposed portions of the CIPP appear to be hard and the remote temperature sensing device indicates the cure period to be of adequate duration as recommended by the resin/catalyst system manufacturer and modified for the inversion process.

6.4 Cool-Down: The Contractor shall cool the hardened CIPP to a temperature below 100 degrees Fahrenheit before relieving the water column. Cool water may be added to the water column while draining hot water from a small hole at the opposite end of the CIPP so that a constant water column height is maintained until cool-down is completed. Care shall be taken in the release of the water column so that a vacuum will not be developed that could damage the newly installed CIPP. Do not discharge water in excess of 100 degree Fahrenheit into the wastewater system.

6.5 Warranty: The finished CIPP shall be continuous over the entire length of an inversion run and be free from visual defects such as foreign inclusions, dry spots, pinholes, lifts and delamination. It shall also meet the leakage requirements or pressure test specified below. The finished CIPP shall be warranted for one year after the acceptance of the Project. During the warranty period any defects which will affect the integrity or strength of the CIPP shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense in a manner mutually agreed to by the City and the Contractor.

7. SEALING OF MANHOLES

If the CIPP fails to make a tight seal at a manhole, the Contractor shall apply a seal at that point. The seal shall be of a material compatible with the CIPP material. Do not leave any annular gaps. Seal the annular space with a 1/2 inch diameter activated oakum band soaked in chemical sealant. Seal any annular

spaces greater than 1/2 inch with manhole wall repair material. Finish off the seal with a non-shrink all solids epoxy placed around the pipe opening from inside the manhole in a band at least 4 inches wide. Complete the sealing procedure for each liner segment immediately after the liner is cured.

8. SERVICE CONNECTIONS

After the CIPP has been cured in place, the Contractor shall reopen the existing active service connections as designated by the Engineer. This shall generally be done without excavation, and in the case of non-man entry pipe, from the interior of the pipeline by means of a television camera and a robotic cutting device that reestablishes the service connection to not less than 100% capacity. Cutting devices that use high pressure water shall not be used since they may cause damage to the service. When fiberglass or other reinforcing fibers are used, that may cause wicking at service openings, the service opening edges must be sealed with a resin mixture compatible with the tube resin. The Contractor shall certify he has a minimum of two complete working cutter units plus spare key components on the site before each insertion.

9. TESTING

9.1 Chemical Resistance: The CIPP shall meet the chemical resistance requirements of ASTM F 1216, Appendix X2. The test specimens shall be capable of exposure for a minimum of one month at a temperature of 73.4°F. During this period the CIPP test specimens should lose no more than 20% of their initial flexural strength and flexural modulus when tested in accordance with Section 8 of ASTM F1216. In Appendix X2, Table X2.1 presents a list of chemical solutions that serve as a recommended minimum requirement for the chemical-resistant properties of CIPP in standard domestic wastewater applications. CIPP samples for testing shall be of tube and resin system similar to that proposed for actual construction. It is required that CIPP samples with and without plastic coating meet these chemical testing requirements.

9.2 Leakage Testing: The water leakage testing of the CIPP shall be tested using an exfiltration test method, when directed by the Engineer. This test shall be in accordance with ASTM F 1216, 8.2.

9.3 Wall Thickness Test: This thickness shall be measured in accordance with ASTM D 2122.

9.4 Samples: Per ASTM F 1216. 8.1, the preparation of two CIPP samples is required for each insertion segment. One sample from each of the following two methods:

9.4.1: The sample should be cut from a section of cured CIPP at an intermediate manhole or at the termination point that has been inverted or pull-in through a like diameter pipe which has been held in place by a suitable heat sink, such as sandbags.

9.4.2: The sample should be fabricated from material taken from the tube and the resin/catalyst system used and cured in a clamped mold placed in the down tube when circulating heated water is used and in the silencer when steam is used.

9.4.3: The samples for each of these cases should be large enough to provide a minimum of three specimens and a recommended five specimens for flexural testing and also for tensile testing, if applicable. The Short-term Flexural (Bending) Properties testing should be in accordance with Test Methods ASTM D 790 and shall have a minimum flexural modulus of 250 ksi and a minimum tensile strength of 2500 psi.

9.4.4: The samples taken for the measurement of the liner thickness shall be as described in this Specification, section 9.3.

10. POST INSPECTION

Post CCN of the CIPP rehabilitated line is required for acceptance inspection.

11. CLEAN-UP

Prior to acceptance, the Contractor shall clean and restore the project area affected by these operations.

12. PATENTS

The insertion process is patented and is installed by licensed Contractors. The Contractor shall warrant to the City and his Engineer that the methods, materials and equipment used herein, where covered by license is furnished in accordance with such license and the prices included on the Bid Form include applicable royalties and fees in accordance with such license. The Contractor shall warrant and save harmless the City and his Engineer against all claims for patent infringement and any loss thereof.

13. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless otherwise specified on the Bid Form, Cured-In-Place Pipe for rehabilitation shall be measured and paid for by the linear foot, for each size (Nominal Diameter, DR, and Height of cover over host pipe) specified, complete in place. The liner will be measured and paid for based on the distance between centers of upstream and downstream manholes. Point repairs for CIPP shall not be measured for pay but will be considered subsidiary to any CIPP bid item.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 030020
PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern for the materials used; for the storing and handling of materials; and for the proportioning and mixing of concrete for culverts, manholes, inlets, curb and gutter, sidewalks, driveways, curb ramps, headwalls and wingwalls, riprap, and incidental concrete construction.

The concrete shall be composed of Portland cement, aggregates (fine and coarse), admixtures if desired or required, and water, proportioned and mixed as hereinafter provided.

2. MATERIALS

2.1 CEMENT

The cement shall be either Type I, II or III Portland cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C150, modified as follows:

Unless otherwise specified by the Engineer, the specific surface area of Type I and II cements shall not exceed 2000 square centimeters per gram (Wagner Turbidimeter – TxDOT Test Method Tex-310-D). For concrete piling, the above limit on specific surface area is waived for Type II cement only. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer, with each shipment, a statement as to the specific surface area of the cement expressed in square centimeters per gram.

For cement strength requirements, either the flexural or compressive test may be used.

Either Type I or II cement shall be used unless Type II is specified on the plans. Except when Type II is specified on the plans, Type III cement may be used when the anticipated air temperature for the succeeding 12 hours will not exceed 60°F. Type III cement may be used in all precast prestressed concrete, except in piling when Type II cement is required for substructure concrete.

Different types of cement may be used in the same structure, but all cement used in any one monolithic placement shall be of the same type and brand. Only one brand of each type will be permitted in any one structure unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer.

Cement may be delivered in bulk where adequate bin storage is provided. All other cement shall be delivered in bags marked plainly with the name of the manufacturer and the type of cement. Similar information shall be provided in the bills of lading accompanying each shipment of packaged or bulk cement. Bags shall contain 94 pounds net. All bags shall be in good condition at time of delivery.

All cement shall be properly protected against dampness. No caked cement will be accepted.

Cement remaining in storage for a prolonged period of time may be retested and rejected if it fails to conform to any of the requirements of these specifications.

2.2 MIXING WATER

Water for use in concrete and for curing shall be free from oils, acids, organic matter or other deleterious substances and shall not contain more than 1000 parts per million of chlorides as CL nor more than 1000 parts per million of sulfates as SO_4 .

Water from municipal supplies approved by the State Health Department will not require testing, but water from other sources will be sampled and tested before use in structural concrete.

Tests shall be made in accordance with the "Method of Test for Quality of Water to be Used in Concrete" (AASHTO Method T26), except where such methods are in conflict with provisions of this specification.

2.3 COARSE AGGREGATE

Coarse aggregate shall consist of durable particles of gravel, crushed blast furnace slag, crushed stone, or combinations thereof; free from frozen material or injurious amount of salt, alkali, vegetable matter, or other objectionable material either free or as an adherent coating; and its quality shall be reasonably uniform throughout. It shall not contain more than 0.25 percent by weight of clay lumps, nor more than 1.0 percent by weight of shale, nor more than 5 percent by weight of laminated and/or friable particles when tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-413-A. It shall have a wear of not more than 40 percent when tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-410-A.

Unless otherwise specified on the plans, coarse aggregate will be subjected to five cycles of the soundness test in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-411-A. The loss shall not be greater than 12 percent when sodium sulfate is used, or 18 percent when magnesium sulfate is used.

Permissible sizes of aggregate shall be governed by Table 4 and Table 1, except that when exposed aggregate surfaces are required, coarse aggregate gradation will be as specified on the plans.

When tested by approved methods, the coarse aggregate, including combinations of aggregates when used, shall conform to the grading requirements shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1
Coarse Aggregate Gradation Chart

Aggregate Grade No.	Nominal Size	Percent Retained on Each Sieve								
		2-½ In.	2 In.	1-½ In.	1 In.	¾ In.	½ In.	⅜ In.	No. 4	No. 8
1	2 in.	0	0 to 20	15 to 50		60 to 80			95 to 100	
2 (467)*	1-½ in.		0	0 to 5		30 to 65		70 to 90	95 to 100	
4 (57)*	1 in.			0	0 to 5		40 to 75		90 to 100	95 to 100
8	¾ in.						0	0 to 5	35 to 80	90 to 100

*Numbers in parenthesis indicate conformance with ASTM C33.

The aggregate shall be washed. The Loss by Decantation (TxDOT Test Method Tex-406-A) plus the allowable weight of clay lumps, shall not exceed one percent, or the value shown on the plans, whichever is smaller.

2.4 FINE AGGREGATE

Fine aggregate shall consist of clean, hard, durable and uncoated particles of natural or manufactured sand or a combination thereof, with or without a mineral filler. It shall be free from frozen material or injurious amounts of salt, alkali, vegetable matter or other objectionable material and it shall not contain more than 0.5 percent by weight of clay lumps. When subjected to the color test for organic impurities (TxDOT Test Method Tex-408-A), it shall not show a color darker than standard.

The fine aggregate shall produce a mortar having a tensile strength equal to or greater than that of Ottawa sand mortar when tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-317-D.

Where manufactured sand is used in lieu of natural sand for slab concrete subject to direct traffic, the acid insoluble residue of the fine aggregate shall be not less than 28 percent by weight when tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-612-J.

When tested by approved methods, the fine aggregate or combination of aggregates, including mineral filler, shall conform to the grading requirements shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2
Fine Aggregate Gradation Chart

<u>Aggregate Grade No.</u>	<u>Percent Retained on Each Sieve</u>							
	<u>3/8 In.</u>	<u>No. 4</u>	<u>No. 8</u>	<u>No. 16</u>	<u>No. 30</u>	<u>No. 50</u>	<u>No. 100</u>	<u>No. 200</u>
1	0	0 to 5	0 to 20	15 to 50	35 to 75	70 to 90	90 to 100	97 to 100

NOTE 1: Where manufactured sand is used in lieu of natural sand, the percent retained on the No. 200 sieve shall be 94 to 100.

NOTE 2: Where the sand equivalent value is greater than 85, the retainage on the No. 50 sieve may be 70 to 94 percent.

Fine aggregate will be subjected to the Sand Equivalent Test (TxDOT Test Method Tex-203-F). The sand equivalent shall not be less than 80 nor less than the value shown on the plans, whichever is greater.

For concrete Classes 'A' and 'C', the fineness modulus as defined below for fine aggregates shall be between 2.30 and 3.10.

The fineness modulus will be determined by adding the percentages by weight retained on the following sieves, and dividing by 100; Nos. 4, 8, 16, 30, 50 and 100.

2.5 MINERAL FILLER

Mineral filler shall consist of stone dust, clean crushed sand, or other approved inert material.

2.6 MORTAR (GROUT)

Mortar for repair of concrete shall consist of 1-part cement, 2-parts finely graded sand, and enough water to make the mixture plastic. When required to prevent color difference, white cement shall be added to produce the color required. When required by the Engineer, latex adhesive shall be added to the mortar.

2.7 ADMIXTURES

Calcium Chloride will not be permitted. Unless otherwise noted, air-entraining, retarding and water-reducing admixtures may be used in all concrete and shall conform to the following requirements:

A "water-reducing, retarding admixture" is defined as a material which, when added to a concrete mixture in the correct quantity, will reduce the quantity of mixing water required to produce concrete of a given consistency and will retard the initial set of the concrete.

A "water-reducing admixture" is defined as a material which, when added to a concrete mixture in the correct quantity, will reduce the quantity of mixing water required to produce concrete of a given consistency.

- (a) Retarding and Water-Reducing Admixtures. The admixture shall meet the requirements for Type A and Type D admixture as specified in ASTM Designation: C494, modified as follows:

- (1) The water-reducing retarder shall retard the initial set of the concrete a minimum of 2 hours and a maximum of 4 hours, at a specified dosage rate, at a temperature of 90°F.
- (2) The cement used in any series of tests shall be either the cement proposed for specific work or a "reference" Type I cement from one mill.
- (3) Unless otherwise noted on the plans, the minimum relative durability factor shall be 80.

The air-entraining admixture used in the referenced and test concrete shall be neutralized Vinsol resin.

(b) Air-Entraining Admixture. The admixture shall meet the requirements of ASTM Designation: C260, modified as follows:

- (1) The cement used in any series of tests shall be either the cement proposed for specific work or a "reference" Type I cement from one mill.
- (2) Unless otherwise noted on the plans, the minimum relative durability factor shall be 80.

The air-entraining admixture used in the referenced concrete shall be neutralized Vinsol resin.

3. STORAGE OF CEMENT

All cement shall be stored in well-ventilated weatherproof buildings or approved bins, which will protect it from dampness or absorption of moisture. Storage facilities shall be ample, and each shipment of packaged cement shall be kept separated to provide easy access for identification and inspection.

The Engineer may permit small quantities of sacked cement to be stored in the open for a maximum of 48 hours on a raised platform and under waterproof covering.

4. STORAGE OF AGGREGATE

The method of handling and storing concrete aggregate shall prevent contamination with foreign materials. If the aggregates are stored on the ground, the sites for the stockpiles shall be clear of all vegetation and level. The bottom layer of aggregate shall not be disturbed or used without recleaning.

When conditions require the use of two or more sizes of aggregates, they shall be separated to prevent intermixing. Where space is limited, stockpiles shall be separated by physical barriers.

Methods of handling aggregates during stockpiling and subsequent use shall be such that segregation will be minimized.

Unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer, all aggregate shall be stockpiled at least 24 hours to reduce the free moisture content.

5. MEASUREMENT OF MATERIALS

The measurement of the materials, except water, used in batches of concrete, shall be by weight. The fine aggregate, coarse aggregate and mineral filler shall be weighed separately. Where bulk cement is used, it shall be weighed separately, but batch weighing of sacked cement will not be required. Where sacked cement is used, the quantities of material per batch shall be based upon using full bags of cement. Batches involving the use of fractional bags will not be permitted.

Allowance shall be made for the water content in the aggregates.

Bags of cement varying more than 3 percent from the specified weight of 94 pounds may be rejected, and when the average weight per bag in any shipment, as determined by weighing 50 bags taken at random, is less than the net weight specified, the entire shipment may be rejected. If the shipment is accepted, the Engineer will adjust the concrete mix to a net weight per bag fixed by an average of all individual weights which are less than the average weight determined from the total number weighed.

6. CLASSIFICATION AND MIX DESIGN

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to furnish the mix design, using a coarse aggregate factor acceptable to the Engineer, for the class(es) of concrete specified. The mix shall be designed by a qualified concrete technician to conform with the requirements contained herein and in accordance with the THD Bulletin C-11. The Contractor shall perform, at his own expense, the work required to substantiate the design, except the testing of strength specimens, which will be done by the Engineer. Complete concrete design data shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

It shall also be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine and measure the batch quantity of each ingredient, including all water, so that the mix conforms to these specifications and any other requirements shown on the plans.

In lieu of the above mix design responsibility, the Contractor may accept a design furnished by the Engineer; however, this will not relieve the Contractor of providing concrete meeting the requirements of these specifications.

Trial batches will be made and tested using all of the proposed ingredients prior to the placing the concrete, and when the aggregate and/or brand of cement or admixture is changed. Trial batches shall be made in the mixer to be used on the job. When transit mix concrete is to be used, the trial designs will be made in a transit mixer representative of the mixers to be used. Batch size shall not be less than 50 percent of the rated mixing capacity of the truck.

Mix designs from previous or concurrent jobs may be used without trial batches if it is shown that no substantial change in any of the proposed ingredients has been made.

The coarse aggregate factor shall not be more than 0.82, except that when the voids in the coarse aggregate exceed 48 percent of the total dry loose volume, the coarse aggregate factor shall not exceed 0.85. The coarse aggregate factor shall not be less than 0.70 for Grades 1, 2 and 3 aggregates.

If the strength required for the class of concrete being produced is not secured with the cement specified in Table 4, the Contractor may use an approved water-reducing or retarding admixture, or he shall furnish aggregates with different characteristics which will produce the required results. Additional cement may be

required or permitted as a temporary measure until the redesign is checked.

Water-reducing or retarding agents may be used with all classes of concrete at the option of the Contractor.

When water-reducing or retarding agents are used at the option of the Contractor, reduced dosage of the admixture will be permitted.

Entrained air will be required in accordance with Table 4. The concrete shall be designed to entrain 5 percent air when Grade 2 coarse aggregate is used and 6 percent when Grade 3 coarse aggregate is used. Concrete as placed in the structure shall contain the proper amount as required above with a tolerance of plus or minus 1.5 percentage points. Occasional variations beyond this tolerance will not be cause for rejection. When the quantity of entrained air is found to be above 7 percent with Grade 2 coarse aggregate or above 8 percent for Grade 3 coarse aggregate, additional test beams or cylinders will be made. If these beams or cylinders pass the minimum flexural or compressive requirements, the concrete will not be rejected because of the variation in air content.

7. CONSISTENCY

In cases where the consistency requirements cannot be satisfied without exceeding the maximum allowable amount of water, the Contractor may use, or the Engineer may require, an approved water-reducing or retarding agent, or the Contractor shall furnish additional aggregates or aggregates with different characteristics, which will produce the required results. Additional cement may be required or permitted as a temporary measure until aggregates are changed and designs checked with the different aggregates or admixture.

The consistency of the concrete as placed should allow the completion of all finishing operations without the addition of water to the surface. When field conditions are such that additional moisture is needed for the final concrete surface finishing operation, the required water shall be applied to the surface by fog spray only, and shall be held to a minimum. The concrete shall be workable, cohesive, possess satisfactory finishing qualities, and of the stiffest consistency that can be placed and vibrated into a homogenous mass. Excessive bleeding shall be avoided. Slump requirements will be as specified in Table 3.

TABLE 3
Slump Requirements

<u>Concrete Designation</u>	<u>Desired Slump</u>	<u>Max. Slump</u>
Structural Concrete:		
(1) Thin-Walled Sections (9" or less)	4 inches	5 inches
(2) Slabs, Caps, Columns, Piers, Wall Sections over 9", etc.	3 inches	4 inches
Underwater or Seal Concrete	5 inches	6 inches
Riprap, Curb, Gutter and Other Miscellaneous Concrete	2.5 inches	4 inches

NOTE: No concrete will be permitted with slump in excess of the maximums shown.

8. QUALITY OF CONCRETE

8.1 GENERAL

The concrete shall be uniform and workable. The cement content, maximum allowable water-cement ratio, the desired and maximum slump and the strength requirements of the various classes of concrete shall conform to the requirements of Table 3 and Table 4 and as required herein.

During the process of the work, the Engineer will cast test cylinders or beams as a check on the compressive or flexural strength of the concrete actually placed.

A test shall be defined as the average of the breaking strength of two cylinders or two beams, as the case may be. Specimens will be tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Methods Tex-418-A or Tex-420-A.

Test beams or cylinders will be required as specified in the contract documents. For small placements on structures such as manholes, inlets, culverts, wingwalls, etc., the Engineer may vary the number of tests to a minimum of one for each 25 cubic yards placed over a several day period.

All test specimens, beams or cylinders, representing tests for removal of forms and/or falsework shall be cured using the same methods, and under the same conditions as the concrete represented.

"Design Strength" beams and cylinders shall be cured in accordance with THD Bulletin C-11.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain curing facilities as described in THD Bulletin C-11 for the purpose of curing test specimens. Provision shall be made to maintain the water in the curing tank at temperatures between 70°F and 90°F.

When control of concrete quality is by twenty-eight-day compressive tests, job control will be by seven-day compressive tests which are shown to provide the required twenty-eight-day strength, based on results from trial batches. If the required seven-day strength is not secured with the cement specified in Table 4, changes in the batch design will be made.

TABLE 4
Classes of Concrete

Class of Concrete	Sacks Cement per C.Y. (min.)	Minimum Compressive Strength (f'c) 28-Day(psi)	Min. Beam Strength 7-Day (psi)	Maximum Water-Cement Ratio (gal/sack)	Coarse Aggregate No.
A*	5.0	3000	500***	6.5	2-4-8****
B*	4.5	2500	417	8.0	2-4-8****
C*	6.0	3600	600***	6.0	1-2-4**
D	6.0	3000	500	7.0	2-4
S	6.5	4000	570	5.0	2-4

*Entrained Air (slabs, piers and bent concrete).

**Grade 1 Coarse Aggregate may be used in foundation only (except cased drilled shafts).

***When Type II Cement is used with Class C Concrete, the 7-day beam break requirement will be 550 psi; with Class A Concrete, the minimum 7-day beam break requirement will be 460 psi.

***Permission to use Grade 8 Aggregate must have prior approval of the Engineer.

9. MIXING CONDITIONS

The concrete shall be mixed in quantities required for immediate use. Any concrete which is not in place within the limits outlined in specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures", Article "Placing Concrete-General", shall not be used. Retamping of concrete will not be permitted.

In threatening weather, which may result in conditions that will adversely affect the quality of the concrete to be placed, the Engineer may order postponement of the work. Where work has been started and changes in weather conditions require protective measures, the Contractor shall furnish adequate shelter to protect the concrete against damage from rainfall, or from freezing temperatures. If necessary to continue operations during rainfall, the Contractor shall also provide protective coverings for the material stockpiles. Aggregate stockpiles need be covered only to the extent necessary to control the moisture conditions in the aggregates to adequately control the consistency of the concrete.

10. MIXING AND MIXING EQUIPMENT

All equipment, tools, and machinery used for hauling materials and performing any part of the work shall be maintained in such condition to insure completion of the work underway without excessive delays for repairs or replacements.

The mixing shall be done in a batch mixer of approved type and size that will produce uniform distribution of the material throughout the mass. Mixers may be either the revolving drum type or the revolving blade type, and shall be capable of producing concrete meeting the requirements of these specifications.

After all the ingredients are assembled in the drum, the mixing shall continue not less than 1 minute for mixers of one cubic yard or less capacity plus 15 seconds for each additional cubic yard or portion thereof.

The mixer shall operate at the speed and capacity designated by the Mixer Manufacturers Bureau of the Associated General Contractors of America. The mixer shall have a plate affixed showing the manufacturer's recommended operating data.

The absolute volume of the concrete batch shall not exceed the rated capacity of the mixer.

The entire contents of the drum shall be discharged before any materials are placed therein for the succeeding batch.

The first batch of concrete materials placed in the mixer for each placement shall contain an extra quantity of sand, cement and water sufficient to coat the inside surface of the drum.

Upon the cessation of mixing for any considerable length of time, the mixer shall be thoroughly cleaned.

The concrete mixer shall be equipped with an automatic timing device which is put into operation when the skip is raised to its full height and dumping. This device shall lock the discharging mechanism and prevent emptying of the mixer until all the materials have been mixed together for the minimum time required, and

it shall ring a bell after the specified time of mixing has elapsed.

The water tank shall be arranged so that the amount of water can be measured accurately, and when the tank starts to discharge, the inlet supply shall cut off automatically.

Whenever a concrete mixer is not adequate or suitable for the work, it shall be removed from the site upon a written order from the Engineer and a suitable mixer provided by the Contractor.

Pick-up and thro-over blades in the drum of the mixer which are worn down more than 10 percent in depth shall be repaired or replaced with new blades.

Improperly mixed concrete shall not be placed in the structure.

Job mix concrete shall be concrete mixed in an approved batch mixer in accordance with the requirements stated above, adjacent to the structure for which the concrete is being mixed, and moved to the placement site in non-agitating equipment.

11. READY-MIX PLANTS

11.1 GENERAL

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to furnish concrete meeting all requirement of the governing specification sections, and concrete not meeting the slump, workability and consistency requirements of the governing specification sections shall not be placed in the structure or pavement.

Ready-Mixed Concrete shall be mixed and delivered by means of one of the following approved methods.

- (1) Mixed completely in a stationary mixer and transported to the point of delivery in a truck agitator or a truck mixer operating at truck agitator or truck mixer agitation speed. (Central-Mix Concrete)
- (2) Mixed complete in a truck mixer and transported to the placement site at mixing and/or agitating speed (Transit-Mix Concrete), subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) Truck mixers will be permitted to transport concrete to the job site at mixing speed if equipped with double actuated counters which will separate revolutions at mixing speed from total revolutions.
 - (b) Truck mixers equipped with a single actuated counter counting total revolutions of the drum shall mix the concrete at the plant not less than 50 nor more than 70 revolutions at mixing speed, transport it to the job site at agitating speed and complete the required mixing before placing the concrete.
- (3) Mixed completely in a stationery mixer and transported to the job site in approved non-agitating trucks with special bodies. This method of transporting will be permitted for concrete pavement only.

11.2 EQUIPMENT

(1) Batching Plant

The batching plant shall be provided with adequate bins for batching all aggregates and materials required by the specifications.

Bulk cement shall be weighed on a scale separate from those used for other materials and in a hopper entirely free and independent of that used for weighing the aggregates.

(2) Mixers and Agitators.

- (a) General: Mixers shall be of an approved stationary or truck-type capable of combining the ingredients into a thoroughly mixed and uniform mass.

Facilities shall be provided to permit ready access to the inside of the drum for inspection, cleaning and repair of blades.

Mixers and agitators shall be subject to daily examination for changes in condition due to accumulation of hardened concrete and/or wear of blades, and any hardened concrete shall be removed before the mixer will be permitted to be used. Worn blades shall be repaired or replaced with new in accordance with the manufacturer's design and arrangement for that particular unit when any part or section is worn as much as 10 percent below the original height of the manufacturer's design.

- (b) Stationary Mixers: These shall conform to the requirements of Article "Mixing and Mixing Equipment". Truck mixers mounted on a stationary base will not be considered as a stationary mixer.

- (c) Truck Mixers: In addition, truck mixers shall comply with the following requirements:

An engine in satisfactory working condition and capable of accurately gauging the desired speed of rotation shall be mounted as an integral part of the mixing unit for the purpose of rotating the drum. Truck mixers equipped with a transmission that will govern the speed of the drum within the specified revolutions per minute (rpm) will not require a separate engine.

All truck mixers shall be equipped with actuated counters by which the proper number of revolutions of the drum, as specified in Article 11. A. above, may be readily verified. The counters shall be read and recorded at the start of mixing at mixing speeds.

Each until shall have adequate water supply and accurate metering or gauging devices for measuring the amount used.

- (d) Agitators: Concrete agitators shall be of the truck type, capable of maintaining a

thoroughly mixed and uniform concrete mass and discharging it within the same degree of uniformity specified for mixers. Agitators shall comply with all of the requirements for truck mixers, except for the actual mixing requirements.

11.3 OPERATION OF PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Delivery of ready-mixed concrete shall equal or exceed the rate approved by the Engineer for continuous placement. In all cases, the delivery of concrete to the placement site shall assure compliance with the time limits in the applicable specification for depositing successive batches in any monolithic unit. The Contractor shall satisfy the Engineer that adequate standby trucks are available.

A standard ticket system will be used for recording concrete batching, mixing and delivery date.

Tickets will be delivered to the job inspector.

Loads arriving without ticket and/or in unsatisfactory condition shall not be used.

When a stationary mixer is used for the entire mixing operation, the mixing time for one cubic yard of concrete shall be one minute plus 15 seconds for each additional cubic yard or portion thereof. This mixing time shall start when all cement, aggregates and initial water have entered the drum. The mixer shall be charged so that some of the mixing water will enter the drum in advance of the cement and aggregate. All of the mixing water shall be in the drum by the end of the first one-fourth of the specified mixing time. Water used to flush down the blades after charging shall be accurately measured and included in the quantity of mixing water. The introduction of the initial mixing water, except blade wash down water and that permitted in this Article, shall be prior to or simultaneous with the charging of the aggregates and cement.

The loading of truck mixers shall not exceed 63 percent of the total volume of the drum. When used as an agitator only, the loading shall not exceed 80 percent of the drum volume.

When Ready-Mix Concrete is used, additional mortar (one sack cement, three parts sand and sufficient water) shall be added to the batch to coat the drum of the mixer or agitator truck, and this shall be required for every load of Class C concrete only and for the first batch from central mix plants.

A portion of the mixing water, required by the batch design to produce the desired slump, may be withheld and added at the job site, but only with permission of the Engineer and under his supervision. When water is added under the above conditions, it shall be thoroughly mixed as specified below for water added at the job site.

Mixing speed shall be attained as soon as all ingredients are in the mixer, and each complete batch (containing all the required ingredients) shall be mixed not less than 70 nor more than 100 revolutions of the drum at mixing speed except that when water is added at the job site, 25 revolutions (minimum) at mixing speed will be required to uniformly disperse the additional water throughout the mix. Mixing speed shall be as designated by the manufacturer.

All revolutions after the prescribed mixing time shall be at agitating speed. The agitating speed shall be not less than one (1) nor more than five (5) rpm. The drum shall be kept in continuous motion from the time mixing is started until the discharge is completed.

12. PLACING, CURING AND FINISHING

The placing of concrete, including construction of forms and falsework, curing and finishing, shall be in accordance with Standard Specification Section 038000 "Concrete Structures".

13. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 032020
REINFORCING STEEL

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern the furnishing and placing of reinforcing steel, deformed and smooth, of the size and quantity designated on the plans and in accordance with these specifications.

2. MATERIALS

Unless otherwise designated on the plans, all bar reinforcement shall be deformed, and shall conform to ASTM Designation: A615, Grades 40, 60 and 75, and shall be open hearth, basic oxygen, or electric furnace new billet steel.

Large diameter new billet steel (Nos. 14 and 18), Grade 75, will be permitted for straight bars only.

Where bending of bar sizes No. 14 or No. 18 of Grades 40 and 60 is required, bend testing shall be performed on representative specimens as described for smaller bars in the applicable ASTM Specification. The required bend shall be 90 degrees around a pin having a diameter of 10 times the nominal diameter of the bar.

Spiral reinforcement shall be smooth (not deformed) bars or wire of the minimum diameter shown on the plans, and shall be made by one or more of the following processes: open hearth, basic oxygen, or electric furnace. Bars shall be rolled from billets reduced from ingots and shall comply with ASTM Designation: A 306, Grade 65 minimum (references to ASTM Designation: A 29 is voided). Dimensional tolerances shall be in accordance with ASTM Designation: A 615, or ASTM Designation: A 615, Grade 40 or 60, except for deformations. Wire shall be cold-drawn from rods that have been hot-rolled from billets and shall comply with ASTM Designation: A 185.

In cases where the provisions of this specification are in conflict with the provisions of the ASTM Designation to which reference is made, the provisions of this specification shall govern.

Report of chemical analysis showing the percentages of carbon, manganese, phosphorus and sulphur will be required for all reinforcing steel when it is to be welded.

The nominal size and area and the theoretical weight of reinforcing steel bars covered by this specification are as follows:

<u>Bar Size Number</u>	<u>Nominal Diameter, In.</u>	<u>Nominal Area, Sq. In.</u>	<u>Weight Per Linear Foot, Pounds</u>
2	0.250	0.05	0.167
3	0.375	0.11	0.376
4	0.500	0.20	0.668
5	0.625	0.31	1.043
6	0.750	0.44	1.502
7	0.875	0.60	2.044
8	1.000	0.79	2.670
9	1.128	1.00	3.400
10	1.270	1.27	4.303
11	1.410	1.56	5.313
14	1.693	2.25	7.6
18	2.257	4.00	13.60

Smooth round bars shall be designated by size number through No. 4. Smooth bars above No. 4 shall be designated by diameter in inches.

When wire is ordered by gauge numbers, the following relation between number and diameter, in inches, shall apply unless otherwise specified:

<u>Gauge Number</u>	<u>Equivalent Diameter, Inches</u>	<u>Gauge Number</u>	<u>Equivalent Diameter, Inches</u>
0	0.3065	8	0.1620
1	0.2830	9	0.1483
2	0.2625	10	0.1350
3	0.2437	11	0.1205
4	0.2253	12	0.1055
5	0.2070	13	0.0915
6	0.1920	14	0.0800
7	0.1770		

3. BENDING

The reinforcement shall be bent cold, true to the shapes indicated on the plans. Bending shall preferably be done in the shop. Irregularities in bending shall be cause for rejection.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the inside diameter of bar bends, in terms of the nominal bar diameter (d), shall be as follows:

Bends of 90 degrees and greater in stirrups, ties and other secondary bars that enclose another bar in the bend:

	<u>Grade 40</u>	<u>Grade 60</u>
#3, #4, #5	3d	4d
#6, #7, #8	4d	5d

All bends in main bars and in secondary bars not covered above:

	<u>Grade 40</u>	<u>Grade 60</u>	<u>Grade 75</u>
#3 thru #8	5d	6d	--
#9, #10	5d	8d	--
#11	5d	8d	8d
#14, #18	10d	10d	--

4. TOLERANCES

Fabricating tolerances for bars shall be within 3 percent of specified.

5. STORING

Steel reinforcement shall be stored above the surface of the ground upon platforms, skids or other supports, and shall be protected as far as practicable from mechanical injury and surface deterioration caused by exposure to conditions producing rust. When placed in the work, reinforcement shall be free from dirt, paint, grease, oil, or other foreign materials. Reinforcement shall be free from injurious defects such as cracks and laminations. Rust, surface seams, surface irregularities or mill scale will not be cause for rejection, provided the minimum dimensions, cross-sectional area and tensile properties of a hand wire crushed specimen meets the physical requirements for size and grade of steel specified.

6. SPLICES

No splicing of bars, except when provided on the plans or specified herein, will be permitted without written approval of the Engineer.

Splices not provided for on the plans will be permitted, but not included for measurement, in Grade 40 bars only, sizes No. 8 and smaller, subject to the following:

For bars exceeding 40 feet in plan length, the center-to-center distance of splices shall not be less than 40 feet and no individual bar length shall be less than 10 feet. Splices will not be permitted in bars less than 40 feet in plan length. Splices which are not shown on the plans, but permitted hereby, shall be made in accordance with Table 1 below. The specified concrete cover shall be maintained at such splices and the bars placed in contact and securely tied together.

Splices will not be permitted in main reinforcement at points of maximum stress. When permitted in main bars, splices in adjacent bars will be staggered a minimum of two splice lengths.

TABLE 1
Minimum Lap Requirements

<u>Lap</u>	<u>Uncoated</u>	<u>Coated</u>
Lap in inches \geq	40d	60d

Where: d = bar diameter in inches

Welding of reinforcing bars may be used only where shown on the plans or as permitted herein. All welding operations, processes, equipment, materials, workmanship and inspection shall conform to the requirements of the plans and to Standard Specification Section 050200 "Welding".

All splices shall be of such dimension and character as to develop the full strength of bar being spliced.

End preparation for butt welding reinforcing bars shall be done in the field. Delivered bars shall be of sufficient length to permit this practice.

For box culvert extensions with less than one foot of fill, the existing longitudinal bars shall have a 20-diameter lap with the new bars. For extensions with more than one foot of fill, a minimum of 6 inches lap will be required.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, dowel bars transferring tensile stresses shall have a minimum embedment equal to the minimum lap requirements shown in Table 1. Shear transfer dowels shall have a minimum embedment of 12 inches.

7. PLACING

Reinforcement shall be placed as near as possible in the position shown on the plans. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, dimensions shown for reinforcement are to the centers of the bars. In the plane of the steel parallel to the nearest surface of concrete, bars shall not vary from plan placement by more than one-twelfth of the spacing between bars. In the plane of the steel perpendicular to the nearest surface of concrete, bars shall not vary from plan placement by more than one-quarter inch. Cover of concrete to the nearest surface of steel shall meet the above requirements but shall never be less than one inch.

Vertical stirrups shall always pass around the main tension members and be attached securely thereto. The

reinforcing steel shall be spaced its required distance from the form surface by means of approved galvanized metal spacers, metal spacers with plastic coated tips, stainless steel spacers, plastic spacers, or approved pre-cast mortar or concrete blocks. For approval of plastic spacers on the project, representative samples of the plastic shall show no visible indications of deterioration after immersion in a 5 percent solution of sodium hydroxide for 120 hours.

All reinforcing steel shall be tied at all intersections, except that where spacing is less than one foot in each direction, alternate intersections only need be tied.

Before any concrete is placed, all mortar shall be cleaned from the reinforcement. Precast mortar or concrete blocks to be used for holding steel in position adjacent to formed surfaces shall be cast in molds meeting the approval of the Engineer and shall be cured by covering with wet burlap or cotton mats for a period of 72 hours.

The blocks shall be cast in the form of a frustum of a cone or pyramid with the smaller face placed against the forms.

A suitable tie wire shall be provided in each block, to be used for anchoring to the steel. Except in unusual cases, and when specifically otherwise authorized by the Engineer, the size of the surface to be placed adjacent to the forms shall not exceed two and one-half inches square or the equivalent thereof in cases where circular or rectangular areas are provided. Blocks shall be cast accurately to the thickness required, and the surface to be placed adjacent to the forms shall be a true plane free of surface imperfections.

Reinforcement shall be supported and tied in such manner that a sufficiently rigid case of steel is provided. If the cage is not adequately supported to resist settlement or floating upward of the steel, overturning of truss bars or movement in any direction during concrete placement, permission to continue concrete placement will be withheld until corrective measures are taken. Sufficient measurements shall be made during concrete placement to ensure compliance with the first paragraph of Article 7 of this specification.

Mats of wire fabric shall overlap each other sufficiently to maintain a uniform strength and shall be fastened securely at the ends and edges.

No concrete shall be deposited until the Engineer has inspected the placement of the reinforcing steel and given permission to proceed.

8. MEASUREMENT

Unless specified otherwise this item shall be measured as a lump sum.

9. PAYMENT

Payment shall be at the lump sum measurement. Payment shall be full compensation for all labor, material, and equipment necessary. To complete the work in accordance with the plans and this specification and shall be subsidiary to the bid item it's listed in.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 033000
CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

1. GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies cast-in place concrete, including formwork, reinforcing, mix design, placement procedures, and finishes.
- B. Cast-in-place concrete includes the following:
1. Foundations and footings.
 2. Slabs-on-grade.
 3. Equipment pads and bases.
- C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
1. Division 2 Section "Portland Cement Concrete Paving" for concrete paving and walks.

1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- ASTM C150-81 Standard Specification for Portland Cement
- ASTM C33-82 Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregate
- ASTM C39-81 Standard Method of Test for Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens
- ASTM C42-84a Obtaining and Testing Drilled Cores and Sawed Beams of Concrete
- ASTM C192-81 Standard Method of Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory
- ASTM C172-82 Standard Method of Sampling Fresh Concrete
- ASTM C143-78 Slump of Portland Cement Concrete
- ASTM C31-69 Standard Method of Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field
- ASTM C94-81 Standard Specification for Ready Mixed Concrete

- ASTM C78 Method of Test for Flexural Strength of Concrete
- ASTM C231-82 Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method
- ASTM C260-86 Air Entraining Admixtures for Concrete
- ASTM C494-86 Chemical Admixtures for Concrete

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following according to Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
- B. Product data for proprietary materials and items, including reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, waterstops, joint systems, curing compounds, dry-shake finish materials, and others if requested by the Engineer.
- C. Shop drawings for reinforcement detailing fabricating, bending, and placing concrete reinforcement. Comply with ACI 315 "Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures" showing bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, and arrangement of concrete reinforcement. Include special reinforcing required for openings through concrete structures.
- D. Laboratory test reports for concrete materials and mix design test for each class of concrete.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Codes and Standards: Comply with provisions of the following codes, specifications, and standards, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified:
 - 1. American Concrete Institute (ACI) 301, "Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings."
 - 2. ACI 318, "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete."
 - 3. Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute (CRSI) "Manual of Standard Practice."
- B. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a testing agency acceptable to the Engineer to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixes.
- C. Materials and installed work may require testing and retesting at any time during progress of Work. Tests, including retesting of rejected materials for installed Work, shall be done at Contractor's expense.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 FORM MATERIALS

- A. Forms for Exposed Finish Concrete: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood faced, or other acceptable panel-type materials to provide continuous, straight, smooth, exposed surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints and to conform to joint system shown on drawings.
- B. Forms for Unexposed Finish Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another acceptable material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.
- C. Forms for Cylindrical Columns and Supports: Metal, glass-fiber-reinforced plastic, or paper or fiber tubes that will produce smooth surfaces without joint indications. Provide units with sufficient wall thickness to resist wet concrete loads without deformation.
- D. Form Release Agent: Provide commercial formulation form release agent with a maximum of 350 g/L volatile organic compounds (VOCs) that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.
- E. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, adjustable-length, removable or snap-off metal form ties designed to prevent form deflection and to prevent spalling of concrete upon removal. Provide units that will leave no metal closer than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) to the plane of the exposed concrete surface.
 - 1. Provide ties that, when removed, will leave holes not larger than 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter in the concrete surface.

2.2 REINFORCING MATERIALS

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615 Grade 60, deformed, Grade 40 stirrups and ties.
- B. Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, plain, cold-drawn steel.
- C. Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 185, welded steel wire fabric. Flat sheets only.
- D. Deformed-Steel Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 497.
- E. Supports for Reinforcement: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire fabric in place. Use wire bar-type supports complying with CRSI specifications.
 - 1. For slabs-on-grade, use supports with sand plates or horizontal runners where base material will not support chair legs or use Haydite (CMU) blocks.
 - 2. For exposed-to-view concrete surfaces where legs of supports are in contact

with forms, provide supports that are plastic (CRSI, Class 1) or stainless steel (CRSI, Class 2).

2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I.
 - 1. Use one brand of cement throughout Project unless otherwise acceptable to the Engineer.
- B. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Type F.
- C. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33 and as specified. Provide aggregates from a single source for exposed concrete.
 - 1. For exposed exterior surfaces, do not use fine or coarse aggregates that contain substances that cause spalling.
- D. Water: Potable.
- E. Admixtures, General: Provide concrete admixtures that contain not more than 0.1 percent chloride ions.
- F. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260, certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other required admixtures.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Air-Tite, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - b. Air-Mix or Perma-Air, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - c. Darex AEA or Daravair, W.R. Grace & Co.
 - d. MB-VR or Micro-Air, Master Builders, Inc.
 - e. Sealtight AEA, W.R. Meadows, Inc.
 - f. Sika AER, Sika Corp.
- G. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type A.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Chemtard, ChemMasters Corp.
 - b. PSIN, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - c. Eucon WR-75, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - d. WRDA, W.R. Grace & Co.
 - e. Pozzolith Normal or Polyheed, Master Builders, Inc.
 - f. Metco W.R., Metalcrete Industries.
 - g. Prokrete-N, Prokrete Industries

- h. Plastocrete 161, Sika Corp.
- H. High-Range Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type F or Type G.
- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Super P, Anti-Hydro Co., me.
 - b. Cormix 200, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - c. Eucon 37, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - d. WRDA 19 or Daracem, W.R. Grace & Co.
 - e. Rheobuild or Polyheed, Master Builders, Inc.
 - f. Superslump, Metalcrete Industries.
 - g. PSPL, Prokrete Industries
 - h. Sikament 300, Sika Corp.
- I. Water-Reducing, Accelerating Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type E.
- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Q-Set, Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co.
 - b. Lubricon NCA, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - c. Accelguard 80, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - d. Daraset, W.R. Grace & Co.
 - e. Pozzutec 20, Master Builders, Inc.
 - f. Accel-Set, Metalcrete Industries.
- J. Water-Reducing, Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type D.
- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. PSI-R Plus, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - b. Eucon Retarder 75, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - c. Daratard-17, W.R. Grace & Co.
 - d. Pozzolith R, Master Builders, Inc.
 - e. Protard, Prokrete Industries.
 - f. Plastiment, Sika Corporation.

2.4 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Dovetail Anchor Slots: Hot-dip galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.0336 inch thick (0.76 mm) with bent tab anchors. Fill slot with temporary filler or cover face opening to prevent intrusion of concrete or debris.
- B. Sand Cushion: Clean, manufactured or natural sand.

- C. Vapor Retarder: Provide vapor retarder that is resistant to deterioration when tested according to ASTM E 154, as follows:
1. Polyethylene sheet not less than 11 mils thick.
- D. Concrete Sealer/Hardener and Dustproofing.
1. Sonneborn Lapidolith.
- E. Water-Based Acrylic Membrane Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type I, Class B.
1. Provide material that has a maximum volatile organic compound (VOC) rating of 350 g/L.
 2. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 3. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Highseal, Conspec Marketing and Mfg. Co.
 - b. Sealco - VOC, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - c. Safe Cure and Seal, Dayton Superior Corp.
 - d. Aqua-Cure, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - e. Dress & Seal WB, L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.
 - f. Masterkure 100W, Master Builders, Inc.
 - g. Vocomp-20, W.R. Meadows, Inc.
 - h. Metcure, Metalcrete Industries.
 - i. Stontop CS1, Stonhard, Inc.
 - j. Kure-N-Seal WB.
- F. Underlayment Compound: Free-flowing, self-leveling, pumpable, cement-based compound for applications from 1 inch (25 mm) thick to feathered edges.
1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. K-15, Ardex, Inc.
 - b. Self-Leveling Wear Topping, W.R. Bonsai, Co.
 - c. Conflow, Conspec Marketing and Mfg. Co.
 - d. Corlevel, Cormix Construction Chemicals.
 - e. LevelLayer II, Dayton Superior Corp.
 - f. Flo-Top, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - g. Gyp-Crete, Gyp-Crete Corp.
 - h. Levelex, L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.
 - i. Underlayment 110, Master Builders, Inc.
 - j. Stoncrete UL1, Stonhard, Inc.
 - k. Concrete Top, Symons Corp.
 1. Thoro Underlayment Self-Leveling, Thoro System Products.

- G. Bonding Agent: Polyvinyl acetate or acrylic base.
1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Polyvinyl Acetate (Interior Only):
 1. Superior Concrete Bonder, Dayton Superior Corp.
 2. Euco Weld, Euclid Chemical Co.
 3. Weld-Crete, Larsen Products Corp.
 4. Everweld, L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.
 5. Herculox, Metalcrete Industries.
 6. Ready Bond, Symons Corp.
 - b. Acrylic or Styrene Butadiene:
 1. Acrylic Bondcrete, The Burke Co.
 2. Strongbond, Conspec Marketing and Mfg. Co.
 3. Day-Chem Ad Bond, Dayton Superior Corp.
 4. SBR Latex, Euclid Chemical Co.
 5. Daraweld C, W.R. Grace & Co.
 6. Hornweld, A.C. Horn, Inc.
 7. Everbond, L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.
 8. Acryl-Set, Master Builders Inc.
 9. Intralok, W.R. Meadows, Inc.
 10. Acrylpave, Metalcrete Industries.
 11. Sonocrete, Sonneborn-Chemrex.
 12. Stonlock LB2, Stonhard, Inc.
 13. Strong Bond, Symons Corp.
- H. Epoxy Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component material suitable for use on dry or damp surfaces. Provide material type, grade, and class to suit Project requirements.
1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that maybe incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Burke Epoxy M.V., The Burke Co.
 - b. Spec-Bond 100, Conspec Marketing and Mfg. Co.
 - c. Resi-Bond (J-58), Dayton Superior.
 - d. Euco Epoxy System #452 or #620, Euclid Chemical Co.
 - e. Epoxite Binder 2390, A.C. Horn, Inc.
 - f. Epabond, L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.
 - g. Concesive Standard Liquid, Master Builders, Inc.

- h. Rezi-Weld 1000, W.R. Meadows, Inc.
- i. Metco Hi-Mod Epoxy, Metalcrete Industries,
- j. Sikadur 32 Hi-Mod, Sika Corp.
- k. Stonset LV5, Stonhard, Inc.
- 1. R-600 Series, Symons Corp.

2.5 PROPORTIONING AND DESIGNING MIXES

- A. Prepare design mixes for each type and strength of concrete by either laboratory trial batch or field experience methods as specified in ACI 301. For the trial batch method, use an independent testing agency acceptable to the Engineer for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs.
 - 1. Do not use the same testing agency for field quality control testing.
 - 2. Limit use of fly ash to not exceed 15 percent of cement content by weight.
- B. Submit written reports to the Engineer of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of Work. Do not begin concrete production until proposed mix designs have been reviewed by the Engineer.
- C. Design mixes to provide normal weight concrete with the following properties as indicated on drawings and schedules:
 - 1. 4000 psi (27.6 MPa), 28-day compressive strength; water-cement ratio, 0.44 maximum (non-air-entrained), 0.35 maximum (air-entrained).
 - 2. 3500 psi (24.1 MPa), 28-day compressive strength; water-cement ratio, 0.51 maximum (non-air-entrained), 0.40 maximum (air-entrained).
 - 3. 3000 psi (20.7 MPa), 28-day compressive strength; water-cement ratio, 0.58 maximum (non-air-entrained), 0.46 maximum (air-entrained).
 - 4. 2500 psi (17.2 MPa), 28-day compressive strength; water-cement ratio, 0.67 maximum (non-air-entrained), 0.54 maximum (air-entrained).
- D. Water-Cement Ratio: Provide concrete for following conditions with maximum water-cement (W/C) ratios as follows: W/C 0.50.
- E. Slump Limits: Proportion and design mixes to result in concrete slump at point of placement. See general notes in structural drawings.
- F. Adjustment to Concrete Mixes: Mix design adjustments may be requested by Contractor when characteristics of materials, job conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant, as accepted by the Engineer. Laboratory test data for revised mix design and strength results must be submitted to and accepted by the Engineer before using in Work.

2.6 ADMIXTURES

- A. Use water-reducing admixture or high-range water-reducing admixture (superplasticizer) in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
- B. Use accelerating admixture in concrete slabs placed at ambient temperatures below 50°F (10°C).
- C. Use high-range water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy use industrial slabs, architectural concrete, parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with water-cement ratios below 0.50.
- D. Use air entraining admixture in exterior exposed concrete unless otherwise indicated. Add air entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having total air content with a tolerance of plus or minus 1-1/2 percent within the following limits: 2 to 4 percent air.
- E. Use admixtures for water reduction and set accelerating or retarding in strict compliance with manufacturer's directions.

2.7 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Comply with requirements of ASTM C 94, and as specified.
 - 1. When air temperature is between 85°F (29°C) and 90°F (32°C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes, and when air temperature is above 90°F (32°C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
 - 2. When air temperature is above 90°F (32°C), ice may be added to the batch in the plant to reduce the rate of hydration with prior approval of the Engineer.
 - 3. No concrete shall be placed when the concrete temperature exceeds 97°F, or when the delivery times are exceeded. Concrete may not be retempered.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Coordinate the installation of joint materials, vapor retarder/barrier, and other related materials with placement of forms and reinforcing steel.

3.2 FORMS

- A. General: Design, erect, support, brace, and maintain formwork to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads that might be applied until concrete structure can support such loads. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of correct size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position. Maintain formwork construction tolerances and surface irregularities complying with the following ACI 347 limits:
 - 1. Provide Class A tolerances for concrete surfaces exposed to view.

2. Provide Class C tolerances for other concrete surfaces.

- B. Construct forms to sizes, shapes, lines, and dimensions shown and to obtain accurate alignment, location, grades, level, and plumb work in finished structures. Provide for openings, offsets, sinkages, keyways, recesses, moldings, rustications, reglets, chamfers, blocking, screeds, bulkheads, anchorages and inserts, and other features required in the Work. Use selected materials to obtain required finishes. Solidly butt joints and provide backup at joints to prevent cement paste from leaking.
- C. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush plates or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces where slope is too steep to place concrete with bottom forms only. Kerf wood inserts for forming keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like for easy removal.
- D. Provide temporary openings for clean-outs and inspections where interior area of formwork is inaccessible before and during concrete placement. Securely brace temporary openings and set tightly to forms to prevent losing concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- E. Chamfer exposed corners and edges as indicated, using wood, metal, PVC, or rubber chamfer strips fabricated to produce uniform smooth lines and tight edge joints.
- F. Provisions for Other Trades: Provide openings in concrete formwork to accommodate work of other trades. Determine size and location of openings, recesses, and chases from trades providing such items. Accurately place and securely support items built into forms.
- G. Cleaning and Tightening: Thoroughly clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, or other debris just before placing concrete. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

3.3 VAPOR RETARDER/BARRIER INSTALLATION

- A. General: Place vapor retarder/barrier sheeting in position with longest dimension parallel with direction of pour.
- B. Lap joints 6 inches (150 mm) and seal with manufacturer's recommended mastic or pressure-sensitive tape.

3.4 PLACING REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute's recommended practice for "Placing Reinforcing Bars," for details and methods of reinforcement placement and supports and as specified.

1. Avoiding cutting or puncturing vapor retarder/barrier during reinforcement

placement and concreting operations. Repair damages before placing concrete.

- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other materials that reduce or destroy bond with concrete.
- C. Accurately position, place, support and secure reinforcement against displacement. Maintain minimum coverages as indicated for concrete protection.
- D. Provide all necessary accessories in the form of chairs, bolsters, spreaders, spacers, hangers, etc., to adequately secure and hold reinforcement in its proper position during all phases of construction. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not touching exposed concrete surfaces.
- E. Install welded wire fabric in lengths as long as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh and lace splices with wire. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.

3.5 JOINTS

- A. Construction Joints: Construction joints shall not be located within the depth of any horizontal member or along the length of any column between intersecting horizontal members. All construction joints shall be where indicated on the drawings or as approved by the Engineer.
- B. Provide keyways at least 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) deep in construction joints in walls and slabs and between walls and footings. Bulkheads designed and accepted for this purpose may be used for slabs.
- C. Place construction joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints except as indicated otherwise. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements.
- D. Use bonding agent on existing concrete surfaces that will be joined with fresh concrete.
- E. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Construct isolation joints in slabs-on-grade at points of contact between slabs-on-grade and vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
 - 1. Joint fillers and sealants are specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- F. Contraction (Control) Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Construct contraction joints in slabs-on-grade to form panels of patterns as shown. Use saw cuts 1/8 inch (3 mm) wide by one-fourth of slab depth or inserts 1/4 inch (6 mm) wide by one-fourth of slab depth, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Form contraction joints by inserting premolded plastic, hardboard, or fiberboard strip into fresh concrete until top surface of strip is flush with slab surface. Tool slab edges round on each side of insert. After concrete has

- cured, remove inserts and clean groove of loose debris.
2. Contraction joints in unexposed floor slabs may be formed by saw cuts as soon as possible after slab finishing as may be safely done without dislodging aggregate.
 3. If joint pattern is not shown, provide joints not exceeding 15 ft. (4.5 m) in either direction and located to conform to bay spacing wherever possible (at column centerlines, half bays, third bays).
 4. Joint fillers and sealants are specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.6 INSTALLING EMBEDDED ITEMS

- A. General: Set and build into formwork anchorage devices and other embedded items required for other work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, diagrams, instructions, and directions provided by suppliers of items to be attached.
- B. Install reglets to receive top edge of foundation sheet waterproofing and to receive through-wall flashings in outer face of concrete frame at exterior walls, where flashing is shown at lintels, relieving angles, and other conditions.
- C. Install dovetail anchor slots in concrete structures as indicated on drawings.
- D. Forms for Slabs: Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and contours in finished surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips using strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.

3.7 PREPARING FORM SURFACES

- A. General: Coat contact surfaces of forms with an approved, nonresidual, low-VOC, form-coating compound before placing reinforcement.
- B. Do not allow excess form-coating material to accumulate in forms or come into contact with in-place concrete surfaces against which fresh concrete will be placed. Apply according to manufacturer's instructions.
 1. Coat steel forms with a nonstaining, rust-preventative material. Rust-stained steel formwork is not acceptable.

3.8 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, reinforcing steel, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.
- B. General: Comply with ACI 304, "Guide for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete," and as specified.

- C. Deposit concrete continuously or in layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened sufficiently to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as specified. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation at its final location.

- D. Placing Concrete in Forms: Deposit concrete in forms in horizontal layers no deeper than 24 inches (600 mm) and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints. Where placement consists of several layers, place each layer while preceding layer is still plastic to avoid cold joints.
 - 1. Consolidate placed concrete by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand-spading, rodding, or tamping. Use equipment and procedures for consolidation of concrete complying with ACI 309.
 - 2. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations no farther than the visible effectiveness of the machine. Place vibrators to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches (150 mm) into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to set. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mix to segregate.

- E. Placing Concrete Slabs: Deposit and consolidate concrete slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until completing placement of a panel or section.
 - 1. Consolidate concrete during placement operations so that concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement, other embedded items and into corners.
 - 2. Bring slab surfaces to correct level with a straightedge and strike off. Use bull floats or darbies to smooth surface free of humps or hollows. Do not disturb slab surfaces prior to beginning finishing operations.
 - 3. Maintain reinforcing in proper position during concrete placement.

- F. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with provisions of ACI 306 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.

- G. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40°F (4°C), uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50°F (10°C) and not more than 80°F (27°C) at point of placement.
 - 1. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.
 - 2. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise accepted in mix designs.

- H. Hot-Weather Placement: When hot weather conditions exist that would impair

quality and strength of concrete, place concrete complying with ACI 305 and as specified.

1. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature at time of placement to below 90°F (32°C). Mixing water may be chilled or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
2. Cover reinforcing steel with water-soaked burlap if it becomes too hot, so that steel temperature will not exceed the ambient air temperature immediately before embedding in concrete.
3. Fog spray forms, reinforcing steel, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade moisture uniform without puddles or dry areas.
4. Use water-reducing retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placing conditions, as acceptable to the Engineer.

3.9 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: Provide a rough-formed finish on formed concrete surfaces not exposed to view in the finished Work or concealed by other construction. This is the concrete surface having texture imparted by form-facing material used, with tie holes and defective areas repaired and patched, and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) in height rubbed down or chipped off.
- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: Provide a smooth-formed finish on formed concrete surfaces exposed to view or to be covered with a coating material applied directly to concrete, or a covering material applied directly to concrete, such as waterproofing, dampproofing, veneer plaster, painting, or another similar system. This is an as-cast concrete surface obtained with selected form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch defective areas with fins and other projections completely removed and smoothed.
- C. Smooth-Rubbed Finish: Provide smooth-rubbed finish on scheduled concrete surfaces that have received smooth-formed finish treatment not later than 1 day after form removal.
 1. Moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.
- D. Grout-Cleaned Finish: Provide grout-cleaned finish on scheduled concrete surfaces that have received smooth-formed finish treatment.
 1. Combine one part portland cement to one and one-half parts fine sand by volume, and a 50:50 mixture of acrylic or styrene butadiene-based bonding admixture and water to form the consistency of thick paint. Blend standard portland cement and white portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches so that final color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces.

2. Thoroughly wet concrete surfaces, apply grout to coat surfaces, and fill small holes. Remove excess grout by scraping and rubbing with clean burlap. Keep damp by fog spray for at least 36 hours after rubbing.
- E. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike-off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

3.10 MONOLITHIC SLAB FINISHES

- A. Scratch Finish: Apply scratch finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive concrete floor topping or mortar setting beds for tile, portland cement terrazzo, and other bonded applied cementitious finish flooring material, and where indicated.
1. After placing slabs, finish surface to tolerances of F(F) 15 (floor flatness) and F(L) 13 (floor levelness) measured according to ASTM E 1155 (ASTM E 1155M). Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required. After leveling, roughen surface before final set with stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes.
- B. Float Finish: Apply float finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive trowel finish and other finishes as specified; slab surfaces to be covered with membrane or elastic waterproofing, membrane or elastic roofing, or sand-bed terrazzo; and where indicated.
1. After screeding, consolidating, and leveling concrete slabs, do not work surface until ready for floating. Begin floating, using float blades or float shoes only, when surface water has disappeared, or when concrete has stiffened sufficiently to permit operation of power-driven floats, or both. Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand-floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to tolerances of F(F) 18 (floor flatness) and F(L) 15 (floor levelness) measured according to ASTM E 1155 (ASTM E 1155M). Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Uniformly slope surfaces to drains. Immediately after leveling, refloat surface to a uniform, smooth, granular texture.
- C. Trowel Finish: Apply a trowel finish to monolithic slab surfaces exposed to view and slab surfaces to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile, paint, or another thin film-finish coating system.
1. After floating, begin first trowel-finish operation using a power-driven trowel. Begin final troweling when surface produces a ringing sound as trowel is moved over surface. Consolidate concrete surface by final hand-troweling operation, free of trowel marks, uniform in texture and appearance, and finish surfaces to tolerances of F(F) 20 (floor flatness) and F(L) 17 (floor levelness) measured according to ASTM E 1155 (ASTM E 1155M). Grind smooth any surface defects that would telegraph through applied floor covering system.

- D. Trowel and Fine Broom Finish: Where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed with thin-set mortar, apply a trowel finish as specified, then immediately follow by slightly scarifying the surface with a fine broom.
- E. Nonslip Broom Finish: Apply a nonslip broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, and ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 1. Immediately after float finishing, slightly roughen concrete surface by brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with the Engineer before application.

3.11 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS

- A. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures for passage of work by other trades, unless otherwise shown or directed, after work of other trades is in place. Mix, place, and cure concrete as specified to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling shown or required to complete Work.
- B. Curbs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and by steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections, and terminations slightly rounded.
- C. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations as shown on drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment to template at correct elevations, complying with diagrams or templates of manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.
- D. Steel Pan Stairs: Provide concrete fill for steel pan stair treads, landings, and associated items. Cast-in safety inserts and accessories as shown on drawings. Screed, tamp, and trowel-finish concrete surfaces.

3.12 CONCRETE CURING AND PROTECTION

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. In hot, dry, and windy weather protect concrete from rapid moisture loss before and during finishing operations with an evaporation-control material. Apply according to manufacturer's instructions after screeding and bull floating, but before power floating and troweling.
- B. Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Weather permitting, keep continuously moist for not less than 7 days.
- C. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by curing compound, by moist curing, by moisture-retaining cover curing, or by combining these methods, as specified.
- D. Provide moisture curing by the following methods:

1. Moisture cure all concrete floors scheduled to receive epoxy resin flooring and stained concrete finish.
 2. Keep concrete surface continuously wet by covering with water.
 3. Use continuous water-fog spray.
 4. Cover concrete surface with specified absorptive cover, thoroughly saturate cover with water, and keep continuously wet. Place absorptive cover to provide coverage of concrete surfaces and edges, with a 4 inch (100 mm) lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
- E. Apply curing compound on exposed interior slabs and on exterior slabs, walks, and curbs as follows:
1. Apply curing compound to concrete slabs as soon as final finishing operations are complete (within 2 hours and after surface water sheen has disappeared). Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's directions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within 3 hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
 2. Use membrane curing compounds that will not affect surfaces to be covered with finish materials applied directly to concrete.
- F. Curing Unformed Surfaces: Cure unformed surfaces, including slabs, floor topping, and other flat surfaces, by applying the appropriate curing method.
1. Final cure concrete surfaces to receive finish flooring with a moisture-retaining cover, unless otherwise directed.

3.13 SHORES AND SUPPORTS

- A. General: Comply with ACI347 for shoring and reshoring in multistory construction, and as specified.
- B. Extend shoring at least three floors under floor or roof being placed for structures over four stories. Shore floor directly under floor or roof being placed, so that loads from construction above will transfer directly to these shores. Space shoring in stories below this level in such a manner that no floor or member will be excessively loaded or will induce tensile stress in concrete members where no reinforcing steel is provided. Extend shores beyond minimums to ensure proper distribution of loads throughout structure.
- C. Remove shores and reshore in a planned sequence to avoid damage to partially cured concrete. Locate and provide adequate reshoring to support work without excessive stress or deflection.
- D. Keep reshores in place a minimum of 15 days after placing upper tier, or longer, if required, until concrete has attained its required 28-day strength and heavy loads due to construction operations have been removed.

3.14 REMOVING FORMS

- A. General: Formwork not supporting weight of concrete, such as sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the work, maybe removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50°F (10°C) for 24 hours after placing concrete, provided concrete is sufficiently hard to not be damaged by form-removal operations, and provided curing and protection operations are maintained.
- B. Formwork supporting weight of concrete, such as beam soffits, joists, slabs, and other structural elements, may not be removed in less than 14 days or until concrete has attained at least 75 percent of design minimum compressive strength at 28 days. Determine potential compressive strength of in-place concrete by testing field-cured specimens representative of concrete location or members.
- C. Form-facing material may be removed 4 days after placement only if shores and other vertical supports have been arranged to permit removal of form-facing material without loosening or disturbing shores and supports.

3.15 REUSING FORMS

- A. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-coating compound as specified for new formwork.
- B. When forms are extended for successive concrete placement, thoroughly clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten forms to close joints. Align and secure joint to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces except as acceptable to the Engineer.

3.16 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Patching Defective Areas: After approval of the Engineer, repair and patch defective areas with cement mortar immediately after removing forms.
- B. Mix dry-pack mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 mesh (1.2 mm) sieve, using only enough water as required for handling and placing.
 - 1. Cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, voids over 1/4 inch (6 mm) in any dimension, and holes left by tie rods and bolts down to solid concrete but in no case to a depth less than 1 inch (25 mm). Make edges of cuts perpendicular to the concrete surface. Thoroughly clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat the area to be patched with bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried.
 - 2. For surfaces exposed to view, blend white portland cement and standard white portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Provide test areas at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike-off

slightly higher than surrounding surface.

- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Remove and replace concrete having defective surfaces if defects cannot be repaired to satisfaction of the Engineer. Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycomb, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning. Flush out form tie holes and fill with dry-pack mortar or precast cement cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
1. Repair concealed formed surfaces, where possible, containing defects that affect the concrete's durability. If defects cannot be repaired, remove and replace the concrete.
- D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as monolithic slabs, for smoothness and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface and finish. Correct low and high areas as specified. Test unformed surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness by using a template having the required slope.
1. Repair finished unformed surfaces containing defects that affect the concrete's durability. Surface defects include crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm) wide or that penetrate to the reinforcement or completely through nonreinforced sections regardless of width, spalling, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, and other objectionable conditions.
 2. Correct high areas in unformed surfaces by grinding after concrete has cured at least 14 days.
 3. Correct low areas in unformed surfaces during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete. Proprietary underlayment compounds may be used when acceptable to the Engineer.
 4. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes not exceeding 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose reinforcing steel with at least 3/4 inch (19 mm) clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials to provide concrete of same type or class as original concrete. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
- E. Repair isolated random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm) or less in diameter by dry-pack method. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean of dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding compound. Place dry-pack before bonding agent has dried. Compact dry-pack mixture in place and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.
- F. Perform structural repairs with prior approval of the Engineer for method and procedure, using specified epoxy adhesive and mortar.

- G. Repair methods not specified above maybe used, subject to acceptance of the Engineer.

3.17 QUALITY CONTROL TESTING DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. General: The Owner will employ a testing agency to perform tests and to submit test reports.
- B. Sampling and testing for quality control during concrete placement may include the following, as directed by the Engineer.
 - 1. Sampling Fresh Concrete: ASTM C 172, except modified for slump to comply with ASTM C 94.
 - a. Slump: ASTM C 143; one test at point of discharge for each day's pour of each type of concrete; additional tests when concrete consistency seems to have changed.
 - b. Air Content: ASTM C 173, volumetric method for lightweight or normal weight concrete; ASTM C 231, pressure method for normal weight concrete; one for each day's pour of each type of air-entrained concrete.
 - c. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064; one test hourly when air temperature is 40°F (4°C) and below, when 80°F (27°C) and above, and one test for each set of compressive-strength specimens.
 - d. Compression Test Specimen: ASTM C 31; one set of four standard cylinders for each compressive-strength test, unless otherwise directed. Mold and store cylinders for laboratory-cured test specimens except when field-cured test specimens are required.
 - e. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; one set for each day's pour exceeding 5 cu. yd. (4 cu. m) plus additional sets for each 50 cu. yd. (38 cu. m) more than the first 25 cu. yd. (19 cu. m) of each concrete class placed in any one day; one specimen tested at 7 days, two specimens tested at 28 days, and one specimen retained in reserve for later testing if required.
 - 2. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five strength tests for a given class of concrete, conduct testing from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.
 - 3. When total quantity of a given class of concrete is less than 50 cu. yd. (38 cu. m), the Engineer may waive strength testing if adequate evidence of satisfactory strength is provided.
 - 4. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, evaluate current operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing the in-place concrete.
 - 5. Strength level of concrete will be considered satisfactory if averages of sets of three consecutive strength test results equal or exceed specified compressive strength and no individual strength test result falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi (3.4 MPa).

- C. Test results will be reported in writing to the Engineer, ready-mix producer, and Contractor within 24 hours after tests. Reports of compressive strength tests shall contain the Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing service, concrete type and class, location of concrete batch in structure, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mix proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7-day tests and 28-day tests.
- D. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted but shall not be used as the sole basis for acceptance or rejection.
- E. Additional Tests: The testing agency will make additional tests of in-place concrete when test results indicate specified concrete strengths and other characteristics have not been attained in the structure, as directed by the Engineer. Testing agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42, or by other methods as directed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 038000
CONCRETE STRUCTURES

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern for construction of all types of structures involving the use of structural concrete, except where the requirements are waived or revised by other governing specifications.

All concrete structures shall be constructed in accordance with the design requirements and details shown on the plans; in conformity with the pertinent provisions of the items contracted for; the incidental specifications referred to; and in conformity with the requirements herein.

2. MATERIALS

(1) Concrete. All concrete shall conform to the provisions of Standard Specification Section 030020, "Portland Cement Concrete".

The class of concrete for each type of structure or unit shall be as specified on the plans or by pertinent governing specifications.

(2) Expansion Joint Material.

(a) Preformed Fiber Material. Preformed fiber expansion joint material shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans. At the Contractor's option, the material shall be one of the following types, unless otherwise noted on the plans:

1. Preformed Bituminous Fiber Materials shall meet the requirements of ASTM Designation: D1751 "Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types)".
2. Preformed Non-Bituminous Fiber Material shall meet the requirements of ASTM Designation: D1751 "Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types)", except that the requirements pertaining to bitumen content, density and water absorption shall be voided.

(b) Joint Sealing Materials. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, joint sealing material shall conform to the following requirements. The material shall adhere to the sides of the concrete joint or crack and shall form an effective seal against infiltration of water and incompressibles. The material shall not crack or break when exposed to low temperatures.

1. Class 1-a. (Two-Component, Synthetic Polymer, Cold-Extruded Type). Curing is to be by polymerization and not by evaporation of solvent or fluxing of harder particles. This type is specifically designed for vertical or sloping joints and hence not self-leveling. It shall cure sufficiently at an average temperature of 77 degrees F \pm 3 degrees F in a maximum of 24 hours. For performance requirements see under 2.(2)(b)2. below.

2. Class 1-b. (Two-Component, Synthetic Polymer, Cold-Pourable, Self-Leveling Type). Curing is to be by polymerization and not by evaporation of solvent or fluxing of harder particles. It shall cure sufficiently at an average temperature of 77 degrees F \pm 3 degrees F in a maximum of 3 hours.

Performance Requirements: Class 1-a and Class 1-b joint materials, when tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-525-C, shall meet the above curing times and the following requirements:

It shall be of such consistency that it can be mixed and poured, or mixed and extruded into joints at temperatures above 60 degrees F.

Penetration, 77° F.:	
150 gm. cone, 5 sec., max., cm.....	0.90
Bond and Extension 75%, O° F, 5 cycles:	
Dry Concrete Blocks.....	Pass
Wet Concrete Blocks.....	Pass
Steel Blocks (Primed if specified by manuf.).....	Pass
Flow at 200° F	None
Water Content % by weight, max.....	5.0
Resilience:	
Original sample min. % (cured).....	50
Oven aged at 158° F min. %	50
For Class 1-a Material Only:	
Cold Flow (10 min.).....	None

(c) Asphalt Board. Asphalt Board shall consist of two liners of 0.016-inch asphalt impregnated paper, filled with a mastic mixture of asphalt and vegetable fiber and/or mineral filler. Boards shall be smooth, flat and sufficiently rigid to permit installation. When tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-524-C, the asphalt board shall not deflect from the horizontal more than one inch in three and one-half inches (1" in 3½").

(d) Rebonded Neoprene Filler. Rebonded neoprene filler shall consist of ground closed-cell neoprene particles, rebonded and molded into sheets of uniform thickness, of the dimensions shown on plans.

Filler material shall have the following physical properties and shall meet the requirements of ASTM Designation: D1752 "Standard Specification for Preformed Sponge Rubber and Cork Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction", Type 1, where applicable:

<u>PROPERTY</u>	<u>METHOD</u>	<u>REQUIREMENT</u>
Color	ASTM D1752, Type 1	Black
Density	ASTM D1752, Type 1	40 lb./ft ³ Min.
Recovery	ASTM D1752, Type 1	90% Min.
Compression	ASTM D1752, Type 1	50 to 500 psi
Extrusion	ASTM D1752, Type 1	0.25 inch Max.
Tensile Strength	ASTM D1752, Type 1	20 psi Min.
Elongation		75% Min.

The manufacturers shall furnish the Engineer with certified test results as to compliance with the above requirements and a 12 inch x 12 inch x 1 inch sample from the shipment for approval.

(3) Curing Materials.

(a) Membrane curing materials shall comply with ASTM Designation: C309 "Standard Specification for Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete", Type 1 clear or translucent, or Type 2 white-pigmented. The material shall have a minimum flash-point of 80 degrees F when tested by the "Pensky-Martin Closed Cup Method".

It shall be of such consistency that it can be satisfactorily applied as a fine mist through an atomizing nozzle by means of approved pressure spraying equipment at atmospheric temperatures above 40 degrees F.

It shall be of such nature that it will not produce permanent discoloration of concrete surfaces nor react deleteriously with the concrete or its components. Type 1 compound shall contain a fugitive dye that will be distinctly visible not less than 4 hours nor more than 7 days after application. The compound shall produce a firm, continuous, uniform moisture impermeable film free from pinholes and shall adhere satisfactorily to the surfaces of damp concrete. It shall, when applied to the damp concrete surface at the rate of coverage specified herein, be dry to the touch in not more than 4 hours, and shall adhere in a tenacious film without running off or appreciable sagging. It shall not disintegrate, check, peel or crack during the required curing period.

The compound shall not peel or pick up under traffic and shall disappear from the surface of the concrete by gradual disintegration.

The compound shall be delivered to the job only in the manufacturer's original containers, which shall be clearly labeled with the manufacturer's name, the trade name of the material, and a batch number or symbol with which test samples may be correlated.

The water retention test shall be in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-219-F. Percentage loss shall be defined as the water lost after the application of the curing material was applied. The permissible percentage moisture loss (at the rate of coverage specified herein) shall not exceed the following:

24 hours after application.....2 percent
72 hours after application.....4 percent

Type 1 (Resin Base Only) curing compound will be permitted for slab concrete in bridge decks and top slabs of direct traffic culverts.

(b) Mat curing of concrete is allowed where permitted by Table 1 in this specification or where otherwise approved by the Engineer.

3. EXPANSION JOINTS

Joints and devices to provide for expansion and contraction shall be constructed where and as indicated herein or on the plans.

All open joints and joints to be filled with expansion joint material, shall be constructed using forms adaptable to loosening or early removal. To avoid expansion or contraction damage to the adjacent concrete, these forms shall be loosened as soon as possible after final concrete set to permit free movement without requiring full form removal.

Prior to placing the sealing material, the vertical facing the joint shall be cleaned of all laitance by sandblasting or by mechanical routing. Cracked or spalled edges shall be repaired. The joint shall be blown clean of all foreign material and sealed. Where preformed fiber joint material is used, it shall be anchored to the concrete on one side of the joint by light wire or nails, to prevent the material from falling out. The top one inch (1") of the joint shall be filled with joint sealing material.

Finished joints shall conform to the indicated outline with the concrete sections completely separated by the specified opening or joint material.

Soon after form removal and again where necessary after surface finishing, all projecting concrete shall be removed along exposed edges to secure full effectiveness of the expansion joints.

4. CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

The joint formed by placing plastic concrete in direct contact with concrete that has attained its initial set shall be deemed a construction joint. The term "monolithic placement" shall be interpreted to mean at the manner and sequence of concrete placing shall not create construction joints.

Construction joints shall be of the type and at the locations shown on the plans. Additional joints will not be permitted without written authorization from the Engineer, and when authorized, shall have details equivalent to those shown on the plans for joints in similar locations.

Unless otherwise provided, construction joints shall be square and normal to the forms. Bulkheads shall be provided in the forms for all joints, except when horizontal.

Construction joints requiring the use of joint sealing material shall be as detailed on the plans. The material will be specified on the plans without referenced to joint type.

A concrete placement terminating at a horizontal construction joint shall have the top surface roughened

thoroughly as soon as practicable after initial set is attained. The surfaces at bulkheads shall be roughened as soon as the forms are removed.

The hardened concrete surface shall be thoroughly cleaned of all loose material, laitance, dirt or foreign material, and saturated with water so it is moist when placing fresh concrete against it. Forms shall be drawn tight against the placing of the fresh concrete.

5. FORMS

(1) General. Except where otherwise specified, forms may be of either timber or metal.

Forms for round columns exposed to view shall be of steel, except that other materials will be allowed with written permission of the Engineer.

Forming plans shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval as specified. Forms shall be designed for the pressure exerted by a liquid weighing 150 pounds per cubic foot. The rate of placing the concrete shall be taken into consideration in determining the depth of the equivalent liquid. For job fabricated forms, an additional live load of 50 pounds per square foot shall be allowed on horizontal surfaces. The maximum unit stresses shall not exceed 125 percent of the allowable stresses used by the Texas Department of Transportation for the design of structures.

Commercially produced structural units used in formwork shall not exceed the manufacturer's maximum allowable working load for moment, shear or end reaction. The maximum working load shall include a live load of 35 pounds per square foot of horizontal form surface, and sufficient details and data shall be submitted for use in checking formwork details for approval.

Forms shall be practically mortar-tight, rigidly braced and strong enough to prevent bulging between supports, and maintained to the proper line and grade during concrete placement. Forms shall be maintained in a manner that will prevent warping and shrinkage.

Offset at form joints shall not exceed one-sixteenth of an inch (1/16").

Deflections due to cast-in-place slab concrete and railing shown in the dead load deflection diagram shall be taken into account in the setting of slab forms.

All forms and footing areas shall be cleaned of any extraneous matter before placing concrete.

Permission to place concrete will not be given until all such work is completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

If, at any stage of the work, the forms show signs of bulging or sagging, the portion of the concrete causing such condition shall be removed immediately, if necessary, and the forms shall be reset and securely braced against further movement.

(2) Timber Forms. Lumber for forms shall be properly seasoned, of good quality, and free from imperfections which would affect its strength or impair the finished surface of the concrete. The lumber used for facing or sheathing shall be finished on at least one side and two edges and shall be sized to uniform thickness.

Form lining will be required for all formed surfaces, except for the inside of culvert barrels, inlets and manholes; surfaces that are subsequently covered by backfill material or are completely enclosed; and, any surface formed by a single finished board. Lining will not be required when plywood forms are used.

Form lining shall be of an approved type such as Masonite or plywood. Thin membrane sheeting, such as polyethylene sheets, shall not be used for form lining.

Forms may be constructed of plywood not less than one-half inch in thickness, with no form lining required. The grain of the face plies on plywood forms shall be placed parallel to the span between the supporting studs or joists.

Plywood used for forming surfaces that remain exposed shall be equal to that specified as B-B Plyform Class I or Class II Exterior, of the U. S. Department of Commerce, National Bureau of Standards and Technology, latest edition.

Forms or form lumber to be reused shall be maintained clean and in good condition. Any lumber which is split, warped, bulged, marred, or has defects that will produce inferior work, shall not be used and, if condemned, shall be promptly removed from the work.

Studs and joists shall be spaced so that the facing form material remains in true alignment under the imposed loads.

Wales shall be spaced close enough to hold forms securely to the designated lines and scabbed at least 4 feet on each side of joints to provide continuity. A row of wales shall be placed near the bottom of each placement.

Facing material shall be placed with parallel and square joints and securely fastened to supporting studs.

Forms for surfaces receiving only an ordinary finish and exposed to view shall be placed with the form panels symmetrical, i.e., long dimensions set in the same direction. Horizontal joints shall be continuous.

Molding specified for chamfer strips or other uses shall be made of materials of a grade that will not split when nailed and which can be maintained to a true line without warping. Wood molding shall be mill cut and dressed on all faces. Unless otherwise provided, forms shall be filleted at all sharp corners and edges with triangular chamfer strips measuring three-quarter inch (3/4") on the sides.

Forms for railing and ornamental work shall be constructed to standards equivalent to first-class millwork. All moldings, panel work and bevel strips shall be straight and true with nearly mitered joints designed so the finished work is true, sharp and clean cut.

All forms shall be constructed to permit their removal without marring or damaging the concrete. The forms may be given a slight draft to permit ease of removal.

Metal form ties of an approved type or a satisfactory substitute shall be used to hold forms in place and shall be of a type that permits ease of removal of the metal as hereinafter specified.

All metal appliances used inside of forms for alignment purposes shall be removed to a depth of at least

one-half inch (1/2") from the concrete surface. They shall be made so the metal may be removed without undue chipping or spalling, and when removed, shall leave a smooth opening in the concrete surface. Burning off of rods, bolts or ties will not be permitted.

Any wire ties used shall be cut back at least one-half inch (1/2") from the face of the concrete.

Devices holding metal ties in place shall be capable of developing the strength of the tie and adjustable to allow for proper alignment.

Metal and wooden spreaders which are separate from the forms shall be removed entirely as the concrete is being placed.

Adequate clean-out openings shall be provided for narrow walls and other locations where access to the bottom of the forms is not readily attainable.

Prior to placing concrete, the facing of all forms shall be treated with oil or other bond breaking coating of such composition that it will not discolor or otherwise injuriously affect the concrete surface. Care shall be exercised to prevent coating of the reinforcing steel.

(3) Metal Forms. The foregoing requirements for timber forms regarding design, mortar-tightness, filleted corners, beveled projections, bracing, alignment, removal, reuse and wetting shall also apply to metal forms, except that these will not require lining, unless specifically noted on the plans.

The thickness of form metal shall be as required to maintain the true shape without warping or bulging. All bolt and rivet heads on the facing sides shall be countersunk. Clamps, pins or other connecting devices shall be designed to hold the forms rigidly together and to allow removal without injury to the concrete. Metal forms which do not present a smooth surface or line up properly shall not be used. Metal shall be kept free from rust, grease or other foreign materials.

6. PLACING REINFORCEMENT

Reinforcement in concrete structures shall be placed carefully and accurately and rigidly supported as provided in the specification Section 032020 "Reinforcing Steel". Reinforcing steel supports shall not be welded to I-beams or girders.

7. PLACING CONCRETE-GENERAL

The minimum temperature of all concrete at the time of placement shall be not less than 50 degrees F.

The consistency of the concrete as placed should allow the completion of all finishing operations without the addition of water to the surface. When conditions are such that additional moisture is needed for finishing, the required water shall be applied to the surface by fog spray only, and shall be held to a minimum amount. Fog spray for this purpose may be applied with hand operated fogging equipment.

The maximum time interval between the addition of cement to the batch and the placing of concrete in the forms shall not exceed the following:

<u>Air or Concrete Temperature</u>	<u>Maximum Time</u>
Non-Agitated Concrete:	
Above 80 degrees F	15 minutes
Up to 80 degrees F	30 minutes
Agitated Concrete:	
Above 90 degrees F	45 minutes
75 degrees F to 90 degrees F	60 minutes
35 degrees F to 74 degrees F	90 minutes

The use of an approved retarding agent in the concrete will permit the extension of each of the above temperature-time maximums by 30 minutes for direct traffic culverts, and one hour for all other concrete except that the maximum time shall not exceed 30 minutes for non-agitated concrete.

Before starting work, the Contractor shall inform the Engineer fully of the construction methods he proposes to use, the adequacy of which shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall give the Engineer sufficient advance notice before placing concrete in any unit of the structure to permit the inspection of forms, reinforcing steel placement, and other preparations. Concrete shall not be placed in any unit prior to the completion of formwork and placement of reinforcement therein.

Concrete mixing, placing and finishing shall be done during daylight hours, unless adequate provisions are made to light the entire site of all operations.

Concrete placement will not be permitted when impending weather conditions will impair the quality of the finished work. If rainfall should occur after placing operations are started, the Contractor shall provide ample covering to protect the work. In case of drop in temperature, the provisions set forth in Article "Placing Concrete in Cold Weather" of this specification shall be applied.

The placing of concrete shall be regulated so the pressures caused by the plastic concrete shall not exceed the loads used in form design.

The method of handling, placing and consolidation of concrete shall minimize segregation and displacement of the reinforcement, and produce a uniformly dense and compact mass. Concrete shall not have a free fall of more than 5 feet, except in the case of thin walls such as in culverts. Any hardened concrete spatter ahead of the plastic concrete shall be removed.

The method and equipment used to transport concrete to the forms shall be capable of maintaining the rate of placement approved by the Engineer. Concrete may be transported by buckets, chutes, buggies, belt conveyors, pumps or other acceptable methods.

When belt conveyors or pumps are used, sampling for testing will be done at the discharge end. Concrete

transported by conveyors shall be protected from sun and wind, if necessary, to prevent loss of slump and workability. Pipes through which concrete is pumped shall be shaded and/or wrapped with wet burlap, if necessary, to prevent loss of slump and workability. Concrete shall not be transported through aluminum pipes, tubes or other aluminum equipment.

Chutes, troughs, conveyors or pipes shall be arranged and used so that the concrete ingredients will not be separated. When steep slopes are necessary, the chutes shall be equipped with baffle boards or made in short lengths that reverse the direction of movement, or the chute ends shall terminate in vertical downspouts. Open troughs and chutes shall extend, if necessary, down inside the forms or through holes left in them. All transporting equipment shall be kept clean and free from hardened concrete coatings. Water used for cleaning shall be discharged clear of the concrete.

Each part of the forms shall be filled by depositing concrete as near its final position as possible. The coarse aggregate shall be worked back from the face and the concrete forced under and around the reinforcement bars without displacing them. Depositing large quantities at one point and running or working it along the forms will not be allowed.

Concrete shall be deposited in the forms in layers of suitable depth but not more than 36 inches in thickness, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The sequence of successive layers or adjacent portions of concrete shall be such that they can be vibrated into a homogenous mass with the previously placed concrete without a cold joint. Not more than one hour shall elapse between adjacent or successive placements of concrete. Unauthorized construction joints shall be avoided by placing all concrete between the authorized joints in one continuous operation.

An approved retarding agent shall be used to control stress cracks and/or unauthorized cold joints in mass placements where differential settlement and/or setting time may induce stress cracking.

Openings in forms shall be provided, if needed, for the removal of laitance or foreign matter of any kind.

All forms shall be wetted thoroughly before the concrete is placed therein.

All concrete shall be well consolidated and the mortar flushed to the form surfaces by continuous working with immersion type vibrators. Vibrators which operate by attachment to forms or reinforcement will not be permitted, except on steel forms. At least one stand-by vibrator shall be provided for emergency use in addition to those required for placement.

The concrete shall be vibrated immediately after deposit. Prior to the beginning of work, a systematic spacing of the points of vibration shall be established to insure complete consolidation and thorough working of the concrete around the reinforcement, embedded fixtures, and into the corners and angles of the forms. Immersion type vibrators shall be inserted vertically, at points 18 to 30 inches apart, and slowly withdrawn. The vibrator may be inserted in a sloping or horizontal position in shallow slabs. The entire depth of each lift shall be vibrated, allowing the vibrator to penetrate several inches into the preceding lift. Concrete along construction joints shall be thoroughly consolidated by operating the vibrator along and close to but not against the joint surface. The vibration shall continue until thorough consolidation, and complete embedment of reinforcement and fixtures is produced, but not long enough to cause segregation. Vibration may be supplemented by hand spading or rodding, if necessary, to insure the flushing of mortar to the surface of all forms.

Slab concrete shall be mixed in a plant located off the structure. Carting or wheeling concrete batches over completed slabs will not be permitted until they have aged at least four (4) full curing days. If carts are used, timber planking will be required for the remainder of the curing period. Carts shall be equipped with pneumatic tires. Curing operations shall not be interrupted for the purpose of wheeling concrete over finished slabs.

After concrete has attained its initial set, at least one (1) curing day shall elapse before placing strain on projecting reinforcement to prevent damage to the concrete.

The storing of reinforcing or structural steel on completed roadway slabs generally shall be avoided and, when permitted, shall be limited to quantities and distribution that will not induce excessive stresses.

8. PLACING CONCRETE IN COLD WEATHER

(1) Cast-in-Place Concrete. Concrete may be placed when the atmospheric temperature is not less than 35 degrees F. Concrete shall not be placed in contact with any material coated with frost or having a temperature less than 32 degrees F.

Aggregates shall be free from ice, frost and frozen lumps. When required, in order to produce the minimum specified concrete temperature, the aggregate and/or the water shall be heated uniformly, in accordance with the following:

The water temperature shall not exceed 180 degrees F, and/or the aggregate temperature shall not exceed 150 degrees F. The heating apparatus shall heat the mass of aggregate uniformly. The temperature of the mixture of aggregates and water shall be between 50 degrees F and 85 degrees F before introduction of the cement.

All concrete shall be effectively protected as follows:

(a) The temperature of slab concrete of all unformed surfaces shall be maintained at 50 degrees F or above for a period of 72 hours from time of placement and above 40 degrees F for an additional 72 hours.

(b) The temperature at the surface of all concrete in piers, culverts walls, retaining walls, parapets, wingwalls, bottoms of slabs, and other similar formed concrete shall be maintained at 40 degrees F or above for a period of 72 hours from time of placement.

(c) The temperature of all concrete, including the bottom slabs of culverts placed on or in the ground, shall be maintained above 32 degrees F for a period of 72 hours from time of placement.

Protection shall consist of providing additional covering, insulated forms or other means, and if necessary, supplementing such covering with artificial heating. Curing as specified under Article "Curing Concrete" of this specification shall be provided during this period until all requirements for curing have been satisfied.

When impending weather conditions indicate the possibility of the need for such temperature protection, all necessary heating and covering material shall be on hand ready for use before permission is granted to

begin placement.

Sufficient extra test specimens will be made and cured with the placement to ascertain the condition of the concrete as placed, prior to form removal and acceptance.

(2) Precast Concrete. A fabricating plant for precast products which has adequate protection from cold weather in the form of permanent or portable framework and covering, which protects the concrete when placed in the forms, and is equipped with approved steam curing facilities, may place concrete under any low temperature conditions provided:

- (a) The framework and covering are placed and heat is provided for the concrete and the forms within one hour after the concrete is placed. This shall not be construed to be one hour after the last concrete is placed, but that no concrete shall remain unprotected longer than one hour.
- (b) Steam heat shall keep the air surrounding the concrete between 50 degrees F and 85 degrees F for a minimum of three hours prior to beginning the temperature rise which is required for steam curing.
- (c) For fabricating plants without the above facilities and for job site precast products, the requirements of the Article "Curing Concrete" of this specification shall apply.

The Contractor is responsible for the protection of concrete placed under any and all weather conditions. Permission given by the Engineer for placing concrete during freezing weather will in no way relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for producing concrete equal in quality to that placed under normal conditions. Should concrete placed under such conditions prove unsatisfactory, it shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost.

9. PLACING CONCRETE IN WATER

Concrete shall be deposited in water only when specified on the plans or with written permission by the Engineer. The forms or cofferdams shall be sufficiently tight to prevent any water current passing through the space in which the concrete is being deposited. Pumping will not be permitted during the concrete placing, nor until it has set for at least 36 hours.

The concrete shall be placed with a tremie, closed bottom-dump bucket, or other approved method, and shall not be permitted to fall freely through the water nor shall it be disturbed after it has been placed. The concrete surface shall be kept approximately level during placement.

The tremie shall consist of a water-tight tube 14 inches or less in diameter. It shall be constructed so that the bottom can be sealed and opened after it is in place and fully charged with concrete. It shall be supported so that it can be easily moved horizontally to cover all the work area and vertically to control the concrete flow.

Bottom-dump buckets used for underwater placing shall have a capacity of not less than one-half cubic yard. It shall be lowered gradually and carefully until it rests upon the concrete already placed and raised very slowly during the upward travel; the intent being to maintain still water at the point of discharge and to avoid agitating the mixture.

The placing operations shall be continuous until the work is complete.

10. PLACING CONCRETE IN BOX CULVERTS

In general, construction joints will be permitted only where shown on the plans.

Where the top slab and walls are placed monolithically in culverts more than 4 feet in clear height, an interval of not less than one (1) nor more than two (2) hours shall elapse before placing the top slab to allow for shrinkage in the wall concrete.

The base slab shall be finished accurately at the proper time to provide a smooth uniform surface. Top slabs which carry direct traffic shall be finished as specified for roadway slabs in Article "Finish of Roadway Slabs". Top slabs of fill type culverts shall be given a reasonably smooth float finish.

11. PLACING CONCRETE IN FOUNDATIONS AND SUBSTRUCTURE

Concrete shall not be placed in footings until the depth and character of the foundation has been inspected by the Engineer and permission has been given to proceed.

Placing of concrete footings upon seal concrete courses will be permitted after the caissons or cofferdams are free from water and the seal concrete course cleaned. Any necessary pumping or bailing during the concreting operation shall be done from a suitable sump located outside the forms.

All temporary wales or braces inside cofferdams or caissons shall be constructed or adjusted as the work proceeds to prevent unauthorized construction joints in footings or shafts.

When footings can be placed in a dry excavation without the use of cofferdams or caissons, forms may be omitted, if desired by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer, and the entire excavation filled with concrete to the elevation of the top of footing; in which case, measurement for payment will be based on the footing dimensions shown on the plans.

12. TREATMENT AND FINISHING OF HORIZONTAL SURFACES EXCEPT ROADWAY SLABS

All unformed upper surfaces shall be struck off to grade and finished. The use of mortar topping for surfaces under this classification will not be permitted.

After the concrete has been struck off, the surface shall be floated with a suitable float. Sidewalks shall be given a wood float or broom finish, or may be striped with a brush, as specified by the Engineer. Other surfaces shall be wood float finished and striped with a fine brush leaving a fine-grained texture.

13. FINISH OF ROADWAY SLABS

As soon as the concrete has been placed and vibrated in a section of sufficient width to permit working, the surface shall be approximately leveled, struck off and screeded, carrying a slight excess of concrete ahead of the screed to insure filling of all low spots. The screed shall be designed rigid enough to hold true to shape and shall have sufficient adjustments to provide for the required camber. A vibrating screed may be used if heavy enough to prevent undue distortion. The screeds shall be provided with a metal edge.

Longitudinal screeds shall be moved across the concrete with a saw-like motion while their ends rest on headers or templates set true to the roadway grade or on the adjacent finished slab.

The surface of the concrete shall be screeded a sufficient number of times and at such intervals to produce a uniform surface, true to grade and free of voids.

If necessary, the screeded surface shall be worked to smooth finish with a long handled wood or metal float of the proper size, or hand floated from bridges over the slab.

When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall perform sufficient checks with a long handled 10-foot straightedge on the plastic concrete to insure that the final surface will be within the tolerances specified below. The check shall be made with the straightedge parallel to the centerline. Each pass thereof shall lap half of the preceding pass. All high spots shall be removed and all depressions over one-sixteenth inch (1/16") in depth shall be filled with fresh concrete and floated. The checking and floating shall be continued until the surface is true to grade and free of depressions, high spots, voids or rough spots.

Rail support holes shall be filled with concrete and finished to match the top of the slab.

A broom finish shall be applied with longitudinal screeding. A broom or burlap drag finish shall be applied with transverse screeding.

Unless otherwise specified, the burlap drag shall consist of four or more layers of 10-ounce burlap fabric, free of seams, dirt or hardened concrete. It shall be kept wet when in use and it shall be drawn over the surface in as many passes as required to produce the desired texture depth. Broom finishes shall be applied with stiff bristled brooms. The Contractor shall have on hand, at all times, brooms for the purpose of providing the desired texture depth when surface conditions are such that the burlap drag will not provide it.

Upon completion of the floating and/or straight edging and before the disappearance of the moisture sheen, the surface shall be given a broom or burlap drag finish. The grooves of these finishes shall be parallel to the structure centerline. It is the intent that the average texture depth resulting from the number of tests directed by the Engineer be not less than 0.035 inch with a minimum texture depth of 0.030 inch for any one test when tested in accordance with TxDOT Test Method Tex-436-A. Should the texture depth fall below that intended, the finishing procedures shall be revised to produce the desired texture.

After the concrete has attained its final set, the roadway surface shall be tested with a standard 10-foot straightedge. The straightedge shall be placed parallel to the centerline of roadway to bridge any depressions and touch high spots. Ordinates of irregularities measured from the face of the straightedge to the surface of the slab shall not exceed one-eighth of an inch (1/8"), making proper allowances for camber, vertical curvature and surface texture. Occasional variations, not exceeding three-sixteenth of an inch (3/16") will be acceptable, if in the opinion of the Engineer it will not affect the riding qualities.

When directed by the Engineer, irregularities exceeding the above requirements shall be corrected.

In all roadway slab finishing operations, camber for specified vertical curvature and transverse slopes shall be provided.

14. CURING CONCRETE

The Contractor shall inform the Engineer fully of the methods and procedures proposed for curing; shall provide the proper equipment and material in adequate amounts; and shall have the proposed methods, equipment and material approved prior to placing concrete.

Inadequate curing and/or facilities, therefore, shall be cause for the Engineer to stop all construction on the job until remedial action is taken.

All concrete shall be cured for a period of four (4) curing days except as noted herein.

EXCEPTIONS TO 4-DAY CURING

<u>Description</u>	<u>Required Curing</u>
Upper Surfaces of Bridge Slabs and Top Slabs of Direct Traffic Culverts	8 curing days (Type I or III) cement 10 curing days (Type II cement)
Concrete Piling (non-prestressed)	6 curing days

When the air temperature is expected to drop below 35 degrees F, the water curing mats shall be covered with polyethylene sheeting, burlap-polyethylene blankets or other material to provide the protection required by Article "Placing Concrete in Cold Weather" of these specifications.

A curing day is defined as a calendar day when the temperature, taken in the shade away from artificial heat, is above 50 degrees F for at least 19 hours (colder days if satisfactory provisions are made to maintain the temperature of all surfaces of the concrete above 40 degrees F for the entire 24 hours). The required curing period shall begin when all concrete therein has attained its initial set.

The following methods are permitted for curing concrete subject to the restrictions of Table 1 and the following requirements for each method of curing.

(1) Form Curing. When forms are left in contact with the concrete, other curing methods will not be required except for cold weather protection.

(2) Water Curing. All exposed surfaces of the concrete shall be kept wet continuously for the required curing time. The water used for curing shall meet the requirements for concrete mixing water as specified in the specification Section 030020 "Portland Cement Concrete". Seawater will not be permitted. Water which stains or leaves an unsightly residue shall not be used.

(a) Wet Mat. Cotton mats shall be used for this curing method. They shall be placed as soon as possible after the surface has sufficiently hardened to prevent damage to the concrete. (See Article, "Placing Concrete" of this specification.) Damp burlap blankets made from nine-ounce stock may be placed on the damp concrete surface for temporary protection prior to the application of the cotton mats which may be placed dry and wetted down after placement.

The mats shall be weighted down adequately to provide continuous contact with all concrete surfaces where possible. The surfaces of the concrete shall be kept wet for the required curing time. Surfaces which cannot be cured by contact shall be enclosed with mats and anchored positively to the forms or to the ground so that outside air cannot enter the enclosure. Sufficient

moisture shall be provided inside the enclosure to keep all surfaces of the concrete wet.

(b) Water Spray. This curing method shall consist of overlapping sprays or sprinklers that keep all unformed surfaces continuously wet.

(c) Ponding. This curing method requires the covering of the surfaces with a minimum of two inches (2") of clean granular material, kept wet at all times, or a minimum of one-inch (1") depth of water. Satisfactory provisions shall be made to provide a dam to retain the water or saturated granular material.

(3) Membrane Curing. This consists of curing concrete pavement, concrete pavement (base), curbs, gutters, retards, sidewalks, driveways, medians, islands, concrete riprap, cement-stabilized riprap, concrete structures and other concrete as indicated on the plans by impervious membrane method.

Unless otherwise provided herein or shown on the plans, either Type 1-D or Type 2 membrane curing compound may be used where permitted except that Type 1-D (Resin Base Only) will be required for slab concrete in bridge decks and top slabs of direct traffic culverts.

TABLE 1

STRUCTURE UNIT DESCRIPTION	<u>REQUIRED</u>		<u>PERMITTED</u>	
	<u>WATER FOR CURING</u>	<u>MEMBRANE FOR INTERIM CURING</u>	<u>WATER FOR CURING</u>	<u>MEMBRANE FOR INTERIM CURING</u>
1. Top slabs of direct traffic culverts	X	X		
2. Top surface of any concrete unit upon which concrete is to be placed and bonded at later interval (Stub walls, risers, etc.). Other Superstructure concrete (wing walls, parapet walls, etc.)	X			
3. Concrete pavement (base), curbs, gutters, retards, sidewalks, driveways, medians, islands, concrete structures, concrete riprap, etc.			X*	X*
4. All substructure concrete, culverts, box sewers, inlets, manholes, retaining walls			X*	X*

*Polyethylene sheeting, burlap-polyethylene mats or laminated mats to prevent outside air from entering

will be considered equivalent to water or membrane curing for items 3 and 4.

Membrane curing shall not be applied to dry surfaces, but shall be applied just after free moisture has disappeared. Formed surfaces and surfaces which have been given a first rub shall be dampened and shall be moist at the time of application of the membrane.

When membrane is used for complete curing, the film shall remain unbroken for the minimum curing period specified. Membrane which is damaged shall be corrected immediately by reapplication of membrane. Unless otherwise noted herein or on the plans, the choice of membrane type shall be at the option of the Contractor. Only one type of curing compound will be permitted on any one structure.

The membrane curing compound shall be applied after the surface finishing has been completed, and immediately after the free surface moisture has disappeared. The surface shall be sealed with a single uniform coating of curing compound applied at the rate of coverage recommended by the manufacturer and directed by the Engineer, but not less than 1 gallon per 180 square feet of area. The Contractor shall provide satisfactory means and facilities to properly control and check the rate of application of the compound.

The compound shall be thoroughly agitated during its use and shall be applied by means of approved mechanical power pressure sprayers. The sprayers used to apply the membrane to concrete pavement or concrete pavement (base) shall travel at uniform speed along the forms and be mechanically driven. The equipment shall be of such design that it will insure uniform and even application of the membrane material. The sprayers shall be equipped with satisfactory atomizing nozzles. Only on small miscellaneous items will the Contractor be permitted to use hand-powered spray equipment. For all spraying equipment, the Contractor shall provide facilities to prevent the loss of the compound between the nozzle and the concrete surface during the spraying operations.

The compounds shall not be applied to a dry surface. If the surface of the concrete has become dry, it shall be moistened prior to application of membrane by fogging or mist application. Sprinkling or coarse spraying will not be allowed.

At locations where the coating shows discontinuities, pinholes or other defects, or if rain falls on the newly-coated surface before the film has dried sufficiently to resist damage, an additional coat of the compound shall be applied immediately at the same rate of coverage specified herein.

To insure proper coverage, the Engineer shall inspect all treated areas after application of the compound for the period of time designated in the governing specification for curing, either for membrane curing or for other methods. Should the foregoing indicate that any area during the curing period is not protected, an additional coat or coats of the compound shall be applied immediately, and the rate of application of the membrane compound shall be increased until all areas are uniformly covered.

When temperatures are such as to warrant protection against freezing, curing by this method shall be supplemented with an approved insulating material capable of protecting the concrete for the specified curing period.

If at any time there is reason to believe that this method of curing is unsatisfactory or is detrimental to the work, the Contractor, when notified, shall immediately cease the use of this method and shall change to curing by one of the other methods specified under this contract.

15. REMOVAL OF FORMS

Except as herein provided, forms for vertical surfaces may be removed when the concrete has aged not less than one day (24 hours) when Type I and Type II cement is used, and not less than one-half day (12 hours) when Type III cement is used, provided it can be done without damage to the concrete.

Forms for inside curb faces may be removed in approximately three hours provided it can be done without damage to the curb.

16. FINISHING EXPOSED SURFACES

Concrete shall be finished as required in the specification Section for the respective item or as otherwise specified on the plans.

An ordinary surface finish shall be applied to all concrete surfaces either as a final finish or preparatory to a higher finish.

Ordinary Surface Finish shall be as follows:

1. After form removal, all porous or honey-combed areas and spalled areas shall be corrected by chipping away all loose or broken material to sound concrete.
2. Feather edges shall be eliminated by cutting a face perpendicular to the surface. Shallow cavities shall be repaired using adhesive grout or epoxy grout. If judged repairable by the Engineer, large defective areas shall be corrected using concrete or other material approved by the Engineer.
3. Holes and spalls caused by removal of metal ties, etc., shall be cleaned and filled with adhesive grout or epoxy grout. Exposed parts of metal chairs on surfaces to be finished by rubbing, shall be chipped out to a depth of one-half inch (1/2") and the surface repaired.
4. All fins, runs, drips or mortar shall be removed from surfaces which remain exposed. Form marks and chamfer edges shall be smoothed by grinding and/or dry rubbing.
5. Grease, oil, dirt, curing compound, etc., shall be removed from surfaces requiring a higher grade of finish. Discolorations resulting from spillage or splashing of asphalt, paint or other similar material shall be removed.
6. Repairs shall be dense, well bonded and properly cured, and when made on surfaces which remain exposed and do not require a higher finish, shall be finished to blend with the surrounding concrete.

17. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall

be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 055420
FRAMES, GRATES, RINGS AND COVERS

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern for the furnishing and installation of frames, grates, rings and covers for inlets, manholes and other structures in accordance with those details. Steel shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A36 "Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel".

2. MATERIALS

Welded steel grates and frames shall conform to the member size, dimensions and details shown on the plans and shall be welded into an assembly in accordance with those details. Steel shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A36.

Castings, whether Carbon-Steel, Gray Cast Iron or Ductile Iron, shall conform to the shape and dimensions shown on the plans and shall be clean substantial castings, free from burnt-on sand or blow holes, and shall be reasonable smooth. Runners, risers, fins, and other cast-on pieces shall be removed from the castings and such areas ground smooth. Bearing surfaces between manhole rings and covers or grates and frames shall be cast or machined with such precision that uniform bearing shall be provided throughout the perimeter contact area. Pairs of machined castings shall be matchmarked to facilitate subsequent identification at installation.

Steel castings shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A27 "Standard Specification for Steel Castings, Carbon, for General Application". Grade 70-36 shall be furnished unless otherwise specified.

Cast Iron castings shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A48 "Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings", Class 30.

Ductile iron castings shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A536 "Standard Specification for Ductile Iron Castings". Grade 60-40-18 shall be used otherwise specified.

3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Frames, grates, rings and covers shall be constructed of the materials as specified and in accordance with the details shown on the plans, and shall be placed carefully to the lines and grades indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

All welding shall conform to the requirements of specification Section 050200 "Welding" and the applicable section of the latest American Welding Society Specifications. Frames, grates, rings and covers shall be given one coat of a commercial grade red lead and oil paint and two coats of commercial grade aluminum paint.

Painting on gray iron castings will not be required, except when used in conjunction with structural steel shapes.

Commercial grade galvanized bolts and nuts shall be used. The zinc coating shall be uniform in thickness, smooth and continuous.

4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Unless indicated otherwise in the Proposal, frames, grates, rings and covers will not be measured for payment, but shall be considered subsidiary to other bid items. This project is a lump sum bid. The work governed by this specification shall not be measured for pay, but shall be subsidiary to the project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 055500
HARDWARE AND MISCELLANEOUS METAL

1. GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. This specification shall govern the furnishing and installation of all hardware, miscellaneous metal and other incidentals incorporated in the work. In general, "Hardware and Miscellaneous Metal" includes bolts, washers, anchor bolts and other miscellaneous metal necessary to complete the work.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS

A. All bolts, nuts and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized unless otherwise specified. Bolts and nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation A307, unless otherwise specified. High strength bolts, nuts and washers shall conform to ASTM A325 or A490, for high strength bolts. All carbon steel components fabricated from rolled sections shall be ASTM A-36.

2.2 FASTENERS

A. Special fasteners or other miscellaneous metal and hardware shall be as specified or as indicated on the plans.

2.3 GALVANIZING

A. Galvanizing of steel or iron castings shall conform to ASTM A153, Class A.

B. Galvanizing of bolts, nuts, screws, etc., shall conform to ASTM A153, Class C or D.

C. Galvanizing of metal components other than large structural elements, fabricated from rolled, pressed or forged steel shapes, plates, pipe and bars shall conform to ASTM A123.

3. EXECUTION

A. Install items plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects.

B. Allow for erection loads, and furnish sufficient temporary bracing to maintain true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent attachments.

C. Field weld shall be allowed where indicated on drawings only.

D. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS 1.1.

E. Wire brush field welds on galvanized items and apply Z.R.C. cold galvanizing compound per manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 061590
TIMBER CONSTRUCTION

1. GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

- A. This section covers the wood and associated anchors and attachments for the timber fenders and any other miscellaneous timber work.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Wooden lumber or timber supplier is to submit prior to wood treatment, to contractor, owner and to the treatment applicator, a letter certifying that all lumber or timber supplied is in selection and grade compliance with this specification. Contractor shall also submit a material list giving specific quantities, nominal sizes and length of all boards or timber supplied.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 STANDARDS

- A. Lumber: American Lumber Standard PSA20-70 by the U.S. Department of Commerce.
- B. Factory Marking: Mark each piece of lumber or plywood to indicate type, grade, agency providing inspection service.
- C. Size and Shapes: Sizes shown and specified refer to nominal sizes, lengths and locations are to be as shown in drawings.

2.2 QUALITY

1. Wood shall be high quality common or select dressed (S1S1E) lumber nearly clear of knots and defects. It shall be native growth and of species chosen from the following:

Southern Yellow Pine
Douglas Fir

It shall be seasoned or kiln dried to a moisture content less than 19% and shall have a density of not less than 28 pounds per cubic foot. Lumber shall not be wrapped or curled, and shall lay flat within 1/4" of contact to a flat plane when placed without weighing or stacking. When rotated to the least dimension there also shall be no more than 1/4 inch deviation from the flat plane on which the board rests. This test of straightness is based upon length no less than 8 feet and shall be increased proportionally for longer board sections, i.e., a sixteen feet long board may deviate up to 1/2 inch crown or warp in the width of the board running the longest dimension of any cross-section perpendicular to the grain.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Framing

1. Set to required levels and lines with members plumb, true, accurately cut and fitted.

B. Wood, Nailers, Blocking and Sleepers

1. Provide where shown or required for attachment of other work. Coordinate location with other work involved.
2. Attach to substrate securely as required to support applied loading. Countersink bolts and nuts flush with surfaces.

3.2 ERECTION

A. Carpentry Work

1. Securely attach to substrates as required by recognized standards.

B. Provide Washers

1. Under bolt heads and nuts in contact with wood.
2. All nut bolts and washers to be galvanized per Section 05550, Hardware and Miscellaneous Metal.

C. Attachment and Anchorage

1. Do not wax or lubricate fasteners that depend on friction for holding power.
2. Select fasteners of size that will not penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to views or will receive finish materials.
3. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

A. Install timber with spacing and thickness as shown on the drawings.

1. All wooden components shall be bolted without splitting and shall be squared and plumb, split boards shall be removed and replaced as work proceeds.

2. In general it is required that lumber be sawn to length prior to wood treatment, however, where it may be necessary to saw previously treated lumber or timber to length or to cope to fit due to unforeseen circumstances the board or timber shall be soaked in a Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA) solution to 6 inches beyond the end for a minimum of 30 minutes prior to installation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 150620
PLUMBING (S-90)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for the installation of plumbing required to complete the project.

2. MATERIALS

Pipe shall be hot-dipped galvanized steel water pipe schedule 40.

Fittings shall be threaded type using galvanized malleable iron fittings. All joints shall be coated with an appropriate epoxy and up to 3 inches of the adjoining pipe, after installation.

Pipe Supports shall rigidly support pipe to concrete bulkhead. Clamps shall be galvanized steel with an epoxy coating applied both before and after installation. Perforated strap hangers will not be permitted.

Water Faucet shall be 3/4" hose connection, rough brass, T-handle and of good quality.

3. PERMITS AND BUILDING CODES

The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining plumbing permit and work shall comply with applicable requirements of the City.

4. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Handling Materials

The Contractor shall be responsible for the safe storage of all materials furnished to or by him and accepted by him until it has been incorporated into the completed project. The interior of all pipes shall be kept free from dirt and foreign matter. All materials found during the progress of work to have defects will be rejected, and the Contractor shall remove such defective material from the site.

B. Sterilization

Fittings: Valves and fittings shall be kept clean. Where soil or other substances come in contact with the water surface of the fittings, the interior shall be washed and sterilized with 2% solution of calcium hypochlorite.

Pipe: As each joint of pipe is placed the contractor, unless specified otherwise by the Engineer, shall throw powdered calcium hypochlorite (70%) through the length of the joint. (One pound for each 1680 gallons of water to give 50 mg./1.) After the line is assembled, it shall be slowly filled with water and allowed to stand for 48 hours. After sterilization is completed, lines shall be flushed. The Engineer will take a sample test 2 hours after refilling. If the sample does not pass State Health Department purification standards, the procedure shall be repeated. The entire procedure shall be coordinated with and under the supervision of the Water Division Superintendent/Engineer. During the sterilization, process valves shall be operated only under the supervision of the Water Division Superintendent/Engineer. There shall be a fee of \$100 paid by the Contractor to the City for each retest that is required.

C. Hydrostatic Testing Water System

See Section 026202 Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure System.

5. MEASUREMENT-

Unless specified otherwise in the special provisions, measurement shall be made as follows:

Pipe will be measured by the linear foot along the centerline for each size of pipe installed. Measurement shall be up to but not include the fittings.

Fittings will be measured as individual units for each type and size installed.

6. PAYMENT

Payment shall include but not limited to all materials, labor, equipment, support clamps, testing, sterilization, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the job.

SECTION 151620
SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS FOR WASTEWATER (S-114)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for furnishing, installing, and placing into operation the submersible pumps with accessories required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL

Pumps shall be designed and constructed to pump raw unscreened sanitary sewage and capable of passing 3" diameter spheres. Design of mounting system shall facilitate removal and inspection of pumps. There shall be no need for personnel to enter wet well for inspection and maintenance of pumps. Lifting chain, guide rails and mounting system shall be provided and installed for each pump. Pumps shall be designed, built and installed in accordance with best available technology and practice, and shall operate satisfactorily when installed.

3. WARRANTY

The pump manufacturer shall furnish the City with a written guarantee to warrant pumps and components against failure due to defective materials and workmanship for a period of 5 years after full operation and acceptance by the City. The warranty shall include 100% coverage of manufacturer's shop labor and parts for the first year, then 50% coverage through the 5th year. Pumps repaired under warranty shall be returned to the City's Wastewater Department with freight prepaid.

4. QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDER

4.1 Manufacturer & Supplier: The submersible pumps and accessories, with the possible exception of the discharge connection assembly which shall be Flygt or compatible, for each lift station shall be furnished by a single manufacturer/supplier who is fully experienced, reputable and qualified in the manufacturer of the pumps to be furnished.

4.2 Prebid Submittals: General- The Contractor shall obtain tentative approval of the submersible pumps prior to bidding the project. Tentative approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility of providing and installing pumps that will comply with all sections of these specifications and that will function properly. To obtain tentative approval for bidding, the Contractor shall submit the following pre-bid submittals at least 3 weeks prior to the bid opening. Failure to obtain tentative approval shall be considered grounds for rejection of bid.

Suitability Certification- The Contractor shall submit a certification stating that the manufacturer's authorized representative for the pumps has studied the Contract Documents (plans and specs), evaluated conditions affecting these pumps, and certifies that they should be suitable for the application and should require no more than normal maintenance if not damaged or abused. The certification shall state that the proposed pumps are suitable for the application and will function as intended and will comply with all requirements of this specification, with the exception of those listed in the certification. The certification shall be signed by the Contractor and the Manufacturer's authorized representative. If the equipment is approved for use on the project and is found at any time to have unlisted exceptions, the Engineer shall have the right to reject the equipment or require the Contractor to bring the equipment into compliance at no cost to the City.

Pump Data- The Contractor shall furnish certified pump curves showing the results of test pumping units of identical design, size, and horsepower as those to be furnished. Catalog curves are not acceptable. Graphs shall include:

1. Pump Curve - Q in GPM, H in FEET
2. Power Input Curve - KILOWATT
3. Efficiency Curve (including motor) wire to water
4. N.P.S.H. Curve
5. Model, Impeller size, serial number
6. Motor rated HP, Voltage
7. Date and place of test
8. Customer for whom test was conducted
9. Data in English units (gallons, feet, etc.)

5. MATERIALS

5.1 Pump Construction: General- Major parts, including lifting cover, stator casting, volute, and impeller, shall be ASTM 48, Class 30 gray cast iron. All nuts, bolts, washers, and fastenings shall be of 316 stainless steel. Ferrous metal surfaces coming into contact with wastewater shall be protected with a coating of rubber-asphalt paint.

Power Cable- The motor power cable shall consist of well insulated cable with a double jacketed system, Hypolon outside, synthetic rubber inside, exceeding industry standards for oil, gas, and sewage resistance and shall be permanently marked with the indicated code. Sizing shall conform to NEC specifications for pump motors and shall be of adequate size to allow motor voltage conversion without replacing the cable. Each pump shall be installed with a sufficiently long power cable to suit the installation as shown on the drawings without splicing.

Power Cable Entry- The cable entry seal shall insure a watertight and submersible seal. The cable entry shall be comprised of a single cylindrical elastomer grommet flanked by a stainless steel washer, all having close tolerance fit against the cable and compressed by the entire body containing a strain relief function, separate from the function of sealing. A separate junction chamber shall provide for connection of the cable to the stator power leads. The junction chamber shall be separated from the motor stator housing by a terminal board which is bolted to a machined surface using an o-ring seal. Stator leads shall also be sealed to prevent moisture from entering the motor interior.

Impeller- The impeller shall be of non-clog design, capable of handling solids fibrous material, sludge, etc. with long thoroughfare having no acute angles and shall be dynamically balanced. The impeller shall be class 30 gray cast iron, coated with a ceramic coating to provide wear resistance to particle erosion caused by sands and silts typically found in sewage. The coating shall have a minimum thickness of .05". The fit between the shaft and impeller shall be a sliding fit with one key. Fastening of the impeller to the shaft shall be by a locking assembly which is sealed from the liquid by a protective rubber cap and a bolt threaded to the shaft end.

Volute- The volute shall be single piece gray cast iron and shall have a replaceable wear ring.

Wear Rings- Stainless steel wear rings shall be fitted to the volute and the impeller.

Discharge Connection- Each pump shall be supplied with a coupling, ANSI 125 cast iron, which bolts to the discharge flange, if other than Flygt. The floor mounted discharge elbow shall be compatible with the Flygt model specified as follows:

At Laguna	Shores CP 3201
At Riviera	N/A use existing

No part of the pump shall bear directly of the sump floor and no rotating motion of the pump shall be required for sealing. Sealing at the discharge shall be effected by metal to metal contact of the pump discharge flange and the mating discharge connection either with or without a replaceable rubber seal form fitted to the machine discharge coupling to insure a positive leak proof system and for ease of removal of the pump.

Bearings- Pumps shall be equipped with three lubricated bearings, one upper and two lower. The upper shall restrain radial thrust and be of the single row roller type. The two lower shall consist of one roller for radial thrust and one angular contact for axial thrust. Bearings shall have a minimum design life of 40,000 hours.

Lower Bearing Temperature Sensor- Pumps with motors larger than 60 HP shall have a lower bearing temperature sensor to monitor the lower bearing temperature, unless the bearings are lubricated with circulating force fed oil.

Shaft- The shaft shall be of large one piece design and extend through the pump and motor. The shaft shall be constructed of stainless steel, unless the entire shaft is not exposed to the pumped liquid, in which case the shaft may be C1034 carbon steel.

Shaft Seals- Shaft seals shall have lapped tungsten carbide faces. The seal system shall allow continuous pump operations with the exterior completely dry. The seal assemblies shall not require adjustments, shall be easily inspected, shall be easily replaceable and shall not require operating pressure differential for sealing.

Guide Brackets- A guide bracket shall be Flygt compatible and shall allow raising and lowering of the pump in the wet well without binding with the guide rails. No special adjustment shall be necessary to assure proper alignment. Guide brackets shall be cast iron or stainless steel.

Motor- The pump motor shall be integral to the pump for submersible or dry well operation. The motor shall be squirrel cage induction type with class F insulation, NEMA B design, class H slot liners with a service factor of 1.15 or above. The dual voltage copper wound stator, which will allow field changeability of voltage, shall be triple dipped in epoxy enamel or varnish to withstand a heat rise of 155E C as defined in NEMA Standard MG-1. The NEMA starting code shall be F or less. The motor shall be statically and dynamically balanced. The motor shall be designed for continuous operation at 400E C ambient air and be capable of up to 10 starts per hour.

Stator Temperature Sensor- Stator temperature sensors switch shall be embedded in the stator windings and shall be used to stop the motor when the stator temperature exceeds 155E C. The motor shall resume operation when the stator cools to 150E C.

Cooling System- Motors shall have a forced convection type of cooling system.

5.2 Accessories: General- Pump, accessories, controls, rails, hardware, etc. shall be furnished by the pump manufacturer. The pump manufacturer shall be responsible for the coordination and compatibility of accessories. The accessories shall be warranted against defects and corrosion by the manufacturer for five years after final acceptance of the project.

Lifting Chain- A lifting chain assembly shall be provided and installed for each pump. The chain and shackle shall be of 316 stainless steel and have a minimum working load of two times the pump weight. The chain shall be secured to the pump with the shackle and to the access cover with a hook. A five foot length of excess chain shall be suspended at the hook to facilitate the lifting of the pump.

Access Covers- Access covers and frames shall be of aluminum. The door panels shall be 1/4" thick diamond plate designed to withstand a live load of 150 lbs, per square foot. The door shall be provided with stainless steel hinges with tamper-proof fasteners. All hardware shall be stainless steel. The door shall open to 90E and automatically lock in that position with a stainless steel positive locking arm and release handle. The door shall close flush with the top of the frame.

Guide Rails- Guide rails shall be schedule 40 type 316 stainless steel pipe of suitable diameter. The rail shall be held in position with upper, intermediate (if bar exceeds 20' in length) and lower guide bar brackets. The upper guide bracket shall be stainless steel and designed to allow simple removal and replacement of guide bar without entering the wet well. The intermediate bracket shall be of stainless steel and be installed about midway between the upper and lower bracket.

Float Cable Rack (not applicable for doppler controls)- A stainless steel cable rack shall be provided and attached to the upper frame. The rack shall support the level control float cable. Power Cable Supports

Stainless steel power cable supports, Kellum type, shall be used for power cables to all motors. The supports shall be attached to eyebolts bolted into the concrete on the side of the access opening.

Hardware- All nuts, bolts, fasteners, fabricated metal, etc. shall be Type 316 stainless steel.

5.3 Electrical Controls:

The pump supplier and the Contractor shall provide for proper control operation and protection. The electrical control panels for the pumps shall be supplied to the Contractor by the pump supplier to assure component compatibility. See drawings for electrical equipment to be supplied.

5.4 Preconstruction Submittals

Pump Data (same as prebid submittal)

The Contractor shall furnish certified pump curves showing the results of test pumping units of identical design, size, horsepower as those to be furnished. Catalog curves are not acceptable. Graphs shall include:

1. Pump Curve - Q in GPM, H in Feet
2. Power Input Curve - KILOWATT
3. Efficiency Curve (including motor) wire to water
4. N.P.S.H. Curve
5. Model, Impeller size, serial number
6. Motor rated HP, Voltage

- 7. Date and place of test
- 8. Customer for whom test was conducted
- 9. Data in English units (gallons, feet, etc.) Parts List and Specifications

A comprehensive list of all station accessories and pump components, listing material type shall be submitted for the Engineer's review and approval.

Shop Drawings- Shop drawings of station accessories and pump components and connections shall be submitted for the Engineer's review and approval.

Supplemental Construction Details- The construction drawings depict the approximate locations of pumps and access covers. Supplemental drawings depicting the precise locations of anchor bolts, pump mounting system, access covers, guide rails, etc. will be required for the type of pump to be used. These supplemental drawings shall be prepared by the pump supplier and submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for documentation of the project. The supplier shall be responsible for completeness and accuracy of shop drawings and any applicable revisions, as required to successfully complete the construction.

Wiring Diagrams- See construction Drawings for wiring diagrams.

6. OPERATING CONDITIONS

Pump Sequences

0 & 1 pumps alternating:

```
#1  0  #2  0  #3  0  #4  0  #1  0  #2  0
----one----cycle----
```

1 & 2 pumps alternating:

```
#2          #3          #4          #1          #2
#1  #2  #2  #3  #3  #4  #4  #1  #1  #2
----one----cycle----
```

2 & 3 pumps alternating:

```
#3          #4          #1          #2          #3
#2  #3  #3  #4  #4  #1  #1  #2  #2  #3
#1  #2  #3  #3  #3  #4  #4  #1  #1  #2
----one----cycle----
```

Control Settings

<u>Elev.</u>	<u>Rising</u>	<u>Descending</u>
-5.80	Alarm On	
-6.05	P1 + P2 + P3 on	
-6.15	P1 + P2 on	P off
-6.40	P1 + on P off	
-6.75	Min. W.S. P off	
-8.25	Bottom of Sump	

Pump Operating Conditions

Pump Discharge Size: 8"

Max. Head Condition:

1220 GPM @ 105' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 57%

* 1185 GPM @ 105' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 57%
 1173 GPM @ 105' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 57%

Mid. Head Condition

1824 GPM @ 85' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 60%
 * 1771 GPM @ 85' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 60%
 1753 GPM @ 85' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 60%

Min. Head Condition

2226 GPM @ 69' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 57%
 2162 GPM @ 69' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 57%
 2140 GPM @ 69' TDH, Minimum Total Efficiency 57%
 Total Efficiency = combined pump and motor

Max. RPM: 1750

6.2 Riviera Lift Station: (three pumps required) Pump Sequences

0 & 1 pump alternating:

```
#1  0  #2  0  #3  0  #1  0  #2  0
----one----cycle----
#2          #3          #1          #1
#1  #2  #2  #3  #3  #1  #1  #2
----one----cycle----
```

Control Settings

Elev.	Rising	Descending
-5.80	P1 + P2 + P on + Alarm	
3 -6.00	P1 + P2 + on P3 off	
-8.25	P1 on P2 off	
-10.00	Min. W.S. P2 off	
-12.25	Bottom of Sump	P1 off

Pump Operating Conditions

Pump discharge Size: 6"
 Max. Head Condition: 613 GPM @ 67' TDH, Tot. Eff. 45%
 Mid. Head Condition: 989 GPM @ 51' TDH, Tot. Eff. 54%
 Min. Head Condition: 1100 GPM @ 46' TDH, Tot. Eff. 53%
 Total Efficiency = Wire to Water Efficiency
 MAX. RPM: 1750

Discharge Connection

The three discharge connections that are currently in place are designed to accept Flygt Model CP3152 Pump Impeller 432 with 8" discharge.

7. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

7.1 Delivery and Storage of Materials:

Parts and equipment shall be properly protected so that no damage or deterioration will occur during transport and during storage. Factory assembled components shall not be dismantled, unless done so under the supervision of the authorized pump manufacturer.

7.2 Installation: General

Installation of the pumps shall be in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.

Placement of Pumps and Accessories- The location of the discharge piping is shown on the construction drawings. The location of the pumps, access covers, and discharge connection are approximate. The precise placement and alignment of anchor bolts, discharge assembly guide rails, access cover and associated connections shall be in accordance with supplemental construction details provided by the pump manufacturer. The manufacturer shall check alignment during start up field testing. Improper alignment shall be corrected prior to continuation of testing.

7.3 Start-up Inspection

Installation Inspection- After the pumps have been completely installed and wired, the Contractor shall remove the pumps to the deck of the wet well and the pump manufacturer shall:

- a. Megger stator and power cables
- b. Check seal lubrication
- c. Verify proper rotation
- c. Check power supply voltage
- e. Measure motor no load current

Operating Check

After initial inspection, the Contractor shall lower pumps into pumping position and confirm proper alignment and connection. The service representative shall then perform an initial operation check of each pump including:

- a. Motor current with discharge valve closed
- b. Motor current with discharge valve open
- c. Power supply voltage with 1, 2, 3, ... pumps running
- d. Vibration
- c. Check level control and sequence

8. FINAL SUBMITTALS

8.1 Inspection Report: (four copies required)- The results of the Installation Inspection and Operating Check shall be submitted as a written report of findings and data determined with regard to the pumps, motors, level control, sequence, accessories, electrical, etc. The report shall be prepared and signed by a Registered Professional Engineer employed or retained by the pump manufacturer.

8.2 Manual: (included with Inspection Report)- The Operation and Maintenance Manual shall be included with the Inspection Report with one manual for each of the four copies of the report. The O&M Manual shall include a minimum of the following:

1. Service Location & phone
2. Fact Sheet (pump data)
 - Serial No.
 - Pump Curve
3. Maintenance instructions & schedule
4. A shop service manual
5. An assembly manual showing all parts by their catalog number for ordering

8.3 Spare Parts:

Unless it can be demonstrated that local parts and service have been available through the same financially sound firm on a continuing basis for at least 10 years, the spare parts listed below must be furnished with the pumps at no additional costs to the City.

Spare Parts: (For each type of pump)

Impeller	Service Tools
Upper mechanical seal	Wear ring
Lower mechanical seal	Cable entry assembly
Complete set of o-rings and gaskets	Power Cable
Set of bearings	

9. MAINTENANCE TRAINING WORKSHOP

The equipment manufacturer shall conduct an 8 hour training workshop under the direction of a qualified factory field service representative. The workshop shall be conducted both at the job site and at a training room provided by the Wastewater Department.

10. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Pumps and accessories shall not be measured for pay but shall be subsidiary to the appropriated bid item.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 151630
PROPELLER PUMPS (S-38)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for furnishing, installing and placing into operation the propeller pumps required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL

Pumps shall be designed for handling pre-treated domestic wastewater and suitable for high volume and low head operation. Pumps shall be single stage, 12", vertical, water lubricated, propeller type. Each pump shall include a bowl assembly, column, open line shaft, and above ground discharge head. Pumps shall be Fairbanks Morse 12" Model 8211, 1770 RPM, with B-1369.5 vane or approved equal. Three pumps shall be required.

3. PUMP CONSTRUCTION

Bowl Assembly- Pumps bowls shall be flanged, and free from sand and blow holes. The suction bell shall have a flared inlet with a grease packed lower bearing. It shall be fitted with guide vanes to minimize entrance losses. A sand cap shall be provided to prevent entrance of sand into the suction bell bearing. Suction bowls shall be provided without a strainer.

The discharge bowl shall be provided with a bearing immediately above the propeller and a connector bearing above the diffuser vanes. A discharge bowl bearing by-pass shall be provided in the bearing cavity for drainage and pressure relief.

Propellers shall be statically and dynamically balanced.

Pump shaft shall be 1.44" diameter. Propeller shall be attached to the pump shaft by longitudinal key ways and annular keyways fitted with snap rings to prevent axial movement.

Column and Bearing Retainer- Column shall be threaded, size 12" diameter, with butt joint connections weighing 43.77 lbs./ft. A 6 1/8" long sleeve type column coupling, with an O.D. of 13 7/8" shall be used to connect the column pieces. Non-revolvable lineshaft bearings pressed into stationary bearing retainers and clamped between column butt joint connections shall be provided.

Line Shaft (Open)- Line shaft shall be a minimum diameter of 1" size per ANSI - B 58.1 and shall provide satisfactory operation without excessive vibration or distortion and furnished in sections of uniform length not exceeding 10 feet. Bearings shall be lubricated with pump fluid. The lineshaft shall be coupled with threaded steel shaft couplings machined from solid bar stock. A replaceable lineshaft sleeve having a maximum diameter of 1 1/8" shall be provided at each lineshaft bearing journal.

Discharge and Packing Box- The discharge elbow shall be of the above ground configuration and shall terminate in a 125 lb. ANSI cast iron flange with tapped holes. The pump mounting plate shall be 33 3/4" x 33 3/4" to cover an opening which will permit the withdrawal of the complete pump unit. Thickness shall be 1" and designed to adequately support the entire pump and

assembly during operation. The discharge assembly shall have a 162" BD and be designed to provide a mounting surface for the electric motor as provided in "Electrical Equipment" of the standard specification. The assembly shall have adequate space for the maintenance of the shaft sealing arrangement. An open lineshaft packing box rated for a minimum working pressure of 175 PSI shall be provided. A packing box bushing arranged for grease lubrication of the packing shall be provided. A packing gland shall be provided to compress packing. A shaft slinger shall be provided to prevent pumped fluid from traveling up the shaft into the driver.

4. PUMP MATERIALS

All materials designated are ASTM unless otherwise noted and are for description of chemistry.

Bowl Assembly

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>SPECIFICATION</u>
Snap Ring	Stainless Steel	A564-(632)
Column Pipe	Steel	A120
Shaft Coupling	Steel	AISI-C1215
Pump Shaft	416 Stainless Steel	A582-416
Discharge Bowl	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Discharge Bowl Bearing	Bronze	B505-(932)
Intermediate Bowl Bearing	Bronze	B505-(932)
Intermediate Bowl	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Cap Screw	Steel	SAE Bolt Steel
Nut	Steel	SAE Bolt Steel
Propeller	Bronze	B145-(836)
Suction Bell	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Suction Bell Bearing	Bronze	B505-(932)
Companion Flange	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Capscrew	Steel	SAE Bolt Steel
Nut	Steel	SAE Bolt Steel
Connector Bearing	Bronze	B505-(932)

Column and Lineshaft

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>SPECIFICATION</u>
<u>Lineshaft</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>AISI-1045</u>
<u>Column</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>A120</u>
<u>Bearing Retainer</u>	<u>Bearing</u>	<u>B145-(836)</u>
<u>Lineshaft Bearing</u>	<u>Rubber</u>	<u>Neoprene</u>
<u>Snap Ring</u>	<u>Cadmium Plated Steel</u>	<u>SAE 1060-1090</u>
<u>Column Pipe</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>A 120</u>
<u>Lineshaft Sleeve</u>	<u>Stainless Steel</u>	<u>AISI-304</u>
<u>Tapered Bottom Column Pipe</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>A283-Grade D</u>
<u>Shaft Coupling</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>AISI-C1215</u>
<u>Pump Shaft</u>	<u>Stainless Steel</u>	<u>A582-416</u>
<u>Connector Bearing</u>	<u>Bronze</u>	<u>B505-(932)</u>

Discharge and Packing Box

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>MATERIAL</u>	<u>SPECIFICATION</u>
Adjusting Nut	Steel	A108-12L14
Water Slinger	Rubber	Neoprene
Above Ground Discharge Head	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Pipe Plug	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Gland Stud	Brass	Common Bolt Brass
Gland Nut	Brass	Common Bolt Brass
Packing Box Gland	Bronze	B145-(836)
Packing Box Gasket	Tag Board	D1170-G3111
Top Shaft Sleeve	Stainless Steel	AISI-304
Packing	Graphite Filled Asbestos	
Column Flange Gasket	Tag Board	D1170-G3111
Packing Box	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Packing Box Bushing	Bronze	B505-(932)
Top Column Flange	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Top Shaft	Steel	AISI-1045
Top Column	Steel	A120
Top Enclosing Tube Bearing	Bronze	B145-(836)
Top Enclosing Tube	Steel	A120
Underground Elbow	Steel	A283-Grade D, A120
Enclosing Tube Adapter	Cast Iron	A48-CLASS 30
Pedestal	Steel	A283-Grade D, A120
Enclosing Tube Tension Nut	Bronze	B145-(836)
Base Plate	Steel	A283-Grade D
Motor Adapter Plate	Steel	A283-Grade D

5. OPERATING CONDITIONS

At Wet Well Water Surface Elevation of 14.0

4100 GPM @ 11.0' TDH* with 65% efficiency

At wet well water surface elevation 8.0

3750 GPM @ 16.0' TDH* with 74% efficiency

*TDH does not include losses for

- (1) 10 feet of column pipe
- (2) Discharge elbow
- (3) Mechanical friction of 10' of lineshaft

6. OPERATION OF PUMPS

General

Control panel and liquid level sensors shall be in accordance with "Electrical Materials" in the standard specification.

Pump Sequence

<u>Water Surface Elevation</u>	<u>Pumping Status</u>
7.0	All Pumps off
9.0	Submersible on
12.0	Submersible off and lead on
14.0	Lag on and alarm on

7. WARRANTY

The pump manufacturer shall provide the City with a written one-year warranty against defective pump and assembly.

8. MANUAL

The pump supplier or manufacturer shall provide five copies of an operations manual for the pumps. Each manual shall include but not be limited to the following items:

- a. Certified pump curve for each pump
- b. Parts and assembly diagram with part numbers for ordering
- c. Maintenance schedule and procedures
- d. General operations

9. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Measurement for propeller pumps shall be made as a lump sum and shall include but not be limited to all three propeller pumps and assembly complete in place.

Payment shall be made at the unit price bid and shall fully compensate the Contractor for all equipment, labor, materials, and incidentals required for furnishing and installing pumps and assembly.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 151640
SUBMERSIBLE GRINDER PUMPS FOR WASTEWATER (LESS THAN 10 HORSEPOWER)

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work necessary for furnishing, installing, and placing into operation, heavy duty submersible grinder pumps capable of grinding sewage into a finely ground slurry for ease in pumping.

2. GENERAL

Pumps shall be designed and constructed to grind and pump raw unscreened sanitary sewage without clogging. Design of wetwell systems shall facilitate removal and inspection of pumps. Lifting cables shall be provided and installed for each pump. Pumps shall be designed, built and installed in accordance with best available technology and practice, and shall operate satisfactorily when installed. Each pump unit, with its appurtenances, shall be capable of continuous duty underwater without loss of watertight integrity to a depth of 65 feet.

3. WARRANTY

The pump manufacturer shall furnish the City with a written guarantee to warrant pumps and components against failure due to defective materials and workmanship for a period of 5 years after full operation and acceptance by the City. The warranty shall include 100% coverage of manufacturers shop labor and parts for the first year then 50% coverage through the 5th year. Pumps repaired under warranty shall be returned to the City's Wastewater Department with freight prepaid.

4. QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDERS

The submersible pumps and accessories, shall be furnished by a single manufacturer/supplier who is fully experienced, reputable and qualified in the manufacture of the pumps to be furnished. The manufacturer/supplier shall also maintain provisions for providing parts and/or service within 48 hours of notification by the owner.

5. MATERIALS

A. General:

Major parts including lifting cover, stator casting, volute, and impeller shall be ASTM 48, Class 30 gray cast iron. All nuts, bolts, washers, and fastenings shall be of 316 stainless steel. All metal surfaces other than stainless steel or brass coming into contact with wastewater shall be protected with a coating of rubber-asphalt paint, or other water proof coating approved by the Engineer.

B. Power Cable:

The motor power cable shall consist of well insulated cable with a double jacketed system, Hypolon outside, synthetic rubber inside, exceeding industry standards for oil, gas, and sewage resistance, and shall be permanently marked with the indicated code. Sizing shall conform to NEC and ICEA specifications for pump motors. Each pump shall be installed with a sufficiently long power cable to suit the installation as shown on the drawings without splicing.

C. Power Cable Entry:

The cable entry seal shall insure a watertight and submersible seal. The cable entry shall be comprised of a single cylindrical elastomer grommet flanked by a stainless steel washer, all having close tolerance fit against the cable and compressed by the entire body, containing a strain relief function, separate from the function of sealing. A separate junction chamber shall provide for connection of the cable to the stator power leads. The junction chamber shall be separated from the motor stator housing by a terminal board which is bolted to a machined surface using an O-ring seal. Stator leads shall also be sealed to prevent moisture from entering the motor interior. Epoxies, silicones, or other secondary sealing systems shall not be considered acceptable.

D. Impeller and Grinding System:

The grinding system shall consist of a rotating cutter of chrome alloyed cast iron and a stationary cutter of 316 "L" hardened stainless steel. Cutting systems with plastic components or coatings shall be unacceptable. The impeller shall be of the multi-vane, semi-open type of cast iron ASTM A 48-76 Class 30B, and shall be fastened to the pump-motor shaft by a tapered collet and locking screw. All mating surfaces of the pump and motor housings shall be machined and fitted with nitrile o-rings where watertight sealing is required. Machining and fitting shall be such that sealing is accomplished by controlled compression of the o-rings without the requirement of specific torque limits to achieve compression. Rectangular cross sectioned gaskets requiring specific torque limits to achieve compression shall not be considered adequate nor equal.

E. Bearings:

Pumps shall be equipped with two permanently lubricated bearings, one upper and one lower. The upper shall restrain radial thrust and be of the single row ball type. The lower shall consist of a two row angular contact ball bearing. Bearings shall have a minimum design life of 40,000 hours.

F. Shaft:

The shaft shall be of one piece design and extend through the pump and motor. The shaft shall be constructed of stainless steel.

G. Shaft Seals:

Each pump shall be provided with a tandem mechanical shaft seal system. The upper of the tandem set of seals shall operate in an oil chamber. The upper seal shall contain one stationary carbon ring and one positively rotating ceramic ring. The lower of the tandem set of seals shall consist of a stationary ring and a positively driven rotating ring. Both rings shall be constructed of ceramic on pumps smaller than 3.0 horsepower. On pumps of 3.0 horsepower and larger, the stationary ring shall be constructed of ceramic and the rotating ring constructed of tungsten carbide.

H. Motor:

The pump motor shall be integral to the pump for submersible or dry well operation. The motor shall be a squirrel cage induction type with class F insulation, NEMA B design, with Class H slot liners and a service factor of 1.15 or above. The stator shall be triple dipped in epoxy enamel or varnish to withstand a heat rise of 155o C as defined in NEMA standard MG-1. The NEMA starting code shall be F or less. The motor shall be statically and dynamically balanced. The motor shall be designed for continuous operation at 40o C ambient air temperature and be capable of up to 10 starts per hour. The pump motor(s) shall be furnished for operation with 230 volts, 1 phase, 60 hertz power supply.

I. Motor Overload Protection:

Motors shall have a forced convection type of cooling system. In addition, thermal radiators (cooling fins), integral to the stator housing, shall be adequate to provide the cooling required by the motor at the maximum rated power of this unit. A minimum of two thermal sensors shall be imbedded in the stator winding and coils. The thermal sensors shall be wired to the control panel and wired in series so that the opening of either sensor will cause the motor to shut down. Thermal sensors and controls which average the temperature across the phases of the winding and coils will not be acceptable. Stator temperature sensor switches shall stop the motor when the stator temperature exceeds 155o C. The motor shall resume operation when the stator cools down to 150o C.

J. General Accessories:

Pump accessories, controls, hardware, etc. shall be furnished by the pump manufacturer. The pump manufacturer shall be responsible for the coordination and compatibility of all accessories. The accessories shall be warranted against defects and corrosion by the manufacturer for five years after final acceptance of the project.

K. Lifting Cable:

A lifting cable assembly shall be provided and installed for each pump. The cable and shackle shall be of 304 stainless steel and have a minimum working load of twice the pump weight. The cable shall be secured to the pump with the shackle and to the access cover with a hook. A four foot length of excess cable shall be suspended at the hook to facilitate the lifting of the pump.

L. Access Covers:

Access covers and frames shall be of aluminum. The door panels shall be diamond plate finish and designed to withstand a live load of 300 lbs per square foot. The door shall be provided with stainless steel hinges with tamperproof fasteners. All hardware shall be stainless steel. The door shall close flush with the top of the frame and shall have lockable hardware installed.

M. Float Cable Rack:

A cable rack fabricated of type 304 stainless steel shall be provided and attached to the access cover frame. The rack shall have provisions for holding in place and supporting the level control float cables.

N. Power Cable Supports:

Stainless steel power cable supports (Kellums Grip) shall be used for all power cables. The supports shall be attached to eye bolts bolted into the side of the access opening, or other support approved by the Engineer. Supporting the power cables on the cable rack will not be acceptable.

O. Hardware:

All nuts, bolts, anchor bolts, wedge anchors, and other hardware (including nuts and bolts for pipe fittings) shall be minimum grade type 304 stainless steel.

P. Electrical Pump Controls:

The electrical control panels for the pump(s) shall be supplied to the Contractor by the pump supplier to assure component compatibility. The pump supplier and Contractor shall provide for proper control operation and protection. The control panel shall be factory wired and tested prior to shipment. The control panel shall include but is not limited to the following:

1. Incoming power, neutral, and ground lug connections
2. Thermal magnetic circuit breakers for motor and control circuits
3. Magnetic starters with overload protection for each motor phase with manual reset
4. Magnetic starter shall meet NEMA requirements and shall be sized as required for the motor horsepower
5. 115 volt control power
6. Hand-off-automatic (HOA) selector switches with red running lights
7. High level alarm light, weatherproof, vaportight, with red globe, 100 watt
8. Run time meter for each pump
9. Space heater with thermostat and on/off switch
10. Terminal blocks as required for connection of pump and level sensor cables

Q. Enclosure:

All components shall be housed in a NEMA 3R fiberglass enclosure. The enclosure shall have a minimum of two stainless steel latches. A stainless steel piano hinge shall extend the full length of one side of the enclosure door. The enclosure shall be provided with pad-locking capability. Enclosures shall be mounted as shown in the plans or as called for elsewhere in the specifications.

R. Float Switches:

Float switches installed for the grinder pump systems shall consist of epoxy encapsulated, single pole, heavy duty, mercury tilt switches housed in a non-corrosive PVC float body. The float switches shall be internally weighted and wired directly into the pump control panel. They shall also be UL listed and CSA certified.

6. PRECONSTRUCTION SUBMITTALS

A. Pump Data:

The Contractor shall furnish certified pump curves showing the results of test pumping units of identical design, size, and horsepower as those to be furnished. Catalog curves are not acceptable. Graphs shall include:

1. Pump Curve with Q in GPM and H in feet
2. Power input curve in kilowatts
3. Efficiency curve (including motor), wire to water
4. N.P.S.H. curve
5. Pump model, impeller/grinder model, serial numbers
6. Motor rated horsepower and voltage
7. Date and location of test
8. Customer for whom test was performed
9. Data in English units
10. NEC Code letter

B. Parts List and Specifications:

A comprehensive list of all station accessories and pump components, listing material type shall be submitted for the Engineer's review and approval.

C. Shop Drawings:

Shop drawings of station accessories and pump components and connections shall be submitted for the Engineer's review and approval.

D. Supplemental Construction Details:

The construction drawings depict the approximate locations of pumps and access covers. Supplemental drawings depicting the precise locations of anchor bolts, pump mounting systems, access covers, etc. will be required for the type of pump to be used. These supplemental drawings shall be prepared by the pump supplier and submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for documentation of the project. The supplier shall be responsible for completeness and accuracy of shop drawings and any applicable revisions, as required to successfully complete the construction.

E. Wiring Diagrams:

Wiring diagrams shall also be prepared and submitted by the Contractor/Supplier to the Engineer for review and project documentation.

7. PUMP OPERATING CONDITIONS

The proposed pump installation shall be designed to operate at approximately 40 GPM and 73 feet of head, and approximate the characteristics of the Flygt model M-3085 pump with 23 horsepower motor in 1 phase, 230 volt operation, and No. 257 (high head) impeller.

8. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. Delivery and Storage of Materials:

Parts and equipment shall be properly protected so that no damage or deterioration will occur during transport or storage. Factory assembled components shall not be dismantled, unless done so under the supervision of an authorized pump manufacturer representative.

B. Installation:

Installation of the pumps shall be in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. The location of the discharge piping is shown on the construction drawings. The location of the pumps, access covers, and discharge connection are approximate. The precise placement and alignment of anchor bolts, discharge assemblies, access covers, etc., shall be in accordance with supplemental construction details provided by the pump manufacturer.

C. Installation Inspection:

Prior to completing installation (but after wiring of the pump(s)), the Contractor shall:

1. Megger pump motor stator and power cables
2. Check seal lubrication
3. Verify proper pump rotation
4. Check power supply voltage
5. Measure pump motor no load current

D. Operating Check:

After initial inspection the Contractor shall lower the pump(s) into pumping position and confirm proper alignment and connection. The Contractor shall then perform an initial operation check of each pump including:

1. Motor current with discharge valve closed
2. Motor current with discharge valve open
3. Power supply voltage with pump(s) running
4. Vibration
5. Check level control and sequence

9. FINAL SUBMITTALS

A. Inspection Report:

The results of the Installation Inspection and Operating Check shall be submitted as a written report of findings and data determined with regard to the pumps, motors, level controls, sequences, accessories, electrical, etc. The report shall be prepared by the Contractor/Supplier and three copies submitted to the Engineer for review and approval.

B. Operation and Maintenance Manual:

The Operation and Maintenance Manual shall be included with the Inspection Report with one manual for each of the three copies of the report. The O & M manual shall include a minimum of the following:

1. Service location & phone number
2. Fact sheet with pump data such as serial number and pump curves
3. Maintenance instructions and schedule
4. Shop service manual
5. Assembly manual showing all parts by catalog number

10. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Submersible Grinder Pumps and accessories shall not be measured and paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to the various other bid items unless indicated otherwise in the Contract Documents or Plan Details.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 160110
GENERAL ELECTRICAL

1. GENERAL:

1.1 APPLICATION: This section applies to all sections of Division 16 of this project except as specified otherwise in the individual sections.

1.2 SUBMITTALS: Specific items requiring submittals shall be as specified in each individual section of Division 16. Shop drawings shall be submitted and approved before procurement, fabrication, or delivery of such items to the job site. Partial submittals are not acceptable; such submittals will be returned without review.

A. Manufacturer's Data: Submittals for each manufactured item shall be manufacturer's descriptive literature, equipment drawings, diagrams, performance and characteristic curves, and catalog cuts. Each submittal shall include the manufacturer's name, trade name, catalog model or number, nameplate data, size, layout dimensions, capacity, specification reference, applicable Federal, Military and Industry specification references, and all other information necessary to establish contract compliance.

B. Shop Drawings: Shop drawings shall show types, sizes, accessories, elevations, floor plans, sectional views, installation details, elementary diagrams, and wiring diagrams. Wiring diagrams shall identify circuit terminals and shall indicate the internal wiring for each item of equipment and the interconnection between the items. Drawings shall also indicate adequate clearance for operation, maintenance and replacement of operating equipment devices. If any equipment is disapproved, the drawings shall be revised to show acceptable equipment and be resubmitted.

C. Standards Compliance: When materials or equipment must conform to the standards of organizations such as the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and Underwriters Laboratories (UL), proof of such conformance shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer for approval. If an organization uses a label or listing to indicate compliance with a particular standard, the label or listing to indicate compliance with a particular standard, the label or listing will be acceptable evidence, unless otherwise specified in the individual sections. In lieu of the label or listing, the Contractor shall submit a certificate from an independent testing organization, which is competent to perform acceptable tests and is approved by the Contracting Officer. The certificate shall state that the item has been tested in accordance with the specified organization's test methods and that the item conforms to the specified organization's standard. For materials and equipment whose compliance with organizational standards or specifications is not regulated by an organization using its own listing or label as proof of compliance, a certificate of compliance from the manufacturer shall be submitted for approval. The certificate shall identify the manufacturer, the product, and the referenced standard and shall simply state that the manufacturer certifies that the product conforms to all requirements of the project specification and of the referenced standards listed.

D. Certificate Test Reports: Before delivery of materials and equipment, certified copies of all test reports specified in the individual sections shall be submitted for approval.

E. Operations and Maintenance Manual: The Contractor shall furnish an operation and maintenance manual for each electrical system and for each piece of equipment, unless otherwise specified herein.

Three copies of the complete manual bound in hardback binders or an approved equivalent shall be provided to the Contracting Officer. One manual shall be furnished prior to the time that system or equipment tests are performed, and the remaining manuals shall be furnished before the contract is completed. The following identification shall be inscribed on the cover: the words "OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL", the name and location of the building, the name of the Contractor, and the contract number. The manual shall include the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each subcontractor installing equipment and systems, and of the local representatives for each item of equipment and each system. The manual shall have a table of contents and be assembled to conform to the table of contents with the tab sheets placed before instructions covering the subject. The instruction sheets shall be legible with large sheets of drawings folded in. The manual shall include, but not be limited to, the following: a system layout showing circuits, devices and controls; wiring and control diagrams with data to explain detailed operation and control of each component; a control sequence describing start-up, operation and shut-down; a detailed description of the function of each principal component of the system; the procedure for starting; the procedure for operating; shut-down instructions; installation instructions; maintenance and overhaul instructions; lubrication schedule including type, grade, temperature range, and frequency; safety precautions, diagrams, and illustrations; test procedures; performance data; and parts list. The parts list for equipment shall indicate the sources of supply, recommended spare parts, and the service organization which is reasonably convenient to the building site. The manual shall be complete in all respects for all equipment, controls, and accessories provided.

1.3 POSTED OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS: Operating instructions approved by the Contracting Officer shall be provided for each system and each principal piece of equipment for the use of operation and maintenance personnel. The operating instructions shall include wiring and control diagrams showing the complete layout of the entire system, including equipment, devices, and control sequence. Operating instructions shall be printed or engraved and shall be framed under glass or in approved laminated plastic and posted where directed by the Contracting Officer. Operating instructions shall be attached to or posted adjacent to each principal piece of equipment and shall include such instructions as start-up, proper adjustment, operating, lubrication, shut-down, safety precautions, procedure in the event of equipment failure, and any other necessary items of instruction as recommended by the manufacturer of the unit. Operating instructions exposed to the weather shall be made of weather-resisting materials or shall be suitably enclosed to be weather protected. Operating instructions shall not fade when exposed to sunlight and shall be secured to prevent easy removal or peeling.

1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE: Equipment and materials shall be properly stored and adequately protected and carefully handled to prevent damage before and during installation. Equipment and materials shall be handled, stored, and protected in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the Contracting Officer. Electrical conduit shall be stored to provide protection from the weather and accidental damage. Plastic conduit shall be stored on even supports and in locations not subject to direct sun rays or excessive heat. Cables shall be sealed, stored and handled carefully to avoid damage to the outer covering or insulation and damage from moisture and weather. Damaged or defective items, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, shall be replaced with new items at no cost to the Government.

1.5 CATALOGED PRODUCTS: Materials and equipment shall be the cataloged products of manufacturers regularly engaged in production of such materials or equipment and shall be manufacturer's latest standard design that complies with the specifications requirements. When two or more units of the same type, class, and size of equipment are required, these units shall be products of a single manufacturer; however, the component parts of the system need not be the products of the same manufacturer. Each major component of equipment shall have the manufacturer's name, address, and the model and serial number

on the nameplate securely affixed in a conspicuous place; the nameplate of the distributing agent will not be acceptable.

1.6 MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS: Where installation procedures are specified to be in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer of the material or equipment being installed, printed copies of these recommendations shall be furnished to the Contracting Officer prior to installation. Installation of the item will not be allowed to proceed until the recommendations are received. Failure to furnish these recommendations can be cause for rejection of the material.

1.7 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS: The interconnecting power wiring and conduit, control wiring rated 120 volts (nominal) and conduit, the motor-control equipment forming a part of motor-control centers, of switchgear assemblies, and the electrical power circuits are included under this Division.

1.8 COORDINATION: Electrical work shall be coordinated with other trades involved in the construction project. All work shall be carefully laid out in advance coordinating electrical features with architectural, structural, and mechanical features of construction.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 161001
Lift Station Electrical Materials

1. DESCRIPTION

This specification shall govern all work required for furnishing and installing electrical equipment required to complete the project.

2. GENERAL

The contractor shall install electrical equipment in accordance with the National Electric Code Requirements.

The contractor may incorporate existing electrical control panel, conduit and other electrical materials into the project provided that it is in compliance with the drawings and approved by the Engineer.

The contractor may substitute materials of equal or superior quality provided that they are approved by the Engineer.

Motors

Each of the three pumps shall be driven by a vertical hollow shaft 25 HP, 1800 RPM Motor of squirrel cage, induction, normal starting torque, low starting current type of NEMA Design B. Each shall be of the weatherproof type with Class A-1 insulation and provided with non-reverse ratchets. Each motor shall be provided with strip heaters suitable for 120 volt single phase current. All name plates shall be of stainless steel. The motor shall be designed for operation on three phase, sixty hertz, 480 volt power. Motor shall be totally enclosed, fan cooled.

3. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Measurement shall be made as a lump sum for all electrical equipment furnished and installed by the contractor.

Payment shall fully compensate the contractor for all materials supplied and incidental storage and handling.

END OF SECTION



DIRECT IN-LINE PUMP SPECIFICATIONS

Industrial Flow Solutions™ New Haven, CT; Rev 4, 2021

PART 1: GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

Furnish (QTY_1_) OverWatch Direct In-Line Pumping Systems (OW) duplex pumps with motors capable of delivering a duty point of_333_ GPM at_43_ feet of TDH at _60_HZ when operated by __11_kW, _460_ volt, __3__ phase. Pump shall be operated with control panel and be equipped with __50__ feet of power cable between the pump and control panel.

At a minimum, all OverWatch Direct In-Line Pumping Systems (OW) shall include duplex pumps with motors installed in a dry pit (former wet well), mechanical room. Valves installed in new or former lift station, access hatches (if required), controls, piping, and related appurtenances are as described herein. All OW equipment shall be designed for the service intended, constructed of 304L stainless steel and proven for contact with raw wastewater.

The OW system must use the associated principles of hydraulic regulation and variable speed for operation. The OW system must use an electronic control system which is designed for ease of use. The system must provide in-line pumping for regulation in all configurations, including those of a complex combined sewage system, through a high level of monitoring and remote control.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THE REQUIREMENTS HEREIN STATED MAY BE MODIFIED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE CE/OR WITH AGREEMENT OF SUPPLIER

1.2 DIRECT IN-LINE PUMP DESIGN

1. The Direct in-line pump shall have a 100% reserve peak pumping capacity (dual pumps). Pump operations shall be set to achieve maximum efficiency as determined by the actual flow rate.
2. The power source, voltage, and phasing shall be verified by the Application Engineer before construction of the OverWatch™ System.
3. There shall be no odor control facilities required or needed at the OW lift stations.

1.3 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

Direct in-line pump supplier is Industrial Flow Solutions, no equal.

1.4 WARRANTY

The pump manufacturer shall warrant the pump units being supplied to the owner against defects in workmanship and material for a period of one (1) year from delivery under normal use, operation and service; or 18 months from shipment, whichever occurs first. All equipment and materials shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, by an appropriately licensed contractor, and in strict accordance with all local, state, and federal codes.

PART 2: PRODUCTS

2.1 PUMPS

At a minimum, lift stations shall include duplex direct inline pumps capable of passing solids for appropriately sized discharged piping diameters. These direct inline sewage pumps shall be designed to handle raw, unscreened wastewater. Pumps shall be furnished complete with motor mounting assembly and valves required for installation and operation. Direct inline pumps shall be installed in such a way that solids are fed in an upward flow direction to the impeller.

1. Pumps shall be designed to accommodate design flows with one pump with redundant pump in back up. Two pumps shall be able to operate simultaneously in surge conditions.
2. Pump Body
 - a. Shall be made of stainless steel (304 minimum) and consist of dual pump cases on a shared hydraulic body. The two pump case discharges merge into a common discharge and fluid is directed between the cases by an internal valve.
 - b. The OW System shall be supplied with a stainless-steel cover to be used when a single motor/impeller assembly is temporarily removed to allow continuing operation.
 - c. A stone trap with clean out access shall be integral to the common hydraulic body to collect large solids that cannot be passed through the branches and allow for easy removal.
 - d. The branches to each volute shall be sized to allow for the maximum solid size passable by the impeller.
 - e. Knife gate valves shall be used on each branch to allow for isolation of each pump unit during service.
3. No lift-out rail systems shall be required. No stainless-steel pump lifting chain shall be required.
4. All wetted fasteners, such as nuts, bolts, screws, washers, supports, etc., shall be made of 304L minimum stainless steel.
5. Mechanical Seal

Each pump shall be equipped with a single mechanical seal lubricated by the pumped liquid. The seal shall be independent of the direction of rotation and require no routine maintenance. The seal faces shall be Tungsten carbide/Tungsten Carbide or Tungsten Carbide/Sic. The stationary seat shall be installed in a cup seat and the rotating assembly shall be secured to the shaft with set screws.

6. The pump and controls shall be tested in the factory prior to shipping to the jobsite in accordance with the pump manufacturer's recommendations.
7. Impellers
 - a. Conical vortex or channel impellers (T2, T4, S2, S4) shall be constructed with a detachable pumping face secured to the impeller hub by fasteners. This will allow for replacement of the hydraulics without removing the mechanical seal from the shaft.
 - b. These impellers shall be able to pump liquids with up to 10% air/gas entrained without air binding.
 - c. In addition, for optional DIPCUT® impellers only with variable vane geometry, the pumps shall be able to shred solids (including flushables or production byproducts) with the full power of the motor when operating in reverse. In normal forward operation, shredding shall not occur, thus conserving energy for pumping.
8. Impeller Hubs

Impeller hubs shall be keyed and bolted to the motor shaft with an O-ring for sealing.

2.2 **MOTORS**

1. Motors and motor housings shall be designed to be TEFC. Motors shall be sealed, IP67 immersible type. The motors shall be sized so that they will not be overloaded at their rated capacity at any point on the pump performance curve.
2. Motors shall be squirrel cage induction type housed in a cast iron. Motors shall be NEMA B-design, insulation shall be minimum Class F for continuous duty in 40 degree C ambient temperature, C-Face, round body, and inverter ready.
3. Motor shall have two heavy duty ball bearings to support pump impeller and take radial and thrust loads.
4. Pump motor cables shall be shielded and suitable for VFD applications. Cable sizing shall conform to NEC requirements for the full load currents of the motors.

2.3 GATE & KNIFE GATE VALVES

1. Valves shall be flanged and shall be faced and drilled to the ANSI 125/150 lb standard.
2. The valves shall be of resilient seated design.
3. The valve gate must be stainless steel and external epoxy coating

2.4 SWING CHECK VALVES

Each pump shall have a full flow swing check valve constructed with heavy cast iron or cast steel body with a rubber coated disc, resilient seat and a stainless-steel shaft. Weight and lever are optional. Check valves shall absolutely prevent the return of water back through the valve when the inlet pressure decreases below the outlet pressure.

2.5 CONTROLS

1. Controls for operation of the direct inline pumping system shall be included by the supplier in accordance with the following requirements: All controls and accessories shall be of the pump manufacturer's model and type specified. Controls shall comply with a through e.
 - a. UL 508A, certified industrial control panel.
 - b. Control panel shall have a minimum overall SCCR of 65Ka.
 - c. Control panel shall be equipped with a UL 98 service rated, inner door interlocked fused main disconnect switch.
 - d. Control panel shall be equipped with individual fused branch circuit protection for each VFD -sized in accordance with the VFD' manufacturers, UL compliance specification chart.
 - e. Control panel shall be equipped with individual motor lock out tag out disconnect switches, UL98.

2. A pressure sensor is supplied to be located beneath the inlet system chamber to constantly measure the height of fluid at the inlet. It is to be stainless steel with a flush membrane to assure that this sensor is highly wear resistant and supplied with 45 feet of shielded cable and IP67 rated. It is to be resistant to deposit build-up due to the inlet fluid speed and suction of pumps.
3. This system shall eliminate the need for classical detection methods, such as float switches or ultrasound measurement.
4. The sensor must transmit inlet fluid height to the control panel and be able to send information for remote intelligence of the system through a standard isolated output on the control panel.

A. Pump Control Panel

1. The OW System is to be delivered with its ALC (Advanced Level Control) panel with complete enclosure. Each frequency converter is to be connected to its motor unit and must communicate with the other. Speed variation and simplified control levels on the same panel must allow regulation in all configurations, including those of complex combined sewerage systems. The ALC panel can be used to carry out all the functions of a traditional lift station without the need for additional equipment: Automatic alternation, Emergency stop, Automatic backup, manual control, Automatic cascade, Automatic rotation direction reversal for self-clearing, and Auto-setting of operational limits.
2. The OW system must provide a very high level of integrated protection systems: Overintensities, over voltages, under voltages, Sensor faults, Internal faults, Grounding faults, Auto-diagnostic functions, Impeller blockage, Fault log, Phase loss, Emergency stop, Phase direction.
3. The OW system is to automatically adapt to the incoming flow, up to the limit of the total flow of two pumps.
4. The control shall incorporate Human-Machine-Interface for ease of operation. The front will contain an Auto/Off/Manual mode switch. The selected mode is displayed continuously on the HMI keypad screen. HMI keypads shall be removable. The local HMI shall have the ability to show speed, intensity, level gauge, motor power, motor torque.

5. The OW system is to provide constant and regular flow adapting to incoming flow in real time.
6. The OW system must use a start ramp on start-up and a deceleration ramp before stopping each pumping unit to eliminate valve shocks. During diphasic pumping (liquid + gas), water hammer is reduced preventing further pipe and valve damage.
7. The OW system shall reduce the problem of the number of start-ups to add energy savings that can be realized at low flow rates: the delivered power for the motors must be automatically adjusted to be in line with the required flow rates.
8. The OW system shall sense upstream, downstream, and internal plugging and automatically take action to resolve the issue. If the issue persists after repeated attempts to fix the problem by the OW system, an alarm must be activated to notify that external maintenance is required.
9. As an option, the OW system may be provided with the ability to communicate with remote management systems (SCADA) and allow for real time adjustment of system parameters.
10. The control panel shall be designed to operate from a 120/208, 230/480-volt or 600-volt, 50/60- Hz, three-phase external source. Terminals shall be provided for connections of all external wire. All control and electrical panels shall be supplied with auto cad generated electrical schematics, back panel and enclosure drawings to show the actual physical location and dimensions of all components. If a surge arrestor is required, it shall be furnished and installed by others within the service disconnect enclosure and connected to the incoming service conductors for surge protection.

B. Wiring

1. All internal device wiring shall be as normally furnished by the OW system. All interconnecting wiring and wiring to terminals for external connection shall be stranded copper, insulated for not less than 600 volts, with a moisture-resistant and flame-retardant covering rated for not less than 90 C. All field wiring shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code.

2. Terminal blocks for external control circuit connections shall be suitable for 12 AWG wire and shall be rated 30 amperes at not less than 300 volts touch safe. Terminal blocks shall be fabricated complete with marking strip, covers, and pressure connectors. Terminals shall be machine labeled to agree with identification shown on the Supplier's submittal drawings. A terminal shall be provided for each conductor of external circuits. All wiring shall be grouped or cabled and firmly supported to the panel. The panel fabricator shall provide such additional circuits as required for proper operation. Wiring in enclosed panels will be numbered to match prints and all drawings.

C. Cabinet

1. Cabinet shall be a custom-engineered enclosure. It can be installed within the former wet well or mounted outside. All power components and control devices associated with the OW pump control system shall be placed within the interior of this control panel enclosure. All circuits which routed between backplate-mounted components within the enclosure shall be physically protected inside wire way. The cabinet shall be UL listed and have a rating to conform to the installed environment. The cabinet shall be equipped with pour in place water and oil resistant gasket, and stainless-steel hinges. The control panel enclosure shall include a noncorrosive white powder-coated backplate, a noncorrosive white powder coated inner dead front panel with lockable disconnect which provides protection from gaining access to the live power components.
2. Thermal Management: Ventilation fan/exhaust, including heat exchanger, closed-loop air-conditioning shall be thermostat controlled and calculated based on the VFD manufacturer's heat dissipation requirements. For outdoor installations, ventilation equipment must maintain a UL type 3R minimum rating. Replacement filter mats shall be synthetic fiber with progressive construction self-extinguishing class FI, moisture-resistant to 100 percent RH, fine density for outdoor installations, and reusable by cleaning with mild soap or vacuuming. Touch safe anti-condensation protection heaters with thermostat control shall be provided for enclosure internal temperature control as recommended by the manufacturer.